The Jeffersonian,

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1868.

☞ The attention of the reader is directed to the Card of M. D. Coolbaugh, Painter, inserted in to day's *Jeffersonian*

Oyster Supper.

The Good Templars of Canadensis propose giving an Oyster Supper at their Lodge room, on Thursday evening, Feb 27th, for the benefit of their Lodge.

The public are most cordially invited to attend. Don't fail to come, one and all

Good for Paradise Valley.

In Paradise Valley, from June, 1867, to the 15th of the present month, there were eleven couples married. The Valley contains but 187 inhabitants. So a friend informs us. If no untoward event takes place the population will have increased some by the time the next census is taken.

Donation.

The friends and congregation of the Craig's Meadow's M. E. Church, purpose making their pastor, Rev. Henry Litts, a donation visit, on Tuesday, the 25th inst, at the Church, afternoon and evening. The public generally are cordially invited to attend. Should the above day prove stormy the donation will come off on the next fair day.

Sales of Real Estate.

Wm. S. Rees sold to Hannah Slutter, of Stroud township, a House and Lot situate on Simpson Street, in Stroudsburg, for $1,000.

Geo. L. Walker, Real-Estate Agent, reports the sale of two Lots in front of the Brewery at East Stroudsburg. One Lot 25 by 250 to John Chambers, of Middle Smithfield, for $235; and one Lot 30 by 250 to John H. Marvin, of Jackson, for 235. Mr. Walker has 8 Lots adjoining these for sale.

Lecture!

Dr. A. R. Jackson, of Stroudsburg, will deliver a Lecture in the Middle Smithfield Presbyterian Church, on Friday evening, Feb. 21, 1868. Subject — "Egypt and the Holy Land." As Dr. Jackson has lately returned from a visit to the "Holy Land," and has *seen* the things of which he will speak, his lecture will be doubly interesting. This will be a rare opportunity for receiving information on this all important subject. All are cordially invited to attend. Tickets, 25 cents.

☞ The Republican Convention, called for the purpose of appointing Delegates to represent this Congressional District in the National Republican Convention, to be held at Chicago, on Wednesday, the 20th of May next, and also to the Republican State Convention, at Philadelphia on the 11th of March, will be held at the American Hotel, in this borough, on Tuesday next. John N Stokes, Theodore Schoch, and M. L. Drake are the Delegates, appointed to represent this county in the Convention. Northampton, Carbon, Monroe, Pike and Wayne Counties comprise the District.

Improvements.

Our streets are beginning to become completely lumbered up with piles of stones, lumber, and brick, preparatory to the commencement of improvement operations in the spring. Go into what street or what direction you will, the inevitable stone, lumber and brick evidences of the go-a-headitiveness of the age will stare you in the face. This would become an intolerable nuisance, but for the fact that without these things we could not have houses, and without houses our rapidly increasing population could not be held together. At least a dozen houses will be erected during the coming summer, and at least two dozen more would find tenants at good rentals if our capitalists could be induced to erect them.

The Lecture.

We understand that Dr. Jackson's lecture on "Egypt and the Holy Land," delivered last Tuesday evening in the Court-House, was unusually interesting and instructive. The Doctor's lectures prove that in passing through those countries he has not been an idle spectator, but that he has given his attention closely to things and events as they impressed his mind. We doubt not that those who were luckey enough to hear the lecture possess much clearer views concerning the noticeable features of those antique, eventful, and peculiarly interesting countries.

The next and last lecture of the course will be delivered next Tuesday evening, by Stephen Holmes, jr., Esq. Subject — "Curiosities of Language." And considering the lecturer's subject and his peculiar talent to amuse and at the same time instruct an audience, we doubt not Mr. Holmes' lecture will be the most popular, if not the most interesting, of the course.

