The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

To Let—Rooms.

From the first of April, two well finished rooms suitable for offices, second story front in GAZETTE building, corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street. Call at GAZETTE Counting Room, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

Commission Received.—The commission of Robert Potter as Notary Public of North Fayette township has been received at the office of Recorder Hunter.

Alumni Meeting.—The annual meeting of the Alumni of the U. P. Theological Seminary of Allegheny will be held in the chapel of the Seminary on next Tuesday, the 22d inst., at two o'clock P. M.

Notwithstanding the snow, the trains from the east were all on time yesterday. The emigrants were generally in a happy mood, which was all attributed to St. Patrick's Day.

Notice.—If William and John Algeo will address or call upon their sister, Martha Algeo, at No. 471 Clinton avenue, Albany, N. Y., they will hear of something to their advantage.

George Hincle made information before Mayor Callow yesterday charging George Shafer with disorderly conduct, alleging that Shafer called at the residence of the deponent, in the Seventh ward, Allegheny, and made sundry threats and heaped much abuse on his character.

That yesterday was St. Patrick's day, we had an undeniable proof, as on every day of public celebrations. A certain class must go beyond the limit of mere whooping and become hopelessly drunk as a means to exhibit their zeal for the cause. Some thirty of these followers of Erin's isle passed the night behind the bars of the watch house.

St Pears.—Last evening, about ten o'clock, as Wm. Sarver, a member of the police, was passing along Fourteenth street, Mrs. Wilson emptied on the head of that officer from her residence a pail of water, at the same time making use of improper language and heaping epithets upon his altogether unbecoming lady. Sarver made information against her before Alderman O'Donnell, and she gave bail for a hearing to-day on a charge of assault and battery.

Messrs. Strickler and Herledge, of the Iron City Spice Mills, call attention to their Excelsior Roast Coffee, in pound packages, roasted from sound coffee and warranted the best in the market. They also put up a ground coffee in one-half and one pound packages, on which they offer a reward of $500 in gold for any adulteration found in it. They keep constantly on hand pure spices, in large or small packages, as purchasers may require. For sale by all grocers.

Presbyterian.—The Pittsburgh Presbytery of the Reformed Presbyterian Church will meet in the R. P. Church, near Sewickley station, on the first Wednesday of April at eleven o'clock A. M.

The United Presbyterian Presbytery, of Monongahela, will meet in East Liberty on Tuesday the 29th instant, for the purpose, *inter alia*, of installing the Rev. R. R. Ewing pastor of the congregation of that place.

Violence Threatened.—John Rech, having in his possession some money belonging to Henry A. Shafer converted it to his own use, it appears, which state of affairs satisfied Henry only until he sought an interview with John, which interview was far from being a satisfactory one, as John threatened to break every bone in his body and carve him up in a manner altogether unpleasant to Henry, and fearing his threats an information was made before Alderman Taylor, in which the deponent sets forth the charge of larceny by bailee and assault and battery. A warrant was issued.

Temperance Lecture.

The lecture of Rev. J. B. Dunn, of Boston, in the Third Presbyterian church last evening, was listened to by a select and intelligent audience. The Rev. gentleman handled his subject in a masterly manner and gave entire satisfaction, as was evident from the attention he received.

It is not often that our citizens have the pleasure of listening to one who, in every way, so well qualified to discuss this subject. He showed conclusively that a great responsibility rests upon the church in this Temperance Reform, and he hoped it would not prove recreant to its trust.

Our only regret is that a larger audience was not present. The eminent ability of the man, and his eloquent manner of presenting this important matter to his hearers should draw a crowded house. Mr. Dunn, will speak again in the same church this evening, at half past seven, and we can assure our readers that they will enjoy a literary treat if they will go and hear him. We bespeak for him a full house.

Gas Inspection.

The machinery required for the inspection of gas and gas meters by the inspector is rapidly arriving, and will in a week or so be ready for operation. Considering the vast amount of very minute calculations to be made in the construction of this class of machinery, it is creditable to the energy of our inspector to be able to be ready for operation in so short a space of time. It required a year to get the Ohio and Massachusetts inspectors to prepare their machinery for successful working. The machinery now received is a fine Photometric apparatus, manufactured by the American Meter Company, of Philadelphia, and two meter provers of the best pattern, workmanship, made by the Hyams Meter Company of this city. All that is now required is the entire fleet measure, being made by Messrs. E. S. Ritchie & Sons, of Boston, with which all the other instruments are to be tested as to their accuracy. The testing of the various machines will require a week or ten days time to accurately ascertain their correctness. The inspector intends giving due notice as soon as he is prepared for business.

The National Pipe Company.

We mentioned a few days ago the success of this company in its competition for sundry large contracts for pipe for gas and water companies in Cincinnati and elsewhere.

