



The Jeffersonian

THURSDAY, APRIL 12, 1866

UNION STATE TICKET

FOR GOVERNOR, Major General JOHN W. GEARY, OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

VALUE OF METAL-TIPPED SHOES FOR CHILDREN.—An acquaintance who has three children, informs us that since he commenced buying tipped shoes (one year ago), he has saved the price of new boots for himself.—Commercial Bulletin.

Corner-Stone Laying.

The corner-stone of the new M. E. Church, near SCRIBNER'S school house, will be laid on Tuesday, the 17th inst., at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The Rev. Dr. J. H. ALDAY, will preach on the occasion. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

J. CHANDLER GREGG, Pastor.

Quick Work.

About ten or twelve days ago we observed a pile of timber and boards lying on the rear of the Bank lot in this Borough. Carpenters soon set to work scratching, sawing, and framing the lumber, and on Monday last, Mr. PETER BORN, our enterprising barber, moved his family into a new dwelling, erected within a week, and is now comfortably domiciled. Mr. B. has also broken ground for a new three-story brick, to fill the vacant space between the Bank and Mr. REUBEN MILLER'S residence.

Lafayette College.

On our first page will be found an account of the formal organization of the new English and Scientific Department of the above College situated at Easton.—By it you will see that we have now a first-class College, in Eastern Pennsylvania, and no young man from this section need go far for a thoroughly liberal education. The munificence of its benefactors, and its large and learned corps of Professors have placed it in the front rank of American Colleges. Well may all this part of the Keystone State feel proud of its new acquisition, while all who desire a practical education should patronize it.

STEALING.

During the last few weeks, while the Academy building, in this borough, was not occupied for teaching, some thieves entered the building, by breaking the bolts and forcing open the shutters.—Once in the building they broke open the Library, and stole therefrom a number of the books, and also carried off the coal scuttles, brooms and other furniture that was easily movable. These unprincipled vandals have, during the whole winter, been damaging the building, stealing the fuel and committing other depredations. It is time these things were stopped, and we are glad to learn that steps have been taken to detect and bring the offenders to justice. It is time our School Houses were protected from this unprincipled vandalism, whether from men or boys.

Business Removals.

CHARLES B. KELLER, has removed his Boot, Shoe, and Finding Store, from his old stand, corner of Elizabeth and Franklin Streets, to the room hitherto occupied by Dr. SYDENHAM WALTON, as an office. This is but a temporary arrangement, designed to answer only till the new brick building which CHARLEY is about to erect on the lot occupied by the Monroe Democrat office, is completed.

MORRIS L. DRAKE, has also changed his base of operations, by removing his splendid stock of Boots, Shoes, &c., from the old stand, opposite the Express office, to the store room until lately occupied by Mr. JOHN CONNER as a Meat Market, third door above the Post-office.

Our neighbor of the Democrat, like DIOGENES with his tub, designs, during the coming week, to pick up his office building, press, types and all, and squelch it down on a vacant lot adjoining JOSEPH TROCEN'S property, on Franklin Street, near the Court-House. The new location is a pleasant one, and being somewhat retired our neighbor can enjoy his usual comfortable nooze, or strengthen the faith of the latter-day Democracy to his hearts content. We shall do ourself the honor to call upon him frequently, when he becomes settled down.

Look Out for Eastern Money.

Some of the Eastern States, Maine for instance, have laws allowing their late State banks to repudiate their notes if not presented within two years from the time said banks became National institutions. The limited time has expired in some cases, and in others it is near expiration; and, upon the whole, the safest plan is to refuse the State bank notes of all Eastern banks.

There is danger in being too neat. An old lady in Holland scrubbed her sitting room floor until she fell through it into the cellar.

THE Civil Rights Bill, which was met with the President's veto, a couple of weeks ago, has received the requisite two-thirds vote of each House to make it a law. It is now the law of the land, and will be respected accordingly, and by no one more certainly or religiously than by President JOHNSON. The vote in the Senate was 33 for and 15 against the bill. In the House the vote stood 122 for and 41 against. The Democrats at Washington are reported by letter-writers to have been out of humor with everybody over the passage of the bill, and to have indulged a vast amount of cursing of the President for not having protected the veto, as they allege he could have done if he had a mind to. They declare they are done with him. The President himself, it is said, expresses himself satisfied with the result, and that if members conscientiously considered that they ought to pass it, he would not object, and would carry out his provisions so far as depended upon him. The vote in the House was taken without discussion. The veto was submitted upon the arguments of the message itself alone.

