



The Jeffersonian,

THURSDAY MARCH 20, 1868

UNION STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Major General JOHN W. GEARY, OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

The Borough Council of Stroudsburg, organized on Thursday evening last, JACKSON LANZT, was appointed Clerk; Col. C. D. BRODHEAD, Treasurer.

The list of borough and township officers recently elected, and which was promised for this week's paper, is crowded out by the advertisement of Treasurer's list of Seated Lands for sale. We will give the list next week.

Mr. NICHOLAS RUSTER, has just returned from the city with a fine stock of reasonable goods. As friend RUSTER always displays excellent taste in the purchase of his goods, and disposes of them at reasonable prices, it needs but the public to know that he has added to his stock to cause a rush to his establishment.

The M. E. Conference closed its labors in Philadelphia, on Friday last. The Rev. J. H. ALDAY, was appointed Pastor to the M. E. Church, of this place. Presiding Elder for this District, Rev. JOSEPH MASON. Rev. W. J. PAXSON, stationed at this place during the past two years, goes to Kensington, Philadelphia.

The Board of Directors of the Stroudsburg Bank, at a meeting on Tuesday last, elected SAMUEL S. DREHER, Esq., President, of that institution, vice DEUCE S. MILLER, resigned. A better man, in every respect, for the position could not have been found, if the Directors had searched the county through.

We call attention to the advertisement of METZGAR & STORM'S New Store, in another column. The eagerness of our people from both town and county to get into their establishment and the bundles they carry away with them, are proofs positive that bargains are to be had at the new establishment. Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions and almost everything else are offered at extremely low prices.

Returned from the War. Quite a number of Monroe County boys returned from the war, on Saturday Evening last. Through delay of the telegraph their coming was unannounced, and they themselves became the announcers of the news. The boys seemed really happy to get home, and with tap of drum, and huzzas for the Union, gave our citizens the best possible evidence of their arrival. They all belonged to the 214th Reg. P. V., and were of the number who left this section of the country, but a few weeks previous to the surrender of Lee's army. They have not born the brunt of battles during their absence, but in marching, camp and guard duty, and all the minutiae of war, except fighting, they have well performed the good soldier's part. They were mustered out at Philadelphia on Saturday, just in time to make a successful run for the Kensington Depot, and arrived here about 10 o'clock, P. M. The following are the names of the returned men.

Co. K.—Simpson Brewer, John Datesman.

Co. H.—Sergt. Christian, Sergt. Weiss, Sergt. Fred. Naumen, Charles Christian, Charles Frederick, Samuel Frederick, Samuel Brewer, Alfred Metzgar, Isaac Hohensheldt, Nicholas Dupue, James Warner, Reuben Nauman, Jacob Buskirk, Charles Walter, Peter E. Williams, George Snyder, Freeman Kresge, August Baltz, Henry F. Stutter, Edwin Bossard, Isaiah Slutter, John Young, Wm. Young, John W. Singer, Freeman Werkheiser, Elias Werkheiser, John C. Houck.

A Fact. The difference between the Republican and Democratic parties in Pennsylvania is no where better displayed than in the treatment accorded to the Soldier by the State Conventions of the two. Republican Convention nominates a gallant soldier who served throughout the war; the Democratic Convention nominates a Copperhead, without ally, who voted as a member of the State Senate against every measure intended to benefit the soldier. The republican platform, too, demands an equalization of bounties, the meeting out of ample justice to the brave defenders of the nation, and a liberal provision for the education and comfort of the orphans of those who fell in defence of their country; while the Democratic platform indulges only in buccanonic talk, carefully avoiding all mention of specific measures in behalf of our returned brave.

Conscience Money. Another contribution of "conscience money," amounting to \$637 84, was received on the 26th of March by Treasurer Spigner from Gen. W. Scott Ketchum, of the War Department. The money was received by Gen. Ketchum from an unknown source.

