



THURSDAY, AUGUST 10, 1854.

WHIG STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR. Jas. Pollock, of Northumberland FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. George Darsie, of Allegheny. FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT. Daniel M. Snyder, of Montgomery

A Man Accidentally Shot.

Mr. John Clum, a citizen of Fell township, Luzerne Co., Pa., was accidentally shot, by Mr. John W. White, on the 2d inst. The following is a relation to this sad affair, we extract from the "Transcript & Journal":— "It appeared that Mr. John W. White while shooting pigeons some three miles north of the city, had accidentally shot Mr. John Clum, producing instant death. Mr. Clum and his wife were at work in the hay-field near the woods where Mr. White was hunting. Mr. C. told his wife he would go and see what luck Mr. White was having in shooting pigeons, and if he had not got any he would help him; he immediately left his wife in the hay-field and went a short distance into the thicket that skirted the wood and stepped upon the trunk of a tall tree; while he was standing there, Mr. White shot at a pigeon that sat on a limb directly in range with Mr. Clum—the same fatal ball passed through the neck of the pigeon and the neck of the unfortunate man, dealing double death and fearful pain. Mr. White, still unconscious of what had occurred, reloaded his gun, gathered up his game, and leaving the woods was about to pass the spot where the poor man lay weltering in his blood, when the appalling spectacle met his affrighted gaze and sent painful pity to his heart. He immediately broke the dreadful news to the wife and aroused the terrified neighbors; but all to no purpose, the fatal ball had sped and life was gone. Mr. White remained near the place where the accident had occurred, until a jury was called and an inquest held on the body."

Attack on the President of the United States.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Immediately after the adjournment of the Senate, this afternoon, as President Pierce was leaving the Capitol, at the northern door, under the eastern arcade, he was followed out and addressed by J. M. Jeffards, of Charleston, S. C. Jeffards was considerably intoxicated at the time, and was in company with J. S. Drake, of St. Louis, and J. F. Wiggins, of New York, all of whom had been drinking. The President declined to take a drink, which he declined, and turned to enter his carriage. As he was doing so his hat was knocked off by a hard boiled egg. Jeffards returned into the Capitol, saying the President was a damned fool. The President spoke to one of the police, asking if he had authority to make an arrest. Captain Donnington and officer Wallis shortly after arrested Jeffards, who denied throwing the egg. An examination was had before Captain Donnington, when one witness testified that he saw Jeffards with an egg in his hand a few minutes previous to the assault; another testified that he saw him throw in the direction of the President; and another that he saw him throw an egg at, and hit the President. The Justice decided to hold Jeffards to bail. No bodily harm was done. The President declined prosecuting the individuals engaged in the disgraceful proceedings, which may make them hereafter sober and better men.

A Remarkable Circumstance.

A man, named Rytter, a foreman in Messrs. Starks & Bruyn's iron works in this city, was attacked yesterday morning with the prevailing sickness, and notwithstanding the prompt attendance of a physician, he sank very fast, and died early in the evening. The physician called in the evening for the seventh time, and found the body prepared for the grave. While standing by the corpse, the physician thought he detected a movement in one of the hands of the deceased, and on looking closer, two or three of the fingers moved distinctly. Those standing by also noticed these movements of the fingers, as also that of the muscles of the arm. The physician then remarked that the sense of hearing was always the last which left the body, and he would soon ascertain if the man was still alive. He then took one of his hands in his own and said:—"Rytter, if you can hear me, and cannot speak, answer by pressing my hand." This was promptly responded to by a very distinct pressure, felt by the physician, and seen by others, and it was repeated. Resuscitation, however, was of course, impossible.—Albany Atlas, Aug. 3.

The Louisville Courier states that four of the Jurymen in the Ward case have been indicted by the Grand Jury of Harlan county on a charge of perjury.

The bite of a rattlesnake may be cured, according to the Mason Messenger, by a piece of alum, the size of a hickory nut, dissolved in water and drank, or chewed and swallowed.

