THE DAILY GAZETTE:
PUBLISHED BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Corner Sixth Ave. and Smithfield St.
T. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
By mail, per year.....$8.00.
Delivered by carrier, per week.....15.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1870. VOL. LXXXV.—NO. 138.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST
Commercial and Family Newspaper
PUBLISHED IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.
No farmer, mechanic, or merchant should be without it.
TERMS:
Single subscribers.....$1.50
Clubs of five.....1.25
Clubs of ten.....1.15
A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter-up of a Club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents. Address,
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

EDITORIAL FAST MEN.

We find in the Louisville *Courier-Journal* the following amusing account of one of the recreations of the delegates to the meeting of the Western Associated Press during their excursion to Mammoth Cave:

On the way to the Cave there had been considerable quiet and good humored banter on the subject of physical strength and powers. There were a few in the company who had good reason to be proud of their muscular development. Halstead, of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, for instance, who would probably turn the scale at 200; and Holloway, of the Indianapolis *Journal*, a solid and substantial man of the press. So, when the fun began, a wrestling match was suggested. It was proposed to back Halstead against Holloway for heavy weights, and McCulloch, of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, against some other gentleman of his size and weight. There was some difficulty in arranging this, however, and it was, by common consent, abandoned in favor of a foot race, to be made around a track about seventy-five yards long. Pool selling for this race commenced at once, W. McCulloch acting as auctioneer. The first choice was bought for five dollars by Halstead, who named Holloway as his entry. Holloway in turn entered Halstead as the second choice, bought for three dollars. For the third choice, Smith, of the *Gazette* paid two dollars, and entered Mr. Culloch, of the *Enquirer*. The other entries were: Mr. Peto, an English gentleman, who was one of the guests; Colonel Snodden Johnson, of the Frankfort *Yeoman*, and Mr. Underwood, of the *Courier-Journal*. The racers were immediately put in line, and all the arrangements for a start were perfected. Three ladies were suggested as judges, but McCulloch objected on the ground that they would decide, irrespective of pure merit, and in favor of the best looking man. Finally, Mr. Colman, of Missouri, Mr. Beckham, of Dayton, and Mr. Adams, of Kentucky, were chosen, and agreed to act fairly and impartially. At the word "go" the start was made—quite a fair one, except for slight attempts at squeezing each other out of place. Halstead started freely, closely followed by Holloway. "Mack," however, took the lead from the first quarter, and kept it half way round, when he was passed by Halstead, and, as he asserts, elbowed by Holloway to the effort of a "foul." Peto, who is well supplied with legs, made a heroic struggle for the lead, but failed to make it. He seemed determined to get his nose across the line sometime ahead of his body, and in trying to do so fell flat on his face and rolled over three times in front of the judges' stand. Next came Holloway, who, when just about to win, made a misstep and came gracefully down, to the utter bedlazement of his clothing. Col. Johnson, finding himself sure to be distanced, took a short cut across, and even then failed to get in. Perhaps the most interesting incident of the race was the lump of a large and unfriendly-looking dog right into the middle of the racers just as they were trying to do their level best. Towser barked violently, and there were indications at one time of his disposition to attach himself to somebody's pantaloons. Underwood came up with good speed in the rear of McCulloch, but not in time to head off Halstead, who was clearly the victor. They came in on the following order: Halstead, McCulloch, Underwood, Johnson, Holloway and Peto were still on the ground. The race was given to Halstead but McCulloch claimed a foul on the ground, that he had been elbowed off the track, and that the dog had made a grab at his breeches, against which he was compelled to defend himself. The judges heard the claim and defense for consultation, but they astonished everybody a few minutes later when they announced their decision to be that the race was not a fair one, but must be run over again, and that they had decided to divide the money among themselves.

It was then announced that Kentucky would name a man against the world. Mr. Peto, of England, promptly accepted the challenge, and Hickman, of the Kentucky Templar, was named. The start was given, and a fierce struggle for supremacy took place, until the home-stretch was reached, when Peto again lost his footing and went to grass heavily, injuring his trousers badly, and Hickman came in an easy winner.

McCulloch was still eager for the fray, and was pitted against Hickman of the Dayton Journal. The betting was about even on this race, both entries having many friends. One enthusiastic gentleman offered odds on Hickman, saying that legs were bound to win. The race was closely contested to the close, but the lithe little Mack came in by a neck.

GENERALITIES.

BROOKLYN's public baths will cost $10,000.

OUR National Flower—Bank stocks.—*Tomahawk.*

THE Appletons have sold thirty thousand copies of Lothair.

THEATRICAL Men—The First Walking Gentleman: Adam.—*Fun.*

TWO Cincinnati actors have started on a pedestrian tour to New York City.

