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EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEST VIRGINIA NEWS.

LAST week Burning Springs sent down the Little Kanawha 85,000 barrels of oil.

THE Baltimore and Ohio Railroad are building a new iron bridge over Coal Run, at Fairmont.

THE protracted meeting at Kingwood is yet in progress, and numbers are being converted nightly. Unusual interest is being manifested in the exercises of the meeting.

THE Board of Supervisors of Jefferson county permits all males over twenty-one—rebels and all—to vote on the question of subscribing $550,000 to the proposed Hagerstown Valley Railroad.

A VERY valuable horse belonging to Mr. J. R. Snider, of Fairmont, was nearly disemboweled last Tuesday, on the top of a paling fence he was trying to leap over. The suffering animal had to be killed.

LAST week in the Circuit Court for Marshall county the Grand Jury found three hundred and ten indictments for selling liquor without license. One party alone had the benefit of seventy indictments.

MR. JAMES KERN died suddenly on the 8th inst., of pneumonia, at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Adam Staggers, in Morgantown. He was in his seventy-third year. He carried on the milling business for a number of years at the old mill three miles up the river, and was universally respected.

THE Morgantown *Post* tells the following tough story:—A few days ago a cow belonging to B. P. Marsteller, of this place, entered the dwelling house of his daughter while no one was at home, and seeing the table already spread in the middle of the floor, very unceremoniously concluded to "make herself at home." The animal thereupon proceeded to "go for" the apple sass sitting on the table, and "cleaned it out" in fine style. Nothing daunted, the knowing beast concluded to take a nap—doubtless to assist digestion — but fearing some unfeeling wretch might pounce upon her, she concluded to "take up her bed and walk;" and very leisurely proceeded to the bed, and thrusting her horns under the tick, lifted it off the bedstead and was making out the door with it elevated upon her head, when a passer-by relieved the animal of her load, at the same time administering the full length of a bean pole across her back.

THE railroad project for uniting Pittsburgh and Morgantown is receiving full attention, and the prospects are that it will be fully carried out. The Committee of Ways and Means recently published a report setting forth the multitudinous advantages that would result from the completion of the enterprise. The document concludes as follows:

On an investigation of the matter we have ascertained that in order to realize the necessary quota—(say $120,000)—and apportion as follows, viz: $90,000 to the townships of Union and Morgan, jointly and in proportion to their respective lists of taxable property—$20,000 to the township of Clinton, and $10,000 to be subscribed to the stock of the road by individuals in other sections of the county, it will only require an annual assessment in the two former of 75 cents on each $100 for ten years, and in the latter 60 cents on each $100 for the same period, which would fully pay off principal and interest. These annual assessments would, of course, be diminished from year to year, after the road would be completed, by the receipts of dividends on the several amounts of stock held by the respective townships.

It is presumed it would be most advisable to issue bonds for said amounts payable, say in ten years—or optional with a majority of the taxpayers in their respective townships; *Provided*, they should decide to discharge their bonds at an earlier date; not sooner, however, than five, nor later than twenty years.

The following executive committee was appointed to have the matter in charge and to insure the carrying through of the project: Col. James Evans, J. M. Hagans, G. C. Sturgiss, G. M. Hagans, Manliff Hayes, Wm. A. Hanway, Albert C. Rude, Hon. James T. McClaskey, Col. Jo. Snider, W. W. John, Oscar B. Johnson, Chas. Cornwall and H. Griggs.

PERSONAL.

LESSEPS, the Suez canal man, is consumptive.

JUDGE DENT is now a Washington claim agent.

AN Alabama sportsman killed eighteen owls in one day.

OF the sixty-six United States Senators forty-six are lawyers.

THE family of the late Mr. Stanton now reside in Steubenville.

THE Rev. Phebe A. Hansford is writing a life of Geo. Peabody.

GENERALS BANKS and BURNSIDE have arrived home from Europe.

IT is reported that Mosby is enlisting volunteers for the Cuban army.

MRS. LANDER's performance of Queen Elizabeth is favorably noticed by the London press.

A FELLOW tried to blow Forrest up with a torpedo, while he was acting at Lexington, Ky.

THE Rev. J. O. Means, of Roxbury, has been elected chaplain of the Massachusetts Senate.

WHY is the President like some postage stamps? Because when in the right position he sticks.

VICTORIA has just received a handsome tiger and a box of diamonds from the Cape of Good Hope.

OLD Lawrence P. Hair, chief of the Osages, died on Christmas. He had been chief about twenty years.

LIZZIE MAHAN, daughter of a veteran New York reporter, has made her debut on the stage in burlesque.

SAMUEL HOAR, son of Attorney General Hoar, is soon to marry Miss Laura Wise, one of the belles of Baltimore.

CHARLES HUGO, Victor's son, inherits the family traits. He is now undergoing four months' imprisonment for abusing royalty.

SIGNORA PICCIOLI is the name of the once favorite Boston vocalist, Miss. C. M. Humley. She was married a few months ago in Italy.

THE story that Mr. Peabody made a bequest to Mrs. John Wood the actress, is a canard started in England as an advertising dodge.

THE largest personal income made to the United States Assessor in Boston last year was made by Nathan Matthews, amounting to $130,000.

MRS. WM. DAVIDSON, of Monongahela City, had deposited on her door step a little waif in the shape of a Roman nosed baby about four weeks old.

THE story now "going the rounds" that Paran Stevens is in California and is about to build a hotel there is a canard. He is passing the winter in New York.

DOUGLASS, the colored applicant for membership in the Washington Typographical Union, will have his case considered again at the next meeting of that body.

HON. CHARLES O'CONNOR, of New York, is receiving great attention from the prelates and other high dignitaries at Rome. He had a special reception from the Pope.

ADMIRAL DAHLGREN has for his family coat of arms on his carriage panel, two Dahlgren guns, a telescope, an anchor and a furled flag with the motto, "*quorum pars fui.*"

THE Mrs. Wilder, of Cincinnati, whose husband blowed his head off after chopping her's up at a horrible rate, is likely to recover. She is worth $50,000, saved by traffic with infamous parties.

MAZZINI has published a letter in the *Reforme*, in which he says he is growing old. He cannot write at night without pain in his head and eyes, and that his day's work is only half what it ought to be and what he wishes it to be.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOL. LXXXV. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1870. NO. 15.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION.)

The House Virginia Admission Bill Taken Up in the Senate, as a Substitute for the Pending Bill—No Final Action.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 17, 1870.

SENATE.

The Vice President laid before the Senate a memorial of the G. A. R., Department of New York, for a modification of the revenue laws in favor of maimed and disabled soldiers.

Mr. CONKLING offered a resolution from the G. A. R., calling attention to the onerous tax on disabled soldiers who earn their living by grinding hand-organs; also, a petition for the abolition of the franking privilege.

Petitions upon the latter subject were offered by Messrs. Pomeroy, Vickers and Scott.

Mr. MORTON presented a petition from the soldiers of the war of 1812, between seventy-six and eighty-six years of age, for pensions during the balance of their lives.

Messrs. Willey and Shurz presented petitions for a removal of political disabilities.

Mr. SHERMAN, in presenting a petition for the abolition of the franking privilege, remarked that these petitions were almost always headed with the names of postmasters and appeared to have been posted at the public expense. He thought the mails should not be loaded down with these papers, though earnestly desirous for the success of the proposed reform.

