THE DAILY GAZETTE:
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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

GENERALITIES.

COLENSO approaches Buddhism.

BOSTON is to have a great public park

HARPER'S FERRY is now a summer resort.

EX-GOVERNOR CURTIN'S health improves.

CHURCH, the artist, is seriously ill in New York.

THE fish dealers of Boston are to have an exchange.

A COLORED postmistress exists in Jackson, Louisiana.

CHARLES LEVER is said to be the Blackwood critic of Lothair.

CHANG, the celestial Goliah, has gone back to his flowery home.

NEGROES and Indians are allowed to become Free Masons in Iowa.

EIGHTY-NINE marriage licenses were issued last week in Chicago.

JEFF DAVIS is under the impression that he is not writing a novel.

THERE is no yellow fever as yet in Galveston, but water is very scarce.

ACKERMANN being bald is objected to by good copperhead Republicans.

TIMOTHY TITCOMB's country seat is painted brilliant red with buff trimmings.

THE sisters of Gottschalk are to come out in concerts in this country next season.

KELLEY & LEON'S minstrels have concluded their tour and are back in New York.

A FEMALE temperance lecturer occupies Boston Common every evening this week.

THREE million pounds of quicksilver are produced annually by the California mines.

NEW ORLEANS is supplied with fresh meat now, slaughtered and prepared in Texas.

Eighty-three thousand violent deaths occurred last year in merry England and Wales.

MILLIONS of young shad are being raised in breeding boxes in the Connecticut river.

THOMAS & TOWNSEND'S varnish factory on Wood street, Philadelphia, was burned on Sunday morning.

A NATIVE Protestant movement is the latest thing in that land of all sorts of movements—Mexico.

IT is said that a small neat cottage at Newport can be rented now for five hundred dollars a week.

A FAMILY at Sarahsville, Ohio, have been attacked by Trichinae and are thought to be dying.

IF lightning rods and vaccination are of no account, what becomes of Doctors Franklin and Jenner?

A SUNDAY SCHOOL superintendent, named Beech has left Vernon, Ct., with $3,000 drawn on forged paper.

TEN thousand dollars is the inducement for a man to leap from the Suspension Bridge at Niagara Falls.

IT was a fancy shot made by a Norwich billiardist, the other day, when he killed a mad dog with his cue.

REV. WASHINGTON has been sent to prison for three years, by a Missouri judge, for stealing nine hogs.

THERE were 131 deaths in Baltimore last week, and exactly the same number during the same week last year.

THE *Northeastern Medical and Surgical Journal* is the name of a new paper started in St. Paul by Dr. Alex. J. Stone.

It is said that Tilton's position as the editor of a religious paper alone prevents him from challenging Hugh Hastings.

IN nine weeks preceding the 25th inst., 95,000,000 feet of lumber have been rafted above La Crosse and run down the river.

MORE Christians have become Jews than Jews Christians, in Austria, since such a change of opinion has been legal.

THE Czar, it is said, has requested Baron Hausmann to come and make St. Petersburg as fine a city as he has made Paris.

TEXAS boasts of a servant of the mother of George Washington. The wet nurse of his grandfather seems slow at turning up.

ANY ONE who wishes to escape jury duty can do so by removing to Richmond county, Georgia, and becoming a professional gambler.

BELLEVILLE, Ills., has more than two hundred German sparrows, which are said to be very useful indeed in destroying worms and bugs.

A MAN named Baird, who claims to have seventeen degrees in free masonry, is now lecturing against the order in Whiteside county, Ill.

A HOTEL poisoning case has agitated San Francisco until the cook explains the mystery by showing that he didn't keep his brass kettles clean.

Two young maidens in Hamilton, N. H., and one old one in Portsmouth have gone clean daft through religious excitement, brought on by a revival.

THE Mecca pilgrims have been very numerous and successful this year, and all the traders who accompanied their caravans have made money.

A JEALOUS St. Louis youth the other day threw stones at his successful rival as he was entering the church to be married to the lady whom both loved.

A COMPANY, largely composed of foreign capitalists, is getting up a steamship line between Sydney and San Francisco, to make the passage in 21 days.

THE latest about Fiske is that he has sent Maretzek to Europe to engage Schneider to play at the Grand Opera House, and Offenbach to lead the orchestra.

GEO. ANDREWS, in an argument with a friend named Davis in Marshal county, Miss., on the 16th, was victorious through the aid of a revolver, and Davis will argue no more.

A LITTLE three year old girl named Alice Koppel was run over by a street car in Philadelphia on Sunday and killed. An argument against running the horse cars on Sunday.

