THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

SATURDAY, JUNE 18, 1870.

BONDS at Frankfort, 96@96½.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, quiet

GOLD closed in New York on yesterday at 112¼@113.

IF THE DUTIES are taken off from imported coal, the taxes should be removed from the domestic production.

THE passage of Bingham's Cuban resolution in the House was a great triumph for the Administration. The resolution is copied almost word for word from the message of Tuesday last.

FRIENDLINESS to the great pipe bill swindle is said to have rendered Mr. George K. Anderson anything but popular with the oil producers of his district. He resigned the office of President of the Petroleum Association feeling his position to be unpleasant, and there was no remonstrance against his retirement. The memory of the pipe fraud is still fresh and we think Mr. Anderson counts without his host in depending on the producers to sustain him in his present contest for senatorial honors in the Erie-Crawford district.

THE most valuable autographs in a rare collection at the Capital of the State are two which passed through a bank during the memorable Mackey-Irwin battle last winter. These are well worthy preservation, as they tell of bribed Legislators and trickery and dishonesty in high places. They represent the shining pieces which led a factious and dishonest set of traitors to fly the regular Republican caucus nomination for the treasurership and sell out body and soul, politics and principles, to the opposition. These autographs, attached to bank checks, were originally made by a prominent oil operator, who is now endeavoring to find place in the Senate to represent an honest and intelligent constituency.

THE House has disposed of the Cuban question for the present by adopting, (102 to 88) the following resolution:

Be it resolved, &c., That the President is hereby authorized to remonstrate against the barbarous manner in which the war in Cuba has been conducted, and if he shall deem it expedient to solicit the co-operation of other governments in such measures as he may deem necessary to secure from both contending parties an observance of the laws of war recognized by civilized nations.

—This proposition is equally humane and statesmanlike. In the interests of civilization, it protests against the cruelties which have marked the Cuban contest, while it precludes any recognition of a legal state of belligerency except with the co-operative approval of other governments to reinforce our intervention.

IF SECRETARY FISH retires from the State Department, the country will know the true reason to be that he is weary of office, not that the office is weary of him. He accepted its responsibilities with reluctance, has obeyed them with credit to himself, with honor to the country, and to the hearty satisfaction of the President, and has more than once signified his wish to lay the burthen of duty down. How absurd to suppose that the President should desire the retirement of a confidential adviser whose advice he has always followed, and whose policy he has never failed to sustain, and sustains yet! And it is quite as absurd to suppose that he can have any successor who should be able to lead the Executive counsels in any other direction than that which now decisively indicates the foreign policy of this Administration. England could gain nothing, Spain could lose nothing, and the Republic would profit nothing, by any possible change in the head of our State Department.

THE Republicans of Philadelphia have nominated their full tickets. For Congress, Messrs. Myers and Kelly, are again selected. A schism in the Second district gives Mr. O'Neill a rival, but both of them will probably withdraw. The first district is strongly Democratic, and Hunkle, the Republican nominee, has a bad show for an election. In the legislative ticket we are glad to see a decided improvement upon that of last year. B. W. Thomas is the candidate for Senator to succeed Nagle, and ought to succeed. For the Assembly, Messrs. Hong, Adaire, Bunn, Davis and Stokes are dropped. Messrs. Elliott and Johnston, Cloud, Albright, Smith, Comly and Miller are re-nominated. The only objectionable names on the list are those of W. F. Smith and Charles Kleckner. The notorious Bunn was selected for Register of Wills. His election is doubtful. As a whole, with these exceptions, the tickets are acceptable to the Republicans of Philadelphia, and will be chosen in October.

