The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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THE DAILY GAZETTE:
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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

GENERALITIES.

CHICAGO is having strawberry festivals.

JAN KAUBMECK is coming to this country to live.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., is to have a little quiet picnic of 6,000.

JOE JEFFERSON is at the Walnut street Theatre in Philadelphia.

THE New York *Sun* says Tilton's hair would sell for seven dollars.

JOHN BROUGHAM is playing at Mrs. Drew's theatre in Philadelphia.

VICTOR HUGO is writing a novel with John Brown, of Ossawatomie, as hero.

IF sixteen drams make one ounce, how many will destroy all scruples?—*Fun.*

TOKAY pinchos are the latest neat drink among the statesmen at Albany.

MILLIONS of grasshoppers have begun their ravages in some parts of Kansas.

EDWIN BOOTH is to bring out Reade's own dramatization of Put Yourself in his Place.

A SEVERE frost last Tuesday did about $150,000 worth of damage to the Cape Cod cranberry crop.

THERE is talk of a grand army re-union of all Wisconsin regiments at Milwaukee on the Fourth of July.

BEFORE the close of the present year Milwaukee will be the Eastern terminus of over two thousand miles of railway.

THE Iowa Normal Academy of Music at Iowa City proposes to admit two pupils from each county of the State free of charge.

THE Boston *Post* says: A Wisconsin gentleman sat down on a bee-hive the other day. He regrets the thinness of his trousers.

NEARLY five hundred delegates to the Presbyterian General Assembly in Philadelphia made an excursion to Cape May on Saturday.

CHICAGO youth amuse themselves by tossing stones out of chamber windows, and one of them successfully killed a young woman the other day.

NEENAH and Menasha in Wisconsin, have fifteen flouring mills with from a run of stone, and a capacity to grind yearly 5,000,000 bushels of wheat.

MR. WM. YOUNGS, JR., a member of the Philadelphia bar, was run over by a street car on Friday, and had to have his right leg amputated in consequence.

KOSSUTH is giving lessons in foreign languages, at Turin, in order to make a living. He steadily refuses to accept any presents at the hands of his friends.

MR. JOHN F. MESSER, brother of the proprietor of the Philadelphia Sunday *Mercury*, fell from the third story window of his house on Sunday and was killed.

A MAN named Jones, in Troy, told his wife to pour a little kerosene in the stove and the fire would kindle quicker. Mr. Jones broke up housekeeping that morning before breakfast.

THE celebrated Countess Pourtales, one of the most brilliant luminaries of the Imperial court of France intends to shine upon the saloons and promenades of Newport this summer.

ON Saturday morning in the Cincinnati Workhouse Jacob Schlagenbecker was found hanging dead in his cell. He leaves a wife and child for abusing whom he was confined in the workhouse.

CAPT. PARKER, an old sea captain, left his satchel with $8,000 in a car of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad at Cleveland, on Saturday, and now, having remembered it, he can hear nothing of it.

A MAN named McLaughlin, a plasterer by trade, fell from the fourth story window of the Memphis Post-office building, on Saturday, striking the pavement beneath, from the effects of which he soon died.

THE King of Saxony, although now a very old man, has recently commenced studying the languages of Russia, and Poland, in order to translate the works of some of their foremost poets into German.

A CLAIMANT appears at Davenport, Iowa, for 1,000 acres of land, most of which is valuable business property in the center of the city. The man claims to have purchased the land in 1840, paying $1,200 for it.

IN three or four months the railway over the Rigi will be in running order. The road passes through a region 5000 feet above the sea level, and the incline in many places is so great that a system of cogwheels and tracks will have to be employed.

IN St. Louis, last week, a woman was attacked and almost murdered by a negro and a white man, after she had gone to bed. They demanded her money, and finding but thirty dollars, beat and abused her shamefully. It is thought, however, that she may recover.

THE Buffalo *Express* says the Russian Minister is so pleased with Mark Twain's account of the reception of the passengers of the "Quaker City," by the Emperor and his household, that he is making a translation of the interview from "The Innocents Abroad," which he intends sending to Russia.

