



The Jeffersonian,
THURSDAY, JANUARY 3, 1867.

The coldest day of the season was Friday, December 21st. In this place the Thermometer stood at nineteen below zero.

Jacob L. Wyckoff and George Fable, residents of our borough, recently traded properties. Fable takes the portion of Mr. Wyckoff's house recently occupied by Mr. Postens as a hotel, and gives in lieu thereof, the property in Stroud township, known as the Morgan farm, and \$2,000 in cash. Mr. Wyckoff held his property at \$8,000.

Winter Sport.

One of the best places we know of to go to, where the sport of fishing can be enjoyed, in winter, to the best advantage, is Porter's Pond, in Pike county. We spent several days there last summer, and found the hotel, under the management of Mr. Lake and his estimable lady, to be all that could be desired even by the most fastidious visitor. The house, in its every department, was neat and clean as a new pin, the beds were excellent, and the table supplied with eatables in abundance, and cooked in style which would bring a smile of approbation upon the face of an epicure. A party from abroad visited the Pond, a few days ago, and in a few hours fishing took two hundred pickereel. During their stay they took over five hundred. They speak in the highest terms of their accommodation, and of the reasonableness of the charges.

The New Judges.

On Monday last the Associate Judges, Levering, re-lect, and De Young elect, took their seats upon the Bench for the new official term. It is needless to say that both are well qualified for the position. Judge Levering has already occupied his seat for three terms of fifteen years, and at all times, and under all circumstances, has won hosts of friends, by his urbanity and impartiality, and the prompt manner in which he dispatches business as it comes under his control. Judge De Young is well known to our citizens; and, as he has the ability and legal knowledge to enable him to fill the position with credit to himself and the public which elected him, we have no doubt he will make a popular judge. Judge Mackey, who retires, carries with him into his retirement the respect and esteem of all who knew him. He made a most excellent judge. Our Bench as now constituted will compare with advantage with any other in the State.

The revival meetings in the Methodist and Presbyterian churches, are now in the sixth week of their progress, and the interest manifested by the Christian membership, and by the public at large continues unabated. In the Methodist church, upwards of one hundred and fifty have given evidence of being hopefully converted, one hundred and twenty odd of whom, have enrolled themselves on the list of church members. On Sunday and Monday evenings each, there were some thirty seekers at the altar. In the Presbyterian church the interest and inquiry is also great, and quite a number have been added to the church. The indications now are that the meetings will continue for some time to come. Truly, the finger of God must be in this great work. Man's efforts never could produce so great an awakening, which permeates all classes, and all shades of religious opinion in our community. It is the conviction, frequently expressed on all sides, that such meetings were never before held in this section of country.

Notice.

A course of lectures under the auspices of the ladies of the Presbyterian Church, of this borough, will be commenced on Tuesday evening, January 15th, 1867, by Rev. Geo. F. Cain, formerly pastor of this church, now of Erie, Pa. Subject—Elements of Strength in the Church.—He will be succeeded by the following other distinguished gentlemen, as follows: Tuesday evening, January 29th, 1867, George Junkin, D. D. LL. D., of Phila., Pa. Subject—The Woman is the Glory of Man. Tuesday evening, Feb. 12th, 1867, Rev. Jas. W. Wood, of Allentown, Pa. Subject—History of Israel in the Desert. Illustrated. Tuesday evening, February 26th, 1867, Rev. Wm. M. Blackburn, of Trenton, N. J. Subject—Saint Patrick. Tuesday evening, March 12th, 1867, Wm. C. Cattell, D. D. LL. D., of Easton, Pa. Subject—Jerusalem and Adjacent Country. Illustrated. Tickets for the course, \$1 00; single tickets, 25 cts.; children under 12 years, half price. Tickets may be had of either of the undersigned committee, or, at Brown & Keller's Jewelry Store, or, at the Drug

Store of either Wm. Hollinshead, Dreher & Bro., or, Detrick & Williams. Proceeds to be applied to the benefit of the church.

REV. B. S. EVERITT,
JOHN B. STORM,
S. HOLMES, JR.,
Committee.

Court Proceedings.

