



The Jeffersonian.

Thursday, September 22, 1853.

WHIG NOMINATIONS. FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. MOSES POWELL, Lancaster County. FOR AUDITOR GENERAL. ALEX. H. McCLEURE, Franklin Co. SURVEYOR GENERAL. CHRISTIAN MYERS, Clarion Co. JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT. GEORGE A. BUDD, Philadelphia City.

THE JUDGESHIP.

Two Candidates in the Field: The Democracy of this—the 22d Judicial District, have been sorely perplexed with the Judgeship question for some time past, and the result of their deliberations is the nomination of two persons for President Judge, viz: Hon. JAMES M. PORTER, of Easton, and Hon. M. M. DIMMICK, of this place.

On Tuesday last the Dimmick Judicial Conference of this District met in this place, and nominated the Hon. M. M. Dimmick. The vote in the Convention was not unanimous.

A Resolution declaring M. M. Dimmick the unanimous choice of the Convention was offered, but was not agreed to—the Wayne County Conference dissenting. During the time the Dimmick men were holding their Convention, the anti-Dimmick men held theirs in this place, and nominated the Hon. JAMES M. PORTER, of Northampton, and adopted Resolutions, highly recommending him as a suitable person for President Judge of this District.

The proceedings of their Convention will be found in another column of to-day's "Jeffersonian."

As a lawyer Mr. Porter maintains a high reputation, and his fitness for the office in question, cannot be disputed by any one. From what we learn from the several Counties in the District, especially from Wayne, we think his election is certain.

Upwards of ninety-two thousand dollars of Relief Notes were cancelled by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, on the 1st instant.

The Democracy of New York met at Syracuse last week to hold a State Convention. They split in two under the very expressive names of "Hards" and "Softs," held two conventions, and nominated two separate State Tickets. There's "union and harmony" for you with a vengeance.

The Supreme Court, sitting at Pittsburgh, has decided that no tavern keeper can legally sell liquor to anybody on the Sabbath.

The election in Maine has resulted in no choice for Governor—the Whig candidate receiving more votes than last year, and the regular democratic candidate less. The legislature is but little changed since last year—the Maine Law majority is considered stronger.

Wages in San Francisco.—The following are the rates of wages in San Francisco, as fully established by the recent strikes, combinations, and compromises, per day: Bricklayers \$10; stone-cutters \$10; plasterers \$9; house-carpenters \$8; blacksmiths \$8; watchmakers and jewelers \$8; painters and glaziers \$6; tailors \$4; along-shoremen \$6; hod men \$6; shoemakers \$100 per month, without boarding; teamsters \$100 to 120 per month, finding themselves; and farm hands \$50 per month and found.

Mechanics Wanted.

The Memphis Whig says there is a great scarcity of good mechanics in that city now, consequently prices have advanced to a pretty high rate. More particularly is this true of Brickmasons, as there are pressing demands for at least thirty or forty to carry on work already commenced and under contract. Master builders are afraid to contract any further for fear they will not be able to get hands. Brick Masons are now getting from \$3 to \$4 a day, and cannot be had even at these prices.

Entire Disappearance of Table Rock. A despatch from Niagara Falls dated on the 9th inst., says:—"At five minutes to eight o'clock this morning, the remaining portion of Table Rock fell with a tremendous crash. No one is supposed to have been under it at the time. The projection is now all gone."

Austria has increased her indebtedness since 1845 something like \$170,000,000.

Hon. Geo. Poindexter, Ex-Governor of Mississippi, died at Jackson, Miss., on the 5th inst.

Hon. John W. Davis has been appointed Governor of Oregon.

Another Richmond in the Field.

The Berks County Loco-foco Convention appointed Delegates, to the next State Convention, without instructions, but passed a resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Berks county regard with pride and pleasure the past career of their distinguished fellow citizen, the Hon. Wm. Strong; that they believe that his great abilities, strict integrity, and devotion to the principles of the Democratic party, render him eminently fit to occupy the Gubernatorial Chair of the Commonwealth, and that they confidently look forward to his elevation to that distinguished station at no distant day.

