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TERMS OF THE DAILY.
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PETROLEUM at Antwerp, firm.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at $1.30½@1.30¾.

STATE ITEMS.

THE New Opera House at Meadville was formally opened last week.

A CONVENTION of the Good Templars of Western Pennsylvania met in Franklin, Venango, on the 10th.

PETER HERDIC, Rep., was elected Mayor of Williamsport, on the 12th, by 816 majority over Henry C. Parsons.

THE Meadville tailors have been on a strike for higher wages, but their differences with employers have been adjusted.

THE new court house at Franklin will be ready for the January court. The bell, weighing 2363 lbs., was furnished by Fulton & Co., Pittsburgh.

OIL has been struck three and a half miles from Meadville, at the Preston well, but whether the production will be in paying quantity has not yet been demonstrated.

AN unsuccessful attempt was recently made to rob the Wyoming National Bank, at Tunkhannock. The burglars not being supplied with the proper tools, were unable to force open the safe.

A little son of P. B. Weaver, of Punxsutawney, Jefferson county, a few days since got possession of an old pistol, kept in a bureau drawer, and discharged it, the contents passing into his stomach, causing death in a few hours.

THE excitement on local candidates in Lawrence county was so great in many of the townships, that the vote on the county ticket was first counted, and the messengers brought that in without waiting for the result for Governor.

THE vote for the Assembly in Luzerne county, where the Republicans gain two members, was:

McAlooon, R.	9,133	O'Neil, D.	8,765
Coxey, R.	8,832	Westler, D.	8,794
Wilson, R.	8,828	Keenne, D.	8,510

The Republican Candidate for County Treasurer was also elected by a majority of 1,022.

ON the 2d, Charles Myers, of Orrstown, Franklin county, was seriously burned by the explosion of an oil lamp, caused by a candle flaring held in too close proximity to the walls being filled. His wife, who was pouring the oil from a can into the lamp, strange to say, escaped unhurt.

CITIZENS of Girard, Fairview and Swanstown are endeavoring to secure the extension of the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad from some point south of Girard through those places to Erie, the Lake Shore Road over which the Erie & Pittsburgh now reaches Erie not passing within a mile of any of them.

At the meeting of the Erie County Reform Judges, on Friday of last week, the opinion was unanimously expressed, in the shape of a resolution, that "the law combining the election of State, county and township, works confusion, without any compensating benefit, and therefore ought to be repealed at the next session of the Legislature."

MR. ALEXANDER MCBRIDE, seventy-five years of age, residing at Harlansburg, Lawrence county, recently met at the house of his son, Mr. Thomas McBride, in New Castle, his family of nine children. The reunion is considered remarkable from the fact that Mr. McBride never lost a child, and that all of his offspring met on this occasion.

THE Republican majority in Oil Creek township, Crawford county, was materially diminished and electors embarrassed by the theft of printed tickets. Similar inconvenience was experienced in Spartansburg, in the same county, the person who had charge of the Republican tickets carrying them off forgetting to deliver them. In both instances it became necessary to send to Titusville for tickets.

THE arrest of Mr. Deiss, chief clerk of the Philadelphia Court of Common Pleas, proves to be quite as great an outrage as it appeared on the first showing. After Mr. D. had been under arrest, and locked in a cell, for a considerable time, Alderman McMullin took bail in $1,000 for his appearance, the bond reading "on suspicion of tampering with the election papers in the Common Pleas." Judge Allison, to whose attention the case had been called, after hearing the statement of Mr. Deiss, and also that of the officer who had arrested him, said this high-handed outrage committed by police officers of the city, whose duty it was to defend the law and protect the rights of citizens, was not simply a wrong done to Mr. Deiss individually, but a wrong done to him when he was engaged in the performance of his duty as an officer of the Court. His Honor directed a warrant to be issued for the officer who made the arrest, (Lieut. Killakey) returnable forthwith, and fixed the officer to bail in the sum of $5,000 to answer.

GENERAL NEWS.

ONE HORSE street cars is the latest Chicago innovation.

—Wisconsin boasts of one hundred and forty-four bushels of wheat to the acre.

