

THE JEFFERSONIAN.

Devoted to Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Science, Morality, and General Intelligence.

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JOB PRINTING
OF ALL KINDS,
Executed in the highest style of the Art, and on the most reasonable terms.

DR. R. BRUCE JOHNSTONE,
Homeopathic Physician,
Residence: Benjamin Dungan, Cherry Valley,
MONROE COUNTY, PA.
May 13, 1875.—1y.

DR. A. LEWIS KIRKHOFF,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
SAND CUT, WAYNE CO., PA.
All cases promptly attended, to day or night.
Charges moderate. [May 13, 75.—1y.]

DR. N. L. PECK,
Surgeon Dentist.
Announces that having just returned from Dental College, he is fully prepared to make artificial teeth in the most beautiful and life-like manner, and to fill decayed teeth according to the most improved method. Teeth extracted without pain, when desired, by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, which is entirely harmless. Fitting of all kinds of dentures. All work warranted. Charges reasonable.
Office: J. G. Keller's new brick building, Main street, Stroudsburg, Pa. [Aug. 21 '74.—1y.]

DR. E. BROWN,
Operating and Mechanical Dentist,
Announces that having returned from Dental College he is fully prepared to perform all operations in the dental line, in the most careful and skillful manner. Teeth extracted by the use of gas when desired. All work warranted. Charges reasonable.
Office in Hamilton's brick building, over Showell's store, East Stroudsburg, Pa. [April 22, '75.—1y.]

DR. S. L. FOULKE,
PHYSICIAN.
Office nearly opposite Williams' Drug Store.
Residence, formerly occupied by E. L. Wolf, corner Sarah and Walnut streets, Stroudsburg, Pa.
March 25, 1874.—1y.

DR. HOWARD PATTERSON,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,
Office and Residence, Main street, Stroudsburg, Pa., in the building formerly occupied by Dr. Seip. Prompt attention given to all calls.
Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., 6 to 8 p. m.
April 16, 1874.—1y.

DR. GEO. W. JACKSON
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.
In the old office of Dr. A. Reeves Jackson, residence, corner of Sarah and Franklin street, STROUDSBURG, PA.
August 8, 72.—1y.

WILSON PEARSON,
AUCTIONEER,
Real Estate Agent and Collector.
The undersigned begs leave to notify the public that he is prepared to sell at short notice personal property of all kinds, as well as Real Estate, at public or private sale.
Office at Thomas Stemple's old store stand, at East Stroudsburg, Pa. [Dec. 17, 1874.—1y.]

DAVID S. LEE,
Attorney at Law,
One door above the "Stroudsburg House," Stroudsburg, Pa.
Collections promptly made.
October 22, 1874.

KIPLE HOUSE,
HONESDALE, PA.
Most central location of any Hotel in town.
R. W. KIPLE & SON,
Proprietors.
169 Main street.
January 9, 1873.—1y.

MERCHANTS' HOUSE,
413 & 415
North Third Street, PHILADELPHIA.
Reduced rates, \$1.75 per day. "600"
HENRY SPAHN, Prop'r.
L. R. SNYDER, Clerk.
Nov. 26, 1874.—6m.*

WILLIAM S. REES,
Surveyor, Conveyancer and
Real Estate Agent.
Farms, Timber Lands and Town Lots
FOR SALE.
Office nearly opposite American House and 24 door below the Corner Store.
March 29, 1873.—1y.

DR. J. LANTZ,
SURGEON & MECHANICAL DENTIST.
Still has his office on Main street, in the second story of Dr. S. Walton's brick building, nearly opposite the Stroudsburg House, and he flatters himself that by eighteen years constant practice, and the most earnest and careful attention to all matters pertaining to his profession, that he is fully able to perform all operations in the dental line in the most careful and skillful manner.
Special attention given to saving the Natural Teeth; also to the insertion of Artificial Teeth on Rubber, Gold, Silver, or Continuous Gums, and perfect fits in all cases insured.
Most persons know the great folly and danger of entrusting their work to the inexperienced, or to those living at a distance.
April 13, 1874.—1y.

DON'T you know that J. H. McCarty & Sons are the only Undertakers in Stroudsburg who understand their business? If not, attend a Funeral managed by any other Undertaker in town, and you will see the proof of the fact.
June 18, 74.—1y.

