

In Memorium. A nation mourns. Abraham Lincoln, Our good President, is dead. It was little thought on Friday night, while all was joy and rejoicing here, that a tragedy was being enacted at Washington, which would fill a nation's heart with untold grief: that while we were celebrating the glorious deeds, achieved under the enlightened wisdom which marked his noble administration, the bullet of a dastardly assassin, had cut the life cord which bound him to earth, and severed the links which personally held him chained to the hearts of the American people.

Abraham Lincoln is dead, and the land is shrouded in gloom. The greatest and best beloved of America's statesmen is gathered to his fathers, and shall be known of earth no more forever. It is not as though he had died in the fulness of time, and departed as the Patriarch delighted to depart, with his feet gathered up in bed and his good work all accomplished. Even such a death would have been a national calamity—how infinitely greater the calamity when, in the midst of health, in the midst of triumph, and with the promise of long years of usefulness and honor before him, he is ruthlessly snatched from life, the victim of a traitor's revenge and a bravo's bullet.

In the nobleness of his soul, loyal hearts saw in Abraham Lincoln the mark of God's hand in the choosing of a servant to bring about the consummation of a great and glorious purpose. A sovereign himself, and elevated from the humbler walks of sovereignty, recognized in this land of the free, by the aid of his own indomitable will, he was peculiarly fitted to become the highest servant in the government of a free people. His whole life was a life of good works for the oppressed everywhere; his heart was a heart welled up with kindness for his fellows; his desires were desire for peace, prosperity and happiness to all men; his love was love for his God, his country and the whole human race.

That we lament with inexpressible sorrow the great loss which our country has suffered, in the death by assassination of Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, at a time when his wisdom, experience, and unquestioned integrity of character, are so greatly needed in the affairs of state. II. That we abhor and execrate the course of his cowardly assassin, as a blow struck at the very foundations of our free institutions, a crime against Humanity our Country, and our God; and we more than ever detest the infamous rebellion, which, based on oppression and injustice, has now produced this great wickedness as its legitimate fruit.

Through the land, yesterday was one vast funeral day, and our people one vast band of mourners, met to commemorate the many virtues of our deceased President, and to lament his sudden and horrible death. In our own beautiful borough the people joined in a Union service, at the Methodist Episcopal Church, appropriate to the occasion, where the pastor, the Rev. Mr. Paxson, delivered an able, impressive and truly eloquent discourse from 2nd Samuel, iii: 38. In the ceremonies the Rev. Mr. Pitt and the Rev. Mr. James assisted. The church was tastily dressed in mourning. The stores and places of business, in town, were all closed during the day, and a badge of mourning upon nearly every door attested the deep sense of the bereavement entertained by our citizens.

Arrested. The man who attempted the assassination of Secretary Seward was arrested, at Washington on the night of the 17th and is now on board a gunboat. He was immediately and unequivocally recognized by Mr. Seward's colored doorkeeper as the man that cut Mr. S. He was also recognized by Major Seward and his sister.

The Phoenix Pectoral. This Cough remedy is now extensively used, and is of the highest value to the community, its curative qualities having been tested by thousands with the most gratifying results. It is very pleasant to take and does not sicken the stomach, but it is a stimulating expectorant, its action being especially directed to the Lungs. Its cheapness brings it within the reach of all. It is prepared by Dr. Levi Oberholzer, of Phenixville, Pa., and is sold by nearly every Druggist and Storekeeper in Monroe County.

The War. The news from the seat of war received since our last is of the most cheering character. Mobile has fallen into Union hands, and the Stars and Stripes now float over it. From Sherman we have official information that Raleigh and Salisbury, N. C. are occupied by Union forces, and that Vance, the Rebel Governor of that State is a prisoner in our hands.

The Murder of President Lincoln. The Pastors of the Churches of our Borough, having on consultation with some of their members, deemed it proper that an expression should be given of the sentiment of the Christian public on the brutal and cowardly assassination of the Chief Magistrate of this Nation, public notice was given from their pulpits, and a very large meeting of Presbyterians and Methodist congregations and other citizens, was held at the Methodist Church on Sunday evening, the 17th inst. The building was densely crowded, and the most solemnity prevailed. There is rest in the great after which Rev. Mr. Everitt, of the Presbyterian Church, read the 46th Psalm, which was followed by prayer by Rev. Mr. James, of the Baptist Church. A hymn was then sung, and Rev. Mr. Everitt made a brief address, showing the necessity of a correct public opinion, to condemn and prevent such fearful crimes, closing with a fervent prayer. The hymn, "God moves in a mysterious way," was sung with much feeling, after which Rev. Mr. Paxson, of the M. E. Church, submitted a preamble and resolutions as an expression of the sentiment of the meeting, which were unanimously adopted, by a rising vote. Rev. Mr. Pitts, of the Reformed Dutch Church, then offered an earnest prayer. Another hymn was sung, and after some remarks by Rev. Messrs. James and Paxson, the latter offered prayer, the doxology was sung, the benediction pronounced, and the large assembly quietly separated.