We learn that the enterprising proprietor, Mr. William Smith, has concluded a contract with the Gas Company of this city for some $50,000 worth of pipe. This, with other outstanding engagements, embraces some sixty miles of pipe to be delivered by the first day of April. An impression of the quality of the work turned out by Mr. Smith is afforded by the preference accorded to his work by public authorities and competent scientific inspectors employed by those authorities to aid in the selection of good pipe.

The capacity of the National Pipe Company and its promptitude in executing orders, however extensive, are evinced by the brevity of the period—only thirty days—with which fifty or sixty miles of pipe of all sizes are shipped to their destination. We are glad to see such enterprise and skill as that of Mr. Smith appreciated and rewarded by liberal patronage from an enlightened public.

An Appeal for the Allegheny Relief Society.

The ladies of the Allegheny Relief Society are compelled to appeal through the press to the charity of the community. Our funds are exhausted; we are heavily in debt; want and starvation stares us in the face, and we are powerless to relieve. The early part of the winter being unusually mild, but little demand was made on private contributions—none through the public channels. But during the past few weeks the weather has been severe, and promises to continue so. Employment, under a very depressed state of business, has been and is very difficult to obtain, more so than even during the winter of 1868-9. Our wants are urgent; no time must be lost. We must have money, or many must suffer the pangs of cold and hunger. Can a christian community listen to this plain unvarnished statement of facts, and fail to respond to our call? Could they look with cold, unpitying eye on shivering nakedness, ragged want, and starving misery? Brought face to face, we know they could not. We bring these miserable sufferers to the public notice, and we pray they will show them mercy as they hope for mercy themselves. Give us of your overflowing means, and you will scatter blessings broadcast through the community. Whoso hath this world's goods, and seeth his brother have need, and shutteth up his bowels of compassion, how dwelleth the love of God in him?"

Contributions may be sent to Mrs. Dr. Treyor, corner of Anderson and Lacock streets, or to Mrs. Felix R. Brunot, corner of Union and Stockton avenues.

"THE DAY WE CELEBRATE."

Anniversary of St. Patricks Natal Day —Honors to the Memory of the Revered Saint—How the Occasion was Remembered—Erin's Sons in Line—Grand Procession. Music, Eloquence and Procession. "Erin go Bragh." General Hilarity.

We shall not afflict our readers this morning with an extended biography of Erin's illustrious patron Saint. They are familiar (if not the ignorance is unpardonable) with the main facts and events, in the remarkable life of St. Patrick, and of the work which made his name revered and immortal. It is well known that away back in the gray dawn of history, about the year 372 the wonderful child was born. What country can claim his birth, cannot be told—but that he grew in wisdom as in years, was taken to Ireland and passed the earlier years of his youth in menial toil, as a swineherd; acquainted himself with the habits, customs and language of the people; passed through a severe discipline from deacon to priest, and finally to Bishop; Erin was his especial care; that he performed a work which looked at now seems marvellous as the accomplishment of one man, and that he won the undying veneration of all Erins sons and daughters through the generations from the time of his advent, which seems increasing with the lapse of age;—these are all known and recognized as well as any historical facts can be received. It is not to be wondered at then that the recurrence of a time which calls up vividly the remembrance of the deeds and toils of the good man, should be an occasion for general rejoicing, and that fitting honors should be paid to his memory as expressive of the love and gratitude of those who have reaped in these later times, the benefit of his labor and life.

Formerly Pittsburgh, although containing many representatives of Erin and admirers of the Saint, has for some reason been somewhat direlect in this matter; but within the past two or three years life seems to be excited more enthusiasm, and the anniversary has been more highly honored. Three years ago the first public demonstration was made, but it was not until the recurrence of yesterday's celebration that the day could be said to have been, as it should, be honored.

Public interest outside of those directly engaged was excited in the movement by the efforts which were put forth to make the demonstration a success worthy of the cause and the people in whose hands it had fallen.

When the time arrived, yesterday, it was therefore with more than usual interest that the result of the movement was looked for.

The preparations were of the most complete character. The day was not all that could be desired, as the falling snowflakes and the whistling, piercing breezes were not conducive to the health or comfort of any who had anticipated engaging in the feature of the day's celebration—the parade. As it was, however, the weather seemed powerless to mar the success of the affair. People were moving early and lively, and the morning hours gave evidence that something unusual was on the tapis. By noon the interest seemed to be centering in a section of the city where was to be seen the first great feature of the day.

THE PROCESSION.

