



The Jeffersonian.
THURSDAY, JANUARY 27, 1859.

Notice.

A sermon will be preached in the Methodist Church of this place on Sabbath morning next, on the Propagation of Christianity. All are invited.

Grand Ball!

The Stroudsburg Cornet Band will give a ball at the Stroudsburg House, on Thursday Eve., Feb. 3d. Tickets for admission, \$2 00. E. B. Woodward has been engaged to furnish music for the occasion. A good time is confidently expected. The public are invited to attend. See Notice in another column.

Mr. Peter H. Robeson, of this Borough, on Friday last, slaughtered the largest hog we have heard of this season. It weighed when dressed 584 pounds.

Dangerous Adventure!

On Tuesday morning a man was picked up in a bateau in the Delaware River, a short distance above the Water Gap, by a Mr. Labar; who took the man into his own boat, and conveyed him to the shore. When found, the man, though not frozen, was scarcely able to talk, but after being warmed, he stated that he started about 4 o'clock in the afternoon previous, to cross the river in his bateau, about four miles below Milford. His boat got jammed up in the floating ice, and he either lost or broke his oars, and thus left in a helpless condition, floated down the stream, until he was picked up by Mr. Labar at 7 o'clock on Tuesday morning. He had thus been exposed in an open boat for about fifteen hours, and during one of our coldest nights; yet strange to say, was not frozen. It is stated that the man has been addicted to the use of liquor which was the probable cause of his fearful adventure, although he was perfectly sober when found. If this should be the case we think that his ride down the Delaware River may have a good effect upon him. His name is Aaron Vanauken, and he is about 60 years of age.

We are in receipt of the February number of the ATLANTIC MONTHLY. It is well filled with interesting and useful matter. We recommend this Magazine to all who wish a first rate literary Monthly as the best that this country affords. No literary man can be fully posted without it.

It can be had for three dollars per year—Address Phillips, Sampson & Co., 13 Winter street, Boston, Massachusetts.

The Auditor General's Report, presented to the Legislature, gives the valuation of the real and personal estate of Monroe County; the assessment of tax thereon, for the year 1858, and the population, with the number of taxable inhabitants, as follows:

Real and Personal Estate,	\$1,591,216
Assessment of Tax,	4,271.58
Population,	13,270
Taxables,	3,357

Counterfeit one dollar bills on the Pequanock Bank, Conn., are said to be in circulation. The central part was well engraved, but the ends are blurred and indistinct. The vignette represents emblematical figures of commerce and justice, with a large figure 1 between them. At the right hand is a female with a sickle and agricultural emblems about her. At the left end are two male figures carrying a female on their shoulders, but it is so badly engraved that the exact design cannot be made out.

What Does it Mean?

The Harrisburg correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger writes to that paper, under date of the 21st inst., that—"Mr. Shindel introduced a bill into the Senate to erect a new Judicial district out of the Counties of Lehigh and Carbon, to be called the Twenty-seventh District. It empowers the Governor to appoint a judge to preside over the courts of said district until the first Monday of December next, and for the election of a judge by the people at the next general election."

Is this a convenient method for deposing the present President Judge of the County of Lehigh County? Will the gentlemen who were influential in the election of Judge Findlay—who introduced him to the Democracy of the District as a "marvelously proper man" for the post of the disaffected Democracy of Lehigh, to eject him thus unceremoniously from the position to which they helped to elect him? How will Messrs. Goepf and Woodring vote upon this proposition? and would these gentlemen give us a little "aid and comfort" by having Northampton and Monroe erected into a Judicial district with the same provision for appointing.—*Easton Morning Times.*

LARGE DINNER—It is said that Senator Douglas' friends in Washington have subscribed two thousand dollars to give the great "clasp" a big feed.

FOR THE JEFFERSONIAN.
MR. EDITOR:—Dear Sir, In looking over your last issue, I was somewhat amused to notice a communication assaying to criticize a Report of the proceedings of the Stroudsburg Philomathean Society, published by me in your paper of the 13th inst. Without going into an elaborate justification of that Report, which I willingly submit to the scrutiny of all who are competent to judge of its merits, I cannot avoid giving this would-be critic, a little of that attention which he seems so much to solicit. He has courted a controversy; be the consequences of it upon his own head.

