THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

Abandonment.—Lena Graff made information before Justice Heisel yesterday against her husband, Casper Graff, charging him with abandonment. A warrant was issued.

Major General George W. Meade, the hero of Gettysburgh, and leader of the Army of the Potomac at the close of the war, we are happy to state, will be present with us on the 30th inst., Decoration Day.

Malicious Mischief—Adam Felix, according to the sworn statement of Christ. Fink made before Justice Conrad is a malicious man. It is alleged that Adam took an axe and broke Fink's fence. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Surety of the Peace.—Margaret Abbot made information before Justice Heisel yesterday against Isaac Morgan for surety of the peace. She alleges that the accused met her on the road in Baldwin township and threatened to kill her. A warrant was issued.

Dealers in berries and all small fruits will take notice that the law requires that they must have all boxes or baskets in which said fruits are offered for sale branded by the Sealer of Weights and Measures for Allegheny county each year. The legal penalties will be enforced against all delinquents.

Body Recovered.—The body of Desalis Collins, who was drowned in the Allegheny river at the foot of Seventeenth street, on Sunday last, was found yesterday floating in the river below the suspension bridge. Alderman Donaldson held an inquest and a verdict of accidental drowning was returned.

Warm.—The temperature of the atmosphere was extremely high yesterday for this season of the year. The mercury reached 90 in the sun, and stood as high as 80 in the shade. It is no use to advise a man to keep cool under this state of facts. It can't be did. We have tried it, and know whereof we speak.

Disorderly.—Henry Frider alleges that Louis Rothleder and John Wessel are disorderly boys and that they throw stones at his house. Justice Conrad, before whom the allegations were made, was of the opinion that this was disorderly conduct and made a warrant for the arrest of the boys. They were brought before him, and on promising to be more orderly in future the case was settled.

Sensible.—The Board of Directors of the Central Passenger Railway, which is now one of the best managed lines in our city, contemplates a reduction of the rates of fare, believing that the increase of travel in consequence thereof will more than compensate them for the reduction. We suggested this idea some time since, and believe that it might be applied with equal force to all the other lines.

Improvements—Extensive improvement are being made in the Recorders office. The partition wall separating the office from the transcribing room has been removed, and the two made into one room with a row of shelving around three sides of it. The room adjoining has been fitted up for a transcribing room. Our genial friend, Mr. Hunter, makes himself as comfortable as possible amongst the confusion.

Ferocious Dog.—William Meyer made information before Alderman John A. Floyd of the Second ward, yesterday, charging John Rogan with keeping a ferocious dog. He alleges that the ferocious beast is allowed to run at large and on Wednesday evening his step son, Adam Wayne, was passing along the highway near the residence of the defendant at Pittsburgh, when the dog attacked him, biting a piece out of his leg. A warrant was issued.

Business for the Coroner.—The body of the young man who was drowned at dam No. 5 in the Monongahela river a week since, was recovered at Fort Pery yesterday. The man was Donaldson held an inquest upon it, and a verdict of accidental drowning was rendered.

Coroner Clawson received a letter yesterday announcing that the body of Henry Holland, who was drowned at Oscela, on the P. & C. R. R., was recovered at Duncanson yesterday. An inquest was held and a verdict of "found drowned" returned.

Almost an Accident.—A slight accident occurred at the corner of Fourth avenue and Market street, yesterday, by which several persons were badly frightened, but fortunately no one injured. Workmen are engaged in removing the old building on the corner formerly occupied by the Union National Bank and having taken down the roof pulled the front wall upon the third floor. The front wall was great and broke the girder which passed through the centre of the building letting the third floor down upon the second. The walls were slightly bulged out both on the Market street and Fourth avenue fronts but not sufficient to cause them to fall. Workmen should be more careful.

The Price of Meat.

Why is it? Everything eatable is down in price save beef. Our butchers still demand war prices for this indispensable article.—*Tyrone Blade.*

We are just in the same fix up this way. It takes as plethoric a pocket-book to keep one's family in beef, mutton, pork and veal as during the war. Why is it?—*Hollidaysburg Register.*

Precisely the same state of things exists in Washington. Meat is at starvation prices. Why is it? Pass around the question. It is the most difficult mathematical problem we have yet published.—*Washington Reporter.*

We have more cause for complaint than either of you gentlemen. Meat is not only at starvation prices, but most of it is "starvation" meat. Yet we are obliged to pay exorbitant prices for it. Why is it. Will some one solve the problem?

