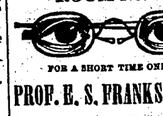

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City
and Allegheny County.

OFFICE:
GAZETTE BUILDING 84, AND 86 FIFTH AV.

SATURDAY, FEB. 12, 1870.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 58¼f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 92¼@92¼.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 120@120¼.

THE Legislature has adjourned over until next Monday evening. Were that a final adjournment, it would have been better for the Commonwealth.

WE have accounts of another terrible marine disaster, and to a Pittsburgh boat. The Maggie Hays exploded her boiler, took fire and sank, in the lower Mississippi, on the 10th. Six lives were lost, including the Captain and perhaps others, who were well-known to our citizens.

ON the 10th, before the Executive veto of the Philadelphia police bill, the *Press* of that city said:

> The peace and quiet of the city, the safety of the property and lives of the citizens, to-day rest with Governor Geary. He can sign the police bill and save the city, or refuse to do so and remit us to disorder, lawlessness, and taxes.

HISTORY repeats itself. We have Andrew Johnson again; but in miniature at Harrisburg. We observe gratifying indications that the Republicans of Pennsylvania, in or out of its Legislature, will grapple as boldly and successfully with the present situation, as they did with the more serious affliction of four years since.

A NEW and very rich silver district has been discovered in Nevada. Several mining companies have been formed, one of which is in operation, taking out $400 to the ton of ore, which is so abundant that two men take out two tons per day. It is stated that there is in that mine a vein twenty inches wide which assays eight thousand dollars to the ton. Still another district has been found supposed to be equally rich, in which the silver is mixed with copper.

OUR LATE District Attorney has advertised in the *Dispatch*, at great length and an enormous expense, sundry certificates to his sterling Republicanism, from N. P. Sawyer, Esq., and the late Edgar Cowan, with other documents of similar value. Since he has been dismissed to private life, we have no present call to discuss the intrinsic merits of his publication. Should other circumstances hereafter render it necessary, we shall then not fail to recur again to a somewhat remarkable case.

THE POMPOUS and protracted ceremonies attending the obsequies of Mr. Peabody, have sadly marred the beautiful and grateful memories which cluster around his name. The greatest of all Philanthropists was entombed hastily, and without any ceremony at all, that his funeral might not interfere with, or scandalize, some pompous ceremonials just about to be entered upon; yet his burial was just such as all who love and revere him would wish to have had it. It was humble, decent, respectful, sanctified by tears of genuine affection, and shrouded by unutterable sadness.

THE KANSAS LEGISLATURE is memorializing Congress to open a navigable communication between *the Ohio and James rivers*. What, it may be asked, do the people away out there, beyond the Missouri, want with a water communication from the Ohio to the James, through the midst of the two Virginias? It is that they may have water carriage all the way from Kansas to the Atlantic for their surplus produce, which they believe would be cheaper than railroad transportation. They had better give up all such moonshine projects, and go in for a national policy which will build up manufactures and give them markets nearer home. For Kansas farmers to think of reaching foreign markets, at rates which they can stand, is simply absurd.

THE Republicans of the XXIst Congressional District will feel the most sincere gratification, in witnessing the final triumph of their efforts to preserve the purity of the suffrage. The legal title of Hon. JOHN COVODE, to the representation of that District in the present Congress, has been so clearly proved that the seat was awarded to him on the 9th, members of both parties warmly congratulating him on his success. His late competitor, Mr. Foster, did not even put in an appearance, when the case was brought to judgment. He declined to face the music. Many of his friends freely admitted that he had been fairly beaten, but partizan considerations required them to give their formal votes against the just claims of the now sitting member.

WE CONGRATULATE the Coalition at Harrisburg for their adhesion to the principle of the inviolability of contracts. Each party to that league has thus far kept its faith. The Senate has been turned over to the Democracy, who will secure apportionments of the State to suit all the contracting parties, including the Governor, who aspires to the Federal Senate in 1873. The Philadelphia corruption-funds, the price of the Treasurer's office, have no doubt been equitably divided. That office has been awarded, as per contract, to a gentleman who refuses to testify to his former execution of the same trust. The police bill has been killed, as agreed. The new county bill, to feather the nests of its friends, will also pass as stipulated for. Next, the canal swindle will go through—and then the contract will be completely performed. Really, it would seem, from this view, that honor is still found among thieves!

NUMBERING THE PEOPLE.

The Census of 1870 will be taken under the direction of the Interior Department, and in pursuance of the provisions of the law of twenty years ago, under which the enrollments of '50 and '60 have been made. By this Act, the House will remain at its present number of two hundred and forty-four members, unless otherwise enacted. We regard it as doubtful if the Senate will ever sanction an increase of this number, when that question should be presented as a single issue. The enumeration will be made by the Marshals of the several districts, and the apportionment thereof of members to the several States will be ascertained by the Secretary, who will divide their aggregate populations by 244, to ascertain the ratio for each number. The Act of '50 is clear and simple in its provisions, of which we thus briefly give the substance.

Assuming that the total population will be returned at forty millions, the ratio will be of one member for 164,000 people. The freedmen will not only be enumerated, but will politically count, life for life, with the whites. Hence the representation from the South will be *pro rata* larger than ever before. For this decade to come, therefore, the progress of our political empire will be divided between the South and the West.

