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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

GENERALITIES.

A PADUCAH dame died of dipping snuff.

KEROSENE is unusually reliable this spring in Illinois.

THE new Illinois State House, at Springfield, is to cost $5,450,000.

AT Melbourne, Australia, February 15th, the thermometer stood 109.

THERE has been a colored case of Mc. Farlandling on Long Island.

BISMARCK and Motley were intimate friends in their University days.

THE Hoosac tunnel is getting ahead at the lively rate of ten feet per day.

A MAN named Smythe has been detected counterfeiting English ketchups and sauces in Philadelphia.

THE Boston *Post* says "scrambled hair is the latest fashion. It has long been a concomitant of boarding house hash."

OUT in Indiana where a female divine performed the marriage ceremony the other day, she kissed the bridegroom.

THE Pilgrims Progress has been translated into the Caffre language, and Bunyan's hero wanders on among the Hottentots.

WESTERN life insurance agents are accused of bribing grocers to paste their advertisements on their customers' kerosene cans.

TRENTON proposes to have an equestrian statue of Washington. Pittsburgh ought to have one too, and also one of Mad Anthony Wayne.

A LADY on the Hudson left a pot of tar boiling while she went to make a call. The tar boiled over, and when she returned she hadn't any house or baby.

IN twenty-three weeks there have been twenty rainy Mondays in Boston, and the housekeepers of the hub think of transferring washday to some other part of the week.

GENERAL JORDAN told some ardent Cubans who proposed serenading him, that he would rather they would spend their money for ammunition for the Cuban patriots.

6,335 retail liquor stores or drinking saloons render New York lively, and the Superintendent of Police has warned them not to carry on their business on Sundays hereafter.

FIVE desperadoes in Louisiana captured a former comrade who had betrayed them, and prepared to hang them. The citizens rallied, surrounded the whole gang, and shot them dead.

A MRS. ROBINSON, at Brookfield, Missouri, the other day by mistake gave her little child, an infant of but a year old, laudanum for syrup of squills. Medical aid was called, but too late.

THE French and Austrian governments have begun the cultivation of sponges, and they produce them in large quantities. The question seems to be whether it is to be classed as cattle raising or agriculture.

A YOUNG LADY fell out of the door of a carriage while traveling the other day on the London and Brighton Railway, and was instantly killed. The guard, whose duty it was to have locked the door was so horror-stricken at the accident that he cut his throat.

SOME one "carelessly placed a package of powder in an empty stove" out West the other day, and the result, a day or two after, was a house on fire and a life figured woman. The man who did it ought to be carelessly placed in a good strong penitentiary.

THE Detroit *Tribune* says, in regard to the report that Anna Dickinson was to deliver the address at Ann Arbor commencement, that with the exception that there is no such address, and that Anna has neither been invited nor declined, the item is strictly correct.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN, during the war, sent this unique telegram to General Hooker: "If the head of Lee's army is at Martinsburg and the tail of it on the plank road between Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville, the animal must be pretty slim somewhere. Couldn't you break him? A Lincoln."

A COLD-BLOODED murder is detailed by the Chillicothe (Mo.) *Tribune* of the 5th inst. A Mr. Butcher, of Mandaville, Carroll county, had possession of the old Sugg farm; a Mr. Lee residing near wanted possession of an out house, which Butcher refused. Lee took forcible possession and Butcher dispossessed him. Lee commenced suit for detention of his goods, but both disputants meeting at Mandaville on Saturday compromised the matter. On Monday, Mr. Butcher had occasion to go to Mandaville; returning in the evening he was confronted by Lee, who shot him with a double barreled gun. After he was down he shot him again with a revolver, and then mounted his horse and rode away.

OHIO.

THE Boston Quintette Club will give a concert in Massillon on the 25th.

IN a supposed incendiary fire at Belle Center, Monday, a business block burned.

A CINCINNATI manufacturer has next year's contract for supplying the United States Treasury Department with gold pens.

STOCK books of the Lake Branch, Baltimore, Pittsburgh & Continental Railroad, open June 11, at Elyria, Medina and Seville.

GORDON BRICKART, a Pennsylvanian, died on Sunday in Mansfield from the effects of injuries received in the knee from a circular saw.

A LITTLE girl named Maggie Wagoner, of Tallmage, Summit county was burned to death on Monday week, while attempting to kindle a fire with carbon oil.

