THE DAILY GAZETTE:
PUBLISHED BY
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Office, 84 and 86 Fifth Avenue.
F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING.
T. P. HOUSTON, E. P. REED.
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
TERMS OF THE DAILY.
By mail, per year.....$8.00
Delivered by carriers, per week.....15 cts.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOL. LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1869. NO. 279.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
Is the best and cheapest commercial and family newspaper published in Western Pennsylvania. No farmer, mechanic or merchant should be without it.
TERMS:
Single subscribers.....$1 50
Clubs of five.....$8
Clubs of ten.....1 25
A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as agents.
Address,
PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
Proprietors.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEW YORK CITY.

Democrats in Council—What they Propose to Do—Whisky Dealers Arrested—Spaniards on the Alert—Chinese Confidence in Mr. Burlingame Unshaken—Mr. Richardson's Condition—Difference of Opinion Among His Physicians—He Can Scarcely Recover—Cuban Meeting Postponed.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, December 1, 1869.

Edward Schaum, the murderer of Stott, in New York, was found last night at "Reddy, the Blacksmith's" saloon in this city, and arrested.

There was a meeting of the most prominent Democrats of the State at Albany last night at the request of Gov. Hoffman at which the policy, to be pursued next year was freely discussed. Mr. Tweed, General Nelson, Oakey Hall and others were present.

The *Sun's* dispatch says: All the guests recommended the Governor in his message, to revoke the action of the late Legislature, and repeal the Fifteenth Amendment.

The canal question then came to the surface, and gave rise to a prolonged discussion. The general feeling was that the rate of tolls should be lowered, and the present contract system abolished. With respect to the municipal reform, the conclusion arrived at was that the deputation from each ward should prepare such bills as they should deem necessary. The Commissioners in New York are to be abolished. Other matters of less importance were merely touched upon.

A number of whisky dealers in Rondout and Kingston were arrested by Marshal Barlow a few days ago. Their stock was seized and their places of business closed on charges of defrauding the revenue. It appears that no stamps have been used on their packages, and the revenue officer in charge of the district, it is said, has not reported a stamp sold for two years. The frauds are said to amount to one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

It is rumored that the Spaniards in this city have been making earnest inquiries in marine circles about the number, armaments, location and movements of our naval vessels.

The *Times'* correspondent at Pekin, writes that the Chinese government is anxious to have it clearly understood that Burlingame's treaty has not been neglected, but action on it only deferred, it being thought best to wait until the results of the negotiations of the missions with other countries were received, when the whole subject might be disposed of at once. The confidence of the Ministers in Mr. Burlingame is unshaken.

The Pekin College is by no means a failure, as has been ascertained.

The grand mass meeting of Cuban sympathizers to have taken place on Friday evening has been postponed to the 9th instant. Some of the most prominent speakers of this city have promised to assist.

The examination of James Caldwell, charged with complicity in drawback frauds, resulted in his discharge.

The men arrested in Jersey City yesterday on suspicion of being concerned in the bank robbery at Port Jervis, were discharged for want of proof.

A boy employed by Stout & Dickinson, stock brokers, was knocked down in Wall street to-day, but though he had $35,000 in securities and gold with him, he was robbed of only one hundred dollars.

NEW YORK, *Midnight.*—Richardson remains in a very weak condition. Stimulants have been administered during the day and evening, and the stomach has retained them for an hour at a time. His physicians differ somewhat in opinion. Some believe his death is inevitable in a short time, while others are more hopeful. His friends feel slightly encouraged, but the grain of comfort is very small.

CHICAGO.

Railroad Accident and Loss of Life—Associated Press Arrangement—Mysterious Death—Red River Matters, &c., &c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, November 1.—Last evening the westward bound freight train on the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Rail road, running in two sections, collided at Coon Point, near Dekota, Iowa. A. Smith, of Quincy, Michigan, and another man named Spaulding, were instantly killed. Four others were seriously injured. The collision was caused by the engineer of the leading heading section becoming stalled on a heavy grade and a sharp curve.

The Northwestern Associated Press, by an arrangement made yesterday with Mr. Medill, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Western Associated Press, are to pay seventy-five dollars per week for dispatches furnished by the latter, the contract to be terminated by either party on giving six months notice.

A girl named Dorothea Vonderhoff died suddenly last night at No. 150 Coolidge street, from the effects of poison, but whether administered by herself or some one else is not yet ascertained. She was employed in a saloon on Adams street, between State and Wabash avenue, and it is surmised the poison was administered by some one in the saloon.

A special from Madison, Wisconsin, says Congressman Hopkins is still alive, and his symptoms are regarded as more favorable, although there seems to be but little chance of his recovery.