SIX Jews have taken the Egyptian loan of five millions. The foremothers of these Israelites borrowed all the jewelry of their ancient neighbors when they quit the country, and never paid them back. Here there is a fine opportunity for the Viceroy to balance the outstanding debts of the Pharaohs.

JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG, of the New York Standard, comes out strongly in favor of electing Charles A. Dana, of the Sun, to the office of Coroner. If Dana were quite sure, says a contemporary, that it would secure him the privilege of holding an inquest on the body of Young, he would rather be Coroner than President.

THERE is an elephant for sale in New York just now but the elephant market is heavy, and there seems to be no buyers. It is understood that the elephant can be bought for a few cents, but several thousand dollars will be charged for a little dog without which the mastodon becomes violent and kills his keepers and owners.

A NEW patent is out for the making of steel rails direct from the pig. The iron is melted in a cupola, run into a reverbatory furnace (where it is carbonized) run into ingots (allowed to set,) reheated, run through the rollers and made into rails, which, it is said, can be sold profitably at $40 per ton. This is a valuable invention if these things are so.

A CLAUSE in the new tax bill taxes all gambling tables $100 each annually. Since this might be constructed as indirectly legalizing the practice of a vice which, in most States, is prohibited by law, it would be proper that the clause, if retained, should be qualified by confirming its application only to States, like Louisiana' for example, which affix no penalties to the indulger.

THE Portsmouth (Ohio) *Tribune* say: "Miss Belle Smith, of Smith's Landing, Brown county, Ohio, now residing in Washington city, and devoting her time to painting, has received a Government order for a portrait of the late E. M. Stanton, to cost two thousand dollars. This lady is a cousin of Mrs. C. P. Tracy, of this place, and is well known to many of our citizens. She has spent considerable time in Europe, and made the fine arts a study."

THE Convocation of York refuses to join that of Canterbury in bringing about a revision of the English Bible. For this reason a royal commission is out of the question, but the Convocation of Canterbury has resolved to undertake the work, and ask the aid of all religious denominations throughout the English-speaking world. The Dean of Canterbury wishes to include the Jews also, so far as the Old Testament is concerned. Therefore, every should send it to the Archbishop of Canterbury, post-paid. The present version was a long time in preparation, and after it was published it was a full half century before it came into general use. A new version might take longer, considering the violent opposition of men like Lord Shaftesbury to any change. It is said that an adequate revision would, on an average, change one word in every verse of the New Testament; and many whole verses, and some that are considered very important ones, would be left out altogether.

THE plan of the new Court Theater for Dresden has been completed by Professor Semper. The new edifice will be distinguished for its beauty and appropriateness, as well as for its originality of form. Semper has embodied the leading ideas, which he made the basis of the plan he made for the projected Festival Theater in Munich, after Wagner's principles. The ground plan approaches the form of the Grecian stage, with its amphitheatrical arrangement of the seats for the audience. Wagner's idea of an invisible orchestra will be realized in the Dresden theatre. The sum of four hundred thousand thalers, already granted for the building, is thought to be insufficient.

PRESIDENT GRANT, having purchased Howard Potter's beautiful cottage, at Long Branch, is expected to occupy it with his family during the summer season. General Horace Porter, his private secretary, has erected a handsome cottage. James Fisk, Jr., has added another temptation in the shape of a neat little cottage, and will reside there during the season. Ex-Congressman Nehemiah Perry, Governor Geary, of Pennsylvania, Hon. John McKeon, of New York; Hon. Benjamin H. Brewster, of Pennsylvania, Senator Thomas Murphy, of New York; General Stockton, of New Jersey; General H. D. Wallen, of New York; General Comstock; Judge Cardozo, of the Supreme Court; Dr. H. T. Helmbold, of buchu fame; G. W. Childs, of the Philadelphia *Ledger*; J. Edgar Thompson, R. R. King, of Philadelphia; Brown Bros., bankers, Wall street; Mr. Bright, broker, Wall street; C. J. Cumbreling, broker, Wall street; E. R. Cole; A. G. Harmon, Colles Morris, Samuel Cohen, Robert Rennie, Mortimer Hendricks, Lawrence Meyers, Louis H. Brown, J. W. Grant, of Marine Cottage, and Daniel L. Hetler—all own and will occupy Cottages at Long Branch.

PENNSYLVANIA.

