

Taxable Resources.

The average increase of the Free States for the last ten years has been 271.91 per cent; of the Slave States, 113.92 per cent.

Massachusetts, with a population of 1,231,065, and an area of 7,800 square miles, has a valuation of \$815,237,433. Virginia has a population of 1,399,731, and an area of 61,352 square miles, and a valuation of only \$793,249,681—less by \$21,937,752 than that of Massachusetts.

Possessing an area almost nine times as great as Massachusetts, water power a hundred fold greater, a soil of unsurpassed fertility, rich mineral deposits, one of the best harbors on the continent, hundreds of miles of navigable river, with all these advantages—the elements of an empire within herself—the Real Estate of the Old Dominion is valued at \$57,461,937 less than that of the little Bay State. Her personal property—even including her 273,170 negro slaves, worth, at less than an average valuation, \$150,000,000—is estimated at \$62,675,543 less than that of Massachusetts.

Maryland and North Carolina together, having a population of 281,327 greater than Massachusetts, and a joint area of 55,500 square miles, have a valuation—including slaves valued at \$229,800,000—less by \$79,498,024 than Massachusetts. The real estate of Massachusetts, with only 7,800 square miles of sterile soil, is valued at \$475,413,165, which is \$31,231,315 more than the value of the real estate of North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas combined! The real property of New York exceeds by more than \$10,000,000 the combined valuation of the same kind of property in the States of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Louisiana, Texas, and Arkansas!

The three States of New-York, Ohio, and Pennsylvania have a population of 9,133,511, which is 1,438,555 more than the entire population, Slave and Free, of the eleven rebel States, while these same States have a valuation of \$119,781,815 greater than all the so-called Confederate States.

In all these comparisons the Rebel States have been allowed the advantage of having the servile members of their communities reckoned both as property and as population. But in a struggle such as is now going on they are fully a valuable neither as one nor the other, and the figures which represent them, whether in the column of population or in that of property, denote a purely fictitious value. Their value as property is predicated upon peace, upon domestic security, unrestricted commercial intercourse, and the ready realization of values all of which conditions are now wanting. The very strife which gives significance and importance to such a comparison of the resources of the sections, has stricken from the valuation of the Rebel States \$1,735,310,425—the estimated worth of their human chattles, as they appear on the tax lists of those States.

They will still retain a partial value as population. But, granting their entire loyalty to their masters, their value can be but a small fraction of the amount denoted by the figures which represent them in the totals of population in the several States. All the influences and characteristics which, in a time of peace and domestic security, ever depreciate from their value as a producing class, must now be aggravated a hundred fold.—*Tribune*.

Probable Advance of Pork.

There is every reason to believe that before the next killing and packing season arrives, there will be a very great advance in the value of mess pork and hogs. The stock of mess pork on hand in Chicago, is only eight thousand and three hundred barrels. The stock in New York city is but little over fifty thousand barrels.—There is less pork in store generally through the North than usual at this time. A large portion of that packed last winter was shipped to the South before the war broke out, the Confederates taking every precaution to supply themselves with food while they could.—*Daily Wisconsin Reporter*.

How the Rebel Army is to be Paid—Rebel Barbarism.

A letter from a prominent Secessionist at Fernandina, Florida, to a gentleman in this city, received by way of Louisville, states that all property owned by Northerners will be confiscated in October. This is held out as a reward and inducement to the soldiers, who in no other way can get any pay. In a postscript on business is the following:

"There is in the interior a well organized negro soldiery, who are ready to defend the soil, and to whom a bonus of \$10 is offered for every scalp of an invading foe, and I assure you are anxious for a contest."

It will be remembered that the panic at Bull Run was greatly increased, if it was not, as some assert, actually created by the teamsters of the National Army. Reports have been circulated that some of these teamsters were Secession agents in disguise, who did precisely the work which they were paid to perform. The *Louisville Democrat* of the 2d inst. says that "one of these very men passed through that city on Thursday last on his way to Richmond, as if to receive his reward."

Pay of Soldiers—The President's Action.

A bill passed both Houses to-day increasing the pay of soldiers from \$11 to \$15 per month. The second section expressly legalizes the last proclamation of the President.

The vote in the House was 79 to 17. The bill was introduced by Senator Wilson, and in two hours was ready for the President's signature.

A painful report reached here on Monday evening of the sudden death of Bishop Bowman of Pennsylvania.