THE Rev. Dr. Osborne, of Nashville, Tennessee, while lecturing on temperance and in behalf of the Tennessee Asylum for inebriate, at Chattanooga got drunk and has been deposed.

IN Iowa, while excavations were going on for the cellar of a new church, a valuable vein of iron ore was struck, and now that congregation is trying to put up with its old building a while longer.

AN ingenious fellow in the lock-up at Middleton tried to escape by climbing out the chimney. There was a ventilator on top, and when he got his head through he stuck until pulled down by the legs.

DENNIS KELLY, Sheriff of Nueces county, Texas, was killed on the 12th, in an attempt to arrest a desperado named Thomas Burke. Burke had fled towards Mexico, but was pursued by Kelly's friends.

MUCH of the so-called Bull Ring oil about the disposal of which there was so much anxiety felt, will probably be paid for by the insurance companies, as a great quantity of it was burned in the fire of Tuesday.

MICHAEL FAIR, aged six months died suddenly in Philadelphia, while a battle was raging between his grand-parents. The result of the battle was the one killed and two others—the grand-parents—wounded.

IN INDIANA a Southern woman with "stacks of greenbacks," is buying horses and mules for the Southern market in Jackson and adjacent counties. She is said to be an excellent judge of stock, and a shrewd buyer.

A DREAM of being chased by a snake caused a traveling Californian to dive headforemost out of the window of a sleeping car running at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour. He was picked up unhurt.

GOV. NAVARRETE, of Lower California, has a son seven years old, and the latter lately, as godfather, held up at the baptismal font an infant who is his grand-uncle—that is, the brother of his grandmother. The grand-father of the boy and also the father of the child were present on the occasion.

A SERIOUS shooting affray occurred in Brandon, Miss., on the 13th of June, between Thomas H. Johnson and A. I. Aymaker, in which both were seriously wounded, and it was thought neither of the parties would recover.

THE Crispins of North Adams and other places in Massachusetts, finding it impossible to reconcile their differences with their former employers, propose to form a co-operative corporation and conduct business on their own account.

DR. FOSTER, editor of the Duluth *Minnesotian*, published an attack upon the gambling hells of that town the other day, and was pounded until he became insensible by an incensed citizen of the rebon hued lower limb variety.

A KEROSENE lamp explosion occurred recently at Rocky Mount, North Carolina setting fire to a blanket, which was hastily thrown out of the window. It turned out, however, that a baby was wrapped up in the blanket, and died of the fall.

ITALIAN journals report a discourse alleged to have been delivered by Mgr. Dusmet, Archbishop of Catania, in which that prelate quotes a letter from the Virgin Mary to the Ishabitants of Messina, upholding the dogma of infallibility.

IT is thought that the frightful explosion at Worcester, on Thursday last, was caused by dualine, a terrible compound manufactured by a German named Carl Ditmar, who established an extensive factory at North Quincy about a year ago.

A LUNATIC in a New England town was discovered one day last week at the grave of his father in the cemetery, having dug to the coffin. He had the lid open, and was calling on the old man to get up, telling him he had lain there long enough.

THE largest train of freight that ever reached St. Louis on either of the railroads centering in that city, arrived there one day last week, over the Iron Mountain Railroad. It consisted of 103 cars loaded with iron ore, and was drawn by one engine.

CARL H. WALLON, who recently committed suicide in Woodlawn Cemetery, near Boston, left a note declaring that "as the garden he had laid out had been devastated by the chickens of his son, he was tired of life and was going to meet his beloved wife."

JOHN TERRELL and Wm. Terrell, residing in Lineestone county Ala., were arrested and taken to Huntsville on the 16th, charged with belonging to a band of disguised men who have been engaged in abusing negroes and others in Limestone and Madison counties.

IN geography in the world is adulterey so severely dealt with as in China. A married woman near Shanghai recently had formed a guilty alliance, and consented to the murder of her husband by her lover. The crime was discovered and the woman nailed alive in her coffin on her husband's coffin and left to die.

WHEN a newspaper maligns the administration, advocates party bolts, talks about corruption and gives other evident signs of having been bought, it may be brought up by the powers that be and failed, the regular Democratic papers begin to quote copiously from its columns and always credit them the same way—thus for instance [From the Pittsburgh *Commercial—Radical*.

IMMEDIATELY after a Parisian wedding the party usually retire to the suburbs, where the *noce* is celebrated. It is rarely that the Customs' officers at the barriers examine the carriages of such merry-makers, but an ungallant official found recently when he took the place of the bride a lot of smuggled brandy, and it was discovered that the orange flowers and Valenciennes had long seen service on other occasions.

