

# The Capture of the Florida.

Bahia Harbor the scene of the exploit. The Rebel Crew Completely Surprised.—The Victory a Bloodless one.—The threatened raid on Bellows Falls.—The Citizens prepared for defense.

Boston, Nov. 8.—The following is a brief account of the circumstances of the capture of the Florida. She arrived at Bahia Bay, off San Salvador, on the night of the 7th ultimo.

Captain Collins having held a consultation with his officers, determined to sink the Florida in port. Accordingly, about 3 o'clock the cables were slipped, and the Wachusett steered for the Florida, hitting her on the quarter without doing any great injury.

Captain Collins now called out to those on board the pirate to surrender or he would sink her. The demand was replied to by the first lieutenant, "Under the circumstances, I surrender." A hawser was now made fast, the cable slipped, and the Florida towed to sea.

The blow given the Florida by the Wachusett carried away the mizen mast and man yard, which fell on the awning preventing any of the crew from getting up from below.

So unconscious were the officers of the deck of the intention of the Wachusett's captain, that he sang out, "You will run into us if you don't take care," at the same time calling for a light.

Twelve officers and 38 of the Florida's crew were captured. The Wachusett and Florida were to leave St. Thomas on the 2d instant, for New York.

The bark Mondamon, from Rio, was captured by the Florida, off Pernambuco, about September 28, and was burned.—This was the only American vessel captured by the Florida since her departure from Teneriffe.

Official report of the capture.—Despatch from commanders Winslow, of the Kearsage, and Collins, of the Florida.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The following despatches were to day received by the Navy Department, announcing the capture of the Florida:

DESPATCH FROM COMMANDER WINSLOW. Boston, Nov. 7, 1864.

Hon. Gideon Welles, Sec. of the Navy. Sir: I have the honor to report the arrival of the U. S. steamer Kearsage off Situate, from the Roocas. We left the Wachusett and Florida at St. Thomas.—The Florida was captured in the harbor of Bahia by the Wachusett on October 7th.

We bring sixteen prisoners and one officer from the Florida.

JOHN A. WINSLOW, Commander. DESPATCH FROM COMMANDER COLLINS. St. Thomas, W. I., Oct. 31, via Boston, Nov. 7.

Hon. GIDEON WELLES: Sir: I have the honor to report the arrival here of this ship, with the rebel steamer Florida in company. The Florida, with fifty eight men and twelve officers, was captured about three o'clock on the morning of October 7th, in the bay of San Salvador, Brazil, by the officers and crew of this vessel, without loss of life.

Five of the officers, including her commander, and the remainder of her crew, were on shore. The Florida had her mizen mast and mainyard carried away and her bulwarks cut down. This vessel sustained no injury. A detailed report will be handed to you by Paymaster W. W. Williams. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

N. COLLINS, Commander U. S. steam-sloop Wachusett.

Defeat of Gen Price. St. Louis, Monday, Nov. 27, 1864. A dispatch from Gen. Blunt, dated Neosho, Mo., Oct. 30, says that on the 28th he came up with Price at Newton, and after a severe fight of three or four hours, drove the enemy from the field in confusion with the loss of over 700, including two Generals. Our total loss was about 120. The Union troops consisted of Ford's and Jernison's Brigades of Blunt's Division. The enemy was fully 10,000 strong. Price is retreating toward Cassville, and will be rigorously pursued. He is reported to still have large trains, and about 10,000 unarmed conscripts; but this is quite doubtful.

About 620 Rebel prisoners, captured from Price, arrived yesterday. Others are to come.

Arrest in Baltimore. Baltimore, Monday, Nov. 6, 1864. Mrs. Thomas J. Putehens, a lady of some prominence, residing at No. 132 North Charles st., was arrested by the Provost-Marshal, and confined in jail, on charge of procuring a sword to be presented to Harry Gilmore, the notorious raider.

The arrest was made in consequence of intelligence gathered from a Rebel mail captured in the hands of a Rebel mail carrier about leaving the city. He had the sword in his possession, and letters in the mail pointed out the parties who were engaged in making this tribute of regard to Gilmore.

The sword was procured in New-York, and paid for by the Secesh ladies of Baltimore. The mail seized is understood to contain important information relative to doings in Maryland.

OYSTERS. Families and Hotels supplied with Oysters, fresh from the City, every day, at reasonable prices.

WHITE & SCHOCH. BLANK LEASES For Sale at this Office.

# PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT.

Nevada Declared a State. Washington, Oct. 30, 1864. By the President of the United States of America.

Whereas, The Congress of the United States passed an act, which was approved on the 21st day of March last, entitled "an act to enable the people of Nevada to form a Constitution and State Government," and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States;

And whereas, The said Constitution and State Government have been formed pursuant to the conditions prescribed by the fifth section of the act of Congress aforesaid, and all so a copy of the Constitution and ordinances have been submitted to the President of the United States

Now, therefore, be it known that I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, in accordance with the duty imposed upon me by the act of Congress aforesaid, do hereby declare and proclaim that the said State of Nevada is admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this thirty-first day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty ninth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN. By the President: Wm. H. Seward, Sec'y of State.

IMPROVEMENTS. Men are apt to denounce all projects proposed, Which they do not at once comprehend, To discourage, instead of promoting a good, Too often their efforts they lend.

In all ages improvement projects have met With discouragements in every plan. For the comfort, domestic and public, Of that sprig of humanity—man,

It is very unsafe to affirm positively, This thing or that cannot be done, Notwithstanding prognostics of failure sometimes, Important achievements are won.

In matters of dress even some men believe It is best to adhere to old styles, Not so however, that promulgator of Fashions,

Our enterprising citizen, Pyle, I have just placed on my counters a splendid assortment of Boys' and Children's Clothing for winter wear, to which the attention of the public is particularly invited.

R. C. Pyle. Death of Col. Sam Medary. Cincinnati, Monday, Nov. 7 1864. Col. Sam. Medary died at Columbus today.

A GENTLEMAN, cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it, (free of charge), the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience, and possess a Valuable Remedy, will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed), by addressing

JOHN B. OGDEN, No. 60 Nassau street, New York. May 19, 1864.—3m.

TO NERVOUS SUFFERERS OF BOTH SEXES. A Reverend Gentleman having been restored to health in a few days, after undergoing all the usual routine and irregular expensive modes of treatment without success, considers it his sacred duty to communicate to his afflicted fellow creatures the means of cure. Hence, on the receipt of an addressed envelope, he will send (free) a copy of the prescription used. Direct to Dr. John M. Vagnall, 186 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, New York.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills ARE the most perfect purgative which we are able to produce or which we think has ever been made by any body. Their effects have abundantly shown to the community how much they excel the ordinary medicines in use. They are safe and pleasant to take, but powerful to cure. Their penetrating properties stimulate the vital activities of the body, remove the obstructions of its organs, purify the blood, and expel disease. They purge out the foul humors which breed and grow distemper, stimulate sluggish or disordered organs into their natural action, and impart a healthy tone with strength to the whole system. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous diseases.—While they produce powerful effects, they are at the same time, in diminished doses, the safest and best physic that can be employed for children. Being sugar-coated, they are pleasant to take; and being purely vegetable, are free from any risk of harm.—Cures have been made which surpass belief, were they not substantiated by men of such exalted position and character, as to forbid the suspicion of untruth. Many eminent clergymen and physicians have lent their names to certify to the public the reliability of our remedies, while others have sent us the assurance of their conviction that, our preparations contribute immensely to the relief of our afflicted, suffering fellow men.

The agent below named is pleased to furnish gratis our American Almanac, containing directions for the use and certificates of their cures, of the following complaints:—Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Rheumatism, Dropsy, Heartburn, Headache arising from foul stomach, Nausea, Indigestion, Morbid inaction of the Bowels and Pain arising therefrom, Flatulency, loss of Appetite, all Diseases which require an evacuant medicine. They also, by purifying the blood and stimulating the system, cure many complaints which it would not be supposed they could reach, such as Deafness, Partial Blindness, Neuralgia and Nervous Irritability, Derangements of the Liver and Kidneys, Gout, and other kindred complaints arising from a low state of the body, or obstruction of its functions. Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations which they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by Wm. Hollishead, Dreher & Brother, in Stroudsburg, and by dealers in medicine every where. August 4, 1864.—1yc2m.

# [COMMUNICATED.]

Pulmonary Consumption a Curable Disease!!! A CARD. TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The undersigned having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS, COUGHS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing!

