



The Jeffersonian

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1867.

Preaching.

Rev. D. M. Henkel will preach in the Court-House, next Sunday morning, at half past ten o'clock, A. M., the 17th inst.

Subscribe in Time!

In our next paper will appear a story of the War, entitled, "The Union Volunteer." It will be found on perusal to be graphic and beautiful in detail; and all lovers of the romantic and pathetic, will find pleasure in reading it. It will be continued through several numbers. Bid your friends subscribe in time in order to secure the whole story.

We are indebted to Mr. D. M. Haney, son of our old friend C. H. Haney, Esq., for a copy of the Omaha Daily Republican, published at Omaha, Nebraska. The paper is of large size (eight columns to the page), and is filled with interesting items of things occurring in that far off region.

We learn that D. S. Lee and S. S. Lee have bought the entire stock of Furniture of Andrew Rogers, in this place, to which they have added a superior stock of all kinds of Furniture. Business will be carried on at the old stand by Lee & Brother. Their advertisement will appear next week.

A Rich Treat in Store for us.

We learn that arrangements are about perfected with Maj. J. L. Ringwalt, our former fellow-townman, and the whilom editor of the Monroe Democrat, for the delivery of two lectures, in this borough, on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, December 3d & 4th, subject—"The Plains and the Rocky Mountains." The Major has traveled over and carefully examined the ground comprised in the Lectures, and as he is a gentleman of more than ordinary ability and keenness of observation, we can safely promise, and the public as safely expect, a literary treat, such as was never before, perhaps, afforded them. The Lectures will be illustrated by means of twelve large paintings 7 1/2 by 13 feet, and numerous selections from eighty large colored views. There is no mere supposition as to the excellence of the Lectures. They were delivered nightly, to crowded audiences, in one of the largest halls in Philadelphia, for a number of nights, and received the warmest commendations both of the press and gentlemen of the finest literary perceptions, belonging to all parties and creeds. The Lectures are to be delivered under the auspices, and for the benefit of the Presbyterian Church of this borough. We hope large crowds will gather to greet the Major.

The first number of the Scranton Daily Republican, was received at this office a few days ago. It is a large thirty-two-column paper, and in neatness of typography, and excellence of both original and selected matter approaches as near perfection as any other paper within our knowledge. The enterprising publishers, Messrs. F. A. Crandall & Jos. A. Scranton, deserve, and we are much mistaken if they do not receive, a most liberal patronage. Such papers are an ornament to the town (we beg pardon—city) in which they are published.

The Grant Movement.

We see, by our exchanges, that a movement in favor of General Grant, as the Republican candidate for the Presidency, is being organized in nearly every county in this State, and that the Republicans of other States are following in the same direction. Would it not be well for the Republicans of Monroe to give the matter some consideration. The names of ex-Gov. Curtin, Hon. Wm. D. Kelly, and the Hon. Galusha A. Grow are named in connection with the Vice-Presidency on the same ticket with Grant. With Grant for President and either of the gentlemen named for Vice-President, we could most cheerfully "fight it out on that line," though it takes all winter and summer to boot. The Democracy nowhere take to Grant. They contend that Grant has no sympathy with Radicalism, but they take it for granted that he will not suit them.

Speer's Port Grape Wine.

The mild character and superior tonic properties of the Port Grape Wine over those formerly used by physicians have deservedly created for it a place in our sick rooms and hospitals. Government now uses it. The Sanitary and Christian commissioners use it; and Mr. Speer in producing so excellent a native wine is a benefactor in his line. His business is now very extensive, and what with drawing off and bottling, packing and box-making, quite a force is engaged.

To the remotest part of the country his cases are sent, and by means of his medicinal and Sacramental Port Grape Wine, the name of Wm. Speer has become everywhere a familiar household word.—Pater-son Guardian.

Our druggists have some of this wine.

Let us Organize.

