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## The Pittsburgh Gazette.

### GENERAL NEWS.

U. S. BONDS closed yesterday at Frankfort at 95f.

OHIO boasts 25 Sororises.

GEN. PARE bucks the tiger.

THE poor man's story—The Attic.

THE small pox is depopulating Arizona.

THE Queen of Portugal is consumptive.

THE Woman Question—What did she have on?

VICTOR EMMANUEL is credited with bronchitis.

PHILADELPHIA is again to be Judge Grier's home.

TEN years is the Maryland tariff for prize fighters.

NEW ORLEANS has had the Metairie races and is happy.

THE drummers of the country aggregate nearly 50,000.

MOSCHELES left a diary sufficiently full for an autobiography.

SHONMACKER'S Whacks—the Crispins' strike.—*Gem. Bulletin.*

VERMONT now ships samples of her marble in tubs of butter.

"CHICKEN recreation" is New Orleans euphemism for cock-fights.

Two bits a pound is the price of strawberries in California just now.

JOHN SMITH has 238 residences in Philadelphia, and lives there himself.

BELLA MARTIN is to help the Paris Labor Congress deliberate next fall.

MRS. SCOTT SIDDONS has delighted St. Louis by playing Ophelia in German.

PAULINE MARKHAM has five hundred rings to remember nobby New Yorkers by.

TROY has grasshoppers, but they are not plenty yet, having been reised under glass.

THE prospects for fruit and vegetable crops on the Pacific slope are very flattering.

A SURVIVOR of the Wyoming massacre in 1783 has just died in New York State, aged 97.

A WISCONSIN Benedict's new wife turns out to be a boy, and he wants a divorce.

"THE United Roses of Old John Brown" is a recent negro society in Tennessee.

THE longest bridge in the world is to be commenced in a few days across the Delaware.

FORTY cents on the dollar is all that the burglars of that Elmira bank ask for their bonds.

A VERMONT town has the Wright kind of a Board of Selectmen—three brothers of that name.

NEW YORK capitalists contemplate the erection of a theater, in that city, for Parepa Rosa.

A MONTREAL paper suggests $10,000 as an appropriation reward for Riel's head, "dead or alive."

COMMERCIAL England to the realms of perdition has cost an Irish soldier branding and imprisonment.

GEN. SICKLES was honored with an invitation to act as second in the Montpensier-Bourbon duel.

THE husband of the noted Mrs. Bloomer was defeated by J. M. Palmer, for Mayor of Council Bluffs, Iowa.

DECOLLETTE babies have gone out of style in New York, and nothing but high-necked infants will now pass.

ELMIRA, N. Y., has had a woman broker for months who does a good business, and is satisfied with it.

SAN FRANCISCO thinks now would be a good time to build a City Hall, as so many men are out of employment.

EX-CONGRESSMAN Jacob M. Kunkle, of Maryland, died in Frederick city, of consumption, on Thursday last.

THE watering place hotels are reducing their tariffs for the coming season, and issuing circulars to that effect.

A MILD MANNERED San Franciscan pounded and kicked a young man to death for asking emolument of him.

LOUISIANA owes $14,000,000. The annual interest on the bonds "nominally outstanding" is stated to be $842,000.

CONGRESSMAN LAFLIN'S father, Mr. Walter Laflin, died in Pittsfield, Mass., on Friday, aged seventy-seven years.

THE barracks occupied by the cadets in General E. Kirby Smith's military school in Kentucky were burned last week.

THE Houston *Telegraph* complains of the "lot's wife politicians" in Texas. They are too much inclined to look back.

TWO Kentucky sportsmen lately shot 800 ducks in nine days in Ballard county, and sold them at Cairo, Illinois, for $180.

THE story of the discovery of a number of "proverbs," set to the music of Haydn, is now pronounced to be a pure invention.

THE Treasury Department Monday issued ten million dollars of the new fifty cent currency, bearing the likeness of Mr. Stanton.

THE Chicago *Post* calls for a vigilance committee to see that the laws are executed in that city, and asserts that it is a public necessity.

AN English contractor, having an unpaid bill against a workhouse, has lately attached the property and put a Sheriff's officer in possession.

A GENTLEMAN of Bergamo solved the question whether a man could live without blood, by falling into a leech pit. He found that he could n't.

THE Burlington (Iowa) *Hawk Eye*, seeing farther than most other eyes, predicts that the women of Iowa will vote for the next President.

MR. SPURGEON says: "I have 4,200 members on my church books, and if one of them got dpsy I should know it before the next week was out."

SOME 75,000 gallons of water were pumped out of a Columbus cistern last week, and wasted, just because a negro had been drowned in it.

