



The Jeffersonian.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1858.

Bishop Waugh of the Methodist Episcopal Church, died in Baltimore, on the morning of the 9th inst.

Oswego, Tuesday, Feb. 9, 1858.

Dennis Sullivan, convicted of the murder of Joshua Hibbard, was sentenced to-day to be hung on Friday, the 2nd day of April next.

The \$300 Exemption Law.

Mr. Myer introduced the following supplement to the three hundred dollar exemption law in the Senate on Tuesday. Be it enacted, &c., That every person entitled to the exemptions provided for in the act, entitled "An Act to exempt from levy and sale on execution and distress for rent," approved the 9th day of April, A. D. 1849, may elect to return the same, or any part thereof, out of any stock or judgment or other indebtedness to such person: Provided, That the same shall be taken at its par value without appraisal.

Sec. 2. Any person otherwise entitled to the exemption provided for in this act which this is a supplement, shall not be deprived thereof in consequence of any contract hereafter made by which the right to claim such exemption shall be removed or released.

The first section of this bill is intended to correct certain defects in the law of 1849, so as to enable a debtor to retain any kind of property of which he may be possessed, the amount of three hundred dollars in value.

The second section is designed to protect the poor man against the machinations and schemes of remorseless Shylocks, by preventing the debtor from releasing or waiving the stay of execution on the property so retained, and thus making the stay absolute under any circumstances. This appears to us to be a very wise and proper provision, and one which is calculated to protect the families of poor and unfortunate debtors against the possibility of the loss of their household goods by the imprudent release of the stay, as is very often done to satisfy the execrations of the heartless creditor. This is really the true intent and spirit of the law, of 1849. The design of the Legislature in passing the law, certainly was to protect the poor man in the possession and enjoyment of three hundred dollars worth of property, and just as certainly some provision proper and necessary to protect him against the loss of it under any circumstances, as the provision in the second section of this supplement does. It was an oversight in the original law, and is necessary to carry out its intent.

A Heavy Verdict.

A verdict of \$194,000 has been obtained in the Circuit Court at Albany, N. Y., against Dr. Townsend, of Sarsaparilla fame, and in favor of the heirs of Ruel Clapp. Dr. Townsend was bondsman for William Howard, the Trustee of the estate, and the suit was instituted to recover \$80,000.

Lusus Naturæ.

The Village Record says that Mr. Henry B. Graves, of Robeson township, Berks county, who is engaged in preparing and stuffing birds and animals, visited West Chester, a day or two ago, and exhibited a wonderful calf, which he had obtained somewhere in the country. The animal was a perfect "nondescript"—having a forehead like a negro; a nose like a bull dog; long projecting tongue; legs two inches long, and a short tail on its back.

Dr. Hall recommends, by way of prevention against taking cold, that persons going out of heated rooms should "keep their mouths shut." The caution may be very wise and judicious, but what are the ladies to do?

It is mentioned that Mr. Phipps, of Hawkins county, Tenn., realized this year an income of \$20,000 from the labor of 50 negroes, or \$400 to each negro. The cost of supporting the negroes is not over \$50 per year each, leaving a net income of \$350 to the owner from each.

Sixty million dollars has thus far been paid for revolutionary pensions, and sixty million acres of land have been also donated.

Later-day Democracy—"We wheel about, we turn about, we do just so; and every time we turn about, the further South we go."

Has been found—the young lady who was "lost in thought." When discovered, she was "hugging an idea"—it looked like a man.

There is now living in Burnside, Pa., a Mr. Ludwick Snyder, 111 years old. His wife Jane is 107 years old.

John Brown a blacksmith of Reading, performed the feat of making 120 horse shoes in one day—Friday week.—John must be a "fast man."

Ottawa City, better known as Bytown, has been selected as the permanent location of the seat of Government of Canada. Ottawa City is on the Ottawa river, at the head of the Rideau Canal, some 50 miles due north of Ogdensburg, N. Y., and 110 E. N. E. of Kingston, with which it is connected by the Rideau Canal aforesaid. It is connected by railroad with Prescott, opposite Ogdensburg, has an extensive trade, some manufactures; and about 10,000 inhabitants.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The first Kansas Battle Fought.—The Administration Defeated.—Select Committee Appointed.—Vote 115 to 111.