A meeting of prominent Chicago gentlemen was held last night at the Sherman House. David A. Gage, J. C. Simpson, Jas. Van Etta, Wm. Tucker and Henry Graves were appointed delegates to the Turf Congress to be held in New York in January.

Last night a boy named Geo. H. Mullen, an inmate of the Chicago Reform School, between twelve and thirteen years of age, was struck with the butt of a whip stock on the head by a watchman named John Berton, and so severely injured that he died soon after. The reason given by Berton for striking the boy was that he laughed defiantly in his face. Berton surrendered himself.

A letter from Winnipeg to the St. Paul *Pioneer* dated 15th of November, says the French half breeds, who have possession of Fort Garry were to have a convention next day, and that English speaking people who are friendly, were invited to be present by delegates for the purpose of taking into consideration the present condition of the country, and to adopt such measures as may be deemed for the welfare of the people. It was believed that nothing would be agreed upon. Meantime the French half breeds are masters of the situation. They are more numerous than all the others combined, and have a number of more than ordinary ability. The following propositions will come before the Convention: First, A compromise with McDougall. Second, An independent Republic. Third, Annexation. Fourth, A Colony under England. Fifth, Return to the Hudson Bay Company's rule. The English and Scotch would probably agree to unite with the French half breeds in establishing a colony under England, while the French half breeds at present seem determined to have a separate government or annexation to the United States, or, as a last resort, a compromise with Gov. McDougall. The Pembina road is still guarded by a large number of men. If war takes place, both parties talk of calling in the aid of Northwestern Indian tribes, even the Sioux, which would demoralize all parties.

South Carolina and Cuba.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

COLUMBIA, S. C., December 1.—Both Houses of the Legislature to-day adopted resolutions expressive of sympathy for Cuba, and requesting the recognition of the insurgents as belligerents by the United States, and pledging the last dollar and man to the Government in case of war.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Why it Was Done—Appointment—Public Debt Statement—Will Assume His Duties—Indian Commissioner's Report Israelites Protest Against Expatriation—New Custom Houses—Imports.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, December 1, 1869.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

Following is a recapitulation of the public debt statement published to-day:

Debt bearing coin interest five per cent. bonds	$ 721,169,376 00
Six per cent. bonds	1,886,565,700 00
Total	$2,607,735,076 00
Interest	41,270 48 00
Debt bearing interest in lawful money—certificates at 3 per cent.	67,195,000 00
Navy pension fund, at 5 per cent.	14,000,000 00
Total	$2,730,000,000 00
Interest	1,118,900 00
Debt on which interest has ceased since maturity	678,522,664 00
Debt bearing no interest—demand and legal tender notes	356,113,758 50
Fractional currency	36,808,984 00
Certificates of gold deposited	15,000,000 00
Total	$3,481,761,312 50
Total amount outstanding	2,925,736,789 83
Interest	43,947,522 67
Total debt, principal and interest to date, including coupons due and not presented for payment	$2,945,234,652 79

Amount in Treasury.

Coin	$ 105,369,845 77
Currency	11,808,785 74
Sinking Fund.	
In U. S. Coin, invested in bonds and accrued interest thereon	1,041,622,600 00
Of U. S. coin, invested in bonds purchased and accrued interest thereon	14,056,726 00
Total	$ 164,674,957 46
Debt, less amount in Treasury	2,833,558,795 33
Debt less amount in Treasury, Nov. 1, 1869	2,861,131,159 38
Decrease during the past month.	
Decrease of debt since March 1st, 1869	75,908,624 79
Increase during the past month.	
Increase of debt since March 1st, 1869	7,571,454 18

JEWISH PROTEST.

By direction of the President, the Secretary of State will transmit to the Russian Minister and also to Minister Curtin, at St. Petersburg, copies of the appeal of the Israelites, presented yesterday, in behalf of their expatriated brethren in Russia. The appeal will be accompanied by a letter asking that it be favorably considered by the Czar.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

The annual report of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs is completed. It enters fully into the Indian policy of the Government as executed by the Indian Commissioner and his Agents and Superintendents, which it is found has been satisfactorily administered.

WHY IT WAS DONE.

It was ascertained to-day, on inquiry at the Treasury Department, that the withdrawal of the sale of gold in New York on yesterday, does not involve a change of policy, but was on account of the low price offered.

WILL GO ON DUTY.

Joseph O'Dwyer, the newly appointed Supervisor for the District of Northern Ohio, will be here next week to assume the duties of his office. His headquarters will be at Coshocton, O.

CUSTOM HOUSES.

