



The Jeffersonian.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 3, 1854.

WHIG STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR. Jas. Pollock, of Northumberland FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. George Barsie, of Allegheny. FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT. Daniel M. Smyser, of Montgomery

Gov. Bigler has granted Dr. Lachcnaur, one of the Green conspirators, a pardon and a remission of the two thousand & five hundred dollar fine imposed upon him by the Court, in May last. We have been informed that the remission of the fine by the Governor, has caused great dissatisfaction at Easton, and many of the leading politicians predict a falling of the Democratic vote in that County at the approaching election.

Returning Recognizances. The following act relative to the duties of Aldermen and Justices of the Peace, was passed by the last Legislature, and has become a law:

That from and after the third of July next, the Aldermen and Justices of the Peace of the several counties of this Commonwealth, shall be required to return to the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace of the respective counties, all the recognizances entered into before them by any person or persons charged with the commission of every crime, excepting such cases as may be ended before an alderman or a justice of the peace, under existing laws, at least ten days before the commencement of the session of the Court to which they are made returnable respectively; and in all cases where any recognizances are entered into less than ten days before the commencement of the session to which they are made returnable, the said aldermen and justices are required to return the same, in the same manner as if this act had not been passed.

The Campbell Clique. The "Democratic Union" continues its assaults upon the clique. In its last issue, it speaks thus of them:—

We again repeat, that James Campbell and his jackall, Forney, have infused into the Democratic party the elements of its destruction; we repeat that the unwarranted elevation of James Campbell as an insult to Pennsylvania, which has excited public indignation, and has led to a formidable organization that now threatens the defeat of the Democratic party; we repeat, that the relenting proscription in Pennsylvania, of the friends of the venerable Cass, who was assassinated in the Baltimore Convention by the Campbell clique, has alienated from the general Administration two thirds of the Democracy of the Keystone State; we repeat, that if these arch intriguers are not repudiated at Washington and in Pennsylvania, the people will pass sentence upon them at the next general election—and in proof of the truth of these assertions, we appeal to the future.

Horrible Intemperance. The New York Courier states that it appeared in evidence, at an Inquest upon the body of a female, in that city, on Thursday, that she had been constantly drunk for the last ten months; and that on the day before her death she drank sixteen quarts of beer besides considerable brandy and rum!

Not to be Wondered at. The Albany, N. Y. Express, says:—A boy 13 years of age got up on Tuesday morning perfectly well, ate some green apples and a pint of cherries before dinner, drank plentifully of milk at his dinner, and was buried in the cemetery before dark of the same day.

Quickest Voyage Round the World. The ship Maria, Capt. Greene, from Melbourne April 23d, and Rio Janeiro June 22d, arrived in New York on Saturday. She made the passage from Australia to Rio in 44 days, which is said to be the fastest sailing on record. She was only 4 months and 24 days on the voyage from Rio to Australia and back, including a detention of 20 days in port. This is believed to be the quickest time ever made by a sailing vessel round the world.

A single family in Sangamon county, (Ill.) have seventeen thousand sheep, and all of good blood. Sheep raising is a fine business in Illinois. It is said that every farmer who has tried the business has amassed a fortune.

Contribution to the Washington Monument. BALTIMORE, July 24.—Mr. Peabody, the well known American Banker at London, has contributed \$1000 to the Washington Monument.

Cholera at Easton. A large number of deaths by Cholera, occurred at Easton during the past week.

Progress of the Cholera. Boston.—The interments in Boston, for the week ending July 29th, were only 108, including 22 of cholera. Since the cholera first appeared, in the middle of June, the whole number of interments in Boston has been 698, including 121 of cholera. The disease at the State Prison, although attacking 112 convicts, proved fatal to none.

Montreal.—The total number of deaths from cholera in Montreal during the week ending July 16, was 279, and during the week ending July 23d, 167. On the 24th, 24 died of cholera. The total number of deaths in that city by this disease from the time of its first appearance this season is 865.

Detroit.—The interments reported in Detroit on the 26th inst., were 30—most of them of cholera.

Newark, N. J.—The Newark Eagle, of Monday, July 31, says the cholera is growing more fatal daily and the number of its victims is increasing. Justice William O. Ford, and Abraham Beach, keeper of the jail, died of it on Sunday.—Several other deaths occurred from it yesterday.

