



The Jeffersonian,
THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1866.
UNION STATE TICKET.
FOR GOVERNOR,
Major General JOHN W. GEARY,
OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

We learn that the Nazareth Band, assisted by Professor Martin, contemplate giving a Grand Concert in this place soon.

Levanway, at his Bakery Saloon, is keeping steady pace with the times, in securing for the public of Stroudsburg and vicinity the good things of the season. He keeps on hand, at all times, to meet the demands of customers, the best bread, the best cakes, the best fruits, the best ice cream, the best mead, and certainly the best ale, (Lauer's Reading) to be found in this whole section of country, and it pleases us to know that his capacity as a caterer is duly appreciated. For anything in the cake and confectionery line you cannot go amiss, if you go to Levanway.

The Lady's Book for August, is already on our table, and a glance at its contents but strengthens the opinion we formed and expressed of the Book on the receipt of the July number. The Toilet of Death, in steel, is a perfect gem of the engraver's art, while the wood cuts representation of patterns, dresses, &c., the steel engraved colored fashion plate, the music, the letter press and literary excellence of the stories, poetry, &c., are all in grand keeping with the high character which the Book has always maintained under Godey's charge. Each number contains a selection of valuable recipes which alone are worth double the subscription price. Terms—\$3 per annum in advance—two copies \$5.50. Address L. A. Godey, Philadelphia, Pa.

If every one would see what energy rightly applied will do towards building up a business, he has but to keep his eye on McCarty's cabinet rooms for an hour or two on almost any day of the week, except Sunday. Unheralded he came among us, a stranger, in the spring, and we think we venture nothing of veracity when we say that he has sold more furniture, of the best quality and latest styles, and at more remunerative prices, in the few months that have intervened since his arrival, than was sold in a year before by all the furniture shops in town. The reason is obvious. He goes into business with the right spirit, and one cannot well call for an article in the cabinet-ware line but what he has it on hand, or is prepared to get it in quicker time than the purchasers possibly could. We do not write this as a puff of McCarty and his establishment, for they do not need it, but we throw it out as a hint through which others may find the road to certain success.

Improvements.
We have neglected, heretofore, to notice the many valuable and elegant improvements which are going on in our borough.

Mr. Peter Born is rapidly finishing a three-story brick adjoining the bank and Reuben Miller's residence, on the lot purchased by him of Wm. S. Reese, thus filling up a vacancy which was an eyesore to all lovers of neatness who passed along that portion of Elizabeth-st. The building will be stuccoed and finished in imitation of brown stone, and when completed will present a very imposing appearance indeed. We observe that friend Born has already so far completed his front room on the first floor as to venture to settle in it with his Barber shop.

Mr. John Kern is also pushing ahead the three-story addition to the house purchased by him of Mr. Samuel Emery, on Elizabeth-st. near the Pocono, adjoining Dr. Jackson's residence. This improvement is also of brick, and will be finished for two private residences. When completed it will prove quite an addition and ornament to that end of the town, and a monument of Mr. Kern's liberality and enterprise.

Mr. Charles B. Keller, is also pushing ahead his new building on the lot purchased by him of James H. Walton, Esq., and recently occupied by the *Monroe Democrat* office. This building is also of brick, will be stuccoed and finished with brown front, with piazza over the first floor, and will present a very neat and imposing appearance when completed. Mr. K. designs occupying the first floor as a Boot, Shoe and Finding Store, and the remainder of the building as a residence for his family.

The Phoenix Fire Company have not yet commenced the building of their engine house, but preparations are active to secure its completion this fall. The building is to be frame, two stories high, and will be ornamented with cupola, or belfry. Its neatness and substantial char-

acter will reflect credit on the company and prove a handsome addition to the portion of the town in which it is located.—The company have secured a lot opposite the Court House and adjoining John Edinger's property. The building will be twenty by thirty feet on the ground, and will embrace every convenience which experience can suggest.

There are other improvements either in course of erection or in contemplation, but will we defer a notice of them to another time.