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were admitted of record in the office of Thomas H. Hunter, Recorder for Allegheny county, Thursday, May 19, 1870:

Jno. Hoffman to Frank Hoff, March 21, 1870, 27 by 63 feet on Centre street, Seventh ward, Allegheny, with buildings $1,000
James Mack to R. B. McDowell, May 17, 1870, 50 by 164 feet on High street, borough of Sharpsburg $1,000
S. H. Culley, Sheriff, to G. S. Bates, December 17, 1869, 4 by 100 feet on Penn street, Seventeenth ward, Pittsburgh, with buildings $1,400
Robert Filson to Jos. K. Brown, May 6, 1870, 12 by 100 feet on Logan street, Pittsburgh $3,600
Samuel Glass to Henry Hedrencoder, March 28, 1870, 22 by 128 feet on Washington avenue, with buildings $2,200
Jas. H. Stewart to J. S. Shaffer, May 15, 1870, 114 by 322 feet near Kirkpatrick street, Eighth ward, Pittsburgh $3,000
Richard E. Breed to M. G. Wescott, May 18, 1870, 3 lots in Breed's plan, McKeesport $300
Richard E. Breed to Jacob King, May 16, 1870, 2 lots in Breed's plan, McKeesport $300
Jno. Arthurs to Robert Arthurs, November 1, 1869, 8 acres and 110 perches of land, Versailles township $675
Elmore Horan to John Ott, April 28, 1870, 25 by 120 feet in Horan's plan, Lower St. Clair township $350

MATRIMONIAL.

Grand Fashionable Wedding at Turner's Hall Last Night.

Sixth avenue was agog with excitement last night over a large, brilliant and fashionable wedding in Turner Hall. It was the uniting together in holy matrimonial bonds of Mr. S. H. Wilson, one of our popular and prosperous young merchants, and Miss Sarah Weller, a highly accomplished and esteemed ward of L. Devoy, Esq. Several hundred invitations were out and but few regrets could have been sent in for the attendance was unusually large. The very interesting ceremony according to the ancient custom of the Jewish faith was performed by Rev. L. Mayer, D.D., the recently installed rabbi of the Synagogue. There were no bridesmen or maids, the bride was richly attired in a trailing lavender silk dress, nicely trimmed with lace and adorned with orange blossoms. She wore a flowing veil of real lace fastened to the hair with brilliant roses and clasped with diamonds.

After the ceremony a grand wedding march was played and the large throng closed in about the happy young couple and tended hearty congratulations. The pleasing formal reception over dancing was inaugurated, and mirth and good humor prevailed until midnight, when the guests were summoned to the large dining department of the hall where two tables of the full length of the commodious room were spread out and loaded with the choicest substantials and daintiest viands of the season. More than three hundred ladies and gentlemen discussed the very elegant meal after which sparkling wines were introduced and a banquet was improvised by calling Josiah Cohen, Esq., to preside. He made happy and entertaining address and concluded by calling for a speech from Rev. D. Mayer, who eloquently responded in the German language. Other gentlemen present made congratulatory addresses and general good cheer was maintained at the board till the music summoned the guests again to the dancing floor and thence up till the dawn of morning was kept up the festivities. The wedding was one of the largest, best conducted and most fashionable ever celebrated in this city.

We tender our heartiest congratulations to the happy young couple and trust that they may never regret the word spoken which has united them together for weal or woe, for life till death.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Hampton and Kirkpatrick.

THURSDAY, May 19.—The cases reported on trial in this Court yesterday, were resumed and submitted to the jury.

No other cases were taken up.

TRIAL LIST FOR FRIDAY.

9. Sheppard vs. Schoonmaker.
12. Hill, Patterson & Co. vs. Dillow et al.
14. Lorish vs. Kish.
22. Brown vs. Anderson.
25. Lupton & Co. vs. Richardson.
26. Hartupee vs. Caldwell.
27. Eakin for use vs. Ames M. E. Church.
29. Hazlewood & Blackstock vs. Hershonser & Co.

Common Pleas—Judge Collier.

THURSDAY, May 19.—The case of Williams vs. Dudgeon, previously reported, was resumed, and plaintiff took a nonsuit.

Mary Manning, committed to jail on a charge of larceny, by Alderman McMasters, was brought into court on a writ of *habeas corpus*, and was discharged on her own recognizance to appear at the June term of the Quarter Sessions Court.

The next case taken up was that of Hendrick & Maas vs. Gustave Kaiser—action on a book account. Verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $249 87.

Godfrey Clark vs. H. M. Lyttle & Co.; action on book account. Verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $423 00.

Geo. C. Giles vs. Wm. C. Cook; action to recover for work and labor done. Jury out.

TRIAL LIST FOR FRIDAY.