Cholera. The Dayton Gazette learns directly from Eaton, Ohio, that the cholera is prevailing there in a most malignant form. A number of deaths have occurred.

The number of deaths in St. Louis for the week ending the 24th ult., was 206, of which number 85 are reported as having died of cholera, showing a decrease of 63 compared with the previous week.

The number of deaths at Hermann, Mo., from the time the cholera first broke out, (the first week in June,) to the 11th of July, was about one hundred and sixty, most of them of Cholera. Since the 11th of July but one case has occurred, and the place has been comparatively healthy. A few cases of fever have taken place.

The Elkton (Md.) Democrat, from careful inquiry, learns that seven deaths have taken place at Charlestown, Cecil county, Md., last week, attended with the usual symptoms of the Asiatic cholera.—On Wednesday last a child died of the small disease, and its spread is apprehended.

The Princeton (N. J.) Wlig, of the 28th ult., says, there has been one death by cholera in Princeton this week, the premonitory symptoms of which were neglected. No other case has occurred.

Six fatal cases occurred in Wheeling, Va., from the 25th to the 27th ult., both days included.

Eight deaths occurred in the 6th Ward at Newark, N. J., during the twenty-four hours ending on Friday. Several others in different parts of the city were also reported.

The whole number of interments in Detroit, Mich., during the month of June was 210; the whole number from the 1st of July to the 25th ult., was 607—making an aggregate of 817 since the 1st of June, at which period cholera first prevailed.

Cholera at Niagara Suspension Bridge—Horrible Disclosures—Ex-President Fillmore.

BUFFALO, Friday, July 28, 1854. We learn from the most reliable source that the ravages of the cholera at the Suspension Bridge, on the Canada side have been far worse than heretofore represented. Our informant visited the scene yesterday, and found that almost every soul capable of moving had deserted the vicinity, leaving the dead without burial. He discovered in one shanty a woman so far gone as to be unable to move, and a dead body—her child, seven years old—lying in bed by her side, in an advanced stage of decomposition. In another house he found two men—one dead and the other dying without succor. The latter died shortly after. All three of these bodies he interred with the aid of a lad employed at the telegraph office. In yet another shanty he found three unburied bodies, so much decayed that he could not venture to disturb them. This morning he set fire to the shanty and consumed the bodies.

We learn as a reliable fact that several bodies, only partially consumed, were to-day being routed up and devoured by a parcel of hogs which found their way to a parcel of hogs which found their way to the spot. We can rely firmly on these horrible statements, whatever may be said to the contrary.

Mr. Fillmore and son leave here tomorrow for Cayuga County. They are both in very feeble health.

A negro at Laurel, Delaware, recently seduced a daughter of his master, when a couple of officers attempted to arrest him. The negro, however, stabbed one of them to the heart, and mortally wounded the other—after which he succeeded in making his escape. A reward of \$200 is offered for his delivery to his owner.

A LARGE RATTLESNAKE.—A rattlesnake was killed on the farm of Ephraim Bee, in Doddridge county, (Va.) last week, which measured five feet ten inches in length, seven inches in circumference, and weighed nine and three-fourths pounds. The fumes in his mouth from which the venom is emitted measured two and a half inches, and there were twenty-three rattles on his tail.

A friend handed us a letter, of which the following is a correct copy.—We publish it for the benefit and guidance of the uninitiated. Read, ye, and tremble!

Nagles Ville May th 8, 1854.