We publish below the proceedings, as handed to us by the Secretary, of the meeting held at the Court House, on Saturday evening last. It purposed, in the call, to be a meeting of patriots, pure and undefiled, loving President Johnson and his policy only because of the peace which the success of the latter would bring to the country, and the permanence it would secure to republican institutions, and hating the present office-holders of this section, our amiable self among the rest, because, as the call alleged, of their only pretending to support the President. That we might view, in all its glory, an exhibition of patriotism thus foreshadowed, we attended the meeting. We found there some who were Democrats and some who were Republicans, but very few of either or both combined. Some, we had reason to believe, venerate the President and his policy, but the large majority of the few present, we are satisfied, and so are they themselves, have greater love for party and its emoluments than for anything else. We attended that we might more enjoy the blessed privilege of seeing patriots labor with an eye single to the best interests of the country, but instead of that, we found the meeting under the management of political fishermen, not one of whom but a few months ago, could mention Andrew Johnson's name save in tones of contempt, but who heartily engaged in throwing their bait, in hopes of catching a fish in shape of a good, fat office. There was not a whimper about the President and his policy—not a word for the country—nothing but fishermen fishing lustily, in pursuance of a plan concocted by a head which has not, for some years at least, studied any thing so much as how best to secure the office-dispensing and office-receiving leadership of the Democracy of Monroe, without avail. The attendance at the meeting did not comprise even a moiety of the friends of the President in this section—the great majority of whom thought it better to stay away from a meeting with so irresponsible a paternity, and in the proceedings of which not even half a dozen of those present took part. We have heard but one opinion expressed of the meeting, and that is that it was a farce and a failure—not because of the lack of Johnson spirit in this section of country, but of the men who essayed to control it, and of the uses to which they attempted to prostitute it. Even its active participants give unmistakable evidence that they are ashamed of it. The result of the meeting is but another evidence of the fact, that even a popular cause, will lose its prestige in the hands of men who are prompted to act from selfish motives alone.

The proceedings as handed in are not exactly as they were had in the meeting. We may feel inclined to ventilate the matter a little more fully some other time.

[COMMUNICATED.]
Pursuant to a call, a Johnson meeting was held in the Court House, on Saturday evening last, for the purpose of selecting delegates to meet the delegates from other counties of this congressional district, who are to select two persons to represent the district in the National Union Convention to be held in Philadelphia, August 14.—The meeting was organized by the election of M. M. Burnett, Esq., Chairman; L. H. Drake, Vice-President; and James Carr, Secretary. M. M. Burnett, James Carr and C. H. Drake, were elected delegates.

A Few Facts for Ladies.
It is seldom that a cosmetic commands by its intrinsic merit a universal popularity. During the past ten years a hundred bogus preparations for the skin have been foisted into the market by all of the tricks of advertising, and every attempt has been made to secure for them the patronage of ladies. The device of claiming a European origin has been extensively used by the cosmetic manufacturers, and they have often charged an exorbitant price for their articles, for the purpose of making them appear valuable.—In direct opposition to this mode of doing business has the "Enamel of America" been introduced to the notice of the ladies of this country. The proprietors of the "Enamel" were satisfied with a good profit on their preparation, and consequently have not been compelled to reduce its price in order to secure patronage. A visit to the store of Dreher & Brother will convince the most fastidious that the "Enamel of America" is really a preparation worthy of a trial at least.

The city of Erie has a population of twenty-three thousand, a million and a half of dollars invested in manufactures, and during the past year about one thousand buildings have been erected.

RAID ON THE COUNTERFEITERS IN NEW-YORK.

FOUR MORE PARTIES UNDER ARREST—TWO OTHER FACTORIES DISCOVERED AND BROKEN UP—SEIZURE OF PRESSES, STEEL PLATES, ETC., TO THE VALUE OF FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.
The efforts of the Government towards the suppression of counterfeiting the National securities continue with unabated vigor. On Wednesday night the secret service agents acting under W. P. Wood, Chief of the Secret Service Division, assisted by United States Marshal Murray, succeeded in arresting a young man by the name of Thomas Wilson, whom they suspected of being concerned in printing the bogus fractional currency and other Government securities. Wilson denied all knowledge of the business, but upon being informed by Chief Wood that his entire operations had been watched for a month past he made a full confession of his guilt, and stated that he was ready to turn over everything in his possession to the Government authorities.