230. Rigney vs. Marshall et al.
237. McMahon & Bandles vs. Bodger.
268. Lindsey vs. Jones.
78. Jacobs vs. Hanna et al.
239. Leggett & Co. vs. Fisher.
240. Hell vs. Hahmer.
241. Beyer vs. Rothschild.
242. Dook vs. Arp.
243. Benney's Adm'rs vs. Benney.
244. Murdock & Hall vs. Dravo.
245. Hook & Wolff vs. Frank Eilek.
246. Watson vs. Haworth, McDonald & Co.

"HERE WE ARE AGAIN."

The W. S. A. Again Assemble—The Administration's Views—What the Delegates Say in New York—Essays and General "Womens' Rights" News—The McFarland Case Considered—And Sundry Other Matters Interesting to all Suffragists.

The fourth gathering of the W. S. A. was held yesterday afternoon in the elegant parlor of Mrs. Pauline Danse, No. 4 Eighth street. There were many reasons why it should be largely attended. Since the last assembling events had transpired which called for immediate discussion by the W. S. A. McFarland for instance had been acquitted; then too, the "suffragists" all over the country were aroused to the highest pitch of enthusiasm by the annual gathering of the two suffrage Conventions in New York; add to this, the "going back" on the cause by the English Parliament, and last most potent the advent of the spring styles, and a day bright and beautiful vouchsafed for their airing—is it to be wondered at that the gathering should be larger than any predecessor?

Four o'clock, the designated hour, found but few in attendance, but punctually at five minutes thereafter the bell tinkled, and the five large delegation arrived—blooming representatives of a certain college not far away. It was not long thereafter till the room was filled, then the hall, then a smaller room in the rear, and finally every available space in the vicinity of the operations. Great kindness had been shown the reporters by the preparation of a table in the rear room, far removed from the thickest of the fray. They, however, repudiated that action and solemnly removed their quarters and the table to a more convenient location, near the door connecting the two rooms. The width of the door alone prevented the further advance of the piece of furniture. From this eligible location they who surrounded the article looked in upon a scene of brilliancy and beauty and variety, eminently suggestive of a conservatory of flowers filled with—humming birds. The hum was especially perceptible. The contemplation of this phenomena of rural life, however, was of short duration. The President, Miss Matilda Hindman, at this instant got in an appearance. All voices were subdued and all eyes turned towards her as she slowly assumed possession of a gorgeous, velvet cushioned high-backed arm chair in one corner, and then cast a benign glance upon her assembled coadjutors.

She broke the awful silence at length by arising and calling upon the other officers, if present, to assume their places.

Nobody stirred at this request.

Again she surveyed the room and said, after a pause, "Well, ladies, all the officers are not present, but I suppose we have enough to organize a meeting."

She was correct in this view. Two Vice Presidents, one Secretary, a Treasurer and ten of the Executive Committee were observed to nod approvingly.

The President in accordance with the constitution, opened the exercises with a fervent and very appropriate prayer for guidance in all the deliberations which might come up and for wisdom in the performance of all the duties which might be imposed upon them, and expressed her thankfulness that they enjoyed the right and fearing no censure in its performance.

At the conclusion of the devotional exercises a slight pause ensued, which was again interrupted by the President, who arose, and in a calm, rather defiant voice, commenced

THE INAUGURAL ADDRESS.

She thanked the members for the honor conferred on her, and hoped to be able to discharge the duties of the office satisfactorily. It was now easily seen that the cause was prospering, and would eventually be successful. The habits of mankind date back to origin in the minds of a few leading individuals.

When established, these customs are always idolized, and men are found too willing to give up everything, to sacrifice everything, for the sake of maintaining them. Some of the most heartrending scenes are recorded as the result of this blind attachment to custom. Noble men and noble women have been sacrificed because they have been more far-seeing than others; and have started in advance of them. The angry public have persecuted them with fury, yet in time the public are contented to adopt these very customs that they railed against before. Jeers, scoffs and ridicule—all manners of means have been used to suppress the free expression of opinion. Tar and feathers, rails, ponds of water, and other means of torture have been resorted to. The mass of the people are slow to take up reforms, but when they become satisfied of their excellence they cling to them with the greatest tenacity.

Woman's Suffrage is one of the reforms that has not been recognized by the people, and the mass of the people will be determined that they will not encourage it. Yet its advocates are muzzling themselves upon a Christian platform. There are many reasons why women won't assist in this matter. They are afraid of being considered out of their sphere. It is not ignorance; for some of the most refined women of the country oppose it. What is it then? One class of women fear the change. They see dreadful things in the future—disorder, anarchy and ruin. Men have made so many presided before; good husbands and loving brothers changing to creatures far worse than better than Mormons and men treating women as barbarians. They fear that women will lose regard for them if they meddle in politics; or will become drunkards and blasphemers, and enter into all the dissipations. Another class fear they may have to carry hods; to stand in the cars and be subject to others. In consequence if woman suffrage be granted.