GEN. CUSTAR is in command of the forces against the Indians in Kansas.

SOME Pennsylvania capitalists propose to erect a blast-furnace at Terre Haute.

ST. LOUIS proposes to manage the social evil in that city, upon the plan in operation in Paris.

ALL looks favorable for a most fruitful season in Kansas. The rains insure excellent crops.

OLIVER OPTIC has gone to Europe to hunt up material for some new books for young America.

COAL has been discovered in Washington county, Indiana, and everything indicates a large deposit.

RAIN has been general in Southwestern Georgia. Cotton and corn are small, but the stands generally good.

MRS. SUTHERLAND Rose, an old citizen of Roanoke county, Va., was gored to death a few days ago by a pet bull.

BARNUM says Anna Dickinson lies about the Mormons. He likes the "Whited Speckled Hen" first rate.—*Boston Post.*

THE Indiana State Spiritual Association will hold a convention at Indianapolis this month, commencing on Friday, the 11th instant.

NORTHERN parties are exploring the creeks of the Potomac, for the purpose of locating a fish farm, from which to supply the markets of Washington and Baltimore.

A GIFTED gymnast in Connecticut unjointed a wrist on the horizontal bar, and turning back rejointed it, thus discounting the famous occulist of bramble bush notoriety.

THE people of Pikeville, Pike county, Ind., having suffered from incendiarism, theft and ruffianism until their patience is worn out, have organized a Vigilance Committee.

A STRANGER who was sitting on a curbstone in New York, the other night, suddenly dissolved and disappeared. Probably disembodied spirits induced the obly disembodied spirits induced the phenomenon.

CAPTAIN POWELL has asked, and the proper department has informed his request, that an appropriation of 12,000 be made to complete the exploration of Colorado river and tributaries.

THE Lafayette (Ind.) *Courier* says several orchards in the vicinity of Ledford have been almost ruined by caterpillars, and that similar complaints are made in nearly all parts of the State.

PRESIDENT GRANT will accompany Senator Cameron on a trouting expedition in Pennsylvania sometime in June. This sets at rest the question as to whether he had grown tired of Fish.—*N. Y. Com. Adv.*

THE *State Register*, of the 2d, says: "Iowa crops of all kinds are in splendid condition, and of most fruitful promise. Corn looks better, and is more forward, than ever before at the same date. There is an unusual amount of this staple crop planted this year. Our farmers got enough of wheat last year. Wheat and oats also look well, and are doing finely."

COLORADO.

The Pineries—Information Concerning the Indians—A Word to Emigrants from Pennsylvania—Law and Order in Colorado, etc., etc.

[Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GOWEN'S MILLS, DOUGLASS, CO., COLORADO, May 28, 1870.

Agreeable to promise, I will try and let you know for the benefit of your thousands of readers, what this part of the country is, and, for the many in Allegheny county who contemplate coming West, where to apply for information.

The point at which I am now stopping is about fifty miles South of Denver, and is a busy spot on account of the lies and lumber being got out for the Kansas Pacific Railway. You can form some idea of the number of men employed in the pineries when I tell you that five hundred ox teams are now employed hauling to points from sixty to ninety miles from here, and some two hundred extra teams are coming on at once. The Indians have given so much trouble that it has caused a rise in price of one eighth of a cent per mile for hauling, making now 14 cents per mile for carrying ties. As there is no timber short of three hundred and fifty miles east of this, you can form some idea of the value of these pineries to this railway. The Indians are making it cost in every way, loss of stock, delays consequent thereon, arms to men, ammunition, etc., apart from complicating business generally. A few words as to the Indians. You have no doubt had the benefit of all the news from various points and as I have not seen a paper since the trouble commenced I don't know what has been said. Some twenty two men have been killed between this point and Kit Carson Station; how many are wounded no one can tell. We have here three drivers wounded with arrows within the last week. They were driving mule teams or they would not have been attacked. They don't disturb ox trains as they don't want the cattle. But only yesterday they put an arrow in a herd boy, only eight miles from here, and drove off two milch cows which they wanted for beef no doubt.

They are roaming around all over the country and are all so well mounted that they are hard to catch. This morning a few of them were in sight of this point, and we may have a visit at any hour.

They are very bold and mean business. The arrows indicate different tribes. Some Ute arrows have been picked up, but it is claimed the arrows were in the possession of the Sioux who used them. The Utes claim to be friendly and have offered to pursue the enemy. The United States cavalry of various commands are out after the Indians, but the settlers have not much faith in their doing much as their hands appear to be tied with too much red tape. The Peace Commission, Mr. Romero, who is hauling from this camp, lost seventy-seven mules by the savages. One of them rode right into the herd and stampeded the old bull and the herd naturally followed her. They got off with the whole lot. Where the troubles will end no one can tell. The coming of the troops will go a long ways towards settling the question than all the troops they can send against them, and make it much cheaper for the Government in every respect.

