THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

City Councils meet this afternoon at two o'clock.

Lost Locket.—A small locket, with gray agate sides. See advertisement in another column.

A Stated Meeting of the Board of Controllers will be held at City Hall, on Tuesday evening, June 7, at 7½ o'clock.

Mr. Joseph Gray, the accommodating and worthy Register, will present his account as register for confirmation to-day.

Carpenters, Builders and Contractors will find an advertisement of Dry Yellow Pine and Oak Lumber for sale on our first page.

Sheriff Fleming will offer some valuable real estate for sale to-day, commencing at 10 A. M. W. J. Dehal, his chief clerk, will do the talking and working.

Tea Cases.—Mayor Callow had ten common cases before him yesterday morning. Among the number was Joseph Burke, who was sent to the workhouse for ninety days for disorderly conduct.

Postponed.—The Concert announced to take place this evening at Liberty Hall, has been unavoidably postponed. It will be given, however, at an early day, due notice of which will appear in this paper.

Slight Fire.—About eight o'clock Saturday evening a slight fire occurred in Ehler's saloon, Allegheny. It originated in a wardrobe on the second floor. It was extinguished before any serious damage was done.

Progressing.—The work on the Meadow street sewer, East Birmingham, the contract for which was awarded to Messrs. Hastings & O'Neill has been commenced and is progressing favorably. The sewer is nineteen hundred feet in length.

Attention, Desolate Zouaves.—A meeting will be held at the Miller street school house this (Monday) evening, June 6th, at 7½ o'clock. Business of importance to be transacted.

By order of
G. S. MASSEY, Capt.

Dupree & Benedict.—Our city, we discover, is to be favored with a visit by Dupree & Benedict's excellent Minstrel Troupe in a few days. The troupe is as good as it was when we were last favored with their presence here, and it doubtless is, they will do a good business.

Man Drowned.—Mr. George Friedley, aged about nineteen years, employed as clerk by Messrs. McIntire & Brown, grocerymen at Beck's Run, was drowned in the Monongahela river at that place about six o'clock last evening while bathing. His parents reside in Harding county, Ohio.

Daring Robbery.—About half past ten o'clock Friday evening two men went into Sarber and Hilliard's jewelry store on Fourth street and stole a gold watch from the show case which was worth $80. The watch was not missed for some minutes after they had taken their departure.

Minstrels.—Lovers of amusement, and who are not, should remember that Carncross and Dixie's minstrels commence a brief engagement at the Academy of Music this evening. The troupe is one of the best in existence, and comprises some of the leading talent in the profession. Go and see them.

Legs Broken.—An accident occurred in Temperanceville yesterday afternoon, by which three men each had a leg broken. Mr. Henry C. Nahmeyer, a boss carpenter, and two journeymen were working on a scaffold at a new building in Ormsby borough, when the scaffolding gave way, precipitating them to the ground, breaking a leg for each of them.

Moving.—William Hughes formerly occupied a house owned by Mrs. Mary Kelley, and a few days since William moved. He was not satisfied with moving his personal goods but attempted to take with him a part of the realty. He tore up the floor and carried away the boards. Mary made information before Alderman O'Donnell charging William with malicious mischief, and a warrant issued for his arrest.

German in the Schools.—The committee appointed at a meeting of German citizens relative to the introduction of the German language in the public schools, met in Turner Hall, Saturday evening, when it was resolved that the petitions asking that the German language be taught in the several schools be presented to the several local Boards, with the request that said Boards lay them before the Central Board of Education, and the question be agitated throughout the city.

Dangerous Plaything.—Loaded pistols are dangerous playthings for children, as was proven by an occurrence which occurred in Uniontown, Fayette county, Saturday morning. Willie McClelland, son of Mrs. McClelland, of the McClelland House, and a little boy attached to the soldiers orphan's school, at that place, were playing with a loaded pistol when by some accident it was discharged and the ball penetrated through Willie McClelland's wrist and inflicted a serious wound in the other boys hand.

The Ambrose Murder.—Information was made before Justice Heise yesterday, by Mrs. Ambrose, widow of the man who was killed in a fight in Bedford Hall, Birmingham, some months since, charging J. Marshall with the murder. Marshall, it will be remembered, was charged with felonious assault and battery on oath of Mr. Fritz, father of Charles Fritz, who was seriously wounded in the same affray in which Ambrose was killed, and he is now under bail to answer that charge. A warrant was issued in the other case.

Union Dale Cemetery—Excitement at the Gate.