All we have to say is, every true man will respect them just as much in their sphere as they do now. If men have only been treating women well, women should have given to them certain privilege they ought not to have, instead of respecting them for their modesty and womanhood, then all this pretended respect is but a sham. In fact, every true man would respect women more, and men fear them more, if they had the power to vote. We have had intelligent women who say that this new suffrage is right; but they say, if we go into this matter we will be compelled to vote and have certain responsibilities resting upon us. What kind of souls have those who think they would be so? Why, we would instead of having drunken husbands and boxes of ill-fame, they will be all the more their husbands, brothers and sisters from degradation. If there be any one having grounds than another, it is the privilege of doing good to others. I hope these women will do their duty, and when the walls of orphan children, drunken husbands and fallen sisters come up, they will be able to say in their ears, they will arouse to the necessity of action. Now to the point. We all fear ridiculous behavior men and women fear ridicule. When it was fashionable to heap slander upon the heads of Abolitionists to the slavery movement, but few said slavery was wrong; but when popular feeling denounced it, how many flocked to the cannon's mouth willing to die to have it abolished? For that class of women I have more feeling than all others. But of all reasons against suffrage that we have heard, the most amusing are those given by the ladies of Washington city, in a petition forwarded to Congress, asking that body not to give women the right to vote. First, they held it would make them immoral, and second, that it would deprive them of the privilege of obeying their husbands. Immodest! Think of it. Hindoos, Persians, Chinese, Turks and other heathen, blinded beings believe so to this day, cramp their feet and put them in harness to preserve their modesty. It is very unfortunate that these Washington ladies live behind where they did; so, I would like to have all our States or counties, every preacher, elder and deacon represented in our annual meeting, so that we can have a full account of what is being done all over the country.

S. N. Green—This question of statistics is one I hope we will not forget when we go home. We ought to have, if anything, reliable statistics. It was stated in one issue of the Christian Union that we had been about thousand members, and next week five hundred thousand was given as the number. This is very mortifying to have ourselves so misrepresented.

A. N. Gilbert—I have for many years kept a record of each of my members—when they were baptized, died, removed, or joined other churches. I have a diligent statistics to my congregation.

Elder Delmont—I visit congregations, and sometimes ask the question how many members have you? and the reply generally has been told, "We don't know." This neglect lies at our own door; we do not insist upon the ordinance being observed. I regret it. I do what I wish to notice, and that is, that all members leaving a church should be compelled to take a letter, so then the church will not have any doubt about their membership.

Wm. Rowzee—I think it would be as well to have some one in each district to keep an accurate account, and have it reported at our meetings. That the Corresponding Secretary be instructed to make a report of the statistics of each church in his district and report to the Secretary annually.

E. B. Cake, of Salem, Ohio—I would object to the amendment for this reason, that the Corresponding Secretary has enough to do. The matter must commence in the church. When there boxes are placed in the church members can fill them up concisely, and with very little trouble.

The Chairman thought both ideas might be embraced in one resolution.

Elder Harvey—Another point aimed at by the committee is to bring the churches into working and shape to be able to furnish the keeping of proper statistics by them. Now, to adopt this amendment, is simply to destroy the body of resolution, and to take away from the life and meaning of the amendment. Instead of the Corresponding Secretary, I would the following be *added* to the report: "That we recommend that the churches be called on to report takes in "other persons," the clerk of the church report to him.

Elder Wm. Rowzee then withdrew his amendment.

Elder Harvey—Let every pastor who goes to any church, especially a new church, commence a Sunday school. That would be good, would, and let each evangelist see to it, especially in the new churches.

L. W. Southmayd—I do not believe there is a single church that does not keep a record. I do not believe there is a single church, but that is so in every transaction. Let it go on as it is. I have been all over the world. I have traveled a great deal and have found all the churches doing just as we do, record.

The Chairman—These resolutions will be before the annual convention, so we need not be in a hurry about them. Shall they be adopted?

Wm. Hazlev—Facts tell more than words. We want a few more resolutions; take this one of Joseph King, for example. Let the first class churches send a copy of their report to the paper, and let the younger churches copy their form.

The Chairman moved that before taking the vote, we must remember that we are voting on a resolution that will be in the hands of the churches.

The original report was then put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

The hymn

"Come let us anew
Our journey pursue,"

Was then sung with great heartiness.

F. M. Green offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That we express our hearty thanks to Bro. Joseph King for the admirable arrangements which he has made for the success of this meeting, and to the brethren of Allegheny city for their kind and ample provision for their abundant entertainment during this convention.

Carried, unanimously.

H. H. Stoneroad offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That our cordial thanks be extended to the Press of this city, who have given us notices of our meetings, and also, to the Railroads which have extended half-fare privileges to the ladies attending our convention.

Carried unanimously.

