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JOB PRINTING
OF ALL KINDS,
Executed in the highest style of the Art, and on the most reasonable terms.

MERCHANTS' HOUSE,
413 & 415
North Third Street, PHILADELPHIA.
Reduced rates, \$1 75 per day, and
HENRY SPAHN, Prop'r.
L. R. SNYDER, Clerk.
Nov. 26, 1874.—6m.*

DR. J. L. ANTZ,
SURGEON & MECHANICAL DENTIST.
Suits his office on Main street, in the second story of Dr. S. Wagon's brick building, nearly opposite the Stroudsburg House, and he states himself that by eighteen years constant practice and the most correct and careful attention to all matters pertaining to his profession, that he is fully able to perform all operations in the dentistry in the most careful and skillful manner.

DR. N. E. PECK,
Surgeon Dentist.
Announces that having just returned from Dental College, he is fully prepared to make artificial teeth in the most beautiful and life-like manner, and to fill decayed teeth according to the most improved method. Teeth extracted without pain, when desired, by the use of Nitro Oxide Gas, which is entirely harmless. Zirconia and Gold used in all work. All work warranted. Charges reasonable.
Office, J. K. Keller's new brick building, Main street, Stroudsburg, Pa. April 13, 1874.—4f.

WILLIAM S. REES,
Surveyor, Conveyancer and
Real Estate Agent.
Farms, Timber Lands and Town Lots
FOR SALE.
Office nearly opposite American House and 2d door below the Corner Store.
March 20, 1875.—4f.

DR. EDWARD FATTERSON,
Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.
Office at Residence, Main street, Stroudsburg, Pa., in the building formerly occupied by Dr. Sey. Prompt attention given to calls.
Office hours: 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., 6 to 8 p. m.
April 16, 1874.—4f.

DR. GEO. W. JACKSON
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.
In the office of Dr. A. Reeves Jackson, residence corner of Sarah and Franklin street.
STROUDSBURG, PA.
August 8, 72.—4f.

A MERICAN HOTEL.
The subscriber would inform the public that he has leased the house formerly kept by Jacob Knecht, a the Borough of Stroudsburg, Pa., and having repaired and furnished the same, is prepared to entertain all who may patronize him. It is the aim of the proprietor, to furnish superior accommodations at moderate rates and will spare no pains to promote the comfort of the guests. A liberal share of public patronage solicited.
April 17, 72.—4f. D. L. PISLE.

WILSON PEIRSON,
AUCTIONEER,
Real Estate Agent and Collector.
The undersigned begs leave to notify the public that he is prepared to sell at short notice personal property of all kinds, as well as Real Estate, at public or private sale.
Office at Thomas Stemple's old store stand, at East Stroudsburg, Pa. Dec. 17, 1874.—4f.

DAVID S. LEE,
Attorney at Law,
One door above the "Stroudsburg House," Stroudsburg, Pa.
Collections promptly made.
October 22, 1874.

KIPLE HOUSE,
HONESDALE, PA.
Most central location of any Hotel in town.
R. W. KIPLE & SON,
Proprietors.
169 Main street.
January 9, 1875.—4f.

DON'T FORGET that when
you want any thing in the Furniture or Ornamental line that McCarty & Sons in the Odd-Fellows' Hall, Main street, Stroudsburg, Pa., is the place to get it.
June 18, 74.—4f

DON'T you know that J. H.
McCarty & Sons are the only Undertakers in Stroudsburg who understand their business? If not, attend a Funeral managed by any other Undertaker in town, and you will see the proof of the fact.
June 18, 74.—4f

A. ROCKAFELLOW,
DEALER IN
Ready-Made Clothing, Gents Fur-
nishing Goods, Hats & Caps,
Boots & Shoes, &c.
EAST STROUDSBURG, PA.
(Near the Depot.)
The public are invited to call and examine goods. Prices moderate. May 6, 1875.—4f

Township Officers Elected at the late Spring Elections.