The building of this road is under the control and direction of Gen. Wm. J. Palmer, who commanded the 15th Pennsylvania Cavalry during the rebellion, and he has overcome difficulties that at first seemed impossible. The road is being built from Parson to Denver at a very rapid rate. 500 fresh hands were put on last week and more are coming. Parties who expect to try the West will find some of the most beautiful land for 125 miles west of Kansas City that they had in the country; the prices range from $2 to $6 per acre and are sold by a percent of one-fifth down and the balance in five payments. Parties addressing Mr. Pratt, National Land Co., Chicago, will have maps and circulars sent free that give full information, and how transportation much cheaper by so doing. The Kansas Pacific Railway has five millions acres open for settlers and emigrants.

I would advise Pennsylvania to try this section of Colorado, as I am satisfied it would suit them better. There is every thing in its favor in this section. Mountains, prairie, both that and rolling, and any amount of most beautiful valleys with hills well timbered and good water. Lumber is cheap here and can be had at the mills for $18 per thousand. The soil is very rich, and apart from the valuable farms for raising all kind of produce there is no better country in the whole West for all kinds of stock farming.

There is good coal out here, which will the timber, makes the locality particularly desirable for settlers, and as yet there is no ague, and no local disease whatever. The air is so pure that on killing any kind of meat you can hang it up in thin strips and dry it out in twenty-four hours.

A desperado was killed here a few weeks ago. He was determined to kill somebody, and at last went to a saloon for that purpose and would no doubt have succeeded, but the moment he drew his revolver at least six men fired and every ball took effect in his brain and spine. The nearest justice held an inquest, but no information was made, the general verdict being, "Country well rid of all such rubbish."

Last night two Mexican teamsters were playfully quarreling, and one shot the other right through the left lungs. He cannot survive the night. The man who justice took his deposition, and it is hard to tell whether it was intentional or not. The man who did the shooting, is a driver in one of the Railway Company's ox trains, and a party of rough, full of Bass-Ale whiskey, started after him with lynch law, but they did not succeed. The train men would not give him up unless a legal authority. He will be brought back here to-day.

Needle guns, Ballard, Henry and Winchester rifles are all that are used here. In my next I will give you a more complete description of this section.

Yours, &c., W.

Gray Hairs Going Down in Sorrow to the Grave.

One of our exchanges is responsible for the following highly amusing statement. Gray hairs in Wilmington must be exceedingly troublesome at this time:

"Down in Wilmington, some time ago, an old man who was very feeble was helped across a crowded street by a youth of twenty. A month afterward the old man died, and as an expression of his gratitude he left the youth forty thousand dollars. And now no old man's life is safe in Wilmington. All the young fellows have had their ambition excited, and as soon as any venerable man appears on the sidewalk a dozen chaps rush at him, grab him by the trousers and the collar and the back hair, and try to carry him across the street, whether he wants to go or not. When he gets there a lot more fasten on him and set him back again, and then present their cards. So the old men in Wilmington are having a lively time now, and they have got to tack up the street whenever they go out for a walk. Thus far very little cash has been evolved; but all the young men study the obituary advertisements carefully, and when they see the words, at the age of seventy-six or sixty-six, or anywhere in that neighborhood, they hurry down to the office of the Register of Wills and pore over the last testament of the deceased. All this great excitement will cease, however, in considerable season will cease."

TWO GLASSES, one filled with water, the other with ale, stood before us the other day—each brilliantly inviting, nearly to use—and while the Bass ale sparkled in the sunshine, the water retained its mildness. A friend explained the reason, "when a fly knows what is good for his health." We forgot to say it was Pittsburgh & Co.'s Cream Ale.

TO RESTAURANTS AND HOTEL KEEPERS.—A Leggett's auctioneer will sell to-day at 2 o'clock, the property 110 Sandusky street, and at 3 o'clock the property 12 Boyle street.

THE WEATHER—Is now getting so hot that every one needs a cool, refreshing drink such as Pier, Dunnett & Co.'s Cream Ale. All saloons keep it.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

London Times and the American Tariff—The Fenian Sensation and Other Items of British News—Terrible Conflagration in Constantinople—Thousands of Houses, &c., in the Richest Portion of the City, in Ashes—Political Reform in Portugal—Slavery Question in Spain—Wheat Crops in France and Russia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, June 6.—The *Times* augurs the defeat of the tariff bill in Congress. Such a result will be beneficial, because of having a tendency to modify the party ties, and hopes the revenue reformers will persevere and succeed in obtaining an executive programme.