Supervising Architect Mullitt, in his annual report, recommends immediate steps for the erection of the new Custom House buildings at St. Louis and Cincinnati.

IMPORTS.

It appears by official report that the aggregate imports during the year ending June were $437,000,000.

APPOINTMENT.

The President has appointed Thomas E. Bullock, Assistant Attorney General, in place of Hickory.

NEWBURYPORT.

Lecture by Wendell Phillips.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEWBURYPORT, December 1.—Wendell Phillips, in a speech in the Lyceum last night, demanded of Congress to assume the Government which the Executive had abdicated, that it compel the States lately in rebellion to educate its eight million dunces, and that if it refused to do so, then the Government itself, at the expense of all the people, shall assume the duty, afterwards sending the bill to the different States. It must protect the rights of all legislate for them. The war is not ended. It has just begun. In the latter portion of his address, he was severely criticised by the New York *Tribune*, for virtually saying, on Saturday last, that we could not carry on this government unless we entrusted the ballot to some and held others from it. He said that the Southern whites have got the business and the wealth, and have captured the Supreme Court. A worse than Taney wields its thunder bolt to-day. A recreant Republican; a man who drags the ermine through the infamy of Tammany Hall, and means to contest the election with the candidate of the republican party. If the republicans had a brave man at his head, he would marshall its forces, nail its colors, no forgiveness, to the mast, and absolutely impregnate every northern mind with the idea. The speaker continued, with a demand that the lands should be given to the blacks as freely as land, and said with great power of the coming tide of Orientals to the Pacific shore, which is to be the greatest act of American civilization it has yet experienced.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Japanese Coming East—Railroad Matters—Passengers and Treasure for China.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, December 1.—Prince Sunwedna, of Japan, and suit leave for the east to-day by railroad with Bosman, of the firm of Kaspmanschoop & Co., Hong Kong, who, at the request of the Japanese Government, escorts them to New York. Bosman visits the east to further the plans of Kaspmanschoop & Co. to provide Chinese laborers for the south.

It is stated that the Mexican Government has granted to Samuel Brannan, of this city, the right to build a railroad across Mexico from the Atlantic to the Pacific, in recognition for his services to the Liberal Government in the late struggle.

The Pacific Union Express Company has discontinued operations, and the business is transferred to Wells & Fargo. The stockholders of the San Diego, Gila and Southern Pacific, and Atlantic Railroad Company met at San Diego November 27th and apportioned the stock of the Memphis, El Paso and Pacific Railroad, of which the San Diego road received, in consideration of its franchises, the lands.

The steamer Japan sailed to-day for Hong Kong with seven hundred passengers and $7,500,000 in treasure.

ROCHESTER.

No Executive Clemency—Dead Body Found.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ROCHESTER, December 1.—Gov. Hoffman declines to interfere with the execution of the sentence against Messner, convicted of the murder of his wife, and he will be executed on the 10th instant.

The body of John Stephenson, keeper of the Genesee light house, was found in the river this morning. Suspicions of foul play are entertained.

Ohio State Horticultural Society Meeting.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

DAYTON, O., December 1.—The Ohio State Horticultural Society, and the Grape Grower's Association met here to-day. Robert W. Steele, of Clayton welcomed the societies. Dr. Wender, President of the former, delivered the annual address. About two hundred varieties of apples and a few other products were exhibited. The committees report, ed as taught on horticulture and its progress. At night the delegates were handsomely entertained at the residence of Robert W. Steele.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Fears of a Fenian Rising in Ireland—Dissatisfaction with Napoleon's Speech—Cotton to be produced in Kiiva and Bokhara—The London "Times" Reviews the Emperor's Speech—The Monarch with the Remains of George Peabody will Sail on Wednesday Next—The Fenian Burke for the Commons—Agitation in Manchester—Burlingame in Berlin—Steamer Seized—Count Dean in Pursuit of Lopez.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, November 30.—Information from secret agents of the Government, leads to the belief that a rising is threatened in Ireland. In the Cabinet, the question of continuing the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus* has been considered. It is certain that extreme measures will be adopted shortly.

The Monarch, with the remains of Geo. Peabody, will sail for America next Wednesday.

The Irish of Smithwark have put the Fenian, Burke, forward as a candidate for the Commons.

There is considerable agitation in commercial circles at Manchester and elsewhere, relative to the increase of duty on the French textiles.

FRANCE.

PARIS, December 1.—It is reported that M. Guinot has had an audience with the Emperor every morning.

Apprehensions are entertained of disturbances on the anniversary of the death of Baudon.

LONDON, December 1.—Various Paris letters published in the morning papers agree that the Emperor's speech on the opening of the Corps Legislatif fell flat. The public mind is disappointed with the speech, and the more it is considered the less it is liked.

