

Agricultural.

Grain Threshing in the East.

In Mr. Layard's published account of his "Excursions in the Ruins of Nineveh and Babylon," we find the following interesting description of the novel manner of threshing grain in the far-off Eastern countries;

"The threshing-floor, which added so much to the beauty and interest of the picture at Kargol; had been in all the villages we had passed during our day's journey. The abundant harvest had been gathered in, and the corn was now to be threshed and stored for the winter. The process adopted is simple, and nearly such as it was in patriarchal times. The children either drive horses round and round over the heap, or, standing upon a sledge, full of sharp flints on the under part, are drawn by oxen over the scattered sheaves. Such were the threshing-sledges armed with teeth," mentioned by Isaiah.

The Wants of the Soil.

Under the above heading the Connecticut Valley Farmer and Mechanic, says—"At present, not far from three-fourths of the entire labor and capital of the United States are employed, either directly or indirectly, in the great work of robbing the soil of the few things that God placed in it for the support of vegetable and animal life, without making, or pretending to, any adequate restitution. All tillage is a most unnatural operation, and the matter removed in crops by no means indicates the whole of the loss of the elements of fertility that arated fields contain. An intelligent wheat-grower in Wisconsin writes to the agricultural department of the patent office, that lands which had now been cultivated twelve years, in that new State, now yield but half the annual harvest that they did when first seeded. An extensive corn grower in Indiana informs your correspondent, that the rich river bottoms of that State now yield only thirty-five bushels per acre, which, once produced, with an equal amount of tillage, seventy bushels per acre. Main being by far the most important crop grown in this country, much pains have been taken to learn the commercial value of the raw material necessarily consumed to form a bushel of that grain; of which over six hundred million bushels are annually extracted from American soil.

"A gentleman in Connecticut writes, that his farm, of some two hundred and fifty acres, has been cultivated two centuries, and consequently has reached what may be regarded as the normal condition of long-tilled earth. He finds it necessary to apply ten cords of compost manure to an acre, to raise forty bushels. The manure costs him a dollar and a cord, and twenty-five cents per bushel of his crop. A corn grower of Virginia has tried many experiments with guano, and finds that one hundred pounds which cost \$2 and fifty cents, will generally add ten bushels to his harvest. This manure, like that used in Connecticut, costs a quarter of a dollar for enough to produce a bushel of corn. Many letters from practical men, of close observation, and large experience, have been received at the agricultural department of the Patent Office, going to show that if one draws not upon the natural fertility of land to form his corn plants, the raw material to make a bushel of corn can be obtained for a less sum than twenty-five cents. There is collateral evidence worth naming, that corroborates this estimate. Long experience in France and Belgium establishes the fact, that the cetera of an adult person are worth five dollars a year for agricultural purposes. The night soil obtained from the human species is equal to the production of twenty bushels of corn to each inhabitant; and for the obvious reason, that no animal has the power to annihilate a single atom consumed in its daily food, nor to create one, if indeed to prevent starvation. Field laborers at the South consume about thirteen bushels of corn meal, and as much more as from ten to thirteen bushels of corn make, as the yearly allowance to each. Children consume less, but often waste more than adults. Taking our entire population of 25,000,000 at this time into account, and each consumes, in one form or another, fertilizing atoms drawn from the bosom of the earth, equal to those contained in twenty bushels of maize; showing an aggregate annual consumption of 500,000,000 bushels, which the soil loses as effectually as it would if that amount of grain were cast into sea every year."

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HOBENSACK'S WORM SYRUP. What ever concerns the happiness and health of a people is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every person will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children, and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices. I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure you that worms, according to the opinion of the most celebrated Physicians, are the primary cause of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable; if you have an appetite continually chargeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the Stomach, Picking at the Nose, Head-ache and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse Irregular—remember that all these denote worms, and you should at once apply the remedy:—

Hobensack's Worm Syrup. An article founded upon Scientific Principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, & can be given to the most tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where Bowel Complaints and Diarrhoea have made them weak and debilitated. The Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such, that it stands with out an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Stomach, which makes it an infallible remedy for those afflicted with Despepsia, the astonishing cures performed by this Syrup after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others.

The Tape Worm! This is the most difficult Worm to destroy of all that infest the human system.— It grows to an almost indefinite length, becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach affecting the health so sadly as to cause St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c. that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm a very energetic treatment must be pursued. It would therefore be proper to take 6 or 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm which must be taken in doses of 2 Table spoon's full 3 times a day, these directions followed, have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of Tape Worm.