The grand procession formed in line on Grant street, right resting on Fourth avenue, and at one o'clock moved off in the following order:

Chief Marshal, JOHN A. STRAIN, With Aids on Horseback.
Four Horse Carriage, containing Orator of the Day and Officers for the Meeting.
Squad of the Municipal Police.
Great Western Brass Band.
Ancient Order of Hibernians, numbering Eight Hundred Men in Uniform, preceded by th Flag of "Erin."
McClure Brass Band.
Delegation from each township in Citizens Brass.
St. Cecilia's (Cathedral) 180; Silver Corn ; Band.
Delegations from 9th and 10th Wards, Citizens Brass Band.
Delegations from City Brass Band.
Citizens in Carriages.
Delegations from Allegheny and vicinity, with Badge.
Silver Cornet Band of St. Paul's Cathedral.
Hibernian Benevolent Society.
Mounted Men Uniformed and numbering Five Hundred, under command of Thos. F. Kiernan, Esq., Marshal.
A long line of Carriages containing Ladies and Citizens.

It was difficult to estimate the number of men in line but it could not have fallen much short of 2,000. Everybody wore a badge, while some of the more enthusiastic Hibernian fraternity and the mounted men made a handsome appearance with sashes, tastefully trimmed, and the regulation military cap. The aids were attired in black suits, soft hats with green feathers and green sashes, white gloves, and each carried a baton. The full uniforms of the different bands, added in great measure to the brilliancy of the display, as the music enlivened and awakened enthusiasm.

The sidewalks were lined with spectators, and as the procession moved with cheers, waving handkerchiefs and every evidence of enthusiastic interest. Owing to some unavoidable delay in starting, it was found necessary to shorten the proposed route somewhat, so that it was embraced in the following line: Grant street to Seventh avenue, countermarching up Grant street to Webster, up Webster to Washington, along Washington to Wylie, up Wylie to Logan, down Logan to Fifth avenue, down Fifth avenue to Wood, down Wood to Water, along Water to Penn, up Penn to Sixth street, along Sixth to Suspension Bridge, over Bridge to Federal street, Allegheny, up Federal to Ohio, along Ohio to Anderson, down Anderson and across Hand street Bridge to Liberty street, along Liberty to Wood, down Wood until it reached

AT LAFAYETTE HALL.

At this place the police formed in line on either side of the door and the members of the procession filed in, others not being prevented from entering until the participants in the celebration had been accommodated. This was by the interior of the Hall had been cleared away, leaving the main floor unencumbered. While the Hall was being filled the several bands engaged in line discharged a very attractive and enthusiastic feature to the programme by discovering alternately their finest and liveliest airs to the delectation of this exercise the Great Western led off, followed by the St. Cecelia Silver Cornet, (St. Pauls Cathedral Band,) Iron City and Birmingham Silver Cornet Bands.

When all had gathered in the hall the Chief Marshal, John A. Strain, Esq., called the meeting to order, when an organization was effected with the following officers:

President—R. H. Kerr; Vice Presidents, Messrs. John H. Hay, R. C. McDermoudh, Peter O'Neil, Wm. Linn and Dr. E. Donnelly; Secretaries, Reporters of the press.

Col. Kerr now came forward and said: My friends and ladies and gentlemen, this is the birthday of St. Patrick and the sixty-third anniversary of my own birthday. It is a day which I have not failed to celebrate for forty-two years. And now as I am called upon to preside over your meeting, I will say a few words only before I introduce the orator of the day. To ensure a command of my feelings I have jotted down a few remarks, brief and pithy, which I will with your permission read to you.

It is with pleasure I accept the pleasing duty of presiding on this interesting occasion. I am highly complimented in presiding to you the orator of the day. But before I name that gentleman allow me to say a word with regard to the honored and cherished name we commemorate. It is proper that we should assemble on this day of days in testifying our respect for the Apostle of Ireland. Without attempting to anticipate what may fall from the lips of my eloquent young friend I will but briefly refer to the extraordinary and valued career of that great and good man. St. Patrick's apostleship in Ireland lasted for about sixty years, and during the time he erected or caused to be erected a church for every day in the year, consecrated as many bishops and ordained three thousand priests. When we take into consideration the labor performed in introducing the Christian religion among a pagan people, not only in Ireland, but in Scotland, we must all admit the vast services rendered, and bow in honor at the shrine of greatness. No man more revered, or whose memory is so fresh in the heart of hearts of the Irish, than the venerated saint. There is scarcely a family in that land or hailing from it, but what has a Patrick, Celtus, towns and churches are named for him. Year might as well attempt to dim the sunlight of Heaven as to sully the lustre of St. Patrick's fame. No country can properly claim him. He is the boon of Heaven to the human family.