Correspondence of the Tribune. WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—12 1/2 p. m. There is an immense crowd in the House, and the galleries are thronged by an exciting crowd.

The attendance of Members is unexpectedly large. Messrs. Edie and Murray have returned, the latter leaving a dead son and a sick wife, to be at his post.

The Anti-Lecompton side is confident of victory.

12 1/2 p. m.—The House has just voted by tellers on the demand for the previous Question, and the result is, Yeas 110, Nays 105; which is an Anti-Lecompton triumph. The vote on the main question will come off at once. The excitement is very great.

1 p. m.—The vote has just been taken by Yeas and Nays on ordering the previous question, and the result is, Yeas, 113; Nays, 107.

1 1/2 p. m.—The vote has just been taken on a reference to the Committee on Territories, resulting, Yeas 113, Nays 114; Teaching Lecompton by one vote.

The Democrats voting against Lecompton were: Adrian, N. J.; Chapman, Pa.; Cockerill, Ohio; Cox, Ohio; J. G. Davis, Ind.; Dewart, Pa.; English, Ind.; Foley, Ind.; Groesbeck, Ohio; L. W. Hall, Ohio; Harris, Ill.; Haskin, N. Y.; Hickman, Pa.; O. Jones, Pa.; Lawrence, Ohio; McKibbin, Cal.; Marshall, Ill.; Montgomery, Pa.; Morris, Ill.; Pendleton, Ohio; Shaw, Ill., making Twenty-two Anti-Lecompton Democrats, and H. Winter Davis, (Am.)

Six Absentees—Messrs Bonham, S. C.; Caruthers, Mo.; Harris, Md.; Leidj, Pa.; Matteson, N. Y.; and Reily, Pa.

Change from former vote—Burns, over to Lecompton; Miller (Ohio) to Lecompton.

2 p. m.—The final vote is over. Lecompton is beaten. The resolution of Mr. Harris to refer to a Select Committee is carried, Yeas, 114; Nays, 111.—Victory!

A motion to reconsider was immediately made, and promptly laid on the table. That settles the reference.

3 o'clock p. m.—The final vote on Harris's resolution stood 115 Yeas to 111 Nays. The motion to reconsider was laid on the table without a count.

Mr. Keitt has made an explanation—He admits frankly that he was the aggressor, and that upon him rests all the responsibility of the occurrence. His remarks were manly and magnanimous.—He said in conclusion that he was not conscious of having received a blow. Mr. Grow also expressed his regret at the occurrence. The House immediately adjourned.

The following are the Yeas and Nays on Mr. Harris's proposition to refer the President's Message and the Lecompton Constitution to a Select Committee of fifteen:

YEAS.—Messrs. Abbot, Adrian, Andrews, Bennett, Billingshurst, Bingham, Blair, Bliss, Braxton, Buffinton, Burlingame, Burroughs, Campbell, Case, Chaffee, Chapman, Clark, Jr. (Conn.), Clawson, Cockrane, Cockerill, Coffey, Comins, Cowdye, Cox, Cragin, Curtis, Darnell, Davis (Md.), Davis (Ind.), Davis (Mass.), Davis (Iowa), Dawes, Dean, Dewart, Dick, Dodd, Durfee, Elie, English, Farnsworth, Gooch, Goodwin, Granger, Groesbeck, Grow, Hall (Ohio), Hall (Mass.), Harlan, Harris (Ill.), Haskin, Hickman, Hoard, Horton, Howard, Owen, Jones (Pa.), Lawrence, Kilgore, Knapp, Kunkel (Pa.), Kunkel (Md.), Leach, Leiber, Lovejoy, McKibbin, Marshall (Ill.), Montgomery, Morgan, Morrill, Morris (N. Y.), Morris (Ill.), Morse (Me.), Morse (N. Y.), Mott, Murray, Niblack, Nicholas, Olin, Palmer, Parker, Pettit, Pike, Pottle, Putter, Ritchie, Robbins, Roberts, Royce, Shaw (Ill.), Sherman (N. Y.), Sherman (Ohio), Smith (Ill.), Spinner, Stanton, Stewart (Pa.), Tappan, Thayer, Thompson, Tompkins, Wade, Walbridge, Waldron, Walton, Washburn (Wis.), Washburne (Ill.), Washburn (Me.), Wilson, Wood.