☞ We have had now, in this neighborhood, nearly three months' of uninterrupted good sleighing. In the memory of the oldest inhabitant it is not recorded when we have had just such a winter as the present. With the exception of one or two insignificant fizzles or dizzles, we have had no rain since the holidays Every storm has been a snow storm, and we have had snow-storms about twice a week. The weather has been uniformly cold, with the thermometer, for several days, ranging from zero to 22 degrees below that point. In Philadelphia, a week or two ago, they had a perfect deluge of rain, while we, as usual, were blessed with a mild snow-storm, merely to patch up the sleighing.

☞ About as ingenious and useful an invention as has recently come under our observation is a newly patented "Swift or Reel," of which Mr. J. A. Clements has the disposal. The machine can be changed from a reel to a swift, or *vice versa*, in a moment, and as it is made to be screwed to a table, and to fold up after you are done with, it can be brought into use in a shorter time, and be put away in a smaller space than any reel or swift we ever saw. The contrivance will prove a great convenience to farmers, having flax and yarn or warp to wind, and will prove a handy acquisition to town households as well. To see the machine in operation is to be convinced, reader, that it is just such an article as you and every one else ought to have. Mr C. has the Swift and Reel combined or Swifts alone, which, considering their utility and the ingeniousness displayed in their get up, he is disposing of at the most reasonable prices. He has also several township rights for the sale of the articles to dispose of, out of which active young men could not fail to make money. The articles sell quite readily.

"The Ross Quartette."

If we offer any thing by way of exposition, or review the respective merits of Mr. and Mrs. Ross as public performers, we are only repeating, or verifying the opinions of others who have witnessed their masterly duetts. There is nothing irregular or coarse in their Comics; there is elegance and pathos in the soft devotion of their Sentimentals; their first song, though delightful, is never characteristic of what is to follow — an original and decisive adjunct, ever pervading in variety their many and judicious songs. They are ever significant. Some trait, topic, or allusion, blending harmony and feeling together throughout the most varied character imaginable. So far we have made good our promise when we intimated that it would be excellent, and now for what we have to say about it.

"How Sweet it is to Meet Again;" "Minnie Lee," the "Prophets," and "Lashed to the Mast." We affirm these to be unrivaled in any department of sentimental inspiration, any operatic galaxy however grand. To refinement is added grace, elegance, and easy outflow of numbers, whose verbal simplicity renders them delightful, and awakes the audience to a true susceptibility of the sublime. We know not which song was sung best, they were all excellent. — "When the Evening Star went Down," was all rapture, sensation, and blended with a dignity of solemn transport — the deep bass ringing with a thousand vibrations, though the clear softness of the *Alto;* and the accompaniment enriching with distinctness the harmonious difference of either. We think that the "Prophets" was the best of the sentimentals; the sweetest and most pathetic; but we would venture to say that "Lashed to the Mast" showed greater ability in the singers, and was consequently superior in execution. We would remark further that however beautiful the songs, they must be peculiarly significant of the times, else their effect is destroyed; and the ability of the singer however exalted, cannot be fully appreciated by a general audience. Prof. Ross has succeeded in both of these.

The Duetts were very natural. "Mr and Mrs. Brown," and "Not at all Like Me," were as perfect in their portraiture as any thing we have yet witnessed. Mr. Brown defined the drunkard to be every thing that he is: in attitude, speech, and treatment of his wife, he has warned us in a jocose way, that strong drink engenders falsehood, jealousy and madness; that to willingly take the wine cup, we cast aside our manhood, wisdom and happiness, in exchange for the vile poison of diluted and inebriating liquors. They were executed with consumate skill; but we doubt if they surpassed other comic pieces, represented by the children of our last concert, under the auspices of Miss Dutot. If they did, it only involves submission on our part — if they did not, we must admit that although the Ross Troupe is the best that has entertained us, we will not submit to be accounted inferior in any thing. Miss Dutot certainly excels Mrs. Ross as a public performer, her address is far superior, her refinement unquestionably greater; her audience admire, and are absorbed as they contemplate the bold intensity and the tragic heroism in her tone and gesture. "I will not Marry You," and "Grafted into the Army," performed by her pupils, although children, are not yet surpassed; to say nothing of the "Old Arm Chair;" the solos by Miss Gunsaules, Miss Melick and Mrs. Shoemaker. The "Ross Quartette" are perfect in their way, no doubt; they are professionals; their facilities are numerous, while among ourselves there is an undercurrent of opposition, ill-feeling and jealousy. They are the best we have seen yet in Stroudsburg, though we have materials for the organization of a better Troupe if we set to work about it. We are wonderfully blessed with good singers Mr. Eilenberger is ours, and we feel a pride in our claim — we have furnished to the country the best bass singer of the present day; and shortly, we may entertain other folks in other towns, by sending out a Troupe from amongst us to realize a vocal notoriety. It seems hard to our selfishness to give honorable credit to those who were reared with us, and who have surpassed us in accomplishment. "A prophet is not respected in his own country;" every one throws a grudge at his neighbor's door, and to ensure success in any department of public life, we must leave our home and kindred, and receive it at the hands of strangers.