Whatever may be the effect of this enumeration upon the representation of Pennsylvania, we have no apprehensions that our own county of Allegheny will be shorn of any degree of her present influence. Indeed, it is more than probable, considering the extraordinary increase in the population of these cities and boroughs, as well as of the rural districts, that Allegheny will be found entitled to be reckoned for at least two districts, without crossing her county lines.

THE KANSAS PACIFIC RAILWAY.

The Denver Branch.—The work on this important thoroughfare is steadily progressing, about a mile of track being laid daily. A letter from one of the engineers, dated January 27th, now before us, says:

> "The end of the track is just fifty miles from Sheridan, and will reach Kit Carson, eighty-three miles, about March 1st. The track is much better laid than usual. Each tie is bedded and hammered down, so that the road keeps smooth afterwards, and the rails are not bent."

In about four months this road will be completed to Denver. A few days ago the last of the bonds required for the work, $1,500,000, were negotiated in London, so that the work may now be prosecuted with great vigor. The completion of this road will be the beginning of a new era in Colorado, and the opening up to tourists of the grandest and most salubrious region in the world. The road will be finished in time for the seekers of health and pleasure to make that tour the present year; and with these will go very many in search of mines and homes. Colorado will very soon be among the most progressive of the western States; but it will be different in many respects from anything found on this side; for to develope its mineral resources will require large capital, and the highest order of science and skill. Even agriculture out there will require the skill of the engineer and the power of extensive co-operation, for it can only be prosecuted by means of irrigation.

We congratulate the company who are pushing this great work across the plains of Kansas and Colorado upon their enterprise, and predict for them a large measure of success. As they will unquestionably have a very heavy trade, we beg leave to suggest that the passenger and transportation rates shall be put at figures which will at once result in the largest amount of both business and revenue. High rates would retard greatly the settlement of the country, and lead to the construction of competing lines before there is sufficient business to sustain more than one.

The Main Line.—A bill is now before Congress to authorize the construction of what has ever been regarded as the main line of that road, in a southwestern direction through southeastern Colorado into New Mexico, beginning at some point on the road already finished—probably at Cheyenne Wells, a few miles west of the western border of Kansas—and terminating, so far as is provided for in that bill, at El Passo in New Mexico. This bill makes a *land grant* to aid in the construction of the road, but provides for no subsidy in government bonds.

We thought it would come to that by and by. An enormous subsidy was granted to the Union Pacific and the Central Pacific companies in bonds—$16,000, $32,000 and $48,000 per mile, respectively across the Plains, the Central Basin, and the mountain sections. The Kansas Pacific (then known as the Union Pacific, Eastern Division,) also received a subsidy to the amount of $16,000 per mile for a little over 400 miles; but then Congress shut down upon it, and the work lay suspended for a year or so, until the company became strong enough to push on to Denver without a subsidy other than a land grant, much of which, across the great plains, is of very little value.

Now it seems that the company is able and willing to undertake the greater work of carrying forward the main line almost to the southern extremity of New Mexico. From the Rio Grande another company, or other companies, will carry on the work to the Pacific at several ports, ultimately terminating at San Francisco. There are two routes from the Rio Grande to the Pacific: one beginning at Albuquerque, and following the 35th parallel through Arizona, to the Great Colorado, and thence into Southern California; the other from El Paso, following the 32d parallel through Arizona, along the valley of the Gila, to Southern California at or near Fort Yuma, thence to San Diego, and also to San Francisco. The latter route runs near to the northern line of Mexico; and its construction would be very likely to result in the annexation of a large slice of that remote section of that turbulent Republic to the United States. It is a good country, rich in minerals, but sparsely populated, and semi-barbarous.

But to return to the road contemplated in the bill of which we are speaking. For nearly its entire length it skirts the base of the Rocky Mountains, and, for many miles, it passes over or near to rich and extensive veins of coal, iron, copper, silver and gold. "One coal vein in New Mexico," says a statement now before us, "along the contemplated route, shows a thickness of ten feet, and a range of about sixty miles." There is not much risk in building a railway through such a country as that.

To make grants of lands to aid in the construction of this road is a better business operation for the Government than it is for the company. The grant is every alternate section for a width of twenty miles on each side of the road. The reserved sections are then put at double price, which leaves the Government just the same nominal money value in those lands that it had before the grant was made. So far as railroads have been constructed in Kansas and elsewhere on this principle, experience has shown that these double price tracts, because of their proximity to the roads, sell much more readily than do the single price lands beyond the twenty mile range. But in the still more remote regions through which this road will run, lands without a railroad, and without the prospect of one, are worth nothing at all. They would lie there unsold, unsettled, a mere stamping ground for hostile savages, for a century to come. For any national utility they might as well be in the moon.

But make this road, and millions of these acres will become valuable and saleable; the country will settle; mines will be opened and worked; and before this century is out, enough of mineral treasures may be unearthed to pay the national debt. The nation ought to be glad that enterprising men are willing to do such a work on such terms.