The capture in this case, consisted of nine finely executed steel plates for printing fractional currency and ten dollar greenback notes, five steel plates for manufacturing the long fifty cent Goddess of Liberty stamps, a large quantity of dies and rolls, and a portion of a press for printing the spurious currency. The remaining portion of the press will be recovered by noon.

Another Mill Broken Up.
The operation of the Secret Service men had led them to suspect that an establishment for the manufacture of the counterfeit-money was located a short distance out of the city, in the direction of Long Branch, and they at once set about its capture. Some adroit plans were laid, but none were crowned with success until yesterday, when a descent was made upon the suspected spot, and a fine printing press then yet taken, was seized. In addition to this, an elegantly executed steel plate for printing the backs of the Spinner head fifty cent notes, was captured; also a large quantity of paper, ink, oils and dyes. The stuff was all boxed up, and arrived in this city last evening. A trunk, nearly filled with bogus money, just ready for distribution, was also seized and brought to this city. They were all placed in the hands of the United States Marshal, and the prisoner committed to the County Jail.

The arrests in the city still continue.—William Wall, alias Wm Crosby, and William, alias Charlie, Bartlett, were taken into custody on warrants issued, on charge of dealing in United States counterfeit National currency. They were committed to jail for examination.

The consternation among the counterfeiters is intense. Knowing themselves to be guilty they are not certain of security for one moment and they find all their efforts to "square the job" or buy off the officers under Mr. Wood to be most unsuccessful. Thus far, eleven of the most noted manufacturers of counterfeit National securities have been taken into custody, and the amount of plates, presses, dies, rolls and printing apparatus seized could not be replaced by the counterfeiters for fifty thousand dollars.

The Atlantic Cable.
It will be seen from intelligence in print this morning that the Great Eastern has once more started on her important mission in connection with the laying of the Atlantic Cable. The auspices have been all cheering: The splice of the cable had been completed without difficulty; 135 miles had been laid, and the signals were perfect throughout. It would be premature, however, to predict success from these things. Last year the circumstances attending the start of the mammoth ship on her important voyage were equally favorable, and yet the enterprise came to grief. But the conditions under which the attempt to lay the cable is renewed this year differ from those of the previous attempts, and it is in that difference we see ground for hope that this time success will crown the persevering efforts of those engaged in this mighty undertaking. The lessons of experience, taught by past failures, have been turned to profitable account, and every provision which human foresight could make against failure has been adopted. Should the anticipations of those now engaged in laying the cable be realized, we may expect to receive exciting news from Newfoundland before the end of the present week.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The Pennsylvania Reserves.
The surviving officers and privates of that fighting organization formerly known as the Pennsylvania Reserves, have resolved to form a permanent association to perpetuate their fame to posterity. At a meeting held the other day in Philadelphia, the following resolution was offered by Col. R. Riddle Roberts, of the first Reserve Regiment, and unanimously adopted.
Resolved, That for the purpose of establishing a permanent organization for the division of the Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, a convention be held at Lancaster, on the 14th day of September, 1866; that the said convention shall consist of three delegates from each regiment, officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, it being distinctly understood that this meeting is in no way to be perverted to a political purpose, but solely for our joint benefit and pleasure.
All the officers who shared the fortunes of the Reserves are invited to the meeting.

Stage Route Sold.
Dean, the veteran stage, has sold the route between Port Jervis and Deckers to James Cassidy, of Port Jervis, and H. D. Ryder, of this County. These gentlemen intend stationing several teams here and running an accommodation stage to Port Jervis, for any of the trains. The route, stage, &c., cost them \$500.—*Milford Herald.*

The rag business in New York amounts to \$30,000,000 per annum.

ELECTRICITY.

