THE JEFFERSONIAN.

Devoted to Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Science, Morality, and General Intelligence.

VOL. 31. STROUDSBURG, MONROE COUNTY, PA., FEBRUARY 12, 1874. NO. 39.

Published by Theodore Schoch.

TERMS—Two dollars a year in advance—and if not paid before the end of the year, two dollars and fifty cents will be charged.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the Editor.

☞ Advertisements of one square of (eight lines) or less, one or three insertions $1 50. Each additional insertion, 50 cents. Longer ones in proportion.

JOB PRINTING,

OF ALL KINDS,

Executed in the highest style of the Art, and on the most reasonable terms.

WILLIAM S. REES,

Surveyor, Conveyancer and

Real Estate Agent.

Farms, Timber Lands and Town Lots

FOR SALE.

Office next door above S. Rees' news Depot and 2d door below the Corner Store.

March 20, 1873-tf.

DR. J. LANTZ,

Surgeon and Mechanical Dentist,

Still has his office on Main Street, in the second story of Dr. S. Walton's brick building, nearly opposite the Stroudsburg House, and he flatters himself that by eighteen years constant practice and the most earnest and careful attention to all matters pertaining to his profession, that he is fully able to perform all operations in the dental line in the most careful, tasteful and skillful manner.

Special attention given to saving the Natural Teeth; also, to the insertion of Artificial Teeth on Rubber, Gold Silver or Continuous Gums, and perfect fits in all cases insured.

Most persons know the great folly and danger of entrusting their work to the inexperienced, or to those living at a distance. April 13, 1871.—1y

DR. J. H. SHUEL,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office 1st door above Stroudsburg House, residence 1st door above Post Office.

Office hours from 9 to 12 A. M., from 3 to 5 and 7 to 9 P. M. [May 3 '73-1y.*

DR. GEO. W. JACKSON

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHER.

In the old office of Dr. A. Reeves Jackson, residence, corner of Sarah and Franklin street.

STROUDSBURG, PA.

August 8, 1872-tf.

DR. H. J. PATTERSON,

OPERATING AND MECHANICAL DENTIST,

Having located in East Stroudsburg, Pa., announces that he is now prepared to insert artificial teeth in the most beautiful and life-like manner. Also, great attention given to filling and preserving the natural teeth. Teeth extracted without pain by use of Nitrous Oxide Gas. All other work incident to the profession done in the most skillful and approved style. All work attended to promptly and warranted. Charges reasonable. Patronage of the public solicited.

Office in A. W. Loder's new building, opposite Analomink House, East Stroudsburg, Pa.] July 11, 1873—1y.

DR. N. L. PECK,

Surgeon Dentist.

Announces that having just returned from Dental College, he is fully prepared to make artificial teeth in the most beautiful and life-like manner, and to fill decayed teeth according to the most improved method.

Teeth extracted without pain, when desired, by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, which is entirely harmless. Repairing of all kinds neatly done. All work warranted. Charges reasonable.

Office in J. G. Keller's new Brick building, Main Street, Stroudsburg, Pa.

aug 31-tf

JAMES H. WALTON,

Attorney at Law,

Office in the building formerly occupied by L. M. Burson, and opposite the Stroudsburg Bank, Main street, Stroudsburg, Pa.

jan 13-tf

AMERICAN HOTEL.

The subscriber would inform the public that he has leased the house formally kept by Jacob Knecht, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, Pa., and having repainted and refurnished the same, is prepared to entertain all who may patronize him. It is the aim of the proprietor, to furnish superior accommodations at moderate rates and will spare no pains to promote the comfort of the guests. A liberal share of public patronage solicited.

April 17, '72-tf.] D. L. PISLE.

KIPLE HOUSE,

HONESDALE, PA.

Most central location of any Hotel in town.

R. W. KIPLE & SON,

169 Main street. Proprietors.

January 9, 1873.—1y.

LACKAWANNA HOUSE.

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT,

East Stroudsburg, Pa.

