THE DAILY GAZETTE

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

MONDAY, JUNE 20, 1870.

BONDS at Frankfort, 96¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 53½.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 112¾@112⅞.

THE CALL for the election of delegates to the forthcoming Republican County Nominating Conventions, issued by the Chairman of the Executive Committee, appears in another column of to-day's paper.

SPAIN is willing to make honorable amends for the outrage on American commerce in the seizure and detention of the steamer Aspinwall, inasmuch as it would be quite unfortunate for that nation to involve itself in any slight unpleasantness with our government, particularly at this juncture of affairs with Cuba.

IT IS PROBABLE that Mr. Ackerman will be confirmed successor to Attorney General Hoar, but the Senate will be first satisfied as to his antecedents during the war. His record is not the rosiest for loyalty, but he may succeed in explaining that his connection with the Confederate Army was more compulsory than of his own election.

THE BRILLIANT SUCCESS which has attended thus far the great International Saengerfest at Cincinnati, is a matter worthy the pride and congratulations of all classes of our people. It is a grand peace spectacle, and following so closely on the somewhat similar Boston Jubilee, betokens an awakening throughout the land of a new love and enthusiasm for the fine arts.

THE REPUBLICAN PRIMARY MEETINGS to select delegates to the forthcoming nominating conventions already excite attention, and in many districts tickets have been put forward for the support of the people. It is a matter of grave importance that none but good, true and honest representatives should find seats in the conventions—men who will not be biased in their judgment or influenced to nominate any but such candidates as will unite the people in hearty support. It is well to earnestly urge the voters of the district to attend the primary elections and to see to it that their duty is faithfully discharged so far as the selection of proper delegates is concerned. No one who purposely absents himself from the polls at the election for delegates can have good cause to complain of the material out of which the conventions may be composed, or their actions in nominating assembly.

EUROPE is about to be convulsed in a general strike among the workmen who are dissatisfied with their conditions. These strikes generally accomplish no betterment of the condition of the laborers, but entail upon them a train of distressing evils. Labor the world over is worth only what it will bring, and in foreign countries it brings hardly enough to sustain the lives of the operators, who are compelled to drag through miserable existences in their native lands or emigrate to other countries. It is against such ill requited labor that the friends of free trade would bring our own reasonably remunerated working men into competition. When protection is withdrawn from our own laborers and the pernicious doctrines of the free traders' prevail, we can well anticipate the same miserable situation in which the foreign working classes are now groaning for those who are now happy and contented in the workshops of the land.

THEORY VS. PRACTICE.

History discloses a great mass of profitless speculation. Vain attempts have been made to accomplish impracticable schemes. To their authors the success of their plans seemed certain and their own fame and fortunes secure. There was but a single step between the present and the realization of their fondest hopes. But some unforeseen and uncalculated element defeated all their plans and forever disappointed their high hopes, and rendered the remaining part of their lives wretched. So many a life has been wasted and many a high expectation disappointed. In the single department of patents there have been 30,000 such the past year. And then there are the books written which are to secure immortality to their authors, but are never published; the discoveries to be made which are never realized. So it has been all along the page of history. The alchemist was for a long time on the very verge of discovering the philosopher's stone, the elixir of life. The astronomers formed many a theory of the heavens which further investigation or discovery proved fallacious. The chemist had his absurd theories of combustion, electricity and attraction, and the lover of wealth his views of gold never realized.

The theoretical and practical are not always combined in the same individual. To speculate is easy; to really invent and discover are not so easy. How numerous were the theories of the way in which a return to a specie basis was to be secured, and yet the result has not been reached. There was of all of them but one best way. The end will at some time be attained, but when it is not so easy to affirm. Because it will at some time come, it by means follows that it must be done at once. Immediate resumption would have been general ruin. The boy will become, if spared, a man. But it by no means follows that on that account he is now to be entrusted with all the cares and have imposed all the toils of manhood. So it has been said all wars and fighting, and even self-defence are wrong, as the time will come—millineal period—when they will cease, therefore they shall cease *now* to be practised. All attacks on individuals and nations should be submitted to without any attempt at defence. The wicked should be allowed unrestricted license to kill and destroy. Such was Wayland's theory of the war, but when our great life-struggle commenced, when his views were put to the test he abandoned them, rewrote his section on this subject and was found in the public hall earnestly and eloquently urging the people to rescue our nation from ruin. So also wrote Walker, the ultra peace man, but when their Peace Convention assembled in Boston at the commencement of our struggle, he and nearly all others with him declared *this war* to be a righteous one and were earnest in its advocacy. His views of Free Trade, when put to the test, are equally unsound.

The time will come, it is said, when Free Trade doctrines will prevail in this country. Admit it, what follows? That we should now in all respects carry them out? By no means. The theory is good, if all men had started together and with the same advantages in the race. But England had a thousand years the start of us, and in all this long period has come gradually to her laws on this subject. The child of a day is asked to compete in all things with the parent of a half century, and told it must suffer if it cannot. What we are to be centuries hence we should be now. The acorn should become the tall and strong oak at once. Only Indian jugglery can effect this, and only similar jugglery can deceive people into the doctrine of immediate Free Trade and non-protection to any department of American industry. These advocates for immediate and unconditional Free Trade, who are assuming England as the standard of right, do not tell how she did protect herself and how she now does it, or how New England never could have succeeded in her manufactures for which she so earnestly contended, that no purely agricultural nation has ever become rich or powerful, or that nations have risen or fallen with their manufactories, or that the interests of the laborer are as closely connected with the success of manufactories as are those of the capitalist. They have a theory which they are sure is correct, but which has never been tried in precisely our circumstances, and they neglect to inquire if it is fit and expedient for *us* now. The practical man says the time has not come—that with Free trade now the wages of the operative must be reduced so low that he could not support himself, or that our manufactories must be closed, affording no employment to the operative and bringing incalculable evils on our land.

