

General Election.



Sheriff's Proclamation.

WHEREAS, By an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "an act regulating the General Elections within the said Commonwealth," passed on the 22 day of July, 1839, it is made the duty of the High Sheriff of every county to give public notice of such elections to be held, and to make known in such notice what officers are to be elected. Therefore, I, CHARLES HENRY, High Sheriff of the county of Monroe, do make known by this proclamation to the electors of the county of Monroe, that an Election will be held in said county, on

TUESDAY, the 8th day of OCTOBER next, at the several election districts below enumerated, at which time and places are to be elected by the freemen of the county of Monroe, by ballot.

ONE PERSON for Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON for Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON for Justice of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

THREE PERSONS for Representatives at Large from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the Congress of the United States.

TWENTY-EIGHT PERSONS as Delegates at Large to the Convention to Amend the Constitution of Pennsylvania. No person shall vote for more than fourteen of said Delegates.

ONE PERSON to represent the District composed of the counties of Carbon, Monroe, Northampton, Pike and Wayne, in Congress of the United States.

ONE PERSON to represent the District composed of the counties of Luzerne, Monroe & Pike, in the Senate of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON to represent the counties of Monroe and Carbon in the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania.

ONE PERSON for Associate Judge of the county of Monroe.

ONE PERSON for Prothonotary and Clerk of the Courts of Monroe county.

ONE PERSON for Register and Recorder of Monroe county.

ONE PERSON for Commissioner of Monroe county.

ONE PERSON for Auditor of Monroe county.

ONE PERSON for Surveyor of Monroe county.

ONE PERSON for District Attorney of Monroe County.

The freemen of the township of Chesnut-hill are to hold their election at the house of Felix Storm, in said township.

The freemen of the Township of Coolbaugh will hold their election at the Naglesville school-house, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Hamilton will hold their election at the house of Chas. Man-1, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Middle Smithfield, will hold their election at the house of James Place, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Pocono, will hold their election at the house of Manassah Miller, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Paradise, will hold their election at the house of Lyman Everitt, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Polk, will hold their election at the house of George Green, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Price, will hold their election at the house of Lewis Long, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Eldred, will hold their election at the house of John Frantz, jr., in said township.

The freemen of the township of Ross, will hold their election at the house of Jacob H. Stocker, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Smithfield will hold their election at the house of Edward Vetter, in said township.

The freemen of Stroudsburg, will hold their election at the Court House, in said borough.

The freemen of the township of Stroud, will hold their election at the house of Henry Dew, in the borough of Stroudsburg.

The freemen of the township of Tobyhanna, will hold their election at the house of Robert Warner, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Jackson, will hold their election at the house of Samuel E. Board, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Tunkhannock, will hold their election at the house of Joseph Norton, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Barrett, will hold their election at the house of Adam Albert, in said township.

The freemen of East Stroudsburg, will hold their election at the Ansonmink House, in said Borough.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

At the same time and places, also, an election will be held for delegates to the convention to amend the Constitution of the State, in conformity with the Act, entitled "An Act to provide for calling a convention to amend the Constitution," approved April 11, 1872. As prescribed by said act, the following rules and regulations shall apply to said election, and the returns of the same:

First. At the general election to be held the second Tuesday of October next, there shall be elected by the qualified electors of this Commonwealth, delegates to a convention to revise and amend the Constitution of this State: the said convention shall consist of one hundred and thirty-three members, to be elected in the manner following: Twenty-eight members thereof shall be elected in the State at large, as follows: Each voter in the State shall vote for not more than fourteen candidates, and the twenty-eight highest in vote shall be declared elected; ninety-nine delegates shall be appointed to and elected from the different Senatorial districts of the State, three delegates to be elected for each Senatorial district; and in choosing all district delegates, each voter shall be entitled to a vote for not more than two of the members to be chosen from his district, and the three candidates highest in vote shall be declared elected, except in the county of Allegheny, forming the Twenty-third Senatorial District, where no voter shall vote for more than six candidates, and the nine highest in vote shall be elected, and in the counties of Luzerne, Monroe and Pike, forming the Thirtieth Senatorial District, where no voter shall vote for more than four candidates, and the six highest in vote shall be elected, and six additional delegates shall be chosen from the city of Philadelphia, by a vote at large in said city, and in their election no voter shall vote for more than three candidates, and the six highest in vote shall be declared elected.

Second. The Judges and Inspectors for each election district shall provide two suitable boxes for each poll, one in which to deposit the tickets voted for Delegates at large, and the other in which to deposit the tickets voted for District Delegates; which boxes shall be label-

led respectively, "Delegates at large" and "District Delegates;" and in each district in the city of Philadelphia an additional box shall be provided for each poll, in which to deposit the tickets voted for "City Delegates;" and said last mentioned boxes must each be labelled "City Delegates."

