

THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1859.

¶ We have been requested to state that there will be no service, at the M. E. Church, in this borough, on Sunday next, in consequence of the newly appointed Pastor being unable to be here at that time.

Presentation.

The recent Pastor of the M. E. Church in this place, was presented last night with a silver Tea Set, by his friends irrespective of Church or sect. Mr. MacLaughlin has been with us two years, and takes with him to his new station (Bristol) the entire esteem and affection of all who know him. The presentation took place at the Stroudsburg House, and was witnessed by quite a concourse.

¶ **BERNARD S. SCHOONOVER**, formerly of our town, has been appointed agent for the Indians in the Upper Missouri Agency.

Final Adjournment of the Legislature.
Both branches of the Legislature have agreed upon Thursday, the 14th of April, as the day for final adjournment. This will leave but seven working days to the present session—quite enough though, to finish all the necessary business.

¶ Our friend John N. Stokes has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of new Goods for the Spring trade. We can vouch for our friend's good taste in making his selections, and all who purchase articles at his store will be sure to go away well satisfied with their bargain. We would advise all who wish to buy articles in Mr. Stokes' line to give him a call.

The People's State Committee meet at Harrisburg this week. It is understood the State Convention will be held in June.

¶ The proceedings in the trial of Daniel E. Sickles for the murder of Philip Barton Key, commenced at Washington on Monday. The entire day of Monday was occupied in selecting jurors, only five of whom were found qualified to serve. Tuesday, only three were found; making eight who have, so far, been sworn in. The entire panel of seventy-five having been exhausted, in obtaining those, a new panel of seventy-five was ordered for yesterday.

According to present indications the trial will occupy at least two weeks.—Next week we shall be able to furnish more interesting particulars in relation to it.

For Pike's Peak.

A company of six started from this place on Saturday last, bound to try their fortunes at the new Eldorado. Among them were William P. Dots and his brother, residents of Hamilton township.

On Tuesday morning of last week, Dr. Clark, Capt. John Hartzell, and Messrs. James Chambers, John Keim, Christian Long, George Zinn, John Saylor, Joseph Tate, and two others, left Newport for the gold region at or near Pike's Peak.—*Levinsburg Chronicle.*

We learn from the *Tamaqua Gazette*, that twenty or thirty citizens of that town and vicinity, have started for Pike's Peak.

A number of twelve young men, from different parts of this county, started for Pike's Peak on Monday last. Several others from this county had gone previous to this, and we understand a number more intend going soon. The western papers are filled with accounts of the emigration in that direction, and it bids fair to surpass that of the early times of California emigration.—*Tunkhannock Democrat.*

Farmers.

Now is your time to buy your Spring and Summer Clothing. You can buy Clothing better made at Pyle's Easton Hall of Fashion, than at any other store in Easton. Pyle will give you better work, better material, better trimmings, for less money than any other store in Easton. Just call and examine his stock. You will find more goods in his store, than is kept by all the Clothing Dealers in Easton put together. His facilities are such that he can't be undersold. This is a fact that can't be disputed. He warrants every garment he sells, and he is not obliged to sell cotton warped cloths for all wool, in order to make it appear cheap. He has the lightest store in Easton. His motto is: "Large sales and small profits." Don't forget the place, No. 113, Northampton street, opposite the old Easton Bank.

Oats have been sown in Lancaster and other lower counties.

Consistency is a jewel. It is to be kept and cherished at all times as a treasure.

So think we, and so thinks our friend, the Editor of the Democrat: at least we are led to imagine so, after reading a succession of Editorials which have from time to time appeared in that journal. We have been more particularly induced to indulge in these reflections, after reading two articles which have, in the short space of two weeks, emanated professedly from the same pen, and yet which are quite the reverse of each other in sentiment. In the first, our Editor, either inspired by a little of the *Forney Spirit*, (owing to the Colonels recent visit amongst us) or on account of some other unaccountable cause; came out with quite a spirited denunciation of the recent nefarious, so called Democratic State Convention at Harrisburg. We even fancied after reading the aforesaid leader, that our friend was becoming repentant of his numerous political sins, and that in course of time he would, if he had good luck, become entirely converted to the true faith of Anti-Lecomptonism.—This we are inclined to believe would have been the case had our friend been allowed to follow the honest promptings of his own heart, which nature placed in the right spot, but which has been sadly warped and distorted, by political associations. But Alas! Alas! for the prospect thus opened, of the future salvation of this new convert. Alas! for human nature, when fear of the official Guillotine is stronger than the sense of duty and the honest conviction of right. It has been said that "nessy lies the head that wears a crown," and judging from observation and from the curious antics of our neighbor, the head beneath the crown of even a country Postmaster is no exception to the general rule; especially when that crown is holden by the precarious tenure of pleasing a weak, capricious and vacillating Administration.