An Excellent Law.

The following excellent law will be read by our returned soldiers, and those who can truly appreciate their services with pleasure. We never could see the reason, why men who nobly marched to the defence of the country, and its institutions, should pay out of their hard earnings to protect those who thought gunpowder had a villainous and dangerous smell from the inexorable demands of the draft. It amounted to a tax upon patriotism which should never have been allowed to disgrace the statute books of a Republican Commonwealth like Pennsylvania.

AN ACT

To exempt persons who have been in the military service of the United States, and been honorably discharged therefrom, from the payment of bounty and per capita tax, and militia fines.

SECTION I. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That all persons, who have been mustered into the military service of the United States, and have served therein for a period of not less than nine months, in the war to suppress rebellion, and their property, and those persons who have been discharged from said service, on account of wounds, or physical disability, contracted in such service, and their property, and the widows and orphans of such persons, and their property, shall be exempt from the payment of all bounty and per capita tax levied, or to be levied, for paying bounties to volunteers, in the several counties of this Commonwealth, and such persons shall also be exempt from the payment of militia fines.

JAMES R. KELLEY, Speaker of the House of Representatives. DAVID FLEMING, Speaker of the Senate. APPROVED—The thirtieth day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six. A. G. CURTIN.

Clymer on Arming the State.

In the Senate, on the 12th of April, 1861, on motion of Mr. McClure, the second reading and consideration of the bill providing for arming the State was entered upon.

It so happened that just before the assembling of the Senate that evening, intelligence had been received by telegraph that the forces of the Government were engaged in actual conflict with the insurgents at Charleston. All the members were in possession of the news, and each acted under it as his principles and feelings dictated.

Upon the passage of each section of the bill the yeas and nays were required.—Each division produced a strictly party result. Every Republican voted to put the State in a condition of defense. Every Democrat voted the other way. On every division Mr. Clymer voted on the rebel side. His principles, his sympathies, and his ambition, all took him that way.

On the final passage the vote stood: YEAS—Messrs. Benson, Boughton, Bond, Cornell, Finney, Fuller, Gregg, Hall, Hamilton, Heistand, Lubrie, Irish, Ketchum, Lawdon, Lawrence, McClure, Meredith, Nichols, Parker, Penny, Robinson, Servill, Smith, Thompson, Wharton, Yardley, and Palmer, Speaker—27. NAYS—Messrs. Blood, CLYMER, Crawford, Mott, Schindel, and Welsh—6. This record which Mr. Clymer made at the commencement of the war, he maintained, with a most disloyal and infamous consistency, till the close.

Parties in Washington, and elsewhere, are sending circulars to soldiers, wherever they can ascertain their names, stating that if the soldier will send his discharge to them, they will obtain bounty land for him. This is a wrong, and only designed to get possession of the soldier's discharged papers. No act has yet been passed to give soldiers bounty land. Every soldier should keep his discharge in his own possession.

The Bank Suspension.

HARRISBURG, April 5.—The Clearfield County Bank, reported closed, has not been implicated in the recent failures. Its notes are secured by State stocks, deposited with the Auditor-General at this place, and are redeemed at its counter, and at its Eastern agencies, on presentation.

There are 1,300,000 free-masons in the world.

ELECTION IN RHODE ISLAND.

Gen. Burnside Chosen Governor by a very Large Majority.

The Legislature Almost Unanimously Union.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 4, 1866. The State election to-day passed off very quietly, and Gen. Burnside was elected Governor with so little opposition that the vote was very light.

The Journal has returns from all the towns in the State except three, showing for Burnside (National Union), 7,749; for Lyman Pierce (National Democrat), 2,456; and scattering, 142. The remaining towns will not materially change the relative result. William Greene is elected Lieutenant-Governor. John R. Bartlett is re-elected Secretary of State.

Horatio Rogers, Jr., is re-elected Attorney-General, and Col. George W. Tew, General Treasurer. The Senate stands 28 Union to 5 Democrats; the House 65 Union to 7 Democrats.

The Union Assembly ticket in this city was elected by about 500 majority over the Democrats, the eight-hour men and the bolting Republicans.

