



The Jeffersonian.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1873.

PERSONAL.—Mr. James S. Shoemaker of Fort Wayne, Indiana, a former Monroe county boy, is spending a season with his friends in Middle Smithfield.

David Shoemaker, of Kansas, a son of the late Michael Shoemaker, is also sojourning hereabouts. Both look as though living in the West agreed with them.

The correspondent of the New York Herald, in noticing our centennial, George Labar, says that he smokes a pipe and takes his whiskey straight. A friend, suggests that if George does not stop those evil practices he will shorten his days. George is only 114 years old.

The advertisement headed "4th of July 1876" is worthy the attention of our readers. Monroe county should certainly be represented in the Convention to be held on the 22d inst, and her citizens should resolve to do a full share towards securing the success of the celebration of the Centennial Anniversary of American Independence in 1876.

The President of the D. L. & W. Railroad has concluded to curtail the expenses of his corporation, by withdrawing the publication of the Time Table from the papers printed along the road. The consequence is that the public will have to guess at the time of the departure of the trains from the several stations. Editors will have to pay down for the occasional rides which they take over the road, and for which they have heretofore paid some \$50 per annum in shape of advertising, and the railroad company will not save a penny. A wise man is Sam. Sloan, President of the Del. Lack. & Western Railroad, traly and the public, rail-men as well and everybody else, think, a very small one two.

The Constitutional Convention, on the 28th ult., adopted the following section in regard to the election of members of the Legislature, and the term for which they are to be elected:

An election for members of the general assembly shall be held on the day fixed for the general election next succeeding the adoption of the constitution, and at the general election held every two years thereafter. Their term of office shall be gin on the first day of December next, succeeding their election.

When any vacancy occurs in either house, the governor shall issue a writ of election to fill such vacancy for the remainder of the term in which such vacancy shall have occurred.

We learn from the annual report of the Directors of City Trusts that the number of orphan children provided for in Girard College at the close of 1872 was 516. The number of admissions for the year was 100, and of discharges 87. Fatherless boys between six and ten years of age are admitted, on the presentation of proper proofs, are most thoroughly instructed in useful knowledge, and at a suitable age are bound out to learn some practical occupation. During their stay they are comfortably clothed and fed, and treated with parental kindness. The College is open to applicants from all parts of the State. The system pursued is so excellent that numerous graduates now occupy positions of distinction in the community. The general charge is in the hands of Dr. William H. Allen, a gentleman of great benevolence and large experience, by whom the affairs of the College are most successfully administered.

The electoral votes of the several States for President and Vice-President were formally counted in the presence of both Houses of Congress on Wednesday last. Vice-President Colfax was in the chair and opened the returns. Objections were made to the counting of the electoral votes of Georgia, Mississippi, Texas, Arkansas and Louisiana, for various reasons. These objections were considered and voted on by each branch separately, the result of which was the exclusion of three votes from Georgia, cast for Horace Greley and the entire rejection of those forwarded from Arkansas and Louisiana. In the case of Georgia it was decided that votes given for a dead man were void; in the case of Arkansas the certificate was insufficient and did not bear the State seal; and in that of Louisiana it was agreed that there were no valid returns showing the choice of either set of electors. The net result of the counting foated up for President—U. S. Grant 286; Thomas A. Hendricks, 12; B. Graiz Brown, 18; C. J. Jenkins, 2; David Davis, 1. For Vice President, Henry Wilson received 285 votes out of 366. The number of rejected votes was 37. The effect of this result is to convince every one that this should be the last election held under the old system. Its inconveniences and dangers were never more strongly shown, and all parties should now unite in a common effort to enact a Constitutional amendment providing for a direct election by the people.

The abolition of the franking privilege will be a little severe on the patent out-lets. It provides that papers "wholly" printed in the country may circulate free of postage in the counties in which they are printed. No provisions for the half imported literature.

Erie has been selected again as the location of the next State Fair, and the 23d, 24th, 25th, and 26th of September, designated as the time for holding it.

New York city imported \$5,000,000 worth of dry goods.

Why not have a Town clock?

The idea of March are upon us. Numerous sleighing parties passed through our streets last week.

We occasionally get a snuff, now a days, of springs balamy air—Delightful.

Go to Phillips' for fruit candies' and oysters, prices lower than before the fire.

Who are going to be the first movers in gas and water companies for Stroudsburg?

They marry young women at auction in China. Here they are disposed of at private sale.