B. B. DELAMETER, Esq., of Meadville, one of the leading lawyers of the State, we are glad to learn has permitted his name to be used by his friends for the Republican Senatorial nomination in the Erie-Crawford district. It is of just such material that that hitherto misrepresented district should find a successor to Lowry. He has, through a long and useful life, resided in Crawford county, sustaining an unimpeachable character, and preserving the good will and respect of all his neighbors and business acquaintances. A man of large understanding, strongly defined character and sufficient wealth to place him above the temptations of the cheque-makers of Harrisburg, he seems eminently fitted and qualified for the place. He is largely identified with the interests of the district and has contributed much through his own business labor and activity to its general prosperity and development. The fullest measure of confidence can safely be reposed in such a man, and in view of the weak material brought against him, we feel assured that he will walk over the course to easy triumph.

THE good people of Crawford and Erie counties have an interesting query with which to trouble their thinking powers. They would know what motive induces Mr. George K. Anderson to make wicked fight for the State Senate. The thirst for honor and power and fame will urge most men into the bitter war of politics to secure personal elevation, but there are many thoughtful people who credit Mr. A. with ambition of another quality. With an appetite whetted and keenly set last winter at Harrisburg by his connection with the Treasury sale, he is fresh for new intrigue and jobbery, and, doubtless feels that he could accomplish more in a senatorial seat than at his old post in the lobby. Some are uncharitable enough to suppose that he has in view the passage of an act legalizing the use of bank cheques in certain cases, together with a proviso making it a penal offense for any bank officer to deliver over to curious autograph seekers any financial papers after they have accomplished their purposes. Had such a law been in force last winter, damaging evidence in legible black and white would not now be in existence to prove the venality of some people who are willing to buy unscrupulous legislators who offer themselves for sale like sheep in the shambles.

A PARAGRAPH in yesterday morning's telegrams from Washington to the Associated Press supports the statement made a week or two since, that the reporters at the Capital for the Association are in the conspiracy to embroil our Government in the Cuban question. We reprint the paragraph now referred to:

The excitement in the Capital owing to the state of Cuban affairs exceeds anything ever before witnessed. Private assurance of the recast of the whole Cabinet is freely given by the President and ominous hints of impeachment. Butler is emphatically execrated by the Republicans.

Such a report has no claims upon the public confidence. The talk of an unprecedented excitement over this miserable question is all fosh. The story about impeachment and a recast of the Cabinet are equally absurd and contradictory. A proposition to impeach would not irresistibly lead General Grant to offer a recast of his Cabinet.—If we know anything of the man. The tempest of feeling may be as terrific as the reporter puts it, but it is all in a tea-pot. We cheerfully admit that the President's message and the Bingham resolution have stirred up a tremendous excitement among the fifty Democrats and thirty odd Republicans, bond holders, manifest-destiny chaps and all, who have failed in their attempts to bring on a war with Spain, and the perpetual abandonment of our Alabama claims against England, but their impotent chagrin is really not of the slightest permanent consequence. Their squirming reminds one of the performances of a cluster of the *cimex lectularia* when touched with corrosive sublimate. And the Associated Press reporter is evidently one of the sufferers. We protest against his continued misrepresentations, of a situation where a decisive Republican majority supports the Executive policy.

IS HE ELIGIBLE?

The point has been raised that Mr. Geo. K. Anderson, aspirant for Senatorial honors in the Erie-Crawford district, is not eligible to that high office, inasmuch as he held his residence last October at 1612 Green street, Philadelphia. The State Constitution clearly provides that (Sec. VIII, Article 1)

"No person shall be a Senator who shall not have attained the age of twenty-five years, and have been a citizen and inhabitant of the State four years next before his election *and the last year thereof an inhabitant of the district from which he shall be chosen*, unless he shall have been absent on public business of the United States or of this State," etc.

Mr. Anderson was registered and voted as a citizen of Philadelphia in the fall of 1869, and unless he can make out that his skillful manipulation of certain members of the Legislature last winter to secure the defeat of the regular Republican caucus nominee for the State Treasurship, pertained to the "public business" of the Commonwealth, we marvel how he can make good his eligibility for the Senate from the district he would represent. Let our Republican friends of those parts pause in advance of nomination, for Mr. Anderson cannot take his seat, even if elected, and whosoever shall receive the next highest number of votes for the offices in the district, Democrat or Republican, will probably be awarded the place.