Hobensack's Liver Pills. No part of man is more liable to disease than the Liver, it serving as a filterer to purify the blood, or giving the proper secretion to the bile; so that any wrong action of the Liver affects the other important parts of the system, and results variously, in Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c.— We should, therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate a wrong action of the Liver. These Pills being composed of Roots and Plants furnished by nature to heal the sick; Namely 1st, An Expectant, which augments the secretion from the Pulmonary mucus membrane, or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2d, An Alterative, which charges in some explicable and insensible manner, the certain morbid action of the system. 3d, A Tonic, which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th, A Cathartic, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingredients, and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the Blood, which destroys disease and restores health.

To Females. You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstructions either total or partial, they have been found of inestimable benefit, restoring their fractional arrangement to a healthy action, purifying the blood and other fluids so effectually to put to flight all complaints which may arise from female irregularities, as head ache, giddiness, dimness of sight, pain in the side, back, &c.

Agents in Monroe County. Dr. S. Sickles and R. Huston, Stroudsburg; H. Peters, jr. & co. Marshalls creek; Staples & Shively, Anamokin; J. Bell, Experiment Mills; Brodhead & Bro. Dotoisburg; H. & Knitz, Paradise; J. Merwine, Merwinesburg; Davis & Tomber, Effert; Edinger & Marsh, Fennersville; Keller & Hoffman, Kellersville; and all dealers in drugs throughout the county and States.

Cure of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Throat and Lung Complaints. I have published a brief work on Consumption, which contains an invaluable recipe for the cure of these prevalent diseases, even in their worst stages, when friends and physicians have given up all hope. The Lung Balsam prescribed in this work Cures without the expensive aid of physicians or injurious use of patent medicines. In adopting this System of Cure the patient knows what he is using—knows that he is not shortening his days by the use of opiates or mercurials, which may seem to relieve but never Cure. He knows when using this Life saving Balsam, that he is taking mild, pleasant, efficacious remedies, such as Nature prescribes for the ill ber children suffer. The ingredients composing this Lung Balsam are obtainable (cheaply too) wherever consumption exists, proving that Every ill has its outside. Consumptive patients may rely on this receipt.—(All Lung Complaints are removed by its use)—I would not attach my name to it, had I doubt of its efficacy. The directions for preparing and using the Balsam are perfectly plain. I prefer selling the Receipt to making the Balsam; as it enables people to Make their own Medicine at a Trifling Cost. I will impart the secret of making the Balsam, and the Family right to use it, for \$1, but in no case will I sell it for speculating purposes.

Proof of its Goodness. Jackson, Mich. March 21, 1851. Doct. S. TOUSEY—Sir: You wished me to let you know what effect your preparation of Medicine for Consumption and other diseases had in my family. After the first ten days my wife gained in weight 3 lbs. relieved her cough, changed her countenance, and all appearances were better. My family would not be willing to do without it. It is a medicine much needed in Jackson—there is many cases similar to my wife's. The Rev Mr. Blanchard will write you for a recipe. Respectfully yours, O. F. POOL. Address, post paid, (enclosing \$1.) Dr. S. TOUSEY, 106 Nassau street, New York.—The work goes by mail under seal. October 7, 1851-6m

Stroudsburg and Easton Port Jervis, Mauch Chunk and Scranton

STAGE LINES. The Stroudsburg and Easton mail line of stages, consists of excellent four horse coaches, and leaves J. J. Postens' Indian Queen Hotel, Stroudsburg, Pa. every day (except Sundays) at 7 o'clock a. m. arriving in Easton before the departure of the cars for New York, or stages to Bethlehem and Allentown.

The following lines leaves Postens' Indian Queen Hotel, Stroudsburg, Pa. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, returning on alternate days: A line to Port Jervis, leaving at 7 o'clock a. m. via Bushkill, Dingman's Choice and Milford. Returning, leaves Port Jervis immediately after the arrival of the morning train of cars to New York, at about 8 o'clock a. m.

A line to Mauch Chunk, leaving at 7 o'clock a. m. via Brodheadsville, where it connects with lines to Wilkes-Barre and White Haven. A line to Scranton, leaving at 7 o'clock a. m. via Bartonsville, Tannersville, where it connects with a line to Honesdale, and connecting at Scranton with the cars for the west.

BAHNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE. A SURE REMEDY FOR WORMS. The testimony in its favor is overwhelming. The proprietors are daily in receipt of letters and certificates, going to prove its remarkable efficiency to all cases of worms, both in children and adults. The relief given, and the immediate improvement of health which follows its use, has called the attention of physicians to this article, and they freely recommend & prescribe it in their practice.