There is now every prospect that the bill to reduce letter postage to two cents will become a law.

Go to Phillips' restaurant and confectionary for good cigars and tobacco, opposite the M. E. Church.

Beautiful days were Monday and Tuesday, but the nights were too cool for general standing around.

The short days that everybody dreads, except gas companies and kerosene oil dealers, are departing.

For Sale.—Two new seven Octave Pianos, for sale at the Washington Hotel, Dec. 19 '72-4f.

Brigham Young is under the impression that polygamy is good for 1,000 years yet in the United States.

Mr. Peter Robeson, on Monday last, killed a valuable horse which was rendered useless, after losing a hoof.

Stroudsburg juveniles go for a sleigh as they pass up and down our streets, like a lot of Yahoo Indians for an emigrant train.

The flock of nine sparrows which made their appearance here in the fall has dwindled down to a single bird. Sorry for that.

M. L. Phillips' has the largest and best stock of French and American candies in town. Try them.

The Stroudsburg Preachers Meeting will re-assemble in the M. E. Church on Monday, February 24th, at 2 o'clock, P. M. Every member is requested to be present.

We learn that several new instruments are to be purchased soon, for the "new band," so that we expect to hear the correct version of its startling the midnight air in a short time.

If there is as much drunkenness on the streets again as there was last Saturday night, we shall begin to try to convince ourselves that local option is played out in this ancient borough.

The Phoenix boys contemplate taking their steamer out for practice, on Saturday next. A good thing as the riding of our sidewalks from their unsightly ornaments, will probably be a consequence.

Don't forget that M. L. Phillips has just opened his place of business up town, opposite the M. E. Church.

His many friends will be pleased to learn that Dr. N. L. Peck who has been confined to his home for some time past, seriously ill, is able to be about again.

The practice of the boys making "skating rinks" out of the sidewalks is rather dangerous. It should not be allowed. This, as much for the sake of boys as the traveler.

Rev. G. W. F. Graff will deliver a Lecture on Love, Courtship and Marriage, at the M. E. Church, Delaware Water Gap, on Tuesday evening, February 25th. Proceeds for benefit of the church.

More Snow, with some drizzle, and a sprinkle of rain on Sunday last. Monday, a contest between old Sol and Winter, in which the former made considerable impression. Over coats dull—over shoes active.

The sleighing still continues excellent, but it has been so long on hand that our people have had a surfeit of it, and almost begin to hope they have about seen the last of "the beautiful," &c., for this season.

Go to M. L. Phillips, restaurant and confectionary for oysters, the largest and best in town. Only \$1 per hundred.

Mr. Wm. H. Hunter, has been delivering a series of Sabbath School and Temperance Lectures to our people for a week past. The lectures have been well attended, and have not we trust been without their good result.

What is going to be done on the 22d day of February? The day that gave birth to the man who was "first in peace, first in war, and first in the hearts of his countrymen," should not be allowed to pass by without notice.

Mr. B. J. Hull, a finished workman, and a real artist in the marble line has succeeded Mr. J. E. Erdman in the monument and grave stone business. He is an untiring workman and we hope he may have his hands full of business.

An order of Improved Red Men, was instituted in this place on Monday last. The new Council assumed the name of "Minisink." Why not "Analonink" as being a name well known in the neighborhood, and much the prettier of the two.

The boys were around on Saturday evening, and, from indications, a little too thoroughly saturated with benzine. The noise on our streets at times was hideous, and the firing of a pistol did not help the matter a bit. Among other performances the scattering of a newly married couple, by means of the "skimmer" process was the order of the evening. Keener with an invitation to a nights lodging in "Hotel de Troch" would not have been a miss.

A Concert, under the management of the Misses Kanouse, will be given at Williams' Hall this evening. As the performers are all Stroudsburgers and pupils of Miss D. A. Kanouse, they should, by all means, be greeted with a full house.

Local option rules quiet just now on the surface, hereabouts, but we presume that there is an under current at work, on both sides, that will lead to surprising results at the election in March. Each side claims that its chances for victory are the best.

His Honor, Judge Dreher, we learn from the Honesdale papers, was suddenly taken ill in the midst of a trial at that place week before last. We are happy to learn that he regained his usual health, and was able to proceed with the Court business of Pike Co., last week.

COLONIZATION.—It is rumored that quite a number of our young men, married as well as single, contemplate colonizing some where in the West, in the spring. We shall have to lose their familiar faces, but hope the move, if made, will prove to their advantage.