Republican brethren, let us organize. The time to do so is now here. The result of the last election showed us the folly of going into and continuing in a contest hap-hazard; and the experience there obtained should teach us to work in the future. With a clear majority of 20,000 in the State, Judge Williams, one of the ablest jurists and best of men, was defeated by a majority of less than one thousand—defeated by fraud committed by our opponents, without a doubt—but defeated far more by the lukewarmness of Republicans, who trusted to the performance of duty by others while they neglected duty themselves. To have elected Judge Williams by "the mere skin of his teeth" when his majority should have rolled into thousands, would have been far more disgraceful than his defeat, by the few paltry hundreds which the Sharswoodites obtained over him by fraud. Had the party been properly organized this could not have happened, and the true friends of Union and the world over would have been happy over the demonstrated fact—for it is a fact nevertheless—that the Keystone of the Federal Arch is impregnable today, as it was in the dark days of the Government, against the inroads of Rebels and traitors, whether armed or unarmed. In the past let us seek a prompter for the future of our party; and let us resolve that General Apathy shall no longer command our forces. Let us compel him to abdicate at once, and, uniting under Grant, or some other equally energetic leader, gather our scattered forces, and concentrate for the mighty struggle of 1868. If we do not do so, there is nothing more certain than that the principles which govern Vallandigham, Jeff. Davis, Reed, Lee, Woodward, Toombs, Wall and Ingersoll, are the principles which will govern the country for the next four years. For the proof of disorganization which prevailed in the party during the last campaign, we need not go beyond our own county. In this county, we can easily poll eight hundred Republican votes, and, with energetic exertion, could swell the vote to one thousand, when, in fact, we hardly polled half that number. Properly and energetically organized as a party, we would not have had this result to reproach ourselves with.

But how shall we organize? This is a question easily answered, and as easily carried into effect affirmatively. First, let every Republican resolve himself into a committee of one, and, as such, in his leisure moments, do his duty faithfully. Talk to your lukewarm neighbor; and, after thoroughly posting yourself by reading your county paper, and such other papers and documents as come in your way, don't hesitate to tackle even those who are most strenuous in their opposition. The strongest points in the enemy's creed cannot stand before the withering torch of plain Republican truth.—The Record of Democracy for the last six years is a record of infamy, which needs but to be made plain to the people to be looked upon with abhorrence. The mass of the Democracy is honest, and need to know but the truth to induce them to live under and act up to it. The leaders of Democracy know this, and hence their zeal to keep the truth away from those whom they deceive—or to so encompass it with the sophistries of declamation, that men who are not posted become confused, and are induced to continue on in the old way, because they do not see that Democracy, that stalwart word of ancient renown, is only the sugar coating, employed to cloak the wicked inventions of the political demagogue. An energetic Republican committee of one, in each township, can do wonders in the way of opening the eyes of his neighbors to the truth, if he will but rationally set about the matter. But where two or three, or a dozen or more, of such exist in a township, how much may reasonably be expected from earnest heartfelt work? Let these meet, often as may be convenient, in consultation as to the best means of securing the end, and it will not be long ere one, and then another, and then another will fall into line, until at last you will be surprised yourselves at the success of your work. It is in this way that the political standing of townships are revolutionized, and with such labor properly inaugurated in it, we should not be surprised ere many years to see even Middle Smithfield, the very South Carolina of our townships (we are now almost inclined to beg pardon of that now loyal State), noted as among the foremost for its heavy Republican majorities.

Another means of securing organization, is the circulation of your county paper, and Republican documents generally. Above all, however, should your party organ for the county meet your earnest support—not in your personal subscription and prompt payment merely, but also in your earnest efforts to secure the subscription of others, so that all may read it, and in the securing for it of extended jobbing and advertising patronage. The Democracy understand the benefit of this kind of organization thoroughly, and leave no stone unturned

which promises to increase the usefulness of its organ and the personal profit of its editor. As the profits of the latter increase, the facilities for furnishing a paper fully up to the times are offered, and greater usefulness to the cause secured. As it is in this respect with the Democratic organ and its editor, so also should it be with the Republican organ and its editor, with this marked difference—that while in the former it aids in the promulgation of those pernicious principles which led to Rebellion and well nigh ruined the country, in the latter it helps disseminate those glorious principles which conquered Rebellion, and is now establishing the Union, the Constitution and the Laws on a basis impregnable permanent. By securing a Democratic subscriber to your party organ, you secure a reader who may be convinced of his error and become a Republican voter, while at the same time you give such aid to your editor as will certainly end in securing a sheet of which no one need feel ashamed.