KANSAS furnished $1,440 worth of tobacco to penitentiary convicts last year.

THE Louisiana Legislature is to be called together in special session Dec. 1st.

CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN has purchased a $15,000 tract of land on the Illinois lake Geneva.

BEARS are very numerous in Minnesota and have been depredating on farmers' hogs.

A CO Pullman hotel train on the Pacific Railroad is expected to make 1,000 miles in 84 hours.

INDIANS of the Pottowatomie Tribe, in Kansas, are becoming citizens of the United States.

DEMOCRATIC "spiritualists," with Ouija at the spot, are trying to raise the dead, and are visible thereabout.

Anti-papal papers are making by Evangelical papers for welcoming Father Hyacinthe on his arrival in this country.

AN Indiana woman recently swallowed a large black spider, producing sickness and incessant vomiting for several days.

B. B. HAYES, Governor and Governor elect of Ohio, has gone with his wife and others to Put-in-Bay for a week's recreation.

A JEW peddler of ready-made clothing was murdered by his assistant clerk, on the 90th, in Greenfield, Huron county, Ohio.

ONE of the Sandwich Islands claims to have the largest orchard in the world, some of the trees bearing fifty barrels of apples.

THREE of the leading banks in Baltimore have been lending as high as eighty per cent. of their capital for speculative purposes.

WORK on the Hoosac Tunnel has been interrupted by the sudden encroachment of the water. One of the workmen was drowned.

THE Rogues' Gallery and Museum of Criminal Curiosity, in Albany, N. Y., was opened the other day for the inspection of ladies.

THE Louisiana cotton crop will not all be gathered, owing to the scarcity of hands. Four dollars a day is paid for picking on Red River.

A LADY in Augusta, Me., bestows as much attention upon a horse as a French lady would on her poodle. She grooms the animal with her own hands.

BAXOON, Miss., has refused to extend aid to a railroad by a vote of 588 nays to 605 ayes—a two-thirds vote in favor of the proposition being required.

THE Longshoremen's Union, No. 1, of New York, has 2,300 members and a bank account of $10,000, and is the largest trade organization in the city.

TWELVE veterans of 1812, whose united ages were 930 years, met recently at Newport, R. I., for the purpose of signing a petition to Congress for aid.

AT a recent fair in Boston 26,000 persons were weighed, and their average weight was 133 pounds. The heaviest man balanced the scales at 370; pounds.

THE earnings of the Marietta and Cincinnati Railroad Company for September amounted to $140,443—a increase of $20,954 over the same month of last year.

A New York city paper knows a prescription clerk who gets only eight dollars a week, and is compelled to sleep where he can hear and answer the bell at any hour of the night.

THE tenth case of hanging by armed mobs in Jackson county, Indiana, transpired on the night of the 5th, one Stephen Clark, a man of very disreputable character, being the victim.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE CAPITAL.

Interesting Supreme Court Decisions—Commission Revoked—The Privateer Hornet will be Condemned—New Currency Being Issued.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, October 18, 1869.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE SUPREME COURT.

In the Supreme Court to-day the decision rendered by Justice Davis in the case number three of John H. McKee vs. United States, a claim for cotton and other property, captured at Alexandria, La., by the naval forces under command of Admiral Porter, engaged in the Red river expedition in the spring of 1864. The claimant was a citizen and resident of New Orleans, who traded beyond the lines under a permit of a Treasury agent, and by virtue of a license of the military authorities then in possession of the country. The cotton, &c., was purchased from McKee, a distant relative of the claimant, and an agent of the rebel Treasury Department for the purchase and sale of cotton. The decision below against the claimant is affirmed; the Court holding that under the acts of Congress in operation at the time of the seizure, any Treasury agent who issued a permit authorizing a trade with the enemy beyond the military lines, did so without warrant of law, and the permit was void. That the duty of the military was wholly confined to the prosecution of persons trading under legal authority obtained from the proper department of the Government, and a license or permit obtained from that source to anything unlawful conferred no authority whatever. It was also held that the whole transaction was void, and the claimant had never held any title to the property in question, because it had been purchased for an agent of the rebel Government. The appeal came from the Circuit Court for Southern District of Illinois.