"A merchant of this city," (says the New Orleans Crescent;) a few months since, took to his home and heart a youthful bride, and went to reside in the fourth District. Wishing to live in privacy, he engaged only one servant—a fresh green girl, from the Emerald Isle. She took the fever, and in a few days died.—Another was hired, and shared the same fate. A third and a fourth filled the vacancy in the household, and followed in succession the sweeping summons of the same fell destroyer. Following the impulse of natural dread, the merchant went to Mobile to avoid the destructive visitation of the scourge, and the next day buried his young and beautiful bride. Disgusted with a home where naught but empty chambers served to call up the memories of departed joys, he returned to the city to sell out his household, determined to have a locality to him so suggestive of sorrow. He died the next day. When our informant visited the premises, there was but one living creature there. It was a solitary parrot, swinging in its lonely cage, and wailing unwillingly its deserted state. Alas, poor Pol!

Riot in Ohio.

It was reported a few days ago that a serious riot had occurred at Somerset, Ohio, at an exhibition of Welch's Hippodrome. The Columbus Statesman of the 10th inst. gives the following account:

The cause of the disturbance was a pipe. An Irishman was smoking a pipe in Welsh's Hippodrome. He was requested by a showman to stop, as it was "distasteful" to the ladies. He refused.—The Showman then threatened to put him out, which threat ended in the showman being put out by several Irishmen. The showman was pretty severely handled, but was rescued by other showmen standing near. An Irishman was killed in the melee, who so exasperated the Irish of the neighborhood, at work on the railroad, that they arose in a body, seized the arms of State, got the cannon, rammed it with railroad spikes and stones, and were about to fire on the show and showmen, but for a rat-tail file which some boy had spiked the touch-hole with.

The Governor's proclamation, as we understand, was issued, requiring the Sheriff of Perry to retake the State arms at all hazards. He sent to Zanesville and Lancaster for troops. The Zanesville company, commanded by Captain Graham, arrived in Somerset at six o'clock last night, and as we hear, proceeded to disarm the rioters. Fourteen Irishmen so runs the rumor, were shot down by the Zanesville troops. We hear, too, that one showman, an offensive fellow, was shot, in an alley, when taking care of his horses, and that another had his face severely injured by a bullet. Another had his teeth smashed in. The Hippodrome had one man and six horses killed.

Later intelligence informs us of the arrest of the murderer of Welch's man, and the ringleader of the riot. The public arms have been recovered, and all is now quiet.

Heavy Forgeries.

The paragraph which follows, from the N. Y. Tribune, of Wednesday, develops a lamentable instance of crime in a man of high social position and fine mental endowments. He was also conspicuous in the political world, and was last fall selected as the Whig candidate for Secretary of the State of New-York. The Tribune says:

The particulars of the heavy forgeries, which we have heretofore kept back out of regard for the parties interested, are now so publicly mentioned that further silence is useless. Mr. James C. Frost left here very suddenly in the last steamer for Europe. It is now charged that he had committed forgeries to the amount of \$100,000 to \$150,000, principally upon his father and father-in-law, and obtained the money from Kingston, Hudson, Albany and New York.—On the day that he left he sold \$6,000 of paper to brokers, which has since been paid by his friends. Mr. F. had always stood high, and in money matters had extensive credit, producing as occasion required, large amounts of the best securities. Gambling was probably the cause of his delinquency. He owed \$3,000 to one of the most notorious villains of the "profession" in this City—a fellow who ought long ago to have been in the State Prison, and who would have been in our Police system did not rather protect than disturb his hell. Mr. Forsyth left his family in this City.

Mr. William Hall, 103 years of age, a soldier of the Revolution, was in Pittsburgh on Tuesday.

Frenzied Leap at the Falls of Niagara.

We have received a singular narration of a narrow escape of life at the Falls of Niagara. Mr. E. V. Wilson, of this city, of lightning-rod notoriety, went to the Falls with a party, and among the number was Mrs. N. L. Piper (of the firm of H. Piper & Brother.) The lady, at the time, was laboring slightly under a species of insanity. It was thought by her husband that travelling and a change of air and scenery would do her good, but unfortunately, such was not the case.—Immediately upon arrival she was very desirous to see the Falls; and while standing on the Canada side, at about twenty feet from the falling sheet of water, she slipped her arm from Mr. Wilson, and rushed towards the precipice. He rushed after her, and just as she was going over, he caught hold of her dress, and by it held her dangling in the air. The dress gave way, and she fell upon a ledge of rock at a distance of twenty feet. As she thus lay, Wilson, our narrative says, "with great presence of mind looked for a soft place," and discovering that a quantity of loose earth was lying on the rocks, he immediately jumped down on it. He was just in time to save her from going over the main precipice. By the aid of a pair of long lines, belonging to a team close by, they were both drawn up together. Both suffered from some contusion, but neither was seriously hurt. These circumstances took place on Thursday last.—Toronto Colonist.