THE English Catholic school, St. Thomas Church, Zanesville, has been abandoned for want of support. To accommodate parents views in reference to Bible reading, the Board of Education permits Catholic scholars in public schools to retire from the school room during devotional exercises.

NINE boys in Akron have formed a club for robbing a grocery store where oranges, lemons and cocoanuts are sold. Their depredations have been going on successfully for some time, but one of the band was captured the other day and betrayed the rest. The ring-leader was twelve years old, and all the rest are younger, all the way down, to five years. They were all fined, reprimanded and dismissed.

THE Cambridge, O. *News* says: "We have been shown a new patent coal digger, owned by citizens of this county, on which they are now making an improvement that will render it one of the most valuable cuffy, as every person acquainted with mining knows, is in making the bearing in, which requires both time and skill. This patent, costing only $100, does the work of two hands in about one-fourth of the time, saves 25 per cent. of the coal wasted by the present mode, and will be an effectual guarantee against strikes. The machine has been sufficiently tested to render its success certain, and the patentees only wait the completion of the present improvement to put it in market."

STATE NEWS.

MR. THOMAS RICE, of West New Castle, was found drowned in the Shenango on Thursday. He was last seen alive on Tuesday.

THE Oil City *Times* of Friday says: We were informed, last evening, that a new well had been struck on the Scott farm, West Hickory, which was pumping good 100 barrels daily.

THE Paul Schoeppe case in the Supreme Court, was postponed until Monday a week. The case comes up now on a writ to review the evidence under the act recently passed by the Legislature with special reference to this trial. The Commonwealth insists that the case was closed on the 14th of February last, and was not pending when the act of the Legislature was passed on the 15th, and that the judgment cannot possibly be reopened now. This is the question which will be argued on the 23d.

OIL NEWS.

THE Northwestern *Independent* says:

The Murray well, on land of John Marshall, has been sunk a depth of 1,927 feet, through a third sand about 30 feet thick —has been cased, tubed and pumped for some days, producing some oil, promising to prove a paying well. It is owned by Richard Jennings, John A. Brown, of Armstrong county, and others.

The Mystic is name of a new oil well on the Metiinnis farm, about one mile above Emlenton, on the river. This well is owned by James Bennett, of Emlenton, and others. It has been pumping for about ten days, and is now yielding seven or eight barrels per day.

Well No. 4, Fowler farm, on the river, owned by Brown, Neal, Sawyer and others, has been sunk a depth of 780 feet, through a third sand said to be twenty-eight feet thick. This well has been pumping for about two weeks, and is now producing some oil.

Lambing No. 2, on land of Hartley & Shannon, on river, owned by Lambing, J. B. Finlay and others, has been sunk a depth of 870 feet, through a third sand about thirty feet thick, has been pumping for several days, and is now yielding not less than ten barrels per day. This well is owned by J. V. Foster, R. G. Coleman, J. C. Wallace, S. S. Wallace, Wm. A. Foster, C. A. Foster, Robert Kerr, John A. Patton, of Armstrong county, and Chris topher Harrold, of Ohio.

The Nevin well No. 1, on land of George Parker, some distance northeast of the town of Lawrenceburg, has been sunk a depth of 1,130 feet, through the third sand has been cased, tubed, and is now being tested. The indications for oil are said to be good. This well is owned by John Eberly, of Freeport, E. H. Nevin, Robert Nevin, Robert Jameson, Robert Pollock, Robert Hunt, John Hunt, John B. Kennedy, John G. Curtis, H. H. Collins and John I. Nevin, of Pittsburgh.

Hickory No. 2, on Robinson farm, on the river has been sunk through the third sand and pumped for some days. It is now yielding twenty-two barrels per day. This well is owned by General John N. Purviance of Butler, E. Bidlack, Alexander Reynolds, William D. Robinson, Grier Orr, and Thomas McConnell of Kittanning. A. Purviance of Pittsburgh, and others.

The Montgomery well, on the South bend of the river, is now down to the second sand. Its production is estimated by some at 25 or 30 barrels per day. We were in on our list as a 20 barrel well feeling certain that it is now producing that amount.

The Matilda well on Church run had dwindled down to a five or six barrel well. It was torpedoed a few days ago, and has since been throwing oil at the rate of about thirty barrels per day. We place it on our list as a ten barrel well.

The Lauretta well on Church run has dwindled down to a three barrel well. The tubing has been drawn and arrangements are being made to clean it out thoroughly and insert a torpedo.