A Remarkable Work. The New York Tribune of the 22d has the following: "The Atlantic and Great Western Railway have issued their bonds for a loan of \$30,000,000. The work of issuing them has been completed by John R. Penn, Esq., of the eminent firm of Culver, Penn & Co., bankers, the trustee signing his name as an indorsement. As there are 60,000 bonds of \$500 each, we may imagine Mr. Penn had a vast work. The trust is the largest ever held by any one man, and the bonds the largest lot ever issued by any one corporation in America. Mr. Penn's name was signed 60,000 times, making 540,000 letters. Estimating 400 signatures an hour as the average rate, it would take 150 hours to sign the whole number. In some of the country schools it is considered a severe punishment to make a lad write his name on his slate a hundred times. If Mr. Penn's trust is the largest held by any gentleman in America—according to the schoolmaster's law of retribution—he has suffered untold punishment."

Just So. The treatment of European emigrants by task masters of the South is not a whit better than that accorded to the freedmen, and that is cruel enough. Nearly all the Germans and Swiss who went South last year to work for the old slaveholders have returned, or are returning, disgusted with their experiment. A party of Germans informed the Memphis Post that they were nearly starved during their stay on the plantations, and on expressing dissatisfaction were discharged without receiving any pay. This is the common complaint of all, and proves that the planters cannot be honest even with men of their own color.

Doctor Revillout, in a paper presented last summer to the French Academy of Medicine, asserts that lemon juice is one of the most efficacious medicines which can be applied to diphtheria, and he relates that when he was a dresser in the hospital his own life was saved by this timely application. He got three dozen lemons and gargled his throat with juice, swallowing a little at the same time, in order to act on the more deep-seated parts. Dr. Revillout has noted eleven cases of complete success obtained by this method of treatment.

Lice in Chicken Houses. We hardly know what to advise to rid the houses of this pest, we have always found lime washing effectual when thoroughly done. It must be well worked into all crevices; holes which the brush cannot reach must be stopped, and the operation must be repeated till the desired change takes place. If the fowls are supplied in the house and in their run with a couple of bushels of dust, or better, still, of wood ashes, with which should be mixed four or five pounds of bluish sulphur, they will use it as a bath and rid themselves of their visitors.—Agricultural Gazette.

Cheap Bravery. Mr. Clymer, in his speech accepting the democratic nomination, expressed his willingness to sacrifice his life, "if need be," in "defending the Union." He is very liberal with the offer of his life after the war. While the war was in progress he was not as liberal even as Arcturus Ward, who was ready to sacrifice the last relation he had upon the altar of his country, but did what he could to obstruct its prosecution by keeping every man he could out of the army. His bravery now, when the danger is over, is of a very cheap kind.

An advertisement in a New York paper, promising on the receipt of twenty-five cents, to send a receipt to keep water in wells and cisterns from freezing, a man in a neighboring city forwarded the currency and received the following answer, which may prove of value to some of our readers:—"Take in your well and cistern on cold nights and keep them by the fire."

The Gift Distribution Swindle. A dispatch from Washington to the N. Y. Times, says that the Postmaster at Rhinebeck, N. Y., has sent a letter to the Senate Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, inclosing a list of circulars to show by what means the swindling gift enterprise business is carried on by firms in New York and elsewhere. He also encloses a circular to show how the names of parties are obtained from postmasters, not aware of the object sought to be accomplished. All this information the committee is considering, in connection with Mr. Dixon's bill to prevent the perversion of the mails to fraudulent and illegal purposes.

In the same connection the United States District Attorney for the District of New Jersey writes to the Postmaster General to advise him when any law is passed to enable the Post Office Department to prevent such frauds as have been lately perpetrated by Jason H. Tuttle, at Flatbrookville, N. J., the particulars of which we gave a few days ago. The U. S. Consul at Toronto writes to Governor Ward that he has seized two thousand six hundred letters obtained by Tuttle from the Post Office at Flatbrookville, containing money.—Sussex Register.

The Germantown Telegraph, which is not a political newspaper, renders this high compliment to the Republican candidate for Governor:—"The nomination of General Geary for Governor of Pennsylvania, to succeed our present distinguished Chief Magistrate, is everywhere hailed with enthusiasm. This may be the case, for a more sterling man in every respect is not to be found. His loyalty is without condition. His administrative abilities are second to none. His election is beyond a peradventure."