It is reported that the police are discovering ramifications of a Fenian plot in every direction, not only in London but everywhere in England and even in Wales. Arms and ammunition have been distributed for parties in Dublin, and apparently designed to be used immediately, have been discovered there. Several boxes and barrels of war material, ready for shipment, have been seized at Holyhead, and the persons in whose charge they were taken into custody. The authorities are watchful. The excitement has not abated.

Reports from Central and Southern France represent the appearance of the wheat not promising, while a fair average crop is expected in the northern and eastern sections. In Russia the prospect of the wheat crop is mending, but prices at Odessa continue steady.

The weather is warm and delightful.

The Irish telegraph lines are not working well to-day, and telegrams for America go by way of Brest, Penzance, cable to St. Pierre, New Foundland Company's cable to Sydney, and the same Company's land lines to Fort Hood, where they strike the Western Union lines.

The newspapers recall the words of Commodore Ashbury, about building a new yacht if the Cambria is again defeated, and assert the Egeria's victory over the Commodore's yacht on Saturday was complete.

The Commission of Amnesty have refused to hear counsel for the Fenian prisoners.

The Queen's steamer Scotland ran down two hundred dock yard people for Canada.

White, who attempted to murder Charles Bradlaugh, M. P., has been pronounced insane and placed under proper restraint.

Lord Lyttelton has been elected to Parliament from East Suffolk. Is not the Marquis expected.

The telegraph cable which crosses St. George Channel to Oxford is broken.

The Spectator, of Saturday, alludes to the activity in Mark Lane and says the tone of the market has seldom been so sharp as at the present moment.

A panic prevails at Tynemouth in regard to the Fenians. It was reported they threatened to seize the Castle. The guards have been doubled and other precautionary measures taken by the town authorities.

The political manifestos of all parties denounce "Lothair" as immoral, shallow and nauseous.

A dispatch to Sir Henry Bulwer indignantly repudiates the insinuation that the recent amicable settlement of the Greek difficulty in Greece did the brigands of Marathon.

The Pope's Cardinal of Reims has a bitter article on moderate Catholics, whom it denounces as worse than heathens.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 6.—Yesterday afternoon about one o'clock a fire broke out, which spread with alarming rapidity through the richest portion of the city. The flames were first discovered in an old building in Pera, and spread quickly along the Golden Horn.

A strong wind was blowing at the time, and the houses were crowded together in the adjoining buildings. The efforts of the Bromen and citizens were powerless against the fire, which spread so fast, and in a few hours the residences of the English, American and Portuguese Ambassadors, Galatasaray Noomi theatre, many churches and mosques, thousands of houses, and the richest country and shops in the city were reduced to ashes. The loss of life was small, owing to the falling of walls being so slow. It is estimated that at least thirty people are killed or wounded in the disastrous fire. The loss of property is incalculable. The fire at this hour, noon, is still burning fiercely. It is the most frightful conflagration in the history of Turkey.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, June 6.—Duke Saldanha announces the Government will make important proposals for reform in the Cortes, and will adopt the full peace standard of $1,000. The Duke refuses to hold any communication with the present Italian Minister here, and will address himself directly to the Cabinet at Florence.

SPAIN.

MADRID, June 6.—The release of Minister Moret for the abolition of slavery is in the hands of a special committee of the Cortes. The report will be subjected to considerable modification.

CUBA.

HAVANA, June.—Several insignificant skirmishes between the troops and rebels are reported in Cuso Vilas.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDONDERRY, June 6.—The steamer Violetta, from New York, arrived here.

PORTLAND, June 6.—The steamer Frankfort, from New Orleans, arrived.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, June 6.—To-day being White Monday the stock exchange and other business houses and other markets here are closed. The cotton market continues quiet, prices have declined 1-16 since our last quotation. Flour 21s 6d. California wheat 10s 2d, red western 8s 8d, red winter 8s 9d.

HAVRE, June 5.—Cotton opened heavy at 117f. Flour, June 6.—Sugar closed dull. Meals 53f. cts.

LIVERPOOL, June 6.—Linseed firm at 10s 10s 5d. Linseed oil steady at 28s 3d. Tallow firmer at 45s 6d. Calcutta linseed 60s.

XLIST CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION.)

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, June 6, 1870.

Bills were introduced and referred:

By Mr. SPENCER: Granting lands to the State of Alabama to aid in the construction of the Savannah and Memphis Railroad.

By Mr. STEWART: To prohibit contracts for servile labor.