R. MAINONE,
Maker, Tuner, Regulator and Repairer
OF
Pianos, Organs and Melodeons.

Parties residing in Stroudsburg and vicinity, wishing their Instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired at a most reasonable price, will please leave their orders at the Jeffersonian Office.
Those wishing to purchase Pianos or other Instruments will find it to their advantage to call on me. Having had a practical experience of over twenty-six years in the musical line, I am prepared to furnish the latest and most improved instruments at the lowest possible prices. I have located myself permanently here and solicit your favors.

HENRY D. BUSH,
(Successor to R. F. & H. D. Bush)
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS & NOTIONS.

Shawls, Cloths and Cassimeres,
SILKS, DELANES, CALICOES,
AND
Dress Goods Generally,
White Goods, Flannels, Trimmings, and
HOSIERY,
AND IN SHORT

The usual stock of a well appointed
DRY GOOD AND NOTION STORE

The stock was not purchased at
Auction or Bankrupt Sales
but will be sold at prices satisfactory to
purchasers, and warranted as to quality.

CALL AND SEE.
H. D. BUSH,
Stroudsburg, April 30, 1874.—1y.

PRICES REDUCED
AT THE
Corner Store!

THE
CHEAPEST GOODS
IN TOWN.

Great bargains are now offered in
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
ALPACAS, VELVETEENS,
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, FLANNELS, &c.,
all of which have been marked down to

PANIC PRICES.
Goods all new and right in style, but marked down to meet the times. We invite all to call and see for themselves. Terms Cash.
C. R. ANDRE & Co.
dec-4tf] Main St., Stroudsburg, Pa.

G. H. Dreher. E. B. Dreher
PHENIX
DRUG STORE,
(2 doors west of the "Jeffersonian Office,")
ELIZABETH STREET,
Stroudsburg, Pa.,

DREHER & BRO.,
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery
and Toilet Articles.
Paints,
OILS, VARNISHES, GLASS & PUTTY.
Abdominal Supporters and Shoulder
Braces.

Seeley's
Hard RUBBER TRUSSES—Also
Ritter's
TRUSSES OF VARIOUS PATTERNS.
Lamps and Lanterns—Burning
and Lubricating Oils.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully Com-
pounded.
N. B.—The highest Cash price paid for
OIL OF WINTERGREEN.
may-4tf.

GREAT
COMMOTION
THROUGHOUT

MONROE COUNTY,
ABOUT THE

Large Assortment
OF
CLOTHING,

And Extremely Low Prices
AT
SIMON FRIED'S,

THE
Mammoth Retailer
OF

Men's, Boy's & Children's
CLOTHING,
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
Trunks & Valises,

Umbrellas, &c.
Extra Announcement
TO THE PUBLIC.

In order to have more
room to display my large
stock of Clothing, Gents'
Furnishing Goods and
Trunks and Valises, I have
concluded to quit the Boot
& Shoe business. I there-
fore offer and will sell my
stock of Boots & Shoes at
and below cost.
SIMON FRIED,
Agent.
April 15, 1875.

LEANDER EMERY,
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Carriages and Buggies, Two-seated Carriages
for Livery stables and private Families,
Platform Spring Wagons,
of the latest style and for all kinds of use, kept on hand
or made to order.

SINGLE-SEATED CARRIAGES,
with top or without top, all styles.
Delivery and Express Wagons,
of different styles, shipped to order. All work warranted
in every particular for one year. I will make to order
any style of Carriage or light Buggy that may be
wanted. None but first class work leaves my shop. I
use only first class stock and employ first class work-
men, and feel confident that I can give entire satisfac-
tion to all who may purchase my work. All orders by
mail shall receive prompt attention. Hoping that I
may be able to furnish the citizens of Stroudsburg and
vicinity with any thing that they may want in my line.
Address all orders to
LEANDER EMERY,
Marengo, Calhoun County, Michigan,
April 22, 1875.—1y.

UNDERTAKING.
McCARTY & SONS have on hand the largest and best
assortment of

COFFINS
and
TRIMMINGS
to be found outside of either city (New York or Philadel-
phia), and will make this branch of their business a
specialty.
Of any shape or style, can be furnished at one hour's
notice for shipment, at a charge of one-third less than
any shop in Stroudsburg. In no case will they charge
more than ten per cent. above actual cost.