Third. The said election shall be held and conducted by the proper election officers of the several election districts of the Commonwealth, and shall be general and regulated in all respects by the general election laws of the Commonwealth, so far as the same shall be applicable thereto, and not inconsistent with the provisions of said act.

Fourth. The tickets to be voted for members at large of the convention shall have on the outside the words "Delegates at large," and on the inside the names of the candidates to be voted for, not exceeding fourteen in number.

Fifth. The tickets to be voted for district members of the convention shall have on the outside the words "District Delegates," and on the inside the name or names of the candidates voted for, not exceeding the proper number limited as aforesaid; but any ticket which shall contain a greater number of names than the number for which the voter shall be entitled to vote, shall be rejected; and in case of the delegates to be chosen at large in Philadelphia, the words, "City Delegates," shall be on the outside of the ticket.

Sixth. In the city of Philadelphia the return judges shall meet at the State House, at ten o'clock on the Thursday next following the election, and make out the returns for said city, of the votes cast therein for delegates at large and city and district delegates, to be members of the convention; the return judges of the several election districts within each county of the State, excluding Philadelphia, shall meet on Friday next following the election, at the usual place for the meeting of the return judges of their county, and make out full and accurate returns for the county, of the votes cast therein for members of the convention and for district members of the same; and the proceedings of the return judges of the said city of Philadelphia, and of the several counties of the Commonwealth, in the making of their return, shall be the same as those prescribed for return judges in the case of an election for Governor, except that returns transmitted to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, shall be addressed to that officer alone and not to the Speaker of the Senate.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.

Whereas, a joint resolution proposing amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth has been agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each House of the Legislature at two successive sessions of the same, which is as follows:

Joint Resolution proposing an Amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania:

Be it resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT.

"Strike out the sixth section of the sixth article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following: 'A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law.'"

And, Whereas, John W. Geary, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in obedience to the Act of Assembly approved the 11th day of April, A. D. 1872, for the purpose of ascertaining the sense of the people of this Commonwealth in regard to the adoption or rejection of said amendment, as provided in the tenth article of the Constitution, has issued to me a writ of Election, giving under his hand and the great seal of the State, "Commanding and requiring me to give notice in the usual manner and as by law required, that an election will be held according to the terms of the Constitution and the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly aforesaid, for the purpose of deciding upon the approval and ratification or rejection of said amendment;" Therefore, I do hereby give notice, that at the same time and places, also an election will be held upon said amendment in conformity with the time and manner of submitting to the people for their approval and ratification or rejection a proposed amendment to the Constitution," approved April 11, A. D. 1872.

As prescribed by said Act, the following rules and regulations shall apply to said election, and the returns of the same:

First. Said election shall be opened, held and closed on the day last aforesaid, at the places and within the hours at and within which the general elections of this Commonwealth are directed to be opened, held and closed; and it shall be the duty of the judges, inspectors and clerks of each of said townships, boroughs, wards, precincts and districts, to receive at the said election tickets, either written or printed, or partly written or partly printed, from each of the qualified voters of the State, who may offer the same, and to deposit them in a box or boxes to be provided, provided by the proper officers; which tickets shall be labelled on the outside "Amendment to the Constitution," and on the inside "For the Amendment," or "Against the Amendment."

SECTION 2. That the election on the said proposed amendment shall, in all respects, be conducted as the general elections of this Commonwealth are now conducted; and it shall be the duty of the return judges of the respective counties and districts thereof, first having carefully ascertained the number of votes given for or against such amendment, to make out duplicate returns thereof, expressed in words at length, and not in figures only; one of which returns, so made, shall be lodged in the Prothonotary's office of the Court of Common Pleas of the proper county, and the other sealed and directed to the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and by one of said judges deposited forthwith in the most convenient post office, upon which postage shall be paid at the expense of the proper county.

Notice is Hereby Given,

That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold an office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States or of this State or any city or corporation, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer, or agents who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State or the United States, or of any incorporated district; and also, that every member of Congress, and of the State legislature and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioners or any incorporated district is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the appointment of Judge, inspector, or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

Also, that in the fourth section of the Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to executions and for other purposes," approved April 16, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section, "shall not be construed, to prevent any military officer or borough officer, from serving as Judge, Inspector, or Clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

And the said act of Assembly, entitled "an act relating to elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 23, 1839, further provides that the Inspectors and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before nine o'clock on the morning of the second Tuesday of October next, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter, of

such district.