B. J. VAN COTT, Proprietor.

The BAR contains the choicest Liquors and the TABLE is supplied with the best the market affords. Charges moderate. [may 3 1872-tf.

WATSON'S

Mount Vernon House,

117 and 119 North Second St.

ABOVE ARCH,

PHILADELPHIA.

May 30, 1872—1y.

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON'S (of Williamsburgh, N. Y.) Recipe for CONSUMPTION and ASTHMA carefully compounded at

HOLLINSHEAD'S DRUG STORE.

☞ *Medicines Fresh and Pure.*

Nov. 21, 1867.] W. HOLLINSHEAD.

THE MONROE COUNTY

Co-Operative Life Insurance

COMPANY.

STROUDSBURG, PENNSYLVANIA.

Limit 5,000 Members.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

Any person of sound body and mind, of either sex, not less than fifteen nor more than sixty-five years of age, and not engaged in any occupation, exceedingly dangerous to life, may become a member of this Company, by paying an admission fee, as follows:

From 15 to 40 years of age		$3 00
" 40 to 50	" " "	5 00
" 50 to 60	" " "	10 00
" 60 to 65	" " "	20 00

And one dollar for Policy.

No other charges will be made at any time, excepting one dollar and ten cents for each member who dies.

The advantages of this COMPANY over the ordinary Life Insurance Companies are, that the fees are so small that the man of moderate means can secure a competency to his family at a trifling cost, and payable at such long intervals, and such small sums, that no person can be inconvenienced by them. This company cannot fail; no panics can affect it. Persons holding certificates of membership in this Company, are sure in case of death that their families or heirs will get as many dollars as there are members in the Company.

No restrictions are placed upon traveling or residence.

Applications for insurance, or information, may be made to the Directors or Secretary, at Stroudsburg, Pa.

DIRECTORS.

R. S. Staples,	H. R. Biesecker,
M. F. Coolbaugh,	Wm. Fine,
Kindarus Shupp,	J. H. Fetherman,
C. D. Brodhead,	Peter Gruver,

E. B. Dreher.

R. S. STAPLES, Pres't.

M. A. De L. VAN HORN, Sec'y.

March 6, 1873-tf.

MONROE COUNTY

Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

STROUDSBURG, PA.

ESTABLISHED 1844.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

The By-Laws of this Company, and the regulations governing insurance have, recently been very materially changed, placing it upon a basis equal to that of any Fire Insurance Company in the State.

Important among these changes are the following, viz:

Policies, instead of being perpetual, are issued for five years.

All property is classified and the rate of premium is fixed according to the risk of the property.

Premium notes are taken, and all assessments are made on the notes.

Property is insured for not more than two thirds of its actual cash value, and the full amount of insurance paid in case of loss, provided the loss be equal to the amount of insurance.

"Annual assessments" only are made, except in cases of heavy loss, and where a special assessment is necessary.

The Company is therefore prepared to insure property upon terms much more desirable than under the old system.

Applications may be made to any of the Managers, Surveyors, or Secretary.

MANAGERS.

Stogdell Stokes,	Jacob Knecht,
J. Depue LeBar,	John Edinger,
Richard S. Staples,	Francis Hagerman,
Silas L. Drake,	Jacob Stouffer,
Chas. D. Brodhead,	Theodore Schoch,
Robert Boys,	Thos. W. Rhodes,

William Wallace.

STOGDELL STOKES, *Pres't.*

E. B. DREHER, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

SURVEYORS.

For Monroe County:

Silas L. Drake,	Thos. W. Rhodes,
William Gilbert,	J. Depue LeBar,
Geo. G. Shafer,	Jacob Stouffer.

For Wayne County:

F. A. Oppelt, Jos. L. Miller.

For Pike County:

Samuel Detrick.

For Northampton County:

Richard Camden.

For Carbon County:

Samuel Ziegenfus.