George N. Sanders, who during the rebellion was luxuriating in Canada, where he was engaged in plotting mischief against the United States as agent of the rebels, has been overtaken with serious troubles in England, where he has been staying for some time. A reward having been offered for his apprehension on account of his participation in the plot to murder President Lincoln, and one or two attempts being made to kidnap him while in Canada, he concluded to seek relief from the difficulties and dangers that threatened him by a sojourn in England. But while there, indulging his accustomed habits of dissipation and recklessness, he has unfortunately fallen in debt to the amount of some forty thousand dollars.—In consequence of this, his creditors have seized the ex-agent of the Confederacy and thrust him into prison, there being no one with sufficient love for the defunct rebel cause remaining to go bail for him. The gratification they will derive from thus punishing him will be all they obtain, as he has given them notice that he has no funds. His creditors and the holders of the rebel loan in that country can whistle for their money together.

Serious Result of a Fright.

The Monongahela Republican states that Mrs. Wm. Henry, residing in Nottingham township, Washington county, was so badly frightened, about one month since, that her life is still in danger from the effects of the shock. It appears that her husband had been called from home early in the morning and informed his wife that he would return about noon.—Shortly before that time Mrs. Henry was also called to visit a neighbor. On her return home she found marks of blood on the steps leading to the door, which led her to suspect that her husband had been murdered. She fell to the ground insensible and did not recover her consciousness for some hours, and is still suffering from the fright she received. It appears that Mr. Henry owned a large Newfoundland dog, and that during the absence of the family a neighbor, who charged the dog with killing sheep, had visited the house and killed it, the marks of blood being occasioned thereby.

Mustering Out of Troops.

The commissaries of musters in the various military departments, under instructions from headquarters of the army, are engaged in discharging all volunteer organizations that can be dispensed with. All troops that have been mustered out of service have been furnished with transportation to their respective State rendezvous in order to receive a final settlement of their accounts. It is estimated that over fifteen thousand white and colored troops, since the last instant, have been paid off and discharged. It is believed that, on account of the success attending the recruiting service of the regular army, within a month all volunteer organizations will be relieved from duty. We learn that all the colored regiments are to be mustered out by the first of May next.

Banks Discredited.

The Cashier of the Tradesmen's National Bank, George T. Van Doren, Esq., gives public notice that the notes of the Crawford County Bank, of Meadville; the Oil City Bank, of Oil City; the Venango Bank, of Franklin; and the Petroleum Bank, of Titusville, will not hereafter be redeemed by the Tradesmen's Bank.—This results from the reported failure of Culver, Penn & Co., of New York.

Special Notice.

Section 83, of the act to provide "Internal Revenue," &c., as by amendment of March 3d, 1865, provides that upon the amounts, quantities, and values of produce, goods, wares, merchandise and articles produced or manufactured and sold or delivered, the manufacturer or producer thereof, shall pay to the Collector of Internal Revenue within his district, monthly within (10) ten days from the 20th of each month, the duties on such products or manufactures. And for neglect to pay such duties within said (10) ten days the amount of such duties, with the addition prescribed (10 per cent penalty, costs, &c.) may be levied upon the real and personal property of any such producer or manufacturer.

Section 5 of the amendment of March 3, 1865, imposes, in addition to the duties before prescribed, "an increase of one-fifth or 20 per cent. of the duties or rates of duty now provided whether ad valorem or specific."

Government Funds only received. E. T. FOSTER, Collector, 11th District, Pa. April 12, 1866.

90 A MONTH!—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. January 4, 1866.—ly.

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for \$50 to \$600 each. FIFTY-ONE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York. September 7, 1865.—ly.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE. Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge), by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servants, THOS. F. CHAPMAN, 831 Broadway, New York. January 4, 1866.—ly.

1,500 PER YEAR! We want agents everywhere to sell our improved \$20 sewing Machine. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machines sold in the United States for less than \$40, which are fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All other cheap machines are infringements and the seller or user are liable to arrest, fine, and imprisonment. Circulars free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine. January 4, 1866.—ly.

ERRORS OF YOUTH. A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 13 Chambers St., New York. January 4, 1866.—ly.

A CARD TO INVALIDS. A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Promoted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, Free of Charge. Please enclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself. Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, March 29, 1866.—ly. New York City.

TO CONSUMPTIVES. The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York. January 4, 1866.—ly.

MARRIED. April 7th, 1866, at the Lutheran Parsonage, by the Rev. Henry Seifert, Mr. EMANUEL ARNOLD, and Miss MARY JANE HEINSEY, both of Chesnut Hill, Monroe county, Pa.

DIED. In Stroud township, on Monday evening last, GEORGE, son of Daniel Boys, aged about 5 years.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of DANIEL TITUS, late of Jackson township, deceased. NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration upon the above named Estate have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Monroe County, in due form of law; therefore, all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having any just claims are also requested to present them legally authenticated for settlement to JOHN WILSON, Admin'r. Jackson Corner's, April 12, 1866.—6t.