BARRETT—Assessor, Townsend Price; Constable, Allen Price; Justices of the Peace, J. M. Carlton, Labar Louis; Supervisors, Amrose Price, Edward Price; Judge of Election, Mahlon Price; Overseers of the Poor, Henry Sholer, John E. Stright; School Directors, Jacob Price, Joseph H. Stright, Davis W. Bush, William P. Sees; Inspectors of Election, Otto Sholer, Edward M. Case; Auditor, Edward F. Palen; Town Clerk, William F. Stright.

CHRISTNUTTILL—Constable, Amandus Shupp; Supervisors, Andrew Smith, Frederick Siglin, John Snyder, Abraham Mangle; School Directors, Jacob J. Greenamoyer, Simon Snyder; Assessor, Peter J. Shafer; Judge of Election, Timothy Kresge; Auditor, George M. Everitt; Overseers of the Poor, James Kresge, James Smith; Inspectors, Simon Shupp, William Scarfuss, jr.

COOLBAUGH—Justice of the Peace, Ern Price; Constable, C. W. Transue; Overseers of the Poor, I. S. Case, L. T. Smith; Supervisors, C. W. Transue, C. Kresge; School Directors for three years, H. A. Harper, Josiah Dowling; School Director two years, Jacob Sansenbaugh; Auditor, James Dowling; Judge of Election, Hiram Warner; Inspectors of Election, Henry Compton, D. G. Callahan; Assessors, John Compton; Town Clerk, H. A. Harper.

ELDRID—Justice of the Peace, James Hune; Constable, Levi D. Frable; Judge of Election, Sydney Smith; Assessor, Jacob Correll; Auditor, P. P. Schaffer; Overseers of the Poor, Benjamin Smith, Solomon Frable; Supervisors, Timothy Correll, Paul Barger; Inspectors, Reuben Christianman, Joseph A. Barger; Overseers of the Poor, Nelson Helldelinger, Joseph Engler; Town Clerk, Israel Barger.

EAST STROUDSBURG—Chief Burgess, John Lyons; Town Council, John Bart, John Feamer, Joseph M. Crystal, Milton Yetter, Henry Teeter, Frederick Brotman; Justice of Peace, Miles L. Hutchinson; Constable, Jeremiah Haney; Assessor, Theodore Y. Hoffman; Auditor, Horace B. Hitchcock 3 years, G. H. Shottwell 3 years; School Directors, David Miller 3 years, Samuel Detrick 3 years, Theodore Y. Hoffman 3 years, Frank Brown 1 year; Overseers of the Poor, Robert Brown, Charles E. Duffee, John Chambers, Jacob Herzog; Judge of Election, George Mount; Inspectors, Daniel Stemples, Levi Smith.

HAMILTON—Constable, C. E. Shafer; Overseers of the Poor, John S. Hafford, Jacob Cressman; Inspectors of Election, Milton Heller, T. M. Shafer; Judge of Election, A. R. Heller; Auditor, S. S. Lesh; School Directors, John S. Mansfield, Jacob H. Fetherman; Assessor, S. S. Brewer; Supervisors, Andrew Ruth, Simon Storm, A. J. Bittenbender, Abraham Butts; Town Clerk, Jacob H. Fetherman.

JACKSON—Constable, Thomas Frantz; School Directors, J. P. Smith, Abraham Neuhart; Inspectors, M. B. Woodling, Abraham Butts; Overseers, Joseph Frantz, John Hay; Judge, Peter R. Storm; Supervisors, James B. Heller, Fred. Dell; Assessor, Amandus Possinger; Town Clerk, J. B. Hauser; Auditor, Joseph Frantz.

MIDDLE SMITHFIELD—Justice of Peace, John Clark; Constable, Horace H. Vanauken; Supervisors, William Vanauken, Barney Decker, Overseers of the Poor, E. G. Mosier, John Overfield; School Directors, Mile Overfield, Henry Bush; Assessor, J. H. Place; Auditor, James Place; Clerk, J. M. Ellenberger; Treasurer, Adam Overfield; Judge of Election, John A. Coolbaugh; Inspectors, Luther Decker, M. H. Dimnick.

