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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

FOREIGN.

THE widow of the late unfortunate Marquis of Hastings is to be married this week.

A SUBMARINE velocipede has been invented in Paris, and they are now trying to find a mermaid to ride it.

A LANDOWNER near Birmingham, England, has notified his tenants that they must not use mowing machines this year, because they disturb the game.

A PARLIAMENTARY conundrum—What is the difference between the Ministerial and Opposition benches? We have Lowe here, and you have Lowe there (Lothair).

A MASON in Paris lately committed suicide after building a thick brick wall in the doorway of his lodging room, which had to be taken down before his remains were discovered.

A FRENCH society of a hundred persons have each, by special agreement, bequeathed their bodies to the dissecting room to forward the progress of the science of anatomy.

It is said that within a circuit of one hundred and twenty-five miles around the White Sulphur Springs of West Virginia there is more iron ore than in the whole of Great Britain.

THE Spanish authorities are proceeding with great vigor against Free Masons in Cuba. All lodges there are prohibited by statute, and they are proceeded against for the violation of the law.

THE London *Globe* believes that if a poll could be taken of the wives of England on the subject of legalizing marriage with a deceased wife's sister, the result would be largely against it.

A ONE-EYED man in Paris gets his living by exhibiting the lost eye, which he has preserved in spirits of wine. He lost it when a child by an unsuccessful attempt of his father to play William Tell.

FRANCIS JOSEPH has conferred upon Baron Anselm von Rothschild the Great Cross of the Iron Crown, carrying with it the title of Excellency, which has never before been enjoyed by Austrian Hebrews.

THE latest story from Paris is that a workman, drinking with a companion, offered to bet that he could kill him with a single blow of his fist. The bet was accepted, the blow dealt and the man fell dead.

LONDON pickpockets have a habit of engaging jugglers and fire-eaters to begin their performances in crowded thoroughfares, and thus attract crowds on whom the light-fingered gentry can operate.

THE Spanish authorities in Havana are making a brave warfare on women. Ladies of culture and refinement are hauled cuffed and led through the streets to the Home for fallen women, where they are lodged.

LOUIS NAPOLEON having ordered the importation from Kentucky of a few barrels of old Bourbon for use in the imperial household, a Parisian wit remarks that it is only the "spirit of the name" that the Emperor likes.

SUNDAY and Saturday, the two favorite days for marriages in England, are blank days for marriage in Scotland. Friday is the day on which the English do not marry, but in Scotland it is one of the favorite days for marriage.

In the square of St. Mark at Venice, there is a clock, and two bronze men strike the hours on a bell. One day an inquisitive stranger put his head between the hammer and bell, and the bronze men knocked his brains out.

THE system of towing boat by means of ropes laid on the river bed is to be introduced on the Neckar, between Mannheim and Heilbronn. A committee, composed of shipowners and commercial men, have undertaken the matter in hand.

A PARISIAN artesian well goes down 500 metres through chalk, 448 metres below the sea level. They haven't found water yet, but are bound to strike it or disturb some Chinaman's domestic arrangements in the attempt.

RUSSIA, which hitherto has been in the habit of buying her artillery abroad, particularly at the German works of Krupp, at Essen, is now in possession of a factory of war material at Perm, in no way inferior to those of other nations.

THE French Society for the protection of children offers a prize of from $100 to $200 for the best answer to the question: What are the causes of the excessive mortality of children in the first year of life, and what means can be applied to its decrease.

THE Franklin Agricultural Club has induced a number of Swedish laborers to go to work on the farms around that city, where they give entire satisfaction. Every laborer carries a Swedish German dictionary with him; and every farm owner is provided with a German-Swedish one.

THE Japanese are quarreling over two forms of religion. The Government says the people shall not be Buddhists, but that the national religion shall be Shintoism. The Shintoes are more tolerant of Christianity than the Buddhists, consequently foreigners approve the declaration of the Government in their favor.

A PARISIAN lady recently called on her milliner to inquire the character of a servant. The morality of the latter was beyond questioning. "But is she honest?" asked the lady. "I am not so certain of that," replied the milliner. "I have sent her to you with my bill a dozen times, and she has never yet given me the money."

NAPOLEON, while visiting a carriage manufactory in Paris, the other day, was approached by a workman, a native of Corsica, who remarked, with familiarity enough, that they were cousins, since a Bonaparte married one of his ancestresses in the last century. "My cousin," said the Emperor, "I am *incognito*—be you equally so!"

THE four hundredth birthday of Albert Durer falls due on the 21st of May, 1871. It has been proposed to celebrate the day by an exhibition of his collected works—paintings, sketches, engravings, woodcuts, etc., which at present are scattered over the whole world, in his native city, Nuremberg. The proposition has been made to send photographs of such pictures as could not be forwarded.