We have heard much said of the conduct of the gatekeeper on the occasion of a large funeral procession, many in carriages and many on foot, which reached the gate of the Hillside side of the cemetery on Sunday, the 22d ultimo, when the person in charge of said gate after the hearse and a few carriages had entered closed the gate on all others who could not procure a ticket of admission, enforcing the rule very peremptorily to the great grief and indignation of a large number of men and women — many of them lot-owners, and this orderly procession, desiring to perform the last offices of friendship to a deceased friend.

We felt quite sure that the conduct of the gate keeper was wholly unauthorized, and are confirmed in this opinion by one of the Trustees with whom we conferred on Saturday, who says the Superintendent and entire Board of Trustees condemn the conduct of the gate keeper as emphatically as did the people whom he turned away from the gate, and ascribe his action to a misapprehension of a general order of the Board to exclude *Sunday* visitors who were not furnished with tickets. This rule was found necessary to restrain the practice of improper persons frequenting the cemetery on Sunday but by no means to preclude those who came with funerals. The mistake is very much regretted by the Directors and Superintendent and is not likely to happen again. The gate keeper himself is ashamed of his blunder and only pleads that he *thought* he was obeying orders. He will know better in all time to come.

BURIED ALIVE.

Frightful Accident in Allegheny—Two Men Killed and Two Injured—Buried Beneath a Mass of Rock—Coroner's Inquest.

An accident of a shocking character occurred about half-past ten o'clock Saturday morning, in the Seventh ward, Allegheny, resulting in the death of two men and the serious and probable fatal injury of two others.

Messrs. Howard & Co. have a contract for grading Vista street, in the Seventh ward, Allegheny, where for some weeks they have had a large force of men at work, for the purpose of leveling a heavy one. The street passes through a hill, necessitating a cut of twenty feet, a great portion of which is solid rock, which had to be blasted. At the time mentioned, fourmen, James Gallaher, Barney Haney, James Donahue and Michael Moore, were at work underneath a large rock, which, from the force of the powder used in blasting, had probably become detached from the surrounding rocks, and without a moment's warning it came down with a crash, bringing with it several tons of loose dirt and stone, completely covering the four men above mentioned. The other workmen, as soon as it was safe to begin work from the amount of detached pieces of rock that continued to fall for some minutes after the first crash, went to the rescue. Donahue and Moore were taken out, and although they had sustained serious injuries about the head and body, were still living. Some minutes elapsed before Graham could be extricated from beneath the mass of rock, and when taken out the former was quite dead, and the latter, although living, had received injuries necessarily fatal, and he expired in a short twenty minutes afterward.

Deceased attendance was summoned, and the injured men were properly attended to.

The bodies of deceased were removed to their place of residence in the Ninth ward, this city, when Coroner Clawson held an inquest upon them yesterday morning, and the jury returned a verdict of accidental death, in accordance with the above facts.

THE CITY FUNDS.

The City of Pittsburgh vs. The City Treasurer —The Mandamus Case.

The case of the city of Pittsburgh vs. A. J. Cochran, City Treasurer, an application for a writ of Mandamus to compel the City Treasurer to deposit with the several banks designated as city depositories by Councils for the city funds, in compliance with an ordinance passed by Councils known as the "Barton Ordinance" requiring him so to do, was fully and ably argued in the Common Pleas Court on Saturday, before a full Bench.

The argument was opened by Mr. J. F. Slagle, City Solicitor, on behalf of the city, who reviewed the history of the city, and all the acts of Assembly bearing on the case and held that it was clearly the right of Councils to control the finances of the city, as well as all property belonging to the corporation.

George Shiras, Esq., followed in behalf of the Treasurer. He thought the case one of the greatest importance. The act of Assembly which created the Councils also creates the office of City Treasurer and defines the duties of that office clearly. He then cited the act of 1857, which defines the duties of the Treasurer, and held that Councils was an irresponsible body and had no right to interfere with the City Treasurer so long as he complied with the provisions of the act of Assembly defining his duties.

Thos. M. Marshall, Esq., also for the Treasurer, followed in an able argument. He said that originally the power which Councils had assumed was delegated to them and the Treasurer was a mere machine; subsequent acts of Assembly had divested them of that power, however, and it was now vested in all the officers of the corporation alike, the duties of each being explicitly defined.

Mr. White closed the argument for the city, confining himself, at the suggestion of Judge Sterrett, to a single point of the repeal of the act of 1857. He held that the act had not been repealed; there was no repealing clause in the act of '67, and all the provisions of the act of '57 remain in full force. The arguments on both sides were able and exhaustive. The Court will probably deliver an opinion to-day.