WHO FATHERS IT?

The new party movement seems to be without a father. No one will own the bantling. Even the *Commercial* fights shy of it; and while naturally inclined to take it up and fondle it, is still too much afraid of dirtying its hands to take the risk.

For awhile it was thought the political Temperance men would acknowledge its paternity; but they, too, are offish, and deny positively all agency in getting the movement up. To their credit be it said, they prefer to wait and see what the Republicans will do before attempting to inaugurate a revolt, which anticipates all just cause of quarrel.

Who, then, will answer as parents or sponsors at the baptism of this child? The call is published without a name attached to it; every one you speak to on the street denies having signed it or favored it; and while many are suspected of a sneaking fondness for such an enterprise, all of them are too shrewd to show their hands in connection with it.

If the scheme were a legislative one, if the proposed revolt could be justified on good and tenable grounds; if there were any real necessity for setting up an opposition to the regular organization of the Republican party, man of character and influence would not be ashamed to own their connection with it or assume responsibility for it.

What then? Does it not follow that what every one suspected is ashamed of should be scrupulously avoided by all? Who, with any respect for himself, is going to respond to an anonymous call, or blindly join a band without a leader? The worship of the veiled prophet of Khorassan would have some claim to respect beside such political madness as this.

REPUBLICANS! Stand by the old flag! No one is ashamed of *it*. We made a noble fight under it for Fremont; and have conquered thrice beneath its folds with Lincoln and Grant. That flag does not lack good and noble names to sanctify it. Who, then, will abandon it for the black flag of rebellion, unsanctified by a single name, to march no one knows whither, and under leaders masked from public recognition?

THE XXIXth DISTRICT.

The Republicans of the XXIXth Senatorial District, Crawford and Erie counties, will be called upon shortly to select a candidate for the Senate to succeed Morrow B. Lowry, who, through political treachery, has so lost caste with the party as to cause his retirement from the field, fearing to again go before an outraged constituency for their suffrages. A people once sold out will be careful that the affliction is not repeated, and they will be more prudent and discriminating in the selection of their representatives. They will frown upon demagogues who may offer themselves, whose political records are black with bribery, duplicity, unfaithfulness and treachery, and will seek out good, pure and true men who have not figured in the bargains and sales which marked certain proceedings in Harrisburg last winter. They will assert with the ballot at the polls that no man who has used money to buy a member of the Legislature from his allegiance to his party, principles and his constituency, can be trusted in a position where he himself might in turn be bought or used by schemes against the interests of the Commonwealth and the people.

The forthcoming primary meetings of the district will therefore be watched with interest by all the good and faithful Republican citizens of the State. In that quarter above all others should the intelligent voters rebuke in no uncertain way the ring of sham Republicans who sold out the party last winter at Harrisburg and aimed to disorganize its ranks everywhere and bring ruin to its doors, while they should feast and fatten in the camp of the rejoicing enemy. It is essential for the purity of politics, the interests of the general people and of the State, that those rotten branches and their abettors should be scourged at the bar of public opinion, and forever consigned to the ignominious place in estimation which they so richly deserve. To those of our readers in that district we earnestly say, do your full duty. Let not personal favoritism or private relationship prevent your voting against any man who has sold, or brought about the sale of your district and all the voters in it. Eschew entirely the men who, rich in worldly means, have lavished their filthy lucre to overturn the Republican majority in the Legislature, who have bought week-kneed and avaricious and dishonest members to depart from honor and principle to defeat a candidate for office who had the full, fair and honest caucus nomination of his party. Remember, only part of the programme of the bolters and disorganizers of last winter was carried out. Their schemes temporarily failed, but with new recruits, if any such can be obtained, they will be again resumed. Will you add one to their number, and thus strengthen a coalition formed to break down the great Republican party and to rob and plunder the treasury of the State, and to sacrifice its best interests to accomplish personal ends and objects? We have abiding faith in your honesty and intelligence, your love of principle, devotion to our great party, to the interests of our Commonwealth, and we think, nay we know, you will not send to Harrisburg one who has trained or been trained in the Lowry school of politics.