As auxiliary to these means of thorough organization consultation with your brethren of other sections of the county as well of other counties will prove of great service. By so doing, advice and experience will be exchanged, a perfect system will be secured, and all be strengthened for a more faithful performance of duty. Brethren, as you love your country, and the glorious principles of your party, which past experience conclusively show can alone sustain it, we conjure you to think seriously upon these suggestions, and act upon them at once. Now is the time to begin.

We observe that quite a number of our Republican contemporaries are urging Gen. James L. Selfridge, late Revenue Collector for this District, for the office of Clerk of the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, this winter. A better man for the position could not be selected, and we hope to have it in our power, upon the organization of the Legislature, to announce his election. Gen. Selfridge besides fitness, has peculiar claims upon the dominant party in the House. He entered the army upon the first call for three month men, and continued with it, without interruption, until the last rebel had surrendered; participating in many a hard fought battle, and always performing his duty as became the thorough soldier, and the ardent patriot. So well did he perform his part, that though he entered the service in a subordinate position, we believe a private, he left the army a full Brigadier, having been promoted step by step, solely on account of his merit. The man who could gain and maintain the friendship and commendation of such a man as Gen. Sherman, under whom he served, as Gen. Selfridge did, must have made no slight mark in the grand march of armies. On retiring from the army Gen. Selfridge was appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for this District, but was too much of a patriot to suit the Johnson die-nasty.—He was too much of a patriot to allow self to becloud country—too much of a man to sell manhood for a mess of political potage. He refused a command in the "Bread and Butter Brigade," and, notwithstanding he had the warm personal support of Gen. Sherman, and others like him, before the Departments, he must needs be punished for his unbending patriotism. The administration required supple tools in its subordinate positions. Gen. Selfridge did not belong to that class, and he was removed to make room for one who did, and Daniel H. Neiman, a rank Copperhead during the war, and who had not yet lost his reptile instincts, was appointed in his stead. In view of these facts we submit that his elevation to the Clerkship by a Republican House of Representatives would be peculiarly fitting, and in every respect well suited to the times. It will not be necessary for us to vouch for the honesty of his Republicanism. The man who cheerfully preferred to sacrifice a lucrative office, rather than to even pretend to strike hands with Johnson's treachery, needs no index to show his position.

A True Balsam.

Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is truly a Balsam. It contains the balsamic principle of the Wild Cherry, the balsamic properties of tar and of pine. Its ingredients are all balsamic. Coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, and consumption speedily disappear under its balsamic influence.

There is no doubt but what Coe's Dyspepsia Cure excels all remedies ever discovered for the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pain after Eating, Cramps, Colic, and distress in either Stomach or Bowels.—The people all speak in the most flattering terms of its merits.

Another great estate is waiting a lot of American heirs. This time the property lies in Holland, and consists of large tracts of land, bonds, bank stock, railroad securities, &c., worth from \$35,000,000 to \$15,000,000. It is known as the Zimmernuel estate and is claimed by a numerous tribe of Pennsylvania Dutch, who are to hold a meeting this week at Reading, Pa., which it is expected that several hundred claimants will be present.

"The Death of Radicalism." THE ELECTIONS.