THE MOST VALUABLE REMEDIAL AGENT KNOWN—IMPORTANT TO INVALIDS.
Dr. Tobin (late) Proprietor of the Medical and Electrotherapeutic Institute, No. 27 Bond-st., N. Y., begs leave to inform the inhabitants of Stroudsburg and vicinity, that he has taken rooms at Marsh's Hotel (for two weeks), where he can be consulted on all forms of Chronic and Nervous disease, and demonstrate to the afflicted that although their case might have been considered incurable yet, under the potent effects of the Electrotherapeutic treatment, there is still hope. Having used Electricity in our practice for the last ten or twelve years, we, as a matter of course, have had many cases which have been considered hopeless, but in no case have we ever failed to afford relief, even if we did not succeed in perfecting a cure. Such has been the case, during the past few weeks, in Easton, Belvidere and other places that we have visited in company with Dr. H. T. Hyde, where we have given and always shall endeavor to give, entire satisfaction. You will undoubtedly agree with us as to the medicinal effects of Electricity; but you will naturally ask the question, how does it cure? In answer we would say that it cures by aiding nature. It equalizes the circulation, imparts new life to the nervous powers of the body, strengthens the digestive organs, enabling them to perform their proper functions; in a word, it restores Harmony which to the human system is Health, and the reverse of which is disease.

It is no longer therefore a matter of experiment. Its medicinal powers have for years past absorbed the attention of medical men throughout the civilized world. The Medical Journals of Europe, as well as many in our own country, invariably allude to it as the great "Panacea", to be used in all distressing cases of Chronic and Nervous diseases. Dr. Robert Remark, of the University of Berlin, Prussia, states that four hundred out of six hundred cases (in hospital practice) were restored to health in the short space of six weeks. These were Palsy, Atrophy of the spinal cord, &c., considered incurable. Dr. Golding, says it is the best Female Regulator known, and when properly administered never fails to excite Menstruation.

We might here refer to many other authors, but at the present time, do not consider it necessary. Suffice it to say, that in Insipient Consumption, Bronchial Affections, Liver and Kidney diseases, and the whole catalogue of Female complaints, such as Leucorrhoea, Proflapsis, &c., &c., we have met with great success. In Paralysis, Epilepsy and Corea, Deafness, Amaurosis, &c., &c., we rarely ever fail to perfect a cure. In Debility, Weakness, Diarrhoea, Constipation, Loss of Memory, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, &c., &c., a cure in every case is almost certain. In Impotency, Spermatorrhoea, and other diseases, resulting from a Syphilitic taint, our method of treatment will succeed after everything else has failed. "Catarrh," that loathsome disease that destroys the Happiness of so many, we have made a specialty of, in connection with the treatment of Cancer, and have cured cases of from 20 to 30 years standing. During the past three years we removed and cured a great many Cancers, without causing pain or loss of blood. We can show numerous testimonials to that effect. For further information call at our rooms.

The Rev. Mr. Kelsey of New York says (in a late card received from him)—"Dr. Tobin has lately removed a Cancer from Mr. Kelsey's mouth of years standing. We have known Dr. Tobin for years, whilst in the city of Hartford, where he has made many remarkable cures. Dr. Tobin is a graduate and a gentleman of excellent moral worth."
CHARLES KELSEY, No. 5 Willet-st., N. Y. Pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Willet-street.

Dr. Paine, of Philadelphia, says "Dr. Tobin's method of treating Cancer and Catarrh, Nervous Affections, &c., &c., will never fail to be successful. Dr. Tobin is a Graduate and a Gentleman who can endorse."
—Wm. PAINE, M. D.
Dean of the Philadelphia University 9th below Locust.

In conclusion we would say those desiring Treatment should not wait.

The Cholera.
There seems to be a good reason to believe that the cholera is fairly established in New York and its vicinity. During the week ending on Friday evening last, seventy-five cases were reported in that city. Of these, upon examination, fourteen were declared genuine, and of them eight proved fatal—a very large percentage of mortality. In Brooklyn there were nineteen deaths, from the same disease, between the 8th and the 20th. In all these instances the victims were said to be living in the worst possible condition to ward away the visits of the pestilence. The sanitary condition of New York cannot be very satisfactory. The deaths last week reached the enormous number of one thousand and eighty-three, being about double the usual summer rate of mortality. On Hart's Island among the army recruits, it is said that the deaths have been many, so much that quite a panic exists upon the subject. In Philadelphia the return of the Board of Health shows an increase in the number of deaths, as is natural in consequence of the oppressively hot weather of the week, which produced many deaths from stroke and exhaustion, but our condition in a sanitary point of view is much better than that of our neighbor, and if we keep our streets clean and are prudent in our conduct we may hope to escape the worst influences of the scourge.—*Inquirer.*

By the late treaty with the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indians they covenant that slavery shall never exist among them, and in consideration of the sum of \$300,000 cede to the Government the territory west of the ninety-eighth degree west longitude, known as the least district, and obligate themselves to bestow upon all persons of African descent, resident in the Nations, and their descendants, all the rights, privileges and immunities, including the right of suffrage, of citizens, also give them each forty acres of land on the same terms as the Choctaws and Chickasaws.