Mr. WILSON called up the bill prohibiting retired officers being assigned to duty which would entitle them to full pay for their services. The bill was passed by the House last session. It was passed.

Mr. SUMNER, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported a substitute for the bill relating to telegraphic communication between the United States and foreign countries, providing as a condition therefor that the Government of the United States enjoy the same privileges as other foreign countries shall be allowed, and to use the lines one hour in every twelve for the transmission of its messages by its own operator, such messages to take precedence over all others. General regulations and rates to be established by the Post Master General, if not otherwise fixed by agreement. The consolidation or union of interests of two or more cables to be unlawful without the consent of the Postmaster General, and upon such terms as he may determine. If any such combination has been made, it shall be the duty of the Postmaster General, in the absence of an international convention relating to the matter, to determine such rates and establish such rules and regulations as he may judge necessary, and in the exercise of these powers shall be subject to the control of Congress, and be applicable to existing cables as well as to those hereafter established.

Mr. SUMNER, from the Foreign Committee, reported a French spoliation bill, not exceeding $5,000,000.

Mr. HOWARD, from the Committee on Territories, reported, without amendments, a bill for regulating descents in Utah.

VIRGINIA ADMISSION.

Upon the expiration of the morning hour the Virginia bill came up in its order.

Mr. MORTON said he felt constrained to vote for the admission of Virginia for two reasons; first, because she has complied with the conditions prescribed, and therefore we are in honor bound to admit her; in the next place, because he wanted to secure her vote for the fifteenth amendment, which he deemed indispensable for the safety of the whole system of reconstruction; but he should vote with great apprehension of what would be the result of her admission at this time. If the people of Virginia should behave as the people of Georgia and Tennessee have, in six months from this time Senators will encounter a storm of indignation for their action here. If Virginia is admitted, it should be with the distinct understanding that the power to reconstruct implies the power to protect the reconstruction, and that that power will continue as long as protection shall be required. If Congress simply has the power to set up State governments, and then the rebels may knock them down, reconstruction is idle. If the rebel States are admitted upon certain conditions that are vital, then the violation of those conditions after the States come in will be a fraud, and Congress has power to redress the wrong, but the circumstances at the time will point out the measure and the character of the redress. The protection of the civil and political rights of all classes in the South was the grand object to be attained, and if that failed reconstruction is a failure. Congress must follow out the doctrines of reconstruction to their consequences, and having undertaken the work, must not cease until equal rights and substantial justice and protection are secured to all classes.

Mr. STEWART suggested the propriety of substituting the House bill for the pending measure, and after some discussion moved to table the Senate bill.

Mr. MORTON read from the second section of the third article of the new Constitution of Virginia, to show that persons were eligible to office under it when they were ineligible under the third clause of the fourteenth amendment. In order that there should be no misunderstanding hereafter, he suggested an amendment which would render that section void, making the admission of the State conditional upon the passage by the Legislature of a joint resolution declaring the section referred shall never be construed to render any person eligible to office who is not eligible under the fourteenth amendment.

He said that persons obnoxious to the fourteenth amendment were now holding office in the States already reconstructed, and submitted further an amendment making the offence a penal one, and prescribing the penalties upon its commission.

The Senate then voted on the motion of Mr. Stewart to lay the Senate bill on the table, which was agreed to—yeas 25, nays 23.

Yeas—Messrs. Abbott, Bayard, Carpenter, Casserly, Cole, Conkling, Corbett, Davis, Ferry, Fowler, Hamlin, McCreery, Norton, Nye, Patterson, Saulsbury, Scott, Stewart, Stockton, Tipton, Trumbull, Vickers, Varner, Willey, Williams—25.

Nays—Messrs. Anthony, Boreman, Buckingham, Cameron, Drake, Edmunds, Fenton, Harris, Howard, Howe, McDonald, Morrill, (Me.) Morrill, (Vt.) Morton, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Rice, Robertson, Schurz, Spencer, Sumner, Thayer and Wilson—23.

Mr. Pratt paired off with Mr. Thurman, absent from sickness.

The House bill was taken up and read a second time.

Mr. EDMUNDS submitted an amendment which had been incorporated in the Senate bill, requiring the imposition of an oath in the case of each member of the Legislature and State officer that said persons are not ineligible to hold office under the XIVth Amendment.

After some further discussion the Senate went into executive session, and soon after adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Under the call a number of bills were introduced and referred.

Fire at Indianapolis.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

INDIANAPOLIS, January 17.—A fire broke out in Morrison's Opera Hall about nine o'clock this evening, and is still raging. Morrison's entire block of buildings is destroyed and fears are entertained that the block adjoining will also be burned. Alfred Talbot & Co., wholesale grocers, Patterson, Moore & Talbot, wholesale druggists, J. W. Copeland & Co., wholesale millinery, and H. F. West & Co., wholesale cooking stoves, were entirely destroyed.

—During the thunder storm at Chicago Sunday night the mercury stood at 24. Yesterday it was down to zero.

NEW YORK CITY.

The School Question—The Erie and Atlantic and Great Western Railroads—Mormon Meeting—Another Scandal.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, January 17, 1870.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION.

The Roman Catholic view of the public school question was stated before a large audience in the Hall of the Cooper Institute, last evening, by Rev. Thomas S. Preston, pastor of St. Ann's Church. Many Protestants were present in the audience and on the platform. Dr. Preston claims that Catholic religion requires sectarian schools for the young of the church, and while Catholics do not desire to interfere with the present common school system, they ask an allowance from the school fund proportioned to the number of children to educate, for the purpose of establishing separate schools.

ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

The *Tribune* gives the following facts in relation to the change made by the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad Company and the relation of that company to the Erie managers. In December, 1868, the company passed from General Potter, the receiver, and the road was leased by the Erie Company; but Erie paid no rent, and last spring, in a suit prompted by the Erie people, that Company was protected by an injunction of Judge Barnard, from paying rent, and soon after that the Judge made Jay Gould and one O'Doughery joint receivers of the company. On the strength of that appointment the same persons were made the receivers in Ohio and Pennsylvania, but the receivers paid no earnings to the bondholders, and a short time since the discontented bondholders investigated and found that all the suits and appointees were collusive, and were controlled by Erie managers. The bondholders appealed to the courts, and in Ohio and New York Gould and O'Dougherty have been superceded as receivers, and Reuben Hitchcock, of Ohio, has been appointed in their place, and the same result will follow in Pennsylvania. The order removing Gould and O'Dougherty as receivers in New York was entered on Friday last. The new receiver is now in possession and is collecting the earnings. There is a pending negotiation between the new receiver and the Erie company, to operate the line under the supervision of the receiver, and if the bondholders can make themselves sure of getting their share of the earnings, it will go through, but not otherwise. They will insure on their own terms.

POLYGAMY DEFENDED.

Interesting ceremonies took place yesterday at the Mormon temple in Brooklyn. A new Elder from Edinburgh was installed with novel and appropriate services. The Saints to the number of one hundred and forty indulged in sacred singing and a few prayers, and listened to sermons from three Salt Lake Elders. Polygamy was vigorously defended and the gentile press of New York denounced. A doxology closed the proceedings.

ANOTHER SCANDAL.

The Russian, who was shot in Bleecker street Saturday night is lying in a dangerous condition at Bellevue Hospital. The case has developed a phase much like a sensational feature of the McFarland case. A young woman dressed in a widow's garb arrived at his bedside to watch, yesterday. She insists on marrying him.