The December Term of the several Courts of Monroe county, commenced on Monday, the 24th ult. Present, the Hon. George R. Barret, President, and the Hon's Abraham Levering and John De Young, Esqs., Associates. The Grand Jury was organized by the appointment of John Merwine, Foreman. After the receipt of the returns of constables, the charge to the jury, and the transaction of other preliminary business, the court proceeded to the trial of cases.

On motion of S. S. Dreher, Esq., S. G. Throop, Esq., a member of the Bar of Wayne county, was admitted to practice in the several courts of Monroe county.

The Grand Jury ignored quite a number of bills, with directions that the prosecutors pay the costs.

Exceptions were filed to the account of Joseph Troch, Administrator of the account of Joseph Altemose, deceased.

The first case tried was *Jacob P. Foster, to the use of Richard Christopher vs. Robert Huston*.—Verdict for plaintiff.

Commonwealth vs. Depue S. Miller.—Embezzlement.—Grand Jury find True Bill.

In the matter of the Real-Estate of Peter Snyder, dec'd. Report of Commissioners read and approved, and rule granted on heirs to appear at February term, and accept or refuse to take the real-estate at valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

Commonwealth vs. D. L. & W. Railroad Company.—Presentment of Grand Jury for maintaining a nuisance.

Jacob Price vs. William Beececker.—Verdict for plaintiff for \$200.

Commonwealth vs. John Zahn.—Indictment for assault with attempt to ravish.—Verdict, not guilty and defendant pay the costs.

Reuben Shupp vs. The Township of Polk.—New trial granted.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Ehlers.—Indictment—cutting timber-trees.—Verdict guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of \$25 and costs, and to stand committed until sentence is complied with.

The Sheriff, Charles Henry, Esq., acknowledged the following Deeds in open court.

To William Brotzman, for lot of land in the borough of Stroudsburg, sold as property of John N. Lee, for \$950.

To Magdalena Bretenstine, for lot of land in Stroud township, containing 3 acres, 118 perches, sold as the property of Abraham Houck, for \$120.

To Charles Huffsmith, for a lot of land in Chesnuthill township, containing 6 acres, sold as the property of C. L. Edmonds, for \$755.

To John Merwine, for undivided one-fourth part of a lot of land in Tunkhannock township, containing 103 acres, sold as the property of John Bonsor, for \$15.

To Frederick Bartholomew, for lot of land in Chesnuthill township, containing 50 acres, sold as the property of C. L. Edmonds, for \$375.

To George Buttz, for tract of land in Tunkhannock township, containing 130 acres, more or less, sold as the property of Joseph Bonsor, for \$100.

To Hannah Heller, for lot of land in Hamilton township, containing 31 acres and 131 perches, sold as the property of Isaac M. Metzgar, for \$1595.

R. E. J. Eidenberger vs. Del. Lack & Western Railroad Company.—Verdict for plaintiff for \$192.

James R. & Gershom Hull vs. Wm. E. B. & Sydenham Palmer.—Verdict for plaintiff for \$1 and costs.

The Hon. Jeremy Mackey, was appointed to audit and settle the accounts of the Prothonotor and Register & Recorder.

Robert Huston vs. Samuel P. Robinson and Alaydia Robinson.—On motion Richard Christopher is permitted to take out of court the money paid in under the above writ.

The Legislature.

The Legislature, of this State, commenced its session at Harrisburg, on Tuesday last, January 1st. The election of U. S. Senator and State Treasurer, will take place on Tuesday next, the 8th. On Tuesday—the 15th, Governor Andrew G. Curtin, who has held the position for two terms, embracing six years of the most eventful period of our country's history, and filled it with honor to himself, to his State and to the nation, will vacate the Gubernatorial chair, to make room for Gen. John W. Geary, his successor elect. It is a matter of congratulation that the Gen. does not bring inexperience and ignorance of the duties pertaining to the office into the Governorship. He has held positions in which the highest administrative ability was required, and always proved himself fully up to the work before him; it is, therefore, nothing out of the way to say that in his administration of the government, the wise meas-

ures of his illustrious predecessor will be most warmly approved and carried out.—In view of all General Geary's antecedents, we believe that he will make an excellent Governor for Pennsylvania, and that when he lays down his mantle of office, it will prove to be unsullied by spot or blemish.

The following is a complete list of the principal officers of the present Legislature:—

SENATE.