Mr. STEWART explained that the bill was intended to apply to Chinese contracts. He said in making Coolie labor contracts Chinese contractors took advantage of the peculiar religious views of the Chinese to provide for their return to their native land after death. These contracts were for four years, and the Chinese dared not break the contract for fear that the souls of their dead bodies would not be returned to his own country. The bill would break up this system of Chinese importation, which, for a longer period than six months, while it also prohibits the importation of Chinese into this country. This would be long enough to enable immigrants to pay the expenses of their passage, and long enough to make their importation, as a system, a means of profit.

The bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

On motion of Mr. HOWARD, the Texas Pacific Railroad bill was made a special order.

Mr. Williams' joint resolution for the relief of the Pacific Railroad bill was made a special order.

Mr. WILLIAMS' joint resolution for the relief of the Pacific Railroad bill was made a special order.

Mr. WILLIAMS' joint resolution for the relief of the Pacific Railroad bill was made a special order.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK

THE CAPITAL.

The Municipal Election—Great Excitement and Rioting at the Polls—Heavy Reform Candidate Elected—Reception to Spotted Tail, Red Cloud and Other Indian Chiefs, &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON CITY, June 6, 1870.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

An extraordinary degree of excitement prevails in regard to the municipal election. The Democrats made no nominations, and the contest for the Mayoralty is between the present incumbents, Bowen and Emery, both of whom claim to represent the Republican party. The contest will be one of the fiercest ever known in this city, and has engendered an angry and violent controversy between the opposing parties. To such an alarming extent is this manifested that serious trouble is feared at the polls, and in order to keep peace the United States forces at the barracks will be under the control of the Superintendent of the Police. Besides these, a large special police force will be on hand.

RIOTING AT THE ELECTION.

At the third ward polls this afternoon during a difficulty between white and blacks, one of the latter was shot in the wrist. A riot occurred in the Seventh ward, which was so serious that the officers were obliged to interfere. A colored man was shot by one of the officers, the ball entering the left side. By rushing into a crowd of several thousand persons and briskly using clubs the mounted police succeeded in dispersing the rioters, some of whom were arrested. With these exceptions there was general good order throughout the city.

Never before was there so much interest in a municipal election. The main contest was between Bowen, the present Mayor, and Emory, the Republican, who for the greater part was supported by those outside of the organization. The Emory men claim his election by over three thousand majority, together with their candidates for City Council. Cannons are being fired to-night and bonfires lighted by the victors.

The majority for Emory, the Reform candidate for Mayor, is 317.

RECEPTION TO THE VISITING INDIANS.

The President gave a reception to Red Cloud, Spotted Tail and the other Chiefs tonight. The entertainment was as elegant as any given during the present Administration. Mr. Grant, all the members of the Cabinet, with Indian Bureau officials, and many others were present. Spotted Tail, the Sioux interpreter, during the feast, that the white man had a great many more good things to eat and drink than their friends, and so expressed to the Indians. The interpreter replied it was because he had more to give away than any other man. "How," exclaimed the Chief, "I will quit the war path and go to the Great Father." "You will always treat me like this and let me live in as big houses."

BOUNDARY SURVEY.

The bill introduced into the House for the relief of the Boundary Survey in Arizona is rendered necessary by the encroachments of the Mormons on the north and the miners on the south.

MINE INSPECTOR.

The Committee on Reconstruction has resolved as a rule not to remove the politicians from office unless those who have not polled their votes for such removal.

CONFIRMED.

The Senate has confirmed Duke DeKay, of New Jersey, Consul at Magdalen, Mexico, and Mr. Pendleton, of Ohio, Postmaster at Hollidysburg, Pennsylvania.

MATRIMONIAL.

Count Esterhazy, of the Austrian Legation, to-day married the widow of Gen. Grisha.

The sundry civil expenses appropriation bill reported to-day appropriates $1,358,125.

THE INDIANS.

Threatened War Between the Sioux and Cheyennes in Dakota.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, June 6.—Special to the Tribune from Fort Sterenson, Dakota Territory, states that a party of Sioux had attacked a party of Cheyennes, killing one and wounding several others. Two Cheyennes, to the number of seven, escaped and reached the fort. They were exhausted, and were threatening war if the Sioux were not punished. The Sioux, other than had manifested a disposition to make common cause with the Cheyennes in the event of trouble, and there was a prospect of bloody times among the savages and the whites.

Letters received today from the sweet Water mines say that the Indians are driving the Arapahoe Indians during the first part of March, that no one could venture out, and that men went there for protection have been well stationed and the people are beginning to feel that it is not safe to be so far from home, and consequence are bright.

The Big Horn expedition were at Rawlins station yesterday and left today all well.

Tonight we received a telegram from the reservation at the mouth of White River. The whites are preparing for a war.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company today purchased the entire site of the town of Grand Island, Nebraska, and have platted it and hereafter no one has had a good title to the property.