TENNESSEE.

The State Constitutional Convention.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NASHVILLE, January 17.—In the Constitutional Convention to-day Mr. Baxter offered resolutions declaring the impeachment, conviction and disqualification of Thomas N. Frazer, Criminal Judge of Davidson county, by the Legislature of 1867, the result of a corrupt conspiracy for partizan purposes, and proposing an amendment to the State Constitution relieving Frazer of his disqualification. The resolution was laid on the table.

A number of propositions for amending the Constitution were read and referred. Most of them were of a local character. One provides for a tax of twenty-five cents on polls and twenty-five cents on every hundred dollars' worth of property, to be set apart as a school fund, and distributed annually among the counties in proportion to the scholastic population in each, and the Legislature shall have no power to divert this fund to other purposes; if it fails to pass laws to carry this provision into effect, other means are provided to secure that end.

The report of the Committee on Bill of Rights, submitted on the 10th instant, was taken up and amended. Members generally explained these amendments and the subject engrossed the remainder of the session, little progress being made.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE LEGISLATURE.

The Senate passed to-day, on second reading, the House bill to amend the law of February 25, 1869, to liquidate the State debt, contracted in aid of railroads, so as to allow any road indebted to the State to pay into the Treasury any of the legally issued six per cent. bonds outstanding, without regard to series or number. The bill was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

In the House Mr. Fleming offered a resolution directing the Comptroller to pay Ward & Briggs, lessees of the penitentiary, their claim against the State, which the Legislature has already ordered by law to be paid. Mr. Fleming said the Comptroller had refused to comply with the law. He wished to give him additional instructions, and if he remained obstinate, to turn him out of office. In extenuation of his offense it was stated that the Comptroller could not raise money to pay the claim. The subject was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Hunkle offered a resolution thanking Senator Fowler for his recent speech in the United States Senate in defence of Tennessee. A motion for the previous question was lost, as well as a motion to table.

Mr. Caldwell offered an amendment thanking Representative Hawkins for refusing to sign the petition of Tennessee Congressmen.

Mr. Russell proposed to amend by thanking Senator Brownlow for qualifying his assent to the petition.

Mr. Singleton proposed an amendment to the effect that wisdom, moderation and good feeling should characterize the deliberations of the House, and that the adoption of resolutions of a political nature was detrimental to the best interests of the State.

A motion to lay the whole subject on the table failed, a quorum not voting.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The steamship Weser arrived at New York yesterday.

—The Peabody Fleet was at Bermuda January 1st, coaling.

—Jackson S. Shultz has been chosen President of the N. York Union League.

—The steamer Fawn foundered at Marietta, Ohio, in the middle of the river. No lives lost. Boat a total loss.

—A bill was introduced in the Ohio House of Representatives yesterday by Mr. Ward, of the Reform delegation from Cincinnati, prohibiting the reading of the Bible or the singing of hymns or psalms in the public schools.

—The bids for the purchase of Missouri Pacific Railroad stock owned by the city of St. Louis were opened yesterday, and the stock awarded Capt. Joseph Brown and Wm. Taussig, of St. Louis, for $356,000, equal to 60%, the highest price ever paid for Pacific stock.

—At Elkhart, Ind., Monday morning, Edward Russell entered the office of the railroad blacksmith shop and shot Wm. A. Williams, foreman, killing him almost instantly. Russell proceeded immediately to a justice of the peace and delivered himself up. Illicit intercourse between Williams and Russell's wife was the cause of the tragedy.

—Hon. Samuel Shallebarger, United States Minister, resident at Portugal, and family, Bishop Cox, of Ohio, and Captain G. J. G. McDougall, of the Danish navy, were passengers by the Cunard steamship Cuba, which arrived at New York Saturday. Captain McDougall is commissioned by his Government to examine the navy and navy yards of the United States.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

HARRISBURG.

The Inauguration—Great Crowd in Town.

(Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HARRISBURG, Jan. 17, 1870.

The town is crowded with people, who have come to witness the ceremonies attendant upon the inauguration of Governor Geary to-morrow, and considerable excitement prevails.

Baxter's Fire Zouaves, and several fire companies from Philadelphia have arrived.

The Governor's inaugural will be brief, pointed and emphatic in the reassertion of the positions he assumed in his annual message.

NEWS BY CABLE.

The Council at Rome and the Infallibility Question—The Excitement in Paris.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ROME.

LONDON, January 17.—The *Tablet*, a Catholic organ, says the majority in the Ecumenical Council in favor of the proposition of infallibility will be enormous.

The *Times* thinks that the presence of French troops may encourage the Pope to insist on Infallibility and the syllabus, notwithstanding the reluctance of the Council.

ROME, January 17.—The Empress of Austria took leave of the Pope yesterday. She received a commission from him.

Over three hundred of the Fathers have refused to sign a petition in favor of Infallibility. Many others returned evasive answers. Opposers of the project intend getting up a counter petition, and assert that they are sure of adhesion enough to defeat Infallibility.

FRANCE.

PARIS, January 17.—The city is tranquil, though there is considerable anxiety and excitement manifested in the matter of Deputy Rochefort, which will be decided in the Corps Legislatiff to-day.

MARINE NEWS.

GLASGOW, January 17.—The steamship Lowd, from New York, was signalled at Moville yesterday.

QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 17.—The steamer Tariffa, from New York, touched here last evening on her way to Liverpool.

PLYMOUTH, January 17.—The steamer Teutonia, from New York, arrived Saturday evening on her way to Hamburg.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, January 15—*Evening*.—Consols for money, 92⅝; 92¼ account. American securities quiet and steady; 5-20 bonds: '62s, 85⅝; 65s, 85¾; 67s, 85¾; 10-40s, 84¾. Eries, 18; Illinois Central, 102; Atlantic & Great Western, 26¼.

FRANKFORT, January 17.—Bonds flat at 91⅛.

PARIS, January 17.—Bourse quiet at 73f. 45c.

LIVERPOOL, January 17—Cotton firmer, but not higher, middling uplands 11⅛d, Orleans 11⅜d; sales 1,500 bales. California white wheat; 9s for red western No. 2; 7s 9d @7s 10d for red winter; 8s 6d @8s 7d for western; Flour 21s. Corn No. 2 mixed at 27s 9d. Oats 2s 9d. Barley 5s. Peas 35s. Pork flat at 102s 6d. Beef 102s. Lard dull 69s. Cheese 71s. Bacon 57s. Petroleum unchanged Tallow 44s. Turpentine 28s 6d.

LONDON, January 17.—Tallow 46s 6d. Linseed cakes easier at 10s 5d. Turpentine firmer at 29s 6d@29s 9d.

ANTWERP, January 17.—Petroleum firm at 61.

HAVRE, January 17.—Cotton firm at 137½.

THE RAIN STORM.

Great Freshets—Damage to Railroads, &c., &c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, Jan'y 17.—An unusually heavy storm of rain and hail accompanied with wind, thunder and lightning, visited this city and vicinity this morning. Considerable damage was done in this city from overflowed cellars. The Little Miami River is within two feet of its highest. The wind damaged several churches in Dayton and Miamisburg. The embankments on the Hamilton and Dayton Railroad were washed away, but trains arrived. The trains on the Marietta and Cincinnati and Little Miami roads were behind time. The latter road is under water in several places.

TORNADO IN KENTUCKY—LOSS OF LIFE.