Speaker—Louis W. Hall, of Blair. Chief Clerk—George W. Hammersley, of Philadelphia.

Assistant Clerks—Lucius Rogers, of McKean; Frederick L. Hitchcock, of Luzerne.

Sergeant-at-arms—Major W. M. Hinkson, of Chester.

Doorkeeper—M. Edgar King, of Falton.

HOUSE.

Speaker—John P. Glass, of Allegheny. Chief Clerk—A. W. Benedict, of Huntingdon.

Assistant Clerks—J. R. McAfee, of Westmoreland, and John A. Small, of Dauphin.

Postmaster—J. D. Kirkpatrick, of Mercer.

Assistant Postmaster—James Penrose, of Philadelphia.

Sergeant-at-arms—William J. Owens, of Philadelphia.

Doorkeeper—James McGowan, of Lawrence.

In addition to the above are numerous minor offices, held by parties principally from the interior of the State.

GENERAL NEWS.

Garrotting is in vogue in St. Louis. Sixty millions dollars worth of Government property is stored at Jeffersonville, Ky.

The records of Salisbury prison have been found, with the names of over 2000 Union prisoners reported missing.

There is a young man in Springfield, Mass., 19 years of age, who weighs 270 pounds.

The total receipts of internal revenue for the fiscal year to Dec. 27th, is \$161,637,454.

There are now 170 scholars in attendance at the Soldiers' Orphans School in Quakertown.

Gov. A. J. Hamilton, of Texas, has located in Harrisburg, Pa., and will soon commence the practice of law there.

It is estimated that the value of wheat and flour exported from California the present year will be \$6,500,000 in gold.

E. A. Grant and N. Butler are the proprietors of an academy in Louisville, Ky. Judging from the names that firm should possess excellent qualifications to teach the young idea how to shoot.

An investigation of the recently awarded Indian contracts shows that they are thirty seven thousand dollars higher than were the rejected bids. Lo, the poor Indian has been at the bottom of many dishonest fortunes.

The voting population of New York, at the last election, was 718,841; of Pennsylvania, 597,329; total in both States 1,316,211, representing an aggregate population of 10,900,000, or nearly one-third of the entire Union.

From the beginning of this year to the end of October the number of German immigrants conveyed to the United States from Hamburg was 40,566, against 36,981 at the corresponding period of last year.

A saw manufacturing company has been established in San Francisco upon a very extensive scale. Saws of every description are manufactured from the rough plates of steel which are imported direct from England.

Every particle of rust on iron may be removed by first softening it with petroleum and then rubbing it well with coarse sandpaper. To paint iron, take lamp-black sufficient for two coats, and mix with equal quantities of Japan varnish and boiled linseed oil.

Cracks in furniture may be advantageously filled by the following composition: Moisten a piece of recently burned lime with enough water to make it fall into powder; mix one part of this slacked lime with two parts of rye flour and a sufficient quantity of linseed oil to form it into a thick, plastic mass.

Henry Knause, residing in Hamburg, Berks county, Pa., set a gun-trap in his smoke-house, for the benefit of some thieves who had stolen his meat. He forgot that he had set the trap, and was the first one to open the door of the smoke-house, when the gun was discharged, and he was almost instantly killed.

John and Patrick McCullough, of St. Clair, Schuylkill county, had a hearing on Tuesday of last week on the charge of distilling and selling whiskey without a Government license. A sample of the article made was obtained, and it is said that among the materials used in its manufacture were molasses and horse manure.

Truly, a choice and aromatic liquor for a human being to pour down his throat.

On Thursday night Dr. Whitbeck, of Hudson, slipped upon the icy sidewalk, and falling down, dislocated his ankle. He could not get up again, and would probably have lain there all night had not a horse which had got loose from a stable came nosing around where Dr. Whitbeck laid. Seizing the animal by the head he was enabled to raise himself to his feet, and he then managed to get on the horse's back and ride him down to his office, without saddle or bridle.

Mrs. Millard went to see her husband at a mill in Washingtonville, Orange County, New York, on Saturday, and in passing some machinery, her dress was caught and one of her legs torn from her body. Her husband, in attempting to rescue her, had an arm fearfully mangled. He opened his jack-knife with his teeth, and had nerve enough to cut the tendons holding the injured limb. The husband and wife are both in a critical condition.