EMBALMING
attended to in any part of the County at the shortest
possible notice. [June 18, 74.—1y.]

A Western Tornado.

Sunday afternoon, the 28th of June, will long be remembered on account of the violent storms of thunder and wind that occurred in various parts of the country. One of the most destructive of these passed over a portion of Detroit, some of the incidents of which are furnished by the *Free Press* of that city, and will afford a pretty good idea of the hurricanes so common in the West.

The greatest destruction was south of Grand River avenue, from and including Fourteenth street to Eighteenth, between Magnolia and Linden streets. Its track was perhaps one hundred and fifty feet wide, and within that limit nothing could resist its tremendous force. Houses were taken up high in the air, shaken into fragments, and in many instances scattered over territory a mile in length. Indeed, flying pieces of timber were seen whirling aloft and flying about fully two miles from the place where the work of demolition began.

Where at one moment stood a row of substantial houses, the next witnessed a scene of devastation impossible to realize, with scarcely a vestige of the building in sight, so utterly were they swept off the face of the earth. Everywhere were heard the cries of the wounded, whose bleeding and mutilated bodies were pitiful to look upon. Richard Bates, aged eleven years, was caught up and carried into the topmost branches of a tall elm which stood on the commons near his mother's house, at the corner of Fifteenth and Linden streets. His violent contact with the limbs tore his clothing from his person, and he fell dead to the ground, a distance of fully fifty feet. A little babe seven months old, the child of Carl Peca, who lived on Fourteenth street, was found dead in the street. Mrs. VanDusen, a widow, with two children, on Fifteenth street, had gone up town to visit her father, and when she returned her house was nowhere to be found. It had been carried bodily at least two hundred feet, torn to atoms and scattered far and near. The only recognizable portion of the building found was the front door.—Frederick Rademacher, who lived at 748 Sixteenth street, was sitting at home with his wife and two children, when he suddenly felt himself hurled through the air and saw the walls and timbers of his dwelling flying in every direction. He escaped with a slight scalp wound, but his wife was more seriously injured. The children were also considerably bruised. The house of Martin Schneider, at the corner of Sixteenth and Linden streets, was totally destroyed, but both Mr. and Mrs. Schneider were miraculously saved by a cupboard, which protected them from the falling timbers. When they were rescued both were found to be quite unhurt. It said that six or seven persons were killed.

Incident upon incident illustrating the peculiar action of this storm-cloud, whirlwind or whatever it was might be related if time and space were at command. Two horses were carried over a barn and flung to the earth dead, and numerous smaller domestic animals were made to perform some most astonishing gyrations. Houses on the outer edges of the track of the storm were punched full of holes by huge timbers that were whirled along end over end; shade and fruit trees were uprooted and carried a long distance; bricks from toppling chimneys rattled down and struck fleeing men and women, and through the storm came the most appalling shrieks. The two-story frame house on the north side of Grand River avenue, second house west of Twelfth street, was occupied by Mrs. Goodhue, with four children. The inmates of the house at the time of the storm were at tea, and, hearing its approach, went to the door. Mrs. Goodhue comprehended the situation at a glance, and directing her companions, the household crouched down in the corner of the dining room before the base of the brick chimney, where they remained until the danger was over, escaping unhurt, although pieces of lumber were flying promiscuously through the building. The house on the corner of Twelfth and Brigham streets was occupied by Henry Ford, his wife and five children. While at the supper table a horrible hissing sound caused Mr. Ford to turn his head, when he saw, as he says, "an inky-black cloud coming toward his house, the air being filled with the debris of buildings." Scarcely knowing what he did, he gathered his family about him and started for the back door. He reached the door of the kitchen, which opened into a wood-shed, just in time to see the shed lifted bodily away from the main building and dashed against his back fence, completely demolishing both structures. Standing there in amazement, the family were still further affrighted by seeing the roof of their dwelling arise and sail away, followed by a wardrobe, articles of clothing and household furniture, until the rooms were literally bare of everything movable. Strange to say not one of Mr. Ford's family was injured. The surface of the ground beneath the trees where the cloud lifted presented a terrible scene. Sticking into the ground at all angles were pieces of wood, from the size and shape of a shingle to the doors, sections of roofs and walls of houses. Piled promiscuously were trunks, kettles, stone jars and broken furniture. Curiously intermingled were the mangled bodies of chickens, ducks, geese, pigs, and innumerable small wild birds, while weirdly flaunting from the stripped and broken branches above, giving terrible life to the desolate picture below,

made doubly desolate by the approaching shades of night, were fragments of clothing, bedding and carpeting. Over fifty persons were more or less injured.