Pennsylvania is the only State, thus far, which has actually assumed the care of the children of her dead soldiers; and 2000 of these are now in school in the State. The cost per pupil is about \$150 per annum, exclusive of clothing.

The Pennsylvania Democracy and the President.

The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. Tribune, writing under date of March 15th, says: "It will be remembered that the late Copperhead Convention of Pennsylvania, after nominating Mr. Clymer for Governor, passed a resolution indorsing the President's policy. A sub-committee was appointed to come on here and present the resolution in person. This gratulatio mission was essayed a few evenings since. The committee was admitted to an audience with the President, and were proceeding, after the most approved fashion, to assure him that the democracy of Pennsylvania had designed no empty compliment; that they had watched his recent action with no ordinary gratification; and that they should stand by him and his Administration so long as he so nobly adhered to the sacred Constitution. Before the peroration was reached, the President broken up them with the suggestion that 'the wisest thing they could do was to go home and change their ticket.' He believed that they had made a fatal mistake in nominating such a man, especially at this particular time, with much other remarks of a similarly encouraging character. The last seen of the Pennsylvania Committeemen they were making for the Baltimore depot, in a fearful demoralized frame of mind.

Internal Revenue Decision.

The following internal Revenue decision should receive the attention of parties engaged in securing pledges of funds for the building of railroads, erection of churches, monuments, and the like.

In reply to a letter, in relation to the stamp duty on a subscription paper where the subscribers each agreed to take stock in a railroad company, the Commissioner has decided that "such subscription, unless the sum subscribed is paid when the list is signed, is held to create a promise to pay a definite and certain sum of money, and therefore each person signing his name and not paying his subscription at the time should affix and cancel a stamp appropriate to the commissary not of the amount subscribed. If a person signs the list and pays the subscription at the time of signing, the paper would be a mere memorandum, and as such would not be subject to stamp duty. If a subscription list is made in such a form as that the subscribers bind themselves to pay only in the event of a certain amount being raised, then each signature is held to form an agreement or contract, and as subject to a stamp duty of five cents. But if each signer agrees to pay unconditionally, then each create a new instrument subject to a stamp duty as a promissory note.

An Imposter.

We are informed that Henry Thompson, an Englishman, about five feet six inches in height, dark complexion, black hair, black eyes, black chin whiskers, and mustache, a quick and shrewd fellow, is traveling around the country, pretending to buy out places of business, borrowing money, and otherwise defrauding those he meets. His modus operandi is as follows: Finding a person who is disposed to sell out, he agrees to buy, stating that he has been in the U. S. service—that he has been a sutler in the army—or that he has large claims against the government. His purchase being made he writes to Washington for a settlement of his claims, meanwhile boarding and not paying his bill, and borrowing money to take him to Washington—as soon as he succeeds in obtaining funds, he leaves and is seen no more. Pass him around.—Binghamton Republican.

A bound girl in Illinois recently hung a little boy in retaliation for a whipping which the child's mother had bestowed upon the girl.

All lawyers may be said to belong to the Fee-nian brotherhood.

A 60,000 shingle-per-day machine has been invented.

MARRIED.

March 17th 1868, in Hamilton, at the house of Mr. Peter Albert, by Rev. Henry Seifert, Mr. John P. Sigler, from Lafayette, New Jersey, formerly from Hamilton, Monroe, and Miss Ann Maria Albert, of Hamilton Monroe county, Pa.

March 24th, 1868, at the Lutheran Parsonage, by the Rev. Henry Seifert, Mr. FRANCIS E. SNYDER, from Chestnut-hill, Monroe county, Pa., and Miss LOUISA SHOEMAKER, from Hamilton, Monroe county, Pa.

March 24th, 1868, at the same place, and by the same, Mr. JAMES B. DRAKE, from Dills' Ferry, Northampton county, Pa., and Miss ANN MARIA BREWER, of Hamilton, Monroe county, Pa.

March 25th, 1868, at the same place, by the same, Mr. CHARLES MIXCELL, from Ross, Monroe county, Pa., and Miss MARY DRUMHELLER, from Eldred, Monroe county, Pa.