The following are the resolves adopted, a copy of which, signed by the clergymen present, has been forwarded to the widow of President Lincoln. The Christian people of Stroudsburg assembled for religious conference and prayer to God, on the mournful occasion of the death, by a murderer's hand, of the President of the United States, do hereby Resolve:— I. That we lament with inexpressible sorrow the great loss which our country has suffered, in the death by assassination of Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, at a time when his wisdom, experience, and unquestioned integrity of character, are so greatly needed in the affairs of state.

II. That we abhor and execrate the course of his cowardly assassin, as a blow struck at the very foundations of our free institutions, a crime against Humanity our Country, and our God; and we more than ever detest the infamous rebellion, which, based on oppression and injustice, has now produced this great wickedness as its legitimate fruit. III. That we will pray that God, in His tender compassion, may sustain and comfort those stricken hearts into which the cruel bullet has most deeply pierced, while we will further implore His blessing upon him now, so suddenly called to occupy the Chief Magistracy of this great Nation, that the mantle of Elijah may fall upon his shoulders, and that he may be enabled to conduct the affairs of the government, to the complete overthrow of the Rebellion, and the establishment of universal Liberty and Order, to the highest welfare of all the people, and the glory of Almighty God.

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The Celebration. The celebration of the capture of Petersburg, and of Richmond, the surrender of Lee's army and the raising of the old flag on Fort Sumter, on Friday night last, was a most brilliant affair, and, in every respect, highly creditable to our borough. The procession, on its march, was marked by a continuous blaze of light, and every thing connected with it showed that the patriotic spirit which animated the fathers of the Republic had, at least in the Union loving North, descended in full measure upon the children. Torch lights, banners, flags, fireworks and all the paraphernalia of the occasion, which animated the people, and gave to the celebration, and the earnest desires for that honorable and lasting peace, which the gallant efforts of the Union armies have brought within the scope of human intuition. There was cause for rejoicing over the events; and happy indeed was the manner in which our citizens acquitted themselves of a patriotic duty in celebrating them.

The procession was formed at about 8 o'clock p. m., under the marshaling of Capt. M. B. Postens, assisted by Col. G. D. Brodhead, and Capt. C. H. Drake. First in the line came a cavalcade of Horsemen. Following these came an open omnibus triumphed as a car of victory. The omnibus was decorated with American flags, and containing a number of young ladies, dressed in colors emblematic of the Union. Lit up as this part of the procession was by torchlights, and by a continuous display of fire-works from the wagon which came next in the line, it presented the most beautiful picture we ever beheld—it was a literal living representation of the beautiful of which writers on enchantment occasionally make open sketches. Following the omnibus and the wagon containing the fire works, came the Belvidere Band, which discoursed sweet music to the enlightenment of the occasion. We must be permitted to say, however, that while scraps from the operas, &c., &c., are well enough in their way, they should only be allowed, on such occasions, to serve as filling in to that more inspiring style of music embraced in Hail Columbia, Star Spangled Banner, Yankee Doodle, Red White and Blue, &c. What the Band performed was admirably performed, but, and we say it in no spirit of fault-finding, the "playing" would have been more satisfactory, had the good old tunes mentioned above been allowed a part. The repertoire of no band is full that does not contain them.

Following the band came a large number of our citizens on foot, bearing torches, and carrying banners with appropriate devices. We observed too, while on the march, that quite a number of our citizens had their dwellings either in part, or in whole illuminated. After marching through our principal streets, the celebration broke up at about 11 o'clock, p. m. Where everything was done so well, and everything was so appropriate, we see no reason for particularization. We feel more like joining our opinion with the opinions of a number of gentlemen with whom we conversed, who had witnessed the celebrations at other places, and who were unanimous in the expression that the celebration in Stroudsburg exceeded them all—whether viewed as to the numbers engaged or as to the brilliancy of the display.

To all concerned, whether those most active in getting it up, or those who participated in the celebration, it was in the highest degree, creditable.