Greatest Trotting on Record.

On Thursday the 25th ult. a second trotting match took place on Fashion-Course, Long Island, between bay mare Flora Temple, in harness, and bay stallion Ethan Allen and mate, to wagon, for \$1000, mile heats, best 3 in 5. Ethan Allen won the first heat; Flora Temple the second and race, owing to Ethan and mate running away with their driver, S. McLaughlin. They ran two miles before he could pull them up. Flora trotted this heat in 2:20½, being the quickest time ever made on Long Island. Over ten thousand spectators were present, the largest number known on a Long Island race course for some years.

Flora Temple has thus, in her old age, exhibited a rate of speed which is truly marvelous. True, she is said to have trotted a mile on the Kalamazoo track in 2:15½, but it has scarcely been satisfactorily demonstrated that the track measured the exact mile, and that the time was accurately taken by the judges. There can be no question, however, of either distance and time in this case, and hence the performance may fairly be regarded as the best on record. Ethan Allen has shown himself able to outfoot Flora on the stretch, and although distanced on technical grounds in this case, he has got in him trotting powers which only a very few chosen ones have seen displayed in private trials.

The New Treasury Notes.

The Treasury notes, the emission of which has recently been authorized by Congress, are being prepared for issue. A portion of the low denominations are made payable to bearer in coin, (of the \$5's, \$10's, and \$20's.) at places designated on their face. Others of the same denomination bear 3 65 100 per cent. interest, payable one year after date, with the privilege of the holder, when presented in sums of \$100, to exchange them for Treasury notes having three years to run, bearing 7 3 10 per cent. interest.—All Treasury notes may be exchanged for twenty years' bearing 6 per cent. interest. All the Treasury notes to be of and above \$50 denomination, bear 7 3 10 per cent. interest; and are made payable in three years. The evidences already exhibited, make it plain that these issues will be eagerly sought by the country, in all sections, as a circulating medium.—*Washington Star*.

Big Peach Orchard in Ohio.

A gentleman in the neighborhood of Middletown, in this county, has a peach orchard occupying 60 acres of ground, upon which there are growing some 10,000 trees, all loaded with the best grafted fruit. Estimating the yield at 1½ bushels to the tree, he cannot have less than from 14,000 to 15,000 bushels peaches the present season. But to be within the mark, say he has 10,000 bushels, and sell them at \$2, the yield will be \$20,000—a fortune few men realize in a lifetime. Plant fruit trees. There are some pretty orchards in this neighborhood, also, which we are pleased to learn give promise of abundant fruitfulness the present season. Among others we have heard of, we name Messrs. Shower, Leiter & Miller's of 1,500 trees, and our friend John W. Wilson's, on the west bank of the river, of 1,200 both well fruited.—*Butler Co. (O.) Intelligencer*.

A Touching Incident.

We learn that when Capt. Hotchkiss was wounded at Monroe, his little daughter, a girl about eight or ten years old, went from her home to where the captain was lying at the Seminary at Monroe.—She was unremitting in attentions to her father.—On Friday evening last, her father was taken from Monroe to Hannibal. On the way the train was fired upon by a party of Rebels. When the firing commenced, the devoted child bent her little body over her father's head, to shield him from danger or death.—*Springfield (Mo.) Republican*.

John Hickman, of Penn., introduced a bill in Congress to define and punish conspiracy, which was, of course, opposed by Mr. Vallandigham, of O., and Mr. Barnett, of Ky. The bill, however, passed, and the probability now is that certain men who are covertly siding treason, may suddenly find themselves entangled in the meshes of the law, when they can invoke the aid of habeas corpus if they desire to do so, as certain men have recently fallen so separately in love with that ancient writ.

The law works curiously sometimes. An old fellow in Hampshire County, Mass., was prosecuted for some small offense, and sent to jail two weeks; his children being the witnesses against him, and they minors, he drew their entire witness fees, amounting to \$24, and pocketed the money as proceeds to which he was entitled under the law. He is anxious to be tried again.

"A penny saved is a penny earned," is an old saying, and every one should be guided by it when they go to make purchases. Therefore, if any of our male friends want to buy clothes for themselves or their boys, the proper place to go to is PYLE'S Hall of Fashion, opposite the old Easton Bank.

