

Union State Ticket.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
MAJ.-GEN. JOHN F. HARTMAN,
OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY.

FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL,
COL. JACOB M. CAMPBELL,
OF CAMBERIA COUNTY.

NOTICE TO SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

School Directors are requested to inform me as soon as convenient, of the time and place of holding the Fall examinations of applicants for schools as required by law.

JNO. B. STORM, Co. Sup't.

On the 2d inst. the receipts of internal revenue reached the enormous sum of \$4,500,000, the largest daily receipts ever known.

Gen. Selfridge, United States Internal Revenue Assessor, of this District, (11th) has removed his office from Easton to Bethlehem, Pa. His office is on Market Street.

Our friend Capt. C. U. Warnick, of this Borough, presented us with a few clusters of a new specimen of fine grapes, called the "Cluster." They are the finest we have seen this season.

Mr. William Dean, of this Borough, lost a valuable horse on last Monday evening, at Milford, Pa.

The dwelling of John H. Conner, of this place, was entered on Monday evening last, by some thief or thieves, who succeeded in getting between fifty and sixty dollars in money, principally Postal Currency.

In the evening, when Mr. C. went to bed he left his pocket book in his coat pocket, on a chair down stairs, from whence the thief took it.

Conner found the Pocket book next morning in his back yard.

Vermont Election.

The brief returns from Vermont show that the Republicans of that State have elected their candidate for Governor, Paul Dillingham, by a majority relatively larger than that by which Smith (Rep.) was chosen last year over Redfield (Dem.)

Sale of Government Mules.

We are requested to announce that the sale of Government Mules in Philadelphia, will be suspended until Wednesday, September 20th, on which day and every Wednesday and Saturday thereafter, until further notice, the sale of 100 Mules each of those days, will be continued.

The M. E. Sabbath School Pic Nic which came off in Ransberry's grove, on last Thursday, we are gratified to learn proved to be quite a success. The day was very pleasant, the turn-out large, and all seemed to enjoy themselves exceedingly well. The School was very appropriately addressed by the Rev. Mr. Paxson, of the M. E. Church of this place.

On Friday afternoon an Excursion Party, numbering forty, started from this place for Tobyhanna, or Naglesville, where they were kindly received and hospitably entertained by our old friend Case, who knows just how to do such things. All connected with the party enjoyed themselves hugely. Nor did the Union Excursion party in the midst of their enjoyment and festivity forget that the editor of this paper was, like themselves mortal, and might enjoy some of their dainties, and of which, accordingly they enclosed him a goodly portion, for which he thanks them, and hopes that they may live long to enjoy many excursions to Naglesville, and that in no instance will they fail to remember the Editor of the Jeffersonian.

Current Revenue of the Government.

The current receipts of the government from customs and internal revenue are unusually large. The income from internal revenue averages over two million dollars a day. The customs revenue, through the single port of New-York, is this week up to a daily average of nearly \$600,000 in coin; on one day it reached \$735,500, or, on the basis of gold at 145, equal to \$1,066,475 in currency. Evidently, the national treasury cannot be very "hard pressed" for means to meet all current claims upon it.

Voter, if, on the day of the October election, any man asks you why you support John F. Hartman, tell him because Hartman was willing, in the hour of his country's danger, to abandon the mischievous dogmas of his old political faith, that he might the better aid in the vindication of the Constitution and the Laws, in the effort to sustain the national authority. And if any man ask of the same voter why he supports Jacob M. Campbell, answer because he was willing to do battle in defence of his political principles.

The American Conflict.