The Postmaster General has decided that the half of a twelve cent stamp, frequently placed upon letters for double postage, is not to be regarded as payment.

FOREIGN NEWS.—The steamer Arctic arrived at New York on Sunday, with Liverpool dates to the 7th inst. Among her passengers is Mrs. Stove. The Cotton market had suffered a slight decline; and breadstuffs had fallen equal to a shilling a barrel on flour. The Turkish question was no nearer settled. France was beginning to be restful under the conduct of the Sultan in demanding trifling modifications in the terms of settlement. The Cholera had ravaged Copenhagen fearfully; and was prevailing at Hamburg.

Death from Obesity.

The Savannah News, says: "One of our city physicians has handed us the following extract from a letter written to him by a professional brother in the up country, describing a somewhat singular case, we believe of rare occurrence in medical practice."

"I must put in a slip to give you a singular instance of death from the accumulation of fat. We had a young man residing eighteen miles from this place who was one of the miracles of nature.—At the age of 22 years he weighed 565 lbs.; he continued gradually to increase in flesh until he reached a little over 600 lbs; he was able to get about with tolerable ease and comfort to himself, and attended to his planting interest, he had a fine estate and looked after it with care and interest. Some four weeks ago he commenced increasing in flesh very rapidly, and gained at first 1 1/2 lbs. per day. Last week he died suddenly in his chair, I think from an accumulation of fat around the heart. Three days prior to his death he weighed 643 lbs., and had been weighed the day of his death no doubt he would have gone over 660 lbs. I have often seen him, and visited his family a few months ago professionally."

DELAWARE, LACKAWANA AND WESTERN R. R.—The Scranton Herald learns from Mr. Jenks, Passenger and Freight agent at the place, that during the month of August, more than 5000 Passengers passed over the Del. Lack'a & Western Railroad; and that the net earnings for transportation of passengers were about \$4000—an increase of nearly one half over the business of August 1852.

COCCULUS INDICUS, one of the most virulent poisons known, is imported in immense quantities into the United States and it is not known to be used in medicine or manufactures, except in that of lager beer.

The amount of specie in the United States Sub-Treasury, in New York, is about nine millions of dollars.

Yale College has existed one hundred and fifty-three years, and educated six thousand students.

Religion says,—Love all, hate none.

The fund for the New Orleans sufferers has reached \$200,000.

Two hundred and seventy-four omnibusses run daily in Philadelphia.

Title bits of gold coin, of the value of 25 cents, are now being coined in California. On one side is a perfect head surrounded by eleven stars, on the opposite side, quarter dollar surrounded with a wreath. A few have made their way to the States.

Several enormous snakes have been seen in different parts of the country, some as long as fifty feet, and some longer.

A JUDGE FINED.—Judge Flinn, of the Criminal Court of Cincinnati, was fined \$30 and costs for his assault upon Mr. Joffile, a member of the bar. During the trial, a lawyer named Garrard refused to be seated, while within the bar, and a severe battle took place between him and the Marshal, which resulted in the former being placed in a cell, from which he was soon after released to have his wounds dressed, having received a very severe blow over the head from a 'bolt.'

They must have an unruly set of Judges and lawyers in the Queen City.

From the Pittston Gazette

The Execution of Rees W. Evans.