A hymn was then sung, after which J. H. Jones read a passage of scripture from the Revelations, and made a few remarks on the basis of his discourse. The writer o'clock the meeting adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The meeting was called to order at two o'clock by President Hindman, who said it would be as well to spend this last session, (in the event of no pressing business), in a social conversation, and invited others to send them in any matter to bring before the meeting that they thought would be profitable.

Mr. A. N. Gilbert said: I would like to hear from the ladies present, in regard to some method of avoiding the imposition of unauthorized and unfaithful preachers, on the churches.

Mr. W. A. Belden said: For my part I would like to see the ladies take the pulpits themselves—he could show satisfactory credentials from the churches of which he was a member.

Elder Delmont—I have frequently persons who did not know anything about us, come and ask us if we would hear them. Such positions—such a thing brings much discredit upon us, and should be guarded in some way or other.

D. M. Kinter offered the following resolution, which was carried unanimously:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention are hereby tendered to the Mayor of this city, for the kind and courteous manner in which he has received us.

J. H. Jones, of Cleveland, offered the following resolution, which was carried unanimously:

Resolved, That the thanks of this Convention are hereby tendered to the Press of this city, for full and prompt manner in which he has reported our proceedings, and for the kindness after which the hymn "We speak of the realms of the blest" was sung. The Chairman then remarked that he had not yet finished his talking.

W. A. Belden remarked that if any of you go into the churches of the faithful you will be surprised at the work being done there, the whole membership are hard workers. I have preached in churches for six days a week for their daily bread, preach most earnestly and solid from the word of God is abundantly blessing their efforts.

The prayer was then offered and the hymn commencing, "O, Thou fount of every blessing," was sung.

Elder White being called upon, said: The chairman wants us to have a social meeting in the time we have yet to spend together. I wonder we should express how we feel or what we think. We are a family, and we belong to a band of earnest Christian men as I do. We must be ever on the alert to preach the gospel, and must see to it that we are faithful to the Master, relying on the strength of God for all our success. Now, as we go forth, let us pray to God and set a watch, as Nehemiah says, on ourselves day and night. May God bless us all, and at last may we all meet around His throne.

C. Ghent, said—I can only express my thanks to God that through all my trials, sin, &c., He has brought me to a knowledge of His word. We have had a glorious meeting, and I shall go home determined to tell the story of the cross from north, south, east and west.

The hymn—

"Children of the heavenly king,"

was then sung with much warmth.

J. Phillips, of Newcastle, said—We must remember we have foes without and within, Jesus Christ has done everything for us. How precious that He is our brother! Let us grasp the promises of the Savior and appropriate them to ourselves. Let us persevere to the end.

B. J. Pinkerton—The truth is mighty, and must prevail. Has it prevailed? In what part of the world or single life has it prevailed? I have heard it said, because we have the truth and that it is mighty, we do not try to make any missionary efforts. But the question is, has the truth got hold of us? We must realize that Jesus came into the world to bear testimony to the truth. We have no need now are appointed to disseminate that truth. They must go forth as lovers of that truth, and under its inspiration.

The hymn, "A Charge to Keep I Have," was then sung.

J. H. Dodd—We have all expressed ourselves heartily on this Missionary question, and one of the most beautiful features of this Convention is that we have not heard of a single negative vote. Let us go forth in the future with all our strongest weapons, in unity, and we shall succeed.

D. M. Kinter—If these meetings are a foretaste of what we shall have in heaven, then I can truly say "God speed the day." For the past few years I have been in Johnstown in a very ag ill work, and so have not met with many of you before, but having seen your faces in the living pulpit," and hearing the read what you have done, to now look upon you, and take you by the hand, it makes my heart heal with sun emotion and gratitude to God, that cannot be understood by you all. When we go home from here let us pray for the editors. I donot believe that any of them would commit intentional wrong, but they are unable, and mortal fight the rest of us.

The hymn, "Blest be the tie that binds," was then sung, the delegates joining hands.

J. F. Rowe, editor of the "American Christian Review", said: I am no theorizer. I believe in practice. I was born a missionary and want to die with the harness on as a missionary, and as allusion has been made to public men, for my part I must ask pardon for saying that I have done to hurt any one. With the help of God I shall grow better and better. I love to work, and believe it is incumbent on us all men to reproduce what good is in them. I believe in individuality. Altho' a good social feeling has been generated here, we must go home and go to work as individuals.

A. N. Gilbert said: I want to tell you of an incident that took place in Baltimore. We have had lately in session in that city the Conference of the Methodist Brotherhood. The subject of Rebaptism was brought up, when the Rev. Mr. Clark, of Virginia, said these words: "I have not believed for twenty years that anything but immersion was scriptural baptism. I do not believe there is any precept or precedent in the New Testament for infant baptism."