PRICE—Supervisors, Jeremiah Sees, Leonard Lesoine; School Directors, Perry Price, Galemson Snow; Judge of Election, Joseph Price; Inspectors of Election, Lewis Long, John Hill; Town Clerk, Samuel Posten; Assessor, William Detrick; Overseers of the Poor, Jeremiah Posten, Isaac Peters; Auditor, Lewis S. Price; Constable, Galemson Snow; Justice of the Peace, Jeremiah Sees.

POCONO—Auditor, John H. Lesh; Assessor, John Allegar; Constable, Thomas E. Shively; School Directors, Adison Henry, Michael Kistler; Judge of Election, Jacob Learn; Town Clerk, Simon Labar; Inspectors, Hiram Schiffer, James Harps; Supervisors, Samuel Sebring, William Transue; Overseers of the Poor, John H. Lesh, George Lessig.

POLK—Constable, Jacob Serfass; Supervisors, Reuben Haney, Cornelius Dotter; Auditor, Jacob Boyer; Judge of Election, Daniel Haney; School Directors, Nathan Serfass, George Anglemoyer; Assessor, P. S. Hawk; Overseers of the Poor, Stephen Zeigenfuss, John Kunkle; Inspectors, Reuben Everitt, J. Berlin.

PARADISE—Auditor, S. P. Smith; Town

Clerk, F. B. Toel; Assessor, James Heller; School Directors, Wm. Storm, Francis Brown; Overseers, James Henry, George Wagner; Judge of Election, Charles Hilgert; Inspectors, V. L. Miller, John L. Miller; Constable, Samuel Hilgert; Supervisors, Barnet Metzgar, Jacob Coffman.

ROSS—Justice of the Peace, William Smith; Constable, Jacob Newhart; Auditors, Daniel Andrew, Philip Remel; Overseers of the Poor, Levi Buskirk, Joseph Kresge; Supervisors, Joseph Getz, Henry Altemose; School Directors, Levi Newhart, Henry Altemose; Inspectors, John Misson, Thomas Remel; Assessor, Josiah Getz; Judge of Election, Elias Mixsell.

SMITHFIELD—Constable, A. J. Albert; Supervisors, H. Bush, J. M. Hoffman, Theodore Brutzman, Joseph Snyder; Overseers of the Poor, T. Casebeer, T. Bush; School Directors, David Smith, Amiel Bush; Auditor, I. R. Transue; Town Clerk, F. Labar; Judge of Election, Wm. Weiss; Inspectors, A. Y. Hoffman, D. Frederick; Justices of the Peace, Edward Yetter, Abraham Fennar; Assessor, D. A. Bush.

STROUD—Justice of the Peace, Silas L. Drake; Constable, William Mosteller; School Directors, Jacob Miller, William Fine; Assessor, George Marvin; Overseers of the Poor, Charles Swink, Geo. B. Bard; Inspectors, Mathias Shafer, Charles Hallet; Judge of Election, Amzi Coolbaugh; Auditor, Jacob J. Angle; Town Clerk, Henry Ransbury; Supervisors, George Phillips, Abraham Rhodes, Edward Lee.

BOROUGH OF STROUDSBURG—Chief Burgess, Theodore Schoch; Town Council, John Bingham, Darius Dreher, Reuben Miller, Charles U. Warnick, Garret G. Ramsay, Wilson Dreher; School Directors, Stroud Burson, William H. Garris; Overseers of the Poor, Peter H. Robsen, Reuben Thomas; Judge of Election, John Kern; Inspectors, Jacob H. Butts, Samuel Hoffman; Auditor, B. S. Jacoby; Assessor, Michael R. Brown; Constable, Edward Fisher.

TOBYHANNA—Constable, William Shiffer; Supervisors, S. G. Eschenbach, Thomas Winter, William Hay; Assessor, Franklin P. Blakeslee; Judge of Election, Robert Warnes, Inspectors, Jacob Bonser, Samuel Johnson; School Directors, Thomas Winter, Peter S. Kinney; Overseers of the Poor, William Shiffer, Samuel Hay; Town Clerk, Samuel S. Johnson; Auditor, Blakeslee.

