The Jeffersonian.

THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1872.

LUTHERAN CHURCH.

Liturgical Services next Sunday.

MORNING, 10½, - - - EVENING, 7.

MORNING SERMON: Jesus' first appearance to the Disciples after his Resurrection.

EVENING SERMON: The gladdened Disciples

Friday evening Lecture at 7½ o'clock.

G. W. MARRIOTT, D. D., Pastor.

☞ ON Wednesday last the Senatorial committee in the contested election case of McClure against Gray, from the fourth district, reported a resolution declaring that the return of Col. Gray was frudulent and void, and that Col. McClure was lawfully elected Senator. The report was signed by the four Democratic members of the committee, making a majority. The decision of a committee of this character is final, and cannot be revised or rejected by the Senate. Col. McClure thereupon appeared and took his seat. The three Republican Senators did not agree with the majority that Col. McClure had been legally elected, but it is understood that they did unite in the opinion that the vote of a number of precincts should be thrown out of the return. The Democrats went farther, and rejected enough to unseat Mr. Gray.

☞ *Headquarters Republican State Central Committee of Pennsylvania.*

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5, 1872.

In pursuance of the resolution of the REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE, adopted at Harrisburg, Jan. 18, 1872, a REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION, composed of Delegates from each Senatorial and Representative District, in the number to which such District is entitled in the Legislature, will meet in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg, at 12 o'clock, noon on WEDNESDAY, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1872, to nominate candidates for Governor, Judge of the Supreme Court, Auditor General (should the Legislature provide for the choice of one by the people), and an Electorial Ticket; and also to elect Senatorial and Representative Delegates to represent this State in the REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, to be held at Philadelphia June 5, 1872.

RUSSELL ERRETT, Chairman,

Wm. Elliott, D. F. Houston, Ezra Lakens, P. M. Lytle, } Secretaries.

☞ GOVERNOR GEARY appended his signature to the "Local Option" bill early last week and it is now a law of the State. As it finally passed both branches of the Legislature it might better be called a general-option law, for its provisions are made to operate by counties and cities, not by townships and boroughs. It is understood that it does not conflict with or supersede special acts already passed. The first vote is to be taken in the spring of 1873, nearly a year hence. The enactment of this statute is a clear gain of so much to the advocates of restrictive legislation, and the vote by counties will indicate pretty closely the state of popular feeling in regard to the sale of liquors. Of course where licenses continue to be granted the present laws on the subject will remain in operation. The new law, we take it for granted, was passed in good faith, in response to the immense number of petitions addressed the Legislature expressive of public sentiment in regard to the question. But as another session of the Legislature will be held before it goes into practical operation, it is quite probable that efforts will be made to repeal or annul it, and then we shall have a revival of the contest.—*Bucks Co. Intelligencer.*

☞ The evidence of George O. Evans as to the disposition made of the exorbitant commission allowed him for collecting State claims at Washington, recently taken at New York by a Legislative committee, has been published in detail. According to his story very little of the enormous sum retained by him was used for his own benefit, but the money was distributed in parcels among his personal friends. Of these one S. P. Brown got $20,000, not as a right, but as a "mater of personal honor." Evans declared distinctly that neither Gov. Geary, Col. Forney, Col. Jordan or Mr. Mackey ever got any of the commissions. He gave J. Robley Dunglison $2500 as "a matter of personaal friendship." In reply to the question, "What has become of the $291,000 you received as commission?" Evans said:

"I have explained that it was expended in extraordinary expenses, in arranging and collecting these claims and in the payment of large sums of indebtedness previously incurred—debts which I considered I was honorably bound to discharge, although perhaps not legally bound to pay."

Evans further said that he notified the Governor of every transaction as he went along, but he did not give the committee any further satisfaction as to particulars. The whole business exhibits a most reprehensible difference to the public interests, and if the declarations of Evans that he gave most of the money are to be believed he is certainly a curiosity among office-holders.

Gov. Geary was examined on Friday, and testified that he had never received any of the money. He maintained, however, that Evans was entitled to retain the whole sum.