THE Deathless Dead is the heading of a leader in the Philadelphia Press.

MR. GLEDLAN was renominated for Congress on Saturday by the Republicans of Venango county, who gave him nine tenths of all the votes cast.

THE Corry *Blade* learns that when Jay Gould was in that section a few days ago, he bought the controlling interest in the Jamestown Union and Titusville Railroad, and that the contract for building it will shortly be let.

THE Titusville *Herald* says: A Refinery at Pioneer, belonging to Cuncilman Lowrie, was destroyed by fire on Friday evening; loss about $2,000. Considerable refined oil was saved. One of the employes, Matthew Mars, was severely but not fatally burned. Mr. Lowrie will rebuild at once, and expects to have his refinery in operation again soon.

A YOUNG woman of good looks and manners, fresh from the intimacies of perfected idle life, who left home on account of ill treatment of a step-father, made her appearance recently at a house of ill-fame in Cincinnati, and demanded "board." The landlady questioned her closely, found that she was an entire stranger to her life, advised her that she might also but well kill herself as to become a prostitute, and finally refused positively to take her as a boarder. The girl persisting in her determination to become a woman of the town, evidently without having any idea of the horrors of such a life, the landlady gave notice of her intention to the Chief of Police, who has taken steps to send her for a time at least, from the terrible fate to which she invites herself.

THE SWEET ENTRAYS.

[In invalid, whom a long and protracted illness has confined to a bed of suffering, attests, in the following lines, the pleasure derived by her, on Decoration Day, from a friend's remembrance in a small gift of flowers.]

While loving hands were decking
Each soldier's silent tomb,
Two lovely, fragrant roses,
Came smiling to my room.

Two wandering fairy elves,
Caught far from fairyan bowers,
Could not have looked so meekly
As did these blushing flowers.

From the throttling of weeping mourners,
From the graves of our hallowed dead,
With a tender love for the living
To my room, these lovely "truants sped."

Saying: "A marvelous wealth of blossoms
Covers each slumbering hero's tomb—
So we softly stole away, to cheer
Lying martyr's room."

ALLEGENY, May 30, 1870.

Elegant Mansion House.

Formerly occupied by James A. Hutchison, Esq., Sixth ward, Allegheny City, together with about three acres of ground, fronting on the Ohio river. Preble, Hayard and Adams streets. The river front is 200 feet, the mansion is about 84 by 44 feet, two stories high, slate roof; the rooms are large—parlor 18 by 40, dining room 19 by 28, library 17 by 19, hall 8 by 40, porch 8 by 40, and the chambers, kitchen, pantry, bath and other rooms are all very large and airy and conveniently arranged, so as to go into any room in the house without having to go through another. Nearly all the rooms have marble or slate mantles, the ceilings are lofty and airy. The stable is handsomely paned in a tasteful style, the grounds are handsomely laid out in lawns, &c., and well covered with fine fruit, such as apples, peaches, pears and other small fruit. The house has two fronts—the one on the river is a magnificent view of the river and the whole country around, and is a very pleasant place, having the fresh breeze from the river, and free from any smoke, soot, &c. Inquire of C. H. Love, 58 Fourth avenue.

The World Moves.

Republican simplicity that was the pride and glory of our country, is fast receding into the times that were, and in the light of the luxurious tastes that are being rapidly disseminated, the memory of it will be like a misty fable of the ancient world. Homespun fabric has given place to broadcloth, silk and satin. Tea and coffee have become necessaries; fine wines have become a regular article of import, and here in our city the parlors of some of our citizens have been transformed into miniature palaces, by means of furniture whose elegance would have shocked the republican virtue of our simple ancestors. And, in truth, it is hard not to grin at the taste with this taste when one looks at the superb articles turned out in the workshop of our worthy townsmen, Messrs. C. G. Hammer & Sons, Nos. 46, 48 and 50 Seventh avenue. Their beautiful antique styles of furniture add to the stately splendor of mediæval workmanship all the elegance of modern finish, so that the starchest republican could not resist their attractions.

The Coward Family.