"In case the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for inspector, shall not attend on the day of any election then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend, the person elected judge shall appoint an inspector in his place; and in case the person elected, as judge shall not attend, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a judge in his place; or if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present at such election, shall elect one of the number to fill such vacancy.

"It shall be the duty of said assessors respectively to attend at the places of holding every general, special or township election during the whole time said election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judges, when called on in relation to the right of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, and such other matters in relation to the assessments of votes as the said inspectors or judges, or either of them, shall from time to time require.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesaid, than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or County Tax which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State six months. Provided, That the white freemen citizens of the United States between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years who had resided in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote, although they shall not have paid said taxes.

No person shall be admitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless first he produces a receipt for payment within two years, of a State or County tax assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or the affirmation of another that he has paid such tax, or on failure to produce a receipt, shall make oath to the payment thereof; or, second if he claims a right to vote by being an elector between the ages of 21 and 22 years he shall deposit on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year next before his application and make such proof of residence in the district as is required by this act, and that he does verily believe, from the accounts given him, that he is of the age aforesaid, and gives such other evidence as is required by this act, whereupon the name of the person so admitted to vote shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the inspectors and a note made opposite thereto, by writing the word "tax;" if he shall be admitted to his vote by reason of such age, and in such case the name shall be called to the clerks who shall make the like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of any election under this act from holding such election or use or threaten any violence to any such officer or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holding, or shall riotously disturb the peace at such election, or shall use or practice any intimidating threats force or violence, with design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or to prevent him from voting or restrain the freedom of choice, such persons, on conviction shall be fined in any sum not less than five hundred dollars and be imprisoned for any time not less than three nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the Court where the trial of such offence shall be had that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offence was committed and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred or more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months, nor more than two years.

If any person shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election in this Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by any written or printed advertisement, or challenge or invite any persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction hereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or to be bet.

If any person not by law qualified shall fraudulently vote at any election in this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such person to vote, the person offending shall on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

"In all cases where the name of a person claiming to vote is found on the list furnished by the Commissioners and Assessors, or his right to vote whether thereon or not is objected to by any qualified citizen it shall be the duty of the inspector to examine such person on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the district for one year or more his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof to a qualified elector that he has resided within the district for more than ten days next preceding such election and shall also himself swear, that his bona fide residence is within the district, and that he did not remove in said district for the purpose of voting therein.

Every person qualified as aforesaid, and who shall make due proof, as required of his residence and payment of taxes aforesaid, shall be admitted to vote in the township, ward or district in which he shall reside.

If any person shall vote at more than one election district or otherwise fraudulently vote more than once on the same day, or shall fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspector two tickets together with the intent illegally to vote, or advise and procure another so to do, he or they so offending shall on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth, agreeably to law except the sons of qualified citizens, shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets of influencing the Citizens qualified to vote, he shall on conviction forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

Pursuant to the provision contained in the sixth section of the act aforesaid, the Judges of the aforesaid district shall take charge of the certificate or return of the election of their respective districts and produce them at a meeting of the judges from each district at the Court House in the Borough of Stroudsburg, on the third day after the day of election, being for the present year on FRIDAY the 11th day of OCTOBER next, then and there to do, and perform the duties required by law of said judges. Also, that where a judge by sickness or unavoidable circumstances, is unable to attend said meeting of Judges then the certificate or return as aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the Inspectors or clerks of the election of said district, who shall do and perform the duties required of said judge unable to attend.

ACT, April 17, 1869.

SECTION 3. After the assessments have been completed on the tenth day preceding the second Tuesday in October of each year, the assessor shall, on the Monday immediately following, make a return to the county Commissioners of the names of all persons assessed by him since the return required to be made by him by the second section of this act, noting opposite each name the observations and explanations required to be noted as aforesaid; and the county Commissioners shall thereupon cause the same to be added to the return required by the second section of this act, and a full and correct copy thereof to be made, containing the names of all persons so returned as resident taxpayers in said ward, borough, township or precinct, and furnish the same together with the necessary election blanks, to the officers of the election in said ward, borough, township or precinct, on or before six o'clock in the morning of the second Tuesday of October; and no man shall be permitted to vote at the election on that day whose name is not on the list, unless he shall make proof of his right to vote, as hereinafter required.