CHICAGO, June 6.—Captain Mitchell of the Fifth Infantry, who arrived today from the Yellowstone country, gives the following in recent attack on Bear Creek Station, forty miles east of the Big Horn. Twenty-five Indians came to the station, which was guarded by Sergeant Murray and four men. The Indians, supposed to be Cheyennes, mistaken for Arapahoes. After cooking and eating their time in a friendly manner left. Shortly after three remaining shot two of Murray's men and severely wounded the Sergeant, who escaped, which they fled. Sixty miles belonging to Mr. Trainy, trader at Camp Supplies, the authorities have sent one hundred United States, destroyed by fire induced by a collision of two locomotives near Bedford, Ohio, the jury to-day was in favor of the mail line for the full amount claimed, $9,000.

MEXICO.

Extra Session of Congress—Stage Robbery—Economical Measures—Financial Situation—Invasion by Guatemalans—Earthquake.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, June 6.—Mexico City dates to the first of June state that Congress would probably hold an extra session in order to hold the discussions, after the manner of constitutional reforms.

The stage between Vera Cruz and Jalapa was robbed by brigands and one passenger killed. Six bandits were recently executed at Zacatecas.

Gen. Rocha is moving on the revolutionary forces in the Tuxtepec district. Gen. Garcia Cadena has temporarily dissolved his bands. The Zacatecas Hermanos Mineros mines are yielding enormously.

A large force of Guatemalan had invaded Mexican territory, establishing courts and laws in the State of Chiapas, and declaring themselves, or rather recognizing the laws of the Mexican government, Mexican territory. Notice was also given them that if they did not comply force would be imported into the disputed country and buildings. It is generally believed that Mr. Romero, Minister to Oaxaca, is the prime mover in this invasion, intending to form a separate republic.

The national treasury is bankrupt.

The Guayamos revolution has ended for the present, Lozada refusing to participate.

A violent earthquake visited the State of Oaxaca. Its effects were especially disastrous in the City of Oaxaca. One hundred and three persons were killed and fifty-three wounded, and one-third of the city rendered uninhabitable. The earthquake extended to the mines, where four men were killed and many wounded. Buildings in all parts of the State were destroyed, and reports of additional deaths are expected.

Governor Dias, "as sent a commission to the Pacific coast to observe the volcanic eruption threatened at Potshi."

The standing army has been increased to 25,000 men and will require an appropriation of $9,000,000 annually, equal to nearly half the revenue of the government.

Hon. Wm. H. Seward made a donation to the Lancasterian Benevolent Society of the city of Mexico.

Commissioners reported in favor of the Rio Grande and Guaymas Railroad Company, and Congress passed Minister Romero's budget and appropriation bills.

Petroleum Export from Philadelphia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—On Saturday seven ships, loaded with refined and crude petroleum, cleared for Europe, comprising 1,158,000 gallons. One more ship and shipments are 600,000 gallons in excess of the same time last year.

A FIRST CLASS chance to secure a first class home. The sale of Mr. Bakewell's property at Neville on Thursday next will present, by all odds, the very best opportunity to purchase an acre lot, or an improved homestead that has ever occurred on the line of the Fort Wayne Road.

The beauty and convenience of the location, the respectability of neighborhood, and the terms of sale are all that the heart of man can desire.

Do not fail to attend, if you have the remotest idea of purchasing a home.

Plans at A. LEGGETT'S office, No. 150 Federal street, Allegheny.

PEARL COAL WORKS.—Schnabel & Walker have on hand, and deliver daily to any part of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, coal, nut coal, and slack at the lowest cash prices. Special rates to regular customers and for large orders. This coal is the best offered in the city. Office and yard, corner of Sandusky street and West Penn Railroad, Allegheny city. TTUS

NEW YORK CITY.

Mayor's Message to Council—Railroad War Renewed—Condition of Mr. Greeley—New Bergen Tunnel—Princess Editha Lopez Insane—Check Forgeries, &c., &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 6, 1870.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

Mayor Hall's address to the new Common Council to-day recommends resolutions be speedily passed for repairing a large number of streets and for the construction of sewers, that Council hold frequent public meetings and proceed at once to the preparation of a volume of revised city ordinances adapted to the new *regime*. The Mayor says it is already evident that the new executive departments organized under the recent charter will work together harmoniously and effectively.

RAILROAD WAR RENEWED.

The war between the Erie and N. Y. Central Railroads has again commenced. Commodore Vanderbilt to-day notified Jay Gould that all arrangements hitherto existing between the Central and Erie lines were to be considered null and void, that Erie tickets between New York and Buffalo and Niagara Falls would not be received on the Central. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company received the same communication, and negotiations are being opened between the Erie and Pennsylvania Roads for an offensive and defensive alliance.