Mr. Greeley's volume is a valuable contribution to our political history. His intimate knowledge of our politics and instinctive sympathy with the far-reaching scope of our institutions, admirably fitted him for the task. He is clear, concise, and accurate, honestly striving after the truth, while his judicious Preface shows that he appreciates fully the difficulties that beset whoever seeks to find it. If none of his readers will be surprised to find his work that of an able man, there are many who will not expect it to be, as it is, that of a fair-minded one. He writes without passion, making due allowance for human nature in the South as well as the North, and does not waste his strength, as is the manner of fanatics, in fighting imaginary giants while a real enemy is in the field. Tracing Secession to its twin sources in Slavery and the doctrine of State Rights, and simply sustaining his statement of fact by citation from contemporary documents and speeches, he has made the plainest, and for the very reason, we think, the strongest argument that has been put forth on the national side of the question at issue in our civil war. Above all, he is ready to allow those virtues in the character of the Southern people whose existence alone makes reunion desirable or possible. It is not a little singular, that while slavery has been for nearly eighty years the one root of bitterness in our politics, the general knowledge of its history should be so superficial. Abolitionism has been so persistently represented as the disturbing element which threatened the permanence of our Union, that mere repetition has at last become a conviction with that large class of minds with which a conclusion is valuable exactly in proportion as it saves mental labor. Mr. Greeley's chronological narrative is an excellent corrective of this delusion, and his tough little facts, driven firmly home, will serve to spike this Parrott battery, and render it harmless for the future.

This is eminently a work which no one who desires to keep pace with our Country's History should be without.

Mr. Thurston Cutler, is the duly authorized agent for the sale of this work in Monroe County, and of whom it can only be obtained by subscription. Mr. Cutler has a sample volume which will enable all to understand just what the work is.

Great events spring from trivial cause. By the disobedience of a lad in 1809, a garden gate in Rhode Island was left open; a pig got in and destroyed a few plants, a quarrel between the owners of the pig and the garden grew out of it, which spread among their friends, defeated the Federal candidate to the Legislature, and gave the State a Democratic Senator, by whose vote, war was declared in 1812 with Great Britain.

Too True.

We clip the following from one of our exchanges, and as it is particularly applicable to this locality, we hope those concerned will profit by the truths here stated:

"Ridiculous—to see copperheads honeying and sugaring around Union soldiers. Soldiers, they want your votes, and have at heart the same opinions of you that they had when they called you 'Lincoln's hircings,' 'Hesians,' cutthroats and other like opprobrious names. Spurn them as you would vile copperheads which they are."

Daniel Andreas, postmaster at Glencoe, Mo., who lately committed suicide, left a confession which has just been found. It says he murdered a returned Californian eight years ago, and robbed him of \$10,000. He had also murdered two of his own children, and contemplated the murder of his wife. Also, that he has robbed the mail ever since he has been postmaster.

Rebel Gen. Winder, whose name is among those indicted with Wirz's inhuman treatment of imprisoned National soldiers was arrested at Drummondtown, Virginia, on Thursday last, and sent to Washington under guard to await disposition of the military authorities.

A wild ox escaped from a drove in New York the other day, and ran through several of the fashionable thoroughfares, knocking people down and maiming them. He was pursued by a police sergeant on horseback, firing a loaded revolver after him, and the spectacle, although not altogether a novel one for the metropolitans caused quite a sensation. The ninth shot from the policeman's revolver killed the ox.

A hailstorm in the vicinity of Mount Sterling, Wisconsin, has destroyed thirty thousand dollars' worth of crops. Hailstones were seen which measured six or eight inches in circumference.

In the programme for his new Mormon lecture, Artemus Ward says: "After the first part, an intermission of five minutes will occur, so that the lecturer can go across the street to see a man. The pianist, however, will meanwhile practise some new music."

An anconda has escaped from a menagerie near Port Washington, Ohio, and is roaming about that locality, to the consternation of the farmers, who think it is thirty-two feet long and as large as a stove-pipe, accuse it of milking their cows, and offer a thousand dollars reward for his capture.

From July 15th, 1861, to July 31st, 1865, the number of rations issued from the Government bakery at Washington were 49,573,728. The expenditures were \$400,712 05.

The Friends in England have sent to this country the sum of \$60,000, for the relief and instruction of the Emancipated Freedmen.

FOR THE JEFFERSONIAN.
A Serious Adventure.
CANADENSIS, Monroe Co., Pa.,
September 5th, 1865.