Fearing that perhaps he had gone too far, and that in consequence, the Governmental pap, upon which our friend so gloriously thrives, might be withdrawn from his craving lips, he with great trepidation hastens to explain in his last paper, what he meant in his previous one. And we gather in substance, from this curious explanation, that when this Editor in his first paper made very flattering allusions to Col. Forney, who he says, "is one of the great men of our times; and years will but add to the respect and esteem which his talents and the good qualities of his head and heart;" (and his political principles, our friend would have said had he dared,) "create for him in the minds and hearts of all who make his acquaintance;" all this laudation we presume from the tenor of that remarkable explanation, was intended, not for Mr. Forney but for President Buchanan.

And he goes on farther to express himself in terms of unbounded adulation respecting the administration of Mr. Buchanan, and is even willing to agree "for the purpose of creating harmony in the Democratic ranks;" (and to conciliate the Powers that be,) "that Governor Paeker is a cheat and a rascal. Yet, as he says, "notwithstanding that Gov. Paeker has cheated and defrauded our honest taxpayers out of their property, by the sale of the Public Works;" he would be in favor of a resolution approving of his course. Here is a specimen of consistency for you; not more strange than it is characteristic. He would endorse a man whom he believes, a consummate scoundrel, — if we are to believe what he says, and all this immense sacrifice of conscience would be made "for the purpose of reuniting the Democratic party." How desperate must the affairs of that party be, which demand such immense concessions on the part of our peace loving neighbor. But we cannot blame the Editor of the Democrat, we only pity him. Blessed is the man who has nothing to lose, and therefore nothing to fear. We thank our lucky stars that we are of this class, and therefore that we dare be independent.— We know, as the Editor of the Democrat knows, and we say, as the Editor of the Democrat dare not say, that the course of Gov. Paeker has commended him to the hearts and affections of every true patriot throughout the State; and that the great mass of "our honest tax-payers," so far from feeling themselves "cheated and defrauded," by the sale of our public works to the Subury & Erie Railroad company, on the contrary, bless our worthy Governor for that very act. And the late dastardly insult offered to Mr. Paeker, by the bastard Democratic State Convention, has kindled a flame of honest indignation in the bosom of every loyal citizen of Pennsylvania, and caused the estrangement of a great majority of the Democratic Party in this state, that it will require greater sacrifices than even the Editor of the Democrat is willing to make, to remove. Whether the true Democrats of Pennsylvania consider themselves "cheated and defrauded," will be made manifest on the 13th inst. at Harrisburg.

¶ See advertisement of Dr. Sanford's LIVER INVIGORATOR in another column

Below we subjoin the appointments made by the M. E. Philadelphia Conference.

Appointments.

NORTH PHILADELPHIA DISTRICT.—P. Coombe, P. E.; St. George's J. F. Boone; Trinity, G. L. Carrow; Green Street, D. W. Bartine; Fifth Street, W. C. Robinson; St. Johns, W. Cooper, J. Humphries, sup.; Kensington, J. Cunningham, Hancock Street, J. B. Maddux; Sanctuary, E. J. Way; Front Street, M. H. Sixty; Twelfth Street, R. H. Pattison, S. Higgins, sup.; Hodding, J. H. Turner, E. M. Greenbank, sup.; Calvary, To be supplied; Tabernacle, G. Quigley; Cobocksink, T. A. Ferrelly; Emory, C. Karsner; Summerfield, P. J. Cox; Port Richmond, S. Townsend; Rising Sun, M. A. Day; M'Kendree, To be supplied; Zoar & John Wesley, To be supplied; Milestown, J. W. Arthur; Lehman's Chapel & Fairview, Joseph Carlisle; Doylestown, W. J. Stevenson; Frankford, A. Atwood; Bridesburg, H. S. Thompson; Bustleton, G. S. Harlock; Somerton, Joseph Welch; Holmesburg, To be supplied; ManShip, John Lednum, sup.; Bristol, G. W. McLaughlin; Attleborough, W. B. Wood; Newton, J. D. Ayars; Lumberville, and Lahaska, E. J. D. Pepper; Newhope, W. Mullen; Allentown, F. D. Egan; Bethlehem, T. B. Miller, to be supplied; Easton, M. D. Kurtz; South Easton, S. S. Childs; Richmond, S. G. Hare, S. S. Stephens; Stroudsburg, J. C. Thomas; Cherry Valley, R. Owen, J. F. Reynolds; Paradise, S. M. Hinson.