LOUISVILLE, January 17.—A terrible tornado visited Cave City station on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, at an early hour this morning, resulting in the destruction of life and property. Seven or eight persons were instantly killed, including the tankman and family, consisting of his wife and two children, and about eighteen persons were more or less injured. Quite a large number of buildings were blown down and the lumber scattered in all directions. How far the hurricane extended we were unable to ascertain.

Among the houses destroyed were the Masonic Lodge and Chruch. Among the killed are George F. Paynter, wife and child, Mrs. D. Stewell, A. Y. Davidson, John McOwen and child, two Vaughans and Miss Fitz.

Mortally wounded—Miss M. Drane, Miss Neville, J. N. Foster, J. H. Brown, D. M. McKennie and wife, Dr. N. S. Wilson and wife, John Edwards and W. Parrish.

Slightly wounded—A. L. Mallory and nephew, Prof. Williams, wife and two children, Robert Jolly, wife and child, Jennie Farris, W. Herman, wife and daughter, Miss Moss Lively, two of E. T. Ritter's children and two of J. H. Foster's children.

The storm came from the southwest, going northeast, tearing down trees and everything in its course. The houses were blown in every direction and stock killed. The citizens have been on hand since four o'clock this morning rendering aid and assistance to the afflicted. The rain was pouring down at the time in torrents. Women and children were scattered around their desolated homes in their night clothes, chilled through with the cold and rain.

G. W. Paynter was found some three hundred yards from where his house stood, undressed. Davidson was found in a pond about one hundred yards from his house. A house fell on Mrs. Sterrill. She had a two weeks old baby in her arms when found. The baby was not hurt. Two men slept up stairs in Davidson's house. They were not hurt much.

About sixty families were rendered homeless, and need aid and assistance very badly.

HAIL STORM AT LOUISVILLE—HIGH WATER.

The storm passed over a portion of Louisville, accompanied by hail the size of a walnut, stripping trees completely of small limbs. Several drain pipes bursted, tearing large holes in the street. The river continues rising at the rate of six inches per hour, which is faster than known for ten years. All occupants of buildings on the levee and upper portion of the city are vacating their premises. If the flood continues great destruction to property will ensue.

THE STORM AT ST. LOUIS—PANIC IN A THEATRE.

ST. LOUIS, January 17.—A terrific thunder, lightning and hail storm passed over the city last evening, doing considerable damage to signs, awnings, chimneys, shutters, fences, trees, &c. At the Varieties Theater a panic occurred, during which several persons were severely bruised while attempting to escape from the building. A number jumped from the second story window, but were not seriously hurt. At the Olympic Theater, where religious services were being held, a similar scene occurred. Several women fainted and a number of persons were bruised. The telegraph wires were prostrated in all directions.

The weather, which had been very warm all day, turned cold after the storm, and during the night froze nearly as hard as at any time during the winter.

LOUISVILLE, January 17.—Further accounts of the storm report all the streams overflowing beyond precedent and the rushing flood carried away fences, flood gates, and in some cases backed up into houses on low lands. In the undrained portion of the city the water filled the first floor to a depth of over two feet and forced the occupants away.

THE STORM AND FLOOD AT CINCINNATI AND VICINITY.

CINCINNATI, January 17.—The great storm ended to-day. The weather is rapidly turning cold. The Ohio river has risen ten feet in the last twenty-four hours and is still rising. The water is in the basements and first floors on the river front, and only fifty feet space under the suspension bridge. The Mill Creek Valley is wholly submerged.

No serious damage from the wind. Only one life has been lost. Herman Schmidtz, employed at the Spring Grove Cemetery, fell into Mill creek and was drowned.

Trains were delayed on all the railroads. The Little Miami road is under water near Loveland and other places. No trains were sent out to-night. The whole force are at work repairing the track. On the Marietta & Cincinnati road trains are suspended, but will resume to-morrow. The other roads are but slightly damaged.

ATMOSPHERIC PHENOMENON.

At Chillicothe, Ohio, a singular atmospheric phenomenon occurred during a lull of the storm, about midnight. It consisted in a broad grayish light, like early dawn.

DAMAGE AT NASHVILLE AND VICINITY—FLOOD IN THE CUMBERLAND.

NASHVILLE, January 17.—This section of country was visited last night by a storm of wind and rain, accompanied with lightning and thunder. In the city Shelby Medical College, Ward's Seminary and the depot of the Nashville and Decatur Railroad lost parts of their tin roofs. The steeple of the Elm and Summer street Church was blown down, falling on the residence of John Williams adjoining and crushing the roof, but fortunately hurting no one. The gable end of the residence of James Wood, Broad street, and the wall of a large mansion on Edgefield, were also blown down. Low places were suddenly inundated and a number of families driven from their houses, so great was the flood. The telegraph lines were broken in all directions.

The storm extended to Murfreesboro, where six or eight houses were unroofed. No loss of life reported.

The river is rising rapidly; weather fair and cold. A rise of seven feet will put the water in the stores on Front street opposite the wharf.

FLOOD IN THE SCIOTO.

COLUMBUS, January 17.—The water in the Scioto river is higher than before for twenty years. Great damage has occurred. No trains have reached here from Cincinnati to-day on account of bridges washed away.

NEWS AND MISCELLANY.

GOLDWIN SMITH will return to England this year. Our climate does not agree with him. So say the English newspapers.

FOUR years ago there was a solitary woman studying medicine at the University of Zurich; now there are sixteen who are earnestly pushing their studies there unmolested.

REMOVAL OF IRON RUST.—It is stated that by allowing articles coated with iron rust to remain a short time in kerosene oil, the rust can be readily removed by afterwards rubbing for a few minutes with a cork.

BRONZING IRON.—It is asserted that articles of iron or brass may be bronzed by dipping them into melted sulphur mixed with lampblack. The surface, after being drained off, will take a beautiful polish, and presents the appearance of oxidized bronze.

PEASE is the name of a well known teacher in Bangor, Me. A youth named Bean, who attends his school, was reciting his lesson one day and hesitated a moment, when the teacher remarked: "It takes beans a long time to sprout." "No longer than peas, sir," replied the boy.

CONCERTS are given in New York city, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association, and are meeting with great success. Many of the most prominent artistes have already appeared. The object is, not to make money, but to allow the masses to enjoy good music at reasonable prices.

AN Irish glazier was putting a pane of glass into a window, when a groom who was standing by began joking him, telling him to mind and put in plenty of putty. The Irishman bore the banter for some time, but at last silenced his tormenter by "Arrah, now, be off, wid ye, or else I'll put a pain in your head without any putty."

A KIND of oil-paper hangings, called "Oleo Charta," is now made in England, which, it is asserted, is impervious to wet, may be placed on new or damp walls without risk of damage or discoloration, may be washed with soap and water as often as required, and will last twenty years. The process of manufacture is not explained.

TWENTY years ago a Connecticut man left a watch with a jeweler to be cleaned and repaired, saying that he would be in town in a day or two and call for it. Last week the man called in at the jewelers and asked: "Do you remember my leaving a watch with you a number of years since to be cleaned?" "Yes," replied the jeweler, "and here it is."

THE Shaster, or Hindoo bible, forbids a woman to see dancing, hear music, wear jewels, blacken her eyebrows, eat dainty food, sit at a window or view herself in a mirror during the absence of her husband; and allows him to divorce her if she has no sons, injures his property, scolds him, quarrels with another woman or presumes to eat before he has finished his meal.