The serious charge made against Gen. Kilpatrick, Minister to Chili, of introducing a woman of more than doubtful reputation into the best society in Valparaiso, thus bringing disgrace upon the American name, has been investigated by the State Department, and the scandal proves to have no foundation in fact.

Names of Places.

Bro. Badoock of the New Brunswick Frederician, gives the following information about the names of some places in Warren county, N. J., beginning with Manunka Chunk:

This station is named after a noted Indian Hill in the immediate vicinity. The name should be spelled Penungachung, the original and correct orthography having been corrupted into the meaningless words—*Manunka Chunk!*

Pahaquarry, the present name of the township in New Jersey on the opposite side of the Delaware from the Kittatinny House, was named after an Indian village situated on what is now Andrew Ribble's farm, the true orthography of which was *Pahaquawlong!*

What is now known as *Allamuchy* in Warren county, is a corruption upon the Indian word *Allamuchyokkink!*

Thus do the original and often expressive aboriginal names disappear from the memory and the record.

Kittatinny is the Indian name of a mountain, or rather series of them, and means *no end*—the Indians doubtless supposing there was no end to the range of mountains to which they attached the name.

Tennessee is once again practically in the family of the Union, with all the honors due to her station as a State reconstructed and now one of the governing powers of the Republic. Both Houses of Congress have according to the joint rule agreed upon early in the session concurrently resolved that Tennessee is again entitled to United States Senators and Representatives.

The Soldiers.
A call, signed by four hundred soldiers, and sailors, all citizens of Lancaster city, has just been published in the Lancaster papers, for a meeting to be held in that city, favorable to the election of Gen. Geary. The "boys in blue," generally throughout the State, are for Geary.

Last Tuesday, in Chicago, one bakery alone turned out one day, 15,000 loaves of bread.

Special Notices.

The Scranton Book Bindery.
A complete Book Bindery has been started in connection with the *Scranton Republican*. Orders left at this office will be promptly forwarded and returned as soon as finished.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.
A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *Free of Charge.*
Please inclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself.
Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, March 29, 1866.—1y. New York City.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.
FARMERS, FAMILIES, AND OTHERS
can purchase no remedy equal to Dr. Tobin's Venetian Lincture for dysentery, colic, cramp, chronic rheumatism, sore throats, toothache, sea sickness, cuts, burns, swellings, bruises, old sores, headache, musculo bites, pains in the limbs, chest, back, &c.—If it does not give relief the money will be refunded. All that is asked is a trial, and use it according to the directions.
Dr. TOBIN'S—Dear Sir: I have used your Venetian Lincture in my family for a number of years, and believe it to be the best article for what it is recommended that I have ever used. For sudden attack of cramp it is invaluable. I have no hesitation in recommending it for all the uses it professes to cure. I have sold it for many years and it gives entire satisfaction.
CHAS. H. TRIMNER, Quakertown, N. J., May 8, 1866. Price, 40 and 50 cents. Sold by all Druggists. Office, 54 Courtland-street, New York. [July 12, 1866.—1m.]

\$1,500 PER YEAR! We want agents everywhere to sell our improved \$20 sewing Machine. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machines sold in the United States for less than \$40, which are fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bacheelder. All other cheap machines are infringements and the seller or user are liable to arrest, fine, and imprisonment. Circulars free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill. [January 4, 1866.—1y.]

TO CONSUMPTIVES.
The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.
To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a *sure cure* for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.
Parties wishing the prescription will please address
Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York
January 4, 1866.—1y.

\$90 A MONTH!—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. January 4, 1866.—1y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A Gentleman who suffered for years from Ovarian Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing
JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 13 Chambers St., New York. January 4, 1866.—1y.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.
Every young lady and gentleman very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge), by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, 831 Broadway, New York. January, 4, 1866.—1y.