Mr. Gilbert then went on to say—"The Church in Baltimore was never in a more prosperous condition than it is to-day. There have been 130 additions since the 1st of January. The audiences never so large, the Sunday school never so flourishing, the week-night meetings nearly all of the house, we are now preaching in the largest hall in the city, beside our own church, and yet daily being much fruit.

The minutes of the meetings were then read and approved. A Hymn was sung, after which Jabez Hall, of Wheeling, delivered an address. Adjourned at 6 o'clock.

At 8 o'clock a sermon was preached by Isaac Errett to a crowded house and the audience dismissed with prayer by the Rev. Alexander Clark, of this city.

The meeting then adjourned *sine die*.

A Novelty.

In the course of our perigrinations in search of news yesterday, our attention was attracted to a piece of machinery in front of Major Long's establishment, 31 Federal street, Allegheny, which is certainly a novelty in its way, and if we mistake not, promises to not only return a large recompense to the inventor but also to supply a want that has been long felt by many classes of our citizens. The article referred to is "Flanagan's Pendulum Pump," patented by Mr. E. Flanagan, of this city. The pump is very simple in its construction and works on the principle of a clock, being run by weights and pendulum, and can be constructed as to give a constant stream of water to any desired height for a period of one month if necessary, with one winding up.

The importance of this invention and its utility will be readily appreciated by farmers who, having a good well of water and no means of raising it except by the old fashioned windlass, can now have a constant stream of water, pure and cold from the bowels of the earth, passing through any portion of their premises, and can also have all the advantages of a spring house at a trifling cost. Persons not having the advantage of water-works to force water in their buildings, as few persons have outside of cities, can by means of this pump run water to any part of their houses. It will also be useful in case of fire, as those can be attached.

We hope that Major Long is interested in this useful piece of machinery, and has State and county rights for sale. We would advise those interested to call, as it will certainly be a paying investment.

Improvements on Sixth Street—A Model Establishment.

One of our most active and energetic citizens is Mr. T. Tobias, the famous clothier at No. 13 Sixth street. He has recently purchased the fine building in which he is at present carrying on his business, and during a few weeks, to remodel his room, and give it an elegant front of the eastern style. Before making this alteration he had decided to close out his immense stock of new goods at private sale, but seeing the rapidity with which the improvements are in progress, in order to dispose of his superior assortment of goods he has concluded to dispose of them at retail in the line of material by the yard, or make it up in any style of garment desired. Mr. Tobias is determined to sacrifice the stock on hand at any price, and we would advise the public to take advantage of the opportunity offered of securing a fine suit of clothes for less money than is ever offered for such goods. Let our people take advantage of this wonderful opportunity. In the line of ready made clothing Mr. Tobias has an immense stock on hand, which he purchased a few weeks before the fall trade opened, and which he intends to close out at any price. Rather than keep this immense assortment of goods on hand within the progress of alteration in the front of his premises, he has determined to sell the entire stock out "at any prices," so that those who delight in obtaining bargains should, by all means, call at "Tobias' Corner" and look over the figures at which Mr. Tobias is disposing of goods in the line of clothing and nothing. The new store will be a mammoth concern, and will extend from Sixth street to Market street. Let our citizens keep an eye on Mr. Tobias when they desire to clothe themselves rationally and cheaply.

Suits make to order fifty per cent. lower than the usual prices. The entire stock must be sold by the first of July, regardless of cost.

The process most easily won over to Singer's Improved Sewing Machine, are those who have been accustomed to use other machines. STRAW & MORTON,
No. 20 Sixth street.

For fashionable hair dressing, plain or by curling and a fizzle, for a close shave or bath, and for skillful cupping or leeching, call at Hildebrand's elegant saloon at No. 180 Penn street.

Examine Singer's Improved Sewing Machine and you will decide it to be ahead of all others. STRAW & MORTON,
No. 20 Sixth street.

For looking glasses and picture frames go to Longbridge's, 171 Smithfield street.

The Singer Sewing Machine has more real improvements than any other machine. Come and see it. STRAW & MORTON,
No. 20 Sixth street.

Children's Carriages, wholesale and retail, at Jas. Loughridge's, 171 Smithfield street.

DIED.

McGERVEY—Thursday morning, May 19, 70, MICHAEL, second eldest son of James and Elizabeth McGervey, aged 25 years.