A FUNNY man in Alexandria, Va., the other evening bade his wife and children goodby, telling them that he was going to kill himself. He then jumped into the well of an old tobacco house in that locality, but crawled out through a dry drain that opened on the side of a hill near by, and watched with delight the efforts of a large crowd which soon collected to fish him out of the water at the bottom of the well.

THE Portage Lake (L. S.) *Mining Gazette* of June 22, has the following coppering news: The May product of the National Mine was 16 tons 586 pounds. Mine work at the Cliff Mine has been suspended, and the work of removing underground machinery, &c., is commenced. The month's product is 85 to 100 tons. The well known Manganese vein, at Copper Harbor, has lately been re-opened on the Clark property, with a large exhibit.

IF there is any good omen to be drawn from happy conjunctions of augurious names, says a Philadelphia paper, Mr. Samuel J. Randall must look to his laurels in the First Congressional District. Last time he ran against Mr. Berry and he result showed that things were not quite ripe for a Republican success. But now Mr. Hickel is in the field. Against such a combination as the Hickel-Berry movement, Mr. Randall does not stand a ghost of a chance.

THE principal product of Styria is iron. A tradition of long standing among the natives relates that when the Barbarians from the regions north of the Danube drove the Romans from Styria, the Genius of the Mountains appeared to the conquerors, and said: "Take your choice; will you have gold mines for a year, silver for twenty years, or iron forever?" The wise Romans, who had seen much of life, had begun to appreciate the relative value of the precious metals, at once decided to accept iron forever.

THERE is promise of a lively time in the fishing interest along the coast of Maine, as the season for taking menhaden approaches. The owners of nets are seeking to have the State law enforced which prohibits seining within three miles of shore, while the seiners, who have extensive works along the coast, do not propose to abandon them without a contest. They deny the power of the Legislature to restrict the use of the coastal fisheries, which, they contend, are solely within the jurisdiction of Congress, and will test the constitutionality of the statute, with General Butler as counsel.

HENRIETTA WARD, a mulatto woman, was reading in Cincinnati, in 1835, as a free woman. A man named Ward and a woman named Boyd abducted her from Cincinnati to Kentucky: where she was held as slave several months, was then sold to a Mississippi and finally to a Texas planter. She worked in Texas for fifteen years as a common field hand until emancipated by President Lincoln. She has brought suit against Ward and the woman Boyd for $20,000, as the value of her services for the fifteen years she was deprived of her liberty. If her case is correctly reported, we trust she will recover every cent of it.

SATURDAY last was a fatal day in Louisville. Mr. C. H. Wahl fell off the front platform of a car, which ran over his hips and killed him. This may be set down as another instance of the melancholy effects of abstinence from drink. Mr. Wahl had been a great drunkard, but for several days had "sworn off," which so unstrung his nerves that this fatal fall was the result. On the same day Mr. Alex. Gillmore rose very early in the morning and went to the cemetery, to sprinkle the flowers on his daughter's grave. It is supposed he was seized with apoplexy, as he was found with his head in a stream of water, dead. This is an instance of the calamitous effects of early rising, as if the hour had been later some aid would probably have come to the unfortunate victim of a double death. On the same day John Crouse, aged seventy-two and tired of life, took morphine, wrote a farewell letter to his wife, and then sat down and soothed his last moments with a pipe, with which in his mouth, upon which rested a smile; testifying to the excellence of the tobacco, his lifeless clay was found next morning. On Friday Mr. C. Kirch, troubled about his business, went head foremost into the river, and on Saturday the coroner's jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts. Also, on Saturday, a small colored boy, six years old, overcome by the weight of the literature of the period, as contained in a heavy book case which he pulled over on himself, departed this life.

A QUESTION OF VERACITY.

[From the Sunday Dispatch, June 26th.]

We understand that there is a little "unpleasantness" in the *Commercial* office arising from the course of the paper in indorsing the Third Party movement, and the failure of the stockholders of late to realize anything from their investment. As report goes, a number of the stockholders repudiated altogether the action of Mr. Brigham in identifying the paper with the new movement, while, as regards the business management of the office, it is charged that it is non-paying because it is the interest of its managers to keep it so, in order to tire out the outside stockholders, and force them, as it were, to part with their stock at figures to suit the purpose of Brigham, Thompson & Co. As showing how the matter stands it is reported that a short time ago Mr Brigham had an interview with one of the stockholders, a well known business man of the city, whose name we can supply when required, and proposed to buy his stock from him. The gentleman replied he hadn't thought of selling, but asked him what he would give for it. Brigham replied $25 00 per share, providing he would take it out in advertising, etc. The gentleman, who knows more about the newspaper business than Messrs. Brigham and Thompson put together, having a tolerably fair idea of the "game" in hand, told the former that he would rather buy than sell on the terms proposed, and to show how little faith he had in the correctness of Mr. B's estimate of the value of the stock, he offered to purchase all the latter had in the paper at $100 00 per share, cash down. Here was a trap that Brother B. did not calculate upon, but without going into the details of his explanation why the paper was not making money, or, if making money, why the stockholders did not get a nibble at the profits, suffice it to say that, though very anxious to buy at $25 00 he declined selling at $100 00—a fact which helped to open the other's eyes to the game being played by the "Ring," and the futility of expecting any return from his stock so long as the present clique hold a controlling interest in the paper. The present difference are likely to develop something more in this matter than we care to state just now, for we must not anticipate, and will possess ourselves in patience till the *denouement* is reached, be it through the courts or otherwise.