NAYS.—Messrs. Ahl, Anderson, Arnold, Atkins, Avery, Barksdale, Bishop, Bocoek, Bowie, Boyce, Branch, Bryan, Burnett, Burns, Caskie, Clark (Mo.), Clay, Clemens, Clingman, Cobb, Cochrane (N. Y.), Corning, Craig (Ma.), Craig (N. C.), Crawford, Curry, Davidson, Davis (Miss.), DIMMICK, Dowdell, Edmundson, Elliott, Eustis, Faulkner, Florence, Garnett, Gillis, Goode, Greenwood, Gregg, Hatch, Hawkins, Hill, Hopkins, Houston, Hughes, Huyler, Jackson, Jenkins, Jewett, Jones (Tenn.), J. Glancy Jones, Keitt, Kelly, Kunkel (Md.), Lamar, Landy, Letcher, Macley, McQueen, Marshall (Ky.), Mason, Maynard, Miles, Miller, Phillips, Moore, Pendleton, Peyton, Phelps, Phillips, Powell, Quitman, Ready, Reagan, Ricard, Ruffin, Russell, Sandidge, Savage, Seales, Scott, Searing, Seward, Shaw (N. C.), Shorter, Sickle, Singleton, Smith (Tenn.), Smith (Va.), Stallworth, Stephens, Stevenson, Stewart (Md.), Talbot, Taylor (N. Y.), Taylor (La.), Tripe, Underwood, Ward, Warren, Watkins, White, Whitley, Winslow, Woodson, Wortendyke, Wright (Ga.), Wright (Tenn.), Zollicoffer.

Mr. HARRIS (Ill.) moved to reconsider the vote, and to lay that motion on the table. Carried. Yeas, 115; Nays, 111.

Curious Incident in Nature.

Mr. John Forney, of West Earl township, this county, told us personally, that he has a breeding sow, which, on the 12th inst., had a litter of 9 pigs, and on the 23d inst., 11 days afterwards, had another litter of 8 pigs, making 17 in all. Three of them died, but 14 were still living on Monday last and are doing well. This is certainly the strangest incident in nature we ever heard of. The number of pigs is not so much to be wondered at, as the time when they were littered. What will our Naturalists say to this.—Lancaster Republican.

Green peas and new potatoes are said to be abundant in the vicinity of New Orleans. On some plantations the orange trees are putting forth their blossoms and others are yielding an abundance of fruit.

A student at Oxford, O., recently undertook to frighten a Dutchman, by concealing himself in a lion's skin, and rushing upon him. Myneher seized a club and laid the fools head open.

Cruelty to a Slave Punished in St. Louis.

A white woman named Peters, and her brother, have been fined \$1,000 and sentenced to jail for one year, in St. Louis, for cruelly whipping a slave girl. Several ladies, who were in church, heard the blows as they were inflicted in a house next door, and the News, in its report says: The witnesses named went to the fence and looked through the cracks, and there saw Mrs. Peters, (a large and powerful woman) with a rawhide in her hand, lashing a naked girl, whose hands were tied behind her, and who was lying upon the ground. Mrs. Peters' foot was upon the girl's neck, and she was laying on the lashes with all her force. She then grew tired, and called her husband's brother, and by his direction; he whipped the girl in the same manner for nearly two hours. The witnesses stated that the stripes on her back could not be counted, they were so many, and that her back and shoulders were like a mass of raw flesh—the blood was streaming from her. She uttered no sound but a low moan, and they supposed, from that circumstance, that she was gagged. After the whipping ceased, Peters stooped down to untie the girl's hands, and had great difficulty in doing so, because they were tied so tightly. The girl did not rise instantly, and appeared to be numbed. Mr. Peters then commenced lashing her again to make her rise quicker.

It will be recollected that during the fall of 1856, a large sum of money was raised in the city of New-York, to enable the democracy of Pennsylvania to carry that State for James Buchanan.—"This bribery and corruption fund" was supposed at the time, to have accumulated by the voluntary contributions of men earnestly in favor of prolonging the ascendancy of Locoocoism in the National Government. Recent developments, however, go to show that it was a corrupt speculation. The swindling sale of Fort Snelling in Minnesota, which will probably put into the pockets of the parties interested about two millions of dollars, was the quid pro quo predetermined upon by those political operators. It is, therefore obvious that the money then used in corrupting voters in Pennsylvania, has since been indirectly filched from the U. S. Treasury, with a handsome excess by way of bonus for advancing the funds. In this state of things, it did not surprise us, when we read, a few days ago, a telegraphic despatch from Washington, stating that the sly and secret sale of the Fort Snelling Reservation "was distinctly approved by the President and his cabinet, before being consummated!" No doubt of it. The President probably is indebted to this villainous transaction for the office which he holds, and he dares not kick away the ladder by which he rose.