The funeral will take place from the parents' residence on George alley, opposite Second ward market house, on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KASARINE.
A POMADE WARRANTED TO RESTORE GRAY HAIR. Also,
Kidder & Wetheral's Raven Ink,
The best indelible ink in the market. 25 cents per bottle. Every bottle warranted or sold.
Genuine French Glove Cleaner,
For Cleaning Kid Gloves. For sale at
L. H. ROSENBACH'S
Patent Medicine and Perfume Depot,
140 SMITHFIELD STREET.
my11:w20

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.
Bell and Brass Founders,
ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE AND ROLLING MILL
BRASSES
Made Promptly to Order.
BABBITT'S METAL
Made and Kept on Hand.
Proprietors and Manufacturers of
J. M. Cooper's Improved Balance Wheel
STEAM PUMP.
Office—882 PENN STREET. Foundry—Corner 17TH and RAILROAD STREETS, Pittsburgh Pa.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY CITY, MAY 17th, 1870.
TO SEWER CONTRACTORS.—The Sewer Commission of the City of Allegheny are prepared to receive proposals for the following Sewers, with their appurtenances, inlets, manholes, &c.
CONTRACT No. 1.
Comprising about 1,020 feet of 18 inch Circular Pipe Sewer on Sherman avenue from Ohio street to Marion avenue.
CONTRACT No. 2.
Comprising about 190 feet of Circular Pipe Sewer on Ann street.
Drawings and Specifications can be seen and full information obtained at this office.
Bids must be endorsed "Sewer Proposals," Contract No. 1 or No. 2, and delivered on or before 3 P. M., May 24th, 1870.
Forms of Proposals, on which forms alone bids will be received, will be furnished at this office.
The Commission do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.
CHARLES DAVIS,
my11 CITY ENGINEER.

"HILL & ADAM'S SEWER PIPE CO,"
65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny.
Manufacture highly VITRIFIED WATER AND SEWER PIPE. Dealers in CHIMNEY TOPS, FLUES and HYDRAULIC CEMENT.
C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.
my7:w40

WHEELER'S
Patent Stamp Cancelers.
EDWIN STEVENS,
No. 41 S. Third Street,
PHILADELPHIA.
General Agent for State of Pennsylvania.
All orders will be filled through this office for this State.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—A Meeting of the Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH GAS COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Company, on THURSDAY, June 2d, 1870, at 3 o'clock P. M.
W. H. McCLELLAND,
my12:w20 Treasurer.

BY DIRECTION OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES of this Company, until further notice, the price of Coal Tar will be
ONE DOLLAR AND TWENTY-FIVE CENTS ($1.25) PER BARREL.
And that of Coke will be four (4) cents per bushel in the yard, and five (5) cents delivered within the usual bounds.
W. H. McCLELLAND,
my16 Treasurer.

A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the FIFTH AVENUE BANK of Pittsburgh will be held on THURSDAY EVENING, June 9th, at 8 o'clock, in THUM'S HALL, No. 241 Fifth avenue, for the purpose of amending Constitution and approval of By-Laws.
my19:w40

DIVIDEND.—The Board of Directors of the Fifth Avenue Bank have this day declared a dividend of $3 per share, free of Government and State Taxes, payable on and after June 1st next.
apth:w30 F. E. SCHENCK, Cashier.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, MAY 5, 1870.
AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD of DIRECTORS of this Company held this day, a Dividend was declared of SIX DOLLARS ($6 00) per share payable on demand, free of National Tax.
D. C. HULME,
my5:w10 Secretary.

WASHINGTON AVENUE.
ELECTION NOTICE.
An election will be held at the tavern of Thomas Alderson, on said Washington avenue, in Scott township, on WEDNESDAY, the first day of June, 1870, between the hours of 12 M. and 7 P. M. to elect SEVEN PERSONS to serve as a Board of Commissioners of said avenue until the third Friday in April, 1871.
By order of the Board.
my17:w35:sat JOHN GILFILLEN, President.

$100 Bounty Collected
For all soldiers who enlisted between May 4th and July 29th, 1861, who were discharged for disability before serving two months, and who have heretofore received no bounty.
The undersigned has removed his office to Gazette Building, corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, and is now prepared to collect claims speedily and at moderate rates. Call on, or address, with stamp,
Claim Agent, GAZETTE Building,
Corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

REMOVALS.
REMOVAL.
S. P. SHRIVER & CO.
Have removed from their old stand, Nos. 27 and 29 SMITHFIELD, to their new stand,
Nos. 229 and 231 Liberty St.,
Above the bread of WOOD STREET, where they will be pleased to see all their old friends and customers.
S. P. SHRIVER & CO.,
apl4:w95

REMOVAL.
THE OFFICE OF THE
Allegheny Insurance Company
Has been removed from No. 37 Fifth avenue, to
No. 67 FOURTH AVENUE,
BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STREETS.
C. J. DONNELL, Secretary.
apl3:w82

MERCHANT TAILORS.
P. McARDLE,
Fashionable
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Keeps constantly on hand CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS, also, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
No. 93 1-2 Smithfield St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Gent's Clothing made to order in the latest styles. apr