Stop Thief—One Hundred Dollars Reward.

John Kline, of Lambertville, N. J., offers a reward of one hundred dollars for the apprehension of a thief, who recently stole a horse and buggy from him, and from the description of the scoundrel, it is believed that he is the identical individual who has been prosecuting the business of horse-stealing, to some extent, in like manner from Trenton, Belvidere, Reading and Bethlehem. He is described as a man "about sixty years of age, medium size, well dressed in black, carried a cane with yellow head; white hair and whiskers, wore a white cravat, and had the appearance of a minister." The horse stolen is a dark sorrel, with three white feet, (two behind and one before,) about eight years old. The wagon is a brown falling top buggy, striped white, and nearly new. The harness is silver mounted. We would invite the attention of our police to this subject.—*Easton Times.*

Republican Victory in St. Louis.

Special Dis-patch to the N. Y. Tribune.
St. Louis, Monday, April 4, 1859.
The Republicans have carried the City of St. Louis by 2,000 majority.
Incomplete returns from various wards indicate the re-election of O. D. Filly, the Republican candidate for Mayor, by from 1,000 to 1,500 majority. The vote polled is very large.

Election in Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Monday, April 4, 1859.
The Opposition have elected their Mayor and a majority of the Councils.
Eighteen Opposition, and six Democratic members of the latter are known to be chosen.

Connecticut Election.

HARTFORD, Conn., Monday, April 4, 1859.
The returns thus far received indicate the election of all four of the Republican candidates to Congress, and that the Republicans have carried their State ticket, and a large majority of the Legislature.
NEW HAVEN, Tuesday, April 5, 1859.
The result of the election, as ascertained to this hour, is the choice of four Congressmen, the State ticket, and both houses of the Legislature, by the Republicans.

Mr. Loomis is elected by 65 majority, Mr Woodruff by 330, Mr. Burnham by 700, and Mr. Ferry by over 500.
The Senate stands 14 Republicans to 7 Democrats.
The House, so far as heard from, stands 85 Republicans, to 71 Democrats. A large majority of the towns to hear from are Republican, and the majority will be from 20 to 40 members.

HARTFORD, Tuesday, April 5, 1859.

The Republicans have elected 120 Representatives, the Democrats 99, with eighteen towns to hear from. The Senate will stand twelve Republicans to nine Democrats.

Buckingham, for Governor, will have about 2,500 plurality in the State. The Republicans elect their Congressmen in 14 District by 65; 11d District over 300; 11Id District over 500, and the 1Vth District by about 800. The triumph of the Republicans is complete.

Cleveland Municipal Election.

CLEVELAND, Tuesday, April 5.
Senior, the Republican candidate for Mayor, was elected yesterday. The entire Republican ticket is also elected without doubt, although the vote is not entirely counted.

Michigan Election.

DETROIT, Tuesday, April 5, 1859.
The election yesterday, for Chief Justice of the Supreme Court passed off quietly. The returns from the interior show considerable Republican gains, and indicate the election of George Martin, the Republican candidate, by over 10,000 majority.

The Republican gains in this city since last Fall are nearly 800.
There is a brisk snow-storm here this morning.

It has been decided by the Supreme Court of our State, that the State Superintendent of our Public Schools has the right to remove a County Superintendent, if guilty of neglect of duty, incompetency, or immorality.

A Young Man with Three Wives—His Attempt to Marry the Fourth Frustrated.

James R. Moulton, brought from Little Falls, New York, on a requisition on the Governor of Massachusetts, is a young traveling boot and shoemaker, about 23, of prepossessing appearance, wearing a black moustache and whiskers, and genteelly dressed. In Maine he left his wife and two children at Bethel. His next stopping place was Worcester, Massachusetts, where he won the affections of a handsome young lady, whom he married. With her he lived a few months, and suddenly left the place upon the eve of her confinement. Her friends provided for her wants until several weeks after the birth, when she was compelled to go to the almshouse.