The Indians and the Organ.

Not a little amusement, says a Chicago paper, afforded to a crowd of bystanders the other day, by a visit of six fine specimens of Indian chieftains to the beautiful new St. James's Church in this city. They had never before been in the regions of civilization, and therefore "the pomp of architecture," and the grace and beauty of art, was new to them. They were at first much attracted by the rich coloring of the windows, and manifested their admiration of "the House of the Rainbow" by significant signs. But when a gentleman in the church struck up the organ, they were completely amazed, and hunted about for the origin of "the sweet thunder," without discovering it till one, more wise than the rest, pointed to the chandeliers, and declared the sound proceeded from them. This seemed to satisfy them, and they departed highly pleased with the "Great Medicine House."

New York Market.

February 10, 1858. FLOUR—Wheat—the sales are 10,500 bbls. at \$4 15a\$4 25 for common to good State; \$4 25a\$4 50 for extra do.; \$4 20a\$4 30 for superfine Indiana and Michigan; \$4 30a\$4 90 for extra do.; \$4 80a\$5 for common to good extra Ohio; \$5a\$5 25 for good to choice do.; \$5 25a\$7 for extra Genesee; and \$5 25a\$6 for St. Louis brands. Canadian Flour is without important change; the arrivals are fair; the sales are 500 bbls. at \$4 10a\$4 25 for superfine, and \$4 30a\$5 50 for extra, and very choice brands in small lots at \$6. Southern Flour, 600 bbls. at \$4 50a\$4 90 for mixed to good brands Baltimore, and \$4 95a\$5 25 for the better grades. Rye Flour is in fair request and is firm; the sales are 300 bbls. at \$3a\$3 87 1/2. Corn Meal is in limited demand at \$3 for Jersey, and \$3 50 for Brandywine. Buckwheat Flour is in good request at \$2 25 per 100 lb.

GRAIN—Wheat, 526 bushels prime white Tennessee at \$1 40; 3,000 bushels prime white Virginia at \$1 50, and 700 bush. good red Indiana at \$1 10. Rye is more steady and is lower; sales of Northern at 65 a 60c. Barley at 70a78c. Oats are inactive and nominal at 40a44c. for State, and 45a 46c. Western. White Beans at \$1 25a\$1 37 1/2 per bush. Corn is more plenty and in limited demand, and rather lower; the sales are 29,000 bushels at 63 1/2a67c. for ordinary to prime white Southern.

PROVISIONS—Pork—the sales are 800 bbls. at \$15 60a\$15 85 for Mess; \$15 for prime Mess; \$12 40a\$12 60 for prime, and \$17 20a\$17 50 for Clear. Beef is a shade better, and in good demand; the sales are 460 bbls. at \$6a\$7 for Country prime; \$11 a \$13 35 for repacked Western Mess, and \$13 50 a \$14 for extra do. Bacon is better, the demand is fair and the stock light; sales of 130 bbls. Western short-ribbed Middles at 9c; boneless are held at 9 1/2c. Cut meats are in good demand, and are a shade better; the sales are 500 bbls. at 6 1/2 a 6 3/4c. for Hams. Dressed Hogs are in fair demand and are firm at 7 a 7 1/2c. Lard is firm at the advance noticed yesterday, and in fair request; sales of 500 bbls. and tes. at 9 1/2 a 9 1/2c., and boxes at 10 1/2 a 10 3/4c.—Butter and Cheese are unchanged and saleable.

Disgraceful Affray in the House of Representatives—The Kansas Message in the House.

[Correspondence of the Daily News.] WASHINGTON, Feb. 6, 1858.