☞ The Managers meet regularly at the Secretary's Office in Stroudsburg, on the first Tuesday of each month, at 2 o'clock P. M.] May 15,'73-tf

CAN YOU TELL WHY IT IS that when any one comes to Stroudsburg to buy Furniture, they always inquire for McCartys Furniture Store! [Sept. 26

BLANKS OF ALL KINDS for Sale at this Office.

How Pardons Can only be Obtained Hereafter.

Governor Hartranft addressed Secretary of the Commonwealth Quay and Attorney General Dimmick, under date of the 15th ult., in relation to the pardoning power, quoting the section in the new constitution declaring that the power of the Governor to grant commutations of sentences and pardons can only be exercised "upon the recommendation, in writing, of the Lieutenant Governor, and Secretary of Internal Affairs, or any three of them, after full hearing, upon due public notice in open session."

As the Board contemplated in the new constitution cannot be organized for obvious reasons before 1875, it became necessary for the Governor to suggest some means by which the pardoning power would be made operative until that time. Accordingly, under the provision in the schedule continuing all laws in force at the adoption of the constitution "not inconsistent therewith," the Governor requested his Secretary and Attorney General to act in pursance of the new constitution relating thereto until their associates may be elected and qualified.

These gentlemen have in compliance with the Governor's request organized a Board of Pardons, selecting A. Wilson Norris, the Governor's Private Secretary, as Recorder. The Board has adopted and promulgated the following regulations, which will hereafter govern the pardon process:

In compliance with the above directions, the Secretary of the Commonwealth and the Attorney General fix and appoint the first Tuesday of each month as the day whereupon the board will convene to give a full hearing in open session to all applications for pardon presented in accordance with the following regulations;

First. The board shall be furnished with proof that notice of application for pardon has been published once a week, for two consecutive weeks, in a newspaper printed in the county or city in which conviction was had.

Second. That notice of the application shall have been given to the judge who tried the cause and to the district attorney or attorney who prosecuted.

Third. All applications for pardons must be accompanied with the following papers, written in a clear and distinct hand.

1. A certified copy of the whole record, including docket entries, minutes of the court, copy of indictment, pleas, and all other papers on file in the court relating to the case.

2. A full statement of the reasons upon which the application is based, setting forth all the facts; the notes of evidence taken on the trial; letters from responsible persons in the community where the crime was committed.

Fourth. No application will be considered if presented to any individual member of the Board.

Fifth. All applications and correspondence must be addressed to or field with the Recorder of the board, at Harrisburg, so that the same may be prepared for presentation to the board at its next session; and no application will be heard or considered unless the same, and papers upon which based, have been filed at least five days before said session.

Sixth. The foregoing rules will be strictly enforced, and relaxed only when good reasons shall be furnished for so doing.

Scene at a St. Louis Bank.

"Ver ish der gasheer?" ejaculated the breathless Teuton as he bounded up the steps and into the door.

A courtly gentleman made bland response, "I am the cashier, sir; what can we do for you to day?"

"Vat gan you do for me, sacrament! Dot ish hell uv a node, aid it? Do vor me? Herr Got donnerwetter and zeifen blazen! I vants dot monish—mine gold vat I make deposid mit dish tam pank pooty soon last summer, and—"

"We have temporarily suspended payment, sir, by an arrangement similar—"

"Arrangements s'milar ter tuyval!" broke in our Hebrew friend; "vot do I vant mit your tam arrangements? I vants dot monish—five thousand dollar dat I makes deposid here all der vile, und I vants him pooty queek too, oof you don't want some droobles right away!"

"Calm yourself, my friend, and let us talk this matter over. I shall be glad to certify your checks for your balance with us, and—"

"Certify noding. Vat, you, tinks I was a tam fool? Here! here! (pounding the counter with his fist) I wants dot monish—dot gold—efry cent, und I vants him righd away, queek, ov us oder I make you a heap o' droobles pooty soon! Geef me dot monish—dot greenbanks—dot ish all I vant! Make him ownt queek and I goes right away off, und can go mitter tuyvel und your tam bank!"