TELEGRAPH operators in the interior of Florida are paid ten dollars a week and "find" themselves. But they get rich trading in cattle and hides.

MADAME OLLIVIER, it is said, has hinted to her friends that she wears high dresses of an evening, and expects the ladies who visit her do the same.

THE Prince of the Asturias is described by Miss Annie Brewster, as "a delicate but manly boy of fourteen, very fond of study, and with excellent manners."

"MAYNE REID is announced as having a lecture on Byron. At this rate we shall soon have Byron's memory embalmed in Stowe-Reid greatness.—*Punchinello.*

AN English paper says that Mr. Sothern, the actor, "had the honor of being referred to in the House of Commons by Mr. Caldwell in his army estimate speech."

A CHINESE cigar maker of San Francisco has gone to the insane asylum through trying to keep the run of internal revenue decisions regarding cigar stamps.

A FEW days ago a little girl in Ithaca, N. Y., just before she died, exclaimed: "Papa, take hold of my hand and help me across." Her father died two months ago.

THE latest novelty in the fortune-telling line is now practiced by a woman in Paris, who professes to tell your fortune by a careful examination of the bottom of the feet.

CHASSEPOT, the inventor of the repeating rifle, has been made an officer of the Legion of Honor of France, and is attacked by the ultra-Liberal journals in consequence.

A MR. HOOHILL, of Peabody, Mass., announces that he considers himself to be the champion "egg eater," and challenges any man to compete with him for forty dollars or upward.

LADY MOLESWORTH is said to be "the first dinner-giver in London," and it is said that at one of her entertainments four dukes were present, and the dinner was so good and the dukes were so dull during two courses none of them uttered a word.

POSTAL CHANGES IN PENNSYLVANIA.—McKean, Erie county, W. Henry Stanclift, vice John G. Dunn, resigned. Established, Greenfield, Erie county, Jas. G. Mertz, postmaster.

THE salary of M. Ollivier, the Prime Minister of France, is 100,000 francs. He draws it in monthly installments. His own income, besides, amounts to some 30,000 francs more.

AN Indiana paper reports that a lady in that State married her sixth husband on the 4th inst. Divorces have not sided her, as his five predecessors sleep all in a row in the cemetery.

SOME of the Toledo friends of Congressman-elect Peck, of the Tenth Ohio District, paid him a congratulatory visit on Friday evening, and the measure of Dr. Peck's ambition is now doubtless full.

THE rather singular statement is made that "after singing her days over," Mme. Parepa Rosa intends to devote herself to translating into Italian the novels of Charlotte Bronte, and other English writers.

A NEW ORLEANS man, one B. R. Warner, sues for a divorce from his wife on the ground that she is addicted to the use of morphine, which renders her careless to him as wife, helpmate or companion.

DURING the year 1869 the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis Railway Company carried five hundred and seventy thousand five hundred and ninety-four passengers, and not a single passenger was injured.

ONE of the banners borne by the colored men at their celebration in Louisville read: "We will live on hash before we will vote the Democratic ticket." "God made us men," was inscribed on a wagon filled with women.

THE Ways and Means Committee are in doubt as to whether they can report a Senate resolution providing for the collection of the income tax of the present year. The opposition to any extension of the law is very strong.

QUEEN VICTORIA for the first time flags in her devotion to the memory of her dear husband. She has declined to inaugurate the Albert memorial at Belfast. This declination must either arise from falling health or fear of the Fenians.

A YOUTH asked Count Monfrond, the memoir writer, to teach him the art of of succeeding in society. "Oh, it is simple enough," said the Count. "Talk to the middle aged and young ladies, and listen when the old ones talk to you."

Hon. T. A. R. Nelson is a candidate for Supreme Court Judge from the East Division of Tennessee. The election is to be held on the first Thursday, (the 4th day) of August, and two Judges from each of the three divisions of the State are to be elected.

THE free trade men admit that the tariff bill will get through the House, but think it will fail in the Senate. Tariff men say they will make a strong effort to get it through both Houses, even if Congress should be compelled to remain in session until the middle of July.

DISPATCHES, official and unofficial, from St. Domingo, of late date, do not represent affairs there favorable to annexation to the United States. It appears to be about as much as our marines can do to preserve order, and it is not improbable the Baez government may be overthrown.

THE Auburn *News*, having published a twelve line paragraph complaining that the county jail was filthy and in a most wretched condition, the Sheriff, Sidney Mead, brought an action for libel against it. The jury, after a two days' trial, brought in a verdict that there was no cause for action.