This sagacious critic, as if blessed with a vague sense of his own deficiencies, has subscribed himself "More Light." We must give the gentleman, whoever he is, credit for his good taste in this respect at least. He has adopted a very appropriate signature. We think that, in his case, there is a very obvious need of a great deal *More Light*, especially in regard to the mysteries of the Spelling Book, and Grammar; and we would humbly suggest that perhaps the gentleman might find that *Light* of which he most stands in need, by cultivating an intimate acquaintance with Noah Webster and Mr. Murray, or some other good authority. In other words, we would advise him, before he attempts to criticize the productions of others, to correct his own little eccentricities, such as spelling a very common word, thus: "Independence," and using the expression; "Ignoramus Posterity."

The gentleman finds fault with an adjective made use of by me, in this connection; "Sterile Rock," and exclaims with great pomposity; "Who ever heard of any other than a sterile rock." His remarks on that subject are too perulic to deserve mention. We presume the gentleman never heard of a "Barren desert," a "Hot fire," a "Little insect," a "Huge mountain," nor a "Long-eared jackass," nor that all languages admit of this redundancy of expression, in order to add force and emphasis to a sentence.

But the ground upon which this intelligent critic grumbles most, is because the Society is to some extent, of a private nature, "Why don't they throw open their doors, stick their Essays and Criticisms in the Press, and so try to benefit others?" (*More Light* included.) In regard to that, sir, I can only say, that the members of this society, for good and sufficient reasons, have thought it best to exercise the inestimable privilege of choosing their own company, and this I believe is a prerogative which, in this country belongs to every one. We labor for our mutual good, rather than for the benefit of an "Ignoramus Posterity."

Yours Respectfully,
REPORTER.
Stroudsburg, Jan. 20, 1859.

Editorial Change.
The last issue of the *Seranton Republican* contains the valedictory of Mr. Smith, its late Editor and Publisher.—The establishment has been purchased by F. A. McCartney, Esq., who will assume its editorial control.

BAND MEETING.—At a meeting of the members of the Stroudsburg Cornet Band, held at their room, on Wednesday evening January 19th, 1859, the following officers were elected to serve for the next three month:

PRESIDENT—John Nye.
VICE PRESIDENT—Peter W. Keller.
SECRETARY—Peter L. Starner.
TREASURER—Wm. Hollinshead.

Difficulty between Senator Douglas and Fitch.—A Duel Anticipated.
NEW YORK, Jan. 22.

The *Herald's* Washington correspondent says: "In the executive session of the Senate to-day, an angry and exciting discussion arose between Judge Douglas and Senator Fitch, when words were used which it is thought must lead to a duel. The debate occurred on the question of confirming Mr. Potter, of Ohio, as collector at Toledo. Mr. Pugh opposed Potter's nomination. As the man displaced was his friend, he said if the President desired an issue with him, (Pugh,) he was ready for it; he denounced the appointment and called on every Senator, who was his (Pugh's) friend to vote against it. Douglas responded, saying he would vote with the Senator from Ohio; he then branched off on to the Illinois appointments and said they were dishonest, corrupt and incompetent. Senator Fitch interrogated Douglas and said it was untrue. Douglas again reiterated what he had said. Fitch again said it was untrue. Cries of order were then made. Douglas continued to debate. Fitch replied to Douglas with great bitterness, and said that Senators knew how to prize anything coming from that quarter. Cries of order were again made. Douglas then replied and was called to order. Motions were then made that Douglas be allowed to go on in order. Jefferson Davis opposed it and said, turning to Douglas, he had listened with indignation to the language used, and it was that of a highway-man and bravo.—The debate was continued some time when a motion was made and the Senate adjourned. It is said the lie was given and most severe personal remarks made.

The next annual session of the New Jersey M. E. Conference will be held at Mount Holly, commencing March 23d. Bishop Ames will preside.

A Disgraceful Scene in the United States Senate Chamber.

[Correspondence of the N. Y. Tribune.]
WASHINGTON, Saturday, Jan. 23, 1859.
The intestine strife which is rapidly rending in pieces the Democratic party, broke out with great violence in the secret session of the Senate yesterday.—Mr. Hale was in the chair, and a discussion arose upon the merits of some nominations to office which had been sent in by the President. Mr. Pugh of Ohio denounced the President with great bitterness, accusing him of insincerity and insolence, and declaring that he meant to oppose and thwart him whenever and wherever he could.

Mr. Douglas spoke in the same strain, stigmatizing Mr. Buchanan's recent appointment to office in the West in very severe terms. He intimated that the Buchanan Postmasters in Illinois were little better than thieves, and were so regarded by the people. If anything was missing from the mails, the Postmasters were instinctively suspected of larceny.