[From the Commercial, June 27th.]

The "is not a particle of truth in what the *Sunday Dispatch* prints concerning the management of the *Commercial* in connection with the Third Republican Movement.

[From Dispatch June 28.]

PHILADELPHIA, June 28.—My attention has just been directed to an obscure paragraph in the *Commercial* affecting to deny the truth of an article in the *Sunday Dispatch* touching the political affairs of the *Commercial* stockholders with the business management of that paper, and exposing the scheme of Brigham, Thompson & Co. to ring the House on the stock of the concern at a price less than half its par value, and less than one-fourth the value placed upon it by the members of the ring themselves. Not having an opportunity to reply at length, I will here simply state that every word of the article alluded to was true. Mr. Brigham did propose to get a certain number of the shares of the stock at twenty-five dollars per share, to be taken out in advertising, while he refused one hundred dollars a share cash for his one share from the same party whom he thought he wheedle into taking it. The party in question would work and he didn't get the stock. That there may be no misunderstanding in the matter, I may state without any breach of confidence, that the party over whom I propose to draw the wool was Benjamin Singerly, State Printer, from whom I myself had the statement, with the additional remark that Mr. Brigham said the stock cost him nothing, and that he was long time before they could get anything out of the concern. In other words, he intimated pretty clearly that the programme laid down by the ring to secure the stock for themselves at a sacrifice to the owners, was to make the stockholders sick of their investment, and thus in a measure force them to sell at any figure the ring might choose to buy at. These are the plain facts, and however the *Commercial* managers may squirm at the exposure they cannot be contradicted.

D. O'N.

Popularity of Steinway in Pittsburgh.

It is a significant fact that whether the times be good or whether they be bad, the sale of the Steinway Pianos are steadily on the increase. These instruments are in a fair way to absorb and swallow up the bulk of the piano trade of the country. During the war any rat-trap in the shape of a piano found ready sale. Not so to-day, people who purchase now want the best, full value received for their money, and have a great preference for the Steinway manufacture. Among the many sold during the past week, for who we find the following: Joseph Dilworth, Esq., a concert grand; Rev. James R. Mendenhall, of Washington, Pa., a Steinway upright; Sisters of Mercy, St. Aloysius' Academy, Loretto, a Steinway square grand; Charles Ackenheil, civil engineer, a Steinway square; Philip Mertz, Esq., a Steinway upright; Joseph Abel, Esq., a Steinway square; James Hepburn, Esq., Wheeling, a Steinway square; M. L. Dillon, Esq., a Steinway square; Mrs. Wm. Nicol, McKeesport, a Steinway square; A. C. Hays, Esq., a Steinway square, and many others, all of which were purchased at the Piano warerooms of Messrs. H. Kleber & Bro., who are the exclusive and wholesale agents for the Steinway manufacture for Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and North-western Virginia.

Comfort for Octogenarians.

When you are eighty years old, good reader, you may soliloquize after this fashion:

"I have become very deaf. What a blessing! There is quite a lot of silly talk I cannot hear—such scandals, etc.

"My eyes are failing. How fortunate! I do not see a tithe of the folly and wickedness that is going on around me. I am blind to faults that would provoke me to censure.

"I have lost my teeth, and my voice is not very laudable. Well, I find it is no use babbling to folks who won't listen, so I save my breath for better purposes. I don't show my teeth where I can't bite. I venture on no tough meat.

"My taste is not so discriminating as of yore, and the good is that I am the more easily satisfied, don't keep finding fault, am contented and thankful. A nice palate is a plague I have got rid of.

"My joints are rather stiff. Well, if they were ever so supple, I do not want to go to see the sights, hear concerts make speeches, nor carouse at least.

"I am not so strong as I was; but for what do I need to be stout? I am not going to wrestle or fight with any body. My morals are generally improved.