HARRISBURG, August 2.—William C. Tobey, (better known for his spirit and raucy writings as "John of York,") died at the Washington House, at ten o'clock last night, of consumption.

CONGRESS adjourned on last Monday.

The following are the most important bills before Congress that were lost: The Homestead Land Bill. The Texas Debt Bill—appropriating \$7,500,000. The River and Harbor Bill—\$2,700,000—voted. French Spoilation Bill—\$5,000,000. Ramsay California Mail Route Bill. Shanghai Steamship Bill—\$50,000 Weekly Mail to California Bill. Ocean Steamship Bill. Pacific Telegraph Bill. Pacific Railroad Bill. To Increase Rates of Postage. Capt. Duncan Ingraham's Resolutions. Minnesota Railroad Bill, repealed. No Bill making land grants for Railroads was passed. The Steamer Appropriation was lost on account of Mr. Pennington's amendment, which put the contract within the power of a triumvirate of hostile Ministers.

A NEW SPECIES OF COUNTERFEIT COIN.

Dye's Bank Mirror says a large amount of counterfeit ten cent pieces are being circulated in New York and Boston, of the most dangerous kind ever invented. They have a Goddess and Liberty pole, cap, stars and date on one side, and United States of America, wreath and "One Dime" on the other, and appear to be manufactured out of type metal, and are galvanized over. They have the exact weight, size, thickness and appearance of the genuine, but break as easy as type.

WE understand, says the Troy Times,

that a man died in West Troy last Thursday evening, with a disease strangely resembling cholera, and his body was deposited in a coffin, and fully prepared for burial. The remains were kept until Saturday evening, and then, while the friends of the deceased were engaged in holding a wake over him, the dead man slowly recovered from the state in which he had so long lain, and actually rose from the coffin, walked across the floor, and requested a drink of water, saying he was very thirsty. This comes to us from one of the parties present, and we see no reason to doubt his statement. We further understand that the man is convalescent. The Chicago Journal, a few weeks since, mentioned a case like this, which happened in that city since the appearance of the cholera.

The North Carolina Election.

RALEIGH, Aug. 5.—Dockery, the Whig candidate for Governor, is certainly elected. Two Democrats and one Whig are elected to the House of Commons from Wake county.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5.—Despatches received in this city from Raleigh, Wilmington, Fayetteville, and other points in North Carolina, show large Whig gains, leaving no doubt of Dockery's election, as Governor, by a considerable majority.—The Whigs gain largely in the Legislature.

LATER.—The telegraphic report from North Carolina are of a favorable character, and state, in general terms, that the returns, so far as received, show large Whig gains. The result of the election cannot yet be known. The only particulars we have, in addition to those published above are the following, copied from the Wilmington Herald of Friday: It is with feelings of unmingled satisfaction that we point to the vote of New Hanover for Governor. We have made a clear gain, as far as heard from over Kerr's vote, of 113 for Dockery, while Bragg falls behind Reid 211 votes. This is equal to a gain altogether of 324 votes. If every county has done as well, Dockery's majority in the State will be counted by thousands.

Mr. Dockery also gains in Columbus, Duplin, and Halifax. We have not ascertained the aggregate; the nature of our information is unofficial, and of course liable to mistake. It is evident, however, that Mr. Dockery is over coming Reid's majority of 1852, (Bragg cannot receive Reid's vote in the State) and the prospect thus far of his election is very encouraging.

A SAD STORY.—The following extraordinary case occurred in Mississippi under the slave laws of that State:

"A planter was afflicted with a loathsome disease. So offensive were his ulcers that he was deserted by his white friends; and, while thus afflicted and forsaken, a girl, whom he owned as a slave, kindly and patiently waited upon him, dressed his ulcers, cleansed his person, and watched over him until he eventually recovered. With gratitude and affection to his benefactor, he took her to Cincinnati, Ohio, executed to her a deed of manumission, had it recorded, returned to Mississippi, and there married her in legal form. They lived together affectionately for many years, reared a family of children, and, as he lay upon his death-bed by his wife and children, his brothers hearing of his death, came forward and demanded the property. The widow and children were indignant at the demand. They, too, were seized, and the validity of that marriage and will was tried before Judge Sharkey, of that State, who decided that the whole matter was a fraud upon the law of Slavery—that the property belonged to the collateral heirs. His widow was sold by the surviving brothers, the children were lid off at public auction, and both mother and children now toil in chains, or sleep in servile graves."