GARFIELD'S CONTRIVANCE.

A Chicago journal which has in the discussions upon the funding question, steadily upheld the interests of the national banks, now insists that the Garfield currency bill "is a distinct and palpable step, though not a very long one, towards specie payment." We cannot see it in that light, and the press generally agrees with us.

The bill contemplates two different propositions: the first, to pay off and cancel the three per cent. certificates, the banks being compelled to substitute therefor greenbacks or gold in their reserves, and, second, an inflation, pure and simple, of the currency by the addition to its volume of fifty-millions of new bank paper. We approve of this disposal of the three per cents., but the country would save the sum of $1,350,000 annually in interest, if the gold were applied, instead, to the redemption of six per cent. bonds. The bill proposes, in other words, to pay $1,350,000 annually for the cost of a financial experiment. Certainly not to reduce the volume of the currency, for we replace, dollar for dollar, the certificates with new bank paper. These certificates are not currency, and never were really so considered. They have been held as an investment and the rate of interest was low, yet that was even better for the banks, than a reserve all in greenbacks which bear no interest at all. Of course, the greenbacks must now take the place in the reserves, for no banker would use gold for that purpose, while it is worth 15 per cent. more in the market. The banks would appear to lose by this operation, but they gain an ample compensation in the withdrawal of the amount in greenbacks, and the greater control they will thus secure over the finances of the country. When all the greenbacks shall have been withdrawn, the banks will furnish all our currency, and the Government will be in their hands. For this, the system must be maintained in good credit at all hazards. Resumption will be a question which these institutions will be able to control absolutely, for the Government will be in no situation to force measures as long as the note of a broken bank is worth more than the paper of a nominally solvent institution, as is the case now and would be then. Seventy-five or hundred millions of this paper thrown back on the Treasury for redemption in a crisis, with gold to be realized from bonds sold in a panicky market, would present a category forbidding such a crisis as long as it could be prevented. We are justified in declaring that the national banks would more completely have the mastery of the Government than now. And now they have an influence in affairs quite as potent as is for the public good.

How this situation can be regarded as marking a palpable progress toward resumption, is beyond our ability to see. We should as readily admit that the desired resumption was "palpably" to be accelerated by the fifty millions inflation also provided for by this bill.

—Instead of calling it simply a currency bill, the measure should rather be styled a bill to confirm and enlarge the powers and privileges of the national banks, and to postpone indefinitely that resumption which the country desires, but which the banks will debate as from to the last possible hour. Let us call things by their right names!

Since the above was written, the following paragraph in the New York *Evening Post* comes under our eye. On the same subject it says:

In short, this bill is an enormous scheme for inflating the currency, for postponing indefinitely the resumption of specie payments, and for checking the growth of confidence in the financial soundness of the nation. We cannot believe that it will find favor with the Senate.

West Hickory.

The excitement in this place is intense. On Friday last the "Bird" well, which is on the Tuttle farm, commenced flowing oil at a fearful rate. This well is being drilled through casing, and bids fair to be a first class well. It is owned by Mr. Frank Irwin, of Rouseville. The "Venture" well still continues to pump its 200 barrels per day. Quite a number of new wells on this tract will be down the coming week.

On the Wilkins farm, which joins the Tuttle farm on the south, the greatest activity is noticeable. The McNair well, on lease No. 1, is down and will be tested to-morrow. There are rigs up on five other leases, one of which drilling has commenced.

On the Jones farm, Mr. Binney's well is being rapidly pushed forward. On this well is used one of Osborne's 18 horse boilers, with double engine, which, renders it impossible to stop on the centre, and makes it impossible for tools to be stuck.

On the Faulkner farm, adjoining the Wilkins farm, there are four rigs in process of erection.

On the Jl. W. Scott farm, the Scott well, No 1, is pumping 75 to 80 barrels per day. There are quite a large number of rigs on this tract and a few days will tell the story. This farm joins the Fagundas farm on the south.