A Sunbury paper says that Mr. Solomon Stroh, of that place, whilst making an incision in the shoulder of a horse, cut upon a hard substance which proved, upon investigation, to be a silver five cent piece of 1851. How it got there is what is puzzling Mr. Stroh and Sunbury generally.]

The latest style of kid boots for Ladies have buttons on both sides, and are without stitches.

Go to Simon Fried's for boots and shoes.

The Empire of Japan contains about as many inhabitants as the United States.

Go to Simon Fried's for hats and caps.

The D. L. & W. and C. R. R. of N. J. have declared a quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. payable after April 20th.

Go to Simon Fried's for trunks and valices.

Office Boy wanted! Salary $50 for first year. Must be a neat and quick penman. Apply, by letter to the Tanite Co.

If you want to see the latest style of spring goods, go to Simon Fried's.

Money.—Loaned at short date, on good security by, PEIRSON & STILLMAN, East Stroudsburg,

March, 14-tf.] Office opposite R. R. Depot.

Our streets, all through town, are ornamented with piles of coal ashes and rubbish of every kind. It is about time some measures were taken to have them removed.

Go to Simon Fried's for shirts and Uumbrellas.

Thomas Bradley, a brakeman on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Wester railroad, was run over and killed near Scranton on Monday last.

The "Ross House" has but one inmate, a colored individual from Stroudsburg, who, a few weeks since, became somewhat mixed in regard to the ownership of a horse he took out of the Allen House stables, between two days.—*Honesdale Citizen.*

A Kerosene Lamp, exploded at the residence of Mr. Jacob Ruth, in this borough, on Sunday evening last. The lamp was blown to pieces, but, fortunately, no one being near it, nobody was was hurt. Through the active exertions of the familly and neighbors the burning oil was prevented from setting fire to the huilding.

Owing to the great rush for goods at the National Hall of Fashion, Mr. Ruster, the gentlemanly proprietor of the establishment is compelled to visit the city again for the purpose of replenishing his stock. Look out for a big stock of goods this time. He is now in the city, purchasing a with view to meetall possible demands upon him.

Go to Simon Fried's for a nice fitting suit.

In briefly catalouging Lee & Co's. extensive stock of cabinet ware, &c., we inadvertently omitted to mention an important item of their stock in trade. Window shades, curtains and fixtures or form an important item in their business, and in this line, their variety is inprecedented, in stores out side of the city. Their stock is worth looking at even if you don't want to buy, and as this is the Season when every body is fixing up, every body, before making up his mind as to new furniture, window shades &c., should be sure to call at Lee & Co's.

Simon Fried has had his pavement cluttered up, for a week or two with boxes, trunks, and his store room shows the result of it. His shelves and counters are loaded down with as elegant stock of new and fashionable goods as can well be found. Clothing in endless variety of style, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Collars and Cuffs, Neckties and fancy goods, and, indeed, almost every thing you can think of in Fried's line of business, can be found, in quality the best, and in price down to the capacity of any pocket. Fried glories in selling his goods, but he also glories with equal vim in showing them to collars.

Go to Simon Fried's for neck ties and collars.

The undersigned begs leave to inform the Citizens of Monroe county and vicinity, that he has disposed of his entire interest in the Real Estate business, to his late partner, Wilson Peirson, for whom he solicits a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed on him heretofore.

dec. 14, '71-tf.]. GEO. L. WALKER.

The undersigned beg leave to inform the citizens of Monroe county and vicinity, that they have enterad into co-partnership, for the purpose of buying and selling

REAL ESTATE,

as successors to the late firm of Geo. L. Walker & Co., and respectfully solict the continuance of the patronage extended to the former firm.

WILSON PEIRSON,
dec. 14, '71-tf.] THOS. STILLMAN,

The Wild Geese do not regard Dr. Ayer's wisdom in migrating north—such immense numbers of them as are flying over us now, while his almanac says: "Bleak and blustering about this time, with heavy snow"—Cedar Rapids (Ia.) Times, March 3.