SECTION 4. On the day of election any person whose name is not on the list, and claiming the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least ten days next preceding said election, which witness shall take and subscribe a written, or partly written and partly printed, affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter, and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written, or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating to the best of his knowledge and belief, where and when he was born; that he is a citizen of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and of the United States; that he has resided in the Commonwealth one year, or if formerly a citizen therein and has moved therefrom, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has paid a state or county tax within two years, which was assessed at least ten days before said election; and, if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization, for examination; the said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when, where and to whom paid; and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any; but if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit, that he is a native born citizen of the United States, (or if born elsewhere, shall state that fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized, or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization;) and shall further state in his affidavit that he is at the time of taking the affidavit, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years; that he has resided in the state one year and in the election district ten days next preceding such election, he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes; and the said affidavits of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence, shall be preserved by the election board, and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, duly filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office, subject to examination, as other election papers are; if the election officers shall find that the applicant or applicants possess all the legal qualifications of voters, he or they shall be permitted to vote, and the name or names shall be added to the list of taxpayers by the election officers, the word "tax" being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax, and the word "age" where he claims to vote on age; the same words being added by the clerks in each case respectively, on the lists of persons voting at such election.

SECTION 5. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxpayers, to challenge the vote of each person; whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence; every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for ten years, consecutively, a voter in the district in which he offers his vote; and on the vote of such person being received, it shall be the duty of the election officers to write or stamp on such certificate the word "voted," with the month and year; and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of the same certificate, excepting where sons are entitled to vote by virtue of the naturalization of their fathers, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, upon so offending shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed one hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year; the like punishment shall be inflicted on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the indorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

SECTION 6. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, or the laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose name is not on the list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote is challenged by any qualified voter present, and shall admit such person to vote without requiring such proof, every

person so offending, shall upon conviction, be sentenced, for every such offence, to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not more than one year, or either or both, at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 7. Ten days preceding every election for electors of President and Vice President of the United States, it shall be the duty of the Assessor to attend at the place fixed by law for holding the election in each election district, and then and there hear all applications of persons whose names have been omitted from the list of assessed voters and who claim the right to vote or whose right have originated since the same was made out, and shall add the names of such persons thereto as shall show that they are entitled to the right of suffrage in such district, on the personal application of the claimant only, and forthwith assess them with the tax. After completing the list, a copy thereof shall be placed on the door of or on the house where the election is to be held, at least eight days before the election; and at the election the same course shall be pursued, in all respects, as is required by this act, and the acts to which it is a supplement at the general elections in October. The Assessor shall also make the same returns to the county commissioners of all assessments made by virtue of this section; and the county commissioners shall furnish copies thereof to the election officers in each district, in like manner, in all respects, as is required at the general election in October.

SECTION 8. The same rules and regulations shall apply at every special election, and at every separate city, borough or ward election, in all respects as at the general elections in October.

SECTION 9. The respective assessors, inspectors and judges of the elections shall each have the power to administer, oaths to any persons claiming the right to be assessed or the right of suffrage, or in regard to any other matter or thing required to be done or inquired into by any of said officers under this act; and any willful false swearing by any person in relation to any matter or thing concerning which they shall be lawfully interrogated by any of said officers shall be punished as perjury.

SECTION 10. The assessors shall each receive the same compensation for the time necessarily spent in performing the duties hereby enjoined as is provided by law for the performance of their other duties, to be paid by the county commissioners as in other cases; and it shall not be lawful for any assessor to assess a tax against any person whatever within ten days next preceding the election to be held on the second Tuesday of October, in any year, or within ten days next before any election for electors of President and Vice President of the United States; any violation of this provision shall be a misdemeanor, and subject the officers so offending to a fine, on conviction, not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding three months, or both at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 11. On the petition of five or more citizens of the county, stating under oath that they verily believe that frauds will be practiced at the election about to be held in any district, it shall be the duty of the court of common pleas of said county, in session or if not a judge thereof in vacation, to appoint two judicious, sober and intelligent citizens of the county to act as overseers at said election; said overseers shall be selected from different political parties, where the inspectors belong to different parties, and where both of said inspectors belong to the same political party, both of the overseers shall be taken from the opposite political party; said overseers shall have the right to be present with the officers of the election, during the whole time the same is held, the votes counted and the returns made out and signed by the election officers; to keep a list of voters, if they see proper; to challenge any person offering to vote, interrogate him and his witness under oath, in regard to his right of suffrage at said election, and to examine his papers produced; and the officers of said election are required to afford to said overseers so selected and appointed every convenience and facility for the discharge of their duties; and if said election officers shall refuse to permit said overseers to be present and perform their duties as aforesaid, or if they shall be driven away from the polls by violence or intimidation, all the votes polled at such election district may be rejected by any tribunal trying a contest under said election; Provided, That no person signing the petition shall be appointed an overseer.