But that ugly Court House — dingy and criminal from floor to ceiling — its old stove pipe and pillar obstructing the view of every one. It is the last place in the world to hold a concert: no sound escapes paralisis — it drops from the instrument or the voice downward, and remains so and is heard at the farther end without a vibration, or a swell. It is hard for one to be content, but we must wait till our people propose to build something better, — a Town Hall, — and leave the Court-House to the jurors and their criminal friends. A SPECTATOR.

From the Newark Daily Advertiser.

The Grant-Johnson Correspondence.

The lawyer and the soldier have met in conflict, and the entire correspondence between the two appears, in the newspapers. Without the space to give the whole of this interesting and characteristic correspondence, we are compelled to furnish an abstract, which we endeavor to make entirely truthful.

On the 25th of January Gen. Grant wrote to the President a lenghty letter, requesting the latter to give him written instead of verbal instructions, in reference to the obedience that he (Gen. Grant) should accord to orders received from Mr. Stanton as Secretary of War. It is concended, on both sides, that the President had taken the extreme position of directing Gen. Grant to take no notice of any orders received by him from Secretary Stanton. General Grant says with soldierly frankness, that he is no lawyer He at first supposed that the President was entirely master of the situation, so far as the organization of his Cabient was concerned. A subsequent perusal of the Tenure of Office act convinced him to the contrary. The President, however, contended that Gen. Grant was appointed under the constitution, and that he was therefore absolved from obedience to the law. Gen Grant declined to make himself an interpreter of the law, or to allow the President to interpret it for him.

Just here, a singular, question of fact arises. The President claims, asserts and reasserts, that Gen. Grant, in some private interviews, promised that in any event that Mr. Stanton should be sustained by the Senate, he would either resign the office of Secretary of War in time to permit the appointment of a successor, or would remain at its head, awaiting a decision of the question by judicial proceedings. The question of veracity here involved may the simplified by the statement that Gen. Grant does not deny that in his first interviews, last summer, with the President on this subject, he supposed that the latter was entirely his superior officer, his master, and that he conceded many things which he withdrew after reading and studying the law. The President holds that Gen. Grant never, at any time, intimated that he had changed his mind.

Upon this point the difference is irreconcilable. The facts, as conceded by both parties, are that on Saturday, the 11th of January, Gen Grant visited the President to consult with him on the action he should take, were Secretary Stanton reinstated by the Senate. Grant says that at that interview he distinctly informed the President that in case of Mr Stanton's reinstatement he should surrender the office. The President says that the matter was at that time left unsettled, and that Gen. Grant appointed another interview for the succeeding Monday. Grant says that no such appointment was made, but that on the Saturday in question the President was fully informed of his intended action.