We were too fast last week in our item on the conflict between Dr. Ayer and the wild geese. The Doctor's science beat their instinct this time. Not for years have we had such a snow-storm as that of last Sunday. The snow lies three feet deep on a level in Minnesota and two feet in Wisconsin, while the storm has swept from the Atlantic to the Rocky Mountains. Snow fell to various depths as far south as Denver, Fort Union and Snta Fe. Learned as we believed Dr. Ayer in the arcana of nature, and wonderful as we knew his medicines to be, we were not prepared for so signal an instance of his superiority, not only over the wise men, but the wisest of animals whose instinct is considered unfailing. We drive up the peg, more firmly than ever, over our hearth for Ayer's American Almanac.—Ceder Rapids Times, March 10.

For the Jeffersonian.

PARADISE VALLEY, April 1, 1872.

MR. EDITOR.—According to previous announcement and by request, Mr. A. Fowler Eckert's School gave another entertainment on Saturday night, the 30th ult, in the Paradise Valley School House. Long before the time for opening the exercises, the house was completely filled, so that it was impossible to get in or out. Those who came late failed to gain admittance at all. At half past seven o'clock Mr. Eckert, the Principal of the school, made his appearence upon the stage and addressed the audiance, on the nature of Education, his remarks were to the point, and I think those who listened to him will not forget very soon, the closing part of that Address, when he refered to a young lady, who on the day that she was to graduate and leave School, gathered her school books all together and then making a bon-fire of them all, sat watching the flames as they (wreathed) and the smoke as it curled, until they were entirely consumed, then as if she had performed a feat equal to that of Cortez, when he burned his ships, she clapsed her hands together in glee, exclaiming, now I have finished my education. Poor silly child, she little kney how this rude world was waiting to educate her, by and by in its toils, its strifes and its mysteries, in a word he said, true education begins with our birth and concludes only with our existence, and they will be found the happiest as well as the wisest, who regard all lifes joys and sorrows as so many lessons given to us by the great disposer of our destiny, thus all existence is education, training us to a truly wise experience and symetrical character and forming within us the germs of a higher life. The school then appeared upon the stage and sang 'The Ever Green Mountains of Life,' then followed a dialogue between Mr. F. L. Nauman and Mr. A. Newhart which was greatly applauded. A few more pieces and then a song was sang, by Miss Ella B. Baumon, the closing part of it was as follows:

If I could live a year or two,
And God would grant me grace,
I would buy me a bottle of deceitful water
To wash young mens false face, &c.

Then there were a number of Dialogues spoken, singing, &c. Afterwards John A. Transue, one of the School Directors, delivered an address, compairing the old world to the new, which was listened to with great attention. The Dialogues spoken were good. I will neme a few of them: "Alexander and the Robber," "Borrowed Umbrella," "Fortune Teller," "Evening Conversation," "Lawyer and Client," "Lost Thimble," "Verner Albert" and "Tell," the Multiplication Table by the whole school which was excellent; "why can't I have a beau," by Misses Lizzie Wagner, Rachel Wilson, Mary Frantz and Mary Kintz, were laughable, and received the applause of all, both old and young. Also the Dutch Song, by Chas. Koerner, "The Soldiers Family" was a good representation, of a Soldier's life. The characters employed in this were Mr. Eckert, the teacher as a private, in a Pennsylvania Regiment, Miss Lizzie Wagner, as his wife, Mr. Authur Newhart and Miss Ella B. Nauman, as their son and daughter. In the fourth scene of the play, Mr. Eckert, was seen in full uniform, in his tent reading, when entered four of his comrades, Messrs. Augustus Smith, F. L. Nauman, John Wagner and Eugene Smith, singing to the tune of

"Tramp, Tramp, Tramp, the Boys are marching."

Read, read, read, you're always reading,
Throw down your books and come along,
For at cards we're needing you,
And we've got a jolly crew.
Of hot punch in Wilson's tent, so come along, &c.

At the close of this piece the teacher announced the names of all who had taken part in the Exhibition; and for the encouragement of others, I will give their names, as they were handed to me:

Arthur Newhart.	Lizzie Wagner,
Augustus Smith,	Rachel Wilson,
Augene Smith,	Mary Frantz,
F. L. Smith,	Mary Kintz,
Longenius Orndt.	Frances Hilgert,
Wm. Hamlin,	Electa E. Beach
Chas. Knoll,	Ianthe Transue,
Abm. Kintz,	Emma Transue,
Charles Transue,	Minnie Hamlin,
William Hilgert,	Jessie Newhart,
John Wagner,	Ella B. Bowman,
Welden Frantz,	Eliz Newhart,
Charles Kœrner,	Emma Orndt,
John A. Transue,	Frances Wilson. Jr.