Under this heading our Democratic and Conservative contemporaries, are now letting off their largest squibs—literally playing "big Inogen," in the strength of their whoops, because they have managed to carry a State or two. They hoped for still more in the grand results, and had, doubtless, prepared their huzzas with that view; but as only small favors fell into their nets, and as they fear another year may restore the old order of things, and leave them no favors at all, they, doubtless, feel that they had better howl now while they have a chance—and howl they do most lustily. But they were never more mistaken in their lives, than in the supposition that Radicalism is dead. Radicalism, it is true, was caught napping, lulled by the consciousness of its great strength, but Radicalism is not dead, and cannot die. It has a great and glorious mission to accomplish, and it will accomplish it as certainly as that daylight and darkness continue to alternate on the face of the earth. It is yet to be demonstrated to the world that the immortal Declaration of Independence is not a mass of "glittering generalities," and Radicalism must demonstrate the fact, and will demonstrate it. In the hands of Democracy, instead of the fact being made more and more apparent that the precepts of the Declaration were not mere dogmas, but living principles, each succeeding year but strengthened the belief that, by the mass of our people at least, they were looked upon only as so much tinsel, and fit and intended only to be employed as to benefit the few office-holders and aspirants to office, at the expense of the people. So much so, was this the case that an almost continued management of the affairs of the country by the Democratic party leaders, for over three score years, was, by the inherent corruptions, and dishonest practices of that party, compelled to culminate in the most gigantic civil war the world ever witnessed. To this end Democracy brought us, and the world now looks to Radicalism, as the party which rescued us from the danger, to give living tangible proof that our Declaration of the right and capacity of man for self-government is not a flouting lie. And Radicalism will do it. Radicalism will not always sleep.

But what is the result over which Democrats and Conservatives crow so loudly; and from which they prophecy the death of Radicalism? They carried California, because of a split in the Republican party, on a small vote on the part of the Republicans, growing out of the apathy caused by that split.

They carried Connecticut, in part, because of local issues, which will probably never again be up in an election in that State. They carried Kentucky, as it was right and proper they should, because of its more than questionable loyalty during the war, and because every rebel soldier was permitted to vote, and all voted, where their affinities lay, with the Democrats.

They carried Pennsylvania, because some forty thousand Republican voters remained at home, while only some twenty thousand Democrats followed the pernicious example; and even then they carried it by less than one thousand majority, with all their lying and known fraud. They have the Judge, and the Legislature.

They have carried New York by 10,000 or 15,000 majority, only because New York City gave the Democracy some 60,000 majority, wherein, it is known that, at least 25,000 forged naturalization papers were issued.

They have carried "Maryland, my Maryland," as the rebels used to sing so lustily, because the rebel armies are disbanded, and the rebel soldiers are again at home to aid those who so generally aided and comforted them while they, under Lee, and Johnston and Jeff. Davis were fighting for the destruction of the government. Where such men have their homes and have free scope Democracy and Conservatism are always sure to flourish.

They carried New Jersey, on a legislative ticket merely, because as in Pennsylvania apathy controlled the Republicans and kept them from working as they should have done. This is all they have done, however, and they have nothing in this to give them cause for crowing. Another year will bring forth issues too important to be trammelled with mere local issues, when California and Connecticut, and Pennsylvania, and New York and New Jersey will again wheel into line, and side by side, with Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa, Wisconsin, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Tennessee, Missouri, and the rest of the States form an invulnerable phalanx against the inroads of all the isms that can possibly be joined to stay the onward march of progressive Republicanism.—The divergence of California, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey, even on local issues is to be regretted, but there is nothing in it to discourage. The mass of the people are loyal and honest, and knowing that the salvation of the country can only be worked out by Radicalism, they will see that it be not killed.

Missouri had an agricultural fair at St. Louis last week, the total receipts of which were \$100,000.

Wheat sells for fifty cents a bushel in Marion county, Indiana.

Execution at Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Nov. 12.—Neal Devany, a young Irishman, was today executed for the murder of his wife in July last at Hazelton. Devany had formed an illicit intimacy with another woman and murdered his wife in order to marry the former. Devany made a full confession to his jailer last night. The facts it contains are similar to those developed at the trial. He says that after he shot his wife in the breast, she would have escaped had he not immediately grappled her and cut her throat. He maintains he alone committed the deed. He assigns the cause of the crime to have been the keeping of company with other women. He now expresses regret for doing it, hopes to be forgiven, and says he is prepared to die at any moment. He retired at 9 o'clock last night, sleeping soundly till 4 this morning. At noon Devany left his cell, accompanied by four Catholic clergymen. On the scaffold he confessed himself guilty and forgave the judge, jury and sheriff. At 1 o'clock the drop fell and the convict died almost instantly. Over 500 persons witnessed the execution. Twenty minutes later the body was cut down and delivered to the friends of the deceased for burial.