Candy Eating Girls.

James Campbell, chief steward of Vassar College, tells the editor of the Poughkeepsie *Eagle* that the young ladies at the college are given to eating confectionery between meals, and considers that the use of candies in that manner is certainly hurtful to them; but the appetite for it seems to be fixed, and therefore he attempts to meet the situation by putting fine candies upon the table.

Candy eating by girls between meals is, in his opinion, fully as bad a habit as cigar smoking by young men. The extravagance of it is also to be deplored. One lady pupil in the college uses it to an extreme, and not long ago she had a package of candy sent to her from New York, the bill for which amounted to \$40. If one young lady hands it around freely, another thinks she must too, and then there is no end to the outlay of money for it.

Had Mr. Campbell gone further, he might also have said that it is candy eating that takes the roses from the cheeks of American girls and makes them pale and sallow. He might have said that the eating of candies by women and pies by men makes us a nation of dyspeptics, and saps up our vitality, making us feverishly vigorous at times, but apt to succumb before disease much sooner than the plainer, more substantially and more hygienically fed Englishman.

How Marbles Are Made.

The chief place of the manufacture of marbles, those little pieces of stone which contribute so largely to the enjoyment of boys, is at Oberstein, on the Nahe, in Germany, where there are large agate hills and quarries, the refuse of which is turned to good paying account by being made into small balls, employed by experts to knock with, and are mostly sent to the American market. The substance used in Saxony is a hard, calcareous stone, which is first broken into blocks, nearly square, by blows with a hammer. These are thrown by the hundred or two into a small sort of mill, which is furnished with a flat, stationary stationary slab of stone, with a number of eccentric furrows upon its face. A block of oak, or other hard wood, of the diametric size, is placed over the stones and partly resting upon them. The small block of wood is kept revolving while water flows upon the stone slab. In about fifteen minutes the stones are turned into spheres and then, being fit for sale, are henceforth called marbles. One establishment, with but three mills, turns out 60,000 marbles each week.

The sporting world was greatly excited last week over the great international shooting contest between the American and Irish riflemen. The scene of the shooting was a locality known as Dollymount, in the vicinity of Dublin, Ireland, and the contest was witnessed by a great throng of people, estimated at the close to exceed twenty thousand. The shooting was at distances of eight hundred, nine hundred and a thousand yards, and was pronounced very fine on both sides, but the Americans were finally declared to be the victors. Their Irish competitors, with their accustomed generosity, were enthusiastic in acknowledging the superiority of the American marksmen, and a grand banquet in their honor was given by the Lord Mayor of Dublin in the evening. All this is very nice, but whether the practical good to come out of it will pay for the ink and paper the newspapers have wasted over it is not so easy to see.

There was a terrific thunder storm in the vicinity of Lebanon on last Tuesday evening. The town was enveloped in darkness and the rain poured down in torrents. At Shaefferstown, eight miles southeast of Lebanon, the houses of Andrew Showers and Levi Sheetz were struck by lightning, and the latter entirely destroyed. The house of Jacob Forrey, east of Shaefferstown, and his houses between Shaefferstown and Brickserville were struck and partly destroyed. Trees and fences were uprooted, and grain swept clear to the ground for miles. Great excitement existed along the route and the people rushed out of their houses, being afraid of having them razed to the ground. The damage is very great.

Three bushels of potato bugs were gathered from a four-acre patch on the farm of Samuel Horner, Stockton township, Camden county, a few days ago. Two men were engaged in the work. It is observed that high and dry locations are less subject to the ravages of the bugs than low and moist places. It is also observed that while ducks and chickens will not touch them, turkeys and crows eagerly devour the pests.—*Trenton (N. J.) State Gazette.*

A thoroughly organized gang of counterfeiters, under the lead of Milton H. Frank, a practicing physician of Allegheny City, has been broken up and several members, including Frank, arrested, and \$200,000 in counterfeit money captured. The attention of the Government was called to the work of these men through letters containing consignments of spurious money, which being unstamped, went to the Dead Letter Office.