WE learn from private letters from Vienna that thirty Americans are pursuing the study of medicine at that capital, and enjoying its unrivaled hospital facilities. Among them is Simmons, who pulled stroke in the Harvard crew against the Oxford. They are only two English medical students in the city.

WHAT is described as a magnificent geological map of Canada, with the adjacent portions of the British possessions and of the United States, drawn from surveys made by the Geologists of the Province of Canada, under the direction of Sir Wm. Logan, during the past twelve years, has just been published.

THE House Judiciary Committee have agreed to report a bill to carry out and enforce the Fifteenth Amendment. Its provisions are very stringent, and it imposes heavy fines and penalties on all persons who attempt to deprive or prevent those voting who are entitled to the elective franchise under that amendment.

NEW ORLEANS papers narrate the woes of a mature young couple, aged eleven and thirteen, who eloped from that city last week, and after passing two blissful days together in the cabin of a negro friend, were ruthlessly torn apart, and their brief romance terminated with sound parental whippings and many tears.

THE Springfield (Ill.) *Journal* says that there will be a convention of the farmers of the northwest, at Bloomington, Ill., on the 26th inst., to organize for the protection of the interests of the producing classes against the exorbitant exactions of transportation companies. The convention is called by Henry C. Wheeler, Esq., a prominent and intelligent farmer of Du Page county, Ill.

ONE of the London papers evidently thought that Mr. Dickens' little speech on the occasion of his "final farewell reading" in that city was a trifle theatrical, and says: "From these garish lights I vanish now forevermore," was the well scanned line with which Mr. Dickens closed his series of readings on Tuesday night. So old an entertainer would have been missed none the less if he had said nothing about garish lights, and vanishing forevermore."

A TEXAS paper says that when Gen. Reynolds received the dispatch announcing the reconstruction of the State, he read it and handed it a citizen with the remark: "Here, take your State and run it;" and presently added: "I feel as if a great weight had been lifted from me; thank God I am through with the heaviest contract I ever undertook. I have done the best I could. I have a clear conscience. I wish the people of Texas the greatest prosperity."

IT is reported in Paris that the Prince Imperial of France, who has lately passed his fourteenth year, is soon to be betrothed to a "German Princess of high lineage." As the Emperor of Austria has one daughter, the Archduchess Gisela-Louise-Marie, who is now in her fourteenth year, it is supposed she may be the "party of the second part." She was born on the 12th of July, 1856, while the Prince Imperial was born on the 16th of March, 1856, so that the Austrian Princess is just four months younger than the French prince.

THE fifth session of the Monongahela Valley District Convention of Good Templars will be held at Greensboro, Greene county, Pa., on Tuesday and Wednesday, April 26th and 27th inst. The Grand Worthy Chief Templar of the State, Hon. S. P. Chase, will be present and delegates from most of the Lodges in Allegheny, Washington, Westmoreland, Fayette and Greene counties. Delegates going by boat will leave Pittsburgh on the five o'clock mail packet Monday evening, arriving in Greensboro next morning at nine o'clock.

OF Jack Reynold's execution in New York, a reporter says: "For nearly two minutes the body hung motionless, but at 26 minutes past 9, the nerves having recovered from the shock they had received by the start of the body, resumed their functions. The breast of the culprit began to heave, as if in dreadful agony; the arms tried to loosen themselves from the thongs that held them, and a fearful rocking motion came over the body. Five minutes after the rope had been cut one of the medical gentlemen heard the air rush into the right lung. Six minutes after being hung, the pulsations in the left wrist ceased, but it lasted from 18½ to 14 minutes ere complete strangulation had set in, and the murderer had paid the forfeit of his crime."

# FIRST EDITION.

*MIDNIGHT.*

## FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION.)

SENATE: Resolution on Indian Affairs Passed—The Florida Contested Seat—Georgia Bill Considered Without Action. HOUSE: Contested Election Cases Disposed Of—Progress with the Tariff Bill.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, April 13, 1870.

SENATE.

The calendar being taken up, the resolution for a joint special Committee on Indian Affairs was debated.

Mr. CASSERLY moved to require that a majority of the members chosen from each House shall be necessary to constitute a majority of the committee.

Pending discussion bills were introduced for the better organization of the medicinal department of the navy, and, for the relief of widows and orphans of the officers, seamen and marines of the United States war vessel Oneida.

The resolution on Indian affairs was amended as proposed by Mr. Casserly and adopted—yeas 29, nays 23.

Mr. TRUMBULL, Chairman Judiciary Committee, submitted a report upon the petition of O. B. Hart, claiming a seat in place of a present member, Mr. Gilbert. The resolution accompanying the report declares that Abijah Gilbert was duly elected and entitled to hold the seat.

