

Donation Visit. The friends and congregation of Rev. B. S. Everett, will make him a donation visit, at his residence, in Stroudsburg, on Thursday, the 25th inst., afternoon and evening.

George P. Heim has sold to Alexander Raubenold the house and lot which the latter now occupies as a Jewelry Store for \$2,000.

John Kautz has sold his saloon, furniture, &c., to Godfrey Ruff, for \$500 cash. Godfrey took possession on Monday last.

Lewis D. Vail, Esq., sold his house and lot situate on Main St., in this Borough, to William Hollinshead, for \$3,000.

We were agreeably surprised to find about 7 1/2 inches of snow on Tuesday morning last. The snow had fallen between 9 o'clock Monday night and 7 o'clock Tuesday morning.

A fight for a prize of \$1000 took place on Tuesday last, in Pike county, one and a-half miles from Port Jervis, between two brutes, named Kerrigan and Phelan. Kerrigan was declared the victor after eighteen rounds, which lasted about thirty minutes.

The Commissioners of Monroe County, have made the following appointments for 1866: C. BURNETT, Esq., Attorney. M. H. DREHER, Clerk. PETER GROVER, Mercantile appraiser.

We have been shown a private letter, from an influential business man of Philadelphia, in which the writer, speaking of Stroudsburg, makes this remark: "I predict great improvements when the Lehigh and Water Gap Railroad is finished, but the people of Stroudsburg and Monroe County must put their own shoulders to the wheel, first, before calling on Philadelphia for help."

A strict military watch is kept on the movements of all vessels arriving at or departing from Fort Monroe, rumors of a plot to rescue Jeff. Davis having been freely circulated. A steam-tug with soldiers nightly patrols the waters of the harbor, and passes to the fort are more closely examined than formerly, having to undergo the scrutiny of two sets of sentries instead of one.

The assassination spirit is not yet extinct at Washington. On last Wednesday evening an attempt was made to murder Hon. Benjamin F. Wade, United States Senator from Ohio, at his residence in that city. A man of large size called at the house, inquired for Mr. Wade, was shown to his room and after being seated stated that he was trying to obtain employment in the navy, and wished Mr. Wade to sign a recommendation for him. This the latter refused to do, informing him he was a stranger and should get the signature of some other person. The Senator suspecting some thing wrong from the appearance of the man, arose and went into another room, armed himself with a loaded revolver and quietly returned to the room where his visitor was sitting. In a few moments the man again asked him if he was going to sign his paper, which the Senator positively refused to do. The stranger then arose to his feet drew out a large bowie knife, which he was preparing to unsheathe, when Mr. Wade sprang to his feet drawing his revolver, which he placed in close proximity to the man's head and thus escorted him out of the house. How he resisted the temptation to shoot the villain, does not appear.

Admitted to Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States. Yesterday, on motion of Senator Mc Dougall, of California, Brevet Colonel H. B. Burham, long a member of the Pennsylvania Volunteers, was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court of the United States. Colonel Burham raised the 67th regiment, Pennsylvania volunteers, at the opening of the war, served for three years as its lieutenant Colonel in the field, was then, in consequence of wounds, transferred to duty as judge advocate in this city with rank as major. U. S. A., and recently was breveted Colonel for gallant and meritorious services in the field.—Washington Daily Chronicle, January 14.

The Irish papers are making considerable fuss over what they call the "cattle melon," which is considered quite an acquisition to the agricultural resources of Ireland. It is nothing more than a Yankee pumpkin.

The trial of Gee, the brutal keeper of the Salisbury prison, will take place in a few days before a military tribunal at Raleigh, N. C.

GOVERNOR CURTIN His Health Improving.—Letter from Surgeon-General Phillips. Harrisburg, Jan. 13.—Letters received here from Governor Curtin, dated Havana, January 5, indicate that he will leave Cuba on the 15th instant, for New York, and may consequently be expected at the State capital by this day week.