That this road is admirably located. While the Union Pacific runs squarely across the mountains, touching no valuable mineral region this side of Nevada, this one, with its Denver branch and its main line, gives easy access to the Rocky Mountains in their richest part for hundreds of miles. As an avenue to the Pacific it is better than the other; but the wealth it will develope in Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona will do more to enrich and expand the nation than all the trade of the Pacific can ever do.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE

Prominent among the noble things growing out of the reunion of the Presbyterian Old and New school bodies is, the collection of a monumental fund of five millions of dollars, to create and endow grand projects, outside of the ordinary denominational demands. The Joint Committee suggest the following objects: 1. Theological Seminaries and Colleges, including buildings and endowment of the same. 2. Literary Institutions for the raising of a native Gospel ministry in heathen lands. 3. Church buildings originating subsequently to the Union, and otherwise entitled to public aid—Hospitals and Orphan Asylums. 4. Institutions for the Education and Evangelization of the Freedmen. 5. Special contributions for the increase of the Permanent Fund for the Support of Disabled Ministers, and their Families.

The *Independent* represents that the students of the Union Theological Seminary, New York, are addressed once a month by leading clergymen. The elder Dr. Tyng spoke recently. He attributed his success to the fact that he had never sought for eloquence, nor for literary reputation; but had simply and constantly preached the fullness of the Savior's love, repeating this theme over and over. He did not tell men that if they would forsake their sins and repent, God would forgive them; but that God had already forgiven them, and now they were to accept the pardon.

The pastors of the Cincinnati churches have organized themselves into a kind of clerical staff, for the purpose of giving spiritual counsel, and advice to the sick and wounded in the Cincinnati Hospital. Heretofore the Catholic priests ministered exclusively, until the Protestant ministers were shamed into the work.

Rev. W. E. McClaren, formerly of this city, now pastor of the Westminster, (O. S.,) Presbyterian church, Detroit, Michigan, who is versed in editorial work, is to be the managing editor, under Dr. Swazey, of the *Interior*, the new Presbyterian paper.

Henry Ward Beecher, in a recent discourse, speaking of the excellency of one of the hymns of Charles Wesley, "Jesus, lover of my soul," says that he would rather have written that hymn than to have the fame of all the kings that ever sat upon the earth. It is more glorious—it has more power in it. That hymn will go singing until the last trump brings forth the angel band, and then he thinks it will mount upon some lips to the very presence of God.

The estimated value of the churches and parsonages of the Methodist Episcopal Church five years ago, was $26,883,-76, an average contribution of each member of *twenty-nine* dollars. The reports of 1869 place the value at $54,115,300, which gives each member nearly *forty-two* dollars, as his ownership in churches and parsonages.

The *Presbyterian*, in answer to the question, what course will the United Presbyterian Church do with churches of the New School branch mixed with Congregationalists, says that imperfectly organized churches are expected to become thoroughly Presbyterian as early, within the period of five years, as may be permitted by the highest interests to be consulted, and no such churches shall be hereafter received.

A Bible Readers' Society was organized not long since in Philadelphia. There were one hundred and fifty ladies present, representing every evangelical denomination. A Board of fifty Managers were elected, from which officers were chosen. Mrs. Bishop Simpson, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, was elected President, Mrs. Bishop Stevens, of the Protestant Episcopal, was chosen first Vice President, and other denominations were also represented in the list of Vice Presidents, and other officers.

Rev. R. S. Van Cleve, of the Presbytery of Erie, has received and accepted a unanimous call to the Presbyterian Church of Leetsdale, Presbytery of Allegheny City.

Rev. Philip H. Turner, just installed pastor of the Gardnersville Lutheran congregation, has held a protracted meeting for over six weeks, and thus far one hundred and nineteen persons have presented themselves for prayer—most of whom are considered hopefully converted.

The Pittsburgh *Christian Advocate*, Saturday week, has reports of recent revivals, showing a summary of nine hundred and seventy-eight conversions and accessions to the churches.

The Boston Roman Catholic Cathedral will cost over five million of dollars.

In a recent work on baptism the term "Infant Baptism" is changed to "Household baptism," as being more scriptural. The root idea advanced in the *Pax Vobiscum; or, the Bible and the Family*, is, that the individual is not the unit of the Church, but that the family is; and that the promises of the Bible are not to the man who believes alone, but to him and his household—so that he has a right not only to bring his children with him into the Church, as Noah took his sons into the ark, by his own faith, but that he may rest just as sure of their salvation as of his own.

Dr. Sheldon, of Troy, argues forcibly that the entire nominal Catholic population does not embrace over one-seventh of the whole population of the country, while Methodism has a constituency quite as large, the Baptists nearly or quite as many, the Presbyterians half as many, et cetra.

The Episcopal Theological school, called "Nashotah Mission," in Wisconsin, says the *Advance*, has no endowment, but forty-nine students and four professors, "depending for their daily bread upon the daily mail."

A movement is on foot to make the necessary arrangements for observing the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary, or Congregational Jubilee. It is proposed to hold a convention consisting of delegates from theological seminaries and benevolent socities, one from each editorial staff, and two from associations and conferences, to meet in New York next month, and decide upon the methods and the use of the best means to attain the ends in view.

Thursday, the 24th of February, is the day set apart by many churches as a day of prayer for God's blessings upon colleges and other seminaries.

It is stated the Unitarians have in this country three hundred and twenty-six churches and two hundred and forty-five ministers.

The annual exhibit of the Freedmen's Aid Society, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, for the year 1869, shows a gratifying increase in its work since 1867. The receipts reach ninety-three thousand dollars. Sixty schools have been organized, with one hundred and five teachers and ten thousand pupils. The society has been instrumental in putting up over one hundred and twenty thousand dollars in normal and common school buildings in the South.