Mr. TRUMBULL, from the minority of the Committee, said the case was considered in Committee in his absence. He was not conversant with the facts upon which the report was based and could not say whether he approved the report or not.

At 1:20 the Georgia bill was taken up.

Mr. WILSON asked that some time to-morrow be fixed for taking the vote.

Mr. DRAKE objected, remarking that the importance of the subject entitled it to the fullest and freest discussion.

Mr. WILSON said the country was rapidly coming to the opinion that Congress was too slow in the transaction of public business. If the opportunity was given him, he would move for an evening session.

Without effecting any understanding the Georgia business was proceeded with. Messrs. Norton, Williams and Ferry taking part in it.

Without action, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. McCRARY, from Committee on Elections, reported a resolution that Lucius H. Shober is entitled to a seat as Representative from the Sixth District of North Carolina, without prejudice to the right of Hezekiah Bryden to contest it.

The resolution was agreed to and Mr. Shober took the oath.

Mr. KELLY, from Committee on Coinage, reported a bill in relation to international military coinage, for action at a later period of the session. He made some remarks in favor of the adoption of decimal system of coinage and weights, on which this bill was founded.

Mr. HUTER spoke briefly on the same subject, and the bill was then recommitted.

Mr. BLATON, from the Committee on coinage, reported a bill to establish an assay office at Helena, Montana. Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

The House then proceeded to vote on the resolutions in the Louisiana contested election case of Hunt against Sheldon.

The resolution of the majority was adopted by a party vote, the only exception being Mr. Bingham, who voted with the minority.

The House proceeded to the consideration of the Pennsylvania contested election case of Taylor against Reading, the majority report giving the seat to Taylor, contestant, and the minority taking opposite ground.

The previous question was moved by Mr. CESSNA and seconded, and an hour allowed for the debate.

Mr. LAWRENCE spoke in defence of the right of the sitting member, Mr. Reading, who also spoke in his own behalf.

Messrs. Hale, Stiles and Cessna followed on the opposite side, when the resolution of the majority was adopted—ayes 112, nays 46, a party vote.

Mr. Taylor was thereupon sworn in as a member instead of Mr. Reading.

Mr. CLARKE, Ky., from Committee on Indian Affairs, reported a bill to reorganize the system of governing Indian tribes, to promote their civilization and for other purposes. Recommitted.

Mr. BUTLER, Mass., asked leave to introduce a joint resolution to annex the Republic of Dominica.

Mr. WOOD objected.

In Committee of the Whole on the tariff a paragraph was inserted on motion of Mr. BUTLER, by a vote of 63 to 53, as follows:

On webbing composed of silk and rubber, of silk and other materials, silk being the component material of chief value, used for the manufacture of shoes, twenty-five per cent *ad valorem*.

The next paragraph was that taxing sixty per cent. all manufactures of silk not otherwise provided for.

Mr. COX moved to reduce the duty to forty per cent. Rejected.

Mr. HOLMAN moved to increase the duty to eighty five per cent. Rejected.

No other amendments were offered to the paragraph.

The next paragraph was the one taxing flax including flax straw, and all flax not packed or dressed, twenty dollars per ton, and packed flax forty dollars per ton.

On motion of Mr. SCHENCK, it was amended so as to read: On flax not packed or dressed, twenty dollars per ton, etc., and a new paragraph was added making the duty on flax straw five dollars per ton.

The next paragraph was that taxing hemp unmanufactured forty dollars per ton.

Mr. BANKS moved to reduce it to twenty-five dollars, because the treaty with Russia required the same duty to be levied on Russian as Manilla hemp, respect was thus paid to the latter.

Mr. HOOPER contended that Manilla and Russian hemp were totally distinct articles.

Mr. BECK opposed the amendment in the interests of the hemp raisers of the United States.

Without disposing of the amendment the Committee rose.

Mr. SCHENCK first giving notice he would try to get into Committee early to-morrow and would move to have evening session.

The House then adjourned.

*Meeting of General Freight Agents.*

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CLEVELAND, April 13.—The annual meeting of the General Railway Freight Agents' Association was held here to-day. About thirty were present, representing most of the principal lines in the country. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, C. W. Smith, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railroad; Vice President, E. R. Woodsworth, C. B & Q. R. R; Secretary, H. W. Hibard, Terre Haute and Indianapolis and St. Louis, Vandalia and Terre Haute; Executive Committee, Thomas Hoope, Michigan Central, Lucian Hills, C. C. C. & I., L. Devenny; G. H. & D., M. H. Smith, Louisville and Nashville, J. C. Buxton, Cleveland, Sandusky and Cincinnati.