His third victim was a young lady of eighteen, the daughter of Morgan Stiles, of North Adams, Mass. This was clandestine, against the wishes of her parents. They were married in Vermont, returned home and were received with open arms. The next day he left; a fortnight after, he was traced to Troy, where he was again engaged to be married. The day previous to the wedding he received information that an officer was in search for him. The officer reached Troy the day fixed upon for his marriage. The hour for the marriage arrived, Moulton was not to be found.

The would be bride waited three long hours for Moulton, (and so did the officer,) but both were disappointed, for he was too shrewd to be caught. He is next traced to a house in Lydius street, in New York city, from which he escaped while the officer was in it, by his comrade answering to his name. After nearly a fortnight, we find him writing letters. Morgan Stiles, the father of Moulton's last wife was in New York city, when the latter escaped from Lydius street. He went home to North Adams, and kept watch for all letters directed to his daughter.—On Tuesday he had the satisfaction of obtaining a letter for her from Moulton, who had assumed the name of Warren Black. It was post marked Little Falls, New York.

In this letter he gives a glowing description of the manner in which he escaped, and boasting says he is too cunning to be caught. He tells her that he has obtained a good situation and constant employment, and that he has engaged board for her in a private boarding house kept by Mrs. Hatter. He renews his pledge of love, and entreats her to come speedily to him, without the knowledge of her parents. Wednesday night a letter was received by Mr. Stiles, stating where Moulton could be found, and the name he had assumed. Officers took the cars, and before three o'clock the next morning, Moulton had the handcuffs upon him. They had obtained the services of the porter of the Benton House, whom they directed to go to Mrs. Hatter's house, rap at Mrs. H.'s bedroom window, and tell Black his wife had come, and was waiting for him at the hotel. In less than ten minutes Moulton came along. The night was very dark. As he ascended the stoop of the hotel, the light shone upon his face, when officer Maloy grasped him. This sudden check upon his wild career of crime and folly so completely unnerved him, that he speedily became desponding, when he acknowledged his guilt. He was taken back to Massachusetts, where he will be called upon to answer to two charges of bigamy.

TO REMOVE INK SPOTS FROM LINEN.

—Ink spots can be removed by saturating them with lemon-juice and rubbing on salt, and then putting them where the sun will shine on them hotly for several hours. As fast as it dries, put on more lemon-juice and salt. When the lemon cannot be obtained, citric acid is a good substitute.

A Man Shot by his Deranged Wife.

The wife of Capt. B. F. Bentley, of Monongahela, Pa., a young and beautiful woman, is subject to periodical derangement of the mind. On Wednesday morning last, she got possession, by some means, of the Captain's pistols, procured powder and lead, and loaded them, went into the garret of the house. Discovering her whereabouts, the Captain went after her, and as he ascended the last flight of stairs, she presented one of the pistols and fired. The ball or slug entering his neck, in front of the jugular vein, ascended through the jaw-bone, and was found lodged in the opposite side of the mouth, shattering bones and teeth in its deadly course in a horrible and frightful manner. The unfortunate husband is still alive, but cannot recover.

Charge of Roasting a Man Alive.

A case involving circumstances of unparalleled atrocity is reported in a foreign paper. Two engineers of a steamer employed in a mail service between Rio and Panama, were recently brought up before a police magistrate in Liverpool charged with roasting one of the "coal passers" to death. It appeared that the deceased, overpowered by the heat of the hold, had given out, and laid himself down on the deck, unable to work. The chief engineer sent him below, and caused to be tied to a ladder between two furnace doors, within two and a half feet of one fire, and within three and a half feet of the other. The fires were lighted, were raging fiercely, and were renewed twice while the man remained tied. One of the witnesses said he himself could not stand the heat three minutes, and he barbered a stoker. The victim of this barbarity prayed to be released but was confined half an hour, at the end of which time he was carried to the forecastle; before the next watch he was thrown overboard; one of the witnesses, the man who cut him from the ladder, thought he was dead before he was removed from the fire. The names of the engineers are John Buchanan and Archibald Mitchell. The name of the deceased was Thomas Landon. The vessel was the Bogota. Mitchell was committed without bail. Buchanan was bailed.

The New Jersey Peach Crop.