The Episcopal Diocese of Pennsylvania is fostering several noble charities in connection with the churches. Two of these institutions, the "Home for Girls," and "Orphan Asylum" for boys, are worthy of notice. A benevolent lady has given a number of acres near Philadelphia, to erect a suitable building for the Home, which will cost about forty thousand dollars. The Orphan Asylum according to the report for 1869, contains one hundred and nineteen boys. It is proposed to erect a builing on Eleventh street, Philadelphia, to be a home for those who leave the Asylum to learn trades until they reach full age. We believe there is a Hospital, and a Theological School, also under the auspices of that Diocese.

The Guillotine.

All the accounts of Tropmann's execution agree about the struggle which took place on the scaffold after he had been strapped down on the fatal plank, and the idea is that he attempted to force himself into the lunette, receive the blow on his shoulder, and be maimed, not killed. However, Monsieur de Paris is a powerful and expert individual, and soon mastered his victim. There is an anecdote told here of a powerful fellow called Montcharmont who was condemned to death at Macon, for having killed five gendarmes; on the scaffold he siezed hold of the executioner, pushed his head into the lunette, and touched the spring; the executioner was badly placed, and only received a gash on the crown of his head, but he went mad. Montcharmont was taken back to prison, tried for this new offense, and again sentenced to death. This time he was strapped, but he made a violent effort to escape the knife, and was only wounded. It was only on the third attempt that Montcharmont expiated his crimes.

THE SPRING ELECTIONS.—Alluding to the attempt of certain 'agitators' to repeal the excellent law changing the Spring election to the Fall, the Norristown *Herald* says:

> We trust that nothing is seriously contemplated by any of the members of the Legislature by which the State will again be saddled with the unnecessary excitement attending the Spring elections. That many of the districts require additional election precincts is true, but it is by far better to create these and thus divide the labor of election day. The men nominated for the township and ward offices should not be afraid to meet the test of a full vote, such as the fall elections bring out.

VARICOSE OR BROKEN VEINS.

Thousands of persons suffer year in and year out with a broken down condition of the veins of the legs, which in our times are easily relieved and frequently susceptible of cure, and suffer on, only because they do not know where and to whom to apply for relief. Now, to give the needful information in cases like this, seems to us a proper duty on part of the newspaper press, and it gives us great pleasure to be able to recommend all such to Dr. KEYSER, OF 167 WOOD STREET, whose vast number of appliances, and his great skill in chronic diseases, enables him to afford the greatest amount of relief that the present state of science can afford. Besides these varicose conditions to which we have referred above, there are other sources of inconvenience and suffering, such as swellings and abnormal growths, which the Doctor, with his appliances, is sure to relieve.

Then again the abdominal weaknesses and sinking feeling peculiar to females, is a source of terrible suffering and anxiety; for these the Doctor has belts and supporters which are so constructed as to insure at least immunity from suffering when they do not promise a certainty of cure.

The Doctor's experience covers a period of over thirty years, besides, a natural aptness for this department of his profession, makes him more than ordinarily skillful. The suffering that is entailed upon future generations by neglect of the proper means to correct the present evils, ought of itself be a sufficient cause to enlist not only the attention of persons themselves, but also that of all intelligent physicians.

Dr. Keyser's Office and Medicine Store, 167 Liberty street.

JANUARY 25, 1870.

WHAT DOES REASON SAY?

The little mongoose when bitten by a deadly serpent resorts to a certain plant, eats of it, and escapes the effect of the poison. That is instinct. Human beings on the other hand, must depend on reason and experience in selecting the means of protecting health and life against unwholesome influences. Now, what does reason say on this vital subject? Does it not tell us that to invigorate and purify the system is the best way to protect it against the invisible poison which generates disease? Surely it does. The next question is, what guide shall we follow in choosing a medicinal safeguard? Reason replies let your monitor be experience. Well, the experience of eighteen years comprised in one unbroken series of satisfactory testimonials assures us that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters possess strengthening, regulating and antiseptic properties which are not combined in the same happy proportions in any other preparation extant. This, therefore, is the antidote to which reason bids us resort when our health is imperilled either by the malaria which produces epidemic disorders, or by any other cause, whether inherent and constitutional or connected with our habits, occupations and pursuits.

The venom of a noxious reptile is scarcely more subtle and dangerous than that which lurks in foul air and impure water. To escape the fevers, bilious disorders, disturbances of the bowels, and other serious maladies produced by these insalubrious elements, it is absolutely necessary that the stomach and all secretive organs should be, so to speak, in a robust condition. Upon the amount of resistance which the vital systems can oppose to the deleterious influences that assail it, the safety of the health depends, and it is because the GREAT VEGETABLE INVIGORANT imparts energy and regularity to the most important functions of the body, that it can be recommended and guaranteed as an invaluable preventive medicine.

NOTICES.

☞ AN ELECTION FOR PRESIDENT, MANAGERS, SECRETARY and TREASURER of the Birmingham and Elizabeth Turnpike Road Company will be held at SHAFFER'S HOTEL, in Birmingham, on the FIRST MONDAY IN MARCH, 1870, between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock P. M.

JOHN B. HAYS, Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 9th, 1870. fe10:191-c&F

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD Co.,
Pittsburgh, January 29, 1870.