NEW FIRE DEPARTMENT.

When it Will go into Operation—Rules and Regulations for its Government.

The Fire Commissioners have not as yet assumed entire control of the Fire Department, but are perfecting their arrangements to that end as rapidly as possible. An inventory of the "goods, chattels and effects" of the old department which are to be transferred to the use and benefit of the new laboring taken, and it is thought all arrangements will be completed during the present week, when the department will go into service under the following rules and regulations which have been carefully prepared, and are to be promulgated:

RULES AND REGULATIONS.

ARTICLE 1. All companies of the Department shall be furnished with a copy of the Fire Ordinance and Rules and Regulations, which shall be framed and placed in their respective houses. It shall be the duty of officers and members of the Department to conform to all the requisitions, and perform all the duties, herein required.

ART. 2. The Chief Engineer shall have full control at all times of all men, engines, horses, hose, ladders, trucks, engine houses, and all apparatus belonging to the Department not specially enumerated. He shall order all repairs to apparatus, and report the same without delay to the Commissioners, and shall have power to suspend employees of the Department until the Commissioners take action on charges preferred. It shall be his duty once a day to visit the several houses of the Department, and see that the apparatus is in proper condition and the men at their posts. He must also appear upon the fire ground fully equipped.

ART. 3. The Assistant Engineer shall perform all such duties as the Commissioners and Chief Engineer shall require, and in the absence of the Chief Engineer, shall perform all his duties. He must also appear on the fire ground fully equipped.

ART. 4. In the absence of the Chief and Assistant Engineers from a fire, the Foreman of the first company arriving on the ground shall take the command.

ART. 5. It shall be the duty of the foremen to see that the several engines, apparatus and horses committed to their care, and the several buildings in which the same are deposited, and all things in and belonging to the same, are kept neat and clean, and in order for immediate use. It shall also be their duty to preserve order and discipline in their respective companies, especially while going to, in service at, or returning from a fire, and require and enforce a strict compliance with the city ordinances and the rules and regulations of the Board of Commissioners. They shall also keep, or cause to be kept, fair and exact rolls, specifying the age, time of admission and discharge of each member, and account of all city property entrusted to the care of the several members, and of all absence or tardiness of the same, in a book provided for that purpose by the city; which roll or record books are always to be subject to the order of the Board. They shall also make to the Chief Engineer and Commissioners true and accurate returns, in writing, of all the members with their age, residence and occupation; also monthly (or oftener if necessary) such other returns as may be required by the Board. They shall also see that the apparatus and property of the Department is restored to their care, with an estimated list of all articles that may be required for the ensuing month.

The Foreman or commanding officer of each Company shall remain with the Company or apparatus of which he has charge, preserve order and direct the operations of the same and all members of the several companies, except when otherwise engaged on special duty, shall remain at or about the apparatus to which they are attached. The Foreman will be held responsible for the conduct of his men while at the Department house or on the fire ground, and will be required to report in writing to the Chief Engineer any dereliction of duty or violation of the rules by the members.

ART. 6. It shall be the duty of the Engineer of each Company to be at all times present at the engine house, except when absent on duty from on duty; he shall give his entire time to the service of his Company, and shall have his engine ready for service at all times. He shall accompany his engine to all fires or alarms, and diligently and faithfully attend to his position, as directed by the Foreman of his Company or higher officer, and he shall be required to do all the duties as prescribed by the rules creating this Department.

ART. 7. The Drivers shall have charge and due care of the horses of their respective companies while at the engine or truck house, going to a fire, while there or returning to the house, and shall have them at all times ready for immediate service. They shall report to and otherwise execute the directions of the foreman, and shall be on duty at the engine or truck house and stable at all times, except during meal and whilst practising horses, shall not go further from the house than directed by the foreman.

ART. 8. Each Hoseman shall be on duty at his respective engine house at all times except during fires, and shall discharge all the duties appertaining to his position during the time the apparatus is in service. It shall also be his duty to keep his engine house, hose carriage and hose in a proper and cleanly condition, and shall be subject in all things to the direction of the foreman. He also will report to the hose carriage going to and returning from fires.

ART. 9. The fireman shall assist the engineer in all his duties, and shall obey all orders of foreman and engineer.

ART. 10. The truckmen, in addition to their duties as firemen of the truck company, shall have charge of the apparatus and houses of their respective companies.