Religious Notice. I am requested by Rev. Joseph Mason, P. E., to notify the members of the M. E. Church on Cherry Valley and Tannersville circuits, that their Quarterly Meetings will be held as follows: Cherry Valley, Quarterly Conference, on Saturday, April 29th, at 3 P. M.—Preaching on Sunday, 30th, at 10 A. M. Tannersville, Quarterly Conference, on Monday, May 1, at 3 P. M. Preaching the same evening. Rev. M. Mason will preach, Providence permitting, in Stroudsburg M. E. Church, on Sunday evening, April 30. W. J. PAXSON.

QUESTIONS. As old winter's hastening on, And may in a short time be gone, An important question will Soon the minds of many fill. Think ye, 'tis when will war cease, And our land enjoy sweet peace? Will Old England brave the whip (She in fountains vainly strove to slip) By interfering 'gainst the powers Of "Might and Right," which still are ours? Will wily Nap—of hoodwinked France, Against justice dare to hurl a lance? Will oil stock remain at par? Or, will some freak of future war The greaseful projects of the many, Counting largely, on the golden penny? Questions somewhat important those Second how'er to, where clothes Sued to Springtime be procured, Of which men may be well assured, They're nearly fitting and of latest style? We reply to this—R. C. PYLE.

The remains of President Lincoln are to be taken to Illinois over the route by which he first traveled to Washington and be inaugurated.

The Great Tragedy A Nation Mourns its Honored Dead Joy Changed to Mourning PRESIDENT LINCOLN ASSASSINATED!

ATTEMPTED ASSASSINATION OF SECRETARY SEWARD!

The Conspiracy Intended to Include Vice President Johnson, and Every Member of the Cabinet!

POPULAR OPINION AS TO THE MURDERER.

OFFICIAL ACCOUNT.

WAR DEPARTMENT, Washington, April 15—1:30 a. m. Maj. Gen. Dix:—Last evening at about 9:30, p. m., at Ford's Theatre, the President, while sitting in his private box with Mrs. Lincoln, Mrs. Harris, and Major Rathbone, was shot by an assassin, who suddenly entered the box and approached behind the President.

The assassin then leaped upon the stage, brandishing a large dagger or knife, and made his escape in the rear of the theater. The pistol-ball entered the back of the President's head, and penetrated nearly through the head. The wound is mortal. The President has been insensible ever since it was inflicted, and is now dying.

About the same hour an assassin, whether the same or not is not known, entered Mr. Seward's apartments, and, under pretence of having a prescription, showed to the Secretary's sick chamber. The assassin immediately rushed to the bed and inflicted two or three stabs on the throat and two on the face.

It is hoped the wounds may not be mortal. My apprehension is that they will prove fatal. The nurse alarmed Mr. Frederick Seward, who was in an adjoining room, and hastened to the door of his father's room, when he met the assassin who inflicted upon him one or more dangerous wounds. The recovery of Frederick Seward is doubtful.

It is not probable that the President will live through the night. All the members of the Cabinet, except Mr. Seward, are now in attendance upon the President.

I have seen Mr. Seward, but he and Frederick were both unconscious.

The President still breathes, but is quite insensible, as he has been ever since he was shot. He evidently did not see the person who shot him, but was looking on the stage as he approached behind Mr. Seward has rallied, and it is hoped he may live.

Frederick Seward's condition is very critical. The attendant, who was present, was stabbed through the lungs and is not expected to live. The wounds of Major Seward are not serious.

Investigation strongly indicates J. Wilkes Booth as the assassin of the President. Whether it was the same or a different person that attempted to murder Mr. Seward remains in doubt.

Chief Justice Carter is engaged in taking the evidence. Every exertion has been made to prevent the escape of the murderer. His horse has been found on the road near Washington.

EDWIN M. STANTON, Sec. of War. Washington, April 15—1:30 a. m. I have just visited the dying couch of Abraham Lincoln. He is now in the agonies of death, and his physicians say he cannot live more than an hour. He is surrounded by the members of his Cabinet, all of whom are bathed in tears.

Senator Sumner is seated on the right of the couch on which he is lying, the tears streaming down his cheeks and sobbing like a child. All around him are his physicians, Surg.-Gen. Barnes directing affairs. The President is unconscious, and the only sign of life he exhibits is by the movement of his right hand, which he raises feebly. Mrs. Lincoln and her two sons are in an adjoining room, into which Secretary Stanton has just gone to inform them that the President's physicians have pronounced his case hopeless.

As I pass through the passage to the front door I hear shrieks and cries proceeding from the room in which the grief-stricken wife and children are seated.—I obtain from Quartermaster-General Meigs the following account of the assassination: About 10½ o'clock, a man dressed in a dark suit and hat entered the private box in which Mr. Lincoln and his party, consisting of Mrs. Lincoln, Miss Harris, daughter of Senator Harris, were seated, and Capt. Rathbone of Albany.