Bequeathing a fund for supplying the poor with wood, is not an unusual occurrence.

The late Thomas J. Sweetser, of Salem, Mass., has improved upon this idea. He has bequeathed \$10,000 for the purpose of furnishing the poor inhabitants of that city with cooking stoves.

CHOLERA.

The Eastern Argus of last week contains a list of near one hundred deaths by cholera, since the 1st day of July, in the vicinity of that Borough.

Five fatal cases were reported in Boston during the twenty-four hours ending at noon on Friday.

The Democratic Chicago Press of the 31st ult. says the Board of Health met on Sunday afternoon, and reported the deaths on Saturday, from cholera 20, other diseases 13.

Two fatal cases, supposed to be cholera, occurred last week at Columbia, Pa., brought on by imprudence.

In Providence, R. I., six cases occurred on the 2d inst., one fatal. On the 3d there were two cases, one of which proved fatal.

Great excitement was caused at Cincinnati, Ohio, by the sudden breaking out of sickness in the 16th Ward, on Thursday. Seven deaths occurred before dark. The disease is confined principally to the German. The symptoms are those of cholera, though it is not thought to be that disease.

There have been three deaths from cholera at Carrollton, Ohio, and several citizens attacked, recovered. At Harrisonville, Harrison county, there have been nine deaths.

The interments at Detroit, Mich., on the 31st ult., and the 1st inst., numbered fifty-three. Most of the deaths were confined to foreigners. Fourteen of the number interred died of cholera.

The Cecil (Md.) Democrat says Mr. John J. Mash died in that county, on Saturday last, at the residence of his brother, Wm. M. Mash. His disease was cholera, contracted at Charlestown, from which place he was removed to his brother's residence, near Principio. A little girl who lived in the family of Mr. Mash, also died of the same disease.

The number of deaths at the Blue Ridge Tunnel, says the Charlottesville (Va.) Jeffersonian, from cholera, thus far is eleven. Most of the workmen have fled from the place.

Nine fatal cases, including those who died at Fulton, are reported by the Board of Health at Wheeling, Va., for the four days ending on Friday.

The Cholera in Albany.

ALBANY, Aug. 5.—The Transcript of this afternoon says that since Wednesday there have been 26 cases of cholera, 28 of which were fatal.

Cholera in the Baltimore Almshouse.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 5.—There have been five new cases and fifteen deaths from cholera in the Baltimore Almshouse since yesterday. The total number of deaths in the institution since the commencement of the disease, is thirty-eight.

Terrible Mortality in New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—The total number of deaths in this city for the week ending to-day, was eleven hundred and thirty-three—of which two hundred and eighty-six were from cholera. Ninety-three of the latter were from Ward 5th and 6th.

Cholera in Virginia.

RICHMOND, Aug. 5.—Several deaths from Cholera occurred last week at the Blue Ridge Tunnel, among the laborers.

Romantic Adventure.

One day last week, an interesting youth arrived in this place from Philadelphia, and put up at the "American," registering his name, Frank Pearson—destination, Bedford Springs. The visitor remained at the Hotel for a couple of days, apparently waiting for some one; and though dressed in the latest cut of the masculine gender, from her smooth face, soft and fair skin, and retiring deportment, excited some grave suspicions as to whether she "breached" us in this case worn "According to the Act of Assembly."—One of the gentlemen at the Hotel, to ascertain this fact, tossed up carelessly in the presence of the young man (?) a little child, and upon making a feint as though intending to allow the child to fall the youth in "breaches aforesaid" uttered—woman like—a small scream. This test was considered the experimentum veritatis, and the landlord proceeded to charge the heedless boy with usurping one of the most sacred privileges appertaining to masculinity. Alas! for human frailty—the confession, after a little evasion, was indeed made, that she was a young lady, who resided in Philadelphia and feeling desperately in love with a young gentleman to whom her parents were opposed, she had resorted to this method to elude observation, and had agreed to meet her lover at this place, and, together, proceed to the Bedford Springs. She wept bitterly at her folly, and no doubt was taught a very severe lesson.