Robbery at the Court House—Fire-Proofs Blown Open.

On Wednesday night of last week some scoundrels, in search of plunder, forced their way into the Court House, in this Borough, broke open the doors of the offices of the County Commissioners, County Treasurer and Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, and made a general search of the premises. The entrance to the several offices was made by boring holes obliquely through the doors and partly through the frames, and then forcing them open with an iron bar. From the Commissioners office they took nothing but a suit of clothes, belonging to the Clerk, Mr. Leith, and a few silver coins, which they found in a desk.

In the Treasurer's office they were more fortunate. The vault of this office was forced by powder—an oblique opening, somewhat like that in the door, being made in the brick-work. The brick-work was laid thoroughly bare, and the lock of the vault was much battered. \$258, including two checks amounting to \$90, and one check of Elisha Allis, payable to the order of A. S. Knecht, &c.,—were taken from the vault, when the outlaws left, satisfied with their efforts there. Efforts were made to blow open the vault of the office of the Clerk of the Sessions, but the effort failed. Marks of powder are distinctly visible.

A large iron bar was left in the Treasurer's office, and a piece of fuse was found in the Clerk's office, showing that the scoundrels were well prepared to prosecute their rascally business. We believe that this robbery was committed by parties well acquainted with the premises, and not by strangers, as is generally supposed, from the fact that they did not appear to make any mistake in looking for the only places where any valuables were likely to be kept. A reasonable reward offered might possibly bring them to light.—*Easton Sentinel*, Dec. 20, 1866.

The Philadelphia *North American* delivers the following keen and fatal centre shot:

"At the time that the President so vehemently opposes the admission of the inchoate States of Colorado and Nebraska on account of alleged deficiency of population, he strenuously insists upon the admission of Florida, which has less white population than either Colorado or Nebraska, and does not receive one emigrant where those States receive ten. There are more miles of railway built in Nebraska than in Florida, and the latter has no town that can begin to compare in population, wealth or trade with Omaha or Denver. Florida has been in open rebellion against the national Government, and has only been conquered by force and compelled to become loyal. Colorado remained firm and true to the Republic throughout the whole war, furnished soldiers to the national armies, and did her duty manfully, as also did Nebraska. Yet the President demands that Florida shall be again recognized as a State, and that Colorado and Nebraska should be refused.—If such States as Florida are fit to have Senators in Congress, most assuredly Colorado and Nebraska are also."

An exchange has the following in reference to the comparative cost of butter and flour.—After some inquiry, we estimate that in a family of ten persons, including two or three children between three and eight years old, a barrel of flour last thirty-six days. This is nearly the general average of a barrel of flour a year for each full-grown person. The same family (of ten) consumes an average of 11 pounds of butter per day, or two ounces each, including that used in cooking. The average retail price here, for good articles, is about \$14 per barrel for flour and 40 cents per pound for butter. At these figures it takes \$18 worth of butter to use up \$14 worth of flour, or an excess of \$6.50, equivalent to 40 per cent. If we reduce butter to one pound per day, or 13.5 ounces each, its cost will be slightly greater than the flour.

A correspondent of the *New York Tribune*, writing from Constantinople, November 23, says that, under the teachings of the American missionaries, who have been laboring among the American Christians of the Turkish Empire for the past thirty years, and who have carried the Bible into every village, these people have become convinced that many of their rites and practices as a church are contrary to the plain teachings of the scriptures. Thousands are combining to compel the church to renounce these errors, and go back to the simple teachings of the Bible. All the young men, it is said, are joining in this movement. The writer speaks of the movement as "a striking evidence of the success of the American missionaries in bringing this people back to the Bible as their only sure guide."

Howard Gillingman, the master mechanic of the railroad shops at Youngstown, Ohio, recently discharged a boy from his service. The father of the lad determined to have revenge, and preparing a box with a sliding lid, and filling it with powder and lucifer matches, addressed it to the master mechanic. Suspecting that the box was not all right, the recipient submerged it in water previous to opening, and of course destroyed the trap which was laid for him. William Howarth, the wretch who prepared and caused to be delivered the infernal machine, was arrested, and abundant proofs were obtained to ensure his conviction.