My dear H— my only true friend, this is the last conversation probably that we shall ever hav it is the hardest task that ever I had; for to think that we must part and perhaps for ever. H— I cant hardly ceep up courage enough to right, for my hart is broken. O H— can it be the case. O I hope not for I that you will change your mind. I think that you cant do no other way, but let it be the case or not I shall never stand to see you taken away where you will not be happy, or see you run upon or misused by any of the dandies as long as I can here from you. H— you must not be afraid to ask me for any thing that you may want for I think Just as much of you as ever and cant never change my mind.— You dear Girl, you must not think that I am a trying to flater you, for I am not for this is from to true A hart and hand, from a hand that will protect you in every case, that is as true as there is a god in heaven H— you know I have 1-ways don every thing lay in my power for you and your sisters and brothers, because you hav ben like a sister to me or at least I think so, Yes H— and I always thought that you did for me and I believe that you did until that litle Devil come up and tried to make you believe that he was Devil and all yes A man that did not hav monie enough to change one 10 Dollar bill that is so but that is nothing, the career of A person is the thing that is looked at in all parts of the world and that is not all H— I herd him brag of getting drunk that is another thing.— H— I tel you this for your one good for I would like see you if you ever get A man. Git A good and kind harted man. one that would do every thing for you that did lay in his power, not git a litle stuck up and dandy with false teeth and white gloves on and make a hell of a show and have no monie in his pocket but this is nothing for love will go where it is sent for I have found that out myself A ready but a long life to you Dear Girl and a short life to the man that does not use you well but now H— I am going home or some Where els among my friends Where I can drond all trouble, it would be my wish to have you go along, but I suppose there is no use talking about that without you change your mind but there is there is a better day A coming that you no but I think that I shall hav the pleasure of talking with you once more myself before we part for the last time for I think that I shall travel about the world for about 6 months without your consent to be mine for ever, that is if you ever meant to git married. I can wait as long as you can. now H— if you want to go to any part of the world that you hav never bin this summer if that you will for I hav got monie enough if that is all, but if you want to go with me I shall go alone this is what I intended to do this fall for I thought all the time that you go with me this fall out west and see your friends if it had not been for— I should went with John your cosen but you was all I had, my blessing and my bride and there is no one left to care for now since you have Me Denied.

So good night, it is now 10 O'clock and the rest are at rest but me and I cant sleep if I do go to bed for I could not sleep last night for you know how I felt when you left me alone for that reason I shall soon go to the place where trouble is no more, where all is well remember that is

A friend that is A friend to every person Yours and for ever Will Wished friend T. S. S.

H— fare well. farewell.

Death of Ex-President Fillmore's Brother. BUFFALO, July 29.—A despatch has been received in this city, from a reliable source, announcing the death of ex-President Fillmore's brother Charles, who died yesterday, at St. Paul, Minnesota—supposed of cholera.

SINGULAR FATALITY.—Mr. Jacob Landis, formerly of Lancaster, Pa., but now residing near Sterling, Whiteside county, Illinois, left his home a week or two ago, for the purpose of attending to some business in a neighboring town.— While there he was taken with the cholera, but succeeded in reaching home, and eventually recovered. His wife and six children, however, were stricken down with the same disease, and within a short time of each other, all died.

Philadelphia Market. MONDAY, July 31.—Breadstuffs are very quiet. There is no export demand for Flour, and the sales are confined to retail lots at \$8,50a\$8,75 per barrel for fresh ground superfine, and \$9a9,25 for extra as in quality. Rye Flour is held at \$5,25, and Corn Meal at \$3,50 per barrel, but no sales of either have been reported.

Grain.—Supplies of Wheat continue light and there is a good demand. Sales of 400 bushels prime Southern red at \$1,75a1,80 per bushel. There is but little Rye offering. Corn is scarce; 1000 bushels yellow sold at 80 cents, about.— In Oats, no change.

Whiskey is scarce and sells at 31 cents, in both hids and barrels.

Cholera at Black's Eddy. This disease broke out at Black's Eddy on Wednesday last. The first person attacked was Charles Burgess, who died in a few hours. Robert A. Bayard, Hiram Closson, Thomas Black, Jr., died on Friday, Joseph Shadinger and Elizabeth, his wife, on Saturday morning and, John Hand, on Sunday morning. Thus seven deaths have taken place in about four days. Such frightful mortality in so small a population is seldom witnessed. The disease, we understand, ran its fatal course in every case except that of Mr. Hand, in a few hours. Not one who was attacked recovered. All the attacks occurred at the Tavern kept by Messrs. Shadinger & Davison, between the canal and river; and Messrs. Burgess, Black, Shadinger, and Shadinger's wife died there. Burgess died on Wednesday afternoon, and his remains were not removed for burial until Friday forenoon. This, taking into consideration the heat of the weather, is thought by several persons, to have been the proximate cause of the mortality. No other local cause being known to exist, as the disease was confined to that place, it would seem rational to conclude that it must have been at least assisted by this.