"My brain is not so clear as in my younger days, therefore I am neither so hot-headed nor opinionated I forget a thousand injuries."

Congress Hall, Cape May.

Those who have visited Cape May this season go into ecstacies over the elegance and general good arrangements of the palatial "Congress Hall" hotel at Cape May, N. J., which is presided over by Mr. J. F. Cake. This mammoth new resort opened on June 1st, and erected on the site of the old homelike structure, has capacity to accommodate in the very best manner a regiment of guests. It is palatial in its appointments, furnished throughout in the most elegant and comfortable manner. Already a large number of guests for the season have taken rooms, and society there this season will be of the very highest order. Mr. Cake, the genial host, who by the way is largely spoken of as a candidate for Congress in the First New Jersey District, carefully looks after the comfort and enjoyment of his guests and is ably assisted by the old corps of clerks, whose politeness and attention made in past seasons Congress Hall so popular and pleasant.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, JUNE 30, 1870. VOL. LXXXV.—NO. 150.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

XLIST CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION.)

SENATE: The Tax-Tariff Bill Still Under Consideration. HOUSE: Senate Business Considered—Conference Report on the Currency Bill Rejected.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 29, 1870.

SENATE.

Mr. SHERMAN presented a memorial upon the importance of making a full appropriation for the Louisville canal according to the engineer's estimates. Referred to Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Cameron's motion to reconsider the Texas Pacific Railroad bill was defeated 15 to 31.

Mr. RICE, for Mr. Brownlow, introduced a bill to divide the Statent Tennessee into two Judicial Districts.

The bill to authorize the Kansas Pacific Railroad to extend its railway and telegraph lines to El Paso, New Mexico, was considered.

Mr. DRAKE moved a substitute.

Upon the expiration of the morning hour the bill was laid over, and the tax-tariff bill proceeded with.

The following provisions relating to insurance companies were inserted on recommendation of the Finance Committee:

And the tax upon dividends of insurance companies shall not be deemed due until such dividends are payable either in money or otherwise, and money returned by mutual insurance companies to their policy holders, and annual or semi-annual interest allowed or paid to depositors in savings banks or savings institutions, shall not be considered as dividends.

The paragraph making the duty on bituminous coal and slack fifty cents per ton of twenty-eight bushels, eighty pounds to the bushel, was defeated and rejected—18 to 23.

The rate remaining as under the present law.

The recommendations of the Committee specifying the following duties were agreed to:

On rough or unfinished grind stones one dollar and a half, and on finished grind stones two dollars per ton.

On free stone, sand stone, granite and all building or monumental stone, except marble, one dollar per ton.

On all sawed, dressed or polished marble thirty per cent. *ad valorem*.

On oil of soda or other alkalinit silicate, one-half cent per pound.

On sulphate of soda and all decomposition, thirty-five per cent. *ad valorem*.

On nickel twenty-three cents per pound.

On nickel oxide and nickel matte with copper fifteen cents per pound.

On fire brick, twenty-five per cent. *ad valorem*; free importations for breeding purposes to be allowed in countries beyond the seas so as not to extend to Canada and Mexico.

The Committee recommended the striking out of the provision for a tax of one dollar on each share of stock at a price less than half its par value, and less than one-fourth the value placed upon it by the members of the ring themselves, Mr. Howe having an opportunity to reply at length. I will here simply state that every word of the article alluded to was true. Mr. Brigham did propose to get a certain number of the shares of the stock at twenty-five dollars per share, to be taken out in advertising, while he refused one hundred dollars a share cash for his one share from the same party whom he thought to wheedle into taking it. The party in question would work and he didn't get the stock. That there may be no misunderstanding in the matter, I may state without any breach of confidence, that the party over whom I propose to draw the wool was Benjamin Singerly, State Printer, from whom I myself had the statement, with the additional remark that Mr. Brigham said the stock cost him nothing, and that he was long time before they could get anything out of the concern. In other words, he intimated pretty clearly that the programme laid down by the ring to secure the stock for themselves at a sacrifice to the owners, was to make the stockholders sick of their investment, and thus in a measure force them to sell at any figure the ring might choose to buy at. These are the plain facts, and however the *Commercial* managers may squirm at the exposure they cannot be contradicted.

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SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK

NEWS BY CABLE.

Financial Matters in London—John Bright Convalescent—Case of Capt. Eyre of the Bombay—Funeral of Earl Clarendon—New French Loan —Uneasiness in Paris Commercial Circles—The Infallibility Dogma—The French Monetary Commission—Large Carpet Manufactory Destroyed—Madrid Press Protest Against the Restoration of the Bourbons.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, June 29.—There is a very active demand for money, both at the banks and on the street.