Seeing there was no way of reasoning with his excited customer, the cashier turned to his paying teller and said, "Mr ——, cash this man's check for his balance in full."

Under the new Constitution parties applying for any local legislation must advertise the same at least four weeks in advance of its introduction, in the newspapers of the section affected, or from which it originates. All provisions of the bill must be advertised.

THE NEW PENNSYLVANIA ELECNION LAW.

The new Election law passed the House of Representatives at Harrisburg on Thursday, the Senate amendments being concurred in, and now awaits the signature of Gov. Hartranft. It provides for the careful revision of the assessment lists, to begin on the first Monday of June in each year; for the appointment of two overseers of different political parties in each election district, when five or mare citizens shall petition for the same, and for the punishment, by fine or imprisonment, of any election officers who many obstruct the overseers in the discharge of their duties. The polls are to be opened at 7. a. m. and closed at 7. p. m. Every ballott is to be numbered in the order in which it is received, and the number recorded on the list of voters, opposite the name. Election officers are to swear, in addition to the ordinary oath, not to disclose how any citizen has voted unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. Any person whose name does not appear on the registry lists shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district to witness that he has resided in the district for at least two months immediately preceding the election. Naturalized citizens are required to state when, where, and by what court they were naturalized, and to produce their certificates of naturalization for examination.

The votes are to be counted as soon as the polls close, triplicate returns made, and, the vote as soon as ascertained publicly and fully declared to the citizens present and posted on the door of the election house. If any person use violence or intimidation to drive the overseers from the polls or willfully prevent them from performing their duties, the offender is to be tried for a misdemeanor, and upon conviction to be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned not more than two years, or to be both fined and imprisoned. The same penalty is provided for any person who uses in timidation or violence to prevent any election officer from performing his duties or to prevent any qualified voter from exercising his right to vote or to challenge, and for any election officer who discloses, except as witness in a judicial proceeding, how any elector has voted. All fines collected under the law are to go to the common schools. All duties imposed by the act on county commissioners are to be performed in Philadelphia by the city commissioners, and all special elections and elections for city, ward, borough, and township officers are to be regulated in the same manner as general elections.

Proving an Alibi.

Jim Heverin tells a good story at the expense of another barrister somewhat famous for his proverbial resort to an alibi as a legal defence. Jim says that at a recent trial his legal friend had things pretty well set up, and the defendant was as a babe when Heverin took the principal witness in hand for cross examination, with the following result:

"You say that Ellis plowed for you all day on the 29th of November?"

Witness (referring to his book)—"Yes."

"What did he do on the 30th?"

W.—"He chopped wood."

"On the 31st?"

W.—"That was Sunday, and we went a squirrel hunting."

"What did he do on the 32?"

W.—"He threshed the wheat on that day."

"What did he do on the 33d?"

W.—"It was raining, and he shaved out some handles."

"What did he do on the 34th?"

W.—"He chopped wood."

"What did he do on the——"

But before the question could be finished the witness's wife seized him by the collar and whisked him outside of the witness box, yelling in his affrighted ear:

"You old fool! don't you know that there are only thirty one days in the month of November."

A Man Who Couldn't pray.

The Nevada Enterprise says: A clergyman at the hotel has been seriously ill for several days past. A kind hearted nurse, in the person of an old pioneer of this State, a '49er, has been patiently waiting on the sick man and ministering to his physical wants. The nurse was full of sympathy for his charge, and determined to leave nothing undone that he could do to make his patient comfortable. Fearing that the sick man was backward in telling his wants, the nurse addressed him as follows: "Ask of me any favor that you want, and I will be delighted to do it. Don't be afraid to ask." The clergyman faintly responded. "Pray for me." The '49er stood aghast, and replied: "I can whip a grizzly bear, play poker, drink a gallon of lightning whisky, and swear a blue streak, but I haven't seen the inside of a church for twenty five years and can't pray. Don't know where to begin, what to say, who to talk to, nor when to let up. I'll go out on the street and lick the biggest man in town for you—anything but make a prayer. The man entertained a high opinion of his nurse and is getting better.