Since Saturday, no new cases have occurred, and we hope that the malady has spent its force. Our informant says that great praise is due to Drs. Hendric, Trimmer, Hough and Fell, for their kindness and attention rendered to the victims. Mr. Davison and family, who kept the Tavern in connection with Shadinger, left the place, and the place, and the house is now undergoing a thorough cleansing and fumigation; preparatory to their return to it.

We understand that a number of other cases have occurred along the line of the canal in the upper part of our county, and some few in the interior. Our information, however, is not very direct, and we hope exaggerated. Enough however is known, to render it certain that the disease is abroad in our midst, and this fact should be a warning to our citizens to have a care to avoid every excess in eating, drinking, or otherwise, which may have a tendency to cause an attack.— Bucks County Intelligencer.

From the N. Y. Daily Tribune. Capture of Confidence Quakeress. A female attired as a Quakeress, who for some weeks past has been dashing at Barnum's Hotel, Baltimore, (as we have heretofore published in THE TRIBUNE) and who, a few days since took French leave of that establishment bringing off with her an elegant gold watch and chain belonging to one of the boarders and a magnificent and magnificent wardrobe which she had got on credit from the Baltimore shop-keepers, was on Thursday last found by Lieut. Goodenow of the Third Ward Police, at the Merchants' Hotel, Courtland-st., where she had taken up quarters. The officer immediately telegraphed to the proprietor of Barnum's Hotel of his discovery, and a return despatch requested that she might be arrested and detained until further orders.— She was accordingly taken from the hotel on Thursday evening and provided with quarters at the Station-house. In her possession the gold watch and chain was found, and she admitted that it belonged to a Baltimore lady.

Her operations while in Baltimore are rather interesting. She arrived in a carriage some weeks since at Barnum's Hotel, and after engaging rooms handed the barkeeper a package, which she stated contained \$40,000 in bank bills, with a request that he would deposit it in the safe. She was dressed as a Quakeress and gave her name as Elizabeth Barshell. She represented that she had escaped from the settlement at New-Lebanon, N. Y., with the intention of being united in matrimony to a youthful Quaker, who intended, as soon as he could leave the Argus-eyed vigilance of the devotees of colicobay, to follow her footsteps. This story, in connection with the \$40,000 package, obtained for her considerable desirable notoriety, and she found no difficulty in purchasing on credit all the jewelry and wardrobe her heart could desire, and was even so liberal as to present one of the ladies of the house with an elegant gold watch and chain; but she took care before she left to repossess herself of this article, and it is the one she is charged with stealing.

After getting all she could from the Baltimoreans, she suddenly decamped and came to this City, leaving behind her the \$40,000 package, which proved to contain nothing of value. She is somewhat fair, and represents herself as being a native of England, 19 years of age.— What the Baltimore dupes intend to do in the matter, remains to be seen.

Since writing the above, the proprietor of Barnum's Hotel, Baltimore, has telegraphed to Capt. Leonard, of the Second Ward Police, to the effect that he does not wish to prosecute the lady, and therefore to discharge her. The dispatch reads: "Let her go and sin no more."— We learn that on the strength of the \$40,000 deposit, she obtained a cash loan to the amount of \$150 from the hotel proprietor, and moneys from other parties.— After leaving Baltimore she went to Massachusetts, and there deposited about \$800; after which she came to this City with a view of creating a similar and profitable sensation among the New-Yorkers. She was discharged from custody.

Death of Ex-President Fillmore's Daughter. BUFFALO, July 26.—Miss FILLMORE, daughter of Ex-President Fillmore, left here last night for Aurora, where she was attacked with the cholera and died at eleven o'clock this morning, aged twenty-two years. An express reached here this morning informing Mr. Fillmore of her sickness, and he, with his son and a Doctor, immediately started for Aurora, but they arrived only a half hour before her death, and she was then insensible.— This is a sad bereavement.

Foreign News. Four Days Later from Europe. ARRIVAL OF THE ALPS. Cotton Market Dull—Heavy Decline in Breadstuffs—Reported Return of the Russians to Wallachia—Arrests in St. Petersburg—Rumored Death of Prince Paskiewitch—Trouble between Nicholas and the Allies Approaching the Danube—The Spanish Insurrection Spreading.