We are informed by our friend Dr. Larison, an experienced peach grower, that the prospect for a peach crop in this county, the coming season, is very promising. The cold of two or three days in January killed a portion of the bloom, but a greater part is in a healthy condition. Should the coming summer be favorable, Hunterdon will give an increased yield of many thousand baskets, and in all probability double the quantity of any season heretofore. This county bids fair with her numbered thousands of trees, to soon become the greatest peach growing county in the United States. The adaptability of the soil and facilities for market are so superior that the growers of this delicious fruit show a determination to improve their advantages. Mercer county has long been foremost as the peach growing county of New Jersey. But with the present number of trees already set out, Hunterdon will far surpass both in quality and thrift.—*Hunterdon County Press.*

A Lover of Peace; Marrying a Dumb Woman.

A man named Thomas Gait was married yesterday, by Justice Hanselman, to Sarah Jane Anderson, a mute. Some curiosity was excited by the fact of his marrying a woman who could not speak, and a constable asked him the cause of his doing so. Gait answered that he had two wives already, and they gave him no rest by reason of their talking ceaselessly, and complaining and scolding from morning till night. Both had died, and now as he was forty years old, add desirous of having a little peace for the remainder of his life, he had determined to select a dumb woman.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Skunks.

Nick Dockstader of Cleveland, has purchased upward of 12,000 skunk skins the present season. He pays, upon an average, about fifty cents apiece and expects to get at least 20,000 pelts this season in all.

A dealer in Hudson, in this county, has bought upwards of 2,000. These are mainly the product of that township. Truly the resources of the country are developing. This fur has suddenly become a favorite. Whether under the name of "Siberian Squirrel" it is to be worn by the "fashionability" or is to bedeck the bus-sar-caps of Continental Armies; the Skunk will henceforth take higher rank by reason of his cost.

The wholesale slaughter of the innocent present season, will likely cause a short crop the next.—*Akron Beacon.*

Singular Cause of Death.

About a week since, Ellen Vaughan, a domestic, at a hotel in Troy, N. Y., had her ears perforated for ear-rings in the usual manner, but on the following day the ear commenced to swell, then the head, and the swelling and inflammation increased until she became deaf and blind, and finally, erysipelas set in under which she suffered terribly for three days, when death put an end to her torture.

Singular Effect.

A beer-loving Teuton of this city some ten days since, was told by his fair Katrina, to whom he was betrothed, that she loved another. He pulled his hair, smote his bread-basket, said "Got for tam," and at a drug store purchased five grains of arsenic, and committed suicide, first writing a note in German to his fickle, but not frail, fair one. But the arsenic didn't work, and the next day he took ten grains and wrote another letter to Katrina. But that failed to kill him, and the next day he took twenty grains, and wrote another letter! and for nine days he has been taking arsenic, increasing his dose five grains a day, till he is actually getting fat on it, notwithstanding the counter-action caused by unrequited love, and he swears he will keep on till she marries him, or he has to bake his poison into arsenic loaves and eat in slices!—*Milwaukee News.*

Senator Ten Eyck.

We observe that some of the pro-slavery Democratic papers of this State are circulating a story that Mr. Ten Eyck, the new Republican Senator from New Jersey, is the owner of 200 slaves, bequeathed to his wife by her father. This, if true, ought certainly to procure for him the good opinion and endorsement of the servants of the institution, instead of being cited against his honorable standing. But the fact is that the whole charge is a fabrication. Senator Ten Eyck might have been the owner of a number of slaves from the estate referred to if he had been willing to become a slaveholder, yet not notwithstanding the value of the "property" devised, he absolutely refused to receive the legacy.

For Cattle and Horses.

Mix occasionally one part of salt with four parts of wood ashes, and give the mixture to different kinds of stock, summer and winter. It promotes their appetites and tends to keep them in a healthy condition. It is said to be good against botts in horses, murrain in cattle, and rot in sheep.

A SELF.—The Shelbyville (Ind.) Banner says that a farmer of that place, who had a horse of a very homely color, recently sold him to a gang of gipsies for a mere song. A few days after he was offered a fine dark-brown steed, for which he willingly paid a round price, but was shocked to find, after a short time, that he had brought back his old sorrel with the addition of a thick coat of paint.

A young New Yorker, Mr. Morgan Livingston, whose tailor's bill exceeded \$400 had a dan arrested for following him about wherever he went, whether in saloons, hotels, stores, omnibuses, etc., and annoying him on all occasions by thrusting his little account into his face. The judge considered the style of collecting improper and illegal.