Caleb F Bowman, a prominent member of the Luzerne county bar, died a few days ago at Wilkesbarre.

Chang and Eng at Home.

"Chang and Eng," the Siamese twins, are settled about forty miles west of Salem, North Carolina, and have been for a number of years in Surry County near Mount Airy. They each have a very good farm, adjoining each other, and both have families. They stay alternately two weeks at a time at each other's farm. Both have children, who have a fine education, and one daughter, who had literary aspirations, died some two or three years ago. One of the twins had a daughter recently married. They have good residences and out buildings on their farms, and are considered good and successful farmers here, and very good and kind neighbors. Being in their neighborhood, I went to see them at the residence of Mr. Eng Bunker, and found the brothers there, and was treated very hospitably by them and the family. They have, it is thought, a great deal of money employed in mercantile pursuits in the little village of Mount Airy, Surry County, N. C, and much more, the bulk of their estate is in New York City.

Said So.

Here is a domestic drama from Paris A young girl was about to be married to a journeyman carpenter, whose suit was by no means agreeable to her. She had refused and protested against the match, but her father was inexorable on the subject, and insisted on the marriage, though the mother would willingly have yielded. At length the bride-elect appeared resigned to her fate, and the father, pointiong out the happy result of his firmness to his wife triumphantly exclaimed, "I told you so." Next day, however, the poor girl, having left a letter at home explaining the cause of her action, jumped off the Bridge of Austerlitz into the Seine. She was, however, saved, and carried home by two sailors. The father returned home just as the dripping girl was placed in safety beside the paternal hearth, when the mother, with perhaps more point than discretion, simply observed, "I told you so."

The mineral resources of Virginia and West Virginia are now evidently in a fair way of development. There are seventeen coal mines open or nearl y ready for working in these States, while seven iron mines are in operation, or about to be Twelve iron furnaces also have been built or projected within the last two months, which will probably produce 120,000 tons of pig iron annually, and consume 1,000,000 tons of coal. This rapid progress indicates that the Virginias will, ere long, be great iron producing States, and enjoy all the consequent prosperity.

The *Advocate* tells of a Chester woman who, some time ago, deposited a certified check for $200 and a sum of money in bills, in a teapot for safe keeping. Recently she invited some friends to tea, and that teapot was brought into requisition. The tea was pronounced excellent, and it was not until after the guests had departed that the lady thought of her check and greenbacks. She found them in the bottom of the teapot all safe, but a little damp.

An attempt was made to blow up the hat factory of Miller & Fitchthorn, at Adamstown, Berks county, on the 23d ult. While the engineer and workmen were at dinner, some person as yet unknown started up the fires under the boiler and arranged things so that there would soon have been a destructive explosion, had not one of the proprietors discovered the mischief.

There are 2,050 school districts in Pennsylvania with 16,305 schools, 19,089 teachers, and an average attendance of 511,118 pupils. The cost of tuition during the year was 96 cents per month for each scholar, and the total expenses of all kinds $8,349,836 41. The school property of the State is estimated at $21,750,209.

James Carroll is, evidently, a very naughty man. He was tax collector of the Sixth ward, Scranton, and made the people pay three mills on the dollar over and above the regular assessment. This angered the people, and now James Carroll has to answer in a great many suits brought by them to compel him to disgorge.

Some jackass says, "Cheer up, cheer up; it's a long lane that has on turn." Don't we know it? Of course it's a long lane that has no turn. How perfectly absurd to expect a fellow to "cheer up" because a long lane has no turn! We decline to cheer up for any such reason.

"Father, did you ever have another wife besides mother?" "No, my boy What possessed you to ask such a question?"

"Because, I saw in the old family bible that you married Anna Dominie, 1862, and that wasn't mother, for her name was Lucy Jenkins when she was a girl."

A strange and beautiful mirage was seen at Seymour, Indiana, one day last week, bringing into plain view the towns of Corydon, Allerton, Iconium, Promise City and other places sixteen miles away

Four colored men have been drawn to serve on the jury at the February term of court in Washington county.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Constitutional Convention cost $410,723 80.