Theoretically, all men should do right, but they do not; theoretically, all men should be allowed to buy and sell what they please, provided they do not interfere with the rights of others, but practically we restrict men in the sales of gun powder, poisons and ardent spirits and certain kinds of publications, and we arrest and punish those who disobey the laws. When all men shall be good the laws may be different. When all nations shall be disposed to do right and circumstances shall be equal, then the laws may be the same.

THAT THIRD PARTY.

The movement to establish a third party, whose object is to accomplish a "reform" in the Republican party, is enveloped in so much mystery that it hardly deserves any more notice. Whoever framed it or designed the plan has been discreet enough—or perhaps cowardly enough would be better words—to screen himself and coadjutors from public gaze, for no names have yet been given in connection with the movement. No true Republican can attach his name to such a paper with impunity, for he will thereby shut himself out of the communion, and to no purpose and for no plausible reason whatever, be left to muse over treachery unrequited. The *Dispatch*, an independent journal that cannot be called organ of either the Republicans or Democrats, has doubtless unearthed the birth-place of the thus far fatherless whelp, in the following strong article, which we publish entire, believing that the insight into the movement which it affords, should be enjoyed by all the voters in the county:

As we suspected would be the case, the *Commercial* failed yesterday to give the names of the signers to its call for a convention for the formation of a third party. The understood reason for this is, that it has few or no names, and fears to publish what it has, lest the weakness of its movement should become apparent. This fact being settled, it only remains for us to expose the corruption and villainy involved in this movement, as it properly deserves. The movement is based on the pretense that it is necessary to secure purity in the Republican party. It proposes to secure this by forestalling, not only the regular convention of the party, *but even the primary meetings*, at which the delegates to the convention are elected! Thus, under pretense of securing purity, it really takes, so far as it has power, the entire nomination from the regular convention and delegates from the people; that this is utterly corrupt and dishonest a few considerations will show. No fact is more clearly determined in party politics than that when the *people*, become tired of any particular *regime* or office-holders, or of the manner in which the affairs of the party are conducted, they perfectly understand how to remedy the evil. They simply go to the primary meetings, elect delegates whom they know, and the work is done. Usually even this is not required. No man can maintain his prestige as a party leader who does not either give that party success or conduct its affairs so honestly as to command confidence. The only hold politicians have on a party is that which is either voluntary or supinely conceded. Granting, then, that the *Commercial* is right in its views as to corruption in the management of the party, there are ready and ample remedies within the party organization. And the *Commercial* well knows that one-half the effort it will put forth to develop a third party would do much toward rendering the party organization perfectly satisfactory to every honest man in the party, if it is not now. The third party movement is not, therefore, an honest attempt at reform. It is an attempt to dominate the party by means of a threat of a split. It is an attempt to foist upon the party a "ring," which shall dictate its nominations and policy. Such attempts are always dishonest and corrupt. They are always advocated as "reforms," but always turn out most villainous corruptions.

But the *Commercial's* editorial supporting the movement contains internal evidence of glaring dishonesty. The heading to its article, "Throw the Tea Overboard," if it means anything, means an entire cutting loose from the Republican party. All through, it professes to have hearsay knowledge of the nature of the proposed movement, when it knows it originated in the *Commercial* office, and that it has no respectable Republican support. It claims also that it cannot be used for the disintegration of the Republican party, when it knows it is doing its utmost to bring about just this result. It claims that the desire is for the people to nominate a strong and honest ticket, when it adopts precisely the same methods in nominating its crowd. It practically claims that the movement is spontaneous, when it knows that it originated in the *Commercial* office, and has no Republican strength. It professes to desire to remedy evil and does not wait to see if the evil exists. It is simply a sham and a lie and is an attempt to dictate the party nominations. After so much hypocrisy and double-dealing as its editorial presents, we must be excused from believing it when it asserts what the regular convention will do. But hypocrisy and falsehood aside, the attempt to forestall the regular action of the party is an especial outrage. Of course, it is better, if we have traitors, that they show their hands early. It enables us to gauge their resources, and estimate their force. We know, directly, just what the party has to contend against. But all this does not take away from the contemptible meanness of an attempt to forestall the action of the party, and to take other action in its name, before it is known that its regular action will be unsatisfactory. It is equivalent to affirming that the people, as well as the party, are not to be trusted. Aside from corrupt motives involved, the movement simply flaunts insult in the face of the people. And especially so, when it is known that the people intend to be present at the primaries and to elect delegates to represent them in convention. Dare the *Commercial* proclaim the people dishonest?

The simple truth is, the *Commercial* having failed in blackmailing Senator Cameron, or in producing any result by violent personal assaults on members of the party in the county and State, has abandoned this guerrilla mode of warfare, and has desperately turned political highwayman, demanding of the Republican party its control or its life. "Rule or ruin" is its motto. Its silly attempt to plunge its ostrich head in editorial sand will hardly hide its real *animus*. Its caution is that of the tremulous thief. In attempting to guard every point, it exposes all. But let it remember that few succeed by treachery. It certainly will not.

A PARTY of Irishmen, near Berea, Ohio, assaulted a Bohemian, and pounded him with stones, cutting him severely, and destroying his sight. The conductor and brakeman of a passing train interfered, but were driven off by overwhelming numbers of Irishmen and stones.

PITT

The Bantling--Who Are Its Parents.

MESSRS. EDITORS GAZETTE: The writer hereof, as you well know, is not a politician, as that term is usually applied nowadays; is not an office seeker, never was one, and never expects to be one, and says thus much by way of introduction to what follows. He further adds that he is an ardent, uncompromising and honest friend of the Republican party, *pure and simple*, and is fully as ardent, politically speaking, in his hatred of anything and everything that has the appearance of *latter day Democracy* attached to it.