John Bright's restoration to health is thought to be permanent.

The new Foo Chow Foo tea, lately received here, proves to be of an inferior quality.

Additional correspondence between the Board of Trade and Captain Eyre of the Bombay, concerning the collision with the Gaelda, is published. It closed with a communication from the Board of Trade refusing to re-open the case.

The House of Commons was engaged in the consideration of local matters to-day.

The funeral of Earl Clarendon took place to-day. In accordance with the wishes of the deceased the ceremony was strictly private.

Vice Chancellor Sir William Jones has been appointed Lord Justice of the Court of Appeals.

In the case of Lyons against Thomas, wherein the defendant was sued for the abduction of Esther Lyons and her conversion from Judaism, the plaintiff was non-suited.

A tenement house, at Leith, containing fourteen families, was destroyed by fire last night. It is believed all the inmates were rescued.

Lord Lindsay, on the occasion of laying the corner stone of the Congregational School House at Newcastle, to-day, made an address, in which he said it was the duty of the government to supply means of education, but he could not accept any substitute for voluntary schools.

The Liverpool Chamber of Commerce to-day adopted resolutions commending Lord Clarendon. The Chamber passed a resolve urging better facilities for mail communication with India.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 29.—The French government is negotiating a heavy loan in order to complete the regeneration of Paris, inaugurated by Napoleon and Haussmann.

Quiet has been nominally restored.

There is much uneasiness in commercial circles, and business of all kinds is almost at a stand-still.

The precautionary measures of the Government to guard against disorders have not been shared.

It is said the Emperor Napoleon and General Bazaine and Lorrano acquiesced in the abdication of Isabella, but that Prim and the Prince of the House of Orleans should succeed to the throne of Spain.

Dispatches from Rome contradict the report that the question of the dogma of infallibility will be postponed, and state that it will be decided, and that the promulgation of the new dogma will take place in a few days.

One of the largest carpet manufactories in Beauvais was burned last night. Twenty-five Six buildings, with all the costly machinery and large stock, were destroyed. The loss is estimated at over one million dollars. Two eight hundred operatives are thrown out of employment.

The French Monetary Commission to define the current gold coins, decided that the only legal standard tender. It recommends France be assimilated in value to the British gold ,sovereigns and American half eagles.

SPAIN.

MADRID, June 28.—The press protest against the restoration of the Bourbon dynasty in the person of a son of Isabella.

The law authorizing civil marriages goes into operation on the 1st of September.

MARINE NEWS.

SOUTHAMPTON, June 29.—The steamship Deutschland, from New York, arrived here.

QUEENSTOWN, June 29.—The steamship City of Washington, from New York, touched here.

ITALY

FLORENCE, June 29.—It is reported that Gen. Garibaldi is quite ill.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, June 29.—*Evening.*—Consols for money 93¼; for account 93¾. American securities steady: 5's, 86; '62, 90¼; '67, 89¾. Stocks steady: Erie, 8¾; Erie, pfd., 18; Illinois, 14; Great Western, 28.

FRANKFORT, June 29.—Bonds unchanged.

PARIS, June 29.—Bonds unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, June 29.—Cotton middling uplands 9¾d; the Orleans 10¾d; the sales 10,000 bales. Cotton this week: White 10¼ @ 10¾; western No. 2 winter red 9s 10d; red western 9s 6d. Western Flour 22s @ 24s. Corn 35s 6d. Peas 39s 6d. Oats 2s 5d. Barley 5s. Pork 75s 6d. Provisions and produce unchanged. Tallow quiet at 39s. Cheese 60s. Bacon 56s for Cumberland cut. Lard 62s for short rib. Produce unchanged.

LONDON, June 29.—Tallow dull at 38s. Linseed Oil 31s 6d. Sugar 40s 6d. Petroleum at Antwerp ——. Hops 56£ @ 14£.

PARIS, June 29.—Bonds closed flat at 92.98¾. Cotton heavy at 116 francs.

NEW YORK CITY.

The Railroad War in Court—Midland Railroad—Mandamus Issued in the Brooklyn Park Case—Hot Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 29, 1870.

THE RAILROAD WAR IN COURT.