Mr. J. Fruttchey, our worthy County Superintendent, then addressed the scholars on the importance of an education, in fitting them for the responsibilities of life. His remarks were received with great applause.—The School then sang the Good Night song, Tune, "Auld Lang Syne":

Good night, good night, to every one,
Be each heart free from care.
May every Scholar seek his home,
And find contentment there, &c.

Mr. Eckert is a practical teacher. He goes from here to Highland, N. Y., this week. Success to him.

JAMES WILSON, Jr.

A Chicago contemporary thus describes the deliberate manner in which that city is being rebuilt: "Let me see," said a Chicago boss mason reflectively, to a burned out merchant, "I have got to put up a block for Brown this morning, and a dwelling house this afternoon for Smith. Yes, I guess we can jerk up your store this noon by takin' only haly an hour's noonin'."

George E. Waring, Jr., writes to the *Agriculturist* of a Jersey cow owned by E. B. Perry, of Rhode Island. She is eleven years old. Her product last year, for 39 weeks, was 301¾ pounds of butter, which was all sold at 75 cents per pound. The yield of butter for her best week, in May, was 10 pounds, but her average for the whole period was 7¾ pounds per week. Much milk was used without churning. The total value of her product for 288 days, including the calf, was $343,31, an average of $1.10 per day. Allowing $20 for the remaining 1½ months, she was worth $1 per day the year round. Few cows of any breed will do better than this.

Pittsburg employs over eighty thousand operatives in her manufacturing establishments and pays them $170,000 per day.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

THE STATE AGAIN REPUBLICAN.

MARSHALL JEWELL RE-ELECTED GOVERNOR BY AN INCREASED MAJORITY—REPUBLICAN GAINS IN THE LEGISLATURE.

HARTFORD, April 1.—Returns from 124 towns give Jewell 36,370; Hubbard, 34,826; Gillette, 1,142; Harrison, 284; Jewll's majority over all, 621: Jewell's gain as against the field compared with last year, 519. In 73 towns the Republicans have a net gain of four Representatives.

The Senate will certainly stand as well as last year—13 to 8—with a good chance of being 14 to 7. It looks now as if Jewell may have been elected by the people.

The day was mostly clear with strong west winds and occasional snow squalls. The roads are deep with mud, and the vote is not as large as last year.

NEW HAVEN, April 1.—This city only gives Hubbard 397 majority over all. Last year, the Democratic majority was 1,448; Harrison, Republican, is elected Representative over Babcock, Democrat.

Jewell in Hartford has 42 plurality over Hubbard. The scattering vote is 128. The Republican city tickets, entire, is elected. Last year the Democratic majority was 279.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

HARTFORD, April 1—1:50 a. m.—It looks now as if the Senate would be three majority Republican. The House is sure to have a strong Republican majority on joint ballot. Some doubt yet about Jewell's election by the people. There is great rejoicing here over the victory. Will send later dispatch.

STATE OFFICERS ELECT.

Governor, Marshall Jewell, of Hartford.
Lieut.—Governor, Morris Tyler of New Haven.
Secretary of State, Hiram Appelman, of Groton.
Treasurer, David P. Nichols, of Danbury.
Controller, James W. Manning, of Putnam.

Full returns from Connecticut place the re-election of Gov. Jewell beyond a doubt. The complete vote give him a plurality of 1,940 over Hubbard, and a majority of 30 over all candidates. The paucity of the vote polled by the Labor Reform and Temperance candidates will surpise and disappoint their friends. The Legislature is overwhelmingly Republican, there being a majoirty of 30 on joint ballot—a gain of six over last year. The whole result is now made up, and will be most gratifying to the active and enthusiastic workers in the Republican party of the Land of Steady Habits.

TERRIBLE TORNADO AT ST. LOUIS.

A MARKET HOUSE—ONE MAN KILLED AND SEVERAL PERSONS INJURED—MUCH DAMAGE DONE.