The execution of REES W. EVANS, who was convicted of the murder of Louis Reese, of Wilkes-barre, at the April sessions of the Luzerne County Court, took place in the jail yard on the 9th inst., at 1 o'clock in the afternoon. The event was one which had filled the mind of the people with pity, even in the face of all his guilt. From early in the day, until the body of the deceased was removed from the scaffold, every available elevation was eagerly sought by the curious crowd, in order that a view of the convict in his last and trying moments might be obtained.—The neighboring trees and house-tops were resorted to by such numbers as to bend them beneath their burdens. The fear of danger had fled, and every breast seemed to be filled by the palpitations of its own heart. About one hundred persons were admitted into the yard, and among the number we noticed the father of young Evans. To all appearance, he was less moved by the spectacle than many who were not bound to the victim by the ties of kindred blood. The murderer dressed in citizen clothes, was conducted to the scaffold—surrounded by the military under Capt. Reichart—by Sheriff Palmer, accompanied by the Rev. Dr. Peck, Rev. John Boyd, and Rev. B. B. Emory. Ferrent and impressive prayers were delivered by the two former of the clergymen. We have received the one by Dr. Peck, of which the following is a copy:—

"O Lord God, we would approach thee on this solemn and awful occasion, with the deepest reverence and self-abasement. Grant us the forgiveness of our sins, and gracious acceptance through the merits of Jesus Christ our Lord. We pray thee in thine infinite mercy, to look favorably upon him who is about to pass the bounds of time and go into a state of retribution. O grant him free repentance and unfeigned faith that he may find mercy at thy hand. We thank thee that thou hast provided a way of salvation for all classes of sinners, who with hearty repentance and true faith turn unto thee. O, Almighty Father, give him an assurance of salvation and save him from the terrors of death. May he bid adieu to all earthly things in peace with God and with all mankind. We thank thee for the hope in Christ which thou hast vouchsafed to him in this hour of trial. Now, O Lord, give unto him a mighty faith—a faith that pierces the unseen future, and which rests firmly upon the infinite love and all conquering grace of the Saviour: And make him a monument of the infinite condescension, and saving grace of God; and to God the Father Son and Holy Ghost, shall be everlasting praise—Amen!"

After bidding him farewell the clergyman left the scaffold to the sheriff for the performance of his solemn duty. After the rope had been adjusted, a mask was drawn over the head of the prisoner, and he stood alone in the attitude of prayer, which from the motion of his lips, seemed to increase in fervency as the warnings of the executioner assured him of his near approach to death. The crowd stood in breathless silence at the last announcement to him, which was—"Rees Evans! you have but one half moment to live!"

And ere the words had been echoed back, the fatal prop had fallen, and law and justice had seized their dowry, and the transgressor had paid the penalty of his evil deeds. He met his fate with a fortitude which surprised all who saw him.—His physical appearance and health did not appear to be much affected by his confinement or the goadings of a guilty conscience. The hope of either escape or Executive clemency continued strong with him until a few days before the one fixed for his execution. He uttered not a word that could be heard by the audience while upon the scaffold. After hanging about ten or twelve minutes and pronounced dead by Dr. T. W. Miner, the body was then taken charge of by his relatives and conveyed to Pittston, where it was interred in the burying ground of the Welsh Congregational church. A full confession of his life and crimes has been published, and a curiosity of the most execrable character has been gratified by its perusal. The rapidly with which crime succeeds crime, when the catalogue has been commenced, is strikingly illustrated in the case of this young man.

Evans, according to his story was born in Carbondale, on the 3d of August, 1834, and was of Welsh parentage. Being left in early life to the inclinations of his own headstrong disposition, which, accompanied by a desire to fare sumptuously without labor, or honest exertion, may be regarded as the influences which hurried him to his tragical end. Petty thefts were his first offences, and a frequent repetition of these, soon prepared him for more daring acts of the same nature, until his numerous and profligate desires could find no means of satisfaction but through murder. For several years he resided in Pittston, where he committed numerous thefts.

He never, according to his confession killed any person except Louis Reese, although he had contemplated and planned the murder of a person named Frank Hodge, an engineer, and at the time in the employ of the Pennsylvania Coal Company, at this place. He had also intended to take the life of his brother-in-law John Howel. The object he had in view as to Hodge was the possession of a valuable gold watch. Howel's offence was the abuse of his wife—Evans' sister.

The history and fate of the deceased youth is a terrible warning of the retribution which crime must eventually meet, and it cannot make too deep an impression upon those who would know the dangers by which the path of misguided youth is beset.

It is rumored that a celebrated Phrenologist has been invited to examine the "head of navigation."