Some years ago, Mr. Kidwell was preaching to a large audience in a wild part of Illinois, and announced for his text: "In my father's house there are many mansions." He had scarcely read the words when an old man stood up and said: "I tell you folks that's a lie! I know his father well; he lives fifteen miles from Lexington, in old Kentuck, in an old cabin, an there ain't but one room in the house."

The Honorable Bank has determined to issue, under a law passed at the last session of the Legislature, bills of the denominations of one two and three dollars. The bills will be ready in the course of a fortnight.—*Democrat*.

Returned.

BY THE BARD OF THE EASTON HALL OF FASHION.

They came, and were welcomed, our brave volunteers,

With words of affection, gay smiling, and cheers;

As patriots we hailed them, woo to the wight Who dare on that character ever cast blight.

The first call of trumpet they nobly obeyed, And though but in citizen's costume arrayed—Unarmed, unprotected, they waited the blow To be struck by the hand of a well prepared foe.

"Constitutional grumblers," of course there are many;

Forbearance and patience, who've never had any,

These ever will readily pick out a flaw In character, (when they need fear not the law.)

We advise such, be careful, lest roused from his lair,

The Lion Opinion tangle them in his snare, And on their escutcheon, coward, hurl with disdain,

That they in their country's need, home could remain.

Give honor, wherever, whenever 'tis due; Give it willingly, cheerfully unto the true, Who gallantly aided our fair land to save, Though the reward in prospective was only a grave.

We, ourselves are delighted to see them once more,

To hear them relating their privations o'er; In their leisure we invite them to step in a while

And see the improvement in clothing at the great Hall of Pyle.

A splendid assortment of clothing, for sale cheap, at Pyle's Hall of Fashion, opposite the old Easton Bank.

A Zouave in the Enemy's Camp.

When the Fire Zouaves stormed the masked battery at Bull Run, and were forced to fall back by the grape-shot and cavalry charge, one of them was stunned by a blow from a saber, and fell almost under one of the enemy's guns. The Secessionists swarmed around him like bees, but feigning death, in the excitement he was unnoticed, and when a sally was made managed to crawl back into the thicket inside the Confederate lines.—Here he waited some time for an opportunity to escape, but finding none concluded he would make the best of a bad bargain, and if he was lost would have a little revenge beforehand. Hastily stripping the body of a Confederate near by, he donned his uniform, and seizing a rifle made his way to the intrenchments, where he joined the Secessionists, and watching his opportunities, succeeded in picking off several of their most prominent officers whenever they advanced upon the troops. Here he remained some time, until, thinking it best leave to before his disguise should be discovered, he joined a party who were about to charge upon our forces, and was, to his gratification, again captured, but this time by his own men. Our fire proved very destructive to the enemy, and, and out down their men by hundreds. In the battery where the Zouaves fell he afterward counted thirty-five dead bodies lying close together, and the bushes were full of the wounded who had crawled off to get out of the way.

Who is Beauregard.

We have a new phase of this wonderful man's cognomen. It seems he is not Beauregard, after all, that, as we have before intimated, Beauregard is a myth, a fabulous affair, altogether. The *Tribune* has the following bit of history: The name of that gentleman with the fighting chin, as Mr. Russell of *The London Times* describes him, is not Beauregard, but Toutant—Pierre Gustave Toutant. His father was a Frenchman, and was the eldest of the family. The family had an estate called Beauregard, and the elder Toutant was in the habit of signing himself Toutant de Beauregard—Toutant of Beauregard. When he made application to the member of Congress from the district in which he resided in Louisiana for a cadet ship at West Point for his son, he signed himself Toutant de Beauregard—and the assumed title was taken for the surname. The appointment for the lad therefore was made out for Pierre G. T. Beauregard, and the name was retained from a little vanity, perhaps, in its more sonorous quality. Beauregard, however, is still known among his relations in Louisiana as Pierre Toutant.

New York Markets.

WEDNESDAY, August 7, 1861.
FLOUR AND MEAL—Wheat Flour, the sales are 24,300 bbls. at \$4 10a\$4 25 for Superfine Western; \$4 20a\$4 25 for do State; \$4 95-\$5 for shipping brands of Round Hoop Extra Ohio. Rye at \$2 25 a\$3 50.

GRAIN—Wheat; sales of 35,700 bush Chicago Spring at 82a90c; 62,800 bush Milwaukee Club at 65a81 05. Rye at 46c. Corn at 49c. for Western Yellow.