The following rates on live stock per one hundred pounds were fixed:

To Buffalo, from Chicago, 40 cents; from Indianapolis, 87½ cents; from Cincinnati, 35 cents; from Louisville, 40 cents.

To Pittsburgh from Chicago 40 cents; from Indianapolis 32½ cents; from Cincinnati 30 cents; from Louisville 37½ cents.

The general classification of rates was referred and the committee instructed to complete their labors and then ask the President to call a joint meeting of the Association and trunk lines at New York. Resolved to hold next regular meeting at Chicago on the second Wednesday in October.

—The body of Geo. Colt, an engineer, who mysteriously disappeared December 1st, was found on Tuesday in a water closet attached to his late residence in New York.

## NEWS BY CABLE.

Adjournment of the French Legislature—The Plebiscitum—Lopez Killed and the War in Paraguay Ended—Punishment of Montpensier for Killing Henri de Bourbon—The Cuban Insurrection—Papal Infallibility Adopted by the Council at Rome.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

FRANCE.

PARIS, April 13.—A dispatch from Bayonne states that several more noted Carlist leaders had just passed over into Spain.

The authorities were again notified that the threatened strike was to begin to-day in various manufactories in this city.

It is reported the Emperor's proclamation relative to the plebiscitum will be published in the morning journals.

In the Corps Legislatif to-day M. Ollivier moved that the Chamber adjourn until the vote on the plebiscitum had been taken. He said the Government desired that the deputies should have an opportunity of going before the people and instructing them in the reasons for the measure on which they were to vote.

Jules Favre vehemently opposed an adjournment. It was inconsistent with the duty members owed to their constituents, who sent them here to remain at their posts in an emergency like the present. He felt they had everything to fear from the Government. The question was then taken and the motion to adjourn adopted—195 to 54.

M. Fleury asked the Government what progress had been made in the investigation of the conspiracy against the Emperor and life of Napoleon. It is to be hoped the examination would soon be completed. In answer to a question, what steps had been taken in the case of Prince Murat, who was reported to have struck a magistrate in open Court, M. Ollivier said the justice would be done.

*La Liberte* insists that Count Daru has positively resigned the Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LISBON, April 13.—Full particulars of the defeat of Lopez have reached here The Brazilians captured the mother, sister and children of Lopez, and also his mistress, Mrs. Lynch.

Lopez refused to surrender and was shot. General Caballero was also killed.

LONDON, April 13.—The following highly important intelligence has been received from Rio Janeiro via Lisbon: President Lopez, of Paraguay, is dead. He was surrounded, and refusing to surrender was killed by a Brazilian lancer. The mother, sister and children of Lopez, together with Madame Lynch, have been captured. The commander of the Brazilian troops who put this finishing stroke to the war has received from the Emperor the title of Vicount Pelatos.

CUBA.

HAVANA, April 13.—A telegram from Captain General De Rodas, dated Puerto Principe, April 10th, was received here to day. The column of marines had killed fifty-two insurgents, including Manuel Agnate and Francisco Lucas, leaders of the revolt. Voluntary surrenders continued; every day numbers of the enemy came into the Spanish camp. Quesada, the insurrectionist, granted by the amnesty proclamation. The rebels are every where in confusion. Valmaseda is at Las Tunas, extending his lines toward Puerto Principe.

SPAIN.

MADRID, April 13.—The trial of Duke Montpensier for the murder of Prince Henry of Bourbon, was concluded yesterday evening. The Duke's prompt confession of the deed and his expression of regret therefor, were accepted as extenuating circumstances. The Duke was sentenced to one month's exile from Madrid, and to pay a fine of six thousand dollars indemnity to the family of Prince Henry.

HUNGARY.

LONDON, April 13.—A telegram from Pesth asserts that the Hungarian prelates in the Ecumenical Council who voted for the dogma of Papal infallibility will be excluded from the upper chamber of the Diet.

Lord Denterden died to-day in his 74th year.

MARINE NEWS.

BREST, April 13.—The steamer Lafayette, from New York, has arrived.

LONDONDERRY, April 13.—The steamer Prussian, from Portland, has arrived.

ITALY.

ROME, April 12.—The Ecumenical Council has voted almost unanimously in favor of the adoption of the schema of the dogma of Papal infallibility.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Pall Mall Gazette congratulates Ashbury on the acceptance of his challenge by a fleet of American schooners, instead of one alone.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, April 13.—D. Berliot, the celebrated Belgian revolutionist, is dead.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, April 13—*Evening.*—Consols for money 93⅝; account 93⅞. American securities quiet: 5-20s, 56⅝; '65s, 87¾; '67s, 89¼; 10-40s, 86. Erie, 20¾. Illinois Central, 112¾; Atlantic and Great Western, 28. Stocks quiet.