Then it is the duty of all Irishmen to keep in remembrance this day, and transmit it to posterity as one worthy to be respected. We should assemble yearly, and make the welkin ring with the swelling chorus of our mingled acclamations to high heaven in commemoration of our own patron saint of "*Erin go Bragh.*" [Applause.] I greet ye all in the ancient language of my own native country, and bid you welcome with a "*cead mille failthe rah,*" (applause) and in the expressive words of the saint, "*cruid dam spiro fide* (which I breathe I trust in the cross). I now have the satisfaction of presenting to you Alex. Cochran, Esq., the son of an Irishman. [Great applause.]

THE ORATION.

After the applause had subsided Mr. Cochran came forward and commenced his oration. He paid a fitting tribute to the history and fame of the honored and revered Saint and then briefly reviewed his life and the influence he had on the past and present history of Ireland. After dwelling upon this point at some length the speaker continued his remarks, as appropriate to the occasion, on the wrongs and oppressions to which the "unhappy people of Erin" had been subjected by a tyrannical government from the earliest to the present times. He closed with an earnest appeal for unity among the people of Ireland, whether at home or abroad, and predicted that if they but emulated the bravery, the unity and the perseverance which inspired every man fighting for his liberty that it would not be long ere Ireland was freed from her thralldom. The orator's remarks were full of instruction and eloquence, and at times were received with a genuine and hearty applause, which attested the feeling with which his sentiments were re-echoed by his hearers. At the close he was greeted with rousing cheers, which was followed by a motion, unanimously carried, for the printing of the oration in pamphlet form for distribution.

The band again enlivened the proceedings with music, during which the Chairman danced a hornpipe with surprising grace, spirit and agility, which elicited unbounded merriment and laughter.

Dr. Donnelly was now introduced to the audience and made a brief but animated address, in which he referred to the celebration of St. Patrick's day three years ago, and the astonishment with which the people then looked upon Irishmen wearing the green and marching in line. It had been years before such a thing had been witnessed before. But progress had been made, and the third celebration, he was proud to say, was one of the finest displays he had ever seen in Pittsburgh, one in which every participant might feel proud. It had been remarked that no Fenians were in line, and he wished to say that he had not ordered them out as a body because he wished to have the procession entirely free from partizanship. Although no Fenian appeared in uniform, yet there were many marching in line, brave and true Irishmen who had the cause of Ireland at heart, and were ready to strike a blow if necessary. He was urged to urged them all to get a rifle and a supply of ammunition and hold these in readiness at any moment, as the time was coming and perhaps it was not far off when they would be called into requisition for the redemption of Ireland. (Applause.) He referred to the late edict of the Pope in relation to Irish affairs, and said that no bull could take away the affection of Ireland. The people would fight just as bravely as they ever had for their liberties. He had no disrespect for His Holiness, and yet with all due reverence must say that all the Bulls from the Vatican could not make him love England and hate Ireland. (Applause.) He hoped the day was not far distant when a blow would be struck in the cause. Every Irishman should remember that he was all things and when called upon—ready to march out under the green flag to victory and freedom or death. (Cheers.)

At the close of his remarks the Doctor grasped the flag from the hands of the standard-bearer on the stage and waved it over the audience—a action which was received with deafening applause.

John A. Strain, Esq., now came forward and read a brief speech. He thanked the Irish representatives for the honor conferred upon him by their selection as Chief Marshall, but it was merited tribute to the good order which had prevailed throughout the demonstration and expressed his gratitude for the manner in which all of his orders had been carried out. He had labored for the success of the celebration and felt proud of the results achieved.

But while rejoicing over the pleasant ries of the day, he felt impelled by a sense of right to take exception to the remarks of the last speaker, and denounce them as uncalled for and out of place. The denonsnration had nothing to do with Fenianism or the Pope. It was not partisan in any respect. All nationalities were represented, and all who could sympathize with their cause were invited to join in. It was sought also to bear it from a religious bias. An evidence of their success in this regard was seen in the fact that a gentleman of different religious belief from himself had been called upon to preside, and the leading officers had been selected from another religious denomination. He thought the attempt to censure or cast contempt upon Hibernianism was out of order. He would not allow his church, and the church of his parents and ancestors, to be rebuked or insulted, especially by the man he had won that worship, and believed in that worship, and would stand by it. [At this point the gentleman was interrupted, but several calls of "go on, go on," induced him to proceed.] He animadverted severely upon the remarks of Dr. Donnelly, and urged decided objections to allowing the demonstration to be thus marred by any remarks of a sectional or partizan spirit.

This was the only incident which detracted from the harmony of the occasion, and for a few minutes it threatened to assume a form which had existed during the day. The little excitement it raised, however, quieted down without any further manifestation.

At the conclusion of Mr. Strain's remarks a vote of thanks was unanimously tendered him for the able, efficient and highly satisfactory manner in which he had discharged the duties of Chief Marshal.