Over a thousand newspapers have failed in this country during the past year.

Geneva, N. Y. nurseries, shipped over \$500,000 worth of trees this spring.

A new sawmill has been started at Williamsport which cuts 60,000 feet of lumber per day.

The day before yesterday lightning struck a Cincinnati distillery and took a \$25,000 drink of whisky.

Italy has had a visitation of locusts, which appeared in vast numbers in the vicinity of Verona.

Don't you wish you was a hen, so you could spread your wings out and let the wind blow under them.

A woman was struck by lightning near Raleigh, N. C., on Saturday, and fatally injured, her neck being broken.

The quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent on the stock of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Road is payable July 23.

This year the Southern peach crop is so prolific that limbs of the trees are frequently broken off by the weight of the fruit.

Chicago fills up with grain as fast as she ships East, showing that the Northwest is still carrying last year's crop to a large extent.

A whole Catholic congregation, consisting of eleven hundred persons, at Carleton, N. B., recently took the temperance pledge together.

The importation of fire crackers this year will amount to 300,000 boxes, an increase of 100,000 boxes over last year's importation.

The shipments of boots, shoes and rubbers from Boston since January 1st exceeds those of last year by more than 47,000 cases, or nearly ten per cent.

A Philadelphian was so anxious to see all the fun at the Bunker Hill centennial that he paid a thousand dollars for a furnished house there for three days.

Santa Barbara, California, boasts the largest rose on record. It is lemon-colored, has a delicious perfume, and is sixteen and three-fourths inches in circumference.

A Frenchman fishing in the Merrimac River, at Hooksett, Me., a few days since, caught a lake eel six feet long, and fifteen inches in circumference, which weighed thirty-five pounds.

The United States has become the greatest silver producing country of the world, taking precedence even of Mexico, which has hitherto been supposed to yield nearly two-thirds of the world's supply.

A singular freak of nature. An Indiana farmer has a fine young heifer about two or three years old, that gives over a gallon of excellent milk at each milking, although she has never had a calf.

To the surprise of many, the Reading Railroad has announced its usual quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent, or \$14 per share, payable in cash on the 30th of July. On the strength of this stock advanced to 56, against 55 the day before.

Lancaster county promises 6000 majority for the Republican ticket at the coming election. The Lancaster *Express* and a number of influential gentlemen in that county who three years ago opposed Hartman are now very earnestly in his support.

The money at the Treasury Department at Washington was all counted last week. The amount was about 860,000,000—each separate note of which was handled by one of the counters. About 125 ladies were employed. The count was made necessary by the change of Treasurer.

Miller Wolf, aged 6 years, who was stolen from his home in Scranton several months since, was found in Mahanoy City on Wednesday night, in care of a drunken woman. The child and woman have been sent to Scranton, the former to his parents, the latter to jail.

Six houses, purchased in Boston for Senator Jones, of Nevada, have been shipped to him. Among them are the noted trotters "Sweet Briar" and "Lady Otis," for which the sum of \$15,000 was paid. The others include a pair of saddle horses and a pair of carriage horses.

The New York *Herald* devotes columns to the discussion of Mr. Beecher's stick-out resolution, while the Cincinnati *Enquirer* disposes of the whole matter in this single telling sentence: "He (Mr. Beecher) will not allow a little thing like that to interfere with his Christian usefulness."

Under the new Constitution the political minority in each county of this State will next fall choose a Commissioner and an Auditor. One of the results is that in Berks county there are men who are actually seeking a Republican nomination—a thing that never before occurred in her history.

The number of live hogs in the seven hog-raising States, January 1st, was 14,213,800, divided as follows:—Indiana, 2,670,000; Illinois, 2,634,000; Iowa, 3,398,200; Missouri, 2,682,600; Ohio, 1,735,400; Kentucky, 1,706,600; Wisconsin, 587,800. It is estimated that the returns from other States will make the hog crop for this year over 18,000,000 head.

The Delaware and Maryland peach crop is now fixed at from seven to eight million of baskets, which is double the number ever gathered from these States. The general impression is that as the old markets have failed to consume the peaches gathered in an ordinary season new markets will have to be opened up to effect the consumption of this tremendous crop.