LONDON, April 13.—Tallow dull at 44s 9d@45. Sugar heavy; spot 34s 6d@35s; afloat 22s 6d. Linseed oil heavy. Refined Petroleum 9d. Rosin quiet.

PARIS, April 13.—Bourse closed quiet; Rentes 73f.85c.

ANTWERP, April 13.—Petroleum closed declining at 51f.

HAVRE, April 13.—Cotton opened heavy at 126f on spot, 133f (afloat).

BREMEN, April 13.—Petroleum opened flat at 6 thalers 18 grosia.

HAMBURG, April 14—Petroleum opened heavy.

LIVERPOOL, April 13.—Cotton dull: middling uplands 11½d; Orleans 11¾@11½d. Wheat: sales of 10,000 bbls California white at 9s; red western No. 2 7s 8d@7s 9d; winter 8s 6d@8s 7d. Flour: western 19s 9d. Corn: No. 2 mixed 25s 9d. Oats 2s 5d. Barley 5s. Peas 35s 9d. Pork 95s and market buoyant. Beef 90s. Lard 68s 6d. Cheese 72s. Bacon: 57s for Cumberland cut. There will be a holiday in cotton and the general Liverpool markets from to-morrow until next Tuesday. Fine Rosin 12@18s. Spirits Petroleum is idt; refined 1s 5½d. Tallow 44s@44s 3d. Turpentine 22s 3d.

FRANKFORT, April 13.—Five-Twenty bonds closed firm at 95.

HAVRE, April 13.—Cotton closed flat.

BREMEN, April 13.—Petroleum closed heavy at 6t. 24g.

HAMBURG, April 13.—Petroleum closed flat.

## THE INDIANS.

Another Attack on Citizens of Wyoming—Savages Killed at South Pass.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHEYENNE, April 13.—This afternoon four of our citizens, who went out five miles west of the city to locate hay claims, were attacked by fifteen mounted Indians and driven to Fort Russell.

A telegram from South Pass says the citizens there killed eleven Indians yesterday.

A dispatch from Sidney says small parties of Indians were seen on the surrounding bluffs to-day.

Upper Rivers.

(By P. & A. Telegraph.)

MORGANTOWN, April 13.—River stationary with thirty inches water in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer 73 at 4 P. M. W.

GREENSBORO, April 13.—River stationary with about six feet water in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer 79 at 5 P. M. F.

BROWNSVILLE, April 13.—River falling with six feet water in channel. Weather clear. Thermometer 68 at 4 P. M. C.

OIL CITY, April 13.—River at a stand with 6 feet 9 inches water in the channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 65 at 7 P. M. F.

## CINCINNATI.

Chief Justice Chase and the Fifteenth Amendment.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, April 13.—The following letter was addressed by Chief Justice Chase to the committee of colored citizens, in response to an invitation to attend the Fifteenth Amendment celebration:

*Washington*, March 30th, 1870.—Accept thanks for the invitation tendered me on behalf of the colored citizens of Cincinnati, to attend the celebration. My duties here will not permit me to be present except by good will and wishes. Almost a quarter of a century has passed since some of you probably heard me declare (May 1845) that all legal distinctions between individuals of the same community on any such circumstances as color, origin, and the like, are hostile to the genius of our institutions, and incompatible with the true theory of American liberty; that true Democracy makes no inquiry about the color of the skin or the place of nativity, or any other similar circumstance of condition, and that the exclusion of the colored people, as a body, from the elective franchise is incompatible with true Democracy; that it is contrary to reason that those principles have been at length made part of the supreme law of the land. Many no doubt would have been glad, as I would have been, if the great work consummated by the ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment could have been accomplished by the States through an amendment of the State constitutions and through appropriate State legislation. But the delays and uncertainties prejudicial to every interest inseparable from that mode of proceeding seemed to necessitate the course actually adopted. Nor does this amendment impair the real rights of any State. It leaves the whole regulation of suffrage to the whole people of each State, subject only to the fundamental law that the right of no citizens to vote shall be denied or abridged on account of color, race or previous condition of servitude. It is to be hoped that each State will so conform its constitution and laws to this fundamental law that no occasion may be given to legislation by Congress. But the best indication of the wisdom as well as justice of the amendment must be found in the conduct of that large class of citizens whom you represent. On the occasion to which I have referred, I ventured to say that the best way to insure the peaceful dwelling together of the different races is the cordial reciprocation of benefits, not the mingle infliction of injuries, and I cannot give you better counsel than I offered then. Go forward, having perfect faith in your own manhood and in God's providence, adding to your faith virtue, and to virtue knowledge, and to knowledge patience, to patience temperance, to temperance brotherly kindness, and to brotherly kindness charity. Why not, situated as you are rejoicing in the rights secured under the Fifteenth Amendment by surrender was killed by a Brazilian lancer. The mother, sister and children of Lopez, together with Madame Lynch, have been captured. The commander of the Brazilian troops who put this finishing stroke to the war has received from the Emperor the title of Vicount Pelatos.