ST. LOUIS, March 30.—A very severe thunder and lightning storm passed over this city about 8 o'clock this evening, accompanied by a heavy rain. During the storm a tornado from the south west struck a large brick market house on Seventh st., between Square and Poplar, and leveled the northern half of it to the ground in an instant. Most of the roof and several heavy timbers were carried across Seventh st, and, striking the building opposite, knocked two great holes in it and exposing the rooms.

The following are the names of the injured: John Heck, back severely hurt, causing paralysis in the lower part of the body; will probably die. Mrs. Flori, compound fracture of the left lower leg; flesh badly lacerated. Edwin Flori, internally hurt, and shoulder torn by a meat hook. George White, badly cut about the head, nose broken, and right ankle dislocated. Henry Lipardt, internally hurt. John Burger, arm broken; bruised in various places. Two or three others were bruised slightly.

The body of Charles M. Dyer of Toledo, Ohio, was found this afternoon under a portion of the roof which was blown from the market-house last night. Dyer was a young man, 16 years of age, who, in company with R. M. Streeter, his tutor, and one or two other gentlemen, had just arrived by a Missouri Pacific train, and was walking through the market-house on their way up town when the tornado struck the market-house. The party scattered, each seeking safety for himself. Dyer rushed into Seventh-st., and was over taken by a large mass of metal roofing, which struck him on the top of the head, crushing his skull evidently killing him instantly.

A portion of the roof of the virtiol factory corner of Austin and Fourteenth-sts was blown off, and Dennis Dunn, a workman, was badly wounded. Other damages in various points in the city are reported to-day, but none seriously. In East St. Louis the roof of the round house belonging to the Terre Haute Railroad was blown off. Several locomotivns were somewhat injured, and John Myers and another man were wounded.

The steamer H. C. Yeager, and a ferry-boat in the harbor, lost their chimneys, and the steamer Northwestern, was blown across the river. The part of the market-ethouse destroyed was about 150 feet long, 45 feet wide, and 25 feet high. It will cost, probably, $10,000 to rebuild it.—The loss to the butchers is about $10,000.

The Weather and the Crops.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—The weather is warm, with occasional showers, and grain is maturing rapidly. The yield of gold, silver, wool, corn and wheat this year will be immeusely greater than in any former season.

The lawyers' fees in the notorious Tichborne case amounted to $600,000. The jurymen were paid $5 a day, and for 103 days during which the trial lasted, received $6,180.

Returns from thirty three counties in New York show a Republican gain of 31 Supervisors in the recent town elections.

THE CALIFORNIA EARTHQUAKE.

Shocks Continue, Though with Decreased Violence—Immense Chasms in the Mountains—A Volcano in Active Operation—Many Persons Killed and Wounded.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 30.—Despatches from the volcanic district in Inyo county, give additional details of the earthquake disaster on Tuesday last. The shocks still continue, though with decreased violence. It is remarkable that only a slight shock was felt on Tuesday in Central and Northern California. Cerro Gordo was badly damaged, having several buildings thrown down and one man killed. Lone Pine appears to have been directly over the centre of the disturbance.—Among the killed at the latter place was Mr. Gray, aged 42 years, and a native of Texas. The remainder were all Spanish Americans.

The first shock is described as resembling a park of artillery fired directly beneath the town. Colonel Whipple, who was in the second story of an adobe house, states that he had just time to jump from his bed and get to the doorway, when the house appeared to crumble to pieces. He was buried among the ruins, but succeeded in extricating himself from the debris, having received several severe but not dangerous wounds. The scene beggars description. Nearly the whole populace was buried under the ruins. Cries for help, and screams of pain from the wounded beneath the ruins filled the air, while those who escaped were calling for aid to rescue fathers and children.

The first shock was followed in quick succession by three others. Over three hundred distinct shocks were felt between half past two A. M. and sunrise; in fact, the earth was in a constant tremble for over three hours. A chasm was opened to the extent of thirty five miles down the Valley, and varying from three inches to forty feet in width. At Swanzea, Colorado, Tregellos, of the Smelting Works, was killed. Great desolation prevails through out the vicinity of Lone Pine. A despatch to day from Visalia says that several shocks were felt in that city last night and are still coming from the southeast.