These imputations on the standard bearers of the faithful roused the ire of Mr. Fitch, who denied their justice, charged Mr. Douglas with uttering shameful calumnies, and denounced him as a rebel to the Democratic party.

Mr. Douglas haughtily replied that he was an unshod and successful rebel, and that neither the President nor his Senatorial followers could put him down. He then retorted upon the gentleman from Indiana his charges of falsehood and defamation. At this stage of the affair, Mr. Hale, the Chairman, called the disputants to order, kindly suggesting, in his facetious way, that the harmony of the Democratic party would not be promoted by such displays of fraternal affection.

The war of words still continuing, Mr. Jefferson Davis at length interposed, and sternly rebuked the scolding Senators.—He told them they were talking "like highwaymen and braves."—I give you his exact language—and that their conduct was shameful and disgraceful to the Senate. This brought them to their senses, and they subsided into silence.

The scene is said to have been the most violent and indecorous that has ever occurred in the Senate, even in the secret session, where the proceedings are accompanied always with great freedom of manner and of language—the Senators lighting their cigars and talking and discussing in the free and easy style of an after-dinner conversation.

The Camels.

We visited Parson's wharf on Tuesday to witness a feat of strength performed by one Mrs. Watson's camels, of which there were near a dozen on the wharf, of all sizes and ages. The camel loaded was one of the largest. Upon the word of command being given, the camel lay down, ready to receive his load, which consisted of five bales of hay, weighing in the aggregate over 1,400 lbs., which was firmly bound to the pannier placed upon the animal's hump. Upon the utterance of command by the native keeper, the huge animal arose, without an apparent extra effort, to his feet, and walked off in a stately manner along the wharf and through the city. We were informed that the same camel had had 1,600 pounds placed upon him, with which enormous weight he easily rose. The animals are all exceedingly tractable, and seem to possess much affection for any one who treats them kindly, as an example of which Mrs. W. informed us that one of them, a pretty white one, which she had petted, would always kiss her when she went within kissing distance, which fact we really thought proved the animal to possess an excellent taste, as well as an affectionate disposition. In their native country, the average load for a full grown camel is some 800 pounds, with which they perform long journeys over deserts, with but little food or water.—We doubt not that with the abundant forage found in all parts of Texas and a full supply of water generally, the camel will improve in strength and general appearance, and be able to transport larger loads at a more rapid pace, than in his native country.—*Galveston News, Dec. 30.*

Heavy Damages for Malpractice.

At Chicago on Saturday last, a jury in the Court of Common Pleas, gave a man named Curran a verdict of 15,000 dollars damages against one Dr. Beach, for cutting off his leg unnecessarily. All the medical witnesses concurred in the opinion that the treatment of the fracture in the first place was unskillful and improper, and that the amputation was a bungling piece of butchery.

A Nut for the Savans.

A Mr. Trombly has been sinking a well on the western outskirts of our village in the progress of which the following astounding fact appeared. At the depth of twenty-five feet the workmen came upon frozen fuel! Through this layer some fifteen feet in thickness, they worked their way by dint of persevering efforts such as are always necessary in digging compactly frozen earth. At the depth of forty feet water was obtained, which nightly froze over, the ice forming some three inches in thickness. Will some one account, on any known or unknown principles of philosophy, for these astonishing facts? We learn the freezing of the water continues now that the well is "stoned up."—*Northern Visitor, Braulon, N.*

Large Receipts of Dried Fruit.

The receipts of dried apples and peaches at Cincinnati, Ohio, last week, reached 22,000 bushels, making, since the 1st of September 48,000 bushels, against 46,547 bushels for the whole season of last year. The demand notwithstanding continues good, and \$2 per bushel is paid for dried apples, and \$3 50 for peaches as fast as they arrive.

In Easton, Pa., a lady gave birth to a male child, a few days ago, the head, ears, arms, stomach, and lower extremities of which, are the exact counterpart of those of a elephant.—Ex.

The Winter in Florida.

An invalid, who went from Brooklyn last Fall, writes to the Editor of the N. Y. Tribune, under date of St. Augustine, Fla., Jan. 17, the following note to a business letter:—"We are having fine weather here; our gardens are in full bloom. Green peas, with all the varieties of northern Summer vegetables, are abundant. This ancient city is the place for invalids; here we can live out of doors all Winter; the thermometer has ranged from 50 to 80 thus far. If our Northern invalids knew what a delightful climate we have here, I am sure they would not remain there shut up in close, hot rooms, with long, sad faces, but would come here, where they can live in the open air and laugh and grow fat."