SECTION 12. If any prothonotary, clerk, or the deputy of either, or any other person, shall affix the seal of office to any naturalization paper, or permit the same to be affixed, or give out, or cause or permit the same to be given out, in blank, whereby it may be fraudulently used, or furnish a naturalization certificate, to any person who shall not have been duly examined and sworn in open court, in the presence of some of the judges thereof, according to the act of Congress, or shall aid in, connive at, or in any way permit the issue of any fraudulent naturalization certificate, he shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor; or if any one shall fraudulently use any such certificate of naturalization, knowing that it was fraudulently issued, or shall vote, or attempt to vote thereon, if any one shall vote, or attempt to vote, on any certificate of naturalization not issued to him, he shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor; and either or any of the persons, their aiders or abettors, guilty of either of the misdemeanors aforesaid, shall, on conviction, be fined in a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisoned in the proper penitentiary for a period not exceeding three years.

SECTION 13. Any person who on oath or affirmation, in or before any court in this State, or officer authorized to administer oaths, shall, to procure a certificate of naturalization, for himself or any other person, wilfully depose, declare or affirm any matter to be fact, knowing the same to be false, or shall in like manner deny any matter to be fact, knowing the same to be true, shall be deemed guilty of perjury; and any certificate of naturalization issued in pursuance of any such deposition, declaration or affirmation, shall be null and void; and it shall be the duty of the court issuing the same, upon proof being made before it that it was fraudulently obtained, to take immediate measures for recalling the same for cancellation; and any person who shall vote, or attempt to vote, on any paper so obtained or who shall in any way aid in, connive at, or have any agency whatever in the issue, circulation or use of any fraudulent naturalization certificate, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall undergo an imprisonment in the penitentiary for not more than two years, and pay a fine, not more than one thousand dollars, for every such offence, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 14. Any assessor, election officer or person appointed as an overseer, who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined by this act, without reasonable or legal cause, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars, and if an assessor shall

assess any person as a voter who is not qualified; or shall refuse to assess any one who is qualified, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office, and on conviction be punished by fine or imprisonment, and also be subject to an action for damages by the party aggrieved; and if any person shall fraudulently alter, add, to, deface or destroy any list of voters made out as directed by this act, or tear down or remove the same from the place where it has been fixed, with fraudulent or mischievous intent, or for any improper purpose, the person so offending shall be guilty of a high misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SECTION 15. At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this Commonwealth, the polls shall be opened between the hours of six and seven o'clock, a. m., and closed at seven o'clock, p. m.

SECTION 16. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Commonwealth to prepare forms for all the blanks made necessary by this act, and furnish copies of the same to the county commissioners of the several counties of the Commonwealth; and the county commissioners of each county shall, as soon as may be necessary after receipt of the same at the proper expense of the county, procure and furnish to all the election officers of the election districts of the respective counties copies of such blanks in such quantities as may be rendered necessary for the discharge of their duties under this act.

SECTION 17. That citizens of this State temporarily in the service of the State or of the United States governments, on clerical or other duty, and who do not vote where thus employed, shall not be thereby deprived of the right to vote in their several election districts if otherwise duly qualified.

SECTION 18. The act, entitled "A further supplement to the act regulating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved April fourth, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and all other laws altered or supplied by this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

And the Judges of the respective Districts aforesaid, are by the said act required to meet at the Court House in the Borough of Stroudsburg, on the third day after the said day of election, being FRIDAY, the ELEVENTH day of OCTOBER, then and there to perform the things required of them by law.

CHANGE IN THE MODE OF VOTING.

An Act to repeal an Act, entitled an act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of Commonwealth approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, so far as the same relates to the County of Monroe.

SECTION 1.—Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That an act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth, approved the thirtieth day of March Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, be and the same are hereby repealed.

W. ELLIOTT, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

JAS. S. RITAN, Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the sixth day of September, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

JON. W. GEARY, Office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, Harrisburg, Sept. 17th, A. D. 1872.

I do hereby certify, that the foregoing annexed is a full, true and correct copy of the original Act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act to repeal an act entitled an act regulating the mode of voting at all elections in the several counties of this Commonwealth, approved the thirtieth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, so far as the same relates to the County of Monroe," as the same remains on file in this Office.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my Hand and caused the Seal of the Secretary's Office to be affixed the day and year above written.

A. C. REINOEHL, Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth.

God Save the Commonwealth.

CHARLES HENRY, Sheriff, Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, } September 12, 1872.

THE TALKING MACHINE.

The Domestic Sewing Machine.

THE "LIGHT RUNNING" "DOMESTIC" SEWING MACHINE.

BY ITS SIMPLICITY, EASE OF MANAGEMENT, NOISELESS, and RUNNING,

TALKS ITSELF INTO PUBLIC FAVOR.