The Maple Shade wells, Nos. 1 and 2, on the Bally farm, have both been torpedoed during the present week and their production materially increased.

An oil well on Richey's run, on land of E. Crawford, near Emlenton, was torpedoed last week, and its production increased to about fifteen barrels per day.

THE PETROLEUM PRODUCERS' ASSOCIATION reports during the month of April a decrease of 10,222 barrels of oil stored in tanks, a decrease of 21,439 barrels of oil on hand at the wells at the close of the month, an increase of 25,693 barrels delivered from wells, an increase of 357 barrels in the production of the month; an increase of 995 barrels on the average daily production and an increase of 2,010 barrels in the capacity for tankage. 174 wells were commenced, 108 completed, 82 abandoned, 15 additional wells resumed and 49 being drilled.

ENDORSED.

NEW CASTLE, May 12, 1870.

DEAR GAZETTE: In this day's number I see, as heretofore, you are outspoken for the right.

I have been one of your readers for over fifteen years, and while I have never known you radically wrong, yet I did not *dare* hope for the manly condemnation of the wholesale license given every scoundrel in the land who wishes to imbrue his hands in his brother's blood. For, in my necessary that the victim be guilty; the question, as put by the Recorder, was, "How did the prisoner *believe* about them?"

From the verdict of the jury it follows that, if a man *believes* his wife has a paramour, he has a right to shoot him.

The case is one of many. Juries go into the box with their verdicts already made, and no evidence can change it. Hence, in this case, a good and useful man has been hurried into the presence of God, and an assassin applauded in a New York court room.

"Cry aloud, spare not; lift up your voice like a trumpet." May the time soon come when our jurors will be governed by the law and the testimony. Yours for the right, W.

THE Boston *Post*, the leading Democratic journal of New England, makes the following remarks: "Senator Revel's lecture was a good proof of the average culture within the reach of either black or white men. Its generalities were not striking, and its assumptions will await the test of time. It was very respectable as a platform production, but excited no special hopes of a sudden accession of intellectual power to the predominant race from that which has been styled the inferior. As for the usual attention paid him with such pertinacity by certain individuals, as if he were the chance they must not fail to improve, it only emphasized the distinction between the two races which they pretend to ignore. They paraded him as a curiosity more than they took him to their arms as a brother. In their ostentatious presentation of their valuable political prize, we must say that he exhibited far more real dignity and manly modesty than they. The colored Senator from Mississippi made a good impression on all who saw and heard him, which was not in the least improved by those who sought to personally share with him in its result."

LAST August Albert H. Haws shot Thomas Dana in a Western bar-room and escaped. On Monday, May 1st, U. S. Deputy Marshal Storey and Sheriff Carrigan, from Nevada, caught him unarmed at his house in Grantsville, Utah. A struggle ensued, during which he wrenched a pistol from Carrigan, hit him over the head with it, then shot Storey twice, killing him, and fled, armed with the weapons of the officers. A body of men from Salt Lake City pursued and killed him, but three Mormons were shot before he died.

THE Canadian steamer Chicora reached Sault Ste. Marie on the 12th, crossed to the American side, and reported at the customs. A short time afterwards the captain was informed he could not go through the canal, but had better wait until Thursday noon, when further orders were expected. The captain then crossed to the Canada side, discharged his cargo, and left for Collingwood.

ADMIRAL PORTER has addressed a lengthy letter to Hon. James S. Negley, of Pennsylvania, on the subject of the revival of American commerce. The Admiral depreciates the decline of American shipping interests, and urges Congress to pass the bill now before the House, as reported from the select committee on the decline of American commerce.

ACCORDING to the Sioux City *Journal* discoveries of hard coal have been made in O'Brien county, Iowa. Forge threw pieces out of the ground first, and called the attention of the people to the deposit.

HOMER didn't make his living by writing for the newspapers: it paid then just as well as it does now. The fact is not generally known to the public that he drew his inspiration from a quart of Pier, Dunnals & Co.'s Cream Ale.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

The Recent Election in France—An Opposition View of the Result and Its Accomplishment—Flourens Not Wanted in Paris—Trial of Alleged Conspirators—Mail Service Between United States and Great Britain—The American Yacht Sappho Wins Another Race—More Garroting in Havana—The Ecumenical Council and Papal Infallibility—Insurrection in Italy.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 14.—The French Government has officially denied the report that the extradition of Gustave Flourens is contemplated.