MR. EDITOR:—After a dullness unprecedented, with such an array of exciting topics before Congress, we had last night and this morning in the House of Representatives, a little set-to between two members of that august body, who indulged themselves with a trifle of a fight upon the floor of the House, in the presence of the Speaker and the entire body of Honorables, that were not in a state of stupor, asleep, or else busy canvassing for the side they had espoused, viz: Lecompton or anti-Lecompton, and from the many rumors that are afloat, in reference to the affray, it was done within, or nearly so, the rules laid down in Fistania, for the government of prize fighters, and bruisers generally, and also without auxiliary aids, other than that which nature has provided.

It appears that the contest in the House upon Mr. Harris's motion, for an appointment of a special Committee to investigate the Calhoun Kansas frauds was kept up until this morning. Motions were made to kill time and to prevent action being taken upon the subject. During the night many unpleasant incidents occurred, one of which, that of a personal encounter between Keitt of South Carolina, and G. A. Grow, of Pennsylvania. The following is one of the versions of the affair:—It appears that about quarter before two o'clock, while many members knowing that there was no special business on and no likelihood of a vote, were lounging and dozing in their seats, or moving promiscuously about the Hall, Grow, whose seat is about the centre of the western side of the House, where the Republican members sit, found himself on the opposite side, whose inhabitants are chiefly Democrats.

In a passage or aisle between the seats leading from the Northeast corner of the House, Mr. Grow was quietly walking, when Mr. Keitt, of South Carolina, and Mr. Reuben Davis, of Mississippi, approached him. Mr. Quitman had risen and Mr. Grow objected to his speaking. Said Mr. Keitt, "if you want to object you had better go to your own side of the House."

"This is a free land," said Mr. Grow, "and every man has a right to go where he pleases."

"What do you mean by such an answer as that?" said Mr. Keitt.

"I mean just what I said," replied Mr. Grow, and repeated the remark.

Mr. Keitt then seized him by the collar, exclaiming, "I will let you know that you are a d—d Black Republican puppy."

Mr. Grow thrust his hand aside with violence, saying: "I shall occupy such a place as I please, and no bigger driver shall crack his whip over me."

Again Mr. Keitt seized him by the throat, and was driven off by Mr. Grow, and on the attempt being repeated, Mr. Grow delivered a well-aimed blow and knocked Mr. Keitt down.

Soon as the affray was noticed there was a general rush from all quarters of the Hall, and Mr. Barksdale, of Mississippi, rushed in to separate the combatants. Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, who has a front seat on the Republican side, thinking that he was going to help Keitt, hurried into the melee and knocked Mr. Barksdale's wig off.

For a short time there was a furious contest, but fortunately no one was hurt, and the Sergeant-at-arms, who by the order of the Speaker, parted the principal combatants, and order was partially restored. The Speaker was very composed and collected in his manner, and immediately after the combatants were separated, he directed the roll to be called upon a motion to excuse a member from voting and the business went on more quietly than it had at any time during the day or evening. About seven o'clock this morning the House adjourned on a motion of Mr. Quitman, until Monday, when a vote is to be taken on a reference of the President's Kansas message.

Another Swindle Exploded.

The property of the "Cosmopolitan Art Union" has been attached by the proprietors of Emerson's Magazine for debt due them. Some dozen citizens of Harrisburg have been swindled by this concern, to the tune of \$5; and we rejoice that they cannot blame us for being instrumental in the matter. We were asked to advertise for them, but declined to endorse the concern, and lost the advertisement, which was afterwards published in another concern, who will no doubt have to whistle for its well-earned pay.—Har. Telegraph.

COPARTNERSHIP. It may interest our brethren of the press to know that Dr. J. C. Ayer of Lowell, (Cherry Pectoral and Cathartic Pills), has associated with him, his brother Frederick Ayer, Esq., long and favorably known as a leading merchant of the West. Mr. Ayer will continue the widely extended business of the firm, which now reaches to the commercial nations of both hemispheres, while the Doctor will devote himself to his scientific investigations and pursuits.—Mercantile Journal.

HAIR RESTORATIVE.—We have the satisfaction to know several of our readers who have used Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative, and pronounced it to be just as we recommend to be. We have several personal acquaintances, too, who were gray-headed—they have tried it, and now their hair is restored to its original color, and they willingly add their testimony to its efficacy, and will give further information to others desiring it. This speaks well for the article, and we advise all who do not wish to appear gray-headed, to use Wood's Hair Restorative.—Western Patriot. Sold in Stroudsburg, by Hollinshead & Detrick.

MARRIED.