The world has need of a different book from any of these—such a book has never been written, and as cannot now be published in the usual way, sold by booksellers, or hawked by agents or peddlers. The author of Esoteric Anthropology, a Teacher, a Physician, a public and private Lecturer on all branches of Medical Science, has written this book with a frankness he never could have used in a work for the public, or one open to criticism. It is for his pupils and patients, for intelligent men and women, who wish to understand the deepest mysteries of life; especially it is for the noble and heroic few, who are brave enough to examine and accept new truths, and wise enough to profit by them.

I do certify that I gave one bottle of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge to my child, and in seven hours it passed 23 large worms. Any person doubting this may apply for further information at my residence corner of York and Jackson streets. JAMES M'CAFFREY. Doughkepsie, N. Y. March 2, 1844.

I certify, that I took two vials of B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, which I found to be the greatest cure for worms I have ever used. I have been troubled with tape worms for a number of years, and I have never found so good a medicine as B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge. I therefore recommend it. MARTHA CLIFT.

The public is cautioned against counterfeits and spurious articles, and to put no confidence in statements that "Kohnstock's" and "S. Fahnestock's" Vermifuge, are the same or as good as the only genuine article, which is B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge. For sale in Stroudsburg, by T. Schoell's.

Stroudsburg Jewelry Store. The subscriber having purchased the entire stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, &c. of John S. Melick, intends carrying on the Watch Making and Jewelry business in all its various forms, and in a manner, he trusts, that will give the most entire satisfaction, not only to himself but to those trusting the above mentioned articles with him to be repaired. He has renewed his stock by recent purchases in the city of New York, which, together with his former stock, makes his assortment at this time one of the most splendid ever before offered in Stroudsburg; among which may be found all the latest fashions in the structure and embellishment of dress Jewelry, viz: Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Gold Lockets, Snaps, Bracelets, Slides, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, and Britannia Ware, together with a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Perfumery, &c., together with all the articles that can be found in any establishment of the kind.

Watch Repairing. Being an important as well as a skillful part of his business, he flatters himself he can give as general satisfaction to his customers and the public as can be done by any one, as he intends to keep none but the best workmen in his employ; and feeling confident that all shall have entire satisfaction done them, he intends to devote his whole time and attention to that important branch of his business. Anything in his line that he may not have on hand, will be promptly procured from the city, by calling on the subscriber at his shop, on Elizabeth street, two doors west of J. H. Melick's old stand. SAMUEL MELICK—Stroudsburg, May 6, 1852.

WHOLESALE GROCERS. WATERMAN & OSBORN, N.W. Corner Second and Mulberry Streets, Philadelphia. OFFER FOR SALE A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES, &c. &c. At the Lowest Market rates.

ESOTERIC ANTHROPOLOGY, BY T. L. NICHOLS, M. D. PRINCIPAL of the American Hydropathic Institute, Educational and Therapeutical, at Portchester, N. Y., one hour's distance from New York city on the New York and New Haven Railroad. A comprehensive and confidential Treatise on the Structure, Functions, Passional Attractions and Perversions, True and False Physical and Social Conditions, and the most intimate Relations of Men and Women.

The title, Esoteric Anthropology, will seem strange to many, but it is thoroughly appropriate. Anthropology is from *Anthropos*, a man, and *Logos*, a description. Esoteric, from *Eso*, within, signifies private, secret, interior, and was used by the ancient philosophers to distinguish their private lectures, given in the interiors of their dwellings, upon the sacred mysteries of science and philosophy, to their chosen disciples, from their Exoteric discourses, which were given to the public. Esoteric Anthropology is, therefore, a private treatise on Human Anatomy, Physiology, Therapeutics and Obstetrics—on the whole science of man—plain in language, full and faithful in illustration, and written with all the frankness of a private letter, under the seal of professional confidence. It contains the highest and deepest truths in every department of Human Physiology, with their individual and social application; the true nature and hidden cause of Disease; the conditions of Health, physical and passional; all that information which every human being needs, which few dare ask for, or know how to obtain, but which, amid the discordances and depravities of civilization, is of priceless value.