She had every appearance of respectability and modesty, and has no doubt been enticed from a happy home by some designing villain whose plan was fortunately frustrated, as the young lady returned to her parents in Philadelphia the next morning, where we hope she will remain a wiser girl and more dutiful daughter.

But the end is not yet. On the same evening, a young gentleman arrived from Philadelphia in the car, and also stopped at the "American," and shortly after inquired if Mr. Frank Pearson was there. This was, of course, the lover whom she had been waiting, and who for some unexplained reason "turned up" a little too late for his plans. He was informed that Mr. Pearson had started that morning for Bedford! Thither he bent his steps by the "first coach" the following morning in the blissful expectation, no doubt, of meeting his young friend, Mr. Frank Pearson at the Springs! We hope he had a happy time of it! We trust this will be the last of an affair that might be a source of untold misery to all concerned, and that this fortunate interposition of accident will give the lady wisdom, and open her eyes to the rascality of her lover.—Hollidaysburg Whig.

Foreign News.

Four Days Later from Europa.

ARRIVAL OF THE ATLANTIC.

The Determination of the Czar to Retain the Principality—Advances of Austrian Troops into Wallachia—The Spanish Revolution—Evolution of Ex-Queen Christina—Espartero at the Head of the Government—Very Late from Australia—Death of the Viceroy of Egypt—Decline in Breadstuffs, &c.

The Collins steamship Atlantic, Capt. West, arrived at her wharf at New York at 8 o'clock on Saturday evening. She left Liverpool at half-past 12 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon, the 26th ult.

There is little news from the seat of war. Everything is apparently deferred to await the action of Austria. The hopes of Prussia supporting the Western alliance become daily fainter. The fleets and armies remain as at last advices.

The news from Spain is interesting.—Queen Christina and her adherents have been driven from the country. The insurrection had triumphed. Queen Isabella has been compelled to send for Espartero, and to instruct him to form a government, the Rivis ministry having resigned. It is not the intention of France or England to interfere in these Spanish dissensions.

General Everesta a San Miguel named Minister of War. His nomination was received with enthusiasm by the people. The Infant Don Fernando, brother of the King, is dead. Count Montemolino, accompanied by General Elie, has entered Navarre, where a Carlist movement has broken out. The French government is about to establish a corps of observation on the Pyrenean frontier.

Queen Christina had disembarked at Port a Vendres. Queen Isabella had not left Madrid.

On the morning of the 19th ultimo, the insurgents of Madrid sacked the palace of Queen Cristina, in the Calle de las Rejas, and the mansion of M. Salamanca, at the Recoletos, along the Prado.—Christina had to take refuge in the royal palace, and afterwards fled towards France. A report circulated that she was taken prisoner, but this statement was not true.

At Martos, near Granada, a battle was fought between the forces of O'Donnell and Blaser. It is stated that the Count de Vista Hermosa and General Blaser (royalists) were wounded and taken prisoners. There seems to be no present intention on the part of the insurgents to overthrow Isabella. The Duchess of Montpensier has no party whatever in favor of herself or her French connections.

Private letters from Madrid say that the effect produced on the public mind by the fall of the Sartorius Ministry, was immense. Enthusiastic wishes to liberty and to the Generals commanding the constitutional army, rang through the streets, and the public buildings were illuminated.

The Portuguese Government has prohibited the export, and authorized the import of Indian corn into Portugal until the 25th of September.

The Liverpool cotton market was steady at unchanged quotations. Breadstuffs had further declined.