TUNKHANNOCK—Constable, Geo. L. Altemose; Judge of Election, Vincent Mervine; Inspectors of Election, Perry Altemose, Steward Altemose; Auditor, Irwin J. Mervine; Supervisors, Geo. W. Mervine, Andrew Wrick; Town Clerk, Jacob E. Altemose; School Directors, Peter Mervine, Joseph Bonser; Assessor, Geo. W. Mervine; Overseers of the Poor, Geo. L. Altemose, Jacob E. Altemose.

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT—School Directors, Daniel Clark, Oliver Smith.

THE SPRING FLOODS.

IMMENSE DESTRUCTION IN THE SUSQUEHANNA.

Pittston Inundated and Three Bridges Carried Away—Wilkesbarre in Danger and the Town in Total Darkness—Stoppage of Travel.
WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 17.—The ice in the Susquehanna river became gorged above here between nine and ten o'clock last night, and the back water flooded Pittston and caused a great amount of damage. The water was two feet higher than in 1865, and ran over yard fences and flooded houses in West Pittston. At 1:30 o'clock this morning the ice began to break and move along this city, but a gorge was formed at the island, a mile below, and the river rose five feet in ten minutes, and kept coming up until the ice touched the bridge. Then it stopped, and remained stationary till daylight, and since then it has fallen over a foot. This morning the two wagon bridges at Pittston were carried away, the railroad bridge having gone early in the evening. The ice below the gorge at the island is not yet broken at all. The ice to-night still remains stationary at this place, and there has been no perceptible fall of the water since the afternoon. The cellars of houses on River street are filled, and the gas works have a depth of several feet of water in them. The whole city is in darkness, candles and lamps furnishing the only light. Travel has been stopped between here and Kingston since last night, the flats being entirely submerged, and it being considered unsafe to cross the bridge. The three bridges which were swept away from Pittston are jammed in the gorge three miles above here. At Nanticoke dam, eight miles below here, the ice began to move to-day, and the river was cleared for a mile above that point, but

from there to the island gorge at the lower end of Wilkesbarre it is as solid as ever. The weather has been gradually growing colder, and everything will freeze solid to-night. This undoubtedly prevented the bridge at this place from being carried away. Should a gentle thaw follow the enormous mass of ice may go down without further damage, but on the contrary, if the thaw be sudden the devastation will be all the greater on account of the cold snap.

THE SITUATION AT 10.30 P. M. LAST NIGHT.

The river is still stationary, and the weather is growing colder. The ice will hardly move further until it moderates. A portion of the city through which North Branch canal runs was flooded by the back-water finding its way into it. The banks of the canal were overflowed and many cellars filled, and some planing mills and other business places were obliged to close up. The running of the water through that section has now stopped, owing to this freezing weather. The river at Pittston is clear of ice, but it remains very high, owing to the gorge above here. The Lackawanna and Bloomsburg iron railroad bridge, which was swept away at that place, cost \$120,000. The two wooden wagon bridges cost nearly \$50,000 each. The Lehigh Valley Railroad, above and below Pittston, is covered in many places with great blocks of ice and no trains run above Wilkesbarre. As yet no lives have been lost, though some narrow escapes have been reported.

THE RIVER FALLING AT WILLIAMSPORT.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., March 17.—The river is falling slowly. The ice commenced moving twenty miles below here, but gorged between Milton and Lewisburg. No trouble is anticipated. The North Branch is very high and fears are entertained that the bridges at Northumberland may be damaged by the bridges which are coming down. About one-half of Sunbury is in danger of being flooded.

A BRIDGE CARRIED AWAY AT DANVILLE.

DANVILLE, March 17.—The bridge over the Susquehanna at this place has been carried off. The water is higher than in 1865, and is still rising. There is a gorge between here and Sunbury, and railroad communication is cut off. The Lackawanna and Bloomsburg and two highway bridges at Pittston and the highway bridge at Catawissa have gone. The bridges at Wilkesbarre, Plymouth and Nanticoke are in danger.