Why am I a *Republican* and not a *Democrat?* or what is worse, one of those *nasty, nameless things* that hang upon the skirts of every party, waiting to lick the hands that may toss it a crumb, and stands ready to hurrah for a sixpence, upon all occasions? Why should we be open, avowed, honest party men, ready and willing to support our fellows, and through them the country and its institutions? Is the Republican party unworthy of our support, is it without a history of its own, has it no record to which it can refer, has it accomplished nothing for the country, is it a thing of mushroom growth to be trampled upon, are its supporters generally classed among the friends of the Government or its enemies, in a word, are we prepared to sanction anything that may disorganize and finally destroy this *noble old party* that has stuck so grandly by the country, the flag and its supporters, through good and through evil report; the party that carried the war through to a triumphant conclusion that put down slavery; that routed treason from the very doors of the Capitol, and rescued the government from the hands of traitors; hands that were already at the throat of Liberty and Law. Hold! stop! think friends, think of what you are doing, before you thoughtlessly give countenance to a movement which promises the entire disruption of the *old party of the Union*, and upon its ashes permits the jagged, and defeated remnants of copperheadism, allied with "*sore heads*" of our own threatened party, to rear their unholy and polluted idols!! Is this picture a true one? Is the unity of the Republican party threatened? Are the restless spirits who are moving Heaven and earth to accomplish our ruin, composed of the working rank and file of our party; or, are they not, to a man, *defeated* and *deluded* aspirants for office, now bent upon destroying that which they found they could not rule?

Do you find any person engaged in circulating these petitions for the disruption of the Republican party, who was known as a *working party man*, when such men were needed to defeat the designs of the country's enemies during the rebellion? Do these new frauds promise that this new party is to run itself, without *leaders?* Is it possible to conduct any political party without *leaders?* Are they not necessary to the success, or indeed, to the life itself of any party? Do they promise, then, that the leaders (the *rings* if you please) of the new movement, are to be incorruptible patriots, model reformers, proof against any, and every selfish emotion, higher better and nobler men than those who had stood by the party and its nominees, and its principles in times past, times when it tried men's souls; when "Hell itself did gape and bid them hold their peace!"

If such be the expectation of any person, I can tell him beforehand, that he is doomed to disappointment. Already the *avant-couriers* prove the character of the material that is to follow and give unto us a new Moses to lead us in the exodus from "*corruptions, rings*," and all unholy alliances, to the land of promise, "the land of the hereafter," the Kingdom of Righteousness, where *rings* are not.

And upon whom has this blessed lot fallen; who are the men to be thus honored over all of their countrymen; who are they who go before, preaching the new gospel of *economy, reform* and hatred to all rings, ring-masters, and *fishing parties?* Excuse me, Messrs Editors and patient reader, for destroying this happy illusion; look for no great name; expect no brilliant meteoric one; for the poet hath said "Great aches from little toe-corns grow," and might not something grand grow out from even *such a head*.

The new movement then, has for its leaders the purblind Secretary of the last "economy and reform" league last, himself a disappointed office seeker, a bull-headed bit of obstinacy, without brains enough to keep him from butting against everybody with whom he comes in contact who is eternally yelping out "Ring"—"Ring"—"Ring!!!" and, I almost forgot it, on account of its close proximity to the *tail*, the *Pittsburgh Commercial*, "disorganized in chief". These be your *friends*, oh, Reformer! God save the country— A LOOKER ON.

ALLEGHENY, June 17, 1870.

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The Oil Regions--Public Buildings in Franklin.

FRANKLIN, VENANGO CO.,
June 17, 1870.

EDITORS GAZETTE: Since I arrived here, about ten days ago, I hear of nothing but oil, oil, oil, at meal times, in the parlor and in the street, and from all the information I can get, the business is now conducted on a better basis than formerly. There are not so many of those land sharks walking around. I have no doubt the experience of '64 and '65 have somewhat enlightened our people, and many to the cost of their bottom dollar. I will now give you some information, told me by a gentleman who has drilled many wells at Parker's. Says he, the Parker oil field is now the greatest in the country. There are three miles and a half of derricks, and each will cost about five thousand dollars, finding everything, and then the cost of running after commencing to pump will be one-fourth royalty. There is not more than one well in twenty that is paying for the outlay. A man should calculate to get his money out in twelve months with oil at $4.75 per barrel, running expenses six dollars at least per day, one-fourth royalty. Any one acquainted with figures will see that a well short of six barrels per day will not pay, and he says there are more wells pumping six barrels and under than over that amount. He further stated that he could not understand why there is not more prospecting for lubricating oil, as it commands more than double the price of light oil and one has not to drill one-half the depth to get oil. I noticed new developments being made up the river from the junction of French Creek and river proving to be a splendid investment. One well I saw has commenced pumping ten barrels of splendid lubricating oil. They told at the well that the gravity was thirty-one degrees and selling at the tank at twenty-three to twenty-five cents per gallon. The average depth of the wells in this neighborhood is from two hundred and seventy-five to three hundred feet, the cost being less than half that at Parker's, with a greater certainty of a good paying well, and I counted seven wells pumping. Most of them have been yielding since 1864 and two since 1859, now pumping some eleven barrels per day. Several new leases have been given out. Mr. Smith tells me he has leased a parcel of land to a gentleman in Pittsburgh, with a well on it, which was a splendid well in 1865, and promises to be as good an investment as any on this farm. I am told that a large well was struck on the Reno property two weeks since, some say yielding one hundred and eighty barrels per day. That property is two miles below Oil City.

