

Devoted to Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Science, Morality, and General Intelligence.

STROUDSBURG, MONROE COUNTY, PA., OCTOBER 29, 1874.

NO. 23.

Published by Theodore Schoech. Two dollars a year in advance—and if not paid before the end of the year, two dollars and fifty cents.

JOE PRINTING OF ALL KINDS, in the highest style of the Art, and on the most reasonable terms.

D. R. J. LANTZ, SURGEON & MECHANICAL DENTIST. In his office on Main street, in the second story of the brick building, nearly opposite the old Strodsburg House, and he flatters himself that by diligent and successful practice and the most earnest and careful attention to all matters pertaining to his profession, that he is fully able to perform all operations, and that he can guarantee the most careful and skillful manipulation of the teeth.

D. R. N. L. PECK, Surgeon Dentist. Having just returned from Dental College, he is fully prepared to make artificial teeth in the most beautiful and life-like manner, and to fill defective teeth according to the most improved method, without pain, when desired, by the use of a new and delicate process, which is entirely harmless, and of all kinds neatly done. All work warranted.

WILLIAM S. REES, Surveyor, Conveyancer and Real Estate Agent. Farms, Timber Lands and Town Lots FOR SALE.

D. R. HOWARD PATTERSON, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.

DR. GEO. W. JACKSON, Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur.

JOHN BREWER, M. D., Physician and Accoucheur.

AMERICAN HOTEL. The subscriber would inform the public that he has leased the house formerly kept by Jacob McCreary, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, Pa., and has refurnished and repaired the same, and is prepared to entertain all who may patronize him. It is the aim of the proprietor, to furnish superior accommodations at moderate rates, and will spare no pains to promote the comfort of the guests. A liberal share of the public patronage solicited.

R. W. KIPLE & SON, Proprietors.

JOHN F. BRINKHOUSE, Counselor at Law.

DAVID S. LEE, Attorney at Law.

DR. EDWARD A. WILSON'S (of Albany, N. Y.) Recipe for CONSUMPTION and ASTHMA carefully compounded at HOLLINSHEAD'S DRUG STORE.

W. HOLLINSHEAD, Dealer in Ready-Made Clothing, Gents Furnishing Goods, Hats & Caps, Boots & Shoes, &c.

EAST STROUDSBURG, PA. (Near the Depot.)

The public are invited to call and examine. Prices moderate. (May 6, 1874.)

BARGAINS
At N. RUSTER'S,
The National Hall of Fashion!
THE OLDEST AND MOST
Reliable Clothing House in Town!
GOODS MARKED DOWN AT
Extremely Low Prices!
CALL AND EXAMINE THE LARGE AND FINE SELECTED
STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER
CLOTHING,
Hats, Caps, Furs, Furnishing Goods, Dry Goods, &c.
N. B.—Particular attention paid to CUSTOM WORK. Good fits warranted.
N. RUSTER,
PROPRIETOR OF THE NATIONAL HALL OF FASHION,
September 3, 1874.—tf. MAIN STREET, STROUDSBURG, PA.

HENRY D. BUSH,
(Successor to R. F. & H. D. Bush)
DEALER IN
DRY GOODS & NOTIONS,
Shawls, Cloths and Cassimeres,
SILKS, DELANES, CALICOES,
AND
Dress Goods Generally,
White Goods, Flannels, Trimmings, and
HOSIERY,
AND IN SHORT
The usual stock of a well appointed
DRY GOOD AND NOTION STORE
The stock was not purchased at
Auction or Bankrupt Sales
but will be sold at prices satisfactory to
purchasers, and warranted as to quality
CALL AND SEE.
H. D. BUSH,
Stroudsburg, April 30, 1874.—tf.

HUTCHINSON'S BRICK BUILDING,
opposite T. Stemple's Store,
EAST STROUDSBURG.
Having just opened with an entire new stock of
Dry Goods and Groceries,
CONSISTING OF
DRESS GOODS, WOOLENS,
DELAINES, SHAWLS,
POPLINS, ALPACAS,
WHITE GOODS, FLANNELS,
CASSIMERES, DOMESTICS,
CLOTHS, PRINTS,
AND OIL CLOTH.
Also a full assortment of choice Family Groceries and Provisions, Flour, Feed, Meal, Salt, Fish, Pork, Oil, Syrups, Molasses, Sugars,
Crockery and Tinware, Wooden and Willow Ware,
Flavoring Extracts, and Spices of every kind, and in fact every thing usually kept in a Dry Goods Store. All my goods are new and cannot fail to give satisfaction.
Goods shown with pleasure. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere and thereby save time and money.
J. H. SHOTWELL,
Formerly Slater & Shotwell.
Dec. 4, 1873.—3m.*
Can you tell why it is that when any one comes to Stroudsburg to buy Furniture, they always inquire for McCarty's Furniture Store!
Sept. 25, '74.