The Governor would have prolonged his stay in Cuba, but is constrained to leave as indicated by his high sense of duty to the public interest, and the enormous expense of remaining longer on the island is larger than his private means will justify him in incurring.

The following letter from Surgeon-General Phillips is interesting in this connection: Havana, Jan. 2, 1866.—Hon. Eli Slinger—Dear Sir:—It affords me great pleasure to inform you that the health of Gov. Curtin has steadily improved since his arrival in Cuba. The alarming symptoms from which he has suffered for so long a period have nearly disappeared under the influence of a mild climate. I am convinced that a prolonged stay in this latitude would result in his cure and permanent recovery. Though not in a condition to withstand the rigor of a Northern winter, the Governor was very anxious to return to Pennsylvania on the 1st inst., to resume his official duties. He has however at my earnest solicitations, concluded to remain in Havana until the 15th of this month, when he will embark for New York on the steamer Eagle. Very truly yours, JOSEPH A. PHILLIPS.

Washington, Jan. 14, 1866. Singular Gift and Message to Senator Sumner.

Late on Saturday night as a telegraph boy was entering the private rooms of Senator Sumner with a dispatch, he stumbled upon a paper box which had been placed against the door and neatly addressed to Mr. Sumner, containing a full length human figure, neatly wrapped up and covered by the following suggestive note, which we give as worded and spelled: "You old son of a bitch, I send you a piece of one of your friends, and if that bill of yours passes I will have a piece of you."

A UNION MAN. The finger must have been very recently cut close from the hand of a negro or mulatto. These "reconstruction" demonstrations are becoming quite too frequent to improve the temper of Congress toward those who now openly boast that they have done, and would do again with any show of success, all in their power to dismember this Government.

The President on Wednesday sent a message to the Senate, in reply to the inquiry of that body in relation to the confinement and trial of Jefferson Davis.—The message embraces reports from the Secretary of War and Attorney General, the former showing that Davis is still held on charges of treason, of inciting the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, and of starving Union prisoners of war; that the President desired to have him first tried for treason, and that the Attorney General recommended Virginia as the most proper place for such trial, but that Chief Justice Chase declines to hold a court within the limits of that circuit. The Attorney General merely states the substance of the opinion formerly given by him, in which he says that trials for treason cannot be held before a military tribunal; that though active hostilities have ceased, a state of war still exists in the territory in rebellion, for which reason Davis and other prominent rebels can be rightfully held in custody; and that when peace shall be restored in law and in fact it will be the duty of the President to cause criminal prosecutions to be instituted before the proper tribunals against the prominent Rebels who are held for trial.—It looks as though it would be some time yet before Jeff. Davis is brought to trial.

The Pottstown Ledger records the death of Martha Barefoot, the oldest inhabitant of the country, which occurred at Morganstown, in Berks county, on the 24th of December last, at the remarkable age of one hundred and six years.—She was born in 1759, was grown to womanhood when Independence was declared, and has out lived every soldier of the revolution but two. Her mental faculties were remarkably well preserved till near her death, and she was in the habit of relating to interested auditors incidents that had transpired before the revolutionary struggle, as though they were the occurrences of yesterday. Her death was not from disease, but from the gradual exhaustion of the vital powers. She was probably the oldest person in Pennsylvania.

A few evenings since three burglars visited the residence of Col. McKendry, (formerly of the Second Massachusetts Cavalry,) in Milton, Mass., and attempted to enter his house. Their noise alarmed the Colonel, who seized two loaded revolvers, and without stopping to put on his clothes went in the yard and confronted them. They were very well behaved burglars and allowed themselves to be driven into a shed, where the Colonel held them at bay with his revolvers until his clothing had been brought to him, and a rope to tie the men together, after which he marched them to the lock-up.

Internal Revenue Receipts. The receipts of the Internal Revenue for the week ending on the 13th inst. were as follows: Monday, \$1,238,780 78; Tuesday, \$725,884 98; Wednesday, \$742,191 75; Thursday, \$670,861 14; Friday, \$802,192 19; and for Saturday, \$461,418 67; total for the week, \$4,641,293 42.