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!
Wheaton's Ointment
Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours. Also cures SALT RHEUM, CHILBLAINS and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.—Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists. By sending 50 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington Street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. June 7, 1866.—1y.

TRANSFORMATION!
The superstitions of antiquity are only "food for laughter" at the present day, and yet this is an age of

Miracles,
accomplished with the aid of science. For example: grey, sandy or red hair is **CHANGED IN A MOMENT,** to the richest conceivable black or brown, by a simple application of **CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,** Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New-York. Sold by Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers. July 12, 1866.—1m.

THE AMERICAN COOKING STOVE
Is manufactured with certain improvements secured by letters patent, under date of May 5, 1863, and December 5, 1865. One of these improvements covers the arrangement of fitting a portable ash pan in the hearth of a Cooking Stove, to receive the ashes as it passes down from the grate. All persons are cautioned against manufacturing, vending or using other Stoves made in imitation of the American, as suits have been commenced for infringement of these patents, and all persons manufacturing, selling or using said imitation, will be liable for damages for infringement on these letters patent.
SHEAR, PAKKARD & CO., 17 and 19 Green St., Albany, N. Y.
The AMERICAN is for sale by **FLORY & BROTHER,** STROUDSBURG, PA. June 14, 1866.—6m.

PURIFY THE BLOOD!—If the blood be pure the body which is formed from it and by the blood cannot be diseased. But if there be in any part of the body any affection, such as a boil or ulcer, even a bruise, the blood circulating through that part takes up impure matters from the local affection and carries it into the general system. This is the cause of often sudden death to persons of full habit afflicted with boils and ulcers, and who use no medicine; the matter gets into the circulating system and chokes up the fine blood vessels which supply the brain with vitality, and life ceases as if

Breath by Lightning.
Now, this can be remedied.
BRANDRETH'S PILLS
takes all impure matters from the circulation, and save the general health, soon curing local affections also. **BRANDRETH'S PILLS** protect from tedious times of sickness and often save life. Sold by all Druggists. July 12, 1866.—1m.

REASONS WHY THE AMERICAN WATCH
MADE AT WALTHAM, MASS.
IS THE BEST.

It is made on the best principle. Its frame is composed of SOLID PLATES. NO JAW INTERFERE with the harmony of its working and no sudden shock can damage its machinery. Every piece is made and finished by machinery itself famous for its novelty, as well as for its effectiveness; and is therefore properly made. The watch is what all mechanism should be—ACCURATE, SIMPLE, STRONG AND ECONOMICAL. Except some high grades, too costly for general use, foreign watches are chiefly made by women and boys. Such watches are composed of several hundred pieces, screwed and riveted together, and require constant repairs to keep them in any kind of order. All persons who have carried "swiss," "siles" and "English Patent Levers," are perfectly well aware of the truth of this statement.

At the beginning of our enterprise, more than ten years ago, it was our first object to make a thoroughly good low-priced watch for the million, to take the place of these foreign impositions—the refuse of foreign factories—which were entirely unsaleable at home and perfectly worthless everywhere.
How well we have accomplished this may be understood from the fact, that after so many years of trial, we now make MORE THAN ONE-HALF OF ALL THE WATCHES SOLD IN THE UNITED STATES, and that no other have ever given such universal satisfaction. While this department of our business is continued with increased facilities for perfect work, we are at present engaged in the manufacture of watches of the HIGHEST GRADE KNOWN TO CHRONOMETRY, unequalled by anything hitherto made by ourselves, unsurpassed by anything made in the world.—For this purpose we have the amplest facilities. We have erected an addition to our main buildings expressly for this branch of our business, and have filled it with the best workmen in our service. New machines and appliances have been constructed, which perform their work with consummate delicacy and exactness. The choicest and most approved materials only are used and we challenge comparison between this grade of our work and the finest imported chronometers. We do not pretend to sell our watches for less money than foreign watches, but we do assert with no fear of contradiction that for the same money our product is incomparably superior. All our watches, of whatever grade, are fully warranted and this warranty is good at all times against us or our agents in all parts of the world.

CAUTION.—The public are cautioned to buy only of respectable dealers. All persons selling counterfeit watches will be prosecuted.
ROBBINS & APPLETON, AGENTS FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY. 182 BROADWAY, N. Y.