ART. 11. It shall be the duty of all engineers, horsemen, drivers, truckmen and firemen of each company to attend all meetings of their engine-houses during the night; and a failure to comply with this requirement will be a good and sufficient cause for their dismissal from service. Provided, however, that one member of each company may have the privilege once a night, each in his turn, as may be arranged by the foremanship.

ART. 12. Persons to be eligible to membership in the Department, must be over one and one years of age, and resident in the city of Pittsburgh.

ART. 13. No spirituous or malt liquors shall be allowed in any engine or other house belonging to the Department, or at any fire or alarm of fire; and any member seen intoxicated about any engine house or any other house used by the Department, at any fire or alarm of fire, shall be subject to dismissal.

ART. 14. Any officer or member of the Department who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to perform his duty, or shall be guilty of disobedience to his superior officer or officers, shall for such offence be suspended from the Department; and any officer or member who shall offend against any ordinance of the city relating to the Fire Department shall thereby be determined by the Board of Commissioners, shall, in addition to the fine, forfeit suspension by the Chief Engineer, be also liable to a penalty of not less than five or more than ten dollars, to be decided by Commissioners, the same to be deducted from the monthly pay of the person so offending.

ART. 15. The Board, with the Chief and Assistant Engineers, will in the month of May, and quarterly thereafter, review the several companies of the Department in their respective houses.

ART. 16. The engine companies with their engines and carriages, and the hook and ladder companies, with their trucks, are required to be on the street within one and a half minutes after an alarm of fire has been received at their several houses. Failure to be on in two minutes, caused by absence of engineman, hostler or truckman, will be reported by the foreman, and subject the party so offending to a fine.

ART. 17. Absence from a fire or alarm of fire, without good and sufficient cause (the same to be determined by the Board of Commissioners) shall subject the party absenting himself to the following fines, viz:

Chief Engineer and Assistant.....$3 00
Engineman.....3 00
Foreman.....1 00
Fireman, for first alarm.....1 00
Fireman, for second alarm.....2 00
Fireman, for third alarm.....5 00
Fireman, for fourth alarm.....Dismissal.

The same to be deducted from their monthly pay.

ART. 17. The hook and ladder companies will take position, when practicable, within the lines, and as near the fire as, under all circumstances, may be found convenient.

ART. 18. When the fire and the advertising announcements of the representative manufacturing establishments and business houses of the city, which adjoin the burning edifice, shall be destroyed thereto. In preparing the history of Pittsburgh, commensurate to their importance to the growth and prosperity, the utmost care has been exercised in obtaining and collating facts. A history of the manufacturing industries of Pittsburgh, commensurate to their importance to the growth and prosperity of the city, State and nation, has never been published. The work will volume to supply the want. Among the subjects treated in which will be prepared with the closest scrutiny, are the following:

Pittsburgh To-day.
Developments and Extent of the Coal Trade.
The Iron Interest.
The Glass Manufactures.
Pittsburgh the Producer of American Steel.
The Railroad Interests of Pittsburgh.
Our Railways, Present and Prospective.
The White Lead Interest.
The Tobacco Trade.
The Building and Steamboat Interest.

The publishers propose to place a copy of the volume in the leading hotels of those portions of the Union which are in the slightest degree tributary to the trade of Pittsburgh, also in the various leading libraries, commercial agencies, and steamboats on the Ohio and Mississippi. The bulk of the edition will be circulated in the States West and South of Pennsylvania, with an ample circulation at advantageous points in our own State and Eastern cities. The volume will be printed and bound in a style not hitherto approached in Pittsburgh. This fact, and the value of its statistical and historical information will secure its preservation long after the usual advertising agencies are consigned to the waste paper basket, while it will afford to the merchants and dealers of other cities and localities a convenient, safe and reliable record of the representative manufacturing and business establishments of Pittsburgh.

Canvassers will call upon manufacturers and business men for their advertisement during the ensuing week.

E. A. MYERS,
DAVID LOWRY, } Publishers.
JAMES MILLS,

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were admitted to record in the office of Thomas H. Hunter, Recorder for Allegheny county, Saturday, June 4, 1870:

Thomas Mellon to Ann McDowell, June 1, 1870: 20 by 66 feet on High street, Pittsburgh, with buildings.....$4,500
Birmingham, East Birmingham and South Pittsburgh Gas Company to John D. Scott, et al, June 1, 1870; 45 by 110 feet on Ormsby street, borough of Birmingham.....$4,500
Daniel Negley to Daniel Hammell, June 20, 1867; 15 by 200 feet on Greensburg Pike, Pittsburgh.....$1,000
George Schmidt to Jacob King, May 30, 1870; 20 by 100 feet, on west road, Seventh ward, Allegheny, with buildings.....$1,000
N. Holmes, et al to Geo. Schmidt, December 7, 1869; ½ of a acre, and 66 perches in Birmingham, with buildings.....$1,464
Davis Bacon to John Fitzgerald, Jr., June 2, 1870; ¾ an acre in Twentieth ward, Pittsburgh.....$1,000
Julius Coester to George C. Schmitt, August 31, 1868; 20 by 80 feet on Wade street, Lower St. Clair township, with buildings.....$315
George C. Schmitt to James Mathews, May 20, 1870; same as above.....$800
John Storer to N. H. Pangborn, May 17, 1870; 34 acres and 150 perches of land in Forward township, with buildings.....$5,000

Stonecrop's Cathartic Syrup is used in all cases instead of pills, castor oil, epsom salts, &c. Highest flavor. Twenty-five cents. Try it. Sold by all druggists. wrm

EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.

Meeting Last Night—A Pittsburgh Branch Organized—What it is and who Compose it —List of Officers—Interesting Addresses.

Last evening, in response to public call, a large audience, representing members of the various Protestant denominations in this vicinity, assembled in the Third Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Noble's,) Sixth avenue, for the purpose of organizing a Pittsburgh branch to the Evangelical Alliance. This organization, which comprises delegates from all the Protestant Churches in Christendom, will hold its next meeting in New York, in October of the present year, and promises to be one of the largest and most important religious conventions ever held in this country. The purposes of it will be better explained by the Constitution appended below.

The meeting last night was called to order at half past seven o'clock by Rev. S. F. Scovel, who presided. The platform was occupied by about a dozen ministers, nearly every Protestant denomination being represented.

After the opening devotional exercises, conducted by Rev. W. D. Howard, addresses were delivered successively by Rev. J. H. Stuckenberg, Rev. G. P. Hays, Rev. S. H. Nesbitt, D. D., Editor of the Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate*, Rev. S. J. Wilson, D. D., and Rev. Wm. Young. The addresses were all brief and were devoted to explanations of the objects and the importance of organizing a branch association.

Rev. S. F. Scovel then read the following

CONSTITUTION

As the basis upon which the Pittsburgh branch was to be organized:

ART. 1. This organization shall be known as the Pittsburgh Branch of the Evangelical Alliance of the United States of America.

ART. 2. The objects of this Association are: to promote evangelical union with a view to greater success in Christian activity; to maintain and exhibit the essential unity of the Church of Christ; to counteract the influence of infidelity and superstition, especially in their organized forms; to assist the cause of religious freedom everywhere; to hold up the supreme authority of the Word of God; to urge the observance of the Lord's day, and to correct the immoral habits of society. To accomplish these ends it proposes to act as a *Bureau of Correspondence and Information*, obtaining facts and diffusing them, with such suggestions as may seem pertinent, by avoiding all dogmatic or legislative style, and "endeavoring to keep the unity of the Spirit in the bond of peace."

ART. 3. Any person may be introduced as a member of this branch of the alliance on his own application by signing the constitution and assenting to the principles, the basis and the objects of this Association.

ART. 4. The officers of this branch of the alliance shall be a President, ten Vice Presidents, Corresponding and Recording Secretaries and a Treasurer.

ART. 5. The business of this alliance shall be conducted by a Board of Councellors, (giving the executive officers and Vice Presidents,) who shall be members ex-officio, any ten of whom shall constitute a quorum of a meeting when regularly convened; and all the officers and Councellors shall be elected annually by the Alliance, they being accountable to and subject to its instructions, and shall hold their offices until the election of their successors. The members of the Board are expected to fill all their own vacancies, and shall meet by the appointment of the society or their own call or appointment, or at the call of the President or any five of them, or with the consent of *ex officio* Councellors; provided, in the case of every special meeting, due notice shall be given.

ART. 6. The Board shall have charge, and shall meet annually at such time and place as the Board may appoint.

ART. 7. This Constitution may be altered only at an annual meeting and by a vote of two-thirds of the members present, provided notice of the amendment be given at a previous annual meeting, nor shall such alteration be recommended by ten of the Board of Councellors.