AN old settler of the Sacramento Valley claims to have discovered a fine vein of bituminous coal 30 feet in thickness, and free from sulphur, at a point only seven miles from the California and Oregon Railroad line, near the base of the Coast Range of Mountains. The discovery, if the vein should develop as well as it promises, is most opportune, for the railroad and the Sacramento Valley generally.

STAINS OF NITRATE OF SILVER, or lunar caustic, may, it is said, be removed from paper, cloth, or the hands, by first applying chloride of copper, then a solution of hyposulphite of soda, and finally rinsing with pure water. For white cotton and linen tissues, it is best to use dilute solution of permanganate of potash and hydrochloric acid, followed as before by a dilute solution of hydrosulphate of soda and rinsing. These substances have the advantage over cyanide of potassium of not being poisonous.

A FRENCH artist has recently announced a new method of representing photographs in natural colors. His process rests upon the assumption that all colors are composed of three primary tints, mixed together in different proportions, and may be separated into them. Three different negatives are taken, of the same object, by receiving the image through glasses of many lenses, of the primary colors referred to. From these three negatives, which are generally quite similar to each other, and each of which represents only one color of the object, three colored photographs are to be prepared, each being of a color corresponding to that of the lens used in the preparation of its negative. Thus, from the negative of the red lens a red photograph is prepared in a manner similar to that in which a black picture is made with the carbon process. The three images obtained in the primary colors are then combined into one, and reproduce, after their mixture, all the colors which the original object possessed. These pictures are claimed to have the great advantage of not altering, the colors being as durable as the black of the carbon print. Many of the technical details of this process are yet unexplained, and the announcement is probably a hint of what is hoped for rather than as the statement of an actual and successful method.

THE "STAR" DISASTER.

Particulars of the Accident—How it Happened—Thrilling Escapes—The Total Loss.

Early Sunday morning the steamer "Star," with barges and boats in tow containing over one hundred thousand bushels of coal, left Pittsburgh. On the evening of the same day an accident occurred which added another to the list of disasters with which the navigation of the Ohio is connected.

It seems, all went well until dusk, when the fleet neared the new Benwood bridge, built for the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. It is usual at this point to tie up and wait for daylight, but in this case there seemed to be no necessity for such action. The moon shone brilliantly and the piers and other objects around were distinctly visible. The current was running very strong, but Captain Juliette having the fleet in charge, thought the passage of the bridge perfectly safe, in which opinion the pilots coincided. The attempt was accordingly made, which proved in the highest degree disastrous. Before getting fairly in the channel the current began to sweep the tow down upon one of the piers. The engines were reversed, and every effort made to avoid a collision. But the weight of the tow and the heavy current rendered this an impossibility. The foremost barge at one side struck the stone work, and in a few moments the steamer was borne against another pier. The chimneys were knocked down, and she careened over. The water, now dammed up for a single moment, soon shot over the barges and sunk seven of them in quick succession. By this time the towboat commenced to leak. She careened over again, the boilers exploded, and a fire ensued, which made the wreck complete.

Most of the crew escaped with the greatest difficulty, through the assistance of Captain Snyder, of the transfer steamer Harrison which happened to be crossing the river at the time. One of the pilots named Allbright only escaped drowning by getting upon the upturned hull of the wreck, from which he was finally rescued. A Mrs. Alexander, sister in law to Mr. Geo. Merriman, one of the engineers, was taking a pleasure trip on the boat, and received injuries by the bursting of the boilers, which resulted fatally in a couple of hours. The remainder of the crew escaped without serious injury. They were taken to Wheeling, from whence they arrived home last evening. The body of Mrs. Alexander was brought home also and taken to the residence of Mr. Merriman, No. 48 Monterey street, Allegheny.

As yet no exact estimate of the loss can be made. One of the boats and a barge floated off, but were landed by parties some distance below the place. The "Star," in perfect order, was valued at about $18,000. She had been engaged in the trade about six years. Her owners were Captain Juliette, of McKeesport, and Mr. J. D. Johnson. The insurance upon her was only against fire. The barges were owned as follows: Jacob Bonner, one; J. C. Risher, one; Peter Onnet (the Clerk), two; Star Coal Co., four, and one boat. The loss of coal and barges will amount to $12,000 or $15,000.

PETROLEUM ITEMS.

We select the following items in the Oil City *Times*, the new organ of the oil interests:

On the Tidioute & Warren tract, the wells steadily hold their own, including the Fisher and Cushing well. The Company are breaking ground for a new well near the line of the New York and Allegheny Oil Company tract.

On the N. Y. & A. O. Co. tract, Mr. Parshall's wells have not decreased to any considerable extent. His No. 5 is down 365 feet, and will probably be finished by Saturday.

On the Economy Oil Co.'s tract, the wells are steadily producing, without material change.

On West Hickory, no new strikes are reported, although several wells are approaching completion, nearly ready to test.

Mr. G. B. Gilson is putting down a well one mile back of the station at White Oak, which has reached a depth of 230 feet.

On Saturday last the well belonging to Messrs. Marvin, Munhall & Co., located on Clabocse Run, a tributary to Cornplanter Run, near Oil City, was tested, and commenced pumping the full of the pipe, flowing out of the casing at the same time. A number of our experienced oil men have visited the well, and all seem to agree that it will not be less than a fifty barrel well. This is another impetus to the oil territory in and around Oil City, and is another assurance that our town is located in the centre of the best oil territory on the Creek. Other new wells are going down in the vicinity of the one just struck, and this with the Cottage Hill territory, will make our town, in addition to being the head of the oil market, the largest producing district in the oil region.

The Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railroad Company are going to build a large freight house at Petroleum Centre, opposite the passenger depot.

YOUTHFUL ROWDYISM.

Severely Beaten—Seriously Injured.

The foolish rivalry between the boys of different sections of the city, which often results in quarrels, had another exemplification Sunday afternoon, rather more serious than usual. A little boy named Harry Paul, residing in Birmingham, visited the residence of his uncle in the Seventeenth ward Sunday afternoon, and while there was attracted to the street by the music from the brass band accompanying the Duquesne Greys, who attended the funeral of Col. Diehl. He had hardly reached Butler street when he was attacked by a crowd of young ruffians, who beat and abused him shamefully. During the attack he was struck on the head by a young boy, said to be D. O'Connor, which felled him to the earth, when his assailants fled. The injured lad was picked up in an almost insensible condition and carried to the residence of his relative. Afterward he was removed to his home, in Birmingham, where medical attention was secured. Yesterday he was compelled to lie in bed all day, unable to lift his head from the pillow, and serious consequences were apprehended. Late yesterday afternoon the boy's uncle, Mr. William Metcalf, made information before Deputy Mayor Nichol against O'Connor, who is about fourteen years old, for assault and battery. An officer with a warrant went in search of the accused, but found that he had disappeared; but his whereabouts are known, and he will likely be arrested to-day.

Another of Them.

Last night about ten o'clock the officers on duty at the Point observed a man acting in a singular manner as though in a state of boisterous intoxication. They attempted to arrest him when he was found to be insane, evidently from excessive drinking. He was altogether unmanageable, and it required the assistance of several citizens before he could be secured. He was tied and hauled to the lock up in a wagon. Being still violent, it was found necessary to carry him into a cell and close the door, after which Capt. Reed managed to cut the ropes that bound him. After midnight he became more quiet and regained his senses, when he gave the name of Edward Ryan, and said he came from Franklin on the boat. He had been drinking hard during the day. It is probable he will be able to go about safely when released this morning.