ACCOUNTS FROM COLUMBIA.

COLUMBIA, Pa., March 17.—The river is now (8 P. M.) rising rapidly here. The ice is broken at Danbridge, ten miles west of here, but has jammed again. The ice broke at Highspire at 7:30 P. M.

GREAT BEND AND UNION THREATENED.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., March 17.—The ice gorge in the Susquehanna river at Hooper, eight miles west of Binghamton, is over four miles long and twenty to thirty feet high. The valley is overflowed. The bridge at Union is in great danger. The gorge of Great Bend is threatening the bridge. The weather is cool and the river falling.

THE LEHIGH RIVER OPEN.

MAUCH CHUNK, 17.—No danger is apprehended on the Lehigh river. The warm weather of the past few days has removed an immense quantity of ice, and the channel is now open.

HIGHSPIRE SAFE.

HIGHSPIRE, Pa., March 18.—The ice broke here at 7:30 P. M., and the river fell four feet in an hour. The railroad tracks are all clear again. It is reported that the ice has gorged at Conowing Falls, nine miles below here, which may back the water on us again.

losses by the flood and obstruction to railroad traffic will not fall short of \$1,000,000. The bridge at Wilkesbarre cannot stand the pressure to-night. Already upward of \$20,000 of stock for a new bridge at Pittston has been subscribed.

THE DELAWARE GORGE.

The Ice and Water Sweep Through Port Jervis—Immense Destruction of Property, But No Loss of Life.
PORT JERVIS, March 17.—At six o'clock this morning the town was startled by a shrill whistle, which had previously been agreed on as a signal, announcing that the ice had broken its barriers ten miles above, and was sweeping down upon the town, borne upon ten feet of water. The announcement created immense excitement, and measures were immediately taken to avert the danger. The ice had started firm at 5:15 A. M., and at 7 the river here had risen rapidly, and King street was inundated. A large charge of nitro-glycerine was exploded, and did great execution. At 8 A. M. news was brought that the railroad bridge three miles above here had been carried away, and the greatest fears were entertained for the safety of the town, but at 8:40 the gorge broke, and the ice began to move slowly down the river. The Barrett bridge was swept away, and about three hundred houses in Port Jervis proper, between the railway and river, were more or less damaged by water, many of them being filled to the second story. Owing to the ample warning given by the authorities no lives were lost. All the large shops of the Erie Railway Company had more or less water in them, but no great damage was done. Thirty blocks of ground were under water. The scenes on the river bank were interesting and novel. The ice is piled on the shore in many places thirty feet high, and in pieces weighing thirty tons. About twenty small houses and shanties have been torn to pieces. Four of the five spans, in all 612 feet, of the Delaware Railroad bridge are gone, leaving one span on the New York side. The bridge cost \$100,000, and was finished in the spring of 1872. Chief Engineer Chanute proposed to pass trains over a temporary structure in a week or ten days. A ferry will be established to-morrow for transporting passengers. The debris of two bridges caught fast on Vanny's Island, three miles below, thus saving the tower of the suspension bridge. The damage to the Barrett Bridge Company is about \$15,000, and the other losses in the village are about \$20,000 more, river is now going down, and the danger is over. About twenty-five small frame buildings nearest the river in Port Jervis are totally wrecked. No lives were lost. The Erie Railroad Company announces from New York that there will be no detention of trains, the Company having concluded a temporary lease of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad.

Gain in Pigs.

By an experiment reported by J. W. Ziegler, of Laporte County, Ind., it appears that he fed 193 bushels (70 pounds each) of corn on the ear to 32 hogs, that they ate it up in 26 days; that it was fed in an eight acre lot, and that at the beginning the pigs weighed 6,420 pounds, and when killed 8,750, showing a gain of 2,330 pounds, or at the rate of one pound of pork from four and three-fifths pounds of shelled corn. The corn was worth 35 cents per bushel, and the hogs sold for an advance over first value of \$107 30, leaving \$10 26 as the profit, or realizing 56 cents for the corn when fed, instead of 35 cents, the market value. In a second experiment 15 hogs were fed 100 bushels of old shelled corn, on the floor of a close pen, in 42 days, and gained 1,770 pounds, or one pound of pork from three of corn. In the first case one bushel made 12 1/2 pounds of pork, and in the second 18 1/2.