The Newark Advertiser of Friday evening last, says: "One of our policemen, who has been in search of Mr. Yeager, thinks the card of Mr. Broovort, published yesterday, to be absurd; that after two weeks investigation he is satisfied Mr. Y. left the city for New York, but whether he went farther than Jersey City is unknown; that he did not take any steamboat from this city, for none was running at that time; and that he did not take any 2 41 Philadelphia train, because there is none leaving here till 4.40, and if Mr. Y. was in the city up to that time he would have been seen."

¶ It was rumored in town last evening that a letter had been received from Charleston, S. C., stating that Mr. Yeager is in that city, in good health and of sound mind.—*Times.*

The Bethlehem Advocate is responsible for the following:

"As Mr. Nickum, a worthy citizen of our borough was returning home from Salem church last Sunday evening, he missed a valuable gold watch and chain from his pocket. He feared that he had been robbed, and in his anxiety to recover his property, advertised his loss early the next morning. Mr. John H. Rice, another worthy citizen of our place, returning from the same church on the same evening, felt something knocking against his back. Putting his hand behind him, he found a watch hanging by its chain to a button on the back of his coat. It was not till he saw Mr. Nickum's advertisement that he could find to whom the watch belonged. He immediately returned it to its rightful owner. It is very seldom that a gold watch is looked at unconsciously and as honestly as that watch was by Mr. Rice. It appears that the watch chain, having fallen from the button hole of Mr. Nickum's vest, caught hold of the back button of Mr. Rice, when the latter was crowding past him out of the church. Though Mr. Rice was not on the watch, yet the watch was on him; and Mr. Nickum can recommend his watch as going well, with a good detached escapement."

Denouement.

The Border Ruffians are beginning to denounce their new Governor, Sam Medary, just as they did Reeder, Walker, &c., &c. They call him "Jayhawker," an "Abolitionist," and other names indicating Free Stateism. The reason is, Sam has not in all things obeyed them, but has let justice and right generally take their course. Will Buchanan throw him overboard, as the others were? Have we got to take Summedary too?

The Potomac Fisheries.

On Tuesday and Wednesday about 12,000 shad were brought to Alexandria, and sold from \$16.50 to \$25 per hampster hundred, on the first named day, and at from \$16 to \$20 on the latter day.—Herring brought \$20 per thousand. The Sentinel says the weather is quite favorable; but it is impossible to foretell the result of the season.

Quite an excitement was produced at Harrisburg, on the 2d inst., by the arrest of a negro named Daniel Webster, as a fugitive slave. He has been a citizen of this city of Harrisburg for some nine years and has a wife and family. A fellow named Jenkins, who, whether he is or not, looks like a villain, representing himself as Deputy United States Marshal, arrested him in the Market place, avowedly on a charge of murder, and without giving him an opportunity to bid farewell to his family or friends, to procure witnesses, or have a hearing, hurried him off, manacled and bound, to Philadelphia.—The manner in which the arrest was made was a great outrage upon humanity.

In consequence an attempt was made in the Legislature to get up the Personal Liberty Bill, which has been sleeping on the Speaker's desk for some weeks. The effort failed. The Legislature, like Chief Justice Taney, was of the opinion "that black men have no rights that white men are bound to respect."

The shipments of coal South over the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, and Central New Jersey Railroads, to Elizabethport, for the week ending March 26, amounted to 7,389 tons, being an increase of 917 tons over the corresponding week last year. The total shipments for the year, thus far, amount to 91,577 tons.

A four hundred dollar Cradle is on exhibition at one of the Furniture Stores in Philadelphia. It is made of papier mache, inlaid with pearl, and got up with a degree of splendor exceeding anything of the kind that has yet been presented to an extravagant public.—This is worse than gold spoons. No wonder so many rich fools become bankrupt, when money is frittered away in this wasteful fashion.

Easter Eggs, &c.

As Easter is approaching, we give a capital receipt for coloring eggs, which will please the little ones. Get some narrow colored ribbons and with them bind the eggs completely and tastefully round them, after having properly secured the ends of the ribbons to prevent their getting loose, boil the same for about ten minutes, and the object will be effected. If the eggs were afterward varnished it would add much to the beauty of their appearance.

Shocking!

The following shocking incident is related by the Erie Gazette. It is positively heart-rending. Hope the affair didn't occur in the editor's own family! "We understand that a small boy, while walking with his mother the other evening, wished to change his position and get on the outside, but unfortunately he had such a distance to go to get round her, that he lost his way and has not since been found!"