No. 155th: The Mayor and Council of the City of Memphis and Memphis Gayoza Gas Co. vs. Thompson Dean. This is an appeal from the decree of the Circuit Court for the District of West Tennessee. Dean, who is a citizen of the State of New York, filed his bill in the Court to restrain the City of Memphis from subscribing to the capital stock of the Memphis Gayoza Gas Company, and enjoin the latter Company from manufacturing or selling gas in the City of Memphis. He alleged that the Memphis Gas Company, of which he was a large stockholder, had neglected and refused to protect its interests by instituting the proper legal proceedings, and claimed the right to sue in the name of the Company for his own protection, and the protection of the general interest. The bill alleged that the city of Memphis had contracted with the complainant's Company to supply exclusively the corporation with gas for twenty years, and had for a consideration granted the exclusive use of the streets for the purpose of laying pipe &c. That in the face of this contract it had, by a resolution, proposed to submit to the corporate vote the question of subscribing for $250,000 of the capital stock of the Gayoza Co., a rival company, whose successful operation would greatly reduce the value of the complainant's interest. The Court below rendered a decree in favor of the complainant's, granting an injunction to the full extent prayed for. Justice Nelson delivered the opinion. The decree of the Circuit Court is reversed, the Court holding: First—That under the rules of the Memphis Gas Company, which found the complainant the same as other corporations, the complainant was estopped from suing in the name of the Company, and had no standing in the Circuit Court on his merits. It is held that there is nothing in the contract between the city of Memphis and complainant's Company that in the least violates, by the subscription to the stock of the Gayoza Company, that all the complainant's Company can claim of the city is, that the city shall use the gas of that Company for the term of years and price agreed upon; that the laying of pipes in the street by the Company and manufacture and sale of gas by the new company to the people of the city cannot be a violation of the contract, and cannot be restrained. The case was remanded, with directions to dismiss the bill.

No. 21, original. The State of Texas vs. G. Peabody & Co. *et al.* Hon. G. Pasal Comegys, filed in favor of the State at the last term of the court. The bill charges that Geo. Peabody & Co., and the other respondents purchased these bonds knowing that they had been disposed of by the rebel authorities of Texas for supplies during the war; that they were unlindamned by any Governor of Texas, and that they were in direct violation of the laws of the State. It is further charged that half of these bonds were sent by Geo. Peabody & Co. to New York and were redeemed there by the United States Treasury, and paid for in gold, said Peabody & Co. concealing the above facts.

THE HORNET WILL BE CONDEMNED.

A gentleman who arrived here tonight direct from Wilmington, says the United States Commissioner, Collector of the port, and prominent attorney, have no doubt the Hornet will be condemned and dismantled. When the Hornet was captured she had on board ten tons of ballast coal. This was removed by order of the Collector and the connecting links of the engine severed. Capt. Higgins put into port solely under distress. The steamer Frolic, which was sent from New York, was under orders to prevent the cruise of the Hornet at all hazards, even to the seizing of her. The Frolic, now at Wilmington, will remain to render any assistance necessary, until the case is fully decided. The revenue cutter McCullough is also at Wilmington. It is not supposed that Captain Higgins will be held for trial, as he assumed command on the high seas and after the Hornet had had received her armament and ammunition; but that the crew should be tried—some tried for the treason. He was recognized among the officers of the party who captured Rhind, having been engaged in carrying arms out of a Northern port. The officers and crew of the Hornet are represented to be of good good fighting material, and capable of making a bold demonstration should the opportunity be offered.

NEW CURRENCY.

The backs of the one and ten dollar new currency will be received from New York to-morrow, and the printing will be completed here, and the notes will be issued in the course of ten days. The new two's will be issued to-morrow.

COMMISSION REVOKED.

The Commission of Noah S. Mowe, recently appointed Internal Revenue Collector of the 7th District of Kentucky, has been revoked, and Mr. Kellow reappointed.

Chicago Briefs.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburg's Gazette.)

CHICAGO, October 18.—The Attorney General of this State has given his opinion that the title to the land which has been donated by citizens of Carbondale for the Southern Normal University is defective and insufficient. This will reopen the question of the location of that institution.