A RACER, ridden on a bell was lately taken by a lad in the village of Fully, canton Valois, Switzerland. He was seated on the bell when the ringer commenced to pull it. Not able to hold on, he fell from the tower, and was picked up senseless about thirteen feet from the church. In his fall he had broken two wooden crucifixes. Strange to say, he was hardly hurt, but could relate his own adventures a few minutes after the event.

AN American traveller in Italy has dumb-founded the government by seriously proposing to lease Mount Vesuvius. He says he will make roads and lay out pleasure grounds upon its rocky sides, build hotels and set up soda fountains on its summit, and help visitors up and down by machinery. To pay him for all this outlay, and amass a fortune besides, he will charge a small admission fee from all who wish to step up and see the show.

A DUEL has recently taken place at Athens between the French Minister, Baron Baude, and M. Demetrius Soutzo, ex-military commander of the city and brother of the late chief of the Department of War. Baude, at the funeral of Mr. Herbert, one of the Marathon victims, made an insulting remark which was overheard by Soutzo, who dared the French representative to repeat it; this he did, and a hostile meeting ensued, but it did not lead to any serious result.

THIS wickedness is circulated in American circles in Rome: "Our Father who art in the Vatican; infallibility be thy name. Thy temporal sovereignty come, thy will be done, in Europe and America as it is in Ireland. Give us this day our tithes and titles, and forgive us our trespasses as we give plenary indulgence to those who pay penitently unto us; and lead us not into Ecumenical Councils, but deliver us from thinking; for thine is the crozier, and the keys, and the tiara, Rome without end, Amen."

MARK LEMON, the editor of *Punch*, now deceased, was an extremely corpulent man—so corpulent that he lately played the part of *Falstaff* without using padding or stage devices of any kind. He made his own obesity a constant subject of jest, in common with what he was pleased to describe as his other chief peculiarity—an incurable impecuniosity. Some half-funny, half-sad verses of his appeared in one of the Christmas annuals last year, on the subject of his fat figure and his lean purse.

A PECULIAR branch of industry flourishes in the Muldenthal, Germany, between Zwickau and Glauchau. This is the growing of willows for basket-makers. The dearest kind, the green osier, goes chiefly to Bavaria, and is there used for basket work. The coarser sort are made into ordinary baskets, etc., in the valley where it is grown. The acre of willows brings in about a hundred dollars, but requires a great amount of care and work in its cultivation. This industry has been carried on there ever since the twelfth century.

TURKEY is a great, incurable and increasing deficiency in the Roman finances. A yearly deficit of thirty million francs has to be covered, and the Peter's pence, which in 1861 amounted to fourteen million francs, have sunk to about eleven million francs, although collections are made twice a year. No further assistance can be expected from loans, but a great rise in the amount of the Peter's pence is hoped for. In Rome hopes are entertained that when the Pope has been pronounced infallible, larger sums will be subscribed than hitherto.

THE Board of Trade of Great Britain, in an official communication to the Foreign Office, states that the Board is of opinion that the sentence of Capt. Eyre, by the English Court, at Yokohama, to a suspension of six months, is "inadequate to the gravity of the offence. The Board does not consider itself justified in commencing criminal proceedings against Captain Eyre, but says that the United States Government, or those who suffered loss by the death of relatives, may bring suit for damages against the owners of the Bombay, to settle the question of the bad navigation of that vessel.

THE *Gazzetta di Torino* announces from Rome that the Bishop of Mayence called lately on Cardinal Antonelli and protested against the arbitrary seizure by the Roman police of a work from the pen of a learned German theologian against the dogma of Papal Infallibility, copies of which had been forwarded by post to all the Fathers of the Council. The Papal Secretary of State begged for time to consider the matter, but Bishop Ketteler declared that if the seizure were not revoked within two days he would act out for Naples, get the work reprinted there, and distribute the copies in Rome himself.

IN Paris every theatre has a foyer attached to it, that is a large hall with inlaid floors and walls ornamented with statues of authors and actors, and here the whole audience promenade between the acts. As nearly every great opera and theatre has two complete companies, the actors, on off nights, mingle among the habitues of the theatre in the foyer, and thus become thoroughly known and identified in the course of a few years by everybody. Elegantly dressed they are the centres of admiring and envious glances, wherein all that is new and striking in the intellectual world of Europe is generally discussed.