During the cold terms the skating parks in New York were visited by 74,000.

INTERNAL REVENUE. An Important Circular.—Cancellation of Stamps. Special Dispatch to The N. Y. Tribune. Washington, Monday, Jan. 15, 1866.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue today issued an important circular respecting the cancellation of revenue stamps, which will be of general interest to the business men of the country.

After referring to the different sections of the Stamp Act of June 30, 1864, he decides that, under the power thus conferred, authority has been given to imprint the initials and date upon stamps in ink, instead of writing them. The imprint must be distinct and legible. If proprietary stamps cannot be so affixed to the boxes, bottles or packages that in opening the same or in using the contents thereof they shall and must be unavoidably and effectually destroyed, they should be canceled in the ordinary manner by writing or imprinting thereon the initials and date. Cancellation by writing or imprinting the initials and date in ink, whereby the stamp is made to correspond in those particulars with the instrument to which it is affixed, is not only the legal but also the most effectual method against fraud, and must be adopted, except in the case of proprietary articles where it is otherwise specially provided. Frequent reports have reached this office showing that the law upon this subject is very often discarded. In some instances stamps are used without being obliterated or destroyed in any manner whatever. In others a cross simply, generally with ink, but sometimes even a pencil is used, or a hole is punched through the stamp. These and similar methods of cancellation afford little or no protection against the use of stamps a second time. Great frauds may be, and as investigation shows, have been practiced upon the public revenue in this manner. Collectors, assessors, inspectors, and all other officers of this Bureau are therefore instructed to give this subject their special attention, to bring it to the notice of persons using stamps, and to require strict conformity to the law. If persons, after having been fully notified of the requirements of the statute respecting the cancellation of stamps, and of their liabilities for non-compliance therewith, wilfully persist in their fraudulent use, without effectually cancelling and obliterating them in the manner required by law, legal proceeding should be instituted for the recovery of the prescribed penalties.

Marriage Extraordinary. An extraordinary marriage took place at the Union Methodist Episcopal Church Fourth street below Arch, last evening.

Mr. Rein, a German by birth, and a celebrated tamer of horses by profession, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Miss Hanna J. Duke, the Iowa giantess. The bridegroom served with distinction in the Union army. He is rather below the middle stature of mankind in point of size and weight, he scarcely taring the beam at one hundred and forty pounds. The bride weighs five hundred and eighty-five pounds avoirdupois. She has been exhibited at Ingalls Museum, on Market street, near Ninth, for some time past. Mr. Rein, on visiting the establishment, fell violently in love with the fair giantess, proposed marriage, and "of course she said yes."

Last evening, at eight o'clock, the carriages drew up before the museum, and the train, soon to be made one, entered therein and proceeded to the church.—The bridal party consisted of the Siamese twins—Chang and Eng—and other celebrities of the museum. Upon entering the Church the visitors were the most "observed of all observers." They were united in the matrimonial bond in accordance with the plain usage of the Methodist persuasion, after which they retired. The event was extraordinary, because of the remarkable fact of the difference in the size of the parties. It was regarded with a deal of interest. The bride did not falter or tremble upon being led to the altar.—Philadelphia Press.

The whereabouts of the fugitive traitors, who have "left the country for the country's good," may be of interest to somebody. We would state, therefore, that as nearly as can be at present ascertained, John Sidel is living at Paris, where he quietly chews the bitter cup of disappointment, and his family, like himself, avoids going into society. Ex-Senator Mason, the haughtiest of the Secession cabal, is a miserable exile in London, where also are Jacob Thompson and Judah P. Benjamin, and a number of less noted traitors. John C. Breckenridge, who for some months past has found a refuge in Canada, is said to be making arrangements for removal to England. The few years that remain to complete the wretched existence of those men, will be years of remorse and shame. They cannot review the past with satisfaction, nor look to the future with hope. Like Aaron Burr, they will pass their days in bewailing their self-inflicted woes, and sleep at night with the hisses of the civilized world sounding in their ears.