At Weissport, on the 7th. inst by Rev. Eisenberg, Mr. Jeremiah Williams and Miss Mary E. Deahl, both of Stroudsburg, Pa.

JURY LIST—for February Term 1858.

GRAND JURORS. Hamilton—Jacob Klineker, William Egler, Simon Mixsell, John Williams, Samuel Keller, Jacob Stackhouse. Chesnut Hill—Felix Weiss. Smithfield—Peter Wolfe, J. Depue Labar, David Yetter, Abraham J. Labar. Stroud—Edward Mott, Peter Keller, James H. Kerr. M. Smithfield—James Gunsaules, Charles Albert. Polk—Lawrence Fisher. Eldred—Reuben Frable. Coolbath—Jacob Spragle. Pocomo—Depue Bush. Paradise—Daniel Calleyhan. Stroudsburg—John Boys. Jackson—George Miller, John D. Frailley.

PETIT JURORS.

M. Smithfield—Jacob Miller, Benjamin H. Strunk. Smithfield—Peter Elyenberger, Henry Trible, George Miller, Thomas Brodhead. Pocomo—John Labar. Chesnut Hill—Abraham Signin, Jacob Greenmoyer. Stroud—John N. Staples, Chas. Drake. Coolbath—George R. Smith, John Gearhart. Hamilton—John Fetherman, John Fellenner, Ferdinand Kester, Amos Storm, George Bittenbender, Jacob Dreher, Sr., Charles Williams, Peter Heller, Barnet Kemmerer, Adam Kester, George Snyder, Joseph Fenner, Joseph Metzgar. Ross—Jacob Bonser, Jacob Fellenner, William Smith. Polk—Simon Heiney, Peter Gilbert, Charles Kunkle. Tankhannock—Samuel Mildenerger. Jackson—Barnet Kresge. Paradise—Thomas Trine. Tobyhanna—Samuel G. Eschebuech.

ARGUMENT LIST—for Feb. Term, 1858.

Albert Leo vs. John Merwine. Timothy Vanwhy vs. Moses W. Coolbaugh, Thomas Gratton and Jonathan H. Cotton. In the matter of the Auditors report upon the proceeds of sale of the real estate of Simon Heller, deceased. John J. Frey vs. Elias Bonser and David Rhodes. Peter Gross vs. Conrad Driesbach. Richmond Compton vs. Thomas Trine et al. James H. Stroud vs. Charles Colbert. Henry Cooper & Co. vs. Porter & Sayre. Edinger & Marsh vs. Amos W. Marsh. In the matter of the report of the Review of the extension of Monroe street. In the matter of the Inquisition on the real estate of Franklin Starbird, deceased. John Merwine vs. Blowers and Newell, et al.

STATEMENT OF THE STROUDSBURG BANK.

On the 2nd day of February 1858, being the first discount day of the month, published in conformity to the 2nd Section of the Act of October 13th, 1857. Amount of discounts & loans, \$162,848 57. Specie, 34,001 38. Due from other Banks, 6,078 82. Notes and checks of other Banks, 1,583 40.

Total resources, \$204,512 17. Notes in circulation, \$82,145 00. Capital Stock, 100,000 00. Due other Banks, 14,185 56. Due Depositors, 8,181 61. Total Liabilities, \$204,512 17. Monroe County, ss.—James H. Stroud, Cashier of the Stroudsburg Bank, being duly affirmed, deposes and says that the above statement is correct to the best of his knowledge and belief. J. H. STROUD, Cashier. Affirmed and subscribed, before FERDINAND DUTOT, J. P. February 6, 1858.

Court Proclamation.

Whereas, the Hon. GEORGE R. BARRETT, President Judge of the 22d Judicial District of Pennsylvania, composed of the counties of Wayne, Pike, Monroe and Carbon, and Abraham Levering and Michael H. Dreher, Esq's, Associate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Monroe, and by virtue of their offices, Justices of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery and Court of General Quarter Sessions in and for the said County of Monroe, have issued their precept to me commanding that a Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Common Pleas, and Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Orphan's Court, for the said County of Monroe, to be holden at Stroudsburg, on the 22d day of February, to continue one week if necessary.