Cobols closed at 92 1/2; French Four and a Half, 98; French Three, 70 1/2.

The Cunard mail steamship Europa arrived at Liverpool midnight of Sunday, the 23d. On entering the Mersey, she ran down a small schooner; but there was no loss of life.

The Boy of Tunis has sent a present of 42,000,000 francs to the Sultan.

Capt. Butler, the English officer who voluntarily remained in Silistria, and rendered valuable services to the Turks during the siege, has died of wounds and fatigue.

There are strange rumors respecting the death of the Russian General Aurov. Gortschakoff and he were known to be at variance, and it is now whispered that Gortschakoff knows more about the so-called suicide than any one else. So, at least, say the latter writers.

There was no foundation for the recent report that five Greeks attempted to assassinate Lord Raglan.

U. S. sloop-of-war Preble, Commander Thos. T. Craven, from Norfolk, Va., arrived at Spithead on the 22d ultimo.—From Spithead the Preble would go to Cherbourg and Brest, and thence home.

Advices from Calcutta are to the 14th June, Madras 20th June, Shanghai 31st May, Canton 31 June, Sydney 25th May, Hong Kong 6th June, Bombay 20th June, Sydney 25th May, Melbourne 20th May, and Adelaide 24 June. Business at Sydney was dull; heavy sales made, with loss to importers. The produce of the gold fields remain steady, at 3000 ounces per week. New South Wales gold £3 17s. Port Philip £1 1s, and the Owens £3 19s. per oz. Wool was scarce. Tallow has advanced 25 per ton. Exchange on London 5 per cent premium.

Advices from Vienna of the 24th ult., announce the death of Abbas Paeha, the Viceroy of Egypt. He died suddenly of apoplexy, at Benda, on the night of the 14th July. Said Paeha, the oldest son of Mehemet Paeha, has taken the reins of government, and has already received the felicitations of the foreign consuls.

It is stated that Prince Gortschakoff has announced his intention of defending Moldavia and Wallachia with 200,000 men. His head quarters are at Slobodzie. Gen. Luders has concentrated his forces at Kalarasch. To all official documents, published in the Principality, in the name of the Czar, is mentioned the words "Protector of the Danubian Principality, which must, for the future, be added.

Mrs Featherstone, who has lately established herself as a popular actress of comedy, and as a vocal artiste, was recently married at St. Paul's, Covent Garden, to Mr. Howard Paul, an American.

The steamship Madrid arrived at Southampton on the 24th ult., with dates from Gibraltar to the 14th and Lisbon to the 19th of July.

At Vigo there was considerable excitement, and it was openly stated that a pronouncement against the government would take place on the 22d.

In consequence of the excitement which prevailed in Oporto, the government had suspended the exportation, and authorized the importation of Indian corn until the 25th of September.

News had reached Lisbon that the Portuguese government schooner Trinidad had been taken by a British cruiser, and sent to the Mixed Commission, at St. Helena, with forty slaves on board.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

Arrival of the Star of the West.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—The steamship Star of the West arrived this morning, bringing California dates to the 16th ult., two weeks later. She brings 435 passengers and \$663,575 in gold.

Disasterous fires had occurred at San Francisco, Sacramento and Columbia, the losses by which were estimated at \$1,250,000.

The inhabitants of San Juan have commenced rebuilding the town, but the most influential men have left for other places.

The English brig of war E-piegle arrived at San Juan, having been sent from Jamaica for the relief of the citizens.

Gov. Jolley has declared Greytown under martial Law, and has placed that town, Port English and Puenta Arenas under blockade, until a satisfactory arrangement is made between the United States and Great Britain. The destruction of Greytown had caused much excitement at Kingston, Jamaica.

The fire at San Francisco broke out on the 11th of July, destroying the whole block bounded by Jackson, Davis, Front and Oregon streets, and half of the two blocks bounded by Jackson, Davis, Drummond and Washington streets were also consumed. About sixty buildings were destroyed, and the loss is estimated at between \$200,000 and \$300,000.