Persons anticipate finding immense chasms in the mountains east of us as soon as the snow disappears enough to permit investigation. There are rumors of a volcano in active operation having been seen from the summit of Greenhood Mountain, sixty miles south of Visalia. The Indians in that vicinity have all left, fearing the recurrence of a general convulsion of natu e which, according to their traditions, occurred in that region some hundreds of years ago, and created what is known as Owen's River Viley, but which was before a chain of mounatins. The section affected by the earthquake was sparsely inhabithed, mainly by people engaged in working silver bearing lead mines.

Further advices from Inyo county place the number killled by the earthquake at thirty besides one hundred wounded. In the desert country, stretching from Owens lake to the Mexican line, are innumerable craters of not long extinct volcanoes besides several mud volcanoes, and it is supposed that some of these old volcanoes may be in eruption again.

A gentleman from Independence assorts that smoke and ashes from a volcano were distinctly seen southward from that place, and word had been brought there that lava was seen flowing down the mountain, but this report is not authenticated. The shocks continued decreasing in force up to Thursday morning when over one thousand had been counted.

At Tibbitt's Rauche, fifteen mile above Independence, forty acres of ground sunk seven feet below the surface of the surrounding country.

Big Owens lake has risen four feet since the first shocks. Owens river ran over its banks, depositing shoals of fish on shore, and afterwards receded. For a distance of three or four miles, through Lone Pine, the earth cracked. One side remained stationary, while the other side sank seven or eight feet, leaving a wall of earth, extending over three miles in length, where formerly was a level plain. Innumerable cracks were made throughout the valley.

Kern and Owens rivers turned and ran up stream for several minutes, leaving their beds dry, and finally returned with largely increased volume. There has been no parallel to this earthquake since 1812, when the missions of San Juan Capistrovo and La Parisina, in Southern California, were destroyed.

An exchange relates the following curious story: For some time past, John McGee who was afflicted with consumption, has been in St. Joseph's Hospital, Philadelphia. On Friday of last week he was taken to John McNulty's in Allentown, and on Sunday morning, about ten o'clock, he died. About two o'clock in the afternoon he opened his eyes and informed his astonished friends that he had been to the Spirit Land and gave a detailed account of his interview with his mother and other near relations who had gone before, and after he had finished he expired.

An Arkansas paper says that in Lawrence county, as some persons were clearing some land, they set fire to a large oak log lying on the ground, when they noticed a rattlesnake crawl out from the log. They turned it over, when a den was disclosed, containing seventy-two rattlesnakes, two green snakes and one king snake. Twenty two of the rattlesnakes had from fourteen to eighteen rattles, and measured from seven to nine feet in length.

Cure for Spotted Fever.

Dr. John Murphy, of Honesdale, says the following receipe for treatment of spotted fever is efficacious:

3 table spoonfuls of white vinegar, 3 table spoonfuls of water, half a table-spoonful of Norway tar. Apply to the temples and eye-lids morning and evening.

There are in Iowa 7,825 public schools, attended by 341,938 scholars.

An Act to Prevent the Sale of Intoxicating Drinks on Election Day.

The following is the text of the act to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors on election day, as approved by the Governor. The law is now in force:

That from on and after the passage of this act, it shall not be lawful for any person or persons keeping a public house or drinking place, either licensed or unlicensed, to sell spirituous or malt liquors as a drink, to sell, furnish or give away to be used as a drink, any spirituous or malt liquors, wine or any other intoxicating beverage, or any part of any day set apart, or to be set apart, for any general or special election, by the citizens in any election district or division within this Commonwealth, where an election is in in progress during the hours when by law in said district the election polls are required to be kept open.

SEC. 2. Any person violating of the provisions of the first section of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be subject to imprisonment in the jail of the proper county for a term of not more that one hundred days, and in addition to the above shall also be subject to a fine of not more than $500 and costs, at the discretion of the Court.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of the constables of the several townships, wards and boroughs of this Commonwealth, under the same penalty as mentioned in section 2nd, to make return to the next Court of Quarter Sessions of the proper county, the name or names of any person or persons offending under the first section of this act. Provided, nothing herein shall prevent any person from prosecuting for such offence.