Many more persons have been sentenced to imprisonment for connection with the late disorders.

NEW YORK, May 14.—The *Tribune's* Paris cable dispatch says:

Paris gives on the vote for the plebiscitum nominally fifty thousand negative majority, but counting the absentions, it is really one hundred and thirty thousand. Rochefort's district alone, following his counsel to abstain, gives five thousand yeas and one thousand six hundred nays, with twenty thousand absentions. The cities near by in rank voted "no" with scarcely an exception. The Government expected that at least eight hundred thousand would vote yes, as they did in 1852. There are a million more electors, but the number voting yes is six hundred thousand smaller, while the number voting no is twelve hundred thousand greater. The whole vote is: yes, 7,350,376; no, 1,538,006; blank, 19,000; absentions, 1,380,000; not reported, 70,000. The vote of the army was managed with the greatest care. No soldiers were allowed to attend the political meetings. The whole army votes in barracks, Colonels presiding. Every man's vote is known. An opposition vote puts a black mark against his name, stops promotion, and is surely followed by punishment; but out of fewer than three hundred thousand votes there are forty thousand negatives. Many regiments give an unanimous affirmative vote. The Government has systematically applied every conceivable means of stifling the whole plebiscitum. Every opposition paper has been prosecuted and seized; the journals not in opposition are driving affirmative votes to the polls. The opposition press has been suppressed, and driving was treated as crime; printers were arrested for printing negative votes; agents were arrested for distributing them; the opposition committee rooms were invaded by the police, and searched, and papers found there seized. Since the publication of the vote Ollivier's new and liberal plot no journal has been allowed to publish evidence in disproof of it. The *Rappell* was seized for printing a letter from Pierre Bonaparte denying he carry a police spy. The *Monde* was seized for publishing Victor Hugo's report of the Procureur General, Grande Perrine. The Rev. Perrot, Father Hyacinthe, and other leaders of fashion in connection with the elevator buildings which were attempt to destroy a negative vote; in consequence of a report that there were eight barrels of powder in the hold of the steamer, it was impossible to get men to work to extinguish the fire. The boat was full of passengers, who made their escape from the burning deck by jumping into the river. As far as learned only two were drowned, a negro employed on the boat and a lad from Lee's crowe, whose name was not reported. Everything on the boat was lost, and all the freight in the depot consumed. Not a single thing was saved. The damage is very heavy, but cannot be estimated.

Iron Masters and Pig Metal Rates.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

COLUMBIA, Pa., May 14.—The Iron Masters at a meeting yesterday expressed a determination to stop the production of pig iron, claiming that current rates were unprofitable.

refused to grant it. The Cambria then accepted a proposal to sail sixty miles to windward, the course to be around Cherbourg breakwater by the eastern entrance. Mr. Ashbury won the toss and took the weather station, and everything was ready for the start. The warning gun was fired at 5:30 A. M. Presently the Cambria signalled: "The is not ahead sent to windward," and the answer was returned: "She is the best the umpire can do, being only half a point off wind." The Cambria then flung out the signal, "dead beat or no race." She was ordered to take her station, but refused. At 7:45 the Dauntless was bearing W. N. W., eight miles off. While the Cambria was lying dead, the American yacht swept by under full headway. The starting gun was fired, but Ashbury's yacht remained motionless. The Sappho stood to windward with a steamer following and signalling the course as before. Loud cheers were given on board the American yacht as she bore away to claim the prize, accompanied by the Dauntless. The Cambria at last commenced to move and followed for a short distance, then tacking soon after arrived at Cowes. There was a splendid breeze, and the Sappho behaved superbly, shipping little water. A protest against giving the prize to the Sappho is expected.

The *Blue Book*, just issued, contains the following statement relative to mail service between the United States and Great Britain: "The Cunard line to New York and Boston receives an annual subsidy of £75,000. The contract with this line expires in 1875, but is terminable at a year's notice. The Halifax and St. Thomas line receives £60,000 and the Inman line £15,000, on the same terms. No premium is received in any case for long time made in advance. The contract with the North German Lloyd may be terminated at six months' notice. Letters are required to be carried at three pence per ounce, and papers at three pence per pound."

ITALY.

FLORENCE, May 14. An outbreak is reported in Sardena. Several rebels were killed and wounded in skirmish. Reinforcements have been sent; and with troops the troubles will doubtless be speedily suppressed.