A DEMARKABLE centenary will shortly be celebrated in Germany. Professor Dr. Wilhelm Traugott Krug (born on the 22d of June, 1770) was one of the noblest men of Saxony. Krug was the one who, as representative of the University of Leipsic, at the Saxon Landtag, gave the first impulse toward the emancipation of the Jews in Saxony, and during his whole life he labored for this end. The emancipance of him since what he strove for has been attained, a committee has been formed to organize a Krug Fund, from which students at the University of Leipsic—without difference of confession, though with preference to Krug's co-religionists, shall be supported and educated. Considerable sums are said to have been already received. The committee are Chief Rabbi Dr. Lander and Advocate Lehman, &c., of Leipsic.

Attack on a Jail—The Assailants Repulsed.

[From Knoxville Press and Herald, May 31.]

We learn the following particulars of a bloody affray which occurred last Sunday morning in Williamsburg, Whitley county, Kentucky.

It appears that a man named Owens was incarcerated in the jail in that town. About daybreak on Sunday, the father of Owens, with thirty armed men, made an attack on the jail for the purpose of releasing Owens. The guards, nine in number, resisted, and, after considerable firing, drove the assailants off, and succeeded in capturing sight of them. During the fighting, Owens' father, who is a very muscular man, seized one of the guards, who had evidently too far from the jail, and swore he would murder him, and dragged him down to the river bank for that purpose. His murderous intentions were frustrated, however. Another of the guards witnessing his companion's peril, pursued and fired at the old man. The shot passed through the coat of the guard, and struck the older Owens in the face. In the confusion the guard made his escape.

One of the eight prisoners was severely wounded in the side. A mask was found in front of the jail, after the assailants had been driven off, which bore the marks of having been shot through, and it is supposed the wearer of it was mortally wounded.

The affair created the most intense excitement in the town. Pursuit was immediately given by the citizens, and it was expected that the greater number of the desperadoes would be caught. One of the prisoners was hung, with the intent of getting the names of the assailing party, but he refused to tell, and he was cut down before life was extinct and recovered. A company of military is expected, to prevent further attacks on the jail.

The Oil Excitement.

During the latter part of the past and all of the present week the oil excitement in this region has been very high. This has all been brought about by the striking of several new wells and the improvement of some older ones.

A well on the land of John Marshall, in Lawrenceburg, the Chance Shot, which on Monday flowed at the rate of one hundred barrels a day—was the subject of much talk and speculation.

The Priscilla, a well in Lawrenceburg, which was torpedoed several weeks ago, and has since been pumping some fifty barrels per day, also has a tendency to excite the feelings of capitalists.

Another new well in Lawrenceburg, the Central, owned by Wilson Taylor and others, makes an excellent start, and seems destined to be one of the best wells in this district.

The Forquer, No. 4, on the hill north of Church run, which was recently torpedoed, is now actually pumping one hundred barrels per day, would also go to show that the oil is not being all exhausted in this region. Parker's Landing is now the principal oil district out of the whole number. Not only is there more oil produced by the wells, but the capitalist is more certain of receiving a handsome interest on his investment in this, than he is in any other oil region.—*Lawrenceburg Independent.*

OWING to the energetic measures taken by the Administration in suppressing the Fenian raid, Minister Thornton has received instructions from London to sound the Government as to its willingness for renewing the negotiations regarding the Alabama claims. The Gladstone Cabinet appear to be exceedingly desirous to have this vexed question settled at an early day, and is now more disposed than ever to listen to any new proposition from Washington.

A MAGNETIC well has been bored at Michigan Centre. The well is 285 feet below the surface. The Jackson *Citizen* of the 1st says: "Eight days ago Mr. Pangborn suspended a common darning-needle in a bottle of the water, and the needle immediately became a magnet, and is now covered with iron of considerable thickness." A chemical analysis of the water is to be made.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEW YORK CITY.

Cuban News—Yellow Fever—Telegraph Consolidation — Dramatic Feast—Railroad Smash-up—Teacher Excursionists, &c., &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, June 4, 1870.

CUBAN NEWS.

Cuban mail advices to 24th May say that on the 23d May an expedition sent out by General Jordan from Nassau arrived on the coast. A large quantity of sulphur and other material was sent out by the vessel. The Spaniards are now upon the defensive, shut up in fortifications by heat, rains and insurgents. Nine of Valmaseda's camps were surprised by patriots in a single district of Bayoma. Valmaseda endeavored to aid the garrison at Bayoma, and in marching thither he lost 400 men. Antonia Lurda, Cuban Minister of War, died on the 20th of sunstroke. Rembetta was under orders to occupy Cardenas.

YELLOW FEVER.

A French corvette which put in here with yellow fever aboard, contracted at Port Au Prince, has gone to Moquelon where the crew will be put ashore and the vessel thoroughly fumigated. Eight sick men were left at Quarantine. Our health officer states the disease is epidemic at most Haytian ports, exists at various Cuban ports and is so terrible at Rio Janeiro that half the crews of vessels there died.