The *Times* of to-day, in an editorial, says, the Emperor has not yet mastered the full extent of the responsibility he conceals, is incompatible with the theory of personal government, which he would fain retain. He is embarrassed between the two principles, undecided and halting, and it is uncertain which way he will incline. Time was, when such a condition would hold in full the peaceful developement of French progress, but it is now past. Schneider is re-elected President of the Corps Legislatif.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 1.—A deputation waited on Prince Gortchakoff yesterday relative to establishing cotton fields and trade at Kiiva, Bokhara and elsewhere, in Asiatic possessions, in order to be able to successfully compete with the United States. The Prince promised the scheme his support.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, December 1.—Burlingame and other members of the Chinese Embassy were received at the Foreign Office to-day. The American treaty will probably be the base of that made with Prussia.

PORTUGAL.

LISBON, December 1.—Later advices from Paraguay state that Count Dean, in his pursuit of President Lepes, had arrived at San Extanislaus, lately occupied by troops of Lopez.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 1.—A steamer, laden with gunpowder, was seized to-day on the charge of being destined for the insurgents in Bulgaria.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, December 1.—Arrived, City of Glasgow, from New York.

LONDONDERRY, December 1.—Arrived, Hibernian, from Quebec.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, December 1.—*Evening.*—Consols for money 92¾; ex-dividend account 92¾. American Securities firm: 6's, 82⅝; 65s, 83⅝; 67s, 83⅝; 10-40s, 80¼; 62s, 84¾ at Frankfort; Erie, 21; Illinois, 99¼; Atlantic and Great Western, 25. Stocks steady.

PARIS, November 1.—Bourse firm at 71f. 80c.

LIVERPOOL, November 1.—Cotton firm: uplands 12⅝@12¾d; Orleans 12¾@12¾d; sales 20,000 bales. California White wheat 9s 7d; red western No. 2. 8s 5d@8s 6d; winter 9s. Western Flour 22s. Corn, No. 3 mixed, 29s 9d. Oats 3s. Pees 39s. Pork 111s 6d. Beef 102s 6d for new. Lard 75s 6d. Cheese 63s. Bacon 57s 6d for new. Spirits Petroleum is 4d; refined is 9d. Turpentine 28s.

LONDON, November 1.—Tallow 46s 9d. Refined Petroleum is 0¾d@9¼d. Turpentine 28s 9d@29s.

HAVRE, December 1.—Cotton active at 125f.

FRANKFORT, November 1.—5-20s firm and quiet at 90⅝@90¾.

PHILADELPHIA.

Synod of the German Reformed Church—Important Question Settled—Masonic Grand Lodge Officers Elected.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 1.—In the General Synod of the Reformed Church today a vote was reached on the report on the liturgy. The clause which prohibits the optional use of either liturgy, except by a vote of the congregation, was lost, 81 to 102. The other clause, which looks to the sending down of two liturgies to the classis for approval or disapproval, was also defeated, 76 to 105. The original report was then adopted, 117 to 62. Thus this vexed question was settled by allowing the free use of the western order of worship, placing it in the same position with eastern, which received such permission three years ago, until such time as the Church may be prepared to make a proper decision.

The following officers were elected by the R. W. Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of Pennsylvania to-day: Grand Master, Robert A. Lamberton, of Harrisburg; Deputy Grand Master, Samuel C. Pinkins; Senior Grand Warden, Alfred B. Patied; Junior Grand Warden, Robert Clark; Grand Treasurer, Peter Williamson; Grand Secretary, Jno. Thornton.

MISSISSIPPI.

The Election—Alcorn Probably Elected Governor.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, December 1.—The election news from Mississippi is very meagre. The *Avalanche's* special from Holly Springs says there is nothing definite. Marshall county has probably gone for Alcorn. A dispatch from Okalona says that the county has gone Radical by one hundred and fifty. No disturbances so far as heard from.

The *Avalanche*, Jackson, Mississippi, special says the returns are very scanty, but indicate Alcorn's election. The following counties give Alcorn majorities: Yazoo, 2,000; a gain of 1,500 over last year. Hinds, 1,600, Monroe, 2,000, Tondarsala, Tishomingo, Lawendes and Small give Alcorn 5,500 majority. Jefferson, 1,513, gain of 500; Jackson, 650; Noxubee, 2,751; Wilkinson, 2,500; Adams 2,500; Rankin, doubtful. The following give majorities for Dent: Talabusha, 700; Copiah 150. The river counties' vote is very small.

A dispatch from Grenada, Mississippi, says: Tallahala county gives 2,350 for Dent. Water Valley and Coffeeville goes for Dent.