On the 8th of July, a fire nearly destroyed the little town of Nevada, in Nevada county. Loss about \$10,000 or \$20,000.

A fire took place at Sonora, destroying ten or twelve buildings.

Nearly the whole town of Columbia in Calaveras county, has been destroyed by fire. The burnt district is bounded by Broadway, Fuller and Washington streets. Loss half a million.

Several blocks of buildings in the town of Sacramento were burned on the 12th ult. Altogether about two hundred houses were destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$20,000. Nearly all the fires are attributed to incendiaries.

Several new and valuable discoveries of gold has been made.

The California markets present no material change since the 1st.

Several valuable wheat fields comprising over one thousand acres had been destroyed by fire.

Fair Fugitive Slave.

The editor of the Vermont Tribune gives a thrilling account of a fugitive slave who has just been passed through Vermont to Canada. He says:

She is 20 years of age, tall, well-formed and of far more than ordinary intelligence, able to read fluently, a member of the Methodist Church, and the daughter of her master! Yes she was running away from her own father, Rufus Gilchrist, of Easton, Md., because he had sold her to a South Carolina for \$1,100. This Rufus had sold his own flesh and blood for so much hard cash, and but for his daughter's shrewdness and heroism, would have been flinging the price of blood.—Charlotte, the fugitive, ran away, lay secreted in the woods eighteen days, found a friend in Baltimore, who sent her to a Quaker in Philadelphia by railroad by a Quaker we dare not tell lest it should involve him in trouble. Her long exposure and dreary journey to Philadelphia brought on a fever, from the effects of which she had not recovered when here at St. Albans. From Philadelphia to Boston by sea, thence to Maine, and then to avoid some bloodhound Southerners who were on her track, she turned her steps this way, avoiding her pursuers with consummate address, and finding excellent friends all the way, good accommodations on the U. R. R.; with the money given her here, she went on her hurried way to the only land where she could breathe free. God protect and guide her.

Grasshoppers and Tobacco.

The Cattaraugus Whig is responsible for the following:

Grasshoppers are very thick, and are proving exceedingly destructive in Chautauque—at least we judge they are from the following story told us by a farmer of that country, whom we saw a few days since at Dunkirk. Said he, "This spring as an experiment I devoted about an acre of land to the growth of tobacco. The crop did finely and in a short space of time the plants had attained to the height of nearly five inches. Business called me to Buffalo. I was gone just two days; but in that brief period every vestige of my tobacco had been destroyed by the grasshoppers; and Sir, incredulous as it may seem, one big, hungry looking specimen of the marauders, which I saw sitting upon a stump as I entered the field, actually had the audacity to ask me for the cheese I had in my mouth! We collapsed.

California with all its wealth says the North American, has proved a costly possession to the United States. The rate at which it consumes the money at the national treasury may be judged by the fact that one bill now pending in Congress contains appropriations to the amount of \$2,063,000; \$950,000 being for suppressing Indian hostilities, \$263,000 for a custom house and storehouse, \$300,000 for surveys of the public lands, \$300,000 for the expenses of the State government in 1849 and 1850, and \$250,000 for a survey of the boundary line.

Prayer to the Point.

Rev. Mr. Balm of Chicago, (Illinois) inserts a prayer of his own in the Olive Branch of that city, which runs thus—"O, Lord I have mercy on our 'special revivalist preachers'; mercy and goodness, we humbly beseech thee; keep them from taking ladies who become converts, on their knees, and folding them in their arms and kissing, and jolting."

At the West they get up everything on an extensive scale. On Monday of last week a hail storm of a most extraordinary character passed over a portion of Illinois—fortuna eily a small portion. It embraced a range of a quarter of a mile wide, and extended about two miles in length, and continued for about ten minutes. Hail stones that measured nine inches in circumference were picked up.—They fell in tremendous quantities, of all sizes—killed pigs, chickens, &c., split the weather boarding of houses, passed thro' the ends of shingles, skinned the bark off the trees, and broke off limbs of trees two inches in diameter. It was certainly an extraordinary storm.