TELEGRAPH CONSOLIDATION.

It is announced that in the consolidation of certain telegraph lines the Union and Central Pacific Railroads are assigned three millions each of stock, the Atlantic and Pacific $3,000,000, and Franklin Line $1,000,000. Hubbard, the postal telegraph man, is spoken of as General Manager.

DRAMATIC FEAST.

It is rumored that Hamlet will be produced at the coming dramatic festival, with Edwin Booth, Fechter, J. W. Wallack, Davenports, Brougham, Jefferson, Shewell, Barney Williams, Miss Charlotte Leclerc, and Mrs. J. W. Wallack in the cast.

RAILROAD SMASH UP.

A heavily laden coal train ran into the rear of a passenger train on the Morris and Essex railroad this morning, demolishing the baggage and smoking cars. The wife of Rev. T. Hepburn was slightly injured. Other passengers escaped.

SCHOOL TEACHER EXCURSIONISTS.

Two hundred and seventy teachers from California, on an excursion to the Atlantic States, arrived this afternoon, after a journey of seven days. The excursion is under the auspices of the San Francisco Board of Education.

PEDESTRIAN FIZZLE.

James Smith, who attempted to walk one hundred miles in twenty hours, gave up the job after succeeding fifty-five mile in twelve hours and thirty-eight minutes.

WORKINGMEN'S DAILY.

The Workingmen's Union propose to establish, in the fall, a daily paper, to be devoted to the interests of Unions throughout the country.

IN INSPECTION.

Today, at the corner-stone of the new Masonic Temple in this city was placed in position for the grand ceremony of laying on the 8th instant.

FENIAN BILL.

Tweed's bill for the transportation of the Fenians may from coalition was put at $5,750, which was paid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The immigrant arrivals for the full number of the past week numbered 12,400.

The German-western Saengerbund hold their picnic to-morrow. Thirty societies will take part.

It is reported in Cuban circles that two members of the Cuban Junta are in the employ of the Spanish spies.

General McDowell has returned from the Canadian lakes, and assumes the duty of the States troops sent to attention the Fenians did not return, having been ordered to Leavenworth, Kansas, on the 20th inst.

Suspicion is aroused that the sudden death of our Consul at Hamburg, Bremen, Germany, in the interest of a former partner, in whose employ he was, and with whom, until lately, the physician who attended the case is suspected.

Twenty-five thousand dollars for the grand opening of the new racing park at Long Branch.

Mrs. Ann Brady was dangerously shot by Joe Parrel, in West Forty-second street, last night. The cause of the act is said to be jealousy, a man named Price.

A Swedish vessel, bound for Paterson, N. J., was burned last night. Loss $25,000.

The steamers Wyoming and Iowa, from Europe, have arrived.

NEW YORK, June 5, 1870.

ANXIETY AMONG ISRAELITES.

The Israelite citizens are much disturbed by the unconfirmed rumors of wholesale murders of their brethren in Roumania. Telegrams sent to Sir Samuel Montefiore, in London, and M. Crémieux, President of the Israelitish Society in Paris, begging the fullest and latest information, have not yet been answered. The Jewish Rabbis preached to crowded congregations yesterday, one of them expressing the hope that the reports would prove false or greatly exaggerated, stating as a fact that instead of the Jews being oppressed in Roumania and becoming very rich, they are now heavily taxed so to render it impossible, and that they are not permitted to own even a foot of land or a house to live in. The absence of further intelligence tends to strengthen the quite general belief that the reports are at least greatly exaggerated.

SHIP ON FIRE.

The ship William F. Storrer, of the Black Ball line of packets, bound for Liverpool, from C. H. Marshall & Co., caught fire at half-past 10 o'clock to-night at her pier, East River. The fire originated in the hold. The cargo consists of lard, grain, cotton, &c., and will all, or in part, be damaged. The fire is still raging. Loss about $100,000. The fire is still raging.

UNIVERSALISM.

The Rev. Charles H. Lee to-day, on the centenary of Universalism, said there are now over one million Universalists in the United States, and he predicted that the now Universalism would be the religion of America.

RELIGIOUS

Reunited Presbyterian General Assembly.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—At the final session of the Presbyterian General Assembly this morning, the report on publication was adopted.

The docket was cleared of various reports and overtures being referred to the next General Assembly, to the Committee of Twenty-one, or indefinitely postponed.

The Board of Publication was authorized to meet on the second Thursday of June, in Philadelphia.

Resolutions were adopted calling the attention of parents to the catechising of children.

The pay of the Clerks was fixed at $400, and the salary of the permanent clerk at $500 per annum. The payment of fifty dollars each to the permanent clerks, and $100 each to the assistant clerks, was also agreed to.