Parties wishing the prescription will please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, Kings County, New York

DO YOU WISH TO BE CURED!—DR. BUCHAN'S English Specific Pills cure in less than 30 days, the worst cases of Nervousness, Impotency, Premature Decay, Seminal Weakness, Insanity, and all Urinary, Sexual, Nervous Affections, no matter from what cause produced. Price, One Dollar per box. Sent, postpaid, by mail, on receipt of an order. Address, JAMES S. BUTLER, Station D. Bible House, New York.

March 17, 1864.—3m.

# Court Proclamation.

Whereas, the Hon. GEORGE R. BARRETT, President Judge of the 22d Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Wayne, Pike, Monroe and Carbon and Abraham Levinger and Jeremy Mackey, Esqrs., Associate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Monroe, and by virtue of their offices, Justices of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Court of General Quarter Sessions in and for the said County of Monroe, have issued their precept to me commanding that a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Common Pleas, and Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Orphan's Court, for the said County of Monroe, be holden at Stroudsburg, on the 26th day of December, 1864, to continue one week if necessary.

NOTICE Is hereby given to the Cononer, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables of the said county of Monroe, that they be then and there ready with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances to do those things which their offices are appertaining, and also that those who are bound by recognizances to prosecute and give evidence against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of the said county of Monroe, or against persons who stand charged with the commission of offences to be then and there to prosecute or testify as shall be just. (God save the Commonwealth.) LINFORD MARSH, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office Stroudsburg, November 10, 1864.

# Change of Base.

The subscriber would inform the public, very respectfully, that since the dissolution of partnership between Keller & Waters, he has been carrying on the

Boot & Shoe Business at his old stand, one door above the Express Office, on Elizabeth St., where he will be happy to wait on his old customers, and as many new ones as can make it convenient to call. Besides being prepared at all times to fill all orders for custom work, the public will find on his shelves, for sale an elegant assortment of ready made

BOOTS & SHOES, for mens, womens, misses and childrens wear, the selection and purchase of which he superintends in person, and can, therefore, recommend them to purchasers. To the craft he offers a general assortment of

Shoe Findings, Lasts, &c., &c., of the best quality, all of which he offers at small advance upon cost. Thankful for the liberal patronage which he has already received, he hopes by prompt attention to business and to the wants of the community to merit a continuance of the same. No charge for showing goods. Drop in. CHARLES WATERS, Stroudsburg, August 4th, 1864.

# List of Letters

Remaining unclaimed in the Post Office, Stroudsburg, Pa., State of Pennsylvania, 1st day of November 1864.

Anderson, Phoebe Mrs 2 Lee, Amos  
Anderson, James 2 Lindamuth, Jas.  
Anderson, Caroline Mrs. Mansfield, Jerome  
Brown, S. C. Mrs, Myers, Simon 2  
Bush, B. W. Nolan, John  
Brass, Henry Neff, Anna  
Bragg, Walter, Phoenix, Dell Miss  
Bozzard, Henry Pencil, John  
Coolsbough, Mr. Price, Wilkinson  
Charles, Henry Rinker, John  
Colbart, William Russell, Jonathan  
Correll, Michael Ridgeway, Jane  
Dennis, Samuel Smith, Amanda  
Fetterman, Charles 2 Smith, Jacob  
Grove, Fannie, Miss Schaefer, Jno. D.  
Hanna, J. Staples, G. L.  
Hunter, William Smith, Peter  
Harrington, J. Steepel, Betsy  
Heller, Oliver Slutter, Sydenham  
Heller, M. L. Toby, Wm. H.  
Henckle, Wm. H. Tyler, Geo. M.  
Heller, James Tompkins, Geo.  
Young, John

To obtain any of these letters, the applicant must call for "Advertised Letters," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for advertising.

If not called for within one month, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office. THEODORE SCHOCH, P. M.

# Stroudsburg Bank.

NOVEMBER 1, 1864. The Directors have this day declared a dividend of Five per cent, clear of Taxes, payable on and after the 11th inst.

J. H. STROUD, Cashier.

# U. S. 7-30 Loan.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable three years from Aug. 15th, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of seven and three-tenths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect.—They will be issued in denominations of \$50, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, and \$5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the original Certificates of Deposit as they can be prepared.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of deposit

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by the Treasury Department upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom the deposit was made. No deductions for commissions must be made from the deposits.

Special Advantages of this Loan. It is a National Savings Bank, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and the best security. Any savings bank which pays its depositors in U. S. Notes, considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it cannot pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in government securities or in notes or bonds payable in government paper.

It is equally convenient as a temporary or permanent investment. The notes can always be sold for within a fraction of their face and accumulated interest, and are the best security with banks as collaterals for discounts.