Accidental Shooting.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 1.—Abram D. Allen, a well known and highly respected citizen of this county, accidentally shot himself, causing immediate death. This afternoon he took down his gun to shoot a hawk, blew in the nipple to ascertain if whether it was loaded, when his foot slipped from the hammer, discharging the load through his brain.

CINCINNATI.

Sale of the Cincinnati, Wilmington and Zanesville Railroad—Further Discussion of the Bible-School Question in the Court.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, December 1.—The Cincinnati, Wilmington and Zanesville Road will be sold at three o'clock this afternoon, to satisfy the claims of European holders of its bonds, who are represented by Charles Moran. The bidders are Thomas L. Jewett; in the interest of the Pennsylvania Central. Baltimore and Ohio will bid. In President (King) is expected; also Edgar J. Thomson, President of the Pennsylvania Central.

LATER.—The Cincinnati, Wilmington & Zanesville road was sold this afternoon to satisfy European holders of one million three hundred thousand dollars bonds, with two years accrued interest at seven per cent. One hundred and thirty-one miles of the road from Morrow to Zanesville, sixteen locomotives, sixteen passenger cars and seventy-nine freight, cattle, and coal cars, and real estate worth two hundred thousand, sold for one million seven hundred thousand dollars, the worth of the unpaid stock out. Thos. L. Jewett, President of the Pan Handle road, purchased, it is supposed, for the Pennsylvania Central. Charles Moran represented the European bond holders.

A meeting of Commissioners from the counties along the proposed line of the Columbus and Nashville Road, in conjunction with the incorporators of the same, was held at the Burnet House a short time this afternoon, and in the evening the latter meeting conferred with President Jewett, of the Panhandle, with the view of assurance that the Pennsylvania Central would iron and stock the road if the people would grade it. Jewett assured favorable consideration, but declined definite pledges for the present, owing to the large schemes on hands.

From Columbus to Aberdeen has been surveyed, and is being surveyed for 30 miles. The profile and surveys are to be sent to Jewett. The books will be opened for subscription of stock on January 15th, next year.

In the Bible question in the Supreme Court Geo. R. Sage spoke. His argument was against the position that religion essential to good Government, and that was the first reason assigned for the establishment of common schools. The religious reason for the Bible instruction is the religion of the Bible. No other religion can be observed in Ohio without violation of law. Constitutional recognition of its truth and divine religion is the great conservative element of society, and gives law, majesty, power, and the highest authority to Government, is bound by a regard for its own safety and welfare to furnish those who are to become its citizens the best knowledge of elementary truth's of religion, as can be imparted without interfering with the rights of conscience. Reading the bible with out note or comment, contains fundamental truths, and leaves individuals free to choose as to doctrines. The defendants admit that religious instruction by indispensable to make children good citizens; that large numbers would not receive it except in the public schools, and that it cannot be given if they omit the instruction on account of prejudices or sectarianism; of rights of conscience guaranteed by constitutions, the history and policy of the State, not by the whim or caprice of the citizen. The first right of conscience is that of the parents of information shall be open and free to every man, woman and child. It is the dogma of despotism, not the doctrine of liberty, that the rule of law of religion shall be given to the child, who is to exercise this right of conscience for self instructions. The rights of conscience are fully protected by the rule of schools excusing the children from all religious instructions in schools. Mr. Sage concluded this argument, having spoken four and a half hours.

Judge Stanley Matthews, who is an elder in the Presbyterian church, followed for defendants. He said his appearance cost him severe mental effort. Except the loss of dear children, it was the most painful event of his life. He was assailed, not by enemies but by friends: was charged with opposition to the Bible, and of the hatred of his Christian reputation. Yet he considered it his duty to appear. He deprecated this discussion as leading to a transfer of the school question to political parties. He thought the whole contest was over a small matter. The omission of the reading of the Bible would not do one tithe of the harm that would result from the violation of conscience by enforcing the rule. He deprecated the course with insisting upon the establishment of the Protestant religion by the State. He read a communication to the New York *Independent* by Rev. H. W. Bellows, which he characterized as "sound and fury," and nothing else. A discussion of this question between Catholics and civil war would result if they pushed their plans for the destruction of the of public schools. He read every word of that letter was contained in the argument of counsel on the other side.

The Court adjourned before his argument was concluded.

At the billiard tournament this afternoon, regular—Grunkemeyer 500, average 10 5-48; Cheney 500, average 8 5-48. Exhibition: Foley, of Chicago, 390, average 23 1-13; Sisson 255, average 19 8-13. Evening: Regular—Williamson 500, average 11 33-42; Casper 475, average 11 13 42. Exhibition: Foley 500, average 16 1 8; Sisson 211, average 11 13-18. The decisive game is in progress between Williamson and Grunkemeyer.