Riot at Six Mile Ferry.

Yesterday morning Alderman McMasters received the information of Evan Rollins against five men and three women for riot. He alleged that the parties came to his house at Six Mile Ferry Sunday night in an intoxicated condition. Failing to have their demands for admittance complied with, made a bombardment of the establishment, and attempted to carry their object by force. In the melee the party were also defeated. Across the way in the school house, a religious meeting was being held, which was also broken up by the rioters. After disturbing the entire neighborhood and creating a row to their utmost satisfaction, they withdrew with threats of vengeance against Rollins and his family. Under the circumstances he thought it best to secure legal protection. Warrants for the arrest of the accused were issued.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS CAUCUS.

The Republican Nominations for City Officers.

The Republican members of the newly organized Councils of Allegheny held a caucus meeting last night in the chamber of the Select branch, Mr. Hall presiding, and made the following nominations:

Controller—W. M. Porter.
Treasurer—D. Macferron.
Solicitor—W. B. Rodgers.
City Engineer—Charles Davis.
Superintendent of Water Works—Wm. Paul, Jr.
Street Commissioner—Thomas Megraw.
Assessor of Water Rents—David Cornelius.
City Assessor—R. R. Ray.
Clerk of Markets—Duncan Dallas.
Chief Engineer of Fire Department—James E. Crow.
Supt. Fire Alarm Telegraph—L. McCandless.
Weighmaster at Diamond Scales—Geo. B. McNulty.
Weighmaster at Second Ward Scales.—R. T. White.
Clerk to Committees—J. B. Oxley.
Salt Inspector and Measurer of Wood and Bark—C. Ackerman.
Wharf Master Eastern District—A. Dauffner.
Wharf Master Western District—S. R. Davis.
Board Measurers—First ward, Robert White; Second ward, Wm. Murdoch, Third Ward, W. P. Iff; Fourth ward, A. Dandson; Fifth ward, R. M. Park; Sixth ward, T. H. Gilson; Seventh ward, F. Erk; Eighth ward, John McDowell, Wm. Oa[illegible]y.
Janitor of City Hall.—John Marshall.

This evening Councils will meet in joint session to elect the city officers nominated by the caucus. The contest for city printing was quite spirited, and resulted as follows: GAZETTE, 28; *Evening Mail*, 24; *Dispatch*, 11; *Commercial*, 8; *Freedoms' Friend*, 26; *Volksblatt*, 10. We return our thanks to Councils for the very flattering vote received, and will endeavor to fully discharge the duties of the position.

County Printing.

The following official communication fully explains itself:

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE,
ALLEGHENY COUNTY,
PITTSBURGH, Jan. 17th, 1870.

To the Editors and Proprietors of Gazette:

GENTLEMEN: At a meeting of the County Commissioners, held this day, your paper was duly elected one of the County Printers for the year 1870.

By direction of the Commissioners.
[Attest] W. H. McCLEARY,
Clerk.

We are duly grateful to the Commissioners for their discrimination in our behalf, and we feel personally indebted to them for their consideration. We shall endeavor to fully and faithfully dicharge our duty in the capacity of county printers. The *Dispatch* and *Freiheits Freund* have also been re elected as the other official organs.

The GAZETTE for 1870 is the official organ of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny county, and the departments at Harrisburg and Washington.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—"The Lottery of Life," a sensational drama by Mr. Brougham, was presented at the Opera House last evening in a highly satisfactory manner. Mr. Chester assumed the leading role and acquitted himself with great credit, as did the other members of the company, in the cast. The piece will be repeated this evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Miss Anna E. Dickinson will deliver a lecture at the Academy of Music this evening, under the auspices of the Young Men's Mercantile Library Association. Subject—"Whited Sepulchres." There will be no reserved seats.

"CARLETON."—Thursday evening the 20th instant, Mr. C. C. Coffin, the "Carleton" of the Boston *Journal*, will deliver a lecture under the auspices of the G. A. R. at the Academy of Music. His subject will be "China and the Chinese Question in America." Mr. Coffin is an able writer, and we know of no man of the present day more able to discuss the Chinese question, which is just now exciting so much interest, than he is. No reserved seats. Go and hear him.

ORPHANS' FAIR.—The fair in the basement of the Cathedral continues to increase in interest and attractiveness, and the number of visitors increases also. It is a delightfully pleasant place to spend an evening.

A Skipper.

David *alias* "Skip," Morgan, of East Birmingham, was committed to jail for trial on two informations yesterday. In the first he is charged with forcing his way into into the drug-store of Arnold Kock, on Saturday night, together with a lot of companions, and taking therefrom a number of bottles of ale and whiskey. Information was made against him for this offence before Justice Heisel, and officer Busted, with a warrant, went in search of "Skip." He found the object of his search, but the meeting was an exceedingly unpleasant one for Busted, who was attacked and severely beaten by "Skip." For this offence a second information was made against the lively rough, who was finally secured, and committed to jail for trial.

Kansas Excursion Party.

At the solicitation of a large number of the members of the Buckeye Colony, who desire to visit Kansas for the purpose of selecting their lands before moving their families, another land exploring and excursion party will leave Pittsburgh, Steubenville and Columbus on Tuesday, February 1st, 1870. All who wish to make the trip can do so at about half fare, by procuring Certificates of Membership (costing $3,) from the Agent of the Buckeye Colony. Persons who do not wish to return, can also obtain reduced fare. Address V. P. Wilson, Agent Buckeye Colony, New Philadelphia, Ohio.

The Agent may be seen at 240 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, on Thursday afternoon of this week. A rare opportunity is now offered to those who wish to visit the West at small expense.

Fatal Accident.

An accident occurred on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad yesterday evening about four o'clock near Frankstown station, resulting in the death of John D. McClelland, who was employed as a breakman on the road. It appears that he was engaged in switching a train on a siding, when, by some means, he was struck by the train, knocked down and run over, and instantly killed. The Coroner was notified and empannelled a jury. The investigation was postponed until half-past ten o'clock this morning. The deceased was about 35 years of age and leaves a widow and two children in Connellsville, where he resided. He has been in the employ of the Company about one month.

Co-operative Life Insurance Company.

At the annual meeting of this company on Wednesday evening last, the following gentlemen were elected directors: W. C. Aughenbaugh, F. H. Collier, W. W. Patrick, Colonel E. J. Allen, A. B. Stevenson, Alex. Tindle, Jos. Walton, C. Wharton, Charles Foerster, Bernhard Krugh, C. J. Wendt, C. F. Schwartz, Dr. Tandte, John Phillips, Peter Haberman, J. C. Smith, J. R. Bingler and A. Patterson. The Board organised by electing W. C. Aughenbaugh President; A. B. Stevenson, Vice President; W. W. Patrick, Treasurer; A. Patterson, Secretary; and Leopold Klee, Assistant Secretary. The Trustee Board is continued without change, and consists of Hons. John M. Kirkpatrick, E. H. Stowe, W. E. Stevenson, Agnew Duff, Jas. P. Barr, J. D. Scully, Esq., and W. Bakewell, Esq.