Pat's Advantage.

An Irishman went into a butcher's shop and asked: "Have you any sheep's head, masher?" "Oh, yes," was the reply. Pat, after a deal of higgling, bought one, and then wished to know how to make it ready. The shopman began to tell him, but Pat, not being blessed with a good memory, asked him to "write it down on a piece of paper" and meantime laid down his purchase at the shop door. A dog, seeing a good chance, seized the head and bolted down the street. Pat immediately gave chase, bawling at the top of his voice: "Come back wid me sheep's head ya robber ye!" but after a stiff run he had to give in dead beat, when he consoled himself with the remark: "Niver mind; he hasn't got the resate how to make it ready."

Zeke Carey, a Jamestown pilgrim, who has gone up and down the earth, a widower, for two long weeks, last week consoled his aching heart by taking another wife.

There is to be no change in the new spring styles. Poor relatives will be cut the same as last year.

The bonded debt of the city of Erie is only \$1,132,600. The floating debt is \$168,000.

The modest maiden and the broken leg should keep at home.

A Vigilant Wife.

Pitman's wood pile has suffered a good deal lately from the ravages of thieves, so the old gentleman, the other day, loaded his gun with coarse salt, and expressed his determination to bombard the first man who should be observed to haunt the timber. On Wednesday he attended court, and as he did not expect to reach home until late in the evening, Mrs. Pitman felt it her duty to keep an eye on the woodpile. But Pitman returned about dusk, and as he walked through the yard he thought he might as well carry in enough wood to last all night. He had just placed the fourth stick upon his arm when an explosion occurred, and the same instant he felt as if a million red hot darning needles were dancing up and down his legs. He had heard from Mrs. Pitman. He yelled with pain, and dropping the wood, most of it upon his toes, he fell to the ground. Just as he did so he saw Mrs. Pitman standing in the kitchen doorway with a firearm at "parade rest" and contemplating her victory and her victim with serenity. Pitman's first thought was that she had suddenly been animated by an insane but judicious desire to realize upon his life insurance policy. But when he screamed to her, she dropped her artillery and flew to the scene with expressions of alarm and grief at the discovery that she had perforated Pitman. She called the servant girl, and as they carried him into the house, she explained that she had mistook him for a thief, and then she apologized. Pitman said it was all very well to apologize, but what good was that to a man with two quarts of salt and a half a pound of gun-wads in his legs. Mrs. Pitman insisted that he oughtn't to mind a little salt, it would do him good. She urged that salt was better than anything else for preserving meat, and that his legs would probably be alive and well and prancing around the universe when the rest of him was dead and spoiled. That made him mad, and after splitting up his gun with the axe, he went to bed, and he hasn't spoken to Mrs. Pitman since; but he has hinted gloomily to the doctor if a divorce can be had he will obtain one.

Cooked Food for Hens.

Put two or more quarts of water in a kettle, add one large seed pepper, or two small ones, then put the kettle over the fire. When the water boils, stir in coarse-ground Indian meal, until you make a thick mush. Let it cook an hour or more. Feed hot. Hens eat it readily and it stirred into the mush has been found to produce good results. Four weeks ago we commenced feeding our hens mush as prepared in the above directions, and for result we are getting from five to ten eggs per day; whereas, previous to feeding, we had not had eggs for a long time. We hear a great deal of complaint from other people about not getting eggs. To all such we would warmly recommend cooked food, fed hot. Boiled appleskins, seasoned with red peppers, or boiled potatoes, seasoned with horseradish are good for feed; much better than uncooked corn. Corn, when fed by itself, has a tendency to fatten hens, instead of producing the more profitable egg-laying. Do, in Ohio Farmer.