On the Fagundas farm, the work of development is being rapidly pushed forward. This farm is owned by Messrs. Verhart, Grandin & Fisher, and contains 159 acres; they refuse to lease any portion of this farm, but intend operating it themselves; they have already twelve wells started. A large number of lots have been leased for building purposes. No drinking saloons are allowed on the premises.

THE junior, freshmen and scientific crews of Harvard attempted their annual race on Charles river, on Saturday, but owing to the rough water encountered a wet time. The scientifics pulled the course, but their shell nearly half filled. The boats of the freshmen and juniors were both swamped, but the latter, by sturdy swimming, towed their boat in and took the second prize. The freshmen were picked up and saved their boat. The race was not timed.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The general statistics of the United Presbyterian Church for the year ending May, 1870, are as follows: Synods, 8; Presbyteries, (including three Independents), 59; ministers, 551; congregations, 727; membership, 69,556; Sunday schools, 575; teachers and officers, 6,671; scholars, 42,907; theological seminaries, 5; colleges and academies, 4; students last year, 625; contributions to Church funds and salaries, $819,364. The Mission Boards report quite a membership and other interesting items.

The *United Presbyterian* thinks while it is right that colored men should be educated and made preachers, condemns the building of a college at St. Louis, for the education of colored ministers exclusively. The idea of this caste is not in harmony with the spirit of the age, much less in sympathy with the gospel.

One of our Western cities, (Milwaukee,) in striking contrast with Sabbath-desecration New York, has passed an ordinance prohibiting dancing on the Lord's day.

The *Advance* reports that a wealthy Jew, in Monterey, to show his appreciation of what Protestantism has done for his race, paid five thousand dollars in gold for one of the finest Jewish churches in that city, and donated it to the Protestants, and a congregation of over two thousand persons worship there every Sabbath day.

Rev. A. L. Stone, D.D., Congregational minister of San Francisco, affirms that California is fast becoming a land of drunkards. He says young men drink everywhere; wine is on the tables generally, and almost everybody drinks. Vine-growing is a specialty in California; twenty-two millions of grape-vines having been set out during the past season.

In the dedicatory sermon of the pastor, Rev. E. P. Goodwin, of the First Congregational Church, Chicago, he discussed the question of non-going to church; he remarked we must make people in rags as welcome as people in spotless broadcloth. We must so treat new-comers that they can't help coming again. Treat a man coldly, and you may not persuade him to come any more.

At the late election of the Episcopal Bishop of New Hampshire, held at Dover, Dr. Henry A. Coit was elected by the clergy by a vote of nearly two to one for all others, but the laity voted nearly unanimously against concurrence. Six additional clerical ballots failed to make other choice. A conference was finally ordered, and Prof. Niles, of Trinity College, Hartford, Conn., was chosen. The ultimate success of the laity in the selection of their candidate gave them great satisfaction.

Connecticut has furnished twenty Bishops to the Episcopal Church, of whom about one-half are from Hartford.

Rev. Dr. Henry Kendall, formerly pastor of the Third Presbyterian church of this city, was elected by the late Reunited Presbyterian General Assembly one of the Secretaries of the new Board of Home Missions.

The *Independent* represents that three children of Baptist parents, now grown up, insisted in joining St. Micheals Episcopal Church, at Kingston, Jamaica, to be immersed. The rector, Mr. Price, consulted the Bishop, who said "there should be no objection to it," and the immersion took place.

It is stated that in the "Narrative of the State of Religion," presented by Dr. Cuyler to the Presbyterian Assembly, the Doctor mentioned that several churches had tried with satisfaction the plan of making the eldership rotary, rather than permanent. The paragraph, however, was stricked out.

The Episcopal Convention of New Jersey have introduced the reform of minority representation, the first religious body, we believe, that has attempted the innovation. Each voter can vote on his ballot for as many persons as are to be elected, or he may give the same number of votes for any one of the candidates.