—Iowa has fixed the salaries of State officers and Judiciary thus: Governor, $3,000; Judges of Supreme Court, $3,000; Secretary of State, Treasurer, Auditor, Superintendent of Public Instruction and Register of Land office, $2,200 each; Deputies of these officers $1,000 each; Judges of District Court $2,200; Judges of Circuit Court, $1,800.

—The Senate Naval Committee has received from Secretary Robeson a communication strongly recommending that a bill be reported, giving twelve months' pay to the families or heirs of the officers and crew of the Oneida who were drowned in the collision of that vessel with the Bombay. The Committee favor such an appropriation and will prepare a bill.

—Fenians are said to have left New York in large numbers lately. Some say they have gone to attend the Chicago Congress, but others own that they are concentrating on the Canadian frontier with a view to another raid. The arms and ammunition stored in the various Fenian armories are said to have been removed, but nobody seems to know where they have been taken to.

—At Oshkosh, Wisconsin, a rousing meeting was held Tuesday night to discuss a protective tariff and its effects on Western manufactures. Resolutions were adopted in opposition to the recommendations of Commissioner Wells, and in favor of the building up of home manufactures and the formation of State industrial associations. Addresses were made by H. B. Jackson, F. B. Norton and Judge Washburne. A committee consisting of John Hicks, W. B. Silckney and A. B. Knapp was appointed to draw up the form of an organization for a Tariff League.

# SECOND EDITION.

*FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.*

## THE CAPITAL.

Nominations—Suffrage Celebration—New Postage Stamps—Cable to Asia—Postal Telegraph—Legal Tender Cases, &c., &c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 13, 1870.

NOMINATIONS.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day: Postmasters—John H. Smith, Paoli, Kansas; Jas. W. Rice, Garnett, Kansas; Jas. R. Brown, Alathe, Kansas.

NEW POSTAGE STAMPS.

The new postage stamps are now ready for use. One cent stamps are profile bust of Franklin, color blue; two cents, Jackson profile bust, color brown; three cents, Washington profile bust, color green; six cents, Lincoln profile bust, color cochineal; ten cents, Jefferson profile bust, color chocolate; twelve cents, Clay profile bust, color neutral, tint purple; fifteen cents, Webster profile bust, color orange; twelve cents, Scott profile bust, color pure purple; thirty three cents, Hamilton profile bust, color black; twenty cents, Commodore O. H. Perry profile bust, color carmine.

CABLE TO ASIA.

A memorial of Cyrus W. Field will be presented to Congress to-morrow expressing a desire to undertake the laying of a telegraph cable between America and Asia. Eight thousand miles of cable will be required for the purpose. The bill which accompanies the memorial proposes the incorporation of a company with a capital of ten millions, all to be paid up within a year from organization. Upon the completion of the cable within five years the franchise of the company to receive — acres of public lands in full property, with right to select the lands.

SUFFRAGE CELEBRATION.

The colored people of the District of Columbia to day celebrated the ratification of the Fifteenth Amendment and the eighth anniversary of emancipation in the District. The procession was very long, comprising colored military companies, civic societies, and cars tastefully canopied, containing colored girls displaying miniature flags.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

The House Select Committee on Postal Telegraph to-day submitted to the Chairman, Mr. Washburne, to report his bill, heretofore introduced, connecting the Telegraph with the Postal service.

THE LEGAL TENDER CASES.

The Supreme Court has decided that the number of counsel to be heard next Monday in the legal tender cases shall be four, or two on each side.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Chief Engineer of the Army, in a letter to Gen Logan, says the chief material now being used in the construction of fortifications is earth. The amount thus far appropriated for the purpose, with that asked for in the estimates of the present fiscal year, is $34,000,000.

The bill introduced by Senator Cragin allows the widows and children of Dr. Leaders of the Mammoth Cave on the Oneida twelve months' extra pay.

The Senate has confirmed Alanzon B. Long as United States Attorney of Louisiana.