An "Old Bachelors' Convention"

is announced to be held in New Haven in the latter part of February. The precise object of the Convention has not yet transpired, but it is distinctly stated that it is to be "no one horse affair."

"I say Sambo, can you answer this conundrum! Supposin' I gib you a bottle ob whiskey corked shut wid a cork; how would you get de whiskey out widout pullin' de cork or breakin' de bottle!"—"Why push de cork in. Yah yah!"

Curious Railroad Incident.

A few days ago, Mr. John Linwood, of Ohio was a passenger in a train on his return home from the east. He occupied a seat near the door, and after dark dropped into a snooze, from which he was aroused by a passenger in the seat behind him withdrawing his hand from his breast pocket with his pocket-book in it. He tempted to seize the hand, but missed it, and the pickpocket immediately started for the door. Mr. Linwood caught one of the skirts of his coat, just as he emerged from the door. It gave way in his hand, and he then caught the other skirt, which also gave way, and though the train was under full headway, the thief jumped off and escaped with the pocket-book, containing \$61. In the pockets of the coat skirt Mr. L. found, however, to compensate him, two costly gold watches, worth \$100.

By the steamship Europa, which arrived at this port on Saturday afternoon, we have received advices from Europe to the 8th inst. From Italy the news is alarming. In Milan an outbreak was hourly expected, and the soldiers were suspected of sympathizing with the people, to whose cry of "Vive l'Italia!" some of them had responded. The University of Padua was about to be opened, but although the garrison had been augmented, collisions were apprehended upon the return of the students, and the place was almost in a state of seige. The agitation in Genoa and Modena was increasing. There was difficulty between the Hungarian and Austrian regiments forming the garrison of Cremona, the Hungarians having shouted *Vive l'Italia!* The Sardinian Government is preparing for war. Finally 30,000 men, from the Austrian army, have left for Italy, making a force of nearly 100,000 there. Alarming reports were still rife respecting the significance of the remark by Napoleon to the Austrian Ambassador, but the *Altonian* officially denies that they are authorized by facts. Still the impression gains ground that Europe is again on the eve of a general war. It is said that Prince Napoleon has assured Lord Cowley of the willingness of France to abandon the present system of negro immigration, if Great Britain will assist her in obtaining coolies from the British possessions. A telegram from Corfu states the Indian Republic is determined upon a union with Greece and will appeal to the powers who signed the Paris treaty, in case England refuse her consent. In consequence of serious disturbance in Syria, re-enforcements from Constantinople had been sent for. Ferukh Khan had been made Prime Minister of Persia, and the Shah had decreed reforms in the State. We reproduce from the Madrid journals a full account of the debate in the Cortes upon the Cuban question. Consols closed at 96 a 98. Cotton had met with a slight decline. Breadstuffs were steady at former rates.

Tragedy in Wisconsin.

Hiram Schoonover, a Pennsylvanian, convicted of murder in St. Croix Co., Wisconsin, was recently sentenced to be imprisoned for life. Schoonover boarded with a man, named St. John, with whose wife he was said to be too intimate. Last July, St. John went fishing, and his body was found with the skull fractured soon after. Hence the trial and conviction of Schoonover, who leaves a wife and three children in Pennsylvania, to spend the rest of his life in prison.

The Allentown Murder Trial.

The jury in the case of the prisoners indicted for the murder of Joseph Kern, at Rockdale, Pa., on the 18th of December, last, rendered a verdict last Friday that John Tobin was guilty of murder in the second degree and Edw. Lynch of manslaughter. There were sixteen others included in the indictment, in regard to whom the jury rendered a verdict of acquittal.

Delaware Division.

At the annual meeting of the Board of Directors of the Delaware Division Canal Company, on the 18th instant, the following officers were appointed:

Collector at Easton—C. C. Ihling, Esq. of Chester county.

Collector at New Hope—C. S. Palmer, re-appointed.

Collector at Bristol—Robt. Patterson, Wm. Overfield, Jr. the superintendent, was re-appointed on the first of January.

A Busy Place.

The Chicago (Ill.) Press says that mails are received daily in the post office of that city by about twenty arriving trains, and 3500 mails are made up each day. Over 5,000,000 of letters and 6,000,000 of papers were handled during the last quarter.

Executors Sale of a FARM.