PROVISIONS—Pork; sales of 560 bbls. at \$15 75a\$16 for Mess; \$14 75 for thin Mess. Cut Meats; sales of 37 hhd. at 5c. for Shoulders, and 6a6½ for Hams. Butter and Cheese are firm.

WHISKY—sales of 420 bbls. at 17c. SUGARS—sales of 3,500 hhd. mainly Cuba at 5¼a6½, and 175 hhd. Porto Rico at 6¼a7½.

CAUTION.

All persons are hereby cautioned not to meddle with the following named articles, viz: 1 Carriage, two horse wagon, one set of double harness, which I have loaned to Ferdinand Kester, during my pleasure.
JACOB H. FETHERMAN.
Hamilton, May 23, 1861.—3t.

The banks and moneyed institutions of Philadelphia, having been advised by Secretary Chase that he would need a temporary loan of a few millions, in anticipation of the new loan, on Wednesday promptly placed at the Secretary's disposal, between one and a half and two millions of dollars.

AGENTS WANTED to sell the Erie Sewing Machine. We will give a commission or pay wages at from \$25 to \$60 per month, and expenses paid. The ERIE is a new machine, and very simple in its construction.—A diploma was awarded our Machine by the Industrial Association of Farmers & Mechanics, held at Chambersburg, Pa., at its exhibition in 1860, over the Grover & Baker, and Boudoir Machines. It is equal to any machine in use, and the price is but fifteen dollars. Address R. JAMES, General Agent E. S. M. Co., Milan, Ohio.
March 14, 1861.—6m.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. SIR JAMES CLARKE'S Celebrated Female Pills.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL PATENT. Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever: and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution. To married ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.
In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, pain in the back and limbs, fatigue on slight exertion, palpitation of the heart, hysterics and whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.
Full directions in the pamphlet around each package which should be carefully preserved.
For full particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—\$1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 pills by return mail. For sale in Stroudsburg, by July 31, 1860.—ly. J. N. DURLING, Agent.

MARRIED.

By the Rev. Geo. Dechant, Mr. Barnett Misson, and Miss Sally Ann Storm, both of Paradise, Monroe County, Pa.

Aug. 3rd, at the Lutheran Parsonage, in Hamilton, by the Rev. H. Seifert, Mr. Josiah Metzger and Sarah C. Campbell, both of Hamilton.

DIED.

On the evening of Friday, the 2d inst., at the house of Daniel Boys, in Stroud township, Miss Sarah Boys, aged 61 years, 10 months and 26 days.

In Stroudsburg, on the 5th inst., Horace, son of P. S. and Catharine Jane Brown, aged about 7 years.

Notice.

Pastors of Churches, together with Superintendents and Teachers in Sabbath Schools, and the friends of Sabbath Schools in Monroe county, are requested to meet at Stroudsburg, in the Methodist Episcopal Church, on the 17th day of August, at 10 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of organizing a Monroe County Sabbath School Association, and to make preliminary arrangements for holding a Sunday School Convention for said County, time and place to be then decided upon and announced.

It is to be hoped that those who have the love of God at heart, and are zealous for the advancement of the Redeemer's Kingdom, through Sunday School instrumentality, will cheerfully respond to this call.

J. K. Davis, Isaac Tuttle,
M. Barrett, C. L. Thompson,
A. McWilliams, S. S. Klein,
Samuel Seymour, James H. Howell,
Geo. B. Deciant, Jeremy Mackey,
R. S. Staples, Rob't. R. Deputy.
August 8, 1861.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Rail Road Company, have in their possession, at the Stroudsburg Station, the following goods and chattles, which were consigned as follows:

CONSIGNED TO

1 Railroad tool chest, J. E. Mott.
1 Half Barrel Liquor, J. Long.
1 " " " Levi Schupp.
1 Keg " " J. R. Pingerton
1 Barrel " " Reuben Stamet.

Upon which the freight, expenses and storage is unpaid, and unless the same is paid, the said Company will cause the said property to be sold for the payment of the aforesaid charges, in accordance with the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Pennsylvania, entitled an act "relating to liens of common carriers and others," approved April 16th, 1858.

R. A. HENRY,
Gen. Freight Agent, D. L. & W. R. R. Co.
August 8, 1861.

New Marble Yard.