Treachers must pay full fare on railroads now.

A Pittston couple were married in a grave yard.

Nimrod was a mighty hunter, but he never saw an aunt elope.

Centre county horses are again suffering from the epizooty.

Reading has fourteen candidates for the position of dog catcher.

The polls open at 7 A. M, and close at 7 P. M., at the spring election.

300,000 men are employed to distil liquor in the United States.

$57,000,000 are now invested in the manufacture of malt liquors.

There are but three copper-smelting works in operation in the United States.

Johnny Steele—"Coal Oil Johnny"—runs a mart market at Jamestown, Mercer county.

A. H. Stephens is called the champion of "light weights." He weighs less than eighty.

Harris township, Centre Co., contains a husband of 20 years whose wife is a little over 14.

Seventeen sheep belonging to a farmer at Carrick Furnace, Franklin county, died from the effects of eating laurel.

At a meeting of the retail coal dealers of Scranton, held Friday, the price of coal at the mines was raised from $2 to $2 50.

James Cox, of Schuylkill county has won $1500 from James Mattox, of Luzerne, within ten days by beating him shooting pigeons.

Jenkins told his son, who proposed to buy a cow in partnership, to "be sure and buy the hinder half, as it eats nothing and gives all the milk."

A Michigan newsdealer recently received this order from a young lady: "Send me A Novel called buffalo bil and the dais doins."

At a recent dinner of shoemakers the following toast was given: "May we have all the women in the country to shoe and all the men to boot."

An old minister once recommended a parishioner to take snuff to keep him awake during the sermon, to which the old backslider retorted that he had better put the snuff in the sermon.

A valley 5000 feet above the sea level and north of latitude 46 degrees, where snow never falls, is in Montana. Indian trappers and old settlers say snow was never on the ground in "Valley Eden."

"How fast they build houses now!" said H. "they began that building last week, and now they are putting in the lights." "Yes," answered his friend, "and next week they will put in the liver."

Corn meal, heated and placed in bags, is recommended as a substitute for hot water bottles and such like appliances, for restoring warmth to the sick. It is said to weigh less, retain heat longer, and does not chill when cold.

Col. A H. Brown, an extensive stove dealer of Danville, has adopted a novel mode of advertising. He presents to every purchaser of a stove an order for a ton of first class coal, which he delivers to any part of the city.

A French gentleman, learning English to some purpose, replied, thus to the salutations: "How do you do, monsieur?" "Do vat?" "How do you find yourself?" "I never loses myself." "How do your feel?"—"Smooth. You just feel me."

A man in Hartford has stopped his newspaper because his name was printed in a list of advertised letters, and his wife, happening to see it first, sent and got it for him and found it was from a young lady, who complained that he didn't meet her at Worcester, as he promised.

Genuine sardines are scarcely to be had here now. Among the fish put up in tin boxes and sold for them are smelts and a small fish called caplin, which latter is caught in the lower St. Lawrence in immense quantities, and is nearly or quite as good as the genuine sardine.

Ninety-one female students are enrolled at the Michigan University alone for the current academic year—seven in the law department thirty six in the medical and forty eight in the regular university course. There are more than a hundred women studying law in the United States.

The Brooklyn *Eagle* is responsible for the following: "Pimpleville, Vt., is evidently not a good field for an independent, outspoken journal. The Pimpleville *Post* lately published this item: 'Those who have lately been engaged in sheep stealing had better stand from under. We know whom we are talking about.' The result was a loss of sixty subscribers, and the paper will go into bankrupty."

Young Smith was walking out with the idol of his heart, the other evening, and they chose the favorite resort of lovers, the goat pasture near the dam. While admiring the falls and getting their noses reddened by the north wind, she burst out rapturously, "Isn't that dam splendid?" She nearly fainted away when Smith answered that he wasn't used to hearing young ladies swear, and another engagement is broken off.