UNDEXTAKING.
McCARTY & SONS have on hand the largest and best assortment of
COFFINS
and
TRIMMINGS
COFFINS and CASKETS
of any shape or style, can be furnished at one hour's notice for shipment at a charge of one-third less than any shop in Stroudsburg. In no case will they charge more than ten per cent. above actual cost.
EMBALMING
attended to in any part of the County at the shortest possible notice. (June 15, '74—tf)
J. B. HULL,
(Successor to J. E. Erdman.)
Monroe Co. Marble Works,
Main St., Stroudsburg, Pa.,
Where will be found constantly on hand or made to order,
MONUMENTS,
HEADSTONES, &c.,
of the best Italian and American Marble. Having been in the employ of Mr. Erdman for nearly ten years, I feel confident in my ability to please all that give me a call. All work warranted to give entire satisfaction.
Orders by mail promptly attended to. feb 20/74—tf
PRICES REDUCED
AT THE
Corner Store!
THE CHEAPEST GOODS
IN TOWN.
Great bargains are now offered in
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
ALPACAS, VELVETEENS,
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, FLANNELS, &c.,
all of which have been marked down to
PANIC PRICES.
Goods all new and right in style, but marked down to meet the times. We invite all to call and see for themselves. Terms Cash.
C. R. ANDRE & Co.
Main St., Stroudsburg, Pa.
dec—tf] **BLANKS OF ALL KINDS** for Sale at this Office.

SEBASTIAN ECHLE,
BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.
SHOP CORNER OF
Pocono and Green Streets,
STROUDSBURG, PA.
I am now prepared to make to order, all kinds of Boots and Shoes, such as French Calf, American Calf, Kip, Turkey Morocco, Glove Kid, and Pebble Goat, at reasonable prices. Special attention paid to half-soles, heeling and all kinds of mending. One trial and be convinced. [nov 6/4
ROOFING SLATE.
Farmers, Slaters and others in want of first class **ROOFING SLATE**, can procure them (by calling on Geo. W. Drake) at nearly Quarry prices. I do not keep or sell No. 2 or Ribbon Slate.
I am also sole agent for Monroe County, for **Smith's Turbular Fluted Lighting Rod**, which I will put up and warrant to be the best conductor of Lightning in existence. Call and examine the Slate or Lightning Rods before purchasing elsewhere.
GEO. W. DRAKE.
Stroudsburg, Aug. 5, '74—tf
LIME! LIME!!
The undersigned hereby informs the public that they have opened two kilns, near Experiment Mills, Monroe County, Pa., and are prepared to fill all orders promptly. The capacity of the kilns are between three and four hundred bushels per day. The
LIME
IS OF A BETTER QUALITY
than that burned in any other part of the county.
Parties desiring lime along the line of Delaware, Lackawanna & Western R. R. will have their orders promptly filled, by addressing
G. S. HELLER,
Experiment Mills, P. O.,
Monroe county, Pa.
June 11, 1874.—tf

Cards, Bill-Heads, Labels, &c.,
NEAT, CHEAP AND QUICK,
Printed to Order at the
JEFFERSONIAN
Job Printing
OFFICE,
Main Street, Stroudsburg, Pa.
All Orders promptly filled. Circumstances call.
STROUDSBURG
HAS A CHEAP
CLOTHING AND
Boot and Shoe Store,
AT LAST!
James Edinger has just returned with an entire new stock of
CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES,
AND
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
that he bought at panic prices and is selling them at prices that astonish all. Call and look and be convinced before you purchase elsewhere. One door above Hollinshead's Drug Store. [Sept. 17—3m.
Sale of Real Estate.
The subscribers will sell at Public Auction, on the
28th day of October, 1874,
at the Hotel of L. T. SMITH, at Forks Station, in Monroe county, Pennsylvania, a tract of land and premises containing about
SIX HUNDRED ACRES,
more or less. The said land lies on the North and South Turnpike, in Coolbaugh township, adjoining lands of Daniel McCarty, Dodge & Co., Richard Welch and others, and are better known as the
ECK PROPERTY.
Said lands were conveyed to John McCarter by John Wolf and wife and Owen W. King and wife by deed bearing date Sept. 14, 1867. Also at the same time and place the
STEAM ENGINE AND FIXTURES,
on said premises and a large lot of
Birch, Beach, Maple & Memlock Lumber.
The above property will be sold to the highest bidder without reserve.
Sale to commence at 1 o'clock p. m., sharp. Conditions made known on day of sale.
CHARLES S. BAYLIS,
PETER S. DECKER, Assignee,
of JOHN McCARTER, Bankrupt.
Oct. 1—4t.
Caution Notice.
The undersigned, owners of Real Estate in Stroud township, Monroe County, Pa., hereby caution all persons against trespassing on their premises for the purpose of fishing, hunting, or for any other purpose whatsoever, as they will have the law executed as in such cases provided.
SILAS L. DRAKE,
May 14-1874] **CATHARINE STAPLES.**