Congressional Amusements.

A despatch from Washington dated Tuesday, Aug. 1st, says:

Mike Walsh, of N. Y., was thrashed in the House Post-office, to-day, by Mr. Seward, of Georgia, to whom he had applied the epithet of "D-d liar."—Mr. Seward first raised a chair to knock down Mike, but the bystanders seized it. Whereupon he struck Mike several blows with his fist—marking his face badly, and giving good promise of one black eye. It is proposed to amend the Civil and Diplomatic bill, by providing for a boxing-ring in the Capitol grounds for the use of members.

POLITICAL CARICATURES are sometimes decidedly worth provoking. The best we have seen lately is one called "The Infernal Machine or the Know Nothings," representing Gov. Bigler in the Executive Chamber, with the "heads of department" around him. On the table is a ballot-box, the "sliding lid" of which the Governor is opening with much fear and trembling. The other State officers are ranged in order behind each other—one in the rear with his hand on the open door. The Post-master General is on his knees, under the table, looking in vain for support upon sundry packages of papers, labelled "Election Returns, Supreme Court—1851." The good natured phiz of Judge Pollock is seen in the distance, through an open window, as he comes up the Capitol hill. Taken altogether the lithograph is well gotten up and will no doubt have an extensive sale.—Pittsburgh Daily Dispatch.

Decidibly Rich.

As Judge W. was walking the street, a woman hurried out from her house, and, mistaking him for her husband, expected from California, accosted him eagerly, "Oh, Joseph, Joseph." The Judge, solemnly presenting to her the palms of his open hands, gravely enunciated, "Stop, Madam, stop; I am no Joseph." The woman seeing her mistake, quickly replied, "Excuse me, sir; my husband's name is Joseph, but not Potiphar"—and, turning, she left the Judge to cogitate on who was ahead.

RABBIT MURDER.—The Eagle, published at Guntersville, Marshall County, Alabama, states that two young girls were ravis-hed near that place recently, by a pedlar and a negro, and were afterwards murdered by the inhuman monsters, who, as yet, have not been arrested.

KILLED BY A PANTHER.—A little daughter of Mr. Baker, in Washington county, Va., was lately killed and eaten by a panther, near her home. The animal was shot in a tree soon after.

The Lexington (Mo.) Express contains an account of the death of a slave at the hands of his master. The lash, fire, gouging, beating of the head with heavy clubs, the rubbing of cayenne pepper and tobacco in his eyes, etc., were some of the appliances used, not for a single hour, a single day or a single week, but every day for more than three weeks, until he died.

DIED.

In Stroud top, on the 31st ult., Catherine, wife of Geo. Hohensheldt, aged 52 years.

In Stroudsburg, on the 6th inst., Susan A., daughter of James and Julia Murry, aged 1 year 1 month and 26 days.

The Methodist Episcopal Church of Stroudsburg, will be dedicated on Sunday, August 20th. Bi-hop Scott will preach the dedication sermon, assisted by the Rev. Drs. Castle and Bartine, of the Philadelphia Conference. Preachers and people are respectively invited to attend. Service to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

JOHN F. BOONE, Pastor. August 10, 1854.

A CAMP MEETING.

Will be held in Bossard's woods, near Rosserdville, by the Methodist Episcopal Church, of the Philadelphia Conference; commencing August the 21st. No trafficking allowed on the ground nor within the limits prescribed by law unless permitted by the managers.

E. TOWNSEND. August 10, 1854.

DISSOLUTION.

The Partnership heretofore existing under the name of "P. S. POSTENS & Co." is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The accounts of the late firm are in the hands of James H. Walton for settlement.

P. S. POSTENS, J. H. WALTON.

Stroudsburg, Aug. 1, 1854.

N. B.—The subscriber, thankful for past favors in his line, will continue the business at the old stand, where he will endeavor to wait on all who may favor him with their trade to their satisfaction.

P. S. POSTENS. August 10, 1854.