Farming on a Large Scale. M. L. Sullivan, of Champaign County, Ill., owns and presides over seventy thousand acres of the best land on the hemisphere, twenty-three thousand acres of which are under fence, and in actual improvement and cultivation, the balance is used for herding. There cannot be found five acres of unserviceable land on Mr. Sullivan's entire 70,000 acres. Their productiveness is unsurpassed. Almost all of Mr. Sullivan's farming is conducted by labor-saving machinery, so that it is estimated that, throughout one man will perform the average labor of four or five, as conducted on small farms. He drives his posts by horsepower, breaks his ground by Comstock's "spaders" mows, rakes, loads, unloads and stacks his hay by machinery, cultivates his corn by improved machinery, ditches any low ground by machinery, sows and plants by machinery, so that all his laborers can ride and perform their tasks as easily as riding in a buggy.

The Methodist Episcopal Church is making rapid progress in the former Slave States. In Louisiana and Texas, more than 20,000 colored Methodists have broken of their connection with the Southern Methodist Church and joined the Northern Church. Bishop Thomson organized in December, at New Orleans, Mississippi Annual Conference of the M. E. Church, which already numbers 17 preachers and 22,000 members. A "Biblical Institute" has been opened in the city of New-Orleans, and a new Church organ, The New Orleans Advocate, has been started by the Rev. Dr. J. P. Newman.

In Kentucky, 25 ministers of the Southern Methodist Church, with about 5,000 of the white members, have declared their intention of joining the Northern Church. The colored congregations either have already taken the same step, or intend soon to take it.

In Georgia, the Rev. Mr. Caldwell, a member of the Georgia Annual Conference, to whose sermons on Slavery we referred some weeks ago, is now laboring as missionary of the Methodist Episcopal Church. There, as in every Southern State, it is highly probable that the entire colored membership of the Southern Church will connect itself with Northern Methodism.—Tribune.

Ex-Gov. Kirkwood of Iowa has been elected, by the Legislature of that State, United States Senator to fill the unexpired term. As his successor for the long term, commencing March 4, 1867, the Secretary of the Interior, the Hon James Harlan, has been elected.

Dr. R. B. Bradford, a democrat who has held the office of Public Administrator in New York for several years, confesses to having used from thirty-five to forty thousand dollars of trust funds in stock speculations, all of which was lost. Have you heard any of the democratic papers raising a howl over the fact?

A diamond pin, containing thirty diamonds and worth many hundreds of dollars, was found at Bangor, Me., the other day, in a lot of rags imported from Smyrna.

Some of the Pennsylvania oil companies which last year, in paying taxes, assessed their stock at \$10 per share, now value the same stock at five cents a share.

MARRIED. Dec. 26, 1865, at the Lutheran Parsonage in Hamilton, by Rev. Henry Seifert, Mr. William Musselman, and Miss Mary Catharine Nauman, both of Hamilton, Monroe Co., Pa.

ERRORS OF YOUTH. A Gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 13 Chambers St., New York. January 4, 1866.—1y.

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for \$50 to \$600 each. FIFTY-ONE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York. September 7, 1865.—1y.

TO CONSUMPTIVES. The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburgh, Kings County, New York. January 4, 1866.—1y.

\$1,500 PER YEAR! We want agents everywhere to sell our improved \$20 sewing Machine. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machines sold in the United States for less than \$40, which are fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bacheelder. All other cheap machines are infringements and the seller or user are liable to arrest, fine, and imprisonment. Circulars free. Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, Biddeford, Maine, or No. 823 Broadway, New York; No. 236 Carter St., Philadelphia, Pa.; No. 14 Lombard's block, Chicago, Ill.; No. 170 West Fourth St., Cincinnati, O.; or No. 8 Spaulding's Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y. January 4, 1866.—1y.