TO THE WORKINGMEN OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Letter from an Ironworker to the Chairman of the Union Republican State Central Committee.
RUSSELL ERBERT, Esq.
DEAR SIR:
In the iron manufacture, which is the most important business of our State, there is great depression, and we can not look for good times till it revives, for all other business interests depend upon it. It employs the miners by consuming ores and creating a demand for fuel, it freights our railroads, and makes a market for farm products. The workmen in our mines and mills and furnaces are the chief consumers of domestic goods, and it is because they are unemployed and unable to buy that our woolen and cotton factories have reduced time of work, cut down wages, and stopped production. This again reacts disastrously upon the coal trades, upon the railroads, the manufacturers of chemicals and dye stuffs, and upon all other industries.
When wages in the iron trade are high and work plentiful, every other business is prosperous, and this is true not only of our own State but also of the whole country. The financial panic of September, 1873, crippled or stopped the railroad and other enterprises which consume iron, and the result was a general paralysis of business. We should have recovered from it before this if there was no foreign interference with our industries, if the home market was reserved, as it should be, for the labor of our own people.
Our chief trouble is that in England there has been such a great reduction in the wages of miners and of workmen in iron and other industries, and such an immense decline in the prices of English goods, that, during the past year we have had a constantly falling market, which has forced successive reductions of prices and wages here, and has made buyers hold off and wait until the bottom would be reached. I think that this point has been reached, and that demand will spring up, and our labor will be employed again with a gradual increase of wages if we can retain the duties upon foreign goods enacted by a Republican Congress for the protection of home industry. It is enough to take merely one or two items from our tariff laws, to show how important they are to us at this time, and what a calamity their repeal would be to the country.

Articles.	Prices here.	Prices in England.	Duty per ton.
Pig Iron.	\$26 to \$30.	\$21 to \$27.	\$6.30.
Iron Rails.	\$55	\$37.50.	\$12.50 net.
Bar Iron.	\$60 to \$67.	\$52.50.	\$20 to \$30.
Steel Rails.	\$85.	\$48 to \$50.	\$25.20.

You can easily see that had as our situation is it might be made worse. Repeal the duties and it would be hopeless. They are a strong dyke, a wall, which the Republican party has built up around the industries of the country to keep out the overwhelming flood of cheap foreign goods. While it stands we can not be destroyed. The Democratic party has determined to break down this wall, and we are asked to help them by voting to put them in power. In their State conventions of this year, as in past years, they have denounced protection and demanded a tariff for revenue only, or declared in favor of Free Trade. In Pennsylvania only they are silent. They know that our mines have stopped, that our rolling mills have suspended, that furnaces are out of blast, that factories are idle, and that thousands of unemployed workmen look forward to the coming winter with the fear of suffering for themselves and their families, and they know, too, that their party from Maine to Missouri have united to destroy the tariff which is our sole protection against utter ruin—yet they make no protest, they have no word to say in our defense—their platform is ominously silent on this most important subject. They intend to vote on national questions with the Maine Democrats who say in their resolutions,
"A protective tariff is a most unjust, unequal, oppressive and wasteful mode of raising the public revenues. It is one of the most pregnant and fruitful sources of the corruptions of administration. We, therefore, the Democracy of Maine, in convention assembled, declare for Free Trade, and in favor of an unfettered and unrestricted commerce."
They endorse the platform of the Missouri Democracy which declares that,
"We denounce the present tariff as having been concocted alone in the interests of Eastern manufacturers, and in lieu of it we demand a tariff for revenue only that will be just to all sections of the country." They sustain and will labor with the Democracy of Illinois who declare in favor of
"Free commerce, and no tariff except for revenue purposes."
They are in accord with the Ohio Democrats who say in their platform,
"We are opposed to the unjust and oppressive features of the existing tariff laws, and insist on their repeal or modification, so that a revenue tariff shall be substituted for them."
A sentiment endorsed by the Pittsburgh Post, the leading Democratic newspaper of our State, which says, "the Ohio platform thoroughly embraces the Democratic idea." The Democratic party of the nation