Which shall we believe, the shrewd lawyer, learned in the laws of evidence, or the plain, blunt soldier, who says to his superior officer, "You lie"? In his final letter to the President, reviewing the previous correspondence, Gen. Grant says, in bold and emphatic words: "The course you have understood I agreed to pursue, was in violation of law, and that without orders from you; while the course I will pursue, and which I never doubted you fully understood, was in accordance with law, and not in disobedience to any orders of my superier And now, Mr President, when my honor as a soldier and integrity as a man have been so violently assailed, pardon me for saying that I can but regard this whole matter, from beginning to end, as an attempt to involve me in the resistance of law, for which you hesitated to assume the responsibility, in order thus to destroy my character before the country. I am, in a measure, confirmed in this conclusion by your recent orders directing me to disobey orders from the Secretary of War, my superior, and your subsordinate; without having countermanded his authority, I am to disobey.

Our own impresion, derived from a careful persual of this coorespondence, is that Gen. Grant in the very difficult position in which he has been placed, has acted with a true, soldierly honor, that has defeated and disgraced the legal tactics of the President. The latter is a man accustomed to political intrigue. He is an eager aspirant for the candidacy of the democracy in the next Presidential campaign. Gen Grant was his most formidable opponent; and he is endeavoring to put him out of the way by involving him in a labyrinth of diplomatic quibbles. — But the real question in the whole matter is as to whom we should believe We can only answer that if Grant lies now, it is the first time. Can any man say the same for his antagonist?

In the meantime, while the President has directed Gen. Grant to pay no attention to orders received from the Secretary of War, his constitutional superior, Gen. Grant has flatly refused to follow the instructions of the President, and in a letter dated January 30th, says:— "While his authority in the War Department is not countermaned it will be satisfactory evidence to me that any others issued from the War Department, by direction of the President, are authorized by the Executive." The whole affair as painful insomuch as it makes plain the odious fact that honorable men and brave soldiers, like Gens. Grant and Sherman, who have acted together in this controversey, cannot maintain decent personal relation with Mr. Johnson.

☞ If you feel debilitated and "worn out," and want something to tone up the system, instead of using stimulants, take Dr. H. Anders' Iodine Water, a most powerful vitalizing agent and restorative It permeates the entire system and its effect is permanent.

Sacramental Wine.

A pure and unintoxicating wine, prepared from the finest native grown Port Grapes, especially for the use of Christian churches, and guaranteed to retain its grateful flavor and essential qualities unimpaired for any period, by A. Speer, Passaic, N. J. and 208 Broadway, New York

Our druggists have some that is four years old.

A HOUSEHOLD WORD. THE BEST, the only reliable, the cheapest. Try it Mrs S. A. ALLEN'S IMPROVED (*new style*) HAIR RESTORER OR DRESSING, (*in one bottle*) My wife and children prefer it Every Druggist sells it. Price One Dollar.

In the Court of Quarter Sessions of Luzerne county, on Saturday last, Judson Walcott, a notorious desperado, was sentenced on three indictments to fourteen years and three months imprisonment, with orders that at the expiration of that term he be returned to that court for sentence under eight additional indictments

A Mr. Shaffer of Huntingdon county was swindled out of two hundred dollars lately. The way was this: A stranger called at his house, and while there two Jew peddlers called and offered two *gold* watches for sale. The man there first offered $200 for them, which was, of course, refused, the Jews saying they were worth $300. Before leaving they succeeded in loaning them to Mr. S. for the use of $200 for a few days No Jews, no money, only two bogus *gold* watches to remember them by.

In Bangor, on Tuesday of last week, the horse and pung of Joseph Kearney, a smuggler of liquors from Woodstock, N. B., was seized by the Excise collector. The pung was constructed specially for concealment of the contraband. Under the seat was a tin-lined tank that held a barrel of liquor: in the dasher also a "trap" which contained a half-dozen bottles. A traveling valise was found to contain several bottles of brandy, nicely stowed away.

The Morris and Essex Railroad Company earned for the last six months in 1866, $532,459.09; and in 1867, $856,409 84. The increase of last six months of 1867 was $320,959.75

The Honesdale *Republic* mentions that David Jillard, keeper of a grocery in that town, shot a rowdy customer through the heart one day last week, killing him instantly.