Some ill-disposed person having the fear neither of God, the law, nor the wants of our type's coal on Monday evening last. A little powder scattered among that coal, or a trap or two placed around carelessly, might secure to the thief just what he deserves.

Court commences here on Monday next, February 24th. We have any quantity of handsome receipts that only await the call of our delinquent customers to be neatly and expeditiously filled up. Call in any numbers, friends, you will be sure to find the "latch string" out, and a hearty welcome awaiting you.

The present winter has been harder upon horses than any within memory. The heavy snows following closely upon the heels of the epizooty, added immensely to the laborious duties of the brave animals. They have pulled through it thus far magnificently, and we bespeak for every one of them an extra peck of oats.

We were wrong, last week in announcing that the Eilenberger Bro's. had abandoned their concert tour. The closing up is only temporary, caused by the illness of the parents of the brothers. They expect to renew their tour in April, and are now completing arrangements to add a brass band to the troupe. Their last concert was given at Lewisburg, where crowded houses greeted them.

SURPRISE.—A most complete and agreeable surprise, was inflicted upon the Rev. J. Pastorfield and lady, at Spragueville, on the night of the 4th inst. Some sixty or more persons from Tannersville and vicinity made their unexpected appearance, and after partaking of a joyful collation, raised a handsome purse, and presented it to their popular pastor.

AND STILL ANOTHER.—On the evening of the 12th inst, the Church members and friends of Cherry Lane charge called, and presented Rev. J. Pastorfield and lady with a handsome quilt, and replenished their larder with a bounteous supply of stores. We have been requested to return the sincere thanks of the donors to the generous donors.

The Ladies connected with the Scott M. E. Sunday School, at East Stroudsburg, intend giving a grand entertainment in the East Stroudsburg Hall, on Wednesday and Thursday afternoon and evening, February 26th and 27th, consisting of vocal and instrumental music, addresses, speaking, singing, &c., by the children. This to be accompanied with a sumptuous supper of Oysters and other delicacies. Considering the efficiency of the Committee and the success of the East Stroudsburg people in past efforts, we expect this to be worthy of patronage. The proceeds are for the benefit of the Sunday School. Tickets admitting to both entertainments 10 cents. Supper 35 cents. Oysters extra.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.—There will be no preaching in the Church at Brodheadsville, on Sunday, March 2d, 1873.

God willing, there will be preaching in the Church at Tannersville, on Sunday, February 23d, German in the forenoon, and English in the evening. Catechetical instruction at half past 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day.

There will be German preaching in Bonser's school house, on Sunday forenoon, English preaching in Tim Miller's school house, on Sunday afternoon, and English preaching at Tannersville, on Sunday evening, March 9th, 1873.

The members of this respective congregations and the public generally, are cordially invited to attend.

By invitation of the members and Church Council of the St. John's Reformed Congregation of Effort, Rev. D. E. Schoedler, of Brodheadsville, will preach trial sermons in the Union, Reformed and Lutheran Churches at Effort, on Sunday, March 2d, 1873. German in the forenoon, and English in the evening. The members of the congregation, and the public generally, are cordially invited to attend.

A case of small pox in Exeter (N. H.) jail affords another puzzle for the doctors. The prisoner who has this disease there, has been confined in the jail nine weeks; no one has visited him, and he has been in his cell until a few days prior to his sickness, remote from the other prisoners. Moreover, there has been no case of the disease in the town, and the question is—Where and how did the man get the disease? The facts would seem to sustain the theory that the disease travels in the air, and attacks those who are in a condition to receive it.

A Buffalo paper announces that by the recent burning of an ice house there, 20,000 tons of ice were "reduced to ashes."

The Northfleet Horror.

Details of the Terrible Disaster.

HEARTRENDING SCENES THAT FOLLOVED THE COLLISION.

The Ship Goes Down Head First with Two Hundred and Twenty-Seven Souls on Board.

The London Times of January, 25, publishes details of the terrible disaster to the ship Northfleet, from which it appears that at half past ten at night the captain and others were alarmed by a cry from the officer of the watch—"A steamer is right into us." The captain and pilot rushed on deck, but before they got there the steamer had run into the vessel, STRIKING HER AMIDSHIPS, and cutting her below the water mark.—The carpenter reported her nearly half full of water. The pumps were started promptly and the crew worked hard at them for some minutes, but when it was found that the water was rapidly gaining, a panic seemed to seize both crew and passengers, and the officers could not keep the latter in check. A crowd of men and women had rushed up from their berths.