There are many subjects connected with the broad science of Human Life, of the deepest and most vital interest to man and the race, in regard to which a terrible ignorance every where prevails; an ignorance which is destroying the healths, shortening the lives, and sacrificing the happiness of millions—which threatens the power of nations, and the perpetuity of races. Professional anatomy, Physiology are dry, mechanical, or chemical abstrusely ignorant, as well as technically incomprehensible. The popular works are superficial, meager, and necessarily wanting in the most important matters. The quack books are full of errors, false in science, absurd in philosophy, mischievous in morals, and basely mercenary in their motives. In most cases these books are the advertising medium of some specious charlatan, who wants patients, or letters of consultation, or who has some instrument to sell, or some nostrum to palm off upon the credulous.

The world has need of a different book from any of these—such a book has never been written, and as cannot now be published in the usual way, sold by booksellers, or hawked by agents or peddlers. The author of Esoteric Anthropology, a Teacher, a Physician, a public and private Lecturer on all branches of Medical Science, has written this book with a frankness he never could have used in a work for the public, or one open to criticism. It is for his pupils and patients, for intelligent men and women, who wish to understand the deepest mysteries of life; especially it is for the noble and heroic few, who are brave enough to examine and accept new truths, and wise enough to profit by them.

Among the subjects treated of in this work, are the following: Man, and his relations to the Spiritual and Material Universe; Human Anatomy; the Chemistry of Man; Principles of Physiology and the Active Forces of Nature; the Three Groups of Functions, Organic, Animal, and Generative; the Whole Philosophy and Processes of Reproduction; The True Law of Marriage; The Conditions of Health; Causes of Disease; Curative Agencies; Processes of Water-cure; Diseases and Treatment; Passional Diseases; Diseases of the General System; Brain and Nerves; Respiration; Digestion; Generation; Gestation and Parturition; Lactation and the Management of Infancy, etc., etc., including every important condition and process from the beginning to the close of life, and containing especially—

1. A clear and simply illustrated view of the structure of the human body, and all its complex organism, male and female.

2. A full account of the functions of life, with such an illustrated description of the evolution of the embryo, as has not before been given.

3. All that is known of health and disease, with the means for the preservation of the former, and cure of the latter.

4. So careful an explanation of the whole process of gestation and childbirth, as will enable every woman to dispense with the services of a physician or professional midwife.

ESOTERIC ANTHROPOLOGY is plain and simple in language, full in illustration, as comprehensive as the utmost curiosity can wish, and without one line of quackery, or the remotest hinting at a fee.

It must be evident that such a book, written with the necessary freedom, and illustrated with fullness and fidelity, must not be profaned. It is not for the counter, the book-stall, the library shelf, or the center table. It is not to be offered for curious examination, nor urged upon those who can not appreciate its value. It is advertised, if he will. Whether the social proprieties be true or false, the author can not violate them, and he feels compelled to keep this book truly esoteric, a private work, to be sent as a confidential answer to a professional consultation, and he trusts that no person will apply for it who will not make it a point of honor to so consider it.

To all such persons it will be sent BY MAIL, to any designated address, POST PAID, on the receipt of One Dollar, sent free of postage, to T. L. NICHOLS M. D. Portchester, N. Y.

PAPER HANGING. C. U. Warnick, RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Stroudsburg and the surrounding country, that he still continues the above business, and may be found at his establishment on Elizabeth street. All orders for Paper Hanging will be punctually attended to, and executed in the best style, upon the most reasonable terms.

INDIA RUBBER GLOVES, MITTENS, & COUNTRY MERCHANTS, in making their purchases, should not neglect these desirable and saleable articles. Their manufacture has been much improved recently and they are made very durable. Particular attention is requested to the following: Wool Lined Gloves and Mittens.

They are indispensable in cold and wet weather. Ladies will find these Gloves useful in any work that will soil the hands, at the same time that they will cure the worst Salt Rheum or Chapped Hands immediately. They are made all lengths to protect the arms and wrists

For sale by Wilcox, Billings & Co. No. 3 Church Alley, Phila. Goodyear's 68 Chestnut street do. J. & H. Phillips, Pittsburgh, Pa. Falconer & Haskell, Baltimore, Md. H. W. Shiffer, Charleston, S. C. Bart & Hickox, Cincinnati, Ohio, and by all Rubber Dealers in the Union.

For sale at retail by Country Merchants generally. November 25, 1852.—2m

MONROE COUNTY Mutual Fire Insurance Comp'y.

The rate of Insurance is one dollar on the thousand dollars insured, after which payment no subsequent tax will be levied, except to cover actual loss or damage by fire, that may fall upon members of the company.

The net profits arising from interest or otherwise, will be ascertained yearly, for which each member in proportion to his, her, or their deposit, will have a credit in the company. Each insurer in or with the said company will be a member thereof during the term of his or her policy. The principle of