DEAR SIR: One day during last week Mr. Joseph Brown, who resides near "Goose Pond," Pike County, started in company with another man in the direction of "Mud Run," with the intention of cutting out a road. They separated from each other, taking different directions.—Mr. Brown had proceeded but a short distance before he came upon an old road, and was not a little surprised at the discovery of a young "Cub," which he found no trouble in capturing, and thought to take it home. After carrying it a short distance, it proved to be quite heavy, being fat, Mr. Brown concluded to dispatch him with his pocket knife; and, while attempting to cut his throat, the "Cub" gave a sudden cry, which soon brought the mother to the spot, barely giving Mr. Brown time to climb the nearest small tree, closely pursued by the infuriated mother, who tried first to climb the tree, but failing in this, attempted to shake him off. Mr. B. in the meantime called vigorously to his companion, but he failed to hear. While in this dilemma, his fears were heightened by the appearance of the "male Bear," joining with the mother in doubly furious attempts to dislodge him. Finding climbing and shaking vain, they resorted vigorously to gnawing the tree down, which they would certainly have accomplished were it not for the timely appearance of Mr. B.'s dog in answer to his anxious calls. At the sight of the dog the Bears left the tree and gave chase, affording Mr. B. a chance for escape, which he improved rather hastily and soon succeeded in finding his companion. They returned at once to the scene of action, to find not the Bears, but the dog, stretched out, badly mangled, but not dead. After a vain search for the Bears, Mr. B. carried his dog home, fully convinced that he had seen a "Bar." At latest advices the Dog was still living, and Jo. vows he shall have his tenderest care so long as he may live.

P. S.—The above is Mr. B.'s statement as corroborated by his companion.

I am, very respectfully,
RUFUS P. NORTHROP.

A \$50 00 CAKE.

MR. EDITOR: Permit me through your columns to thank the Bushkill and Walpack churches and neighboring friends, for the beautiful and valuable present of a \$50 cake; and lest my clerical brethren should feel a little envious, if not incredulous, I will state that at the suggestion of a friend, one of our good ladies prepared a cake for our festival, held last Thursday, at the Walpack R. D. Church. Said cake to be voted for by Pennsylvania and New Jersey, at 5 cents a vote, the State giving the greater number of votes to have the honor of presenting the cake to the Pastor. The contest was spirited and the result so near a tie, that the young ladies recording the votes, (Miss Lizzie Clark, for Pennsylvania, and Miss Belinda Decker, for New Jersey,) shared the honor of presenting in the name of their respective States.

The attendance at our festival was small, but liberal, leaving in the hands of our treasurer about \$325.

Now, Brethren, if you wish to obtain a choice cake, I have given you the recipe, and for the making would refer you to Mrs. A. G. Hull, of Bushkill.

Yours truly,
A. McW.

We were kindly presented with a piece of the above named cake, which we call excellent, in no way inferior to the price, or estimate under the circumstances.

Fowls.

It is always difficult to keep fowls entirely free from vermin. We know of no better way than to let them run at large, so that they can burrow freely in dry soils. After they have gone to roost at night, catch them and apply a little sweet oil, pure lard oil, or neatfoot oil, to the top of the head and under the wings, near the body, rubbing it in pretty thoroughly. Do this once a week for three successive weeks. During the time, boil onions until they are soft, and mash them with boiled potatoes, add a little corn meal, and feed to the fowls once a week. Rub the roosts and other place in the house with raw onions. Perhaps it would do no harm to wash the work slightly with kerosene. It seems as though the application of these remedies, together with entire cleanliness would exterminate them. Try them, and let us know.

A young man who applied to the recruiting station in one of the far Western States for enlistment, was asked if he could sleep on the "point of a bayonet?" when he promptly replied by saying "he could try it, he had often slept on a pint of whisky, and the kind used in Lisbon would kill farther than any shooting iron he ever saw."

Ladies, here is something very nice for you: Fill a wide mouthed glass jar with water, and cover it over with a piece of "foundation" (the ladies will understand this), cover that over with a layer of peas, pressing it down that the peas will lie in the water; they will then swell and sprout, their roots growing down into the water, their fine fibres presenting a beautiful appearance. Set this in a window, and vines will grow up, which can be conducted to any height.

The Werz Trial.
Washington, Saturday, Sept. 2, 1865.