The overture from the Walnut street church of Louisville, Ky., was discussed and recommended to the attention of the Committee. A resolution was adopted authorizing the Presbyteries to ordain elders, especially settling the case. The balance is $1,000.

The overture of the Joint Committee on Ministerial Relief was adopted with slight alterations.

The business of the session was closed by the singing of the doxology. The closing hours were marked with speeches by several prominent commissioners.

Resolutions of thanks to the Moderator, Committee of Arrangements, citizens of Philadelphia, and others, were adopted, and replies made by the Philadelphia ministers.

The Moderator officially dismissed the Assembly about half-past twelve o'clock. Many of the commissioners immediately left for their homes.

RICHMOND.

Ex-Mayor Cahoon et al. Indicted for Forgery and Conspiracy—Decision by Chief Justice Chase.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

RICHMOND, June 4.—The Grand Jury to-day indicted Joseph Cahoon, ex-Mayor, for forgery, and Johnson H. Sands and Richard S. Sanzay, two ex-confederate officers, for conspiracy to defraud the State of $7,000, the amount due the State from the estate of Jacob Hornstein. It is charged that these parties afterwards appropriated the estate to their own use. Cahoon was arrested this afternoon and bailed in $10,000. The others are not in custody. Officers were sent after them.

In a suit originating in the United States Circuit Court, Chief Justice Chase decides that the Government of Virginia, organized at Wheeling and subsequently established in Richmond, having been recognized by the United States, thus constituted as valid the acts of said government. Consequently a suit brought against the authorities of the town of Harrisonburg, who were not superceded by United States authorities, for alleged false imprisonment is discharge of municipal duties, cannot be transferred from the State to the Federal court.

Serious Fire in Philadelphia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, June 5.—Last night a fire broke out in a building situated on 3d street, below Market street, occupied by a paper box maker. The flames spread to a double building, Nos. 215 and 17 South 3d street, the upper stories of which were burned out. The first floor was occupied by Fairthorne & Hand, brokers; second story by a drug exchange, and the upper stories by J. B. Cornell, manufacturer of ladies' dress trimmings, whose entire stock was destroyed. Loss heavy. The fire reached No. 19, occupied by J. M. Glass and others, and damaged the stock. No. 18, occupied on the first floor by W. W. Lidyard as law office, was also damaged about the roof.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Protests Against Extortion in Cuban Ports—New Vessels for British Navy—Spirit of the English Press—Report of the Massacre of Jews in Roumania Probably Unfounded—The King Question in the Spanish Cortes—Return of Captives by Spanish Brigands—The French Corps Legislatif—Indictments Against Regicide Conspirators—The Ecumenical Council—Reported Capture of the Cargo of the Cuban Privateer Upton.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, June 4.—The *Shipping Gazette* has a vigorous leader on the extortion practiced upon vessels arriving at Cuban ports under the pretense of fines for the evasion of customs regulations. The *Gazette* invokes a joint protest against this outrage on the part of England and the United States.

The Admiralty begins three new Iron clad vessels at Chatham navy yard immediately, one to be called Raleigh, 5,000 tons burthen, and to carry twenty-seven heavy guns broadside. The others will be small light draft steamers, to operate around the coast and in harbors.

The steamers Cuba and Columbia have arrived out.

The *Spectator* asks indignantly if the Government exchanged Gambia for a worthless tract adjoining Sierra Leone.

The *Saturday Review* admits the ill taste and uselessness of Lindsay's address in reference to the action of President Grant.

The *Daily News* hopes Mr. Lindsay's address to the troops has been misrepresented by the telegrams.

General George Napier to-day publishes in the newspapers a fresh endorsement of Canadian courage and loyalty.

LONDON, June 5.—Bi-postcles from the United States announce the receipt there of reports of massacres of Jews by Christians in Roumania. No advices have reached here on the subject, and the continental news agencies deny the truth of the recent outrages upon the Jews of Roumania. A dispatch from Bucharest states a riot occurred last week at Batuschany, a village in Moldavia, during a local election. It is described as an ordinary political disturbance which was quelled without the interference of troops.

There is much rejoicing here over the release of the English captives in Spain.

SPAIN.

MADRID, June 5.—The Englishmen who were captured by Spanish brigands near Gibraltar, some time ago, have been tracked by an emissary of the Government. The prisoners were in good health and well treated. Their ransom was paid in large sums of money. The Government has already commenced negotiations with the robbers, but the subject is now in abeyance. It is feared no result will be reached for several weeks.