MARTHA WASHINGTON HAIR RESTORER IS A PERFECT SUCCESS. A Hair Dresser and Hair Restorer, BOTH COMBINED IN ONE. 20,000 living witnesses are testifying to their neighbors, from day to day, of its wonderful effect. 1st. It is not a dye. 2nd. It will not color the skin. 3rd. It will restore the Hair from a Gray to a beautiful Black, Brown, Auburn, or whatever might have been its original color, and cause it to assume its former beauty. 4th. It will cure all Humors and Diseases of the Scalp; keep the head cool and nice; remove Dandruff and Scurf from the head; keep the hair moist and silk-like in its appearance, as in youthful days. The "Martha Washington Hair Restorer" is as much ahead of anything of the kind now in market, as the sun outshines the moon in brightness and glory. The best testimony that can be given will be found inside of each bottle. Warranted to do all we claim for it, or the money refunded, after using two bottles. DREHER & BRO., Agents, STROUDSBURG, PA. SIMONDS & CO., Proprietors, FITZWILLIAM, N. H. Stroudsburg, April 12, 1866.—ly.

TO THE SCHOOL DIRECTORS OF MONROE COUNTY.

Gentlemen.—In pursuance of the forty-third section of the Act of 8th May, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in convention, at the Court-House in Stroudsburg, on the first Tuesday in May, being the first day of the month, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and select *visa voce*, by a majority of the whole number of directors present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, person of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as County Superintendent, for the three succeeding years; to determine the amount of compensation for the same; and certify the result to the State Superintendent, at Harrisburg, as requested by the thirty-ninth and fortieth section of said Act. JOHN B. STORM, Co. Supt. of Monroe Co. April 5, 1866.—4t.

FRANKLIN MILLER. Cabinet Maker, Undertaking, &c., &c.

Is Prepared with a Large Stock of CABINET WARE. TO MEET ALL demands upon him, or to manufacture to order anything in his line, in the latest styles to suit the taste of customers. All work made of the best material and warranted. He is also prepared, with material and fixtures, to attend to the business of UNDERTAKING in a manner that cannot fail to prove satisfactory to all who favor him with patronage. Prices moderate. Shop and Ware Room on the corner of Sarah and Simpson Sts. April 5, 1866. STROUDSBURG, PA.

HARRY CLAY. THE LOVERS OF GOOD horses are respectfully informed that the fast trotter HARRY CLAY will stand for Mares the ensuing season, commencing April 1st, at the stables attached to MILLER'S Hotel, in Stroudsburg, every week, and at Bushkill, Pike county, during the last three days of each alternate week. Harry Clay, is a dark BROWN, free from white, 16 hands and 2 inches in height, is a half-brother to the celebrated trotting Stallion GEORGE M. PATCHEN, and is himself the fastest trotter in New Jersey.

Terms.—To insure a Mare with foal \$20. For further particulars, see large bills, or inquire of SAMUEL BREESE, Agent, For MATHIAS CARMER, Proprietor.

JAS. F. MAXWELL, MANUFACTURER OF Fire and Water Proof Composition GRAVEL ROOFS, STROUDSBURG, PENN'A.

REPECTFULLY calls the attention of persons about to build, not to fail in adopting our well-known mode of Roofing, which is now principally used on almost all first-class buildings throughout the United States. Our Roofs have all the combined advantages of cheapness and durability. Being perfectly air-tight, there is none so cool in summer nor so warm in winter. They are also perfectly fire and water proof, and warranted to stand good for at least twenty-five years. Besides, they are put on at almost half the cost of either tin, slate or shingles. Persons having old tin, slate or shingle Roofs leaking badly, can have them repaired and made fully as good as new, without taking off any of the old Roofs. Address Box No. 3, Post-Office, April 5, 1866. STROUDSBURG, PA.

TREASURER'S SALE OF Unseated Lands In Monroe County.

Notice is hereby given, that agreeably to an Act of General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, passed the 13th day of March, 1815, entitled an Act to amend the act entitled an act directing the mode of selling Unseated Lands for taxes and for other purposes, and of an Act passed the 13th day of March, 1817, a further supplement to an Act to amend the act entitled an act directing the mode of selling Unseated Lands for taxes and other purposes by the act of General Assembly passed the 9th day of March in the year of our Lord 1847, entitled an act in relation to the sales of Unseated Lands in the several counties of this Commonwealth, the following tracts of land will be sold at public vendue on the 11th day of June, being the Second Monday of June Next, at 2 o'clock, p. m., at the Court House in Stroudsburg, in the County of Monroe, for arrears of taxes due, and the costs accrued on each lot respectively. For Years 1864 and 1865.