\$90 A MONTH!—Agents wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Maine. January 4, 1866.—1y.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DESPONDENT OF BOTH SEXES. A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow-creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the formula of cure employed. Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL, Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y. Jan. 12, 65.—5m.

STRANGE, BUT TRUE. Every young lady and gentlemen in the United States can hear something very much to their advantage by return mail (free of charge), by addressing the undersigned. Those having fears of being humbugged will oblige by not noticing this card. All others will please address their obedient servant, THOS. F. CHAPMAN, 831 Broadway, New York. January, 4, 1866.—1y.

RECONSTRUCTION. OYSTERS, OYSTERS, OYSTERS.

The undersigned having made arrangements with Mr. J. G. Ogden for a full and constant supply of fresh Oysters, is now prepared to furnish Hotels and private families with a full supply of the best quality, and any quantity on short notice. Call at the Bakery Saloon at any hour of the day or evening, when you can have Oysters prepared in every style that the taste requires to give nature a boost. H. C. LEVANWAY, Stroudsburg, Jan. 18, 1866.

Auditor's Notice. Estate of JONAS METZGAR, dec'd.

The undersigned appointed by the Orphan's Court of Monroe, Auditor to report distribution of the funds in the hands of Charles Hoffman and David Nye, Administrators of the above named Estate, will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Friday, February 16, 1866, at two o'clock P. M., at the Prothonotary's office in Stroudsburg, when and where all persons interested and having claims against said fund will present the same, or be forever debarred from coming in for any share thereof. THOS. M. McILHANEY, Auditor. Jan. 18, 1866.

Auditor's Notice. In the matter of the Account of the Administrator of the Estate of Lewis Schrader, late of Stroud Twp., dec'd.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Monroe County, to make distribution of the funds in the hands of said Administrator, to and among those entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Monday, the 19th day of February, 1866, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Office of S. S. Dreher, Esq., in the Borough of Stroudsburg, when and where all parties interested, are requested to attend, or they will be debarred from coming for their distributive shares of said fund. S. HOLMES, Jr., Auditor. Stroudsburg, Jan. 18, 1866.

Auditor's Notice. In the matter of the Account of the Administrator of Joseph Barlieb, late of Ross Twp., dec'd.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Monroe County, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of said Administrator, to and among those entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Saturday the 17th day of February, 1866, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all parties interested are required to attend, or they will be debarred from coming in for their distributive shares of said fund. S. HOLMES, Jr., Auditor. Stroudsburg, Jan. 18, 1866.

Auditor's Notice. In the matter of the Account of the Administrator of the Estate of John Smith, late of Eldred Township, dec'd.

The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Monroe County, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of said Administrator, to and among those entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Friday, the 16th day of February 1866, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Office of S. S. Dreher, Esq., in the Borough of Stroudsburg, when and where all parties interested are required to attend, or they will be debarred from coming in for their distributive shares of said fund. S. HOLMES, Jr., Auditor. Stroudsburg, Jan. 18, 1866.

NOTICE. In the matter of the Petition of Frederick Kiser, Phillip Miller, Valentine Kautz, Charles D. Brodhead, Joseph Troch, John S. Fisher and others, to the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe County, for the incorporation of "The Lutheran Church of Stroudsburg."

And now, Dec. 27, 1866, the Court having examined the said Petition and being of opinion that the objects therein set forth, are lawful,—direct that the same be filed in the office of the Prothonotary of said Court; and further direct that notice be given in one newspaper printed in Monroe County, for at least three weeks, of the intended application for a charter of incorporation at next Term. Therefore notice is hereby given, that application will be made at the next term of said Court, to be held at Stroudsburg, on the 26th day of February next, for a decree incorporating "The Lutheran Church of Stroudsburg" according to the objects, articles and conditions set forth in the said Petition. C. BURNETT, Atty. for Petitioners. Jan. 18, 1866.

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH! Itch! Itch! Itch!