Immediately upon opening the door he advanced toward Mr. Lincoln with a six-barrel revolver in his right hand and a bowie-knife in his left. The President, who was intent upon the play, did not notice his intrusion, and the gentleman who was seated beside him arose to inquire the reason of his entry.

Before he had time to ask the assassin what he wanted he fired one charge from his revolver which took effect in the back of the President's head. The ball passed through and came out at the right temple.

Capt. Rathbone, who was in the box with Mr. Lincoln, attempted to arrest the murderer, and in trying to do so, received a stab in his arm. The assassin then leaped from the box on to the stage. Before he disappeared behind the curtain he turned, and with a tragic flourish and temper, waved his knife, and shouted "sic semper tyrannis."

So sudden was the affair that some moments after its occurrence the audience supposed that it was a part of the play, and were only undeceived when it was announced from the stage by the manager that the President of the United States had been shot.

The shock fell upon the audience like a thunderbolt, and loud cries were immediately made to capture or kill the assassin. The scene which ensued cannot be described. Men and women rushed for the doors, crying and shouting for vengeance on the murderer.

The murderous emissary of the Slave Power escaped easily and rapidly from the theater, and mounted a horse and fled. The President, insensible, was carried out and taken to a house right opposite the theater.

Mrs. Lincoln fainted in the box and was borne out after her husband. The mass of the evidence to night is that J. Wilkes Booth committed the crime.

Whoever it is, there are reasons for thinking that the same bold and bloody hand attempted the life of Secretary Seward.

His wounds were made by a knife as big as that waved on the stage to the Virginia motto of "sic semper tyrannis."

WAR DEPARTMENT, Washington, April 15, 1865. To Major General Dix: Abraham Lincoln died this morning at twenty-two minutes after 7 o'clock.

EDWIN M. STANTON, Sec. of War. Associated Press Account of the Assassination. Washington, April 15, 1865.

The assassin of President Lincoln left behind him his hat and his spur. The hat was picked up in the President's box, and has been identified by parties to whom it has been shown as the one belonging to the suspected man, and by other parties not allowed to see it before describing it.

The spur was dropped upon the stage, and that also has been identified as the one procured at a stable where the same man hired a horse in the evening.

Two gentlemen, who went to the Secretary of War to apprise him of the attack on Mr. Lincoln, met at the residence of the former a man muffled in a cloak, who, when accosted by them hastened away.

It had been Mr. Stanton's intention to accompany Mr. Lincoln to the theater and occupy the same box, but the press of business prevented.

It therefore seems evident that the aim of the parties was to paralyze the country by at once striking down the head, the heart and the arm of the country.

As soon as the dreadful events were announced in the streets, Superintendent Richards and his assistants were at work to discover the assassin.

In a few moments the telegraph had aroused the whole police force of the city. Mayor Wallace and several members of the city government were soon on the spot, and every precaution was taken to preserve order and quiet in the city.

Every street in Washington was patrolled at the request of Mr. Richards. Gen. Augur sent horses to mount the police.

Washington, Saturday, April 15, 1865. At an early hour this morning, the Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War, sent an official communication to the Hon. Andrew Johnson, Vice-President of the United States, stating that in consequence of the sudden and unexpected death of the Chief Magistrate, his inauguration should take place as soon as possible, and requesting him to state the place and hour at which the ceremony should be performed.

Mr. Johnson immediately replied that it would be agreeable to him to have the proceedings take place at his rooms in the Kirkwood House, as soon as the arrangements could be perfected.

Chief Justice Chase was informed of the fact, and immediately repaired to the appointed place in company with Secretary Seward, of the Treasury Department, Attorney-General Speed, F. P. Blair, jr., Hon. Montgomery Blair, Senators Foot of Vermont, Ramsay of Minnesota, Yates of Illinois, Stewart of Nevada, Hale of New-Hampshire, and Gen. Farnsworth of Illinois.

At 11 o'clock the oath of office was administered by the Chief Justice of the United States, in his usual solemn and impressive manner.

Mr. Johnson received the kind expressions of the gentlemen by whom he was surrounded, in a manner which showed his earnest sense of the great responsibilities so suddenly devolved upon him, and made a brief speech, in which he said: "The duties of the office are mine. I will perform them. The consequences are with God. Gentlemen, I shall lean upon you. I feel that I shall need your support. I am deeply impressed with the solemnity of the occasion, and the responsibility of the duties of the office I am assuming."