threatens to strike the workman a fatal blow, and he will look in vain for any aid to the cowardly and treacherous Democratic party of Pennsylvania. His only hope for the future lies in the maintenance of that liberal policy of protection to home industry which was enacted, and is sustained, by the party which saved and now governs the country.
The Republican party speaks with no doubtful voice to the workmen of the Keystone State. It favors "just protection and reward to every branch of industry, and of giving permanence to those measures which recognize agricultural, mining, manufacturing, and mechanical pursuits, as entitled to the *amplest protection and fullest development.*" It declares that "The paralysis of business which has fallen upon the manufacturing industry of the country within the past year, is a fresh evidence of the necessity of that protection to our manufacturing interests for which the Republicans of Pennsylvania have always fought."
I would say to the workmen of Pennsylvania, the choice is placed before you of sustaining and voting for your friends or your foes. If you want to keep business unsettled and disturbed, and knock down prices and wages still lower, vote the Democratic ticket.
If you want to still further depress and ruin home industry, vote the Democratic ticket.
If you want to close our own workshops and enrich foreign manufacturers, vote the Democratic ticket.
If you love Great Britain more than you do your own land and its people, vote the Democratic ticket.
We have to pay the interest on the national debt and the expenses of the national Government, amounting to an immense sum of money annually, which must be raised in good part, as at present, by duties, or wholly by direct taxation. If, like the Maine Democrats, you object to having this money collected at the New York customhouse from duties on German broadcloth, English iron and steel, and French silks, and would prefer to have a United States tax levied on your house and lot or other property—vote the Democratic ticket.
I have used the duties on iron and steel to illustrate the worth of the tariff to us, and it is not less valuable as a defense to our other industries. Without the *ad valorem* duty of sixty per cent on silks, of thirty to forty-five per cent on carpets, of thirty-five to forty-five per cent on clothing, and the protective specific and *ad valorem* duties on all cotton and woolen goods, our American workmen in these industries sit down in idleness, and the future would be without hope. This is what the Democratic party, in its love for Free Trade, is striving to accomplish. The struggle does not concern Pennsylvania alone; it is of moment to the whole country. In defending our own interests, we are discharging a patriotic duty, for the full and profitable employment of its own labor and the ample protection and development of its own industries can alone make our nation prosperous and its citizens a united and happy people.
Very Respectfully,
JOSHUA HUNT,
Catasauqua, Lehigh county, Pa., }
October 15, 1874. }

STATE FINANCES.
The Republican and Democratic Record.
Under the last Democratic Administration of the State, all the proceeds of taxation were expended and \$6,500,000 more were abstracted from the Sinking Funds. Under the present Republican Administration this Deficiency has been made good, and \$15,000,000 actually placed in the Sinking Funds.
Under the last Democratic Administration, the average yearly expenditure for general purposes was \$7,139,633.86. Under Republican Administration, it has been \$5,020,547.90—a saving of over \$1,000,000 every year.
Under the last Democratic Administration the cost of collecting the tolls and keeping the canals in repair increased from \$1,278,507.52 as it had been under Republican rule, to \$2,250,145.62 a year. Under the present Republican Administration it has been reduced again to \$1,459,164.24—a saving of \$800,000 a year.
Under the last Democratic Administration, the annual appropriations for sectarian charities reached about \$1,000,000. Under the present Republican Administration these appropriations have been entirely stopped—a saving of \$1,000,000 a year.
Under the last Democratic Administration, the running expenses of the Legislature amounted to \$422,456.61 a year. Under the present Republican Legislature, they have been reduced to \$268,519.38—a saving of \$155,937.23 a year.
Under the last Democratic Administration, it was compelled to borrow more than \$2,000,000, besides all the proceeds of taxation, to meet the actual running expenses of the Government. Under the present Republican Administration, there is no borrowing; on the contrary, it has paid all expenses and laid up \$15,000,000, to provide for the debt of the State.
In view of such facts, every one of which is taken from the official records, the people can understand how it was that the Democratic Administration robbed the Sinking Funds of six and a half Millions, and how it is that, by its economy and honesty, the Republican Administration has been able to bring these funds up to an aggregate of more than fifteen millions.