A few days ago we published the news that Robert Coward, of this city, and his relatives believe they are the rightful owners of $250,000,000 in gold. The following is the statement of the Coward family:

From the earliest records attainable, it is proven that the Coward family are Saxon in origin. Many of them have filled places of trust and respect in the British dominions. Sir Leonard Coward, Knight, was for a long time Alderman and once Mayor of the city of Bath, in Somersetshire. A. D. 1796. Capt. Hugh Coward, of Bristol, Somersetshire; commanded His Majesty's ship, "Hover," in A. D. 1711; visited New York in A. D. 1112. The name of the family has at times been altered, so as to do away with the express term "Coward." It has been registered as "Cowherd," and "Cowert," the sadle alteration has taken place in the United States, in some branches of the family, whether from desire or mistake it is not known. How the name was derived is not known. The late family of William Coward, or Cowherd, deceased, were zealous in establishing the Vegetarian faith, and all their effort, means and influence were devoted to that cause, which has proven a failure. Hugh Coward was the father of Rev. John Coward, deceased, who arrived in this country, in the city of New York about A. D. 1711, as an Episcopal minister. He then came to Middletown, Monmouth county, New Jersey, and was there baptized and preached as a Baptist minister. Thence he moved to Crosswicks, in Upper Freehold, where he preached for a long time at the place known as "Yellow Meeting-House," at which place he was buried. He died July 20, A. D. 1760. All the family of Cowards in the United States of North America are direct descendants from Rev. John Coward, deceased. William Cowherd, or Coward, deceased, became the heir of Leonard Coward, deceased; Rev. John Coward became the heir of William Coward, who died in 1816 without issue. The heirs of Rev. John Coward are now the lawful heirs of the estate of William Coward, which estate is valued at a fabulous amount, awaiting claims from America.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

International Copyright Treaty—Unseasonable Weather in England—Cotton via Suez Canal—British Parliament Business—Unveiling of Palmerston Statue—Debate on Infallibility Dogma in the Ecumenical Council—The Small Pox Epidemic in Paris—Serious Trouble in Liberia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, May 31.—The *Daily News* pleads for an international copyright treaty between Great Britain and the United States.

The *Times* says the billiard players of England were much disgusted with Powell's playing last evening.

The weather for the past few days has been unseasonably dry and warm. The growing crops are already suffering, and apprehensions of a serious drought are felt.

Dispatches from Bombay state that within a few days thirty-one thousand bales of cotton have been shipped to Europe by way of the Suez Canal.

The House of Commons did not adjourn until a late hour this morning. A long debate occurred in the Committee on Admiralty management, while the Supply bill was under consideration. The Appropriation bill for Admiralty was carried by a small majority. The Committee rose and reported progress, when the House adjourned.

The proposed race between the Tyne Water men and the rowing men of the Lehigh Valley is to be rowed in September on the St. Lawrence, near Quebec, for the prize is £1000, and the length of the course to be rowed is two American miles, subject to the use of a coxswain and the Englishmen are not embedded on this point.

The new telegraphic cable from Marseilles to Malta has been successfully laid to Lisbon. The new British consul-general has left her dock at Portsmouth to-day and proceeds to Morocco on a special trip.

The House of Lords to-day read for the second time the felonp bill, and adjourned.

In the House of Commons, a motion for inquiry into the dockyard abuses was introduced and the Ministry defeated. Mr. Gladstone said the Government would appeal to the sense of the House until the 9th of June.

The statue of the late Lord Palmerston, by the sculptor Jackson, was unveiled in Westminster Abbey to-day. The ceremony was private, none but relations of the deceased being present.

ROME.

ROME, May 31.—The debate upon the dogma of infallibility continues in evidence and energy, the opposition maintaining a firm stand against overwhelming numbers. Their motions will be overruled by a decided majority when the question comes to a vote about the end of July. The arguments pro and con will all have been made by that time, and everything in readiness for the promulgation of the dogma, which is regarded as a matter of importance. The opposition first obtained prominence in the house of Bishops and St. Gall spoke against infallibility.

Mr. SCHENCK remarked that he had no appearance recently at a house of ill-fame in Cincinnati, and demanded "board." The landlady questioned her closely, found that she was an entire stranger to her life, advised her that she might also but well kill herself as to become a prostitute, and finally refused positively to take her as a boarder. The girl persisting in her determination to become a woman of the town, evidently without having any idea of the horrors of such a life, the landlady gave notice of her intention to the Chief of Police, who has taken steps to send her for a time at least, from the terrible fate to which she invites herself.