It was stated that this Constitution had been adopted by the originators of the movement in Pittsburgh by instructions received from the present organization in New York. It had been submitted to every absent clergyman in order to perfect the organization of the branch and the election of officers. The following names were submitted:

President—Felix R. Brunot.
Corresponding Secretary—F. S. Cree.
Recording Secretary—R. F. Scovel.
Treasurer—John H. Holmes.
Vice Presidents—Rev. Dr. Howard, Rev. John G. Brown, Rev. Dr. Gazzam, Rev. Joseph King, Rev. Dr. Collier, Rev. Dr. Kirkpatrick, Rev. Dr. Hornberger, Rev. Dr. H. S. Nesbit, Rev. E. C. Squier, Rev. Dr. Jacobus, Rev. Mr. Barclay.
Councellors—Rev. J. A. Noble, Rev. J. T. Cresswell, D. D., Rev. John Douglass D. D., Rev. J. C. Pershing D. D., Rev. Wm. A. Browning, and Messrs. Wagner, E. E. Schmertz, Thos. J. Drum, Hon. Robert Dalzell, Rev. Dr. H. Garnett.

The list as read was unanimously approved.

Rev. F. A. Noble was called upon for an address, but declined, owing to the lateness of the hour.

Confidence was engaged in singing the Doxology and was followed with the benediction by Rev. Dr. Preston.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

SATURDAY, June 4.—In the case of Honegger & Co., vs. for use of Waring & King vs. Graham & Bro., previously reported, the jury failed to agree and were discharged.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

25 Iuglish & Co. vs. Richardson.
26 Hartupee & Co vs. Caldwell.
27 Ryan vs. Moore, Robbing & Co.
61 Penniman et al. vs. Woodruff.
62 Atwell vs. Borland & Miller.
66 Mellon vs. Barron et al.
69 Nelson vs Union M. E. Church, Manchester.
70 Hamilton vs. Lawrence et al.
73 Schmit & Bro. vs. Brehen.

Common Pleas—Full Bench.

SATURDAY, June 4.—The entire session of the Court was occupied in the argument of the application of Pittsburgh, vs. A. J. Cochran, City Treasurer. Application for a *mandamus* to compel the Treasurer to pay into the banks designated as city depositories the city funds in his hands, in compliance with the Barton ordinance. Argued by Messrs. Slagle, city Solicitor, for the city; Messrs. Marshall and Shiras, followed for Mr. Cochran, and Mr. White closed for the city. The decision of the Court will probably be rendered this morning.

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31 (O. L.) Smith, guardian, vs. Rogers, Jr.
201 (L.) Smith, guardian, vs. Rogers, Jr.
303 Fleming vs. Kuhlman, et al.
304 McSwigeon vs. Kuhlman, et al.
305 Kerr vs. Ziegler.
306 Fleming, daughter vs. Eleventh Ward School Board.
310 Saunders vs. Feld, et al.
311 Brown vs. Gillespie.
312 Same vs. Kountz, et al. (2 cases).
313 Same vs. Koutz, et al.

Quarter Sessions Court.

The June term of this Court will commence to-day. The following is the trial list for the week:

22. Com. vs. Patrick Burke.
170. Com. vs. Caroline Schubert.
171. Com. vs. Darby Holland, four cases.
172. Com. vs. Wm. Rafferty, two cases.
200. Com. vs. Lewis Bayer.
1. Com. vs. H. Kirkpatrick et al.
2. Com. vs. Stephen Sciffe et al.
3. Com. vs. Stephen Sciffe et al.
4. Com. vs. Jacob Werbil.
5. Com. vs. Jacob Werbil.
6. Com. vs. Andrew Sowsey.
7. Com. vs. Catharine McCormick.
8. Com. vs. Margaret E. Snyder.
9. Com. vs. Hernan Weisegarad.
10. Com. vs. Joseph Robinson.

[Announcement.]

Pittsburgh—Its Industry and Commerce.

This is the title of a volume in preparation which is intended to supply a want—to bring prominently to the consumer into more intimate contact. The plan upon which the volume is constructed places the most reliable data accessible to experienced journalists, in regard to the industry and commerce of Pittsburgh, and its environs, at the immediate disposal of the representative manufacturing establishments and business houses of the city. The publication is now completed and subscribers until the election of their successors. The members of the Board are expected to fill all their own vacancies, and shall meet by the appointment of the society or their own call or appointment, or at the call of the President or any five of them, or with the consent of *ex officio* Councellors; provided, in the case of every special meeting, due notice shall be given.

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310 Saunders vs. Feld, et al.
311 Brown vs. Gillespie.
312 Same vs. Kountz, et al. (2 cases).
313 Same vs. Koutz, et al.

Quarter Sessions Court.