At the late meeting of the Virginia Baptist Association, one of the speakers from Roanoke stated that the most formidable obstacles in his region were *Dunkardism* and *drunkardism*.

Considerable feeling was roused in this community for and against the proposition at the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church in this city, to regard "Papal Baptism" invalid; but the Southern Presbyterian General Assembly, according to the *Independent*, voted that Unitarianism, "Pouja" and "Campbellite" baptisms are invalid. This is a bold step and may give trouble hereafter.

It is reported that a zealous brother at the Plymouth church prayer-meeting, Brooklyn, said, in his remarks, that he had been living without sin. Mr. Beecher replied, "I think you ought to have been in heaven long ago."

The first time the new bell of the Episcopal church in Boise city, Idaho Territory, was rung for service, a man remarked, as he passed into the church, "Well, I have not been into church for eighteen years, but that bell has called me out."

The New York *Observer* records the fact that in the most crowded churches in New York city, there is a degree of Christian courtesy worthy of the highest commendation. The doors of all the pews are thrown open until they are full, and then the aisles are filled with seats, the officers becoming door keepers in the house of the Lord, attending alike to the humble poor as well as the richest visitor.

The Episcopal Convention of Long Island adopted a rule that the reports of parishes shall hereafter state whether their churches are insured, and for what proportion of their value.

Rev. Dr. J. P. Newman, Chaplain to the United States Senate, and pastor of the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal church at the Capital, is talked of for Bishop in that church, at the election in 1872.

Rev. Dr. W. Pinkney, of Washington City, recently elected Assistant Bishop of Maryland, was originally a Methodist, and was at one time preparing for the ministry of that Church, for which purpose he entered Princeton Theological Seminary. His theological views changed while there, and finally he was induced to enter the ministry of the Episcopal Church.

A Magnetized Island.

A curious discovery has lately been made by the telegraphers on the little island of St. Pierre, Miquelon. There are two telegraph stations on the island; one is worked by an American company, which receives messages from Newfoundland and sends them on to Sidney, using a powerful battery and the ordinary Morse signals. The other is worked by the French Transatlantic Company; who employ exceedingly delicate instruments in receiving messages from Brest and Duxbury. These very sensitive instruments were found to be seriously affected by earth currents—that is, currents depending on some rapid changes in the electrical condition of the island—which interfered very much with the working of the line. After adopting measures to obviate this difficulty, it was discovered that these earth-currents were due in part to the operations of the powerful battery of the American Telegraph Company, that battery, every time it was used, actually charging, as a Leyden jar, the whole little rocky island of St. Pierro, Miquelon. And it was found that by a proper disposition of the French instruments, every word sent over the American line could be made to leave its *fac simile* with the French company; and this, too, though the two lines nowhere come within several hundred yards of each other, the only connection of the two being through the earth.

AMONG the attendants at the recent picnic in celebration of the semi-centennial anniversary of the settlement of Indianapolis, was Mr. Isaac Martz, who came to Indiana from Ohio in 1816. He, with a twin brother, Moses, married the twin sisters. This double marriage was celebrated on the same day. Each couple has had twelve children, each having had seven boys and five girls. At the time of their marriage the brothers were of the same height exactly, and within one pound of the same weight, which was one hundred and seventy-five pounds, and for a space of twenty-five years continued within two pounds of that figure. The brothers, with their wives, are both living. The former are fifty-eight years old, and the latter fifty-four. All were born on the 27th day of the month, and were married on the same day of the month also. The twin boys mentioned are now twelve years old, and their mother often finds it impossible to distinguish the one from the other. Death has been equally kind to each family. Ten children remain to each.