Convertible into a Six per Cent. 5-20 Gold Bond. In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent per annum, for the current rate 5-20 Bonds is not less than nine per cent. premium, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profits on this loan, at the present market rates, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

Exemption from State or Municipal Taxation. But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special Act of Congress exempts all bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation. On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith or ability of private parties or stock companies or separate communities only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

While the government offers the most liberal terms for its loans, it believes that the very strongest appeal will be to the loyalty and patriotism of the people.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for all deposits. The party depositing must endorse upon the original certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order.—When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to the Treasury Department.

Subscriptions will be received by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositories and by the First National Bank of Scranton Pa., Second National Bank of Scranton, Pa., and by all National Banks which a depositaries of public money, and all RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country will give further information and

Afford every Facility to Subscribers. September 1, 1864.

# NOTICE.

All persons indebted to Simeon Schoonover, either by note, book account or otherwise, are requested to settle their accounts as soon as possible. He hopes that this request will be responded to, as his late serious loss by fire necessitates him to make this call.

SIMEON SCHOONOVER. Bushkill, June 9, 1864.

# THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.

Published for the benefit, and as a CAUTION TO YOUNG MEN and others, who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay of Manhood, &c., supplying at the same time THE MEANS OF SELF-CURE. By one who has cured himself after undergoing considerable quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelope single copies may be had of the author.

NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Brooklyn, Kings Co., N. Y. June 2, 1864.—1y.

# MADISON HOUSE.

M. & T. P. WATSON, (LIVERY STABLE ATTACHED) 37 & 39 North 2d st., between Market and Arch, PHILADELPHIA, PA. February 26, 1863.—1y.

# Valuable FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers at private sale, the valuable Farm on which he now resides, situate in Middle Smithfield township, Monroe County, Pa., about five miles from Stroudsburg, adjoining lands of John V. Coolsbough, Martin Place, and others. The Farm contains

One Hundred and Forty Acres, about 100 acres of which is improved and in a good state of cultivation, and the balance Timber Land. About 40 acres is good Meadow, and a stream of water runs through the premises. The improvements are a

Frame Dwelling House, a New Barn and Wagon House, and other out-buildings, with a never failing Spring of water at the door of the dwelling.—There are a number of Fruit Trees on the place. LIMESTONE on the premises. This is one of the best Dairy farms in the Country.

Persons desiring to view the Farm, can do so by calling on the undersigned, residing thereon.

CHARLES SHOEMAKER. October 27, 1861.

# Stroudsburg Bank.

Stroudsburg, Pa., Oct. 15, 1864. The annual election for Directors will be held at the Bank House, on Monday, the 21st day of November next, between the hours of ten A. M., and two P. M.

A general meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the same place, on Tuesday the 12th day of November next, at 12 o'clock, M.

J. H. STROUD, Cashier.

# IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS.

IRON IN THE BLOOD. It is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the Vital Principle of Life Element of the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat; but if the food is not properly digested, or if, from any cause whatever, the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers.—The blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stupefy the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease-producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease.

The great value of IRON AS A MEDICINE is well known and acknowledged by all medical men. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation and assimilate at once with the blood. This point, says Dr. Hayes, Massachusetts State Chemist, has been attained in the Peruvian Syrup, by combination in a way before unknown.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP is a PROTRACTED solution of the PEROXIDE OF IRON, A NEW DISCOVERY IN MEDICINE, that Strikes at the Root of Disease by supplying the blood with its Vital Principle or Life Element—Iron.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP Cures Dyspepsia, Liver complaint, Dropsy, Fever and Ague, Loss of Energy, Low Spirits.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP Infuses strength, vigor, and new life into the system, and builds up an "Iron Constitution."

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP Cures Chronic Diarrhea, Scrofula, Boils, Scarcy, Loss of Constitutional Vigor.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP Cures Nervous Affections, Female Complaints, and all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP is a SPECIFIC for all diseases originating in a BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, or accompanied by Debility or a Low State of the System.

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures and recommendations from some of the most eminent Physicians, Clergymen, and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

We select a few of the names to show the character of the testimonials. JOHN E. WILLIAMS, ESQ., President of the Metropolitan Bank, N. Y. Rev. ABEL STEVENS, Late Editor Christian Advocate and Journal. Rev. P. CHURCH, Editor New York Chronicle.