On March 27th, by Rev. B. S. Everitt, Mr. JOHN H. WELDRICK, of Sussex Co., N. J., and MARY E. SMITH, of this Borough.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, Free of Charge. Please inclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself. Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D. Bible House, March 20, 1868.—N. Y. New York City.

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs,

forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for \$80 to \$600 each. FIFTY-ONE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York. September 7, 1865.—ly.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE.

Every young lady and gentleman in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge), by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant, THOS. F. CHAPMAN, 831 Broadway, New York. January 4, 1866.—ly.

\$1,500 PER YEAR! We want agents everywhere to sell our improved \$20 sewing Machine. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machines sold in the United States for less than \$40, which are fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bacheelder. All other cheap machines are infringements and the seller or user are liable to arrest, fine, and imprisonment. Circulars free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine. January 4, 1866.—ly.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, and all Thoracic and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York. January 4, 1866.—ly.

\$30 A MONTH!—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles, just out Address, O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. January 4, 1866.—ly.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES. A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow-creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the formula of cure employed.—Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL, Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y. Jan. 12, 65.—5m.

TREMENDOUS EXCITEMENT! Death to High Prices!

Up Town in a Blaze! METZGAR & STORM, respectfully inform the public that the \$400,000 of imposition prices have gone by in Stroudsburg, for the proof of which they invite their friends, from both town and county, to call at their new Store, on Elizabeth Street, in Stroudsburg, one door below the Indian Queen Hotel, examine their goods and learn how low they sell them.

We have DRY GOODS in almost endless variety.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Calicoes, Delaines and Muslins, Trimmings and Notions, and everything in that line.

We have GROCERIES and PROVISIONS, SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, SPIES, FISH, PORK, and a full assortment in that line.

We have Crockery Ware, Wooden Ware, Willow Ware, Hardware, a general assortment.

TOBACCO of all kinds, BOOTS AND SHOES, and in fact almost everything that can be called for in a completely stocked Store.

Call and see for yourselves. We take pleasure in showing goods without price, and can sell you calicoes from 12 1/2 cents to 25 cents per yard, and everything else proportionately low.

We feel duly thankful for the many evidences of already received appreciation of our efforts to knock down war prices, and can assure the public that there is still room for a few more evidences of the same sort. Don't forget the place and give us a call.

J. P. METZGAR, JEROME STORM.

March 20, 1868.

TREASURER'S NOTICE

of Sale of Seated Lands For Arrearages of Taxes.

The following is a list of taxes on Seated assessments, as returned by the Collectors of the several Townships for 1864 and 1865, which lands will be sold at the Court House in the Borough of Stroudsburg, on the 11th day of June, next, a greably to the 1st section of the Act of 19th April, A. D. 1843, which provides for the collection of Taxes.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for various townships including Stroudsburg, Pottsville, and others.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Chestnut Hill Township.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Hamilton Township.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Coolbaugh Township.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Middle Smithfield Township.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Smithfield Township.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Jackson Township.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Poccono Township.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Eldred Township.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Pottsville Township.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Ross Township.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Stroud Township.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Tully Township.

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TREASURER'S SALE OF Unseated Lands In Monroe County.

Notice is hereby given, that agreeably to an Act of General Assembly, passed the 13th day of March, 1815, entitled an "Act to amend the act entitled an act directing the mode of selling Unseated Lands for taxes and for other purposes, and of an Act passed the 13th day of March, 1817, a further supplement to an Act to amend the act entitled an act directing the mode of selling Unseated Lands for taxes and for other purposes by the act of General Assembly passed the 9th day of March in the year of our Lord 1847, entitled an act in relation to the sales of Unseated Lands in the several counties of this Commonwealth, the following tracts of land will be sold at public vendue on the 11th day of June, being the

Second Monday of June Next, at 2 o'clock, p. m., at the Court House in Stroudsburg, in the County of Monroe, for arrearages of taxes due, and the costs accrued on each lot respectively.

For Years 1864 and 1865.

Table with columns: No., Warrantee, Acres, Per. Tax. Lists land parcels with owner names, acreage, and tax amounts for various townships.

Table with columns: Names, Property, Taxes. Lists property owners and their respective tax amounts for Chestnut Hill.

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