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At 12½c., Fast Colored Lawns.
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At 25c., Double Width Chene Mohairs—best bargains offered this season.
At 12½c., 4-4 Bleached Muslin—worth 18½c.
At 75c., Full Size Square Lace Shawls.
At 50c., Light Balmoral Skirts.
At $1.00, Gored Summer Skirts—a great bargain.
JAPANESE SILKS,
Japanese Poplins,
Japanese Robes,
Plain, Pink, Blue, Buff and Green
LAWNS.
AT
Very Low Prices,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

AT
Morganstern & Co's,
LATE
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
SPECIAL BARGAINS!
PARASOLS
Regardless of Cost!
Pongee and Silk Parasols for $1.
WORTH 1.75.
Shetland Shawls for $2.50
Poplin Skirts for 1.25
British Iron Frame Hose at 25
Lace Handkerchiefs, at 50
Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, at 25
Linen Towels, at 1.25
Mens' Jean Drawers, at 1.25
Green Kid Gloves, at 1.25
P. K. for Suits, at 50
Hoop Skirts, at 50
Call and convince yourself that no other house sells goods as low as we do.
Nos. 78 and 80 Market Street.
je13

SPECIALTIES
IN
Hats and Bonnets,
AT
HORNE & CO'S.
HAIR HATS,
LADIES AND CHILDREN'S CACTUS AND STRAW HATS.
Every assortment FINE FRENCH FLOWERS, BOSES, WREATHS, FIGURE RIBBONS, all shades of satins.
FALLAMBRA AND SUN UMBRELLAS, PONGEE AND GOLD LAID SILKS. A new lot just received.
EMBROIDERIES, SWISS, VEINS, WORK AND HAMBURG EDGES AND INSERTINGS.
REAL AND IMITATION LACE COLLARS AND HANDKERCHIEFS.
CHEMISETTES.
EMBROIDERED LINEN SETTS.
LADIES' WHITE AND BROWN LINEN DRESS SUITS.
INFANTS' EMB. ROBES AND DRESSES. A fresh line just in.
KID GLOVES in Light Evening Shades, and Bright Colors, all numbers.
NEW GOODS
Arriving Every Day.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET
my21
On a Par with Gold!
WE NOW OFFER
Our New Stock
OF
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS
AT
EASTERN PRICES.
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO
Examine our Goods & Prices
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood Street.
JOHN Q. WORKMAN.....M. RICHARD DAVIS
WORKMAN & DAVIS,
Successors to WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., manufacturers and Dealers in
Carriages, Buggies,
SPRING & BUCK WAGONS,
42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver St., Allegheny.
Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Orders for New Work taken up in good style and warranted to give satisfaction in every particular.
☞ Newest style of work constantly on hand.
SOLE AGENTS for the New Haven Wheel Company's make of BARVIER'S PATENT WHEELS, and Barvier's Patent Quick Shifter and Anti-Rattler for Shafts.
R. H. RICHARD DAVIS having purchased the interest of Amos and Wm. D. Moore, in the late firm of WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., the business will hereafter be continued at the old stand, under the name and style of WORKMAN & DAVIS. Orders solicited.
JOHN Q. WORKMAN,
R. RICHARD DAVIS.
Late with Citizens' National Bank, Pittsburgh.
S. MORROW,
(Late of Fitzsimmons' & Morrow,)
(SUCCESSOR TO KEAN & KELLER,)
Manufacturer of Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron WARE, COOK STOVES, for Steamboats and Hotels, FURNACES, DECK STOVES, COPPER and IRON STEAM PIPE.
Jobbing attended to promptly.
No. 112 First Avenue,
(Near Market street.)
my28:3m PITTSBURGH, PA.
WM. KREBS,
ICE DEALER,
351 River Ave., Allegheny.
jel.:m6
FULTON'S DINING ROOMS,
FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
No. 92 FOURTH AVENUE, near Wood street.
OPEN ON THURSDAY, June 9th.
je9:7t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
EXTRA GOOD BARGAINS IN
HATS AND BONNETS,
Ribbons and Flowers.
A Very Large Stock of New
Summer Shawls,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
Great Bargains in
Ladies' and Children's
LINEN SUITS.
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
Ladies' Summer Underwear.
Gents' Summer Underwear.
Ladies, Gents and Children's Hose.
Blue and Green Kid Gloves.
Black and Colored Kid and Lisle Thread Gloves.
Ladies' Fancy Scarfs and Silk Bows.
Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs.
Embroidered Linen Sets very cheap.
Hair Switches and Chignons.
Gents' White and Chintz Shirts,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.
BUY THE GENUINE.
CLARK'S
"O. N. T."
SPOOL COTTON.
GEO. A. CLARK,
SOLE AGENT.
Sold Everywhere.
my1-w26
PLANING MILL MEN
And Others,
TAKE NOTICE!
The undersigned has letters patent of the United States for the improved construction of weather-boarding, inside lining and of wainscoting for houses. The weather-boarding, by this patent improvement, being more particularly intended for vertical use, and combines great durability and beauty of appearance; and it is so constructed as to entirely avoid the use of joint strips, and to prevent water from entering the joint of the pointing or the showing of the joints by the action of the weather on the timber.
Inside lining and wainscoting by this new method are so constructed as to form perfect panels cheaply as by the ordinary flooring boards alone; thereby preventing the shrinking of the joints from all cause, and leaving no refuge for bugs.
Parties can purchase the patent right of what is commonly known as the "Moulded Weather-boarding."
He has disposed of the following territorial and shop rights in Allegheny county, for both patents, to wit:
To G. A. Mandorf, the right of the territory south of the river in said county.
To McKeesen & Douglass, the right for the First ward, city of Allegheny.
To Wm. Palmer & Co., shop rights for their mill, Sixth ward, Pittsburgh.
To Alex. McClure, for the borough of McKeesport.
To Parker & Paul, for First, Second, Third and Fourth wards, city of Allegheny.
To Reed Brothers, shop right, at their mill in Seventh ward, city of Allegheny.
To Dunham, Smith & Co., for the boroughs of Sharpsburg and Etna; also the townships of Shaler and Indiana.
All persons are warned against infringing upon either of said patents, and those wishing to purchase will please call, or address me, No. 74 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
P. C. ANDERSON.
JOHN STEVENSON'S SONS
& CO.,
JEWELERS,
93 Market street, Pittsburgh.
(THIRD DOOR FROM FIFTH.)
Have on hand all the latest novelties in Fine Jewelry, also Silver Plated and Britannia Plated Ware of new designs, suitable for wedding gifts.
Watches of all the American makers in gold and silver cases. Both Key and Pendant Windsor constantly on hand, as well as a full variety of the finer grades of the Swiss Watch, including Jurgensen, Jacot, Ferrogaux and others.
We call particular attention to our facilities for repairing and regulating fine Watches. To that branch of our business we give special care.
Orders by mail promptly filled. Designs of any goods sent in drawings by mail at request.
my16:w9
C. D. ARNSTHAL.....L. G. ARNSTHAL
ARNSTHAL & SON,
Virginia and Louisville
Tobacco Agency,
SEGARS
Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos,
72 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.
my17:w5
WHEELER'S
Patent Stamp Cancelers.
EDWIN STEVENS,
No. 41 S. Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
General Agent for State of Pennsylvania.
All orders will be filled through this office for this State. ap9:w2
STONE
WATER PIPES,
Chimney Tops,
HOT AIR & CHIMNEY FLUES, &c.
A large and full assortment constantly on hand.
HENRY H. COLINS,
ap21:w31 133 SECOND AVENUE.
"HILL & ADAM'S
SEWER PIPE CO,"
65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny.
Manufacture highly VITRIFIED WATER AND SEWER PIPE. Dealers in CHIMNEY TOPS, FLUES and HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.
my7:w1
DRY YELLOW
PINE AND OAK.
A first-class lot, thoroughly seasoned in the rough, or planed, at the yard.
JAMES M'BRIER,
191 Sandusky Street, Allegheny City.
je8:y
WINE OF LIFE—The great Blood Purifier and Delicious Drink. WARNER'S VINUM VITÆ, OR WINE OF LIFE, is free from any poisonous drugs or impurities, being prepared for those who require a stimulant. It is a splendid appetizer and tonic, and the finest thing in the world for purifying the blood. It is the best ple