On motion of Mr. Strain, Mayor Brush was then tendered thanks for his courtesy in detailing a squad of police to attend in the line of the procession and at the Hall.

Col. Kerr now proposed nine rousing cheers for Ireland, which were given with a will.

The audience then slowly dispersed, the band playing as they retired, and the Hall presented the scene of merriment by his animated performances of an Irish jig, which brought out the most enthusiastic encouragement from the audience as they withdrew.

CLOSE OF THE DAY.

The record would not be complete without mention of the grand ball and banquet entertainment at Lafayette Hall. Thitherward, from an early hour in the evening, wended throngs of men and women, the fair and attractive portion being the gay, the gifted and beautiful were there, and whirling through the fascinating mazes of the light hearted pleasure seekers. The feasting and social genialities of the time, sped away the happy hours. As the Oddity Salvites, the grand ball was pronounced by every attendant a perfect success, and a fitting close to St. Patrick's day.

THE SENSATION.

An Erring Wife Returns to Her Husband—Her Paramour Chastised—How it Ended.

The second act in the melo-dramatic transaction we published yesterday morning under the head of "A Sensation," was given at the Mayor's office yesterday afternoon. Mr. Adam Ooss, the deserted husband, a very respectable and gentlemanly man in appearance, arrived from the east in pursuit of his wife and child, and called at the Mayor's office to obtain a warrant for the arrest of her paramour. Mr. Ooss, on his arrival at St. Charles Hotel in charge of an officer, was brought to the office also. She appeared to be very much surprised and regretted her folly exceedingly. She expressed not only a willingness, but a strong desire to go home with her husband, but did not like the idea of going back to her former place of residence in consequence of the publicity which had been given to her folly. She was however willing and anxious to go with him any place else. The husband although apparently much grieved at the course his wife had taken, evinced a forgiving spirit so far as she was concerned and relieved to think that his child had been permitted to take the course she had done by Rose and the other woman who accompanied him. He swore vengeance against Rose, and while he was yet talking the fellow came into the room. The injured husband made a dash at him and succeeded in dealing him two or three heavy blows with his fists when officer Long interfered and caused a cessation of hostilities.

Rose is certainly a mystery. In the first place, we are unable to account for his eloping with two women at once, both of whom it appears have husbands living, and each of them having a child with her. But even this is outdone by the cool impudence and amazing effrontery of the man, in walking boldly into the presence of Mr. Ooss, the husband of one of the women he had lured from the path of virtue. He is either a fool or a most consummate knave, and we are inclined to give him the benefit of the doubt and accept the former as a solution of the mystery.

It appears that the parties were residents of New Jersey, where Rose kept a grocery store in the vicinity of Mr. Ooss's residence. It is alleged by the latter that Rose failed in business, and left the city without settling his bills.

Mr. and Mrs. Ooss and the gentleman who accompanied him went to the house of a friend in Allegheny, where they will remain until this morning, when they will return to the East, and Rose proposed to give up his western tour and return to New York with the other man's wife and child. The end, we are inclined to think, is not yet. We shall see.

Henry Paulus, having been burned out at 124 Ohio avenue, has removed his boot and shoe store and factory to the corner of Fulton and Sheffield streets, Fifth ward, Allegheny, where from the 21st instant he will be glad to wait on his friends and customers as usual. 6

THE COURTS.

U. S. District Court—Judge McCandless.

THURSDAY, March 17.—The case of John Wiley, assignee of Seigfried Seibert vs. Kaiser et al., previously reported, was resumed, but had not been concluded when Court adjourned.

TRIAL LIST.

The following trial list will be taken up on Monday, the 21st inst:

1	U. S.	vs.	Wade Hampton, et al.
2	"	vs.	Geo. W. Crosier, et al.
3	"	vs.	" " "
4	"	vs.	" " "
5	"	vs.	Distilled Spirits claimed by Mills, Johnson & Co.
6	"	vs.	T. Welsh, et al., securities for R. Barrett.
7	"	vs.	Distillery of S. Mason, et al.
8	"	vs.	P. & C. R. R. Co.
9	"	vs.	John S. Heslop, et al.
10	"	vs.	Geo. F. Stickinger.
11	"	vs.	R. L. Anderson et al.
12	"	vs.	Distillery of V. Craft, et al.
13	"	vs.	Valentine Craft.
14	"	vs.	Distilled Spirits owned by Uriah Lippincott.
15	"	vs.	Dist'd. Spirits Wm. Holmes.
16	"	vs.	" " O'Donnell.
17	"	vs.	" " M'Gowen.
18	"	vs.	" " James Bryar.
19	"	vs.	" " M'Grady.
20	"	vs.	" " S. Thompson.
21	"	vs.	Tobacco, et al., Wm. Cohen.
22	"	vs.	Leaf Tobacco.
23	"	vs.	Distillery, Whisky, &c., Eberly & South.
24	"	vs.	Distilled Spirits, M'Grady.
25	"	vs.	Whisky ow'd. by P. M'Gee.
26	"	vs.	Distilled Spirits, O'Donnell.
27	"	vs.	Brewery, &c., of J. Holstein.
28	"	vs.	Distilled Spirits claimed by M'Farland & Bro.
29	"	vs.	Tobacco, T. S. Hall.
30	"	vs.	Cigars, &c., H. Gantzhey.
31	"	vs.	M'Farland & Bro.
32	"	vs.	T. S. Hall & G. K. Bain.
33	"	vs.	Genkinger & Shearer.
34	"	vs.	Louis B. Shields.
35	"	vs.	Whisky, M'Farland & Bro.
36	"	vs.	James Morrison.
37	"	vs.	Liquors, &c., claimed by M. Sweeney & Co.
38	"	vs.	Edward O'Hare.
39	"	vs.	James and Terry O'Hare.
40	"	vs.	J. Love & Co.
41	"	vs.	Miles & Suitz.
42	"	vs.	Anthony Bolieger.
43	"	vs.	Peter Saal.
44	U. S.	vs.	John W. O'Brien.
45	"	vs.	Robert Woods et al.
46	"	vs.	R. L. Anderson.
47	"	vs.	Abram Uhlman.
48	"	vs.	Jacob Yost.
49	"	vs.	George F Stickinger.
50	"	vs.	William Hartman.
51	"	vs.	" " "
52	"	vs.	Isaac Helman.
53	"	vs.	" " "
54	"	vs.	Samuel Mason.
55	"	vs.	William Cohen.
56	"	vs.	Valentine Craft.
57	"	vs.	George Altmiller.
58	"	vs.	W. N. Seis.
59	"	vs.	George W. Jones, et al.
60	"	vs.	" " "
61	"	vs.	Joseph S. Duffy.
62	"	vs.	" " "
63	"	vs.	Geo. W. Jones, et al.
64	"	vs.	John Huntiman.
65	"	vs.	Thomas A. McFarland, et al.
66	"	vs.	Eugene J. Rolfes.
67	"	vs.	Philip Hughes.
68	"	vs.	Charles C. Taylor.
69	"	vs.	" " "
70	"	vs.	Jas. Daly *alias* C. Chambers.
71	"	vs.	James Daley.
72	"	vs.	John Little, jr.
73	"	vs.	Patrick Connolly.
74	"	vs.	Robert Hanna.
75	"	vs.	" " "
76	"	vs.	John P. Bennett, et al.
77	"	vs.	J. C. Buffum, et al.
78	"	vs.	Michael Dougherty.
79	"	vs.	Taper Hunsinger.
80	"	vs.	P. T. Barber & A. Henderson.
81	"	vs.	" " "
82	"	vs.	Marx Long.
83	"	vs.	James M'Gregan.
84	"	vs.	Joseph Penn.
85	"	vs.	Lucius H. Strickland, et al.
86	"	vs.	Jacob Bibinger.
87	"	vs.	Daniel Gallagher.
88	"	vs.	Conrad W. Krappf.
89	"	vs.	John S. Hewkirk.
90	"	vs.	John Shearer.
91	"	vs.	Lucius H. Shields.
92	"	vs.	Peter Smith.
93	"	vs.	Robert Sellers.
94	"	vs.	Charles Shaver.
95	"	vs.	James Bryar.
96	"	vs.	Julius Adler, et al.
97	"	vs.	Louis Haus.
98	"	vs.	Leopold Kuth.
99	"	vs.	" " "
100	"	vs.	" " "
101	"	vs.	" " "

District Court—Judge Kirkpatrick.

THURSDAY, March 17.—The case of Trunick vs. Joice, previously reported, was resumed and had not been concluded when Court adjourned.

TRIAL LIST FOR FRIDAY.

1. Read & Johnson vs. Stewart.
4. Burnie & Co. vs. Ferguson & Beck.
5. Logan vs. Johnson et al.
13. Gorney vs. Rachor & Heath.
16. Nesbit vs. Papin et al.
17. Wilson vs. McCormick.
18. Cablertz vs. McFarland.
19. Reed vs. Clark.
20. Sams vs. Barker.
21. Thompson vs. Lance.

Oyer and Terminer—Judges Sterrett and Collier.

THURSDAY, March 17.—The case of the Commonwealth vs. Stephen and Nicholas Hoffman, indicted for the murder of James Laughran, was called up for trial by the District Attorney.