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Each soldier's silent tomb,
Two lovely, fragrant roses,
Came smiling to my room.

Two wandering fairy elves,
Caught far from fairyan bowers,
Could not have looked so meekly
As did these blushing flowers.

From the throttling of weeping mourners,
From the graves of our hallowed dead,
With a tender love for the living
To my room, these lovely "truants sped."

Saying: "A marvelous wealth of blossoms
Covers each slumbering hero's tomb—
So we softly stole away, to cheer
Lying martyr's room."

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XLIST CONGRESS,

(SECOND SESSION.)

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, May 31, 1870.

SENATE.

Mr. CHANDLER introduced a bill to encourage the building of ships for foreign trade and for other purposes.

The joint resolution for extending the time for constructing a railroad from St. Croix River, at the west end of Lake Superior, to Bayfield, Wisconsin, was passed.

Mr. SUMNER, from Committee on Foreign Relations, upon the petition of Cyrus W. Field for aid in establishing inter-oceanic communication between America and Asia, reported a bill carrying out the ideas of the memorialist, incorporating the Pacific Submarine Company and to facilitate telegraph communication between America and Asia.

He also reported on other bills on the same subject adversely.

Mr. HARLAN, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported adversely upon bills for the ratification of treaties with the Greek Nation, the Stockbridge and other Indian tribes.

Also, with the Miami Indians of Kansas.

Upon Mr. HARLAN'S motion, the Senate voted upon and rejected the several treaties.

The bill to change the judicial circuits of the United States was considered without action and debated, mainly upon including Connecticut in the New York Circuit.

The Senate then went into executive session.

At half-past four o'clock the Senate took a recess till half-past seven.

Evening Session.—Mr. MORRILL called up the bill for supplying deficiencies in appropriations for compensation and mileage of members of the House of Representatives.

The amendments by the Committee on Appropriations, appropriating $1,400,000 for deficiencies in appropriations for collecting custom duties, and $20,000 to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay special counsel, were debated and adopted and the bill passed.

The bill for the relief of Rollin White, returned by the President with his objections, was debated.

The bill was finally passed over the President's objections by the constitutional two-thirds vote—yeas 36, nays 12.

Mr. STEWART called up the House joint resolution in relation to the suspension of the sale of certain lands in California.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the joint resolution of the Sandwich Island commissioners.

Mr. SUMNER made an elaborate speech in favor of the ratification, and was followed by Mr. CORBETT, who spoke briefly on the same side.

Mr. SHERMAN argued against the ratification, discussing the subject at length as the chief financial treaty.

Mr. CHANDLER spoke briefly but earnestly against the treaty.

The debate so far has taken a wide range, involving the great question of the desirability of annexation, preferential treaties with other commercial nations, and the present condition of affairs in the Sandwich Islands.

The Senate then went into executive session, when the subject was taken to-day.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The bill to revise the navigation laws, commercial interests of the United States was considered.

The previous question was seconded and the main question ordered.

The amendments were then continued by Messrs. Lynch and Wood.

In the course of the debate and discussion objection was made by Mr. SCHENCK, that the hour allotted for the debate on the debate was already consumed by the chairman of the Select Committee.

Mr. LYNCH characterized the objection and interruption as an unusual proceeding.

Mr. SCHENCK remarked that gentleman had closed the debate two or three times.

Mr. LYNCH denied this.

Mr. SCHENCK read his point of order that the hour to which Mr. Lynch was entitled had been consumed by others.

The Speaker intimated he would have to sustain the point of order, but appealed to Mr. Schenck not to insist upon it.

Mr. SCHENCK accordingly withdrew it.

Mr. LYNCH then proceeded to close the debate, appealing to the attitude of peacemaker and endeavored to separate the combatants. Gavin then loosed his hold on Mesmore and at once assaulted Lutch. One or two other men who, it seems, were in company with Gavin in the first place and had been drinking, immediately put himself on the defensive, and the two clinched each other. About this time Mr. John W. Lutch, prosecutor of our criminal court, who happened to be passing at the time, appeared on the scene