The billiard tournament closed tonight, Williamson being the winner, 500 in 49 innings; Grunkemeyer 484. Casper challenges Williamson.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The Democratic Convention of Boston last evening nominated George A. Baldwin for Mayor.

—The Missouri River, Fort Scott and Gulf Railroad will be open for business to Fort Scott next Monday.

—In the Alabama House yesterday, a colored man was elected Engrossing Clerk. The democrats voted for him against a white man.

—Sheriff G. W. Steinbonger was shot dead on Saturday night at New Iberia, La., by a negro, who was afterwards captured and hung by citizens.

—The weather at St. Louis turned very cold Tuesday night, the mercury sinking several degrees below the freezing point. It was clear and cold yesterday morning.

—A Conference of the friends of the proposed railroad, from Portland, Me., to Oswego, N. Y., is appointed at the American Hotel, Saratoga, on the 15th, inst.

—George C. Heinsahn, the absconding Louisville alderman, has forged notes and otherwise victimized his friends to the amount of nearly forty thousand dollars.

—Ansell's flouring mill was totally destroyed by fire at Rainsbeck, N. Y., Tuesday night. Loss $15,000. Insured. The property was owned by Mr. Radcliffe, of Kingston.

—Robert Rowland Blackamait, living near Jeffersonville, Ind., suicided Tuesday night by cutting his throat from ear so ear. Cause—intoxication and spiritualism. He leaves a wife and three children.

—Early yesterday morning the Reformed Dutch Church, of New Ark, was entered by burglars and the communion service carried off. Daniel Tang and Geo. Prider were arrested and the property recovered.

—The building occupied by the Bank Note Printing Company of Ottowa, Canada, was destroyed by fire Tuesday night. Some of the most valuable presses and the office furniture were saved. Loss $8,000.

—An accident occurred on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad Sunday night. The Richmond down train came in collision with a freight train, causing considerable damage to the cars. One employe of the company was seriously injured.

—Latest accounts from Albion county, Tenn., represent all quiet. Two of the negroes thought to have been killed by the mob after the affair at Jones, escaped by falling, when others were shot. They are now in the Troy jail, for safety from the mob. Mr. Jones is still in Memphis.

—The New Orleans sugar fraud cases were disposed of yesterday before the United States Court. A verdict for the defendants was given, and the sugar, amounting to two hundred and nine hogsheads and valued at $45,000, was condemned. It was the cargo of the schooner C. H. Kennedy, which arrived during Perry Fuller's administration, and was 26,000 pounds under weight.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE Vermont Legislature has passed a bill holding liquor dealers responsible for the damage to persons or property done by those obtaining liquors of them.

IT is reported that the murderer of Mr. Charles Rogers,—the two months wonder of a year ago,—has returned to New York, and the detectives are again trying to ferret him out.

A NEW coffin manufactory was opened in Williamsburg, N. Y., a short time since, by a grand festival. Eight hundred were present, who the proprietor hopes will be patrons.

ONE of the coldest nights of last week, a young widow was found praying and crying at the grave of her husband, and nearly perished from cold. She could be removed only by force.

THE managers of the Pacific railroad are preparing fuel and provision cars to run with every train during the winter, so that if a train gets snowed in, the passengers will not freeze or starve to death.

AN Indiana correspondent deserves a niche in the Temple of Fame, by the side of the "Great American Condensor." In speaking of a recent lynching, he says: "We arrived on the ground about 6 o'clock in the morning, and found Billy Stark hanging to the limb of a beech tree. At 9 o'clock we cut him down."

A WOMAN in Wisconsin, after having married and buried a second husband, is an applicant for a divorce in order to marry the third, she having just learned that her first husband, who was reported murdered in California seven years ago, is still in the flesh and living with a second wife in San Francisco.

IN a case at New York it has been decided that the delivery of a letter to the authorized agent of the person to whom it is addressed terminates the responsibility of the post offices with it, and the subsequent embezzlement by such agent is not an offence against the United States, but can only be taken cognizance of in the State courts.

JUDGE WILKINS, of the United States District Court, announced, in discharging the Grand Jury at Detroit on Friday, that it was probably the last time he should ever address a Grand Jury of the Court, as the time had arrived when, under the provisions of the act of Congress permitting aged Judges to retire from the Bench upon full pay.

OUT in Omaha a German alleges that he was kept locked up in a hotel for two weeks, without his consent, by a physician wait upon him and treat him for lunacy, and a bill run up against him for board and attendance amounting to the entire sum of money in his possession, $300. He believes that he was drugged and kept in durance for the purpose of depriving him of his funds. The police were investigating the affair.