Boston, July 31.—The steamship Alps, with Liverpool dates to the 19th, arrived here at noon to-day. Her advices are four days later. The Alps, on the 19th, off Great Ormstead, spoke the American steamship Atlantic, bound in. The Alps brings Liverpool papers of the 10th and London and Paris papers of the 18th. The Liverpool Cotton Market was only moderately active since the departure of the Africa. Prices on Tuesday evening were generally unchanged. The sales for the two days were estimated at 11,000 bales—those of Tuesday, the 18th, being about 6000, a great portion of which was taken by the trade. The London Money market was without special change—rates varying from 4 to 5 per cent.

The Liverpool market for Breadstuffs shows that prices are fluctuating. The quotations are very unsatisfactory. It appears that a large decline has taken place both in Wheat and Flour. The former is 6d. per 70 lbs. lower, and the latter 2a3s. per bbl. lower. Trade at Manchester was somewhat depressed. Goods and Yarns were offered at a reduction on previous rates.

The War News. A telegraphic despatch in the Second Edition of the London Times states that the Russian troops were returning from Moldavia to Wallachia. The Russian troops stationed in Lesser Wallachia says a despatch from Widen of the 12th, have crossed the Danube at several different points and occupied the principal places in order to prevent the Troops from crossing at Aluta. Advices from St. Petersburg to the 8th, announce that three hundred young nobles had been arrested on the charge of expressing sentiments in opposition to the government. It was rumored at Vienna on the 17th that Prince Paskiewitch was dead. The whole garrison of Braila was marching on Bucharest.

The Russians are reported to be engaged in cutting down and otherwise destroying the crops of wheat in Wallachia. The Servian government has been compelled to give satisfactory assurance of its course to Austria. Accounts from Bucharest to the 14th mention, in consequence of a dispute having arisen between the Emperor Nicholas and the heir to the crown, the latter will not join the army. The allied land forces in Turkey were in full march for the Danube. A body of French troops had arrived at Rastchuk, and there was a force of English troops at Embelar.

England. In the British House of Commons, on the 16th inst., Lord John Russell gave notice that he should move, in the course of the ensuing week, to vote a credit for the purpose of carrying on the war.

France. The intelligence from France is not important. There was quite a fluctuation on the Bourse on the 18th, and the rates inclined one per cent. The market was also depressed.

Spain. The insurrection in Spain is believed to be spreading throughout the country, notwithstanding the strenuous efforts of the government to put it down. The regiments of Navarre and Guadalajara have taken the initiative, amidst the loud acclamations of the populace.

The latest advices from Spain, under date of Paris, July 18th, report that Barcelona has pronounced against the government.

Missouri and Slavery. The following from St. Louis Herald, goes to confirm the opinion that Missouri will probably become a free State within a few years:—

"In Missouri, slavery is at a stand, if not retrograding. It may be said, with almost literal truth, that the slaveholding immigration to Missouri entirely ceased three years ago. There is now no slaveholding immigration into Missouri. Besides slaves are constantly being sold to the South. There are no more slaves in Missouri to-day than there were three ago. The prospect is that ten years hence, their number will be greatly less than it is now. There are now in the State 700,000 white and 87,000 slaves. Ten years hence there will be at least 1,200,000 whites, probably less than 60,000 slaves. There are now more than eight freemen to one slave. Ten years hence, likely enough, there will be twenty freemen to one slave."

Dr. Buck, of Boston, thinks that the term Asiatic Cholera is unnecessarily terrifying. He says if the old name of cholera morbus was restored, the sanative effect upon the public mind would be astonishing, and none but the imprudent in eating or drinking, would have any reason to fear the so much dreaded disease.

LIME!! LIME!! LIME!!! Fresh Lime for Sale. The undersigned respectfully informs the public that they have and will keep constantly on hand, at their kiln, near Buttermill Falls, in L. Smithfield township, Monroe county, Pa. a good article of Lime, which they will sell at a fair price. GEO. F. BAMBERGER, SAMUEL DEAHL, August 3, 1854.

Auditor's Notice. In the Orphan's Court of Monroe County.