The Postoffice Department is inquiring into the practicability of running from New York and New Orleans mails from the Louisville and Knoxville routes to the Mobile and Ohio Railroad, or this route through the seaboard States to Meridan and Jackson.

## CANADA.

The Expected Fenian Raid—Doubts About It—Great Preparations—The Expedition to Red River—Nova Scotia's Protest Against Confederation.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MONTREAL, April 13.—Although there seems to be no doubt an extensive movement has been going on among the Fenians during the last three days, information from that quarter leads to the belief it will proceed no further now, in consequence of the precautions taken. Telegrams from St. Armands say the people there assert that the raid was not contemplated. It is stated here it is the intention of the Government to organize a force from the present militia organization for the Northwest and that order will be issued this week.

MONTREAL, April 13.—Considerable activity stirring among the regulars in garrison, and the 6th brigade of Royal Artillery stationed at Hochelaga are busy moving their stores and ammunition to a more convenient place. Two companies have been ordered to Pigeon Hill and two to Cord's Corners. Parties on the Canadian side of the frontiers are said to have received letters lately from friends on the American side inviting them over for protection from an invasion imminent. The country about Huntington is considerably flooded just now, which would suspend military operations by either side. The call to arms seems to have been responded to with much promptness by all frontier volunteer corps.

It is reported General O'Niel is at St. Albans.

OTTAWA, April 13.—The Militia Department called out two volunteer companies at Barrie. Half a battery of artillery was also sent from London to Sarnia, and troops of cavalry to Amherstburg.

Last night, in the Senate, Mr. Dickey asked whether Bishop Lache had been accredited by the Government to Red river, and whether he had recognized or urged the recognition by the people there of the provisional Government as the establishment of Canada in the territory? Mr. Campbell said the Bishop had not been accredited, for there was no authority at Red river we could recognize. No information had been received from the Bishop since his arrival.

Late in evening Mr. Keesor gave notice of a resolution declaring the execution of Scott to have been a deliberate murder, and that to receive Reill's emissaries would compromise the dignity and shock the sense of the country. Mr. Campbell strongly urged that the notice should be withdrawn, and after discussion the matter was allowed to drop.

General Lindsey, representing the Imperial Government, has been here for a few days in consultation with Sir John Young on the subject of the expedition to Red River. General Lindsey came with full powers, and having perfected his arrangements with the Canadian Government, left to-day for Montreal, accompanied by Colonel Wolseley. General Lindsey will be chief of the expedition and Colonel Wolseley second in command. A considerable number of Canadian rifles will compose the regular troops. Some companies of the rifle brigade are expected to be selected likewise. The Imperial Government, it is said, will bear the whole expense of the expedition. The part which Canada bears will be settled afterwards. Canadian troops will be enlisted for two years. They are to be selected by Deputy Adjutant General in equal proportions from the several military districts in Ontario and Quebec.

HALIFAX, April 13.—Mr. Murray's resolution, introduced in the Assembly, declares, after reciting the usual list of confederate grievances, as follows:

*Resolved*, That under all the foregoing circumstances, the House, as representatives of the people of the province and on behalf of them, does most solemnly and firmly protest against the province being any longer coerced and unwillingly held in the Confederation under British North America, and further declares that if not released from such confederation it will be through the oppression of great and dominant powers against weak and helpless people, and will be contrary to free constitutional principles and national and civil rights, justice and freedom.

The Government will move an amendment.

Laughing at the Scare.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BUFFALO, April 13.—Leading Fenian officials here laugh at the scare of the Canadians over the raid on Canada. A movement will not be attempted until success is beyond doubt. It is evident no raid is contemplated by Fenians here at present.

## NEW YORK CITY.

The McFarland Trial—Interest Intense and Increasing—Evidence for Defense Continued.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, April 13, 1870.

As the trial of McFarland progresses the interest in it appears to progress in the same ratio. The entrances to the Court room this morning were blocked up with an immense crowd of expectant spectators.

Upon the opening of the Court Mr. Gerry read a letter from Mrs. Calhoun to Mrs. McFarland, similar in character to the epistles from the same lady read yesterday.

The Recorder intimated that the counsel would do well to refrain from reading letters merely relating to Mrs. Calhoun's personal feelings and not directly bearing on the case.

Judge Davis said he supposed the prosecution could not object to the reading of letters which the prisoner had plundered from the trunk of his wife and which the defence seemed to think supported some theory of defense.

Charles W. Eastwood, woolen dealer, testified the prisoner had been in the habit of coming the latter's store on business for about two years; during all that time McFarland was rational enough when talking on other subjects, but Hamilton profile bust, color black; tens, Commodore O. H. Perry profile bust, color carmine.

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POSTAL TEL