☞ STOCKHOLDERS

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will be held at the OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, No. 26 Pike street, Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, February 23d, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Managers for the ensuing year, and for the transacting of such other business as may be presented.

ja29:a100 JOHN BALLANTINE, Secretary.

☞ OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA BRIDGE COMPANY.—An election for thirteen (13) Managers of this Company will be held at the Toll House, MONDAY, March 7th, 1870.

JAMES H. WRIGHT, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 3, 1870. fe3

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Opened this morning, another lot of Handkerchief Ties and Pullman Palace Bows.
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PROF. E. S. FRANKS, M. D.,

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N. B. Speciality, disease of the Eye and Ear.

TESTIMONIALS.

Prof. EDWARD S. FRANKS, Optician: I take great pleasure in stating that I have used the spectacles you adjusted to my eyes when here, and they have given me most entire satisfaction. I have never before had a pair so entirely suited to my vision and that enabled me to read so long with so little inconvenience.

Respectfully yours,
MILLARD FILMORE, Ex-Pres't U. S.

I have had the Improved Spectacles adjusted to my sight from an examination of the eyes alone, by Edward S. Franks, M. D., which enables me to see very clearly, easy, and much better than with any I have heretofore used.
ABRAHAM LINCOLN, Pres't U. S.

We have every satisfaction in recommending Dr. EDWARD S. FRANKS' improved and patented Spectacles to the confidence of our citizens. He is an optician of rare scientific abilities, and adapts his spectacles with great and remarkable skill to the various diseases of the eye. He selects spectacles for us with the first pair, at the first attempt, which enabled us to read with greater distinctness and comfort than those we already posses. We with great cheerfulness recommend them to all requiring spectacles.
A. G. CURTIN, ex-Gov. of Pennsylvania.
A. L. RUSSEL, Adj't-Gen. of Pennsylvania.
L. M. ROUSSEAU, M. D., Penn street, Pgh.
J. E. DICK, Banker, Meadville, Pennsylvania.

Having had the pleasure of examining Dr. Edward S. Frank's Patent Improved Spectacles, we find them, experimentally, really valuable aids to defective vision.
The lenses are ground, polished and centred by machinery, mathematically accurate to produce a truly perfect lens. As such, we recommend them.
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A. Domenec, Bishop of Pittsburgh.
John Dickson, M. D., Penn street, Pittsburgh.
R. A. Sterrett, M. D., (Oculist,) Penn street, Pittsburgh.
James L. McFarland, President Merchants National Bank, Meadville, Pennsylvania.

It gives us much pleasure to say that we have inspected Dr. E. S. Franks' very complete assortment of Spectacles and Lenses, and find them excellently calculated to remedy such imperfections of vision as can be benefitted by the Optician.
The material used in the manufacture of his glasses is of remarkable purity and beauty, and adds very much to their value.
We recommend him with cheerfulness to the confidence of all who may require his services.
Hon. Francis Jordan, Secretary of Penna.
C. Seller, M. D., Harrisburg, Pa.

We have examined what we conceive to be an assortment of Spectacles, manufactured under Dr. Edward S. Franks' Patent, admirably adapted to the various infirmities of that exquisitely delicate organ, the Human Eye, whether the impaired vision is the result of disease, or the natural weakness incident to old age.
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SEMPLE'S,

and 182

ALLEGHENY CITY.

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

Pillow Case Muslins,
Sheeting Muslins,
Shirting Muslins,
Irish Linens.

BED QUILTS,

Tickings and Checks,
Bleached Table Damasks,
Unbleached Table Linens,
Table Napkins.

NEW BLACK SILKS,
AMERICAN SILKS,

A superior article—a Bargain.

BLACK AND COLORED POPLINS.

Cassimeres, Jeans and Tweeds, &c.,
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

PITTSBURGH WHITE LEAD AND COLOR WORKS,

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PROPRIETORS,

Manufacturers of WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, BLUE LEAD, ZINCS, LITHARGE, PUTTY and all colors DRY AND IN OIL.

OFFICE AND FACTORY.
460, 462, 464, 466 and 468, Rebecca Street,
ALLEGHENY.

We call attention to the guarantee pasted on our Strictly Pure White Lead, and when we say a "purer carbonate of lead," we mean "chemically pure," that is, free from Acetate and Hydrate, and therefore is whiter and superior, both in color and covering property.

GUARANTEED to be a purer Carbonate of Lead and whiter than any in the market, and will forfeit the price of this package if containing the least adulteration.

ESTABLISHED 1831.

LOGAN, GREGG & CO.,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
52 Wood Street,
(Four doors above St. Charles Hotel,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Country Merchants are invited to call and examine our stock when in the City.

Agents for Anderson & Wood's Steel and Northwestern Horse Shoe Nail Company.

A full stock of Machinists, Blacksmiths and Carpenter's Tools, Spencer's Files, Leather Belting, Lace Leather, &c., always on hand.
ja31:135

JOS. SPENCER..JAS. McKAY..ROBT. LIDDELL.

PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY,
SPENCER, McKAY & CO.,
Maltsters and Brewers of Ale,
PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager.
fe4:163

T. T. T.
TREGO'S TEABERRY TOOTHWASH.

Is the most pleasant, cheapest and best Dentifrice extant.
Warranted free from injurious ingredients.
It preserves and whitens the Teeth!
Invigorates and soothes the Gums!
Purifies and perfumes the breath!
Prevents accumulation of Tartar!
Cleans and Purifies Artificial Teeth!
Is a superior article for Children!
Sold by all Druggists and Dentists.
Proprietor, A. M. WILSON, Philadelphia.
For sale by
J. C. MATTERN, Pittsburgh.
R. H. SNODGRASS, Allegheny.
ja25:TTCs.