I took a walk to the new Court House yesterday, Court being now in session. I have seen many public buildings, but this one at Franklin is the handsomest I ever saw. It would have paid those in authority in Pittsburgh to have taken it as a pattern in place of the new Criminal Court Room. The room is about sixty feet wide, or more, and about ninety to one hundred feet deep; the benches are just the same as those of a church, the back pews being raised nearly three feet and declining to the level of the floor. At the railing, dividing the auditorium from the counsel and judges' bench, the floors are matted up the aisles and each pew provided with two spittoons. The jury chairs are high backs, covered with green morocco leather, and walnut furniture. The judges' bench is well arranged. In fact, it is a model building throughout, and the citizens of Venango county have cause to be proud of such a building. The National Hotel is now considered the best hotel since the Exchange was burned down. A very good table is kept and the charge is very moderate—two dollars per day. I am told that a new hotel is to be built on a first class scale; it is intended for the accommodation of guests who wish to bring their wives along to spend a short season in this healthy region; to divide a portion of the hotel into suits of rooms, bed-rooms and sitting room. I think it a good idea, and no doubt will pay. The new gas works are building which will do much to enliven the town. I may send a few lines more in a day or two, as I shall be traveling. Yours, &c.,

AN OBSERVER.

SINGULAR PHENOMENON.

Sudden Appearance of Lakes and Ponds in the Town of Wilton—Cellars and Wells Flooded.

[From the Saratogian.]

We rode out on Saturday to observe a peculiar phenomenon, which for several weeks has kept our farmers in the town of Wilton in a state of feverish speculation and wonderment. The section in which this really remarkable state of affairs exists, is about two miles out of Saratoga, in a northerly direction. Topographically, the district is a slightly elevated table land. The surface is broken and undulating. It is a good farming district, the section in which the ponds have appeared being dotted with neat farm houses, and occupied by some of our most prosperous farmers.

On this strip of land, covering an area of a mile broad by two miles in length, have appeared this Spring ten or a dozen good-sized ponds, varying in size from an acre to six or seven acres in extent. A peculiarity of these ponds is, that they have appeared in spots that have hitherto hardly known a puddle, in some instances in fields where the farmer has been wont to reap his richest harvests. They mostly came in April, and all through that month the farmers waited patiently for the subsiding of the waters, supposing that the unusual accumulation of the aqueous element was the result of the sudden melting of the snow. But May came, and still the miniature lakes retired not to the bosom of the earth. The farmers looked out each day in wondering surprise, rubbing their eyes, and expressing to their households in unstinted terms their amazement at the unheard of thing. All through the May drouth the ponds held their own, and only within a short time have they begun to subside. In some places they have crossed the highway, and the ground still bears the marks of the water. We saw, in the course of a mile's ride, a half dozen of these ponds. They have appeared mainly on the farms of John Graves, L. A. Grippen, Jarvis Butler, Daniel and Hiram Creal, Miles and John Ingersoll, and Norman Roblee. The largest of these we saw was one covering a portion of the farms of Daniel Creal and Miles and John Ingersoll. We estimated the present extent of the pond at about five acres. It takes in part of the road, covering it about a foot deep at the present time. We are informed, and the signs indicated it, that the water had been about two feet higher than it is now. Water was never known to stand on this ground before longer than a few days at a time. The locality is naturally dry, the soil is leachy, and no visible inlet or outlet appears either to this or to any of the other lakelets, except an artificial one opened by Mr. Crippen to drain off the intruding waters from one of his very best lots, which this year lies comparatively useless. From this latter pond a good sized stream flows constantly through ground that never before required drainage. In addition to the appearance of these ponds, the wells and cellars of the residents all through this particular section have been and are at present flooded from one to three feet deep. The wells have from five to seven feet more of water in them than was ever known before. We found one farmer, Mr. James Butler, who had been busy all day bailing out his cellar to get at his potatoes. The water had been three feet deep in it all the spring. It was never wet before, and one would suppose from the high position that it could not be flooded. There has been much wondering over this singular phenomenon in Wilton, but nobody has found a satisfactory solution of the mystery. It is a curious fact, however, and may be in some way connected with the phenomenon, that a couple of miles east of this section, but on lower ground, the water is lower than it has been known for years, and on the opposite side of the Adirondack ridge in Corinth, the water is full two feet lower than it was one year ago. But why water should thus suddenly appear in this strange way, on this sandy table land, is thus far unexplained, and must be left for the savans to philosophize upon.

Sir Roundell Palmer.

Sir Roundell Palmer might have been Lord Chancellor on the accession of the present Government, but he could not subscribe to the policy of the Cabinet on the Irish Church question. He is a man of marvellous application, and makes an immense income, a large part of which comes from his Chamber practice, $500 being the price of "an opinion" from him. The life of a great lawyer in Parliament is about the most laborious in England. He has to be early in Chambers, and yet has to stay late in the House of Commons, while a member can lie abed in the morning if detained in the House at night. Lord Palmerston, who used to sit out the proceedings, never rose till about eleven in the morning. More than one great English lawyer has sunk under hard work. Sir William Follet, the most brilliant English barrister of the century, was in his grave before he was fifty; and Lord Cairns, an Irishman, who, without any advantages of birth and position, was Chancellor before he was fifty, and subsequently leader of the House of Lords, is now in a very delicate condition.

Sir Roundell Palmer never seems to fail. On Sunday he regularly takes his school class of boys in humble circumstances; and many of our readers are familiar with his Book of Praise, almost as well known in England as Hymns, Ancient and Modern. He is the son of a country clergyman, and the ablest of a very able family.

A German Swindler.