REMOVAL.
GRAY & LOGAN
HAVE REMOVED FROM
No. 89 FIFTH AVENUE
TO
No. 47 Sixth Street.
SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES! 1870.
J. C. M'PHERSON, C. L. MUHLANBRING.
M'PHERSON & MUHLANBRING,
Merchant Tailors, No. 75 Fifth avenue, (late 84, Clair.) We have received a large and well selected Spring Stock of Foreign and Domestic Goods in our line, a great portion of which are exclusively for Gentlemen's wear.
Feeling confident of our ability to give perfect satisfaction, we respectfully invite a careful examination of our stock of Fine Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.
M'PHERSON & MUHLANBRING,
No. 75 Fifth street.
mh19

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER,
Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

Livingston & Co.,
Manufacturers of LIGHT GREY IRON
CASTINGS,
Light work our specialty. Loose Joint Butts, Shutter and Gate Hinges, Sash Pulleys, and other Hardware Castings, suitable for Builders. Office and Works, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City, Penna. Address, Lock Box 342, Pittsburgh, Pa. apl8:13

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY CITY, May 14th, 1870.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Viewers report on the opening of LANE ALLEY, from its present terminus to Jefferson street, having been approved by Council, the assessments of benefits therefor are now due and payable at the office of the City Treasurer for sixty days from this date, and if not paid within that time liens will be filed for the amounts with interest and costs.
W. M. PORTER,
Controller.

C. BARNES,
Sealer of Weights and Measures,
OFFICE:
No. 5 FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh.

BALTIMORE HERRING, SHAD, &c.—New Potomac Herring in barrels and kits; new do Shad in barrels and halves; No. 1 Mackerel, all sizes of packages; No. 2 do, all sizes of packages; No. 3 do, all sizes of packages; Lake Herring, half and quarter barrels; Lake White Fish, half barrels; Labrador Herring, barrels and halves; Salmon in kits; Holland Herring, 100 kegs choice. For Sale low to the trade.
WATT, LANG & CO.,
apl9 178 and 174 Wood street.

CHEAP
STOVES AND TINWARE,
FENDERS,
COAL HODS,
FIRE IRONS, &c., &c., at
P. C. DUFFY'S,
146 Grant street.

GEORGE HEFLICK,
HARD WOOD WORKER,
No. 47 FULTON STREET, corner of Webster avenue. FRONT and VESTIBULE DOORS made to order. All kinds of Furniture repaired and varnished.
Refer by permission to David Aiken, Board Measurer.
my19:w96

TOMATO KETCHUP.
Yerke's Unrivalled Home Made Tomato Ketchup, put up in quarts and pints, for sale by the case or single bottle at very low rates, by
JOHN A. BENSHAW.
my19 Corner Liberty and Ninth Streets.

INDIA RUBBER
BEDTING, HOSE AND STEAM PACKING
Of the Boston Belting Company's make. A full supply of all sizes. The trade supplied at manufacturers' prices.
JAS. H. PHILLIPS,
Agents for this city.
r11

BUTTER.
16 barrels Fresh Roll Butter;
16 half barrels;
For Sale by J. R. CANFIELD,
141 First avenue.

CEDAR BOARDS and PEA NUTS.
2,000 feet Cedar Boards;
15 sacks Pea Nuts,
To arrive on steamer Cassella, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

BASKET WILLOWS.—63 bundles of Kentucky willow, now landing from steamer Arlington, for sale by
ISAIAH DICKEY & CO., 89 Water St.

OFFICIAL.

AN ORDINANCE—Granting the Right of way to the Federal Street and Pleasant Valley Passenger Railway Company, certain purposes, with stipulations relating therefor.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the city of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the Council of the Councils of the city of Allegheny hereby grant to the Federal Street and Pleasant Valley Railway Company to lay out and construct a railway, and to run and operate the same upon and across the following streets, viz: Starting from the present line of said company's track on Federal street, and continuing eastwardly via the north side of Federal street to the east side of the Diamond; thence southwardly along east side of the Diamond to Ohio street; thence southwardly along Ohio street to Union avenue; thence southwardly along Union avenue to Pleasant street; thence eastwardly along Pleasant street to Anderson street; thence southwardly along Anderson street to Allegheny river, and to the Suspension bridge. The same to be laid down as the Board of Directors of said company may direct, and to construct thereon such tracks, switches, turnouts, crossings, and other appurtenances, subject to regulations and restrictions hereinafter mentioned and described.

SEC. 2. That the said company shall have the right, from time to time, by ordinance, to establish such regulations in regard to rates of fare as may be required for the paving, repaving, grading or repairing, lighting and keeping in good order and repair the stre