MANY ONLY HALF CLOTHED. The passengers had mostly retired; but few were undressed. The noise of the collision is likened by one of them to a peal of thunder, and such was the violence of the shock that those standing were knocked down. It appears that the steamer rebounded, and came a second time in collision with the Northfleet; water began to pour in, and in a very short time the passengers' quarters were swamped. The women were slower to rush on deck than the men, and many were not in a condition to get till the water rose threateningly around them. No one on board the steamer was heard to speak, although loud and eager shouts from the Northfleet must have made her crew aware of the terrible danger that existed. She backed for two or three minutes, and then steamed rapidly away and was soon out of sight. For half an hour the scene on the deck of the Northfleet was appalling.

WOMEN SHRIEKED, MEN CURSED and swore and fought their way toward the boats, whilst the captain and first mate roared out commands to keep back and allow the women to get to the side of the vessel, but apparently with out success. Rockets were fired and blue lights burned. The gun was loaded, but the screw of the ramrod became detached from the handle, and the piece could not be discharged. Signals of distress were seen by other vessels, but appear to have been regarded as signals for a pilot, for no assistance was rendered. Mean while the scene on deck baffled description. The captain, finding the men determined to leave the vessel, went below, armed himself with a revolver, and ascending the poop, declared his determination.

TO SHOOT THE FIRST MAN who tried to leave the vessel before the women were saved. The first boat lunched by cutting the ropes. There being no ladder at hand, the only way of getting into it was by leaping or dropping some twelve or fifteen feet. As there was a terrible rush toward the boat the scene was one of distressing confusion, and a man and boy fell into the water and were drowned. The officers did all they could to force the men who first got into the boat to leave it, that the women might be saved, but to no purpose. Even firing with a blank cartridge, it is supposed, at first was unavailing. About thirty persons having got into it, the boat was pulled off, with not one of the crew in it.

ANOTHER LIFE BOAT WAS LAUNCHED, when a man got into it and was ordered to leave. He refused, and the captain shot him in the calf of the leg. Captain Knowles placed his wife in the boat and said to the boatswain, who had already got in, "Here is a charge for you; take care of her and the rest, and God bless you!" Wringing his wife's hand, he bade her good-bye, saying, "I shall never see you again!" It is impossible to describe the panic that raged all the time. Heart-rending scenes were witnessed on all sides. One of the passengers, seeing the captain's wife in the boat, threw his own wife in, tossed the baby to her, and entered the boat himself. A little girl was thrown into the boat by her father, who tried to save the rest of his family, but the seething, maddened crowd pressing towards the side of the vessel prevented, and, with his wife and two other children, he went down with the ill fated vessel.

THE FATE OF THE ENGINEER. The engineer, who made frantic efforts to save his wife and children, was jammed between the cook house and gunwale, receiving such dreadful injuries that though afterwards rescued, he is still in a precarious state. Only two of the seven boats aboard were launched, owing, no doubt, to the panic, and one was seriously injured as the tackle was cut and the boat fell into the sea. When the second boat got off it seemed to become a question of moments. The quarter deck was still crowded by

occupants of the second boat, 31 passengers and a pilot. The cutter rescued a pilot and ten men, who, having gone down with the vessel, rose to the surface and clung to the mainmast rigging.—The vessel lies in eleven fathoms of water.

The survivors say the captain displayed the greatest heroism, maintained his presence of mind from first to last, strove hard to put an end to the panic, and did his duty bravely to the end. He was at the last moment going across the deck in the hope of enabling some of the crowd rushing around the boats on that side to get away from the ship. The survivors says other boats got adrift.

WHEN THE SHIP FIRST SUNK, and express the belief that if the passengers had allowed them to be lowered properly, at least one hundred more lives could have been saved. Unfortunately the women could not climb the masts, although we did all in our power to help them, consequently all the women and children, with the exception of the captain's wife and another, and two children, were drowned.

There is a white monkey in the Central Park collection who will not associate with the colored ones, which is the most striking bit of evidence yet brought forward, perhaps, in support of Darwin's theory of the descent of man.

JURY LIST FEB.—TERM, 1873.