—An excursion party, consisting of railroad and newspaper men, left Chicago yesterday for Omaha, via the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad and Burlington and Missouri River Railroad, for the purpose of celebrating the opening of this new route to Omaha. The party occupied the sleeping car "May Flower" and dining car "Cosmopolitan" of the Pullman line, which, in connection with other cars of the same class, will run regularly over this route from Chicago to Omaha. The party will be absent several days.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, January 17, 1870.

Money quiet and easy, at 5@6 per cent. on call; time loans offered at 6@7 per cent. The supply of capital is abundant.

The *Express* says a petition is circulating among the banks to have the Secretary of the Treasury issue bonds bearing a low rate of interest, which they can obtain by depositing currency at the Sub-treasury, the said bonds to be convertible into currency by the banks on demand. It is proposed to make these bonds the same as legal tenders, so far as counting in the legal reserve of banks.

The accumulation of national bank notes is beginning to be very oppressive. It is stated that the next time the Assistant Treasurer buys bonds he will be forced to pay for them largely in National bank notes, probably to the extent of 75 per cent. This will tend to diminish the amount of bonds offered. In this connection some bank managers have started a project to seal up these National bank notes in packages of $5,000 or $10,000 and deposit the same in some one bank and let that bank issue certificates which shall pass at the Clearing House in settlement of the daily balance. This arrangement would really be a great inflation, and in this light it is opposed by some managers.

Sterling quiet at 8⅝@8¾ per cent. Gold opened at 121⅛, fell to 121⅜ and closed at 121⅛. Clearances $32,000,000.

Governments strong. Coupons of '81, 17½@17⅝; do. '62, 15⅜@15½; do. '64, 14½@15; do. '65, 14⅞@15; do. new, 13⅞@14; do. '67, 14½@14¼; do. '68, 14@14¼. 10-40s, 12@12½; Pacifics, 9⅞@10.

State bonds firmer; Missouris, 87½; old Tennessees, 53¾; new, 47; old Virginias, 54½, new, 60; old North Carolinas, 41; new, 23¼; Louisiana Levee sixes, 65.

Stocks firmer but not up to the highest point of the day.

Five Thirty Prices.—Canton, 53½; Cumberland, 30; Western Union Tel., 32½; Quicksilver, 14¾; Mariposa, 8; do preferred, 16½; Adams Express, 63½; Wells & Fargo, 20½ American, 36½; United States, 53; Pacific Mail, 62; New York Central, 92½; Erie, 22½; do preferred, 31; Harlem, 137; do preferred, 139; Hudson Scrip, 87½; Reading, 94½; Michigan Central, 117¾; Michigan Southern, 85½; Illinois Central, 141½; Pittsburgh, 93; North Western, 73½; do preferred, 86¾; R. I. 106½; St. Paul, 74½; do preferred, 86¾; Wabash, 51¾; do pref'd, 70½; Ft. Wayne, 87¾; Terre Haute, 42; do preferred, 65; Chicago and Alton, 144½; do preferred, 145; O. & M., 25; Dubuque, 108½; C. C. & I. C., 18½; St. Joe preferred, 11¾.

Boston prices—Copper Falls, 6; Franklin, 9; Hecla, 76; Quincy, 25.

Exports of the week except specie, $4,857,518; imports specie, $200,286. Sub-Treasury balance—gold, $75,142,196; currency, $4,496,217; general balance, $82,135,699.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—Cotton opened steady and closed weak; 3,800 bales middling uplands at 25¾c. Flour 5@10c better on low grades; receipts 5,800 bbls; 5,900 bbls at $4,50@4,80 for superfine State and western; $5,10@6 for extra State; $4,45@6,10 for extra western; $5,75@6,35 for white wheat extra; $5,25@6,20 for Round Hoop Ohio; $5,50@6,25 extra St. Louis; $6,25@7,25 good choice do. Rye flour quiet, with sales 150 bbls at $4 25@5 25. Corn meal quiet. Whisky a shade lower, with sales 100 bbls western at $1, free. Receipts wheat, 14,120 bus; less active and 1@2c better; shippers generally refusing to pay any advance; sales 46,000 bus at $1 05 for No. 3 spring, $1 14@1 16 for No. 2 do, $1 25@1 27 for winter red and amber western, $1 35 for white Michigan, and $1 45 for white California. Rye dull. Barley dull and decidedly lower; sales 1800 bus Canada West reported; receipts, 1100 bus. Corn at 74@78c; dull and declining; sales of 32,000 bush at 80@90c for new mixed western, $1,01 for old do in store, 97c for new yellow Jersey, 97c@$1 for new southern yellow, $1@1,01 for new white southern. Oats; receipts of 11,518 bush, and firmer for western; sales 49,000 bush at 57@61c for western, the latter an extreme, 61@62c for State; total stocks in grain warehouse to-day were wheat, 3,234,723 bush; corn, 567,186 bush; oats, 1,320,809 bush; rye, 63,239 bush; barley, 347,638 bush. Rice dull. Coffee dull. Sugar in fair request; 200 hhds Cuba at 10¼@11c. Molasses dull; 100 bbls N. O. at 74@80. Petroleum firm at 16¼@16¾ for crude, 31@31½ for refined. Hops quiet and firm. Linseed oil dull at 91@92 in cask. Turpentine quiet and heavy at 42½@45. Pork firm and quiet; 500 bbls new mess at $28@28,25, old do $27,75@28, prime $24,25, prime mess $24,50@26; also 750 bbls new mess, seller Feb'y and March, $28@28,25. Beef steady, 550 bbls sold at $20,13, plain mess $10@17 for new extra mess, tierce beef steady; sales of 200 tierces at $25@28 for prime mess, $27@30 for India mess. Beef hams steady; sales of 420 bbls at $30@34 for new. Cut meats heavy; sales of 100 pkgs at 11½@12c for shoulders, 14@15½ for hams. Middles; sales of 200 boxes short ribbed at 14¼@14¾c, 30 boxes city long clear at 15¼c. Dressed hogs lower, 10½@11½c for western. Lard heavy; sales of 350 tierces at 15¾@16⅝c for steam, 17@17½c for kettle rendered. Butter steady, 18@30c for Ohio. Cheese quiet, 16@18c. Freights to Liverpool quiet and firmer; shipments per steam of 7,500 bush wheat at 5½d.

Latest—Flour closed steady with a moderate demand for low grades. Wheat quiet and steady at $1,13@1,16 for No. 2 spring, and $1,24@1,27 for winter red and amber western. Rye nominal. Oats rather quiet at 58@60c for western. Corn lower and dull at $1@1,03 for old, and 80@90c for new mixed western. Pork steady, with sales 500 bbls mess, February and March, at $28,25. Beef in fair request and steady. Cut Meats dull and unchanged. Bacon in fair demand and steady. Lard quiet at 16⅝c bid and 16⅞c asked for prime steam for February and 16⅞c bid and 17c asked for March. Eggs lower and dull at 32@33c for fresh.