A certain Dutch Justice of the Peace in Berks county, had a case before him in which one party charged the other with biting his nose off. The defendant denied the accusation, stating that the plaintiff had bitten it off himself.—Our worthy Judge, after mature deliberation, delivered the following opinion:—"Mit Providence everythings is possible. Vill, if Providence is willing a man shall bite his own nose off, he must do it. De prisoner is discharged, und de blaiffint can never do so no more."

Indianapolis is suffering from the operation of a gang of burglars.

Carrier's Address,
TO THE PATRONS OF THE
JEFFERSONIAN!

JANUARY 1st, 1867.

"A happy New Year!" one and all,
Sings "James," the Carrier boy;
And may it prove, to great and small,
A year of greatest joy.

A year in which may ill, nor woe,
Nor bitterness of strife,
But only blessings on you flow,
And strew your path through life.

This is the prayer of your friend James,
Ere he sings of the times,
And waits to pocket—not in dreams—
Your "postal" dollars and dimes.

He feels that from your liberal store
You'll grudge him not the "peff,"
But pay him well for having served
Most faithfully, the "Jeff."

Ah! thank you, patron, now I'll sing,
With spirits glowing clear,
And to your minds in measure bring
The lesson for the year.

You heard the noise, no doubt, last night,
And, may be, heard it with afright;
The booming gun, and clanging bell,
Sounds which are always wait to dwell
Around the birth of the New Year.

Nor, after all, is it so queer
That men and boys should raise a clatter
About so important a matter
As the old year just stepping out,
And the New Year strutting about
As though nor sin, nor toil, nor bubble,
Was lying in wait to give him trouble.
But so it is, alack! alas!

That always thus it comes to pass,
And years and seasons, mice and men
Go nibbling round thoughtlessly, when
They least expect it comes the trap
Of the grim snarers trouble trap,
And they, in sorrow, too late find
They "went it" most foolishly blind.

Be careful, New Year, slick and prim,
And cautious chaunt your birth-day hymn—
And men and maidens, too, take heed
Lest you be paid for your great greed,
Like thousands who, in sixty-six,
Found that their hopes had come to nix.

Be careful, lest, too late, you'll find
That you will have to change your mind—
That care, and pain, and woe, and strife,
Will make you lead a weary life—
That time for you means days of toil,
"Till you throw of this mortal coil.

Now men and maids of Sixty-seven,
If you'd have joy on earth or'n heaven,
Just listen to the sage advice
That I'll trip off 'em in a trice.
Though young I'm older yet than you
And had more with the world to do.

I've felt somewhat its toils and pains—
Look'd at its losses and its gains.
I ne'er, tis true, yet till'd the soil,
Nor dabbled very deep in Oil—
Ne'er swam Big Sandy, nor in Pithole
Thought it quite safe to go my whole
Pile upon the greasy bubble,
Thinking it would my penner double.

Some, as you well know did this thing,
And, even yet, they feel the sting
Which loss of labor, loss of pelf
Brings, sure, upon each grasping self,
Who thinks to grow rich in a minute
But finds, alas, there's nothing in it.

These bored on mountains—bored in dells,
In hopes of finding "flowing wells."
The wells were found, but flowed estray,
And carried all their cash away;
For in their flow, it came to pass,
That 'stead of Oil flowed only Gass.

I pity these, for their own sake,
And beg you this advice to take:
First learn to think before you talk
And learn to creep before you walk,
Let all your nights and all your days
Be marked all o'er by wisdom's ways.

Don't let your thoughts be filled with self,
And how you best may haul in pelf.
Self is corrupt and turns to dust,
Pelf is but dross and turns to rust,
But souls ye have that live alway
Joyful or sad through endless day.

These and their safety sure should share
The larger part of all your care,
So that when summoned from above,
Blest with the Great Eternal's love,
Marching the path the Fathers trod,
They may rest in peace with God.

Then men and maids of Sixty-seven
Lay up your treasures in high Heaven.
Kind reader my story is ended,
Pray do not so suddenly start,
With fun I have seriousness blended;
Say, don't you think Jimmy is smart?

If so, then think of the times,
And had up your fifty or quarter;
I'll even now stoop to take dimes—
But don't like to handle things shorter.