Barrett.

No.	Warrantee.	Acres.	Per.	Tax.
108	Baker John H.	300	10	20 43
201	Barnett John (part)	90	70	8 40
289	Brodhead Ann	405	80	31 21
290	Brodhead Thomas	427	32	10
294	Brodhead Alexander	203	15	14 49
314	Brown Daniel	398	80	10 13
315	Brodhead Samuel (pt)	180	13	60
Casebeer David		50	3	06
210	Craig John	433	30	95
109	Carroll Jacob (pt)	357	37	40 00
242	Casebeer Solomon	417	12	30 18
308	Chapman Joseph	200	15	35
310	Chambers Moses	402	16	30 25
320	Cottinger Garrett (pt)	300	22	75
319	Chapman Joseph	200	15	35
225	Cunningham Gustavus	551	12	28
200	Crook William (pt)	100	5	60
107	Dennison Alexander	400	150	38 22
219	Dyson James	309	102	48 43
288	Dills David Jr.	415	19	31 14
291	Depeu Samuel	405	100	30 47
137	Ford Standish	300	41	30 13
212	Fudge James (part)	288	153	25 31
139	Grubbs Joseph	300	70	22 79
136	Gibbons Isaac	200	113	20 29
110	Grubbs James	225	89	24 75
133	Gilworth James	226	16	29 83
305	Gordon Charles	403	31	40
298	Hall Frederick	270	20	20 26
323	Heaton Joseph (pt)	308	38	14 10
120	Huff Solomon (pt)	148	50	13 30
309	Kohl George	400	30	30 13
206	Lenox Eavid (part)	439	38	31 06
295	Lockart John	170	11	13 79
211	Lee Thomas	431	158	22 49
88	Martin John	150	14	75
138	Moore Patrick	301	61	30 13
222	Murray Sarah (part)	235	78	30 13

235	Murray John	402	44	00
140	Murray Francis	410	14	84
234	Murray Ann	405	37	39 02
207	Murdoch John	408	138	35 34
297	M'Nair Solomon	355	94	26 37
216	M'Graw Michael	104	48	10 37
323	Murray William	220	11	62
310	Nethermark Lucas	305	40	22 88
299	Pascal Thomas	430	87	15 54
290	Roop George W.	422	16	04
236	Reed Rachel	150	113	15 29
206	Seavoney Thomas	350	150	51 06
218	Shaffner Solomon	408	154	34 36
292	Smith Elizabeth	393	29	56
317	Smith Rachel	374	28	54
304	Sandman Christopher	403	25	30 11
251	Tyson Daniel	437	33	35
312	Ut Jacob (part)	215	27	19
343	Van Gorden Garbet	421	11	31 58
338	Vancompen Rachel	404	111	30 53
317	Weaver Philip	396	28	47 85
311	Woolverton Jonathan	411	54	27 81
118	Wilkinson Joseph	103	10	37
208	Wood Thomas	100	5	60

Chesnut Hill.

Bower Dillman (pt)	236	24	30
Heckman Adam	250	24	30
Hire Powell Robert	289	14	37
Morgan Sarah (part)	230	21	92
Peach Peter (part)	81	9	43
Pratt George (part)	316	36	20
Rees Rachel	445	49	10
Rees Samuel (part)	138	80	16 87
Shupp Philip (part)	285	126	17 82
Shupp Peter	200	12	40

Coolbaugh.

237	Armat Thomas	220	120	11 05
198	Brotzman John (part)	200	10	38
216	Brown William	408	30	45
224	Burrows Henry	403	20	27
244	Bell William (part)	200	20	10
210	Craig John	433	7	02
225	Cunningham Gustavus	340	7	95
240	Cameron William	404	35	20 29
246	Cameron William	438	66	21 97
199	Depeu Nicholas	408	97	30 48
212	Depeu Daniel	432	30	21 09
218	Depeu Polly	432	96	32 25
212	Fudge James (part)	143	5	79
225	Frazier Nabro (part)	207	87	10 64
205	Guiltner Francis	415	10	29 62
231	Gultner Tobias	412	72	30 60
163	Hester John	212	15	10 60
191	Hembt Jacob	408	99	20 48