In the Supreme Court to-day the case of the Erie Railway Company vs. L. S. Co., & N. Y. C. and Hudson River Company came up on the order to show cause why an injunction should not be granted. Mr. Fairchild, appearing for the Central R. R., read in opposition his own affidavit, to the effect that the foundation of action was an agreement nineteen years old between the four companies, which had ceased to exist. None of the present managers of the defendants were connected with the original corporation, and the books and papers of these old corporations had been passed up and laid aside and are scattered from Chicago to Albany; that the Central has made no contracts inconsistent with this contract, and confined its business to its own lines. Upon the petition of its provisions, if any, the defendants would have, to meet this motion, to look into facts which would be matter of defense of plaintiff's conduct for that, time, and that they have not time to do so much for such preparation; that the injunction will require the restoration of over ninety miles of road to a gauge which had been abandoned since the making of this contract by the managers of the road, and performed using it and by the owners of this ninety miles abandoned with the knowledge and assent of the plaintiff; such injunction would compel four hundred thousand passengers a year to change cars at Buffalo and the transfer of ten million tons of freight a year at the Suspension Bridge, involving delay and expense to the public much greater than the three million dollars damages claimed by the plaintiff, using an exceptional gauge and only reaching Pennsylvania Central and Baltimore & Ohio lines. Mr. Sherman, for the Erie Railway Company, was willing there should be an adjournment. After considerable discussion Mr. Sherman submitted the order adjourning, but meantime enjoining the Lake Shore from selling through tickets in which the New York Central is designated as the road to be traveled in place of the Erie, enjoining it from withholding the same co-operation in regard to forwarding freight designated for the Erie road that they gave to freight intended for other roads, and enjoining them from making any discrimination against freight intended for the Central. The court said it would take the papers and if there was anything improper in the order it would strike it out.

THE MIDLAND RAILROAD.

Ex-Lieutenant Governor Littlejohn addressed the Produce Exchange to-day in favor and explanation of the Midland Railroad, which he said could be finished in eighteen months, and for $1,250,000 more, which amount, the State having refused its aid, he wished to raise among the business men of the city. The Exchange adopted favorable resolutions urging subscriptions by citizens.

MANDAMUS ISSUED.

Judge Pratt to-day issued a peremptory mandamus compelling Mayor Kalbfleisch, of Brooklyn, to sign the Prospect Park bonds.

THE HEAT.

The weather is still intensely hot. The thermometer ranged 83 to 86 to-day. There were several deaths from sun stroke.

ARRIVALS.

The steamships New York, Helvetia, City of Cork, Minnesota and Acadia arrived from Europe to-day.

OBITUARY.

Senor Morales Lemus, diplomatic representative of the Cuban insurgents, died yesterday.

Upper Rivers.

[By P. & A. Telegraph.]

BROWNSVILLE, June 29.—River stationary, with two and a half feet water in the channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 80 at 6 P. M.

OIL CITY, June 29.—River at a stand, with seventeen inches water in the channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 95 at 4 P. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Appointments by the President—San Domingo Question—Flag of California Silk—The Army Bill—Mail Contract Awarded.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 29, 1870.

NOMINATIONS.

The President has sent the following nominations to the Senate:

J. W. Peirce, United States Marshal Northern District of Missouri; John M. Oliver, formerly of Michigan, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of District of Columbia.

Postmasters—Geo. W. Ruff, Napoleon, Ohio; M. W. Hoyt, Yankton, Dakota; Geo. Miller, Boonville, Missouri; Chas H. Austin, Portage City, Wisconsin; Edward Wesley, Prairie du Chien, Wisconsin; Chas. A. Holmes, Jefferson, Wisconsin; Thos. Dabbatt, Laramie City, Wyoming; Geo. W. H. Dixon, South Pass City, Wyoming; E. Frank, Emporia, Kansas; John Kessler, Connersville, Indiana; Jno. Osborne, Green Castle, Indiana; A. W. De Lone, Huntington, Indiana; Geo. F. Comley, Chenoa, Illinois; N. C. Kenyon, Chatsworth, Illinois; Geo. H. Jenkins, Minonk, Illinois; Jas. W. Coventry, Edwardsville, Illinois; Z. Rusty, Watseka, Illinois.

SAN DOMINGO QUESTION.

In the Senate executive session to-day an hour was spent on the San Domingo treaty. Mr. Morrill, of Vermont, reading a speech in opposition to it. Some of the most earnest friends of the treaty, seeing it cannot receive the requisite two-thirds vote, will make an effort to annex San Domingo by joint resolution, as in the case of Texas, which would require merely a majority of each House.

FLAG FOR CONSULS.

Joseph Neaman, of San Francisco, has arrived with the magnificent flag made of California silk, which he intends to present in the name of that State to Congress. It was displayed to-day in the marble room of the Senate where it attracted great attention on account of its size and beauty, as well as being the first American flag ever made of native silk.

THE ARMY BILL.

Several weeks have passed since the House concurred in the report of the Committee of Conference on the Army Bill. The chairman of the Military Committee will call up the report as soon as a suitable opportunity shall occur.