Mr. Swartzwelder, one of the counsel for defendants, said that they desired to be tried separately, that notwithstanding they were indicted jointly they had a right to demand separate trials, and as counsel representing both they would now make a formal demand for a severance. He then produced his demand in writing which after stating the case read as fol lows:

And now, March 17, 1870, the defendants being arraigned in open Court demanded a severance.

Judge Sterrett after examining the paper a moment suggested to Mr. Schwartzwelder the propriety of striking out the word "arraigned." He said that the prisoners had not yet been arraigned, and would not be until they were ready to proceed to trial. The prisoners, however, had a right to a severance if demanded.

The District Attorney then called the case of the Commonwealth vs. Nicholas Hoffman.

Mr. Swartzwelder said that the defense were ready to proceed in that case, and had legal grounds for a continuance. He then read the affidavits of Mr. Schwartzwelder to the effect that a material witness in the case was absent, and that due diligence had been used on the part of the defense to have her present. Other affidavits corroborating the former were also read.

Judge Sterrett remarked that the case had already been continued one term, and that as the present term would last for some time he would not continue the case but postpone it for four weeks.

Mr. Swartzwelder then stated that the defendants were ready to proceed to trial in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Nicholas Hoffman.

The District Attorney declined to go to trial, and said he would postpone the case for four weeks.

Mr. Swartzwilder objected on the ground that the case had been continued over one term by the Commonwealth, without cause shown, that the District Attorney had published the case for trial and should proceed.

The Court stated that the matter was in the hands of the District Attorney, that while he could not continue the case to another term, he would postpone it to any time within the present term.

The cases were then postponed for four weeks.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe

THURSDAY, March 17.—In the case of the Commonwealth vs. John C. Kenchler, reported yesterday the jury returned a verdict, of not guilty and directed the defendant to pay the costs.

The first case taken up was that of the Commonwealth vs. John Modes, indicted for assault and battery on oath of Francis Destrich.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Washington and Kelly Sehplar, was settled on payment of costs by the defendant.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Thomas Byrne, reported yesterday, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and directed that each party pay half the costs.

TRIAL LIST FOR FRIDAY.

84	Com. vs.		Jane J. Viand.
89	"		Emma B. Harper.
90	"		Christ. Murthner.
91	"		Frank Shaffer.
97	"		F. Detzer, C. Lapp and W. Arnold.
100	"		Joseph Birchfield.
101	"		Andrew Sturgeon.
103	"		James Geet.
106	"		Richard Alker et al.
107	"		George Rowan.
108	"		James Hively.
109	"		Phillip Cassel.
110	"		Michael Craig.
111	"		Mary McKenna.

TRIAL LIST FOR SATURDAY.

78	Com. vs.		Henry Martin.
10	"		Francis Lents.
14	"		Jack Bonner et al.
15	"		Margaret Huber.
6	"		Bernard Bass.

Court of Common Pleas—Judges Stowe

THURSDAY, March 17.—In the matter of Elizabeth Weis vs. Jacob Weis, in divorce, commissioner appointed to take testimony.

The Commonwealth for the use of the Guardians of the Poor, and for Thomas Smith vs. John W. Clark. Action to recover the penalty of fifty dollars for selling liquor on Sunday. Verdict for defendant.

The case of Beeson vs. The Allegheny Insurance Company, previously reported on trial before Judge Collier, was postponed until Saturday morning.

The first case taken up was that of R. D. King vs. John Leondon. Action on Book account. Jury out.

TRIAL LIST FOR MONDAY.

16	Bidell	vs.	Payne, et al.
21	Thompson	vs.	Lance.
24	Sellers	vs.	Shoemaker.
27	Logan	vs.	Madden, et al.
30	Reiter	vs.	Baierman.
34	Wallace	vs.	O'Brien.
35	McKain, et ux.	vs.	Adams.
36	Zillers & Duff	vs.	Walter.
37	Benny's Adm'x.	vs.	Sellers.
38	McKain, et ux.	vs.	Adams.

SCHOOL AFFAIRS.

South Fayette Teachers Institute—Class Drill, Music Speeches, &c.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Last Saturday was a big day at Schoolroom No. 2, Millers run. This was to be the last "Illumination" by these "Intellectual Stars," and everybody wanted to see it. Old men and old ladies—young men and maidens too and children small flocked en masse to the great centre of attraction. Before eleven o'clock the house was filled to overflowing. Those who arrived, after every available corner inside was occupied, hoisted the windows and "put in an appearance."

Miss Brown and her thoroughly drilled pupils did all in their power to interest and entertain their earnest listeners and we think succeeded admirably. Several very amusing dialogues were interspersed with the class performances which all seemed to enjoy.

At the close of these exercises, Mr. James Campbell was called upon and responded by making quite a fluent speech. Some remarks were also made by Mr. Collins and others when Institute adjourned for dinner.