READ! READ! READ!
CORNS

Removed in one minute, without bleeding or leaving soreness; Bunions and Diseased Nails Removed in a few minutes. All operations performed without pain or bloodshed!
Perfect comfort immediately!
No poisonous medicine used!
No sore feet after operating!
Enlarged and Stiff Joints treated successfully.
Frost-Bite and Chilblains cured in a few days.
Satisfaction given or money refunded. Good City References given.
Office Hours from 8 A. M. to 12 M., and 1 to 5½ P. M. Sundays, 9 to 11 A. M.
Remember the place, No. 49 Sixth street, old St. Clair, up stairs.
Dr. D. PETERSON, Pittsburgh, Pa.
de10:q98

DILWORTH, HARPER & CO.,
243 Liberty Street,
(Opposite head of Wood street,)
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
fe4:181

DREKA.
Importer and retail dealer in
FINE STATIONERY,
WEDDING, VISITING, PARTY AND BUSINESS
CARD ENGRAVING,
MONOGRAMS, ARMS, ILLUMINATING &c.
Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.
1,033 Chestnut St., Phila.

JOHN T. GRAY,
House and Sign Painter,
GRAINER AND GLAZIER,
No. 54 Ninth Street,
ja29:127 (Late Hand street.) Pittsburgh, Pa.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Manufacturers of LIGHT GREY IRON,
CASTINGS.

Light work our specialty. Loose Joint Butts, Shutter and Gate Hinges, Sash Pulleys, and other articles of Builders' Hardware always on hand. Office and Works, near Outer Depot, Allegheny City. Postoffice address, Lock Box 209, Pittsburgh, Pa. ja28:115

CHEAP
STOVES AND TINWARE,
FENDERS, COAL BOXES, FIRE IRONS, &c., &c., at
P. C. DUFFY'S,
ja28:t4 146 Grant street.

GUM CLOTHING.
COATS, PANTS, OVERALLS, CAPS, &c.
Also, Oiled Clothing of all kinds always on hand and for sale, wholesale or retail, by
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
de23 26 and 28 Sixth street.

H. B. LYON,
Sealer of Weights and Measures,
Office—No. 8 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh.
Capt. JOHN MESSNER, Deputy, Pittsburgh Market.
Lieut. GEO. B. McNULTY, Deputy, Allegheny Market.

30 CASKS PEARL ASH IN store and for sale, by
J. B. CANFIELD

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CARPETS.
REDUCED.
Oil Cloths, Window Shades,
DRUGGETS.
DRUGGET SQUARES,
Ingrain Carpets,
At the Lowest Prices Ever Offered.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
fe3:d&T

REDUCTION IN CARPETS
For a Short Time to Prepare for
SPRING TRADE.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO

Have marked their goods down below last season's prices. Full lines of
Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Druggets, &c.,
AT
EASTERN PRICES.

Rare bargains can be secured by those anticipating their wants by taking advantage of the inducements offered by
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
23 Fifth Avenue.
fel

HOLIDAY GIFTS.
Positive Reduction in Prices
OF
PIANO COVERS,
Mosaic,
Axminster,
Wilton Rugs,
Crumb Cloths,
&c., &c.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
ABOVE WOOD STREET.
de23

WOOLEN DRUGGETS
AND
FELT CARPETS,
1¼, 1½, 2, 2½, 3, 3¼, 3½ and 3¾
YARD WIDE.
BORDERED SQUARES
Suitable for Parlors.
DINING ROOM CRUMB CLOTHS,
Woolen, Linen and Cotton,
AT LOWER PRICES THAN LAST SEASON
Notwithstanding the undiminished tariff on these goods.
M'FARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 Fifth Avenue.
oc29:d&T

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,
Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.
Corner of Irwin, now offer the trade at low figures, strictly
Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Rangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,
IMPORTERS OF
Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle and Sparkling Hock Wine of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannsburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Bradenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine Old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines
Free Old Monongahela Pure Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,
Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted
j10:d43

GREAT INDUCEMENTS,
AT
No. 91 Federal Street,
CLOSING OUT SALES
OF
WINTER GOODS,
REGARDLESS OF COST,
To Make Room for Spring Stock.

Full line Old Ladies' Caps, wholesale and retail.
Ladies' Colored Corsets 65c.
4 pairs Children's Balmoral Hose for 25c.
Ladies' Handkerchiefs, 10c.
Ladies' New Style Chignons, 50c.

All Other Goods in Proportion, at
MRS. S. C. ROBB'S,
91 Federal Street, Allegheny.
TTHS

LARGE HOUSE AND LOT,
72 Washington Street,
ALLEGHENY.

On THURSDAY, February 17th, at 2 o'clock, will be offered at public sale, on the premises, that very desirable property No. 72 Washington street, Fourth ward, Allegheny City. The lot has a front of 62 feet on Washington street and extends back about 270 feet. The house is a two story double brick with slate roof. There are parlor, setting room, library and kitchen on first floor, bath room, closet and five chambers on second floor and two finished attics. There are range, stationary wash tubs, servants room, stable and carriage house. The beautiful lot surrounding the dwelling and the retired locality render it very desirable as a place of residence. Possession given immediately. Liberal terms will be given.
A. LEGGATE,
fe11 AUCTIONEER.