The June term of this Court will commence to-day. The following is the trial list for the week:

22. Com. vs. Patrick Burke.
170. Com. vs. Caroline Schubert.
171. Com. vs. Darby Holland, four cases.
172. Com. vs. Wm. Rafferty, two cases.
200. Com. vs. Lewis Bayer.
1. Com. vs. H. Kirkpatrick et al.
2. Com. vs. Stephen Sciffe et al.
3. Com. vs. Stephen Sciffe et al.
4. Com. vs. Jacob Werbil.
5. Com. vs. Jacob Werbil.
6. Com. vs. Andrew Sowsey.
7. Com. vs. Catharine McCormick.
8. Com. vs. Margaret E. Snyder.
9. Com. vs. Hernan Weisegarad.
10. Com. vs. Joseph Robinson.

[Announcement.]

Pittsburgh—Its Industry and Commerce.

This is the title of a volume in preparation which is intended to supply a want—to bring prominently to the consumer into more intimate contact. The plan upon which the volume is constructed places the most reliable data accessible to experienced journalists, in regard to the industry and commerce of Pittsburgh, and its environs, at the immediate disposal of the representative manufacturing establishments and business houses of the city. The publication is now completed and subscribers until the election of their successors.

GENERALITIES.

THE sea serpent has turned up in Bear Lake, Utah.

HENRY CENTRE SAVAGE is lecturing in San Francisco.

THE land where the wicked cease from troubling is probably where no petroleum or camphine lamps are used.

FOUR George Washingtons, six Andrew Jacksons, five Henry Clays, and two James K. Polks reside at present in the Louisiana Penitentiary.

MCFARLAND is threatening dire vengeance upon Tilton. It is not impossible that he may have another attack of temporary mania.

AT the Chicago Woman's Suffrage Convention, Miss Victor, of Ohio, said good men are scarce because of the lack of good mothers. Hence, women should be allowed to vote.

THE most valuable raft of lumber passed Winona on the 23d ult. that was ever set afloat on the Mississippi. It contained 2,5000,000 feet of lumber, and was valued at $27,500.

IN the stomach of an alligator recently killed on the Combahee river was found a large lightwood knot, a white buttle and the neck and bottom of another, and a bunch of hair.

A YOUNG MAN calling himself Allen Wright, but supposed to be named Arthur Henten, couldn't stand Cincinnati any longer and went to a hotel on Wednesday and shot himself.

FIGS are raised in California, the climate of the southern coast of which State is so well adapted to that purpose that two crops are raised each year, the first ripening in June and the second in August.

MANY persons will sympathize with Senator Sansbury, who desires that an expedition should be sent to remove the North Pole, that it may no longer act as an incentive to Arctic explorers.

THE Alaska Indians hold Coroner's inquests over suicides, not to decide how but why they killed themselves, and if any other party be to blame he has to pay a fine to the friends of the deceased.

J. E. THOMPSON, President of the First National Bank of St. Paul, dropped dead while fishing near that city. He was a prominent man in St. Paul, and universally known and beloved throughout the State.

A CORRESPONDENT at Yazoo City, Miss., writes: "There is considerable increase in the number of acres of cotton planted this section, and generally fine stands. I have never known a better spring for working crops."

A WASHINGTON belle says: "In walking up a long room when the women who don't like you are looking as your back, these is a beautiful supple swayed by a Paris dress not to be derived from the firmest religious principles."

A PAINT mine is the latest novelty in Indiana. It is found in Northwestern Worthington. A sample has been ground in oil and mixed, makes a beautiful red paint. A vein of iron ore, four feet in thickness, has been discovered four miles north of that place, in the vicinity of the mineral paint.

A DESPERATE character, named John Gavin, attacked a miller in the street at Madison, Ind., on Tuesday. Judge Luick interfered and a crowd of Irishmen attacked the Judge who kept them at bay, though badly hurt, until the U. S. Marshal came up and, when attacked, shot Gavin dead.

IT is reported that that the Republicans of Virginia intend appealing to Congress for supplemental reconstruction, because the Conservatives are inflicting outrages against the colored Republicans, and are endeavoring to intimidate them from registering. There is no doubtful if Congress will interfere in the matter as the Republicans oppose it, and doubt that Congress has the right to interfere with the State Government as represented in the Union.

THE particulars of the fearful and fatal accident to Mr. Harry Lewis, of Washington, on Tuesday, are contained in the journals of that city. It appears that Mr. Lewis, while walking across a rope stretched at a height of about thirty feet from the ground. When about the centre of the rope he lost his balance and fell to the ground with terrific violence, breaking his arm and two or three ribs, and receiving such severe internal injuries as to render his recovery exceedingly doubtful. He was taken up and conveyed to the Park Hotel, where Mr. Wisner, the proprietor, did all in his power to minister to his relief. At an early hour Wednesday morning intelligence was received that he was gradually sinking, and later in the afternoon of that day the daring gymnast expired.