INDIANA farmers do not give encouraging reports of the wheat crop prospect for next season, so much of that sown not having a chance to get well sprouted before the freezing weather caught it. During the time of the drought that succeeded the sowing, wheat in the ground, if it remained, in great part, lay a state of uncertainty as to whether it would sprout and grow, or preserve its kernel identity, the germ being dead, or alive, and the earth in which it had found a lodgment.

THE report of the Ohio Board of Charities shows that three hundred and forty-seven convicts were received at the Ohio Penitentiary during the year; ninety were twenty-one years of age; sixty-three claimed to be temperate sons, one hundred and sixty-five moderate drinkers, and seventy-nine intemperate; four had received classical educations and one hundred fifty-two common educations; thirty-three can neither read nor write, fifty can barely read and write, one hundred and eight barely read and write.

THE sister of Father Hyacinthe has also left the Convent of the Carmelites and abandoned the veil. The following are the circumstances: About a month previous to the famous manifest when everybody was commenting on the scandalous life of a certain nun being publicly driven to insanity in a prison of the convent, Father Hyacinthe hastened to the convent where his sister was immured and demanded her dismissal in the name of the law, and succeeded in taking her of an order in the bosom of which such outrages were being perpetrated.

THE *Methodist*, the organ of the Lay Delegation party in the Methodist Episcopal Church, recently published a portion of the recent report of the Book Committee. The Church, it says, should know the amount of its losses by mismanagement. The full explanatory documents included in the trial, containing minor details and figures, should be given to the public. Those who are vindicated by the facts should have the benefit of publicity, and those whom the facts condemn should be exposed. The parties are responsible for their "mismanagement and carelessness."

VINCENT COLYER, special Indian Commissioner, arrived in Omaha on the 25th, *en route* east, having made the trip from Sitka along the Alaska coast in twenty two days. He has visited two-thirds of all the Indian tribes in the United States. He found over seventy thousand in Alaska. They have droves of cattle, and many mechanical tools, raise considerable grain, and, in fact, are much superior to most other Indian tribes. They are now quite peaceable, especially partial to Americans, and live in villages of well constructed buildings. He considers the purchase of Alaska a most judicious and profitable one for the United States.

REPORTS from England are to the effect that the iron trade is now in a better condition than it has been for the past four years. The rich mines of Cleveland are producing many thousands of tons of ore every day, and the blast furnaces of the world's iron market are making immense quantities of pigs. All the makers are now so well sold forward that they refuse to book orders for next year's delivery at the present rates. As much as fifty shillings are now given for No. 1, and there is every prospect of the price still advancing. In every branch of the finished iron trade there is great brakness, and prices are consequently much improved.

THE Treasurer of the United States now holds $75,478,800 in six per cent. bonds on account of the regular sinking fund, and the fund is held subject to the order of Congress. All this purchased since the 11th of May, when the Secretary of the Treasury initiated his new policy. These bonds cost the Government $83,289,270. The interest on them gives an income of $4,526,728 per year to the Government, of which $703,304 already fallen due has been invested in $787,000 of bonds which are also held subject to the order of Congress. The Secretary, as heretofore announced, has ordered the purchase of $13'000,000 bonds during the month of December, and is likely by the first of next May to have reduced the public debt in this way at least $125,000,000.

GROUND was broken last week at Providence for the Rhode Island Soldiers' Monument. The structure is to be of Westerly granite, said to be the finest material of the kind in the United States, and it is the intention to have the monument completed for dedication on the fourth of July next. There will be three bronze statues, seven feet in height, representing a cavalry soldier, an artillery soldier and a sailor; also a crowning statue, ten feet in height, representing the Genius of America. The names of over sixteen hundred men, from the Major General to the common soldier, from the Naval commander to the ordinary seaman, who gave up their lives to save their country, will be placed on bronze tables at the base of the monument.

TRAUPMAN, the *assassin a la* mode in Paris, has been subjected to the scrutiny of M. Berger, a French professor of phrenology. The results of his investigations are at least startling, and to the uninitiated might appear contradictory. The most highly developed organ of Traupman's head is the love of children. With the memory of his recent exploits fresh in one's mind, this announcement is calculated to take one by surprise, but the learned professor explains that an abnormal development of the bumps of combativeness, secretiveness and acquisitiveness enables an otherwise benevolent person to overcome his philanthropic tendencies. The well-known M. Desbarrolles has also been admitted to examine the hands of the Fantin murderer, but his report is less favorable. In the lines of the palm he reads the sign of many evil passions, and traces a general resemblance between his fingers and those of the notorious Dumollard, who was executed a few years ago for having murdered sixteen girls in seven years.