The Grazing Country of Texas.

Some few weeks ago the editor of the San Antonio (Texas) Express treated himself to a day's ride through the "stock country." He describes what he saw as follows:

The continual rains during the summer have kept the prairies beautiful green, so that from the very edge of the town commences a fine cattle range. Taking a due south course, following within a few miles of the San Antonio river, whose meandering can be distinctly traced by the dark green of its pecan trees, we cross the Medina a few miles above its confluence with the above-named river.

Where we crossed this ancient stream its waters are not perfectly clear, but colored by the soil which forms its banks, composed largely of clay which would make splendid bricks.

Our destination being the Boregas, we left the longer and better road, which follows the San Antonio, to take a short cut through the post-oaks and sand. For six miles we travelled through a thickly wooded district of post-oak, black-jack, and hickory-trees. The hickory nut crop is quite heavy this season. Although there seemed to be nothing but sand, the grass grew as high as a man's head, and of a fine quality, and acres upon acres of wild indigo on each side of our road.—We saw a great many cattle through the post-oaks, all fine, fat large animals.

Just upon getting over the sandy road we came to Mr. Shelley's ranch. He has made hogs a speciality, and his droves of pork were visible in "all directions"; they fatten on the abundant mast, and make the finest meat of the kind in the world. In conversation with Mr. Shelley he acknowledged to living a lazy life, thatin cultivating his corn patch he did not give it one-tenth the attention the work which he had in Kentucky, and that Texas was the easiest country to live in the world.

This is one of the most beautiful grazing countries in the world, the surface undulating, with here and there islands of timbers, and the grass waving like an interminable field of grain. The soil is a light loam, easily worked, and producing everything. Wild grapes abound.—Water can be had by digging anywhere, while the creeks furnish abundant water for stock. Besides cattle there are thousands of sheep being raised in this section.

When a man wants money or assistance, the world, as a rule, is very obliging and indulgent, and—lets him want it.

A company from New York have purchased about 20 acres of land in Shohola township, Pike Co., on which there is a fine bed of peat, about 20 feet deep.—The company are now engaged in building a railroad to connect with the Erie, for the purpose of transporting the peat to New York City.

New Counterfeit.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11. During several days past a number of spurious twenty-five cent notes have been put in circulation. They are the best executed of this denomination yet manufactured, and are calculated to deceive the most careful money takers. The bogus currency may be known by the paper being a trifle thicker than the genuine, and the green on the back a trifle lighter. The vignette of Fessenden is at first glance fully as correct as that of the genuine, but a close scrutiny shows that it is a good wood cut, and not a steel engraving.

The officers of the Washington National Monument Association are about to appeal to Congress and the Country for funds to finish the unsightly and crumbling pile so unfortunately located in a swampy part of that city. Unless the management has changed hands for the better, we hope they will not get a dollar. This project has been cursed with a set of thievish knaves from its commencement, many of whom, including their Judas, decamped to the Rebels at the outbreak of the Rebellion, carrying with them all available funds. The foundation of the monument is insecure, and to waste more money, upon it, or to keep in fine quarters and in good living a set of superumeraries at the expense of the benevolent, is taking disgraceful advantage of the generous devotion of the people to the memory of the "Father of his country."

Gen Meade Questioned.

The Gettysburg (Pa.) Star says that previous to the late election in Pennsylvania, a Democratic Committee of that State approached Gen. Meade to obtain his views on the Presidency, and plausibly to urge his consent to become their candidate. The General said there were three difficulties in the way: 1st. He preferred his present position; 2d. He had no taste for the duties of the Presidency; 3d. He intended voting the Republican ticket.

Lynch Law.

On Thursday night a mob proceeded to the jail at Franklin, Ind., and forcibly took therefrom two men, who were charged with murder, and subsequently hung them in the suburbs of the town. At the first attempt to hang one of them the rope broke, but, another having been procured, the unfortunate man was executed. The next day another murderer was executed at Anderson, Ind.

Cranberry Crop.