The Cologne *Zeitung* has the following account of a rather smart swindler:

"An unparalleled swindle, lately perpetrated in a provincial capital has caused much stir. A gentleman stepped into the store of a merchant, followed by a servant. The gentleman, who wore his right arm in a sling, was taken for a military pensioner, and the merchant gladly placed before him such articles as he asked for. When he came to settle the account, however, he found he had not sufficient money, so he asked the merchant to write a note from his dictation to his wife, which he would send to his hotel by his servant. The merchant unsuspiciously wrote as he was desired and on a sheet bearing the name of the firm, these words:

Send me immediately, by the bearer, two hundeed thalers. Yours, Robert.' He smiling, closed up the note with the expression, 'Ah, then we are namesakes!' The servant took the note, and soon returned with the required sum. The gentleman paid for his wares, gave them to his servant to carry, and then went away. Some hours after the wife of the merchant visited him, and after talking of sundry things suddenly asked him why he sent for the two hundred thalers. The man was rendered speechless with astonishment when he saw what a cheat had been played upon him. The search after the sharper has not yet been successful."

Petroleum Items.

The Gealy and McKane well upon the R. L. Shaw farm, struck one week since, has steadily increased to one hundred barrels per day. The owners, after several years of hard work, and during which they have never realized one dollar on former investments, have at last met with this deserved success, Dame Fortune having "snickered right out" on them at the eleventh hour.

The R. L. Shaw farm at Rouseville is one of the best farms the oil regions ever produced. Its territory is not more than half developed, yet the production increases steadily and is now not less than 425 barrels per day, and a bona fide offer was recently made of $100,000 for a one-eighth interest.—*Titusville Herald.*

MONTANA has a citizen named Miss Given Evans, who, as may readily be inferred from her name, is by birth a Welsh woman. About a month ago she entered the U. S. District Court in Montana, and asked to have a naturalization certificate made out for her. The puzzled functionary settled his spectacles on his nose, examined the applicant with surprise, and then plunged into the United States statutes, in which he found no legal reason why a woman should not be legally naturalized; and so Miss Evans received her papers, with which she boldly went to the land office of the Territory. There she asked a clerk to make out her declaratory statement to pre-empt 160 acres of public land. The gentleman, like the other, was somewhat astonished at her request, but on examining authorities, he found no reason to repel the applicant, and her certificate was duty filed as No. 1,000. The lady then went to work on her newly acquired land, and erected a house, and set herself about improving her farm, fencing it, and otherwise showing that, having it, she intended to keep it. She now has a cow, a yoke of oxen, and all the usual farming tools generally used by pioneers. Her land lies in Deer Lodge Valley, and some day the Northern Pacific Railroad will run close to it, making it quite a little fortune.

BISHOP SIMPSON, while in Europe, will visit Denmark, Sweden and Norway, as well as Germany and Switzerland, to attend various Methodist conferences.

TO PREVENT SICKNESS

During the hot months of summer, every family should provide themselves with some good disinfective like Chloride of Lime. You will find a fresh supply just received this day at JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S DRUG STORE, corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

CHLORIDE OF LIME.

Chloride of Lime. | Chloride of Lime.
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SOLD AT

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
DRUG STORE.
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) Streets

THE LIVING MACHINE.

Injure the main spring of a watch and every portion of the works become disordered. The human stomach is to the human system what that elastic piece of metal is to the chronometer. It influences the action of the other organs, and controls to a certain extent, the whole living machine. The comparison may be carried farther, for as the weakness or other imperfections of the main spring is indicated on the face of the time-piece, so also is the weakness or other disorder of the stomach betrayed by the face of the invalid. The complexion is sallow or faded. The eyes are deficient in lustre and intelligence, and there is a worn, anxious expression in the whole countenance which tell as plainly as written words could do, that the *great nourishing organ*, whose office it is to minister to the wants of the body, and to sustain and renew all its parts, is not performing its duty. It requires renovating and regulating, and to accomplish this end Hostetter's Stomach Bitters may be truly said to be *the one thing needful*. The broken main spring of a watch may be replaced by a new one, but the stomach can only be repaired and strengthened, and this is one of the objects of the famous vegetable restorative which for eighteen years has been waging a successful contest with dyspepsia in all climates. As a specific for indigestion it stands alone. When the resources of the pharmacopœa have been exhausted, without, at best, doing more than mitigating the complaint, a course of this wholesome and palatable, yet powerful, stomachic effects a perfect and permanent cure. In all cases of dyspepsia, the liver is more or less disordered, and upon this important gland, as well as upon the stomach and bowels, the Bitters act with singular distinctness, regulating and reinvigorating every secretive and assimilating organ on which bodily and mental health depend.

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FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.
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At 90 and Interest.
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CHARLES L. FROST, }

These bonds have 50 years to run, are convertible at the option of the holder into the stock of the Company at par, and the payment of the principal is provided for by a sinking fund.

The greater part of the road is already completed and shows large earnings, and the balance of the work is rapidly progressing.

We unhesitatingly recommend these Bonds as the safest and best investment in the market.

U. S. Five-twenties, at present prices, only return five per cent. interest, while these pay eight and one-quarter per cent. in Gold, and we regard the security equally good.

The Company reserve the right, without notice, to advance the price.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
Bankers,
32 Wall Street, New York.

S. M'CLEAN & CO.,
No. 65 Fourth Avenue,
je18:y79 PITTSBURGH, PA.

LETTER
Copying Presses.

WHEEL PRESSES.
BAR PRESSES.
LETTER SIZE PRESSES.
CAP SIZE PRESSES.
CARMINE AND GILT PRESSES.
WALNUT PRESS STAND.
MANN'S COPYING BOOKS.
FRENCH COPYING BOOKS.
NOTE SIZE COPYING BOOKS.
LETTER SIZE COPYING BOOKS.
CAP SIZE COPYING BOOKS.
ARNOLD'S COPYING FLUID.
SMITH'S COPYING FLUID.
FRENCH COPYING FLUID.
VIOLET COPYING FLUID.
RUBBER COPYING SHEETS.
CAMEL'S HAIR COPYING BRUSHES.
WATER BOWLS, CHINA AND IRON.

J. L. READ & SON,
No. 102 Fourth Avenue.
je8 PITTSBURGH, PA.

IMPROVED
CHERRY SEEDER.