PARIS, June 4.—The proceedings in the Spanish Cortes yesterday were highly important. Almost the entire session was devoted to the consideration of the question of a future ruler, and states that a letter was read from a member, that no candidate for King be considered favorably unless he receives a majority equal to half the full number of the deputies in Cortes. Amid the most enthusiastic applause it was resolved to take the question into consideration, by a vote of 109 to 16, and the Cortes adjourned. This vote is very significant. It is regarded as equivalent to the defeat of Montpensier, who has only eighty-nine votes in the Cortes, and who, if this amendment is adopted, will require one hundred and seventy votes to win.

MADRID, June 5.—Reporters has written a letter to Espartero, which will refuse the throne, even if the Cortes decree it to him.

The Englishmen captured by Spanish brigands have been rescued and arrived at Gibraltar.

CUBA.

HAVANA, June 5.—The Montoro Terror continues to be felt throughout the Island of Cuba, arrived yesterday from Key West.

HAVANA, June 5.—The Captain General telegraphed Madrid, that the Spanish Fleet has sailed from New York on the steamer Georgia to intercept the Cuban privateer Brava, a few miles east of Muritas. They were attacked by a Spanish force one hundred strong, which had to be driven off by two gunboats and dispersed, losing ten killed, including Captain Harrington. Two more were drowned and three taken prisoners. A steam launch, rubber rafts, and the entire cargo of arms, ammunition and medicine, which had been landed, were captured, with some correspondence.

The Spanish naval commander telegraphs the munitions captured consist of two tons of powder, over 100,000 cartridges and 1,700 rifles.

Cisneras, who commanded the expedition, had sailed on the Upton with the balance of the arms and ammunition, but the prospect of bringing back an expedition of two hundred Columbians.

The editor of the *Voz Hcobs* states that the six tons of gunpowder, two thousand rifles and entire material of the Upton expedition fell into the hands of the troops, and that the Government intends to make a slaughter-house of them. None of the dispatches state when the landing was effected.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 4.—In the Corps Legislatif, yesterday, the Minister of Justice, in answer to questions, the right of public meeting during elections for Councils General, M. Ollivier refused making this Cabinet question the order of the day for to-day. The Deputies who yesterday voted by a large majority against the Ministry, to-day unanimously voted in its favor, except the members of the Left, who abstained from voting, the success of Ollivier being averts a ministerial crisis.

Benedetti, Minister to Prussia, who recently had leave of absence to visit Paris, has received an order to return to Berlin forthwith.

M. BROGLIES introduced a bill in the Court of Justice yesterday returned indictments against a number of persons who had been finally remanded before the High Court for trial. Forty-one are indicted for conspiracy against the State and the life of the Emperor, twenty-two for an attempt against the safety of the State, three for pillage of private property in numbers and with open force, one for attempt to pillage, one for attempt to murder, one for assassination, two for inciting to attempt against the life of the Emperor and one for complicity in the same crime.

ITALY.

ROME, June 4.—Yesterday, upon the demand of one hundred and fifty of the Fathers in the Ecumenical Council, the end of the discussion on *schema de primate et infallibilitti* was pronounced. On Saturday, although the discussion of chapters

LONDON, June 5.—Advices from Rome report a violent scene in the Council, on the 31st, between Bishop Haret, the well-known Gallican and Cardinal Dillo, during the discussion on the infallibility question. Bitter language was used and much excitement created.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, June 4.—Fresh outrages awaite fresh instructions from Washington before proceeding with negotiations with the Prussian government on the rights of naturalized citizens. He has left Berlin on a visit to the South German States.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, June 5.—An Imperial decree announces a universal exposition will be held here in 1873.

MARINE NEWS.

PLYMOUTH, June 4.—The steamship Allemania, from New York for Hamburg, arrived this afternoon.

HAVRE, June 4.—The steamship La Louisiana, of the Havana and St. Mazolrre Line, has gone ashore between this city and St. Mazolrre. It is thought she will succeed in getting off at next high tide.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, June 4.—*Afternoon.*—Consols for money 93¾; on account 93. American securities quiet; 6's, 80¾@85¾; 67's, 90¾; 10-40's, 80¾; Erics, 18¾; Illinois, 100; Great Western, 29¾. Stocks quiet.

LIVERPOOL, June 4.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 10¾d; Orleans 10¼@11d; sales 10,000 bales. Wheat quiet and steady for California white; No. 2 red western 8s 6d; winter 8s 3d@8s 4d. Fruit steady. Western flour 21s 6d. Corn—No 2 mixed 39s 3d. Oats 2s 5d. Barley 5s. Peas 35s. Provisions dull. Pork 105s 6d. Beef 115s. Lard 68s 6d. Cheese 60s 6d. Bacon—58s 6d for Cumberland cut; 54s 6d for short rib.

LONDON, June 4.—Tallow 45s 6d. Hops 45. Sugar dull at 27s afloat.

PARIS, June 4.—Bourse closed excited at 74f 25c.