Iron City College
Corner Penn and Sixth Streets,
(formerly St. Clair.)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

The most complete Business College in the United States.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
Students can commence at any time.
N. B.—Circulars containing full particulars on addressing the Principals.
SMITH & COWLEY,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
no27:q28-dT

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK,
Wood St., cor. Second Avenue.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
Gold, Coupons, Bonds and Stocks
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
A. BRADLEY, President,
W. VANKIRK, Vice President,
oc8:d&F CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICIAL.

PITTSBURGH.

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., February 9th, 1870.

DEPOSITARIES OF CITY FUNDS:—In pursuance of an ordinance of the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for the Safe-Keeping and Custody of the Funds of the City," passed the 7th day of February, 1870 Sealed Proposals will be received by the undersigned from the Banks and Savings Institutions of the city, setting forth the rate of interest such Banks or Savings Institutions will contract and agree to pay to the city for the use and advantage of the deposit of the city funds or money according to the terms and conditions of said ordinance. All bids to be handed in before 12 o'clock on MONDAY, the 28th day of February, 1870.
fe10 R. J. McGOWAN, Controller.

AN ORDINANCE opening Roup street, from Fifth avenue to Wilkins avenue.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Roup street, from Fifth avenue to Wilkins avenue, in accordance with the plan in the Engineer's office, and to appraise damages and assess benefits caused thereby. John Beecher, Hamilton Shepard and Samuel Chadwick are hereby appointed in accordance with an Act of Assembly, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 31st day of January, A. D. 1870.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. fe9

AN ORDINANCE granting Jno. R. HAGUE right to erect an iron-clad building.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That John R. Hague be and is hereby authorized to erect an iron-clad building on corner of 28th and Smallman streets, 12th ward.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 31st day of January, A. D. 1870.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. fe9

MT. WASHINGTON.

AN ORDINANCE

For the Grading of St. Clair street, from High street to Property of Edward Bratt, Esq., and Sycamore street, east and west from St. Clair street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Mt. Washington, and it is ordained by the authority of the same, That St. Clair street be graded to its full width from the north corner of the property of Edward Bratt, Esq., situated on the west side of said street in such manner as to drain the water from said street into Sycamore street; and that said grading between Sycamore and High streets shall be done in such manner as to drain the water of said St. Clair street equally into Sycamore and High streets.

SEC. 2. That Sycamore street be graded in accordance with the provisions of the preceding section to its full width from its intersection with St. Clair street, east and west, in such manner as to form a proper and uniform grade for said St. Clair street.

SEC. 3. That the Street Committee be authorized to employ a competent Civil Engineer to prepare a draft of said St Clair and Sycamore streets as they are hereinbefore authorized to be graded; and as soon as the same is prepared it shall be filed in the office of the Burgess of the Borough.

SEC. 4. That as soon as the said draft of said streets is so filed, the Burgess shall advertise in the GAZETTE, *Commercial* and *Freedom's Friend* newspapers for proposals for the grading of said said streets, said proposals to be sealed and filed in his office on a day certain to be named in said advertisement, not less than ten days from the date of the first publication; and that the Burgess shall call a meeting of the Town Council to be held on the evening of the day for the closing of the time for receiving proposals, when said proposals shall be opened in the presence of the Burgess and Town Council, and the contract awarded to the lowest and best bidder.

SEC. 6. That the terms upon which said proposals shall be invited shall be as follows: Borough warrants payable on the first day of September next, to be issued in four equal parts on the completion of every one-fourth part of said grading, the work to be done within three months from the date of contract, and the contractor to give bonds in the sum of $2,500 for the prompt and efficient completion of the work.
EDWARD BRATT, Burgess.
Attest: WM. HALPIN, Clerk. fe10:n1

BEAVER FALLS
CUTLERY COMPANY,
Are now showing their full assortment of
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
In their Retail Department,
No. 70 WOOD STREET.

In connection with their full line of CARVERS, BUTCHERS, BREAD KNIVES, &c., &c., they offer ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHTY VARIETIES of Table Knives and Forks, and over ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY different patterns of Pocket Knives.

All goods warranted and prices to retail purchasers very low. fe2

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
DRY GOODS & NOTIONS,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
SOLE AGENTS
ULLERTON'S BARRED FLANNELS
GREENVILLE BARRED FLANNELS,
A No. 1 BLANKETS AND YARNS
ALSO, BRADLEY'S AND EASTERN FLANNELS.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Having been appointed GAS and GAS METER INSPECTOR for Allegheny County, notice is hereby given that until the necessary office and Mechanical Testing Machinery can be provided, I will be found at the OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS, Twenty-third street, near Penn, Pittsburgh.
R. H. SMITH,
ja11:d1 Gas and Gas Meter Inspector.

L. B. FULTON..................O. J. M'GANN
FULTON & M'GANN,
PRACTICAL PLUMBERS,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,
Fifth Avenue, Near High Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Lead Pipe, Gum Hose, Gas Fixtures, Sinks, Bath Tubs and Wash Stands, Iron Pipe and Fittings, Ale and Beer Pumps, and Steam Cocks always on hand. Public and Private Buildings fitted up with Gas, Water and Steam Heating Apparatus. Jobbing promptly attended to.