The Auditor General of Pennsylvania is authorized to seize property and assets of defunct corporations, and hold them for the benefit of individuals investing.

Gov. Geary has offered a reward of $2,000 for the apprehension of the murderer of John Casey, witness in the Senate contested election case of Robison against Shugart.

Special Notices.

The Last Crowning Success.

Mrs. S. A. ALLEN'S IMPROVED HAIR RESTORER

FAVORITE HAIR DRESSING

New Style in one Bottle

will quickly restore Gray Hair to its natural color and beauty, and produce luxuriant growth. It is perfectly harmless, and is preferred over every other preparation by those who have a fine head of hair, as well as those who wish to restore it. The beautiful gloss and perfume imparted to the Hair make it desirable for old and young.

For Sale by all Druggists.

DEPOT, 198 GREENWICH ST., N. Y.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR

Nov. 21, 1867.—1 yr.

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS AND debilitated whose sufferings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired! Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart! Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, get out of order! Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flocky, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired! Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flaggy, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

Now, reader, self abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man.— Did you ever think of those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face — none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease — idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posperity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upwards of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HOLMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway New York, and
104 South 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE — $1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6 50, delivered to any address. Sold by all druggists everywhere. [Feb. 28, '67.

Among the many restoratives which nature has supplied to relieve the afflictions of humanity there is no more favorite one for a certain class of diseases than the "medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree, but however valuable it is, its power to heal, to soothe, to relieve and cure, is enhanced tenfold by scientific and judicious combination with other ingredients, in themselves of equal worth. This happy mingling exists to a remarkable degree in

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry,

whose value in curing Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Pulmonary Affection, and Incipient Consumption is inestimable.

Strong Testimony.

From Benjamin Wheeler, Esq., Depot Master of South Royalston, Mass.

"In the spring of 1858 I was most severely afflicted with a hard dry cough, with its usual accompaniments of night sweats, completely prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of health that, after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all hopes of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was prevailed upon through the influence of a neighbor to try Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and before using two bottles, the effect was almost magical. My cough entirely left me, the night sweats deserted me, hope once more elated my depressed spirits, and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor. Thus has this Balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts, literally snatched me from the yawning grave. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted."

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont St., Boston, and for sale By Druggists generally

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE.

cures in a very short time

CUTS, BURNS, SCALDS, WOUNDS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, RING-WORM CHAPPED HANDS, BOILS, FROZEN LIMBS, FELONS, CHILBLAINS, &c.

It is prompt in action, removes pain at once, and reducing the most angry looking swellings and inflammations, as if by magic,—thus affording relief and a complete cure.

SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston, Proprietors. Sold by all Druggists Grocers, and at all country stores. [Feb. 6.-1m.

CHILDREN'S LIVES SAVED FOR 50 CENTS.

THOUSANDS OF CHILDREN DIE annually of Croup. Now, mothers, if you would spend 50 cents, and always have a bottle of Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment in the house, you need never fear losing your little one when attacked with this complaint. It is now 20 years since I have put up my Liniment, and never heard of a child dying of Croup when my Liniment was used; but hundreds of cases of cures have been reported to me, and many state if it was $10 per bottle would not be without it. Besides which, it is a certain cure for Cuts, Burns, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throats, Swellings, Mumps, Colic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Spasms, Old Sores, and Pains in the Back and Chest. No one once tries it who is ever without it. It is warranted perfectly safe to take internally. Full directions with every bottle. Sold by the Druggists. Depot, 56 Cortlandt Street, New York. [Feb. 6.-1m.

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, CHEMIST, 823 Broadway, New York.

May 16, 1867.—1yr.

PROOFS OF THE SUPERIORITY OF

THE AMERICAN WALTHAM WATCHES.