Late the Estate of Leonard Labar, Sr., deceased.
Will be offered at public sale, on Saturday, the 12th day of February, 1859, at the house of John Bush, on the premises, **65 Acres of land** lying about two miles from Stroudsburg, adjoining lands of George Ransberry and others, on which there is a comfortable **Stone House,**

25 by 37 feet; cellar and kitchen on the first floor and 4 rooms on the second; Milk house, well and pump near the door; Frame Barn 33 by 44, and other out buildings. The Farm is well cleared, and divided into convenient fields. The Sambo Creek passes through it.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. Terms and attendance at the sale. J. H. STROUD, Executor.
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At Port Jervis in the nights of the 18th and 19th instants, several bold burglaries were committed, including the store of Wm. H. Van Deren, and the residences of Rev. Mr. Grenell and Charles St. John.

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The Detroit Elopement—The Bride and the Honeymoon.

The Detroit Press has an account of the manner in which Miss Judson, who eloped with the negro, spent the time among her new friends. It says:

"The style of living which the young woman was introduced to on the first day of the honeymoon is worth noticing.—Her sable lover, in pursuance of an intention to set up housekeeping, bought some dishes and old furniture, and the two moved into a board shanty in the back part of Windsor. This was in the negro quarter, which, it is needless to say, comprises several quarters of the whole town, and was surrounded by a-bout fifty more negro shanties. The occupants of these, quite taken by surprise, turned out en masse, and the bridal calls of the young wife consisted of an indiscriminate rush of darkies of all ages, sexes, colors and varieties. The only room she had was filled with these odorous visitors, from morning till night, who gazed at her with open mouths, while little ebionics climbed on the roof, peeped in the windows, and stole her corn bread.

"It is estimated by competent Windsor authorities that she received a thousand calls the first day. How she got through with her receptions is unknown, but considering the fact that she had been brought up in decency, it is natural to suppose that her stomach must have rebelled occasionally, notwithstanding the inculcations of her father, who believed them good enough for her until they actually got her. The story which the party circulated, to the effect that she was insane, and that he should put her in an asylum, is all bosh. No insane asylum will admit her, as she has given not the slightest sign of insanity."

Pennsylvania State Statistics.

From the Auditor General's Report, submitted to the Legislature of this State, showing the valuation of real estate in the sixty-five counties of the Commonwealth, taxable for State purposes, we give the following aggregates of valuation, namely:—Assessment of tax—population and taxables—the assessment of tax being for 1858, as fixed by the Revenue Commissioners, at their last triennial meeting; the population being to the census of 1850, and the taxables for 1858.

The aggregate amounts for the whole 65 counties are as follows: viz: Total valuation \$568,770,234; assessment of tax, \$1,484,816,23; population, 2,311,786; taxables, 513,509.

Philadelphia foots up the largest of any one of the Districts; the valuation of real and personal estate of which being \$182,979,653; assessment of tax \$431,735.91; population, 408,762; taxables, 104,235. Lancaster County is next highest on the list, being valued at \$35,249,459; tax, \$91,572.53; population, 98,944; taxables, 28,167. The estimate for Allegheny County is about one-fourth less than Lancaster Co.; while Berks Co. is something over one third in valuation than Lancaster. York County foots up a valuation of \$12,469,248; tax, \$32,164.42; population, 57,450; taxables, 16,356, whilst Philadelphia City and county is the maximum, in tax statistics, Forest County is the minimum, having a total valuation of \$145,339; tax, \$33.46; and taxables, 211.

The Allentown Murder Trial.

The jury in the case of the prisoners indicted for the murder of Joseph Kern, at Rockdale, Pa., on the 18th of December, last, rendered a verdict last Friday that John Tobin was guilty of murder in the second degree and Edw. Lynch of manslaughter. There were sixteen others included in the indictment, in regard to whom the jury rendered a verdict of acquittal.

Both the prisoners have since been sentenced, Tobin to eleven years and three months, and Lynch to four years and six months confinement in the Eastern Penitentiary.

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HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE—HAIR DYE

Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye!
The Original and Best in the World!

All others are mere imitations, and should be avoided, if you wish to escape a bad hair. Gray, Red, or Rusty Hair Dye instantly to a beautiful and Natural Brown or Black, without the least injury to Hair or skin.

Fifteen Medals and Diplomas have been awarded to Wm. A. Batchelor since 1839, and over 80,000 applications have been made to the Hair of his patrons of his famous Dye.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
Celebrated Female Pills.

PROTECTED BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D. Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

To Married Ladies

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

CAUTION.

These Pills should not be taken by females during the first three months of pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, pain in the back and limbs, fatigue on slight exertion, palpitation of the heart, hysterics and whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada, JOE MOSES (Late E. C. Baldwin & Co.) Rochester, N. Y.

A PROCLAMATION TO THE LADIES.</