Leader. Participators in the political troubles here are mainly students. Several were arrested.

Rumors of Garibaldi's preparations against insurrection in Neapolitan provinces are believed to be the fact that many of the insurgents are his own personal friends.

FLORENCE, May 15. The University of Naples has been closed owing to the disorderly conduct of the students.

ROME, May 14.—In the Ecumenical Council yesterday the discussion of the lesser questions was closed. The debate on the infallibility of the Pope commences to-day. The Ultramontane party have great confidence in the result, and believe all will be finished within a month. But a hundred members have given formal notice that they will oppose the introduction of infallibility.

SPAIN.

HAVANA, May 14. Ruiz and Gaspar Agusto were garroted this afternoon. They met their fate firmly. There was an immense attendance.

Police to-day seized registered correspondence going out to New York on the steamer Morgiana. Nothing was found of a seditious character.

The cannon recently captured in the middle district have been delivered, and were to-day taken through the streets in triumph.

Much similar dissension has been the result of the Pope commences to-day. Ultramontane party have great confidence in the result, and believe all will be finished within a month. But a hundred members have given formal notice that they will oppose the introduction of infallibility.

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PORTUGAL.

LISBON, May 13.—Information has been received here that quite a formidable insurrection has broken out in the province of Minderia. The Government has dispatched a body of troops thither.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, May 14. 12 o'clock M.—Consols for money, 94¼; account, 94¾. American securities—U. S. 6-20's, 1865, old issue, 86; 1865, 10-40s, 85¾; Erie, 18¾; Illinois Central, 93¾. Stocks quiet.

PARIS, May 14.—Bourse firm at 73f.

LIVERPOOL, May 14.—Cotton quiet and steady; sales of middling uplands at 11½, and orleans at 11¾; the sales of the week are 70,000 bales, including 10,000 to speculators and exporters. Corn, 30s. 3d. Pork, 90s. Lard, 59s. Cheese, 70s. Bacon, 52s. Spirits turpentine, 30s. 6d. Petroleum, refined, 1s. 1d.; spirits, 1s. 1d. Tallow 43s. 6d. Turpentine, 30s. 6d.

LONDON, May 14.—Evening.—Sugar quiet. Spermaceti quiet. Sperm oil weighs. Linseed oil firmer at 32s. 6d. Turpentine, 30s. 6d.

ANTWERP, May 14.—Bourse firm at 93f.

HAVRE, May 14.—Bonds firm at 93f.

HAVRE, May 14.—Petroleum quiet at 94f.

ANTWERP, May 14.—Evening.—Petroleum closed quiet and steady.

ANTWERP, May 14.—Evening.—Petroleum closed quiet and unchanged.

HAMBURG, May 14.—Evening.—Petroleum closed dull at 15marc banco.

BREMEN, May 14.—Evening.—Petroleum closed flat at previous prices.

MEMPHIS.

Annual Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South—The Question of Union of the Two Branches.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, May 14. The Methodist Episcopal General Conference (South Bishop Wightman presiding. A very large number of reports of committees, petitions, resolutions, &c., were received and adopted, mainly relating to slight modifications and changes in rules of discipline. Also one providing for an orphanage on the Cumberland Mountains, to be in charge of a Board of Trustees.

Memorials were presented from the colored members of Georgia to the Tennessee Conference upon the proposed plan of organizing their devotion to the Church South, and hoping for continuance under the same kindly relations heretofore existing.

The Committee on the Episcopacy, of the Book Concern to Louisville reported in favor of the location of the Book Concern at Louisville, and the other at St. Louis.

The Committee on Books and Periodicals.

A memorial was presented for the establishment of a mission in the Empire of Brazil, South America, which was referred.

Bishop Andrew, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, who was his prosecutor, with injurious operations. The case will be brought before the Presbytery.

THE TABLES TURNED.

A letter to the case of Hamilton Woodruff, of Hoboken, acquitted of a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, against Bishop Simpson, has been presented for the consideration of the Conference. Edward P. Gardner, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, who was his prosecutor, with injurious operations. The case will be brought before the Presbytery.

FOR BOUNTY MONEY.

J. M. Baird, Geo. Hatfield and other bounty agents have sued the city of Hoboken for the bounty money under false pretenses, against Bishop Simpson and others. The case will be brought before the Presbytery.

MEN AND WAR MATERIAL FOR CUBA.