WHISPERINGS OF THE FICKLE GODDESS.

THE fashionable hooped skirts are very small, nearly straight, and have a small bustle shaped out at the back.

THE little breeze respecting the abandonment of short dresses for the street has died away, and the short dresses remain.

LONG lace veils, slightly pointed in front, are worn with bonnets this summer instead of the short veils which have been so popular.

OUTFITS and traveling dresses are in universal demand, and many inquiries are made as to what is required for visits to a greater or less distance, and of longer or shorter duration.

A TRAVELING dress of alpaca or Tak cloth, a plain silk suit, not necessarily new, and one trained silk dress are sufficient to start with upon a European tour, with the addition of a jacket or two, for neglige, and an opera cloak.

IT is not considered at all necessary to provide an extensive wardrobe upon going to Europe, as the chance of hobnobbing with royalty, or even with common dukes or archdeacons, is one not generally remote, and it is, moreover, "carrying coals to Newcastle."

THERE is quite a little rage just now among very distinguished ladies for black toilets for dinner parties. A black dress of rich gros grains is almost covered by a wattau of black lace, and, with its mantilla veil or lace lappets, gives quite a conventional air to the shadowy style of the toilette. Younger ladies soften the effect of their black silk church suits by adding a wide sash of blue gros grain and a blue silk scarf at the throat.

FOR jewelry the Japanese enamels, with figures of dragons or birds with crests of inlaid stones, are in favor. Some are cased so as to show the enamel design upon the inside of the lid. The prevailing colors are blue, green and yellow. The heart-shaped lockets with cases of plain blue or black enamel, ornamented with inlaid designs of gold, or with diamonds, rubies, or turquoises or pearls, meet with a steady sale among our leading houses.

THE Empress Eugenie does not originate the fashions, neither do any ladies of real rank and distinction; they adopt them, and thus set the seal of their acknowledged authority upon them, but no lady would be the first to wear a startling novelty, or a style so new or so outre as to be likely to attract public attention. This is left for the leaders of the *demi monde*, several of whom are in the pay of Parisian dressmakers and modistes.

THE latest robe de contrat is of pink gros grain or turquoise blue for a blond. The shirt is demi-train, and trimmed with a broad flounce of Valenciennes lace. The tunic is of very pure white muslin with revers lined with silk and bordered with lace. The front breadth of the skirt is trimmed with a tablier of muslin bouillonnec, divided by rows of Valenciennes lace. The silk bodice is ornamented with brettelles of Valenciennes lace, and a very wide silk sash falls over the light folds of the tunic.

SUMMER suits are nearly all made of white or buff linen, pique, cambric, or, muslin, and the art of preserving the new appearance after washing is a matter of the greatest importance. Common washerwomen spoil everything with soda, and nothing is more frequent than to see the delicate tints of lawns and percales turned into dark blotches and muddy streaks by the ignorance and vandalism of a laundress. It is worth while for ladies to pay attention to this, and insist upon having their summer dresses washed according to the directions which they should be prepared to give their laundresses themselves. In the first place, the water should be tepid, the soap should not be allowed to touch the fabric; it should be washed and rinsed quick, turned upon the wrong side, and hung in the shade to dry, and when starched (in thin boiled, but not boiling, starch) should be folded in sheets or towels, and ironed upon the wrong side as soon as possible. Buff linen should be washed in water in which hay has been boiled, or a quart bag of bran. This last will be found to answer for starch as well, and is excellent for print dresses of all kinds; but a handful of salt is very useful also to set the colors of light cambrics and dotted lawns; and a little beef's gall will not only set bright yellows and purple tints, and has a good effect upon green.

Real Estate Sales at Auction.

A. Leggate, auctioneer, will offer the following property this week.

This day at 10 o'clock, house and lot 55 Monterey street, Second ward, Allegheny, lot 20 by 110. Brick house with nine rooms, also one adjacent lot 21 by 60 with foundation thereon. Also 4 adjoining vacant lots 21 by 60. Good property near Park.

This day at 11 o'clock, lot 100 by 156 on Gallagher street, Second ward, Allegheny, and several fine lots in John McCreery's plan in Breeds Grove near Gallagher street.

On Tuesday (to-morrow) at 2 o'clock that good