NOTICE

Is hereby given to the Conner, the Justices of the Peace, and Constables of the said county of Monroe, that they be then and there ready with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances to do those things which their offices are appertaining, and also that those who are bound by recognizances to prosecute and give evidence against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of the said county of Monroe, or against persons who stand charged with the commission of offences to be then and there to prosecute or testify as shall be just. (God save the Commonwealth.) MELCHIOR BOSSERD, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office Stroudsburg, February 3, 1858.

NEW

Express Arrangement.

The Hope and Howard Express Companies are now prepared to forward Money, Valuables of any kind, Packages, &c., with their own Cars, and special Messengers, with dispatch from Stroudsburg to any part of the world. JOHN N. STOKES, Agent, For the Hope and Howard Ex. Co's Stroudsburg, Feb. 4, 1858.—tf.

License Applications.

MONROE COUNTY, ss. I, JOHN EDINGER, Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions, in and for said County, do certify that the following named persons have filed with me, in my office their respective petitions for Licenses, and paid the advertising fee, as follows, to wit:—James Postens, Jr., Stroud township, Tavern License. John Thomas, Stroud township, Eating House, at the Stroudsburg Depot. Witnesses my hand and the seal of the said Court, at Stroudsburg, this 3d day of February, A. D. 1858. Feb. 4, 1858.—3t.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe County.

John T. Bateman vs Joseph R. Stroud. No. 18, of May Term, 1857.—Foreign attachment. December 31st, 1857, on motion of Mr. Davis, Attorney for Plaintiff, the Court grant a rule for the Prothonotary to assess the damages according to section 1st of Act of 8th of May, 1855. Affidavit filed for \$80 paid on two notes for defendant, on the 1st of December, 1852, with interest from said date. The defendant is hereby notified of the above rule, and of the filing of the affidavit as above. JOHN EDINGER, Prothonotary. Stroudsburg, January 14, 1858.—6t.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe County.

George M. Stroud vs. Joseph R. Stroud. No. 17, of May Term 1857.—Foreign Attachment. December 31st, 1857, on motion of Wm. Davis, Attorney for the plaintiff, the Court granted a rule for the Prothonotary to assess the damages according to section 1st of Act of 8th of May, 1855. Affidavit filed for two notes of \$50 each, with interest on one of them from January 12th, 1853, and on the other from April 12th, 1853. The defendant is hereby notified of the above rule and of the filing of the affidavit as above. JOHN EDINGER, Prothonotary. Stroudsburg, January 14, 1858.—6t.

ALLEN'S GREAT MEDICINE, THE ARABIAN PAIN EXTRACTOR,

For the cure of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, &c., for sale wholesale and retail, at HOLLINSHEAD & DETRICK'S, Gothic Hall Drug Store. This is the only place in town where this Medicine can be had. N. B.—Mr. Allen is the man who was in town during the May term of Court, selling his Medicine in the street. January 7, 1858.—tf.



REMOVAL.

JOHN STONE & SONS, IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF Silks, Ribbons & Millinery Goods,

Have removed from No. 45 South Second Street, to their new and elegant store, No. 805 Chesnut St., one door above 8th. Where they will be pleased to see their old friends and the trade generally. Jan. 14, 1858.—1m.

N. S. LAWRENCE'S Paper, Printers' Card & Envelope WAREHOUSE,

No. 405 Commerce Street, Philadelphia. Cash buyers will find it to their interest to call. January 14, 1858.—1y.

THE Shoals and Quicksands OF YOUTH.

Just Published, the 3d Edition. On SPERMATORRHEA or SEMINAL DISEASES.—A scientific Treatise on the treatment and perfect cure of Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Impotence, &c., resulting from vicious habits acquired during the critical passage from Youth to Manhood, by Dr. CULVERWELL, member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, (1827.) Licentiate of the Hall, (1824), and 30 years Resident Practitioner in London: Author of the "Guide to Health," "Green Book," "How to be Happy," "Memoirs of Single and Married Life," &c. This small, but highly valuable Treatise, written by a world renowned Physician and Surgeon, points out the only sure and permanent cure for all diseases resulting from self abuse, and is the only publication of its kind written in a benevolent spirit and by a scientific man. It should be in the hands of all who value their life and health and happiness here and hereafter. Price, 12 cents, or 4 stamps, at the receipt of which it will be sent, post free, and well secured, by DR. CH. KLINE, No. 420, 1st Avenue, Box 4586, New York. January 28, 1858.—9mo. BLANK DEEDS For sale at this Office.