CHECK FORGERY.

Forgeries have been discovered by the Teller of the Security Bank to the amount of $11,000, consisting of two small checks of Fisk and Hatch on another Bank altered respectively to $1,000 and $7,000. Two men named Josiah Ferris and Louis Van Elan have been arrested. No loss is sustained by either bank.

NEW BERGEN TUNNEL.

The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad Company have completed plans for a new tunnel through Bergen Hill, about a mile north of the present tunnel of the Erie Road. It will be four thousand feet long and require three years and a million dollars for completion.

CONDITION OF MR. GREELEY.

Horace Greely came back from Saluanas suffering from a slight cough and with some fever which has developed into intermittent fever of a low grade. He is not in pain to-day, is much better and likely to be out by the close of the week.

BROOKLYN BUDGET.

Mayor Kalbfleisch, of Brooklyn, to-day transmitted to the Aldermen the budget of estimated expenses for the current year, amounting to $3,332,421.

TIME EXTENDED.

Fisk and Gould have been allowed by Judge Blatchford until yesterday noon to reply to Judge Raphael's Co., representing the English stockholders of the Erie road.

ARRIVED.

The steamer City of Brussels has arrived from Europe.

NO ADMITTANCE, GENTLEMEN.

The Sorosis to-night tabled a motion to admit gentlemen as visitors.

CINCINNATI.

International Printers' Union—Reduction of Insanity—Suicide of Insane, in Town—Insurance Suit Verdict.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, June 6.—At the session this afternoon of the International Typographical Union, an address of welcome was made by Thos. Ogden, President of Cincinnati Union, tendering the delegates the hospitalities of the city. He alluded to the fact that Cincinnati was the birth-place of the National Union, and to the wonderful growth of the organization. He congratulated the delegates on the object of their being, the elevation of the position and character of the craft, and the maintenance of its interests generally. To which President George replied, tendering thanks for the generous welcome extended, and assuring them of his desires for concord and harmony.

At the meeting this afternoon the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Thos. Connolly, New Orleans; First Vice President, Thos. Willard, Albany; Second Vice President, Geo. W. O'Donnell, Boston; Secretary and Treasurer, John Collins, Cincinnati; Assistant Secretary, Jas. Rogers; Sergeant-at-Arms, Miss Augusta Lewis, New York.

Mr. Hammond was loudly called for after his election was announced, and responded in a few appropriate words and thanked the Union in brief but very appropriate speech.

When Miss Lewis was called for, the gentleman who sought to decline the honor, but the Union would not hear of it, and she accepted, and was accordingly elected by acclamation. In this month last year Cincinnati Typographical delegates desired a ballot, for he said that it had been so long since he had been in a position to vote that he was afraid to lose the opportunity on this occasion.

Insanity is increasing now here and others expected Sacramento, California, and Toronto will be represented next year.

A material reduction has been made by two railroads in fare east to-day. The Erie and Atlantic and Great Western Railway first announced a reduction from Cincinnati to New York from $22.50 to $20.50, and to Boston from $24.50 to $22.50. This last was followed by the Little Miami, Pan Handle and Pennsylvania Lines, making similar reduction to New York and corresponding reduction to Philadelphia, Boston, Baltimore and Washington.

The American Free Baptist Mission Society holds its annual meeting here this week, commencing to-morrow.

Daniel McFarland has been here several days incognito. He visited his home in Dayton at the Burnet House. He was finally discovered and has blown his money freely.

In the suit of Cincinnati and Louisville Mail Line against the Globe Insurance Company of Hartford, Connecticut, for property burned during rebellion, the jury to-day was in favor of the mail line for the full amount claimed, $9,000.

MEXICO.

Extra Session of Congress—Stage Robbery—Economical Measures—Financial Situation—Invasion by Guatemalans—Earthquake.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, June 6.—Mexico City dates to the first of June state that Congress would probably hold an extra session in order to hold the discussions, after the manner of constitutional reforms.

The stage between Vera Cruz and Jalapa was robbed by brigands and one passenger killed. Six bandits were recently executed at Zacatecas.

Gen. Rocha is moving on the revolutionary forces in the Tuxtepec district. Gen. Garcia Cadena has temporarily dissolved his bands. The Zacatecas Hermanos Mineros mines are yielding enormously.

A large force of Guatemalan had invaded Mexican territory, establishing courts and laws in the State of Chiapas, and declaring themselves, or rather recognizing the laws of the Mexican government, Mexican territory. Notice was also given them that if they did not comply force would be imported into the disputed country and buildings. It is generally believed that Mr. Romero, Minister to Oaxaca, is the prime mover in this invasion, intending to form a separate republic.