It has been in use for the last six years, and never failed in an single instance to give entire satisfaction to the purchaser.

When run to its full capacity, it will seed a bushel of Cherries in 20 minutes.

The Machine is Cheap, Simple, Durable and Handsome.

The Hopper is adjustable, thereby adapting it to all sized Cherries.

It is the best Cherry Seeder in the Market. No exception.

All orders addressed to

JAMES BOWN,
No. 136 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Will be Filled at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
je11

STATIONERY,
PRINTING,
Blank Books.
ALLAN C. BAKEWELL & CO.,
75 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
NEW GOODS! LOW PRICES!
je15:y48

FOR SALE.
Mules and Horses.
One pair very fine CARRIAGE HORSES.
Three superior FAMILY HORSES.
Three very good MULES.
Three new EASTERN BUILT BUGGIES.
Four good SECOND HAND BUGGIES.
R. H. PATTERSON & CO.,
je15:y51 Cor. 7th avenue and Liberty Street.

AGENCY BUSINESS OF ALL KINDS to be transacted in Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, &c., attended to by WM. M. McKNIGHT, 241 Dock street, Philadelphia. Good references given if desired. je11:y21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
Good Bargains in
NEW GOODS
9 Yards of
Merrimack Chintzes
FOR $1.00.

At 8c.—Light and Dark Calicos.
At 10c. Merrimack Calicos.
At 10c. Lancaster Calicos.
At 12c. American Calicos.
At 12c. Washington Calicos.
At 14c. Fast Colored Lawns.
At 15c. Printed Alpacas.
At 18c. Double Width Cheme Mohairs.
At 12½c. 4-4 Bleached Muslin—worth 18½c.
At 25c. Full size Square Lama Shawls.
At [illegible]
At 1.00 Good Summer Skirts—a great Bargain.

JAPANESE SILKS,
Japanese Poplins,
Japanese Robes,
Plain, Pink, Blue, Buff and Green
LAWNS.
AT
Very Low Prices,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

AT
Morganstern & Co's,
LATE
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
SPECIAL BARGAINS!!
PARASOLS
Regardless of Cost!
Pongee and Silk Parasols for $1,
WORTH 1.75.

Shetland Shawls for	$1.50
Poplin Skirts for	1.25
British Iron Frame Hose at	.30
Lace Handkerchiefs, at	.10
Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, at	.12½
Linen Towels, at	[illegible]
Mens' Jean Drawers, at	[illegible]
Green Kid Gloves, at	1.00
P. K. for Suits, at	.25
Hoop Skirts, at	.50

Call and convince yourself that no other house sells goods as low as we do.

Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street.
je10

SPECIALTIES
IN
Hats and Bonnets,
AT
HORNE & CO'S.

HAIR HATS.
LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CACTUS AND STRAW HATS.
Fresh assortment FINE FRENCH FLOWERS, ROSES, GRASSES and PIQUETT RIBBONS, all shades and widths.
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS, PONGEE AND COLORED LINED. A new lot just received.
EMBROIDERIES.
SWISS, NEEDLE WORK AND HAMBURG EDGES AND INSERTINGS.
REAL AND IMITATION LACE COLLARS AND HANDKERCHIEFS.
CHEMIZETTES.
EMBROIDERED LINEN SETTS.
LADIES' WHITE AND BROWN LINEN DRESS SUITS.
INFANTS' EMB. ROBES AND DRESSES. A fresh line just in.
KID GLOVES in Light Evening Shades, and Bright Colors, all numbers.

NEW GOODS
Arriving Every Day.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
my21

JOHN Q. WORKMAN.......H. RICHARD DAVIS

WORKMAN & DAVIS,
Successors to WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., manufacturers and Dealers in
Carriages, Buggies,
SPRING & BUCK WAGONS,
42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver St., Allegheny.

Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Orders for New Work gotten up in good style and warranted to give satisfaction in every particular. ☞ Newest style of work constantly on hand. SOLE AGENTS for the New Haven Wheel Company's make of SARVIN'S PATENT WHEELS, and Rapp's Patent Quick Shifter and Anti-Rattler for Shafts.

H. RICHARD DAVIS having purchased the interest of Alex. and Wm. D. Moore, in the late firm of WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., the business will hereafter be continued at the old stand, under the name and style of WORKMAN & DAVIS. Orders solicited.

JOHN Q. WORKMAN,
H. RICHARD DAVIS,
Late with Citizens' National Bank, Pittsburgh.

"HILL & ADAM'S
SEWER PIPE CO,"
65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny.

Manufacture highly VITRIFIED WATER AND SEWER PIPE. Dealers in CHIMNEY TOPS, FLUES and HYDRAULIC CEMENT.

C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.
my1:w61

S. MORROW,
(Late of Fitzsimmons & Morrow,)
(SUCCESSOR TO KEAN & KELLER,)
Manufacturer of TIN, COPPER and SHEET IRON WARE, [illegible]
No. 112 First Avenue,
(Near Market street) PITTSBURGH, PA.

STONE
WATER PIPES,
Chimney Tops,
HOT AIR & CHIMNEY FLUES, &c.
A large and full assortment on hand.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
133 SECOND AVENUE.

WINE OF LIFE—The great Blood Purifier and Delicious Drink. WARNER'S VINUM VITAE, OR WINE OF LIFE, is free from any poisonous drugs or impurities, being prepared for those who require a stimulant. It is a splendid appetizer and tonic, and the finest thing in the world for purifying the blood. [illegible] Price $1.00, in quart bottles. [illegible]

WM. KREBS,
ICE DEALER,
351 River Ave., Allegheny

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

EXTRA GOOD BARGAINS IN
HATS AND BONNETS,
Ribbons and Flowers.

A Very Large Stock of New
Summer Shawls,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.