Texas is divided into 94 counties.

Judicial Conference.

At a Judicial Convention held at Postens' Hotel, in Stroudsburg, September 20th, 1853, JOHN P. QUICK, of Pike county was appointed Chairman, and Edward L. Wolf, of Wayne, and James H. Stroud, of Monroe, Secretaries.

On motion of George Nye, of Pike, the Convention proceeded to nominate a candidate for the office of President Judge of the 22d Judicial District.

Mr. Huston, of Monroe, nominated JAS. MADISON PORTER, of Northampton, for said office.

There being no other nomination, JAS. MADISON PORTER, was unanimously declared to be the choice of the Convention. On motion Wm. Overfield, of Monroe, George Nye, of Pike, and Edward L. Wolf, of Wayne, were appointed a Committee to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the Convention.

After a short absence the Committee reported the following Preamble and Resolutions which were unanimously adopted.

Whereas, The time is rapidly approaching when the citizens of the 22d Judicial District, composed of the Counties of Wayne, Pike, Monroe and Carbon, will exercise the constitutional right of electing some person to fill the office of President Judge, in said District for ten years to come; and whereas, we are keenly alive to the importance of securing the services of one whose scholastic attainments, incorruptible integrity and profound legal erudition are commensurate with the high trusts imposed by that truly honorable and responsible position. Therefore,

Resolved, That the high position of President Judge, is an office which never should be sought for—nor a nomination attained by any mere political tactics, or improper appliances, but come from the unthought, unbiased and fairly expressed will of the People.

Resolved, That we recommend to the people of this district JAMES MADISON PORTER, of Northampton County, as a candidate for the situation of President Judge, a gentleman whom we all know, either personally or by reputation, as one of the ablest lawyers and soundest men in the state;—from whom we may expect an upright and energetic administration of the duties of the office, wholly unaffected by any political cabals or improper influences;—a gentleman who, we assure our fellow citizens, will, in the present emergency, suffer the people of the district to take the matter into their own hands; and, if elected by them, will serve, and who will come into office— with no friends to reward or enemies to punish.

Resolved, That the chairman of this convention appoint three members of the same, to notify the Hon. JAMES M. PORTER, of his nomination, and also, that they prepare an address, to the citizens composing the 22d Judicial district.

Resolved, That knowing we are right in this nomination, we will use all honorable means to procure the election of our candidate,—that in justice to him and our constituents and ourselves, having "put our hands to the plough we will not turn back."

Resolved, That the election of FRANKLIN PIERCE, as President of the United States, was a glorious triumph of Democratic principles; that we approve his whole course, from the delivery of his inaugural Address, to the present time; that we have implicit faith, that he and the counsellors he has called to his aid will so manage and direct the affairs of the Nation, as to make us respected alike at home and abroad.

Resolved, That WILLIAM BIGLER, our present able and honest Governor has our entire confidence—and that we hope an early opportunity will be afforded us to prove that he is one whom the people will delight to honor.

On motion Edward L. Wolf, John Huston and George Nye were appointed a committee to perform the duties required by the 3d Resolution.

On motion, Resolved, That the proceedings of this Convention be published in all the papers of the 22nd Judicial District.

On motion adjourned sine die. JOHN QUICK, Chairman. E. L. WOLF, J. H. STROUD, Secretaries.

Cure for Hydrophobia.

Dr. Cooper, of this borough, claims to have discovered a certain cure for this terrible complaint. In consequence of the inability of patients to take liquids, he has reduced the ingredients to an extract and then into pills. It is said to be a sovereign remedy. The receipt is—Alcoholic extract of Red Chickweed and Skullcap in equal parts, made into four-grain pills; three given three times a day for nine days. Spasms will be stopped in twenty-four hours; and the continuance for nine days is to prevent a relapse, by bracing up the system against the disease. Should this prove a certain cure for Hydrophobia, it will be a feather in the Doctor's cap.—West Chester Republican.

To the Voters of Monroe County.

Friends and fellow Citizens.—Through the solicitations of many of you I am induced to offer myself as a candidate for the office of

Deputy Surveyor,

at the ensuing general election, and respectfully solicit your influence and suffrages.—Should I be elected, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and to the best of my ability. Your friend and fellow citizen, MELCHOIR SPRAGLE, Stroudsburg, Sept. 22, 1853.—3t.