ON the 11th of November, Rossini's remains were disinterred at the Pere La Chaise Cemetery, in Paris. About twenty of the friends of the deceased *maestro* were present on the occasion, at the request of his widow. Rossini, whose remains have been temporarily buried in the vault of the Countess Pepoli (Alboni), rests now in a mausoleum constructed in the so-called Alley of Honor, facing the large entrance portal. On the front of the monument is engraved in letters of gold, the word "Rossini." The interior walls of the chapel are painted in red. Two marble tables are fixed in the walls on the right and left. In the background is a small altar of white marble.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIVIDEND.
AMERICAN BANK,
PITTSBURGH, December 1st, 1869.
The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of six PER CENT. on the capital stock, payable to the stockholders or their legal representatives forthwith.
WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 30, 1869.
AT A MEETING OF THE Board of Directors, held to-day, Mr. ANDREW LONG was duly elected Cashier of this Bank, vice Mr. H. M. Murray resigned.
JAMES S. MURRAY,
President.

ATTENTION, BEATH ZOUAVES!
There will be a meeting THIS, THURSDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock sharp, at the Armory. Business important. By order of the President.
JAS. S. BEATH, Captain.

LAFAYETTE HALL.
Rev. JOHN DOWLING, D.D.
Author of Romanism, &c., will deliver a Lecture on the GREAT SIN OF THE POPE, AND ANTAGONISTIC to the KINGDOM OF CHRIST,
IN LAFAYETTE HALL,
On Tuesday Evening, Dec. 7, 1869.
Doors open at 7; commence at 7½. Tickets 50c. For sale at Meiser & Hoene's, 53 Fifth Avenue; Kleber's, 75 Wood street; Sloan & King's, 96 Fourth Avenue.

HEARTH AND HOME,
AN ILLUSTRATED
Rural, Literary & Family Weekly,
OF 16 LARGE, HANDSOME PAGES,
EDITED BY DONALD G. MITCHELL,
Assisted by an able Corps of Associates in all Departments.
HEARTH AND HOME meets the wants of all members of good families everywhere, and contains the best of everything for everybody in city, village and country. It gives practical information, by the most competent writers, upon all Rural topics—Farming, Fruit Growing, Flower Culture, Ornamental Gardening, Domestic Economy, Country and City Homes, their Furniture and Adornment, Domestic Recreations and Keeping Minds, &c.
It has Choice Stories, Sketches Essays, Poems, Wit and Humor, the News, Money and Market Reports, Useful Patterns for Dress, Household and in short, all the features of a FIRST-CLASS WEEKLY. It contains 16 large pages, each number has an abundant variety for Fathers, Mothers, Sons, Daughters, even to the youngest child.
REDUCED RATES FOR 1870.
Invariably in advance. Single Copies, $4; Three Copies, all at one time, $11; Five Copies, $18. Getting HEARTH AND HOME for Clubs of Five or more subscribers at $3.60 each, the Proprietors, at is the Publishers of the Great Weekly Newspaper in the world. Subscribers who have received a specimen number, and here to that date Free, and their year will end January 1, 1870, can renew their subscriptions at the reduced rate.
PETTINGILL, BATES & CO.,
37 Park Row, New York.

STILL GREATER BARGAINS.
Another Lot New Millinery Goods
Cheaper than ever, at
MRS. ROBB'S,
91 Federal Street, Allegheny.
Velvet Hats, 35 cents.
Ruffled Collars, 10 cents.
Cord Hair Nets, 15 cents.
ALL OTHER GOODS IN PROPORTION.
New Lot Linen Collars,
ALL STYLES, CHEAP.
91 FEDERAL STREET.

DILWORTH, HARPER & CO.
243 LIBERTY STREET,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
100 Barrels "Perfection" Drips,
The finest ever brought to this market.
55 BARRELS N. O. MOLASSES,
CHOICE NEW CROP.
25 HHDS. N. O. SUGAR.
PRIME YELLOW CLARIFIED.
To which they Invite the Attention of the Trade.

NEW BOOKS.
The Building of the Ship. By Henry W. Longfellow.....2 50
How Do I Know? By the author of "What Makes Me Grow?".....2 00
Dame Nature and Her Three Daughters. A Grandpapa's Talk and Stories About Material History and Things of Daily Use. By Beale, author of "Picciola" Notes in England and Italy. By Mrs. Mathorne.....2 00
Cora Pearl. A Series of Essays on Women. By F. Lyan Linton.....1 75
Discovered by Father Hyacinthe, translated by Leonard Wools