The Pennsylvania Labor Reformers have called a State Convention, to be held in Williamsport on Tuesday, May 7, to nominate candidates for State officers.

Gov. Geary has signed the bill consolidating the south side boroughs with the City of Pittsburg, thereby adding 30,000 to its population.

Stroudsburg Market Report.

Corrected weekly for THE JEFFERSONIAN, by C. D. BRODHEAD, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Groceries and Provisions.

Mess Pork, per bbl.	20 00	22 00
Hams, sugar cured, per lb.	16	17
Shoulders		14
Mackerel, No. 1, per bbl	25 00	28 00
" No. 2,		13 00
Butter, roll		38
Salt per Sack		2 25
Lard	15	12
Cheese	15	18
Eggs, per dozen		25
Beans, per bushel	1 50	2 00
Dried Apples per lb.		10
Potatoes, per bushel,		40
Hay, per ton		15 00
Straw, per ton		12 00
Wood, per cord		5 00
Wool	35	40

GRAIN MARKET REPORT,

Corrected weekly by GARDNER & WALLACE, Wholesale and Retail dealers in Flour, Meal, Feed, Grain, &c

Flour, per bbl., Extra to best Family	$8 00 to	$8 80
Rye Flour per bbl.	5 50	6 00
Corn Meal, per cwt. chop	1 60	1 80
Feed, clear grain, per cwt,	1 60	1 75
White Wheat per bushel	1 40	1 50
Red Wheat		1 40
Buckwheat Flour, per cwt.	3 00	3 50
Corn per bush		75
Oats		54
Barley		50
Buckwheat		80
Rye		90

A VOICE FROM THE PULPIT.

Rev. D. S. Frost, Pastor of the Free Baptist Church, Jonesville, Vermont, writes: "I had suffered for many years from Chronic Diarrhea and Colic, becoming so much reduced that I was at times unable to attend to my ministeral duties. I had been treated by several physicians, both Allocipathic and Homoeopathic, but with no permanent results. While on a visit to Scranton, Penna., I experienced a very severe attack, and by the advice of some of my friends procured a bottle of Mishler's Herb Bitters. The effect then produced gave promise of an ultimate cure and on my return home I continued its use. I have taken six bottles and am cured. *It is truly a valuable remedy.*"

april 4, 1872-1m.

MARRIED.

At Reading, Pa., on the 22d inst by Rev. Mr. Frey, Mr. John Ray, of Stroudsburg, Pa., and Miss Mary Ray, of Tamaqua, Pa.

Feb. 10th, by Rev. G. B. Dechant, at the house of Mr. Sheirman, at Saylorsburg, John Shafer, of Northampton Co., and Miss Emma J. Felker, of Hamilton, this county.

At Fennersville, at the Reformed Parsonage March 24th, by Rev. G. B. Dechant, Mr. Geo. A. Faulstick, of Hamilton and Miss Mary Ann Altemose of Ross, both of this county.

On Tuesday April 2d, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. R. Pitts, Nathaniel P. Kintz and Hannah, daughter of Mr. Bennett Morgan, all of Smithfield, tsp., Pa.

At Tobyhanna, March 25th, by Rev. S. R. Gillingham, Mr. John J. Wilton, and Miss Emma M. Parker, both of Tobyhanna.

At the Reformed Parsonage, at Brodheadsville, April 2d, by Rev. D. E. Schoedler, Mr. Wm. Bond, and Mary Ann Kresge, both of Sugar Valley, Chestnuthill tsp.

On March 31st, at the house of the bride's parents, by Rev. D. E. Schoedler, Mr. Paul Muller, of Wuertemberg, Germany, and Miss Sarah Elizabeth Hart, of Tobyhanna.

On March 31st, by Rev. D. E. Schoedler, Mr. Wm. Keenhold and Miss Lucinda Schilling, both of Tunkhannock.

Auditor's Notice.

The undersigned appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe County, Auditor to make distribution of the money in the hands of Tho. M. McIlhaney, Assignee of Jerome Storm, for the benefit of creditors, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Friday, April 26, 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M. at his Office, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, when and where all persons having any claim against said fund will present the same or be forever debarred from coming in for any share thereof.

C. BURNETT, Auditor.

April 4, 1872.—4t.