Great Bargains in
Ladies' and Children's
LINEN SUITS.

Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,

Ladies' Summer Underwear,
Gents' Summer Underwear,
Ladies, Gents and Children's Hose,
Blue and Green Kid Gloves,
Black and Colored Kid and Lisle Thread Gloves
Ladies' Fancy Scarfs and Silk Bows,
Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs,
Embroidered Linen Sets very cheap,
Hair Switches and Chignons,
Gents' White and Chintz Shirts,

Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

On a Par with Gold!
WE NOW OFFER
Our New Stock
OF
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS
AT
EASTERN PRICES.
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO
Examine our Goods & Prices
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood Street.

PLANING MILL MEN
And Others,
TAKE NOTICE!

The undersigned has letters patent of the United States for the improved construction of weather-boarding, inside lining and of wainscoting for houses. The weather-boarding, by this patent improvement, being more particularly intended for vertical use, and combines great durability and beauty of appearance; and it is so constructed as to entirely avoid the use of joint strips, and to prevent water from entering the joint of the gaping or the showing of the joints by the action of the weather on the timber.

Inside lining and wainscoting by this new method are so constructed as to form perfect panels as cheaply as by the ordinary flooring boards alone; thereby preventing the showing of the joints from any cause, and leaving no refuges for bugs.

He has also purchased the patent right of what is commonly known as the "Moulded Weather-boarding."

He has disposed of the following territorial and shop rights in Allegheny county, for both patents, to wit:

To G. A. Mundorff, the right of the territory south of the river in said county.

To McQuewan & Douglass, the right for the First ward, Pittsburgh.

To Hill, Patterson & Co., shop rights for their mill, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.

To Alex. McClure, for the borough of McKeesport.

To Parker & Paul, for First, Second, Third and Fourth wards, city of Allegheny.

To Reed Brothers, shop right at their mill in Seventh ward, city of Allegheny.

To Dunham, Saint & Co., for the boroughs of Sharpsburg and Etna; also the townships of Shaler and Indiana.

All persons are warned against infringing upon either of said patents, and those wishing to purchase will please call, or address me, at No. 75 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

fe I. C. ANDERSON.

BUY THE GENUINE.

CLARK'S
"O. N. T."
SPOOL COTTON.
GEO. A. CLARK,
SOLE AGENT.

Sold Everywhere.
my4-w36

JOHN STEVENSON'S SONS & CO.,
JEWELERS,
93 Market street, Pittsburgh.
(THIRD DOOR FROM FIFTH.)

Have on hand all the latest novelties in Fine Jewelry; also Silver Pieces and Silver Plated Ware of new designs, suitable for wedding gifts.

Watches of all the American makers in gold and silver cases. Both Key and Pendant Winders constantly on hand, as well as a full variety of the finer grades of the Swiss Watch, including Jurgensen, Jacot, Perregaux, and others.

We call particular attention to our facilities for repairing and regulating fine Watches. To that branch of our business we give special care.

Orders by mail promptly filled. Designs of any goods sent in drawings by mail at request.
my16:w80

C. D. ARNSTHAL.................L. G. ARNSTHAL.

ARNSTHAL & SON,
Virginia and Louisville
Tobacco Agency,
SEGARS
Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos,
72 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.
my17:t5

DRY YELLOW
PINE AND OAK.

A first-class lot, thoroughly seasoned in the rough, or planed, at the yard.

JAMES M'BRIER,
191 Sandusky Street, Allegheny City.
je6:y0

WHEELER'S
Patent Stamp Cancelers.
EDWIN STEVENS,
No. 41 S. Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
General Agent for State of Pennsylvania.

All orders will be filled through this office for this State. ap4:v42

FULTON'S DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
No. 97 FOURTH AVENUE, near Wood street.
OPEN ON THURSDAY, June 9th.
je8:y21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOAN
of the
Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Co.

The Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad

is completed and running from RICHMOND, VA., to the celebrated WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, in West Virginia, 227 miles. It is being rapidly extended to the Ohio river, 200 miles further making in all 427 miles.

In its progress Westward, it penetrates and opens up to market the WONDERFUL COAL DEPOSITS OF THE KANAWHA REGION IN WEST VIRGINIA. And thus brings the superior and abundant Coals of that section into communication with the IRON ORES OF VIRGINIA AND OHIO, and the WESTERN, SOUTH WESTERN AND EASTERN MARKETS.

When completed it will connect the SUPERIOR HARBOR FACILITIES OF THE CHESAPEAKE BAY with reliable navigation on the Ohio river, and thus with the ENTIRE SYSTEM OF RAILROAD AND WATER TRANSPORTATION OF THE GREAT WEST AND SOUTHWEST.

It will make a SHORT, EASY, CHEAP and FAVORABLE ROUTE from the WEST to the SEA and will command a LARGE SHARE OF THE ENORMOUS FREIGHTS seeking transportation to the coast.

It will thus become one of the most IMPORTANT AND PROFITABLE EAST AND WEST TRUNK LINES OF RAILROAD in the country, and command a trade of immense value.

The completed portion of the Road is doing a PROFITABLE AND INCREASING BUSINESS, and is fully equal in value to the whole amount of the mortgage upon the entire Line—($15,000,000.)

The loan of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company, being a FIRST MORTGAGE UPON THE ENTIRE LINE, PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENTS, WORTH WHEN COMPLETED AT LEAST $30,000,000, is therefore one of the most substantial, conservative and reliable Railroad Loans ever offered in the market, and is peculiarly adapted to the wants of

Investors and Capitalists.

Who desire to make their investments with the most satisfactory assurance of POSITIVE AND UNDOUBTED SECURITY.

The Bonds are in denominations of

$1,000, $500 and $100,

and may be had COUPON or REGISTERED.