Prepared by N. L. CLARK & CO., exclusively for J. DINSMORE, No. 491 Broadway New York. Sold by all Druggists.

Redding's Russia Salve Heals Old Sores. Redding's Russia Salve Cures Burns, Scalds, Cuts. Redding's Russia Salve Cures Wounds, Bruises, Sprains. Redding's Russia Salve Cures Boils, Ulcers, Cancers. Redding's Russia Salve Cures Salt Rheum, Piles, Erysipelas. Redding's Russia Salve Cures Ringworms, Corns, &c., &c., NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT Only 25 cents a Box.

FOR SALE BY J. P. DINSMORE, No. 491 Broadway, N. Y. S. J. FOWLE & Co., No. 18 Tremont St., Boston. And by all Druggists and Country Store-keepers. May 19, 1864.—1y.

# STEPHEN HOLMES, JR., ATTORNEY AT LAW.

SURVEYOR AND CONVEYANCER. STROUDSBURG, PENNA. Office with S. S. Dreher, Esq.

N. B.—Special attention paid to the filing of Pension papers, and the collection of back pay, and bounties of soldiers. Stroudsburg, Oct. 9, 1862.

BLANK DEEDS For sale at this Office

BLANK MORTGAGES, For sale at this Office

# Delaware, Lackawanna & Western RAIL ROAD.

Running Time of Passenger Trains, Oct. 12, 1864.

LEAVE NORTHWARD. LEAVE SOUTHWARD.

Accommodation.	Passenger.	STATIONS.	Passenger.	Accommodation.
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
8:10	6:40	Great Bend,	7:30	2:30
1:40	6:51	New Milford,	7:49	2:59
1:05	6:50	Montrose,	8:19	3:25
12:25	5:35	Hopatcong,	8:53	4:15
12:39	5:16	Neshaminy,	9:20	4:45
11:15	4:56	Ferryville,	9:14	5:59
10:45	4:49	Abington,	9:50	6:15
10:39	4:22	Clark's Summit,	9:35	6:57
10:09	4:10	Stroudsburg,	10:15	7:05
9:45	3:47	Graceville,	10:35	7:30
9:37	3:47	Dunsmuir,	10:42	7:37
9:15	3:15	Horseshoe,	10:57	7:52
9:24	3:40	Coudersport,	11:25	
9:28	3:28	Tohoyanna,	11:34	
9:14	3:18	Fork,	11:55	
9:09	3:40	Oakland,	12:11	
1:44	1:44	Hennysville,	12:27	
1:23	1:23	Sterling,	12:37	
1:22	1:22	Stroudsburg,	12:48	
1:25	1:25	Water Gap,	1:02	
12:49	1:25	Montz, Bethel,	1:13	
12:31	1:25	Delaware,	1:49	
12:10	1:25	Maunaka Chunk,	1:50	
12:04	1:25	Hartsville,	1:55	
11:54	1:25	Oxford,	2:07	
11:42	1:25	Washington,	2:19	
11:25	1:25	New Hampton,	2:47	
A. M.	A. M.	*Change for Phil. P. M.		

The Passenger Train Northward Leaves New Hampton on the arrival of the Mail Train which leaves New York at 8:00 A. M., and Maunaka Chunk on the arrival of the Train which leaves Philadelphia, (Kensington Depot) at 7:15 A. M. At Stroudsburg this Train makes close connections with Trains on the Lackawanna & Bloomsburg and Delaware & Hudson Railroads, and at Great Bend with the Mail Train on the Erie Railway going West.

The Passenger Train Southward Leaves Great Bend after the arrival of the Cincinnati Express from the West, connecting at Stroudsburg with Trains on the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg and Delaware & Hudson Railroads, and at New Hampton with trains for New York, the Lehigh Valley, Harrisburg, &c. Passengers by this Train arrive in New York at 5:40, in Philadelphia at 6:30, and in Harrisburg at 8:20 P. M.

The Accomodation Train Northward, connects at Great Bend with the Day Express going West, by which passengers arrive at Luzaca and Syracuse the same day.

Southward, leaves Great Bend after the arrival of the New York Express going East, (6:27 A. M.) Passenger Trains on the Erie Railway stop at Great Bend.

WATTS COOKE, Superintendent. R. A. HENRY, General Ticket Agent.

# A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope.—Price Six Cents.

A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and radical cure of SPERMATORRHOEA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. by ROBT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.