But, still, if you find yourself short,
Though that would prove very queer,
I'll wish you, as I think I ought,
A most gloriously happy New Year.

An infuriated maniac made his appearance on the streets of Louisville the other day, armed with a knife and frantically cut right and left at every living object which came in his way. He killed a horse and slightly stabbed one or two individuals, knocking down others, before he was captured. His name was Jephtha Brown, son of a leading Railway president of that city. Liquor was the cause of his insanity.

A posse of men took a negro from the Lebanon (Ky.), jail, who shot an officer while arresting him for the murder of another negro, and hung him on a tree.

Mr. Roberts, the Fenian President, recently applied to the Brotherhood to send a Christmas dinner to the unfortunate political prisoners held in Canada jail.—With true Irish independence the prisoners denounce the movement as an insult to their manhood and declare they will not be the recipients of food from any source but through the prison authorities.

The Democracy of this country have another grievance. The Emperor of Brazil has abolished slavery upon his personal estates. Who can say the offence will not be pushed further? Either the world is getting out of joint, or else the democracy is getting to be out of place in the world.

A woman in Manchester, Ohio, died from swallowing a corn worm. We have often heard of deaths resulting from swallowing corn passed through worms, but this is the first instance of swallowing the worm itself which we have ever heard.

Special Notices.

INVASION!

Do you wish to have your hair cuterized from the scalp? No. Then beware of the new brood of Vitriolic and Caustic Dyes got up by nostrum-mongers, who bear the same relation to the responsible Chemist that

Pirates and Privateers bear to honest merchantmen. Remember that the experience of years, and the very highest scientific endorsements, guarantee the superiority of

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

over every other in use. It is purely vegetable, infallible and instantaneous. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers.

ALLOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS.

LAME BACK.
New York, Nov. 23, 1859.

T. ALLOCK & Co.—Gentlemen: I lately suffered severely from a weakness in my back. Having heard your plasters much recommended for cases of this kind, I procured one, and the result was all I could desire.—A single plaster cured me in a week.

Yours respectfully,
J. G. BRIGGS,
Proprietor of the Brandreth House.

CURE OF CRICK IN THE BACK, AND LUMBAGO.
Lyons, N. Y., July 4, 1862.

Messrs. ALLOCK & Co.: Please send me a dollar's worth of your plasters. They have cured me of a crick in my back, which has troubled me for some time, and now my father is going to try them for difficulty about his heart.

L. H. SHERWOOD,
Dr. Green, No. 863 Broadway, New York, informs us he sold, on Monday, June 2 d, 1862, two plasters to a young woman suffering very severely from lumbago. On Thursday she called to get two more for a friend, and then stated how the two she had purchased on Monday had relieved her immediately after putting them on, and cured her in two days of a most distressing pain in her back and loins.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC.

This medicine, invented by Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, of Philadelphia, is intended to dissolve the food and make it into chyme, the first process of digestion. By cleansing the stomach with Schenck's Mandrake Pills, the Tonic soon restores the appetite, and food that could not be eaten before using it will be easily digested.

Consumption cannot be cured by Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup unless the stomach and liver is made healthy and the appetite restored, hence the Tonic and Pills are required in nearly every case of consumption. A half dozen bottles of the SEAWEED TONIC and three or four boxes of the MANDRAKE PILLS will cure any ordinary case of dyspepsia.

Dr. SCHENCK makes professional visits in New York, Boston, and at his principal Office in Philadelphia every week. See daily papers of each place, or his pamphlet on consumption for his days for visitation.

Please observe, when purchasing, that the two likenesses of the Doctor, one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other as he now is, in perfect health, are on the Government stamp.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers, price \$1.50 per bottle, or \$7.50 the half dozen.—All letters for advice should be addressed to Dr. SCHENCK'S Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents: Demas Barnes & Co., N. Y.; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, Md.; John D. Parke, Cincinnati, Ohio; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Bros., St. Louis, Mo. [Oct. 18, '66.—1st w. ca. mo. 1 yr.]

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address
Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg,
Kings County,
New York

January 4, 1866.—1y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing

JOHN R. OGDEN,
No. 13 Chambers St., New York.

\$90 A MONTH—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles, just out Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. January 4, 1866.—1y.