In the matter of the account of Rudolphus Smith, Administrator of the estate of Benjamin Vanaken, deceased. The undersigned, auditor appointed to examine and if necessary settle the account of the Administrator of said Estate and make distribution, will attend to the duties of said appointment, at the office of Abraham Barry, Esq. on the 26th day of August next, when and where all persons interested can attend. G. F. GORDON, Auditor. Stroudsburg, July 31, 1854.

Auditor's Notice. In the matter of the account of Michael Shoemaker, Executor of DAVID BELLIS-FIELD, deceased.

May 27, 1854, the Court appoint Charlton Burnet, Auditor, to audit, resettle and make distribution among the Heirs. The undersigned will attend to the duties of the above appointment on Saturday, September 9th, 1854, at his office in Stroudsburg, when and where all persons interested can attend. CHARLTON BURNETT, Auditor. August 3, 1854.

To the Voters of Monroe County. Fellow Citizens:—At the solicitation of numerous friends, I have been induced to offer myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, at the ensuing General Election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Should I be so fortunate as to be elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and to the best of my ability. OLIS B. GORDON. Stroudsburg, August 3, 1854.

To the Voters of Monroe County. Fellow Citizens:—At the solicitation of numerous friends, I have been induced to offer myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, at the ensuing General Election, and respectfully solicit your votes and influence. Should I be so fortunate as to be elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and to the best of my ability. JOSEPH HECKMAN. Pocono, August 3, 1854.

To the Voters of Monroe County. Fellow Citizens:—I do hereby offer myself as a candidate at the next ensuing Election, for the office of Register and Recorder, and if so fortunate as to be elected I do pledge myself to perform the duties of said office personally, with fidelity and to the best of my ability. JOHN S. FISHER. Poik township, Aug. 3, 1854.—

To the Free and Independent Voters of MONROE COUNTY. Fellow Citizens:—I do hereby offer myself as a candidate at the next ensuing Election, for the office of Register and Recorder, and if so fortunate as to be elected I do pledge myself to perform the duties of said office personally, with fidelity and to the best of my ability. WILLIAM S. REES. Stroud township, Aug. 3, 1854.

To the Independent Voters of MONROE COUNTY. Encouraged by a number of my friends in different parts of the County, I offer myself as a candidate for

Register and Recorder, at the ensuing Election, and respectfully solicit your votes and interest. I pledge myself if elected, to perform the duties of said office promptly and faithfully, and to the best of my ability. JOHN EDINGER. Stroud township, Aug. 3, 1854.

To the Voters of Monroe county. Fellow-citizens:—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of

Prothonotary & Clerk of the Courts of Monroe county. Should you deem me worthy of your support and favor me with a majority of your votes, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office personally, and to the best of my ability. Your humble servant, JOHN EDINGER. Stroudsburg, Aug. 3, 1854.

To the Voters of Monroe county. Through the solicitation of many friends I have been induced to offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff.

Should I be so fortunate as to be elected, I will endeavor to discharge the duties of the office faithfully, personally and to the best of my ability. HENRY D. SHAFER. Chesnut Hill, August 3, 1854.

To the Voters of Monroe county. Fellow-citizens:—At the solicitation of numerous friends I have been induced to offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing General Election and respectfully solicit your votes. Should I be so fortunate as to be elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office personally, faithfully and to the best of my ability. CHARLES H. HEANEY. Chesnut Hill, Aug. 3, 1854.

To the Voters of Monroe County. Fellow Citizens:—Being encouraged by numerous friends in various parts of the county, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff, at the ensuing General election. Should I be so fortunate as to be elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity. GEO. SWARTWOOD. Stroudsburg, July 27, 1854.

550,000 Brick, Just burnt and now on hand for sale by the subscriber as follows: 350,000 at his kiln at Stroudsburg, and 200,000 at his kiln at Dutosburg, near the Delaware Water Gap. These brick will be sold on the most reasonable terms, as the subscriber wishes to quit the business as soon as he can dispose of his stock of brick. He also offers his brick yard, house and lot, with a large body of clay at Dutosburg, all in good order, and new, for sale. Any person wishing to engage in the business, can do well by purchasing said establishment. WILLIAM S. WINTENUTE. Stroudsburg, October 27, 1853. BLANK DEEDS For sale at this Office.