NEW YORK, January 17.—The live stock market has been very tame this rainy day after the surplus of stock last week. The weather has been warm and all kinds of meats were forced upon the market. We have a total of 6,740 cattle, of which 3,500 were on sale to day, but only 3,000 could be disposed of. Prices dropped about ½c per lb on quality quite common to good, with no extras. Prices ranged from 9c for bulls to 1@13c for dry cows and Texas steers, up to 14c@15 for fair to good western steers and 17c for a very few prime cattle. Market averaged 14½c. A drove of 100 Texas, 6 cwt, averaged 11½c; 50 Kentucky cattle, 7 cwt, 14@16c; 209 Illinois, 6½ cwt, 14@15c, and a car, 12 cwt Ohio, 17c. Total Sheep 30,000 on sale to day; market very slow. Many were left over and prices ½c lower, with sales at 4¾@8c for 65 up to 112 lb sheep; a car of 78 lb Ohio brought 5½c; a car of 86 lb State 6½c, with some of 90 lbs at 7c, and some 112 lbs at 8c. Hogs count up 15,500 for the week, with 37 cars to-day. Trade slow at 9@9c¾ for live, 12@12½c for city, and 11@12½c for western dressed. Market weak.

PHILADELPHIA, January 17.—Beeves dull and lower; sales 2100 extra Pennsylvania and western steers at 9@9½c; choice, 10c; fair to good, 7@8½c; common, 5@6½c per 16 gross. Sheep firmer; sales 9000 at 5@8c per 16 gross. Hogs dull and lower; sales 4500 at $13 50@14 per cwt, net, closing at $12 50@13 for corn fed.

MILWAUKEE, January 17.—Flour unchanged. Wheat quiet at 82½c for No. 1, and 77½c for No. 2. Coarse grains entirely nominal. Dressed hogs firmer at $10,25@11. Receipts: 2,000 bbls of flour; 18,000 bush of wheat. Shipments: 6,000 bbls of flour.

PHILADELPHIA, January 17.—Whisky nominal at $1@1,01. Provisions declining. Petroleum quiet; crude 20c, refined 30@36½c.

BALTIMORE, January 17.—Provisions firmer, but prices unchanged. Whisky dull, 98@99c.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, January 17.—The demand for cotton fabrics is still extremely small and trade has not fully opened as yet, but prices in the meantime rule steady. Woolens are rather in better request as are linen crashes and goods of this class adapted for the clothing trade, but prices generally rule low. The foreign goods market is also quiet and prices are not yet established.

—Andrew J. Bevis, living near Hamilton, Ohio, drowned himself in the Miami river. He was under a charge of passing six counterfeit twenty dollar greenbacks, and the preliminary examination was in progress before a United States Commissioner. He left a note with his clothes on the bank of the river, saying he intended to drown himself because of his arrest and trial.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE

Is the best and cheapest commercial and family newspaper published in Western Pennsylvania.

No farmer, mechanic or merchant should b without it.

TERMS:

Single subscribers	$1 50
Clubs of five	25
Clubs of ten	1 15

A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as agents.

Address,

PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Proprietors.

A Jewish Father Murders His Son for Marrying a Christian.

An Irish journal has the following correspondence from Galicia:

Five Jews, named Moses Schneider, Mayer Brecher, Abraham Moses Schneider, Joseph Landau, and Moses Teldmann, have just been tried for the murder of Abraham Teldmann, son of the latter, at Tarnapol, in Galicia. It appears that the deceased had made an offer of marriage to a Christian girl, and that she had accepted him on his promising to become a Christian also. Having heard of this promise the accused men assembled in the house of Moses Teldmann, and warmly upbraided young Tledmann for his apostacy. The latter, however, remained obstinate, and during the altercation the father threw a sling-rope round his neck and pulled at it, assisted by the other men, until the son was strangled. Hannah Teldmann, the mother of the deceased, who was absent at the time, showed much grief at the death of her son, but was soon pacified by the husband representing the murder as a religious sacrifice, and passed the rest of the evening with him in prayer. The case was clearly proved against the defendants. Moses Teldman and Mayer Brecher were sentenced to be hanged, and the other three with ten years imprisonment with hard labor.

—John Pinkerton, door-keeper at the Chicago Board of Trade Rooms, committed suicide Sunday afternoon by taking laudanum. He had been much under the influence of liquor.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 61f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 91⅛.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 121⅛.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞G. A. R.

The next Lecture of the Grand Army of the Republic Course will be delivered at the

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

On Thursday Evening, Jan. 20,

BY

C. C. COFFIN,

The "Carleton" of the Boston Journal.

SUBJECT:

China and the Chinese Question in America.

No Reserved Seats. Admission, Fifty Cents.
ja18:74

☞**BRILLIANT AND INSTRUCTIVE LECTURES ON**

LIGHT AND THE SPECTROSCOPE,

Showing the character and value of the recent wonderful discoveries in science and their practical application; to be illustrated by experiments of the greatest interest, MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS, 24th and 25th inst. in the

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

By Prof. GEO. F. BARKER, M. D.,

FROM NEW HAVEN.

Tickets of admission, 50 cents. To be had at the principal Book stores. Reserved Seats 2 cents extra; to be had at the Western University, corner Ross and Diamond streets, between 11 and 2 after the 19th inst. ja18:t78

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing between I. BROOME and S. J. MUSGRAVE, under the firm name of Brown & Musgrave, is this day dissolved.

ja17:a78 ISAAC BROOME.

DISSOLUTION—The firm of SMITH & COOK has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, A. M. Cook disposing of his interest to D. L. Smith. The business will be settled by the remaining partner, D. Smith, No. 79 Centre Avenue.

JANUARY 15, 1870. ja17:e

TUNIS

DATES.

Just received, new crop Tunis Dates, very fine, for sale by the box or pound at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. RENSHAW,
ja18 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets

SPOONS AND FORKS.

Stamped with our name and warranted to be plated on the whitest and most substantial metal in use.

J. R. REED & CO.,
ja18:n7e No. 68 FIFTH AVENUE.

PHŒNIX ROLL FOUNDRY,

Cor. LIBERTY and 28TH STREETS.

BOLLMAN & BAGALEY,

Manufacturers of Superior

Chill Rolls, Sand Rolls & Pinions.
ja18

WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA ss.

At Pittsburgh, the 8th day of January, A. D. 1870.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of REUBEN OWENS, of Pittsburgh, county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

JOHN H. BAILEY, Assignee,
ja17:t3 Attorney-at-Law, 93 Grant St.

FIRST LIST, 1870, APPLICATIONS to sell Liquors.

Pittsburgh.

Patrick McLaughlin, tavern, 14th ward;
Henry Shelton, tavern, 17th ward.

Townships.

James Bryan, tavern, Stowe township.

The License Board will hear the above application on WEDNESDAY, 26th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M.

JOSEPH BROWNE, Clerk.
ja18:

WALL PAPER

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

To make shelf room for new goods. We will sell till the first of March stock now in store,

Without Regard to Cost,

COMPRISING

HANDSOME PARLOR PAPERS,
DINING ROOM PAPERS,
HALL AND CHAMBER PAPERS.

Also, a large assortment of CHEAP PAPERS at

No. 107 MARKET STREET,
NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.

JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

Of Allegheny.

Cor. Federal and Lacock Streets.

S. H. HARTMAN, President.

E. P. YOUNG, Cashier.

BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS,

NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1862.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of six per cent., free of tax, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—Geo. A. Berry, President; S. H. Hartman, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. M'Kinley, Secretary and Treasurer; A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. E. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, C. Zeigler, James Rhodes, Jno. Scott, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
D. W. & A. S. Bell, Solicitors

OFFICE PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, January 14th, 1870.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.

Coupon No. 21, Turtle Creek Division Bonds, due February 1, 1870, will be paid on and after that date on presentation and delivery, at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

ja15:a7TH JNO. H. PAGE, JR., Treas'r.