MAIL CONTRACT AWARDED.

The New Orleans and Havana mail steamship service via Key West was to-day awarded by the Postmaster General to Sanford Hite, of St. Louis. The subsidy is $58,000 per annum and the contract is for four years.

THE INDIANS.

Appearance of Hostile Bands at Various Points —Pursuit of Savages in Wyoming—Red Cloud and Tribe on a Buffalo Hunt.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, June 29.—Reports have been received at Lieut. Gen. Sheridan's headquarters to the effect that bands of hostile Indians have appeared within a few days at Big Bend River Station, Medicine Bow, Rawlins, Como and other points. In some instances United States troops are in pursuit.

CHEYENNE, June 28.—Lieut. Young and command returned to Rawlins last evening, the Indians having successfully escaped from the vicinity of the night. The supposed Indian loss in killed and wounded is twenty-seven. Sergeant Kessner, of the cavalry, was wounded in the thigh.

A telegram from Fort Fetterman says Indians killed and scalped a Mexican named Picayune yesterday near the Platte, within sight of the fort. It is reported also that they killed two squaws while hunting with the whites.

A report from Fort Laramie says Red Cloud and his tribe are now on a buffalo hunting and will be gone a week or two, when they will come back, made and talk peace.

—At a meeting of the Committee of Arrangements for the Woolen Exhibition to be held in Philadelphia, August 1, a committee was appointed to make suitable accommodations for the ladies visiting the exhibition. The use of the Skating Rink has been procured for the exhibition. From present indications it will be a very large affair. All the railroads have agreed to transport exhibitors at half fare and articles for exhibition free.

—The New York *Times'* money article says: At the end of the fiscal year, on Thursday last, the books of the Treasury Department showed the Treasury has received $12,500,000 in custom duties, and the country has consumed foreign goods to the value of about $400,000,000 in excess of last year, and that we have exported produce, gold values, in the settlement of our foreign trade, more than last year.

—Resolutions have been passed by the Senate of the Republic of Colombia, instructing the government to propose an alliance with the Republic of Spanish America, with a view to bring about the liberation of Cuba and Porto Rico. Should Spain refuse to withdraw her troops from these islands, the allies are to declare war against her and aid the Cubans in achieving their independence.

—Since President Grant's message on affairs in Cuba, the Spanish papers in Havana have indulged in an extremely threatening tone toward the United States, urging the immediate recognition of the Cuban Juntas in New York, New Orleans and other American cities, and the seizure and delivery to Spain of the steamer Lyon.

—A special train with about one hundred prominent citizens of Boston, left that city for towns along the Decatur and East St. Louis Railroad, arrived at St. Louis yesterday afternoon and returned in the evening. The guest of honor was Gen. Grant, who spoke at two points, but will not be opened for business for a few weeks yet.

—The capture of the Upton's Bend (Ark.) fortress is attributed to a surprise by the Cuban Junta in New York. A small force crossed the Mississippi and intercepted the bands of the Spaniards, giving them important information of the designs of the Cubans in the United States.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—The Consecration of JOHN WESLEY CHAPEL will take place on SUNDAY, July 3d, at which time the Right Rev. BISHOP CLINTON, Dr. MATTHEWS, Rev. COLE, and others, will be present. Jel0:2t*

PROPOSALS FOR COAL.—Sealed Proposals will be received at No. 12 WYLIE STREET, until July 6th, 1870, for from six (6,000) to ten (10,000) thousand bushels of good LUMP COAL, to be delivered at the Grant School House. Jel0:2t

BARBARA GORBACH VS. CHAS. WITTIG, Nos. ——, In District Court of Allegheny county. Action of Slander.

This therein, with witnesses that I, Chas. Wittig, the defendant in above cases, in consideration of the plaintiff committed discontinue said action, do hereby covenant and agree with said plaintiff as follows, viz:

First, That I will pay the cost of said actions. Second, I do hereby voluntarily declare that the language charged in said actions is not true in truth and in fact, and I acknowledge damagatory conduct to be improper, but believe her to be an honest and virtuous woman. Third, That I will publish, or have published, under my name, in all the German papers, published in said county, and in the Gazette, *Dispatch* and *Post*, a full and distinct retraction of any and all words said by me at any time to her, uttered of and concerning the plaintiff's character.

Witness my hand and seal this 21st day of June, A. D. 1870.

Witness: JOHN MELLON. CHAS. H. WITTIG. Jel0:2t

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the change in Grading and Paving of Ross street.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pitbsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading and Paving of Ross street, from Bates alley to 43d street, and to let the same in the manner direct