To the Voters of Monroe County.

Fellow Citizens.—At the request of numerous friends I have been induced to offer myself as a candidate for the office of

County Commissioner,

at the ensuing Election, and I therefore respectfully solicit your votes and influence.—Should I be elected I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and to the best of my ability. JACOB ALTEMOSE, Chesnut Hill, Sept. 15, 1853.—3t.

General Election.



Whereas, by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "an act regulating the General Elections within the said Commonwealth," passed on the 21 day of July, 1839, it is made the duty of the High Sheriff of every county, to give public notice of such elections to be held, and to make known in such notice what officers are to be elected. Therefore, I, JAS. N. DURLING, High Sheriff of the county of Monroe, do make known by this proclamation to the electors of the county of Monroe, that a General Election will be held in the said county, on

Tuesday, the 11th of October next, at the several election districts below enumerated, at which time and places are to be elected by the freemen of the county of Monroe,

One Person for Judge of the Supreme Court of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person to fill the office of Canal Commissioner of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person to fill the office of Auditor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person to fill the office of Surveyor General of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

One Person for President Judge of the Judicial District, composed of the Counties of Monroe, Pike, Wayne and Carbon.

One Person to represent the counties of Monroe and Pike in the House of Representatives.

One Person to fill the office of County Commissioner of the county of Monroe.

One Person to fill the office of County Auditor of the county of Monroe.

One Person for States Attorney of the County of Monroe.

One Person for Deputy Surveyor of the County of Monroe.

The freemen of the township of Chesnut Hill are to hold their election at the house of Felix Storm, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Coolbaugh will hold their election at the house of Melissa Vliet, (late John Vliet, dec'd) in said township.

The freemen of the township of Hamilton, will hold their election at the house of Jos. Keller, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Middle Smithfield, will hold their election at the house of James Place, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Pocomo, will hold their election at the house of Messersmith Miller, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Paradise, will hold their election at the house of Geo. Ely, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Polk, will hold their election at the house of Joel Berlin, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Price, will hold their election at the house of John S. Price, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Eldred, will hold their election at the house of Joseph Hawk, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Ross, will hold their election at the house of Simon Stocker, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Smithfield, will hold their election at the house of J. Depeu Labar, in said township.

The freemen of Stroudsburg, will hold their election at the court-house, in the borough of Stroudsburg.

The freemen of the township of Stroud, will hold their election at the house of A. & S. Barry, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Tobyhanna, will hold their election at the house of Washington Winters, in said township.

The freemen of the township of Jackson, will hold their election at the house of John Osterhout, in said township.

Notice is Hereby Given,

That every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold an office or appointment of profit or trust under the United States or of this State or any city or corporation, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer, or agent, who is or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary department of this State or the United States, or of any incorporated district; and also, that every member of Congress, and of the state legislature and of the select or common council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of judge, inspector, or clerk of any election of this commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of such election shall be eligible to be then voted for.

And the said act of Assembly, entitled "an act relating to elections of this commonwealth" passed July 21 1839, further provides as follows, to wit:

That the Inspectors and Judges shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding the election in the district to which they respectively belong, before nine o'clock in the morning of the second Tuesday of October, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of such district.

Agreeably to the provision of the sixty-first section of said act every General and special election shall be opened between the hours of eight and ten in the forenoon, and shall continue without interruption or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening, when the polls shall be closed.

Pursuant to the provision contained in the 76th section of the act aforesaid, the Judges of the aforesaid district shall take charge of the certificate or return of the election of their respective districts and produce them at a meeting of the Judges from each district at the Court House in the Borough of Stroudsburg, on the third day after the day of election, being for the present year on FRIDAY, the 14th of OCTOBER next, then and there to do, and perform the duties required by law of said judges. Also, that where a judge by sickness or unavoidable circumstances, is unable to attend said meeting of Judges, then the certificate or return as aforesaid shall be taken charge of by one of the Inspectors or clerks of the election of said district, who shall do and perform the duties required of said judge unable to attend.

JAMES N. DURLING, Sheriff's Office Stroudsburg, } Sheriff. September 22, 1853. (God save the Commonwealth.)