Try Hollinshead's Itch Ointment, a sure cure for that troublesome disease. Warranted to cure, or the money refunded. Not injurious. Prepared and sold at W. HOLLINSHEAD'S Drug Store. Stroudsburg, Jan. 11th, 1866.

BLANK MORTGAGES. For sale at this Office

Important to Everybody. The subscribers would inform the public very respectfully, that they are carrying on the Boot & Shoe Business at their old stand, one door above the Express Office, on Elizabeth St., Stroudsburg, Pa., where they will be happy to wait on their old customers, and as many new ones as can make it convenient to call. They have on hand a good assortment of BOOTS & SHOES,

for men, women, misses' and children's wear, Gum over Shoes and Sandals for men, youth and misses. A general assortment of Lasts and Boot-Trees, shoe Thread, Wax, Heel Nails, Pincers, Punches, Eyelets and Eye-lett Sets, Pegs and Peg-Cutters, Shoe Hammers, Crimping Boards and Screws, also, lining and binding skins, a good article of Tampico Boot Morocco, French Morocco and French Calfskins, Lasting and all kinds of Shoemaker to-le, Ink Powder and Shoe Blacking, and Frank Miller's water-proof oil blacking. All of which they offer for sale at small advance upon cost. Give us a call, no charges for showing goods. P. S.—Boots and Shoes made to order and warrant'd. CHARLES WATERS & SON, Stroudsburg, Jan. 18, 1866.

Auditor's Notice. Estate of MICHAEL HAWK, dec'd

The undersigned appointed by the Orphan's Court of Monroe County, Auditor to make distribution of the balance in the hands of John S. Fisher, Administrator of said deceased, to and among the heirs, will attend to the duties of his appointment next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the Prothonotary's Office, in Stroudsburg, at which time and place all persons having any claims against said funds will present the same, or be forever debarred from coming in for any share of said funds. T. M. McILHANEY, Auditor. January 11, 1866.

Orphans' Court Sale. By virtue of an order of sale made by the Orphan's Court of Monroe County, there will be offered for sale at public outcry upon the premises, on

The 3d day of February, 1866, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following Real Estate, late of George Rouse, dec'd, viz: A certain farm or tract of land situate in Middle Smithfield township, in said Monroe County, adjoining land of James Mosier, Jacob Fenicle, Lewis Brown and Jacob Pipher, containing about

One Hundred and Twenty Acres, more or less—80 acres cleared—20 acres excellent meadow, balance good timber land. The improvements are a one and a half story

Frame House, about 32 by 42 feet, Frame Barn 40 by 45 feet, with stone Stabling, Frame Wagon House, 22 by 32 feet, Corn Crib and other outbuildings; two good Apple Orchards. A public road runs along one line of the land, and a stream of water passes through the same. There are several never failing springs of water convenient to the house. The buildings are good, and the land in an excellent state of cultivation. Conditions will be made known at the time of sale by WILSON D. ROUSE, } Executors. JOHN D. ROUSE, } Jan. 11, 1866.

Good News for the People! Cotten Goods have come down in price!

Large decline in prices of Muslins, Calicoes, De Lanes, And Ginghames.

I am now selling Calicoes and De Lanes at about 25 per cent. lower than I sold them a week ago.

ALL NEW and FRESH GOODS. I am selling some make of Muslins for less than they have been sold for the last two years.

COTTEN GOODS. Are low enough for any one to buy them now.

Large reduction in the price of fine DRESS GOODS. And if you wish to buy good Cloths and fancy Cassimeres, call in. They are 50 cents a yard cheaper than in the fall.

AND BLANKET SHAWLS, all wool, all sorts and sizes, very low. I can give you a bargain in Shawls. And then I have a good assortment of Coffee, Sugars, baking Molasses and Syrups,

And lots of other Goods cheap. Don't forget the place, it is at BROADHEAD'S Cheap Store, in Stroudsburg. Jan. 11, 1866.