An expedition of three hundred men all Cubans except five American Captains, left here on the steamer Cambria Saturday morning, as passengers on a steamer bound to Sea Bonds; officially carried seven thousand rifles, six large guns, unlimited ammunition, powder, &c.

THE CHINA CABLE.

The projected China cable is to run via the Sandwich Islands, Midway Islands and Yokohama to Shanghai, and its length, including an allowance of twenty per cent. for slack, will be 9,121 miles.

THE REGISTRY.

One hundred and twelve thousand two hundred and ninety-two white and one thousand two hundred and fifteen colored voters were registered yesterday. The aggregate registry is 94,000, including 2,800 colored.

SUNDAY SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY.

An anniversary meeting, at which thirteen Sunday schools and two thousand scholars were present, was held in Brooklyn yesterday, May 15, under the auspices of the American Church Missionary Society.

ANOTHER CABLE.

The proposing of a new ocean cable between Wales and the coast of Rhode Island, to be laid next year, will soon be published.

LAUDABLE STEP.

A large number of ladies residing in New York and vicinity are taking steps to cause McFarland to be sent to a lunatic asylum.

THE INDIANS.

A Fight Between Savages and Soldiers—The Former Whipped and Seven Property Recovered—Outrage in Iowa.

[Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, May 14.—A communication was received in this city to-day from Brevet Major Gordon, Company D, Second United States Cavalry, commanding at Atlantic Gulch, near Atlantic City, Wyoming Territory, stating that on the morning of the 6th inst. some of his men discovered parties of Indians with stolen stock prowling around the post. This officer started in pursuit of the intruders, when a fight ensued, during which two Indians were killed and several wounded, with no loss to the soldiers, and all the stolen stock recovered. The Indians beat a retreat, were hotly pursued by the troops all day. Five more Indians were slain and a part of the soldiers was complete. Lieut. Stambaugh was killed and Sergeant Brown seriously wounded.

A war party of Ogallallas, dressed in clothing furnished by the Government, called at the cabin of a settler living on Nebraska river, 25 miles north of Sioux City, Iowa, and while shaking hands with the man's wife, shot her, then killed her little son, and took her daughter captive. The excitement in that region is intense. Loud calls are made for Sheridan and Baker.

ATTACKS ON PACIFIC RAILROAD—TEN MEN KILLED—TWELVE WOUNDED.

OMAHA, May 15.—A simultaneous attack from the Indians was made yesterday along the line of the Kansas Pacific Railroad, between Fort Carson and Denver. The attack was made at different points for a distance of fifty or sixty miles. It is reported ten men were killed, seven wounded, and over a hundred head of stock run off.

David P. Dudley, formerly of Lexington, Ky., was killed by Indians yesterday, eight miles from Kit Carson, Colorado.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

NEW YORK CITY.

Still Another Chapter in the McFarland Case—Dissolution of "Equal Rights Society"—Registry of Voters —School Anniversary — Another Ocean Cable—Men and War Material for Cuba—Suits for Bounty Money, &c., &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, MAY 14, 1870.

STATEMENT FROM MCFARLAND.

Daniel McFarland publishes in this morning's papers a number of letters written by his wife before her acquaintance with the *Tribune* people, overflowing with affection, showing his providence for her and gratification and love she expressed at his kind treatment. Appended to these letters is the following statement: The pretended statement of my wife, published in the *Tribune*, induced me to send for publication in various journals in this city letters which were written me by her at the several times to which the pretended statement has reference. It has asserted that I was a drunken brute, and was very cruel to my wife. After reading these letters, the public may judge for itself, and even without them I consider that the verdict of the jury justifies my course, especially when it is considered the prosecution was unable to produce upon the witness stand a single person from the locality where we lived during the greater portion of our married life, or from any other place, who could testify that I ever treated her unkindly, or spoke a harsh word to her. The testimony that Mrs. Calhoun gave during the trial materially conflicts with what she stated on the Indiana divorce matter. She swore in Indiana that I was appointed Commissioner of Enrollment through the influence of herself and friends, and that I was discharged for drunkenness. I received that appointment in April, 1865, nearly three years before I knew or heard of Mrs. Calhoun, or she of me. She testified during the late trial that she bought the office from me in the latter part of 1867, or the beginning of 1868, and was discharged from the position of Commissioner of Enrollment in December of the year she swore she first became acquainted with me. Now them, could she have procured me that appointment in less? Now them, could she have procured me that appointment in less? Now them, could she have procured me that appointment in less?