The Wirz Military Commission reassembled to-day. William O. S. Belcher testified that he had served in the 16th Illinois Cavalry, and was a prisoner at Andersonville from the 8th of March until September, 1864; he thought that Capt. Wirz assumed command about the 1st of April; on one occasion Wirz came into the stockade, when a cripple, walking on crutches, approached and asked to go outside; the request was refused, and the cripple said he would rather be shot than stay there; the witness soon heard Wirz holla to the sentinel, "tell that man if he did not go back, he would shoot him;" the man did not return, when the sentinel fired and shot him in the jaw; the cripple was known by the name of "Chickamauga;" Wirz afterward threatened to shoot the other men if they did not go away; on another occasion, while the prisoners were being divided into squads of hundreds, one of the men, owing to sickness, did not fall in, and Wirz threatened to shoot him, and did shoot him; the ball went through the man's hat; the prisoners were kept in the sun all day, and were not allowed to procure water; if the squad could not give a satisfactory account of any one of their missing number, they were deprived of their rations; this was the case for three days early in July; there was not sufficient room in the prison, scarcely enough for men to stand upon; the limits were enlarged on the north side; there were 42,000 prisoners there at one time; he had heard Wirz say he was killing more "Yankees" than those who were serving at the front; witness had seen 25 or 30 men shot over the dead line and others fired into who were not over the dead line.

Cross-examined by the defense—Q.—Were there not desperadoes there—men who would steal and commit other offenses; and was not the cripple to whom you referred one of them? A.—There were troublesome characters there, but I don't know whether that man belonged to them or not; I don't think that a cripple on a crutch was a good man to steal. [Laughter.]

During a further examination, the witness spoke of a man at whom the sentinel fired.

Q. Did you see the ball hit him? A. A man must have a very good eye to see a ball when it strikes a man. [Laughter.] The witness gave various instances of men being shot; one was shot while he was in his tent, for merely stretching his arm beyond the dead-line; another was shot at for treading over the line; he heard Capt. Wirz order the sentinel to shoot the cripple; some of those shot at were killed, and others taken to the hospital.

James H. Davidson testified that he was a member of the Iowa Cavalry, and taken as a prisoner to Andersonville on the 8th of March; he described the filthy condition of the prison and the great mortality among the prisoners; for a week he drove the dead wagon; sometimes 25 men were thrown into it at a time, and on the return he would bring wood and rations in the same cart; he had seen men with blankets, shoes and shirts on them, sent there by the Sanitary Commission for the use of our own men; Capt. Wirz he knew made a breakfast on some of the crackers, cheese and beef sent there for our prisoners; he had seen four or five hundred boxes at the depot with supplies; they were marked U. S.; it was a common thing for men to be put in the chain gang; one man died in the chain gang with an iron collar round his neck; he had seen the hounds there; there were two kinds, "catch dogs" and bullterriers; one of the dogs badly tore the flesh from a man's leg; another man was hanging up his clothes which he had washed to dry; one of the pieces blew over the dead line. He stepped beyond the line to get the piece, when he was fired upon and shot in the breast; another man had reached beyond the dead line for some crumbs of bread, when he was shot in the head; Wirz shot a man a short time after he assumed command of the prison; the latter was sick, lying on the ground, and asked Wirz something, when Wirz shot him; Wirz remarked that he was killing more Yankees there than Lee was at Richmond; this was said in August; Wirz was at the time with the witness in the graveyard in the wagon with the dead men; the witness had seen men starved to death; food was so scarce at one time that some of them picked up particles of food that had already passed through the system.

On his cross-examination by the defense the witness said the graveyard comprised 25 or 30 acres, and when he left Andersonville, on the 11th of September last, it was about two-thirds full.

The Court then, at 1 o'clock, took a recess until 2 o'clock.

The Daily News of New York city, states that Peter Wellers, charged with the murder of Steen, was arrested on Sunday afternoon in Jersey City, and committed to the city prison to await the action of the authorities of Easton. Several boatmen recognized Wellers and made complaint to the police. A reward of \$200 was offered by our Sheriff for the apprehension of Wellers; and there is still a reward of \$200 for the arrest of Hutman, the participant in the crime.—Journal.

The official statement of the public debt on the 1st inst. has been issued from the Treasury Department. The total is \$2,757,689,571, on which the yearly interest is \$138,031,620. The debt has been increased only by \$295,000 since the 31st of July last.

Summer has gone and Autumn is here. Some warm clothes will be required to shield you from the blasts of Fall and Winter. R. C. Pyle, at his Easton Hall of Fashion, can accommodate you with anything in that line.