At this announcement it was amusing to witness the smile of satisfaction which illuminated every countenance, seeming to say, "I'm rather glad I come." Although the school room was very much crowded, the delicacies and substantials were distributed in good style and to the abundant gratification of all present.

After dinner order was again restored at the call of the President.

At roll call the following teachers responded: Misses Nichol, Lindsay, McQuilty, Brinn and McMillan, and Mr. R. D. Nesbit. In consequence of some speakers having been invited to address the Institute, the teachers did not have their regular performances.

After the Secretary had announced the programme for the afternoon the vocal band of music, led by Billingly Morgan, enchanted the audience in their usual excellent style.

Mr. James Pressly, of Pittsburgh, was then called upon and made an interesting address. He was followed by Rev. Mr. Braddock.

Musical exercises wound up the meeting, and the Institute adjourned to re assemble at the call of the Board.

GERTRUDE.

EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION.

Conference Meeting—A Full Attendance —The Opening Exercises—First Day's Business.

The Pittsburgh Conference of the Evangelical Association commenced its regular annual meeting yesterday morning in their church, High street, near Washington.

Bishop Esher occupied the chair.

After devotional exercises the Bishop in a few brief words referred to the unanimous reasons for praising God, for the blessing with which He had favored the Church during the past year. Conferences assembled for reflection, and as they looked back over the year the question arose whether they had done all for Him that could have been done. He rejoiced that God had spared all of them, and that though scattered over a large field of labor, they had been again permitted to assemble in conference meeting. In closing the Bishop referred in a feeling and touching manner to the death of Bishop Long, who had presided at the sessions of the Pittsburgh Conference for many years, and closed with calling on his brethren to act confidence and love of all his brethren.

At the close of the Bishop's address the rules for the government of the Conference were read and business then taken up.

Rev. J. Q. A. Weller was appointed Secretary, and Revs. G. M. Boyer and H. Mott assistants. Rev. J. B. Bates was also appointed Reporter for the GAZETTE.

Rev. J. D. Hollinger offered a resolution that a photograph of the members of Conference in a group be taken and copies of the picture sold for the benefit of the Church Building Loan Association. Adopted.

Rev. Mr. Hollinger also offered a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to draft a constitution for the above organization. Adopted.

On motion, the limit of time for each speaker in one address was fixed at ten minutes.

Rev. J. Sherman, of Ebenezer Orphan Institute, was received as an advisory member, which closed the morning session.

The afternoon session was spent in the examination of preachers.

The Conference will reassemble this morning at nine o'clock.

There is a full attendance of ministers, and the Conference, it is expected, will not conclude its business until next week.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—There appears to have been no abatement in the desire to see the "Blondes" at the Opera House, if we are to judge from the number present last evening. The audience was fully as large as upon any previous evening during the week, and there were a greater number of ladies present. "Sinbad the Sailor" was presented, and to that portion of the public who enjoy a refined class entertainment, and it is evidently no small portion, it was eminently satisfactory. There is a sameness about "burlesques," and consequently a tameness not at all interesting to many patrons of places of amusement, yet they appear to draw in this city better than almost anything else. Lydia Thompson and her "blondes" have so far, since their stay in this city, had a large income for complaint from the most fastidious patron of that style of the drama, but in point of decency their entertainments are much better than any burlesque ever presented in this city. To-night "Cinderella, or the Glass Slipper" will be presented.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The great pantomimes of Jack and the Bean Stalk is still being performed creditably at the Academy. The silent yet impressive manner in which it is performed makes a very interesting repitition of the tale, the costumes are elegant, the tricks are very startling. The ballet as performed by M'lle Wermeil, Venturoli and Sig. Cellini is worthy of being classed among the first of the day. Lovers of amusement should not fail to see the pantomime.

MORRIS BROTHERS MINSTRELS.—At the Academy of Music next week three companies combined, making the largest minstrel organization under one management will appear. Amusement seekers cannot fail to be satisfied, as they are promised by this troupe a volume of comicalities from "Prima Donnas" to "Shoo Fly." Satisfaction is guaranteed. The usual charges will be made and and fractional change made in silver. Will perform at East Liberty on Friday and Saturday evenings.

LAFAYETTE HALL.—On the subject of "Curiosity," Mr. John B. Gough will deliver a lecture under the auspices of the Mercantile Library Association, on Monday evening, at Lafayette Hall. Mr. G.'s reputation, as already established, as a speaker, is sufficient guarantee to warrant a full house. Let those who would hear the great speaker on a subject interesting to everyone, come.

Philadelphia Church Case.

The Supreme Court has given its decision in the case of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, which was referred to by our correspondent some two weeks since. The Court refused to quash the writ