The national treasury is bankrupt.

The Guayamos revolution has ended for the present, Lozada refusing to participate.

A violent earthquake visited the State of Oaxaca. Its effects were especially disastrous in the City of Oaxaca. One hundred and three persons were killed and fifty-three wounded, and one-third of the city rendered uninhabitable. The earthquake extended to the mines, where four men were killed and many wounded. Buildings in all parts of the State were destroyed, and reports of additional deaths are expected.

Governor Dias, "as sent a commission to the Pacific coast to observe the volcanic eruption threatened at Potshi."

The standing army has been increased to 25,000 men and will require an appropriation of $9,000,000 annually, equal to nearly half the revenue of the government.

Hon. Wm. H. Seward made a donation to the Lancasterian Benevolent Society of the city of Mexico.

Commissioners reported in favor of the Rio Grande and Guaymas Railroad Company, and Congress passed Minister Romero's budget and appropriation bills.

Upper Rivers.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph.]

MORGANTOWN, June 6.—River stationary, with thirty inches of water in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer eighty-two degrees at four P. M.

BROWNSVILLE, June 6.—River stationary, with three and a half feet of water in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer seventy-eight degrees at four P. M.

GALLIPOLIS, June 6.—River stationary, with three feet three inches of water in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer seventy-eight degrees at four P. M.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, June 6.—Cotton nominal at 21½@21¾c for middling. Sales 1,100 bales—receipts 3,[illegible], exports 10,[illegible]. Flour firm at $6.50 for superfine, $[illegible] for double X, $[illegible] for treble X. Corn easier; mixed $1.18, white $1.20. Oats easier at 60@62c. Bran $1[illegible]. Hay prime $25. Pork $21.25. Bacon [illegible]; hams 2[illegible]c. Lard is firm; tierces 13½@14, keg 15@16c. Sugar firmer; prime 11@11¼c. Molasses; inferior sells at 60c; prime 65c, fermenting 50@55c. Whisky firmer; fair 1[illegible]@1[illegible]c, prime 1[illegible]@1[illegible]. Sterling 12[illegible].

Albany.

ALBANY, June 6.—Supply of cattle 1,[illegible] head, against [illegible] head last week. Some grades brought an advance of 50@1c premium; [illegible] for extra quality; $[illegible] for first quality; $[illegible] for fair to good; and $[illegible] for inferior. Sheep dull, and lower; [illegible] for common to prime; $5.[illegible] for fair to good, and $7 for extra. In the hog line market was firmer. Hogs [illegible] for Western [illegible].

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

MONDAY, June 6.—The first case taken up was that of Lupton & Co. vs. Richardson' Writ of replevin. Verdict for defendants.

Bidwell vs. Bostwick & Miller. Action on a contract. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $[illegible].

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

[illegible] Mellon vs. Horton et al.
[illegible] Hartupee vs. Sewer Co.
[illegible] Johnson's Ex'rs vs. Rodgers et al.
[illegible] Same vs. Same.
[illegible] City of Pittsburgh vs. Walter.
[illegible] Smith vs. Williams.
[illegible] Freel vs. Connor.
[illegible] Johnson's Ex'rs vs. Stutler.
[illegible] Duval vs. Scott & Gleal.
[illegible] McClintock vs. Rodgers.

Common Pleas—Judge Stowe

MONDAY, June 6.—The first case taken up was that of David Richey vs. T. M. Marshall, J. H. Lindsay, and James McCutcheon. This was an action in ejectment for certain lots of ground in the First ward, Allegheny. The jury found for plaintiff, with six cents damage and costs, to be relected upon payment by defendants to plaintiff the sum of twelve thousand six hundred and fifty-six dollars, with interest on ten thousand dollars from this date, within ninety days, and upon payment by the defendants to the plaintiff, of the further sum of sixteen thousand dollars, with interest thereon, according to the provisions of the mortgage upon said premises to the plaintiff, the whole of said sums being for balance of purchase money payable to the plaintiff for the said premises.

The next case taken up was that of Alonzo Hall vs. L. D. Davis, et al., owners of steamboat Little Champion. This was an action to recover damages for the sinking of a flat containing three thousand bushels of corn, and one hundred bushels of potatoes, belonging to the plaintiff, through the alleged carelessness on the part of defendants or their agents. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

[illegible] McClelland vs. Rogers, Jr.
[illegible] Forsythe vs. Love et al.
[illegible] McSwiggen vs. Kuhlmann et al.
[illegible] Kerr vs. Zeigler.
[illegible] Duncan & Waughter vs. School Board of 8th Ward, Pittsburgh