The subscriber, having employed Jacob B. Hjuline, an experienced stone cutter, can supply any person in want of plain or ornamental Grave Stones, Monuments, &c., of good sound marble, at moderate prices.

Yard on Main street, adjoining my store.
ROBERT HUSTON.
N. B.—Customers may rely that I will not be undersold by any stone cutter in the State.
Stroudsburg, August 8, 1861.

Brick! Brick!!

The undersigned has on hand
200,000 Brick,

near the Stroudsburg Depot, and they are now for sale. Any person wishing to buy a lot of Brick will do well to call before purchasing elsewhere, as the undersigned is bound to sell if they will pay cost.
Wm. S. WINTEMUTE.
Stroudsburg, July 25, 1861.

BLANK DEEDS
For sale at this Office

NOTICE.

The members of the Monroe County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, are hereby notified that the annual election of Managers, for said Company, will take place at the Court House, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, on the first Monday of September next, being the second, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at which time thirteen Managers will be chosen to serve for the ensuing year and until their successors are duly qualified, pursuant to section 4, of the Act of Assembly, incorporating said Company.
By order of the Board.
Wm. K. HAVILAND, Sect.
Office of the Ins. Co., Aug. 8, 1861.

Auditor's Notice.

Andrew Storm } Ven. ex. do terris,
vs } No 2,
Jacob Dennis } May term 1861.

The undersigned auditor, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe County, to make distribution of the fund now in said Court, arising from the sale of the defendants Real Estate on said writ, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment, at his office, in the borough of Stroudsburg, on Friday, the 23d day of August, inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, when and where all persons interested may attend if they think proper; and all persons having claims upon the same are hereby notified to present them at the time and place aforesaid or be debarred from coming in upon said fund.
WM. K. HAVILAND, Auditor.
Stroudsburg, Aug. 1, 1861.—4t.

CAUTION.

The undersigned having loaned during his will and pleasure, to Jonas Christman and wife, of Tobyhanna township, 1 yoke of Oxen, 1 wagon, 3 cows, 1 heifer, 4 shoats, 6 sheep, 1 plow, 1 harrow, 2 acres of rye, 1 muck-heap, 1 cook-stove, 1 bed and bedding, and 1 grind stone. The public are hereby cautioned against meddling or interfering with the said property.
CASPER H. METZGER.
Tannersville, June 15, 1861.—*

Orphans' Court Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the Orphans' Court of Monroe county, there will be exposed to sale by public vendue, on the premises, on

Tuesday, the 17th of September 1861, at 2 o'clock, p. m. the following described real estate, late of Melchoir Kintz, deceased, to wit:

A certain tract of land and farm, situated in Hamilton township, Monroe County, and State of Pennsylvania, on the North and South Turnpike near Saylor's, adjoining lands of John Kintz, heirs of Wm. Scareman, Charles Saylor, James Rickhow and others, containing

118 Acres and 61 Perches, about 90 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation, 30 acres of which is excellent Meadow Land, the balance well timbered with good chestnut and oak timber. A stream of water passes through the premises. There are five excellent springs on the place, affording water in every field.

There are on the premises a two-story STONE HOUSE, 25 by 35 feet, with a good well near the door. Also a one and a half story HOUSE 20 by 25 feet; a frame Barn 40 by 60 feet; Wagon House 15 by 20 feet, and other out buildings; two good APPLE OR CHARDs, containing 300 grafted trees.

The terms and conditions will be made known at the time and place of sale by HENRY KINTZ, } Adm'ors,
JAMES KINTZ, }
August 1, 1861.

MANHOOD.

How Lost, How Restored.
Just Published, in a Sealed Envelope.

A LECTURE ON THE NATURE, TREATMENT, AND RADICAL CURE OF SPERMATORRHOEA, or Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Nervousness and involuntary emissions, producing impotency, Consumption and Mental and Physical Debility.

By ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, M. D.
The important fact that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without internal medicines or the dangerous applications of caustic instruments, medicated bougies, and other empirical devices, is here clearly demonstrated, and the entirely new and highly successful treatment as adopted by the celebrated author fully explained by means of which every one is enabled to cure himself perfectly, and at the least possible cost, thereby avoiding all the advertised nostrums of the day. This lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post paid, on the receipt of two postage stamps, by addressing,
Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE,
127 Bowery, N. York. Post Office box 4,566.
April 18, 1861.—ly.