FRANKFORT, June 4.—Bonds opened firm but quiet.

HAVRE, June 2.—Cotton opened flat at 123 on spot and afloat.

Upper Rivers.

[By P. and A. Telegraph.]

OIL CITY, June 5.—River rising very slowly, with twenty-two inches water in the channel. Weather rainy; ther. 74 deg. at 6 P. M.

GREENSBORO, June 4.—River stationary, with three feet three inches water in the channel. Weather showery; ther. 70 deg. at 7 P. M.

BROWNSVILLE, June 5.—River stationary, with three and a half feet water in the channel. Weather cloudy; ther. 70 deg. at 7 P. M.

Destructive Fires in Canada.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

QUEBEC, June 4.—Another destructive fire is raging in the woods in the neighborhood of Trinity Bay on the Saguenay, and still another some miles up the river. Others are reported at Point Aux Trembles. Should the present drought continue the ravages by fire will be very extensive.

A Jew's Difficulties.

A very merry affair is reported to have taken place near the Jewish Cemetery near Hamburgh. It was noticed that the indestructible race of Schnorrers with an eye to profit out of every opportunity, are not too lazy to undertake the rather long journey from the city to the cemetery, and once there they plague the mourners by their importunities. It was at last resolved to prevent such scenes, and a Jewish policeman was engaged to keep these petitioners at a respectable distance.

The policeman appeared, posted himself at the gate of the cemetery—but the *Schnorrers* passed in like locusts, and mercilessly attacked the mourners, who in vain looked to the policeman for assistance.

One of the officers of the cemetery at last hastened to the policeman, and addressed him in a not over-friendly tone, "What are you here for?" Why don't you come in and chase off these "Schnorrers?" "I cannot!" "And why, if you please?" Well I am a *Cohen*, a descendant of Aaron, and am not permitted to enter a cemetery."

The officers of the cemetery did not relish much a *Cohen* as a policeman; nor did they much like the *Schnorrers*, who, by this time returned to the city, well satisfied with the result of their trip.

THE Banking Committee of the House have agreed to a bill punishing officers of National Banks by heavy fine and imprisonment, for certifying to false checks, that is, certifying to funds not deposited. The committee are determined that this bad practice, which obtains to a large extent in the large cities, shall be abolished.

THE CAPITAL.

Appointments—Wayne McVeagh Confirmed as Minister to Turkey—The Case of Ashley, Governor of Montana—Small-Pox Among Crow Indians—The Red Men Visitors—Disability Bill—Tennessee Reconstruction—The Revenue Service—Commerce and Navy, &c., &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 4, 1870.

APPOINTMENTS.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: Benj. V. Abbott, of New York, Chas. P. James, of District of Columbia, and Victor C. Baninger, of New York, Commissioners to revise and consolidate the statutes of the United States; Edwin L. Barnes, United States Attorney for Western District of Texas.

APPOINTMENT CONSIDERED.

The Senate to-day confirmed Wayne McVeagh as Minister to Constantinople, and then took up for consideration the nomination of Benjamin F. Potts, of Ohio, for Governor of Montana, vice Jas. M. Ashley, who is to be removed. A discussion, lasting nearly two hours, ensued, in which Messrs. Sherman, Morton, Howe and others spoke in favor of the confirmation of the nomination, and Messrs. Sumner, Nye, Cameron and others opposed it. Without a vote the Senate adjourned.

SMALL POX AMONG INDIANS.

General Sully, Superintendent of Indian Affairs for Montana, writes to Commissioner Parker from Helena, May 25th, that the Hiver Crows have the small pox very badly among them, and are scattered in small parties all over the country. Their agent has tried every inducement to have the Crows vaccinated, but without avail, as they strenuously refuse, saying it was bad medicine. General Sully has written the agent to remove the Crows away from the agency ten miles, and do all in his power to prevent any intercourse between them and other Indians.

SHOWING THE RED MEN AROUND.

Red Cloud and other Sioux chiefs were today taken to the Arsenal and Navy Yard, at the latter place witnessing some firing of heavy Parrott guns. They appeared more interested in needle rifles at the Arsenal than in the cannon. They inspected the monitors very carefully, but declined to participate in luncheon at the residence of Admiral Dahlgren. Secretary Robeson and a regiment of marines received the party at the Navy Yard.

DISABILITY BILL.

Senator Robertson, Chairman of the Select Committee on Political Disabilities, this morning reported a bill to relieve from the disabilities six thousand persons named therein and described as residents of some eighteen different States and the District of Columbia.

WASHINGTON, June 5, 1870.

THE TENNESSEE QUESTION.

It is reported to-day that Congress will act finally on this session upon the question of the reconstruction of Tennessee.

THE REVENUE SERVICE.