OFFICIAL.

ALLEGHENY.

CITY CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Feb. 10, 1870.

NOTICE TO
Manufacturers of Iron Railing.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., THURSDAY, February 17th, 1870, for putting up an
IRON FENCE
around City Hall Square, including the Stone Posts upon which said Fence will rest.

Specifications can be seen at the office of Chas. Davis, Esq., City Engineer.
W. M. PORTER,
fe11 City Controller.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, February 9th, 1870.

NOTICE TO
COAL DEALERS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock TUESDAY, February 15, 1870, for supplying the Allegheny Water Works with Coal during the current year.

Bids are requested for both Nut and Slack Coal.

The Coal to be delivered at such times and in such manner as the Superintendent of the Works may direct.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
fe10 W. M. PORTER, Controller.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, February 9th, 1870.

SUPPLIES FOR
WATER WORKS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., MONDAY, February 21st, 1870, for furnishing the Water Works during the current year with the following supplies, viz.:

Water Pipe, branches and sleeves, of the following diameter, viz.: 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15 and and 20 inches; Fire Plugs, Valves and Miscellaneous Castings: Fire Plug and Stop Cock Boxes and Ferrules.

The above supplies to be delivered at such times and places as the Superintendent of the Works may direct.

Bids are solicited, payable in 7 per cent. twenty year Bonds, exempt from State and municipal taxes, or cash every three months.

Specifications and blanks for bidders can be procured at this office and at the office of the Superintendent, Wm. Paul, Jr., Esq.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.
W. M. PORTER,
fe10 CITY CONTROLLER.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned, appointed Viewers, to view and assess the damages and benefits on the opening of LANE ALLEY, in the Second ward, Allegheny City, from its present terminus to Jefferson street, will meet on the ground on TUESDAY, 22d February, 1870, at 3 P. M., to attend to the duties of their appointment.
W. B. ROSS,
JAMES MUNDEN,
MOSES BORLAND.
fe8:123 Viewers.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned Viewers, appointed to view and assess the damages and benefits on the opening of TAYLOR AVENUE, with its present width, from Palo Alto street to Webster street, will meet on the ground on FRIDAY, 18th February, 1870, at 3 o'clock P. M., to attend to the duties of their appointment.
JOHN MORRISON,
A. F. MARTHENS,
WM. THOMPSON,
fe3:158 Viewers.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned Viewers, appointed to view and assess the damages and benefits on the opening of MONTEREY STREET, maintaining its present width from the north side of Carroll street to the north side of Jefferson street, will meet on the ground on SATURDAY, 19th February, 1870, at 2 o'clock P. M., to attend to the duties of their appointment.
AND. DAVIDSON,
S. W. McGINNISS,
JAMES GRAHAM,
fe2:151 Viewers.

NOTICE.
In the Matter of Opening Lincoln Street.

Notice is hereby given that the assessment for damages made by the Viewers for the opening of Lincoln street has been filed in my office for collection; that if said assessments are not paid within thirty days from the date hereof, liens will be filed therefor against the property assessed with interest, costs and fees, and the same collected by legal process.
J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney,
No. 100 Fifth Avenue.
PITTSBURGH, Jan. 22, 1870. ja22:d8

BUSINESS CHANGES.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day entered into a partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Wholesale and Retail
NOTION, TOY,
AND
FANCY GOODS BUSINESS,
At No. 118 FEDERAL STREET, Frazier's block, under the firm name of
O'LEARY & SINGLETON.
F. A. O'LEARY,
EDWARD SINGLETON.
ALLEGHENY CITY, Jan. 1, 1870.

Messrs. O'LEARY & SINGLETON have just returned from the East, where they purchased for cash a complete stock of NOTIONS, TOYS and FANCY GOODS, comprising, in part of Hosiery, Linen Shirts, Paper Collars, Pocket Books, Ladies and Gents Satchels, Cutlery, Baskets, Children's Carriages, Hobby Horses, Carts Wagons, &c., which will be opened and ready for sale THURSDAY, Feb. 3, 1870, when we will be pleased to have our friends and the Public generally to call and examine our stock.
fe1:141 O'LEARY & SINGLETON.

R. W. ROBERTS. W. A. NICHOLSON.
J. A. THOMPSON.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day entered into a Co-partnership for the purpose of carrying on the business of
UPHOLSTERING
At No. 127 WOOD STREET, under the style of
ROBERTS, NICHOLSON & THOMPSON.
R. W. ROBERTS,
W. A. NICHOLSON,
J. A. THOMPSON.
PITTSBURGH, Feb. 1, 1870.

The long experience of Mr. Roberts, who retires from the house of Roberts, Rosalis & Co., and that of Mr. Nicholson, late with Messrs. Oliver McClintock & Co., enables them to understand thoroughly the wants of the trade, and with a new and fresh stock of goods, embracing everything in the Upholstery trade, they respectfully solicit a share of public patronage. fe3:117

DR. WHITTIER

CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.

A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, Pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.

It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.

The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.

The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh.

THE ADMINISTRATOR'S GREAT FINAL
CLOSING SALE
OF
DRY GOODS,
Is Now in Progress at
BARKER'S,
NO. 59 MARKET STREET,

Every article has been reduced in price, and must be sold in 30 days. Sale exclusively for Cash.