NOTICE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

The undersigned having disposed of his entire stock of Stoves, Hardware, Tinware, &c. And also transferred all notes and Book accounts to Linford Marsh, who is hereby authorized to collect and receipt for the same.
SIMON FLORY.
Stroudsburg, April 25, 1861.

The Stove, Tin and Hardware business, will be continued by the subscriber in the large Store Room of Abraham Edinger, adjoining the Indian Queen Hotel. Where all who are in want of any goods in his line, will please call and examine for themselves. The services of William S. Flory, will be retained to transact the business during my absence.
LINFORD MARSH.
Fennersville, April 25, 1861.

A. STONE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS
AND
Wholesale and Retail Dealers
IN
Screw-Top Glass Preserving Jars,
For Preserving Fresh Fruits, Vegetables,
Meats, Oysters, &c.,
No. 412 Race Street, Above Fourth,
PHILADELPHIA.

PRICES OF SCREW TOP JARS.
Pints, \$1 75 per doz Gallons, \$5 00 per doz.
Quarts, 2 50 " " Small Quarts with small
Three Pints, 3 00 " " roses, 1 75 per doz.
Half Gallons, 3 50 " " Half Pints, 1 00 " "

Auditor's Notice.

Estate of CATHARINE RILBERND, deceased.
The undersigned, Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Monroe County, to examine and if occasion require, settle the account of George Rilbernd, Administrator of Catharine Rilbernd, dec'd., and also to make report of the facts upon the exceptions to said accountant, will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Thursday, the eighth day of August next, at two o'clock, p. m., at the public house of Melchoir Bossard in the Borough of Stroudsburg, when and where all parties interested, may attend if they see proper.
JOHN DeYOUNG, Auditor.
July 18, 1861.

Caution!

The undersigned hereby informs the public that he has loaned to Jacob Dennis, of Hamilton township, a new light truck or butcher wagon, during his pleasure. The public are cautioned not to meddle with said wagon.
PETER KELLER.
Stroud twp, July 18, 1861.

Auditor's Notice.

Estate of JOHN SPACE, Jr. deceased.
The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Monroe County, to make distribution of the fund in the hands of the Administrator of said Estate, will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Friday the 16th day of August next, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of Samuel S. Dreher, Esq., in the Borough of Stroudsburg, when and where all parties interested may attend if they see proper. And all persons having claims against said estate are then and there requested to present the same duly authenticated, or be debarred from coming in for a distributive share of said fund.
STEPHEN HOLMES, Jr., Auditor.
Stroudsburg, July 18, 1861.

Estray.

Came to the premises of the undersigned, in Paradise township, Monroe county, Pa. about two weeks ago, a two year old Steer; red and white spotted. The owner or owners thereof are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, or he will be disposed of according to law.
JACOB HARDENSTINE.
July 11, 1861.—3t.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Wm. Singer, late of Chesmuthill township, Monroe County, deceased.
Notice is hereby given, that Letters of administration upon the above named Estate have been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Monroe County, in due form of law; therefore, all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having any just claims are also requested to present them legally authenticated for settlement to
ANDREW J. DETRICK,
Administrator.
July 11, 1861.

The Country Safe!

NEW GOODS.

The subscriber takes this method of informing his many friends, and the public generally, that he has returned from the cities, with a large lot of

Ready Made Clothing,
of the latest styles, consisting of
Coats of all kinds and qualities,
Pants of various styles of goods, and
Vests, of every grade.

From his present stock he is satisfied that he can meet the demand of every taste and "rig out," in a manner hitherto unapproached, the man with the single dollar, or the possessor of thousands.
He has also laid in, and will keep on hand, an elegant assortment of

DRY GOODS,

consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Notions, Hosiery, &c. &c. all of which he will sell very cheap. He has also a splendid lot of

at prices varying from 50 cents to \$6 each; the latest styles of Mantillas, Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c. &c. and all at prices surprisingly low.

P. S.—Clothing made to order at short notice and warranted.
CALF and SHEEP SKINS taken in exchange for Goods at cash prices.

The public are invited to call as he is determined to sell his goods cheaper than the cheapest.

NICHOLAS RUSTER.
Stroudsburg, May 12, 1859.—tf.

FOR SALE.

NEW ROCHELLE OR LAWTON

BLACKBERRIES,

50 cents per dozen.

CHARLES MUSCH.
Stroud, April 18, 1861.