The Secretary of the Treasury has sent to the Senate a report of a special commission, appointed to investigate the subject of the construction of five new steamers for the revenue service. The report says the sum is but insufficient, and the six or six of the sailing vessels. It is proposed to have twenty steamers for the service, four for the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, three steamers and two schooners on the Pacific coast, and twelve steamers on the Lakes. Total officers 183 and crews 878, and annual expenditure $748,620.

OUR COMMERCE AND NAVY.

Governor Geary, of Pennsylvania, has addressed a letter to Vice Admiral Porter, strongly urging upon the Navy Department the need for prompt and liberal legislation by Congress, and states that to revive our commerce and navy he believes in the establishment of iron ship building yards by the Government and the seeking of our revenue for the reconstruction of our commerce by British vessels during the rebellion, and the transfer of the bulk of our British commerce from the Ocean by the creation of superior navy.

SUPPLIES FOR INSURGENTS.

The friends of Cuba say large quantities of arms have been dispatched to the insurgents and additional supplies will soon be sent.

ELECTION CASES.

There are six or eight contested election cases now before the Committee of the House and ten or fifteen to be reported on.

OBITUARY.

Ex-United States Marshal Jonah D. Hoover died to-day aged 68.

XLIST CONGRESS,

(SECOND SESSION).

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, June 4, 1870.

SENATE.

MR. THAYER introduced a bill authorizing the Pacific Railroad Company to take up coal lands necessary to operate the road.

MR. RAMSEY reported, from the Pacific Railroad Committee, a bill to encourage the construction of the Southern Pacific Railroad of Texas, containing no appropriation of land or money.

MR. WILLIAMS called up his joint resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury not to be bringing back an expedition of two hundred Columbians.

The editor of the *Voz Hcobs* states that the six tons of gunpowder, two thousand rifles and entire material of the Upton expedition fell into the hands of the troops, and that the Government intends to make a slaughter-house of them. None of the dispatches state when the landing was effected.

MR. SCHENCK then asked unanimous consent that the House resume the consideration of the vote by which the main question was ordered to be laid on the table, and that he then be permitted to report the Funding bill, after which the House should adjourn, with the understanding that on Monday morning it would vote directly on his tariff section.

The proposition was not acceded to.

Mr. SCHENCK then asked unanimous consent to report the Funding bill.

Mr. HASKALL and others objected.

The House subsided into the dullness of voting on dilatory motions.

Mr. DOGAN, from Committee on Military Affairs, reported back the Senate bill appointing manners to the National Asylum for disabled volunteer soldiers, which passed.

Mr. SCHENCK renewed his proposition to report the funding bill and have it recal.

Mr. RANDALL objected.

Mr. SCHENCK (putting the bill into his pocket)—Very well this is a very interesting bill, and you cannot know what it is till Monday.

The final vote was then taken on adjournment and the House adjourned.

Alabama State Auditor Committed for Contempt.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MONTGOMERY, June 4.—Judge Busteed, of the United States District Court, has committed Reynolds, Auditor of State, to jail five days for contempt of Court, in refusing to obey an injunction restraining him from collecting the two per cent. tax on gross receipts of the Southern Express Company, which was authorized by the State revenue law but declared by the District Court, Reynolds was also fined $1,000 and required to refund the amount collected. Reynolds is a leading Republican and a candidate for the governorship. His friends have called an indignation meeting which it is supposed will help on his claims.

Decoration Day at California, Washington County, Penna.

CALIFORNIA, Pa., May 31, '70.

The Grand Army of the Republic had a glorious success yesterday, the 30th. The day was beautiful, and all business was suspended. The proprietors of the boat yard, planing mills, coal works, and the principal stores and work shops, suspended business, and participated with returned soldiers in the column and impressive ceremony of strewing flowers on the graves of fallen comrades, and commemorating the glorious achievements of our arms in the late struggle for the Union.

About two thousand people assembled to witness and participate in the ceremony. The pupils of the Southwestern Normal College, under charge of Professors Gilchrist and Hertzog, and the floral committees appointed for the occasion, strewed the graves of the widows and orphans of ceased soldiers and the members of the Grand Army of the Republic from their hall in California to the M. E. Church in Greenfield, where the exercises assembly took place. Rev. J. G. Oagley preached a very eloquent and impressive sermon. Professor Hertzog conducted the singing. After the services at the church, the procession, headed by Captain Merdoch's Brass Band, marched through some of the principal streets to the cemetery, where Captain Jas. Fullerton, Chaplain of Gen. P. Fulton addressed the multitude in a masterly manner.

About three o'clock P. M. the grave of Capt. Samuel Marchand was visited at the family burying ground on the Marchand farm, on the Fayette side of the river. Dr. Burket and