This country has reason to be proud of this splendid specimen of American operative genius and enterprise. That it will work a revolution in the watch manufacturing of the world no one can doubt who examines the operations of the Waltham establishment, for it turns out watch movements at just about one-half the cost of imported movements—beside the uniform reliability of the machine-made watches must give them a great advantage over all others wherever known. A poor time-piece of the machine make will be as rare in the future as a good one of hand make has been heretofore, for machinery is arbitrary in its performance, and can make a perfect article just as easy as one that is worthless. It will be a cause of congratulation that this highly useful American Enterprise shall have the effect of driving out of market the thousands of trashy foreign articles misnamed timekeepers, by furnishing so excellent and economical a substitute."—*N. Y. Times.*

"We have had one of the works of this Company in a case for some considerable time, and, comparing them with former first-class works of different manufacture possessed by us, they have established in our opinion their superiority over any ever introduced for correctness as time pieces."—*The World.*

"We notice with regret (writing of the Paris Exposition) the absence of specimens American manufacture, which, although only comparatively of recent birth among us, is already producing results of the most satisfactory character. The watches manufactured by the Waltham Company are certainly, as far as strength, durability, and excellence as time-keepers are concerned, as good as anything produced by the French or Swiss manufactures."—*N. Y. Herald.*

"The beauty, the precision, the greater cheapness, the uniform excellence of a watch constructed by machinery so exquisite that the mere spectacle of its operation is poetic, gradually give the American Watches a public preference which will not be deceived."—*Harper's Weekly.*

EVERY WATCH FULLY WARRANTED.

For Sale by all First-Class Dealers in the United States and British Provinces.

For further information address the Agents,

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
182 Broadway, N. Y.

Jan. 23, 1868.—1m.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes that every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No 165 S. Second St., Williamsburgh, N. Y.

May 16, 1867.—1yr.

The above Remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections, together with a pamphlet giving the prescription and a short history of his case, can be obtained of Mr. Wilson's authorized agents,

DREHER & BRO., Druggists,
Stroudsburg, Pa.

P. S. — Pamphlets furnished free of charge

Dec. 19, 1867.—3m.

SUDDEN DEATH

is the fate of every fibre upon which the

CAUSTIC POISON

of any ordinary hair dye falls. There is no

RESURRECTION

for the filaments thus blighted. But, as it were, in the

TWINKLING OF AN EYE,

hair of any obnoxious color is changed to a

RICH AND GLORIOUS HUE,

and at the same time vitalized and improved by the use of

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

nature's safe ally, and beauty's regenerator. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 68 Maiden Lane, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers.

Feb. 6.—1m.

Itch! Itch!! Itch!!

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

in from 10 to 48 hours.

WHEATON'S OINTMENT cures THE ITCH.
WHEATON'S OINTMENT cures SALT RHEUM.
WHEATON'S OINTMENT cures TETTER.
WHEATON'S OINTMENT cures BARBERS' ITCH
WHEATON'S OINTMENT cures OLD SORES.
WHEATON'S OINTMENT cures EVERY KIND OF HUMOR LIKE MAGIC.

Price, 50 cents a box; by mail, 60 cents. Address WEEKS & PORTER, No. 170 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

For sale by all Druggists.

Sept. 19, 1867.—1yr.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
42 Cedar Street, New York.

May 16, 1867.—1yr.

DIED.

In Stroudsburg, on the 16th inst., Mr. GEORGE L. VAN BUSKIRK, aged 74 years.

In Hamilton, on the 15th inst., JOHN EDGAR, son of Mr. and Mrs. Krumacher, aged 1 year, 11 months and 25 days. Disease — Measels.

Funeral services were conducted by the Rev. L. N. Worman.

Public Sale.

THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES WILL be disposed of at PUBLIC SALE, at the PHŒNIX HALL, Stroudsburg, Feb. 26th, 1868:—

One Threshing Machine (two-horse tread power), one set Cottage Furniture, one Bureau, one Castor, and other articles too numerous to mention. P. S. WILLIAMS,

Feb. 20, 1868. Secretary.