John Walsh, a Pottsville miner, began with a pickaxe, and died with an income of \$614,683.

The Coal Trade.

The Schuylkill coal region is sending forward an immense coal tonnage. The two carrying companies, the Reading Railroad and the Schuylkill Navigation, brought down, for the week ending on Thursday, 137,291 tons—87,468 on the road, and 49,733 by the canal. As compared with corresponding week last year, the road increased its tonnage 10,917 tons, and the canal its tonnage 21,524 tons. The business was, no doubt, stimulated by the semi-official announcement previously made that the tolls and freight charges would be increased on the 1st instant. This, we believe, has been done, and as a consequence the retail price of coal in this city has advanced from 50 cents \$1 per ton. Lehigh prepared coal is now quoted at about \$10 the gross ton, and \$9 the short ton of 2,000 pounds.—Schuylkill coal sells at about \$1 per ton below the prices of Lehigh coal. It is hardly probable that the coal tonnage will be so heavy the current week as it was the last. The effort to put the largest amount of coal possible in the market before prices advanced will naturally tend to lessen the movement immediately after the advance has taken place. The retail demand, which has been very active for a week or two past, from the same cause, is also likely to fall off a little; though, with the general apprehension entertained that there will be no over production of coal this year, it is probable the demand for coal henceforth to the end of the season will be equal to the supply, a fact that will tend to keep up, if not advance, prices.—[Philadelphia Ledger, Sept. 2.]

At no time within our recollection has there been such a succession of great frauds as during the past three or four months. Following each other so rapidly that their extent and audacity have severely shaken the public sense of security, the wonder is that no serious financial revulsion has followed in their wake. Just glance at the list of these huge robberies:

Charles Winsor, Mercantile Bank	\$275,000
Alfred Townsend, New Haven Savings Bank	115,000
Smith J. Eastman, Produce Broker	500,000
Henry B. Jenkins, Phoenix Bank	200,000
P. R. Mumford, Stockbroker	130,888
Edward B. Ketchum, banker	4,500,000
Unknown, cashier	100,000

Total \$5,820,000. The above relates only to one class excluding items and is very incomplete. The avalanche of robberies, burglaries, assaults, murders, rapes, suicides and terrible and fatal individual and wholesale accident would fill the columns daily of any paper in the country, to the exclusion of everything else. Believing that the majority of our readers do not like to "sup on horrors" at least every day we notice but a few of those occurrences. The picture drawn in these dark tints is not attractive. The close of the war has not destroyed the chances for "sensation items," but, really, a surfeit of them is not preferable to a scarcity.

Internal Revenue Decision.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue on Saturday decided as follows: A party who holds a license as a retail liquor dealer, and wishes to retire from the business, may sell his entire stock to another person without procuring a wholesale liquor dealer's license.

The Morning Star, organ of the Free-will Baptist denomination, says that sect was the largest in 1844, having a membership at that time of 61,372. In 1853 it had fallen off to 48,930, and in 1860 it again increased to 59,791. It is now 55,676.

The Oil City News gives the number of companies at fourteen hundred and fifty-seven, with a total capital of eight hundred and sixty-nine millions five hundred and ninety-four thousand dollars.

An alderman having grown very fat while in office, a wag wrote on his back, "Widened at the expense of the Corporation."

Pleasure is but a ball that a child runs after so long as it keeps rolling, but which he kicks away from him the moment it stops.

A Connecticut hotel keeper has over the water trough, opposite his hotel a sign with the following inscription:—

Stop your horse and let him drink
Before you further go;
The water is better here, I think
Than 'tis a mile below.

Sharps in Philadelphia have lately been doing a brisk business in selling counterfeit tickets to the theatres in that city.

Evidence of petroleum have been found in Cuba, and an oil company has been formed in that island.

Government beef is dressed and delivered in Texas at six cents a pound.

A woman in Ohio was recently stung to death by a swarm of bees.

Ice in New Orleans sell for twelve cents per pound.

Orphans' Court Notice.

Appraisement of \$300 to widows having been filed in the following Estates—they will be presented for confirmation on Monday Sept. 25, 1865, unless exceptions are filed.

- | | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Estate of Michael Butts, deceased. | |
| James Reekhow, | " |
| James Slutter, | " |
| Jonas Hanna, | " |
| Michael Gower, | " |
| George Rose, | " |
| Henry Brown, | " |
| Charles Bidding, | " |
| Joseph F. Heckman, | " |
| Philip Hoffman, | " |
| John R. Osterhout, | " |
| T. M. McLLHANEY, Clerk. | |
- September 7, 1865.

BLANK LEASES
For Sale at this Office.

The Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organs, forty different styles, adapted to sacred and secular music, for \$80 to \$600 each. THIRTY-FIVE GOLD or SILVER MEDALS, or other first premiums awarded them. Illustrated Catalogues free. Address, MASON & HAMLIN, Boston, or MASON BROTHERS, New York.
September 7, 1865.—ly.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is a concentrated extract of the choice root, so combined with other substances of still greater attractive power as to afford an effectual antidote for diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. Such a remedy is surely wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove, as this has of immense service to this large class or our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found in the following complaints:—

Scrofula, Scrofulous Swellings and Sores, Skin Disease, Pimples, Pustules, Blisters, Eruptions, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter or Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, &c.

Syphilis or Venereal Disease is expelled from the system by the prolonged use of this Sarsaparilla, and the patient is left in comparative health.

Female Diseases are caused by Scrofula in the blood, and are often soon cured by this Extract of Sarsaparilla.

Do not discard this invaluable medicine, because you have been imposed upon by some pretender to the name of Sarsaparilla, while it was not. When you have used Ayer's—then, and not till then, will you know the virtues of Sarsaparilla. For minute particulars of the diseases it cures, we refer you to Ayer's American Almanac, which the agent below named will furnish gratis to all who call for it.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills, for the cure of Constiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Headache, Pile, Ricumatism, Heartburn arising from Disordered Stomach, Pain, or Morbid Inaction of the Bowels, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, and for a Dinner Pill.

They are sugar coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best Aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Prepared by J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by William Hollingshead, and Dreher & Bro., Stroudsburg, Pa.

A CARD

To the Hotel keepers of Monroe and adjacent counties.

Look to Your Interests!!!
We are offering Liquors, Wines, &c., warranted pure, and containing no Drugs, Oils, Essences, &c., whatever, at the following very low prices:

Brandies from 50c @ \$1 00 per gallon less than City prices,
Gins 50c @ 75c. " "
Bourbon Whiskey, 40c @ 65c. " "
Monongahela, 40c @ 65c. " "
Old Rye, 40c @ 65c. " "
" Apple 50c @ \$1 00 " "
Common 15c @ 25c. " "
Wines (all kinds) 50c @ \$1 00 " "

Please give us a call, or send your orders, and satisfy yourselves that we do it, that we will do it, and the reasons why we can do it.

Also, please remember that we do not have anything to do with "Drugged" Liquors. Anything you buy from us we guarantee Pure, and much below the prices usually paid for the Drugged Liquors.

Very Respectfully,
J. S. WILLIAMS & Co.,
Stroudsburg, Monroe Co. Pa.
July 27, 1865.

TO THE NERVOUS, DEBILITATED AND DEPRESSED OF BOTH SEXES.

A great sufferer having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of misery, is willing to assist his suffering fellow-creatures by sending (free), on the receipt of a postpaid addressed envelope, a copy of the formula of cure employed.—Direct to JOHN M. DAGNALL, Box 183 Post Office, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED!—DR. BUCHANAN'S English Specific Pills cure in less than 30 days, the worst cases of Nervousness, Impotency, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price, One Dollar per box. Sent, postpaid, by mail, on receipt of an order. Address, JAMES S. BUTLER, Station D. Bible House, New York.

March 17, 1864.—

[COMMUNICATED.]
Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease!!!

A CARD.
TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLIC, COUGHS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh,
Kings County,
New York

Trial List, Sep. T. 1865.

Supervisors of Middle Smithfield vs. Van C. Coolbaugh.
David W. Lee vs. Jay Gould.
Engles Admin. vs. Jacob Stouffer.
John N. Staples vs. D. B. Burnett.
George Kresge v. Adam H. Weiss.
Hollingshead Adm'r. et. al. vs. Benjamin Hinds.
Day & Woodling vs. Albert and Adam Stull.

T. M. McLLHANEY, Proth'y.