Interest Six per cent. per annum, payable MAY 1st and NOVEMBER 1st.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

Price 90 AND ACCRUED INTEREST in Currency, at which price they pay nearly SEVEN PER CENT. IN GOLD on their cost.

All Government Bonds and other Securities dealt in at the Stock Exchange received in exchange, at their full market value, and Bonds sent to all parts of the country, free of Express charges.

They can be obtained by ordering direct from us or through any responsible Bank or Banker in any part of the country.

Fisk & Hatch,
BANKERS.
No. 5 Nassau Street, New York.

Maps, Pamphlets and full information furnished upon application in person or by mail.

S. M'CLEAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
65 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh,
Agents for the sale of these Bonds.

FINE WATCHES
BAILEY & Co
12TH & CHESTNUT ST,
PHILADELPHIA.
Perfection Timers.

The reputation and experience of 40 years, warrant us in saying that our stock of Fine Timekeepers of the best European and American Makers is now the largest in the country; and we guarantee that each Watch we sell, is finished with great mechanical precision, has all the late improvements, and will run regularly, well, and give satisfaction.

Inquiries promptly replied to.
Watches forwarded by Express for approval.
MWF

COAL AND COKE.

MORGAN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONNELLSVILLE
COKE,
At their Mines, Broad Ford, P. & C. R. R.
Office, 142 WATER STREET,
SHIP TO ALL POINTS
BY RAILROAD,
And Deliver in the City.
my19:x16

Oscar F. Lamm & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONNELLSVILLE COKE,
DEALERS IN
Youghiogheny and Anthracite Coal
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
OFFICE: ROOM No. 5, Gazette Building.
☞ Orders respectfully solicited. ap20:v14

COAL! COAL!
YOUGHIOGHENY GAS COAL CO.

This Company are now prepared to furnish the best Coal of any size or quantity, AT FAIR RATES. Office and Yard adjoining the Connellsville Railroad Depot, foot of Try Street, Pittsburgh.

Orders addressed to either Mines, West Newton, Pa., or to Yard, will be promptly attended to.

M. P. O'HERN, Secretary.
ap12:v75

Charles H. Armstrong,
DEALER IN
Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,
And Manufacturer of
COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.

OFFICE AND YARD, corner Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward; also, Second street, Eighth ward, and at foot of Ross street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward.

Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.

Refer to whom I am supplying: Hussey, Wells & Co., Wm. Smith, Union Iron Mills, S. S. Fowler & Co., Mitchell, Stevenson & Co., Bissell & Co., Graff & Hugus, Alex. Bradley, Park, Bro. & Co., Park, McCurdy & Co., Reese, Graff & Dull, Wm. M. Faber & Co., J. B. Lyon & Co., James Marshall & Co., Allen, McKee & Co., Union Depot Hotel, Connellsville R. R., Pennsylvania R. R., Allegheny Valley R. R.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
No. 567 Liberty Street,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR,

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CARPETS.
SPRING STOCK.
Fine, Medium and Common
CARPETS.
Our Stock is the largest we have ever offered to the trade.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
mh16:d&F

April 1st, 1870.
SPECIE PAYMENT
Resumed!
From this date Silver Change will be given to cash customers, at
M'Farland & Collins
CARPET STORE,
71 and 73 Fifth Ave.
☞ Our prices are the lowest in this market.
ap2

CARPETS.
New Rooms! New Goods!
NEW PRICES!
We have inaugurated the opening of our New Rooms with the
FINEST DISPLAY OF
CARPETS
Ever Offered in this Market.
LOWEST PRICES SINCE 1861.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
23 Fifth Avenue.
ap5

NEW CARPETS.
Reduction in Prices
TO CORRESPOND WITH
WHOLESALE RATES.
McCallum Bros.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE.
ABOVE WOOD STREET.

UPHOLSTERERS.

Manufacturers of SPRING, HAIR and HUSK MATTRESSES, Feather Bolsters and Pillows, Church Cushions, Cornice Mouldings and all kinds of Upholstery work. Also, dealers in Window Shades, Buff, Green and White Hollands, Cords, Tassels, &c. Particular attention is given to taking up, cleaning and brushing, altering and relaying carpets.

Our mode of cleaning carpet is the only way in which you can feel assured that the colors are preserved and the goods thoroughly freed from all dust and vermin. The price for cleaning has been greatly reduced. Our express will call for and deliver all goods free of charge.

ROBERTS, NICHOLSON & THOMPSON,
Upholsterers and Proprietors of
Steam Carpet Beating Establishment,
NO. 127 WOOD STREET,
mh7:n66 Near Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CARPET CHAIN
Of all Colors,
ON HAND AND FOR SALE AT
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,
Allegheny City.
my23:w32

GLASS, QUEENSWARE &c.

100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.,
QUEENSWARE,
FINE FRENCH
China and Glass.
SILVER PLATED GOODS, DINNER AND TEA SETS, TEA TRAYS AND CUTLERY.
The best imported WHITE STONE WARE and COMMON GOODS at low prices.
R. E. BREED & CO.,
R. E. BREED & CO.,
100 WOOD STREET.

REYNOLDS STEEN & CO,
124 Wood Street
Importers and Dealers in
FRENCH, CHINA, FINE CUT GLASS AND
Queensware.
☞ The largest assortment at New York prices.

ESTABLISHED 1828.
HENRY HIGBY...ALBERT HIGBY...ROBT. M. CUST
HIGBY, CUST & CO.,
No. 189 Liberty St.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Jobbers in CHINA, QUEENSWARE, GLASS and SILVER-PLATED WARE.

The attention of all requiring goods in the above line is directed to our Stock, imported directly from the best European markets, and we are now receiving a fresh and desirable lot of the above goods. ap1:v43

DR. WHITTIER

CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produce some of the following effects as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.

A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, Pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.

It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.

The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.

The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE ST. (near Court House) Pittsburgh.