Mr. Johnson appeared to be in remarkable good health, and has a high and realizing sense of the hopes that are centered upon him. His manner was solemn and dignified, and his whole bearing produced a most gratifying impression upon those who participated in the ceremonies.

It is probable that during the day President Johnson will issue his first proclamation to the American people.

It is expected, though nothing has been determined upon, that the funeral of the late President Lincoln will take place on or about Thursday next. It is supposed that his remains will be temporarily deposited in the Congressional Cemetery.

Notice. All persons in the 9th Division of the 11th Collection District of Pennsylvania, who have been furnished with income Blanks, are requested to have them made out, and delivered to J. N. Stokes, Assistant Assessor, by the 1st day of May next.

DIED. At his residence, in M. Smithfield, on the 14th inst., Mr. Jonas Hanna, aged 75 years, 11 months and 6 days.

Ayre's Ague Cure. FOR THE SPEEDY CURE OF

Intermittent Fever, or Fever and Ague, Remittent Fever, Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical Headache or Billious Headache, and Bilious Fevers, indeed for the whole class of diseases originating in bilious derangement, caused by the Malaria of miasmatic countries.

Fever and Ague is not the only consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, in malarious districts, among which are Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spine, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis, and Derangement of the Stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "Cure" expels the poison from the blood, and thus cures them all alike. It is not only the most effectual remedy ever discovered for this class of complaints, but it is the cheapest and moreover perfectly safe. No harm can arise from its use, and the patient when cured is left as healthy as if he had never had the disease.

Can this be said of any other cure for Chills and Fever? It is true of this, and its importance to those afflicted with the complaint cannot be over estimated. So sure is it to cure the Fever and Ague, that it may be truthfully said to be a certain remedy. One Dealer complains that it is not a good medicine to sell, because one bottle cures a whole neighborhood.

Prepared by J. C. Ayre & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by Wm. Hollinshead, Dreher & Broder, in Stroudsburg, and by dealers in medicine everywhere.

August 4, 1864.—Lycem.

THE PHENIX PECTORAL WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

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THE PHENIX PECTORAL

OR COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY AND SENECA SNAKE ROOT.

Will cure the Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Such as Colds, Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, &c.

ITS TIMELY USE WILL PREVENT PULMONARY CONSUMPTION, even where this fearful disease has taken its seat, it will afford greater relief than any other medicine.

Kate Vaniersch of Pottsville, says: "I was benefited more by using the Phenix Pectoral than any other medicine I ever used."

Elias Oberholzer, of Lionville, Chester county, was cured of a cough of many years' standing by using the Phenix Pectoral.

John Royer, editor of the Independent Phenix, having used it, has no hesitation in pronouncing it a complete remedy for cough, hoarseness and irritation in the throat.

Dr. Oberholzer is a member of the Alumni of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania, at which institution he graduated in 1854.

Mrs. Mary Butler, mother of Hon. Wm. Butler, President Judge of the Chester and Delaware District, says that she cannot do without the Phenix Pectoral.

The proprietor of this medicine has so much confidence in its curative powers, from the testimony of hundreds who have used it, that the money will be paid back to any purchaser who is not satisfied with its effects.

It is so pleasant to take that children cry for it. It costs only 25 cents, large bottles \$1.

It is intended for only one class of diseases, namely, those of the throat and lungs. Prepared only by LEVI ODERHOLTZER, M. D., Phenixville, Pa.

Sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers. JOHNSTON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, No. 23, North Sixth st., Philadelphia, and F. C. WELLS & CO., No. 115 Franklin st., New York, wholesale Agents.

Sold by Wm. Hollinshead, and Dreher & Broder, Stroudsburg, and by nearly every Storekeeper in Monroe County.

N. B.—If your nearest storekeeper or druggist does not keep this medicine do not let him put you off with some other medicine, because he makes more money on it, but send at once to one of the agents for it.

The Rebellion Gone Under. New Goods AT THE OLD STAND.

The undersigned, would respectfully inform his customers and the public generally, that in addition to his former stock he will now keep for sale a general assortment of seasonable

DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, &c., which he will offer as low as the market can possibly afford. His goods will always be selected with a view to give his customers their money's worth, and will comprise LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS, in great variety, Shirts, Shooings, &c., &c. Persons desiring to purchase

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, HARDWARE, BOOTS & SHOES, or, indeed, anything purchasable in a country Store, will best study their interests by calling and examining my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

It is not the intention of the undersigned to make a blow about low prices, but believing that "the proof of the pudding is the eating of it," he cordially invites a call from the public. Goods cheerfully exhibited. GEORGE P. HELM, Stroudsburg, April 13, 1865.

BLANK DEEDS For sale at this Office