The cranberry crop in New Jersey will probably amount to 40,000 barrels, raised mostly in Ocean, Cape May and Burlington counties. The crop elsewhere out of New Jersey is estimated at 60,000 barrels, making the whole crop in the county 100,000 barrels or 300,000 bushels, valued at \$1,200,000. The crop in Ocean County alone is put down at 16,000 barrels and raised mostly from land which was formerly deemed worthless.

Bradley.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The Supreme Court for the District of Columbia having stricken Mr. Bradley's name from the roll of attorneys and he thus being debarred from practicing in any of the courts under its control has resigned his office as attorney for the corporation of Washington.

Governor Geary has issued an official proclamation of the result of the late election in Pennsylvania. The majority for Judge Sharswood for Justice of the Supreme Court is 927, in a total vote of 534,576. Hon. George W. Woodward is declared to have been duly elected Representative in Congress from the Twelfth District, composed of Susquehanna and Luzerne counties.

The London Daily News says of President Johnson—"He has deliberately steered the vessel of state back again into the storms from which it was so steadily emerging, and he will deserve his fate if he is thrown overboard to still the waves."

Another Pedestrian.

New York, Nov. 11.—Mr. Seth Wilber Payne, who has engaged to walk from here to San Francisco in 150 days and to publish an account of what he sees, hears, and does, on the way, left this city at four o'clock this morning and will reach Somerville, N. J., this afternoon.

The Mound City (Kan.) Sentinel says that at Twin Prairie some persons noticed that the prairie was on fire and rallied for the purpose of putting it out, when their attention was called to a man who was riding along the road, dismounting and setting fire to the prairie in different places, some half a mile or mile apart.—The neighbors went in pursuit and captured and hung him.

Secretary Welles has reprimanded and suspended a naval officer who expressed his opinion that Mr. Johnson ought to be impeached. No officer has been reprimanded for calling Congress a body hanging on the verge of the Constitution.—That is Johnism, and no misdemeanor; but to say that an acting President ought to be dealt with according to the Constitution, that is a crime indeed.

A jockey in Toronto bought a horse for \$175, and a few days afterwards made a handsome profit by selling him at the Rochester fair for \$1100. But the new purchaser found he could trot in 2:37, and sold him the next day \$2300.

Whiskey Seizure.

St. Louis, Nov. 9.—The government officers recently seized about 3,000 barrels of high-wines at Hennepin, Illinois, the owners having attempted to defraud the government. The names of the parties owing the spirits has not transpired. The value of the property seized is about \$300,000.

Mr. H. G. Allen, of North Bridgewater, Mass., informs the New England Farmer that he has been very successful in the treatment of the black knot on his plum tree by cutting the knots off carefully, and applying to the wound a little spirits of turpentine.

The Chicago Tribune is of opinion that the commercial supremacy of New York is not so assured but that a new and shorter line of transit from the West to the seaboard might affect it seriously. It calls attention to a proposed route to the James river, below Richmond.

A large cave has been discovered in Berks county, Pa. It is three hundred yards deep, and ends in a yawning chasm. The chasm has not yet been explored.

Forty years ago a chancery suit involving the right of dower was commenced in Albany, and it has just been decided. All the original parties to the suit are dead, and the entire value of the property in dispute has been swallowed by costs.

Judge Merour of Towaunda, a member of the Congressional Railroad Committee, recently addressed the Tennessee Legislature, and received a warm welcome.

Calico dress parties are now the rage in the rural districts. The idea is to correct the extravagance in wardrobes, which has been carried to such extremes by the ladies of America. It is excellent and should succeed.

A woman in Connecticut has been divorced from three men during the year.

The statement of the Commissioners of Emigration, shows that during the year ending October 30th, 1867, 208,438 emigrants have arrived at New York.

Colfax well says: "Every stamp you put upon a deed, a check or a mortgage is a Democratic sticking plaster to remind you of a Democratic Rebellion."

Snow fell rapidly during Sunday night in Vermont, as also in New York, Tuesday, where it melted as fast as it fell.

A man with money never lacks friends, and a man without never lacks somebody to kick him down hill.