GRAND JURORS.
JACKSON—Phil Fraley, Barnet Kresge, POCONO—Henry W. Miller, Wilson Labar.
SMITHFIELD—James G. Kintner, Reuben Staples.
PRICE—Jeremiah Postens, William Rinehart.
STROUD—J. A. Fetherman.
COOLBAUGH—Henry G. Daggars.
HAMILTON—Jacob Ruth, Alexander Harps, Samuel Bittenbender, Geo. Butts, ELBRED—Edward Frantz.
BARRETT—J. M. Price.
M. SMITHFIELD—G. G. Mosier.
CHESTNUTHILL—Owen Kresge, James Kresge.
ROSS—Henry Kintz, Samuel Lessig.
EAST STROUDSBURG—Wm. E. Henry, POLK—Amos Shaber.
TOBYHANNA—Samuel Hays.

PETIT JURORS.

ROSS—Chas. Altmore, Wm. Altmore.
HAMILTON—Samuel Sprague, Amos Rouse, Samuel S. Brewer, Abraham Bryan, Jacob Houck.
EAST STROUDSBURG—Edward Weeks, Henry Detrick.
CHESTNUTHILL—William Barthold, Francis Kresge, George Lessig, Abraham Siglin.
STROUD—John Ransberry, Nelson Detrick, Samuel Plattenberger, Henry Mattison, Edward Drake, Samuel Custard, Lewis Drake.
POLK—Wm. Gregory, Reuben Gregory.
STROUDSBURG—Samuel Hood, John L. Staples, Henry E. Miller, Benj. Hall, PRICE—Hugh Cramer.
TOBYHANNA—James Keiper, John Christian.
SMITHFIELD—Edward Yetter.
JACKSON—Ezra Marvin.
PARADISE—James Wilson, Sr.
BARRETT—J. H. Feltham, Geo. Bender, M. SMITHFIELD—John M. Eilenberger, John Turb.

MARRIED.

February 13th, at East Stroudsburg, by Rev. G. W. F. Graff, Mr. Lewis Freyland and Miss Henrietta Miller, both of Coolbaugh township, Monroe county, Pa.
Dec. 21st, 1872, by Rev. A. M. Brady, Mr. Edwin Snyder, of Chestnuthill township, and Miss Susan Miller, of Hamilton township, Monroe county, Pa.
Dec. 28th, 1872, by the same, Mr. Lewis Marsh, and Miss Elmira McCall, both of Hamilton township, Monroe county, Pa.
January 7th, 1873, by the same, Mr. William S. Hummer, and Miss Mary A. Swink, both of Stroud township, Monroe county, Pa.
February 1st, 1873, by the same, Mr. Sylvester Marsh, and Miss Kate Bittenbender, both of Hamilton township, Monroe county, Pa.
February 6th, 1873, by the same, Mr. Daniel J. Warrick, of Upper Mt. Bethel township, Northampton county, and Miss Margaret A. Clark, of Stroud township, Monroe Co., Pa.

DIED.

In Smithfield, on the 9th inst., Mr. Benjamin Dupue, aged 51 years.
Near Brodheadsville, on the 4th inst., Mr. Jacob Altmore, aged 70 years, 5 months and 23 days.
At Mechanicsville, on the 7th inst., Mrs. Christina, wife of Mr. John Green, aged 67 years, 11 months and 2 days.
Near Stroudsburg, on the 10th inst., Bertha Elizabeth, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Werner, 1 year, 3 months and 4 days.

Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, by the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved the 27th day of March, in the our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, entitled "An Act to permit the voters of this Commonwealth to vote every three years upon the question of granting licenses to sell intoxicating liquors," it is enjoined upon the Sheriff of every county to give due public notice of such special election therein provided for three weeks previous to the time of holding the same and three weeks before such election every third year thereafter: Therefore I, CHARLES HENRY, High Sheriff of the county of Monroe, in said Commonwealth, do hereby make known and proclaim, in pursuance of the provisions of said Act of Assembly, that at the time of holding the township election throughout said county—to wit:

FRIDAY, MARCH 21ST, A. D. 1873, and at the several places designated by law for holding said township elections, the special election provided for by said Act of Assembly will be held; and that the qualified electors of the several election districts in said county are to vote upon said question of granting licenses to sell intoxicating liquors in said county; said votes to be cast, and by the election officers to be received and counted and returns made as provided by said Act of Assembly, and to take effect

in accordance with the provisions of said Act—to wit:
AN ACT to permit the voters of this Commonwealth to vote every three years upon the question of granting licenses to sell intoxicating liquors.
SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That on the third Friday in March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, in every city and county in this Commonwealth, and at the annual municipal elections every third year thereafter, in every such city and county, it shall be the duty of the inspectors and judges of elections in the cities and the counties, to receive tickets, either written or printed, from the legal voters of said cities and counties, labelled on the outside, "license," and on the inside, "for license," or "against license," and to deposit said tickets in a box provided for that purpose by said inspectors and judges, as is required by law in the case of other tickets received at said election; and the tickets so received shall be counted, and a return of the same made to the clerk of the court of quarter sessions of the peace of the proper county, duly certified as is required by law; which certificate shall be laid before the judges of the said court at the first meeting of said court after said election shall be held, and shall be filed with the other records of said court; and it shall be the duty of the mayors of cities, and sheriffs of counties, or any other officer, whose duty it may be to perform such service, to give due public notice of such special election above provided for, three weeks previous to the time of holding the same, and also three weeks before such election every third year thereafter: Provided, That this act shall not be construed to repeal or affect any special law prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors, or prohibiting the granting of licenses: Provided, That when the municipal and township elections in any county or city do not occur on the third Friday in March, the election provided for in this section shall be held on the day fixed for the municipal election in said county: And provided further, That all licenses granted after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, shall cease, determine and become void on the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, if the district for which they shall be granted determines against the granting of license; and the treasurer of the proper county shall then refund, to the holder of such license, the moneys so paid therefor, for which the said treasurer shall be entitled to credit in his accounts with the Commonwealth.

SECTION 2. That in receiving and counting, and in making returns of the votes cast, the inspectors and judges, and clerks of said election, shall be governed by the laws of this Commonwealth regulating general elections; and all the penalties of said election law are hereby extended to, and shall apply to the voters, inspectors, judges and clerks, voting at and in attendance upon the elections held under the provisions of this act.

SECTION 3. Whenever, by the returns of elections in any city or county aforesaid, it shall appear that there is a majority against license, it shall not be lawful for any court or board of license commissioners to issue any license for the sale of spirituous, vinous, malt or other intoxicating liquors, or any admixture thereof, in said city or county, at any time thereafter, until at an election as above provided, a majority shall vote in favor of license: Provided, That nothing contained in the provisions of this act shall prevent the issuing of licenses to druggists, for the sale of liquors for medicinal and manufacturing purposes.

WILLIAM ELIOTT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAMES S. RUTAN,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved—The twenty-seventh day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

JOHN W. GEARY

And I furthermore proclaim and make known the following as the places designated by law for holding said election in the several election districts of said county—to wit:

Places of Voting.
The freemen of the township of Barrett, will hold their election at the house of Adam Albert, in said township.
The freemen of the township of Chestnuthill are to hold their election at the house of Felix Storm, in said township.
The freemen of the Township of Coolbaugh will hold their election at the Nagsville school-house, in said township.
The freemen of East Stroudsburg, will hold their election at the Analonink House, in said Borough.
The freemen of the township of Eldred, will hold their election at the house of John Frantz, jr, in said township.
The freemen of the township of Hamilton will hold their election at the house of Chas. Snyder, in said township.
The freemen of the township of Jackson, will hold their election at the house of Philip Altmore, in said township.
The freemen of the township of Middle Smithfield, will hold their election at the house of James Place, in said township.
The freemen of the township of Paradise, will hold their election at the house of Lyman M. Everitt, in said township.
The freemen of the township of Pocono, will hold their election at the house of Manassah Miller, in said township.
The freemen of the township of Polk, will hold their election at the house of George Green, in said township.
The freemen of the township of Price, will hold their election at the house of Lewis Long, in said township.
The freemen of the township of Ross, will hold their election at the house of Jacob H. Stocker, in said township.
The freemen of the township of Smithfield will hold their election at the house of Edward Yetter, in said township.
The freemen of the township of Stroud, will hold their election at the house of John Baldwin, in the borough of Stroudsburg.
The freemen of Stroudsburg, will hold their election at the Court House, in said borough.
The freemen of the township of Tobyhanna, will hold their election at the house of Robert Warner, in said township.
The freemen of the township of Tankhannock, will hold their election at the house of Joseph Norton, in said township.

The Election to be opened between the hours of six and seven o'clock in the forenoon, by public proclamation, and to be open until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed.

Given under my hand at Stroudsburg, the 17th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-seventh.

CHARLES HENRY, Sheriff.