F. Lawson was instantly killed this morning by the falling of a large mass of rock from the roof of the Taylor coal shaft in Lasalle, Ill. Otto Olsen Ritzen was also severely injured at the same time. The mass of rock was so heavy that it required the united strength of fifteen men to remove it from the dead body of Lawson.

The one hundred and forty-five thousand dollars worth of securities stolen from the banking house of Collins, Hillman & Co., a few weeks since, have all been recovered through the detective force employed.

The condition of Admiral Farragut is daily improving. He will probably be able to leave for home in a few days.

The following Insurance Cos. outside of Chicago are losers by the destructive fire on Canal street yesterday: Reliance, City of Rockford, $2,100; Winnoshunk, Freeport, $2,100; Ætna, Hartford $2,100; Illinois Mutual, $2,100; Monumental, Baltimore, $2,100; Franklin, New York, $2,100; Western, Iowa, $2,100; Tentonia, Ohio, $2,100; Security, N. Y., $1,500; Hamilton Co., Ohio, $1,500; Peoples, Ohio, $1,575; Roger Williams, R. I., $1,500; Southwestern, Cairo, $1,500; North American, Hartford, $1,500. The whole loss will approximate $60,000.

NEW YORK CITY.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, October 18, 1869.

A formidable strike of the mechanics employed in the shops of the Erie Railway is in progress. Not less than 600 men have refused to work, 400 at Susquehanna and 200 at the Jersey City. It is alleged that the scarcity of currency has prevented the prompt payment of the men, and that the Company have been compelled to pay as high as ten per cent. for it. The pay rolls are said also to have been delayed by the freshets and breaks in the road. But it is claimed that all the hands were paid on the 15th, except those at Port Jervis, numbering 116, and they were to have been paid Saturday, but struck on Friday, and were on the following day paid and dismissed. The Susquehanna hands struck in consequence thereof on Saturday, and those at Jersey City to-day, and have been paid and discharged. It is supposed those at Buffalo, some 200 more, are also on a strike. The officers of the road say the strike will occasion no interruption to the business of the road, as applications are numerous, that they will have no difficulty in filling the places of the strikers with new men. It appears that the Erie Company some months ago, inaugurated a system of consolidation of machine shops, and that those at Paterson and Piermont have been closed, and that the Port Jervis shop will be closed soon. The object is a reduction of expenses.

Father Hyacinth arrived to-day on the Periere, and proceeded very quietly to the house of a friend. Report says he will be visited upon by a deputation from the various denominational societies, and requested to explain his views of Roman Catholicism before their congregations.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has suspended interference with pigeon shooting matches in deference to the opinion of a large portion of the press and public.

The passage of the steamship Periere, from Brest, is stated to be the quickest western voyage on record—eight days and sixteen hours.

The steamer Holsatia, from Hamburg, arrived to-night.

Father Hyacinthe is at Fifth Avenue Hotel, where he will, it is said, remain in seclusion for ten days, and will then visit Boston and Washington. At the expiration of his visit to this country he will proceed to Rome to seek admission to the Ecumenical Council. He brought letters of introduction to Gen. Dix and Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, and is a personal friend of the poet Longfellow, and other distinguished gentlemen in this country. He does not speak the English language. Fernando Wood was a fellow passenger, and extended many attentions to him during the voyage, which was very agreeable and pleasant.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, October 18.—Freights unsettled. Oats and corn weaker; shipments at 11c@19c respectively to New York. Wheat nominally 23c. Flour inactive. Wheat unsettled; sales 6000 bus No 2 Chicago Spring at $1.30. Corn was rejected do. 87c; 25,000 bus No. 2 Racine on private terms; 13,000 bus No. 2 Red Winter at $1.20. Corn dull; sales of firm, with sales of 5000 bus choice Western 80c. Oats: there is a better feeling and firmer; sales of 8,000 bus 47c; small parcels selling at 48c. Rye nominal. Barley: there is a fair demand; quality and the extreme range of sales of 4 car loads Canada, choice, at $1.22 on track; 7000 bus Canada, per sample, at $1.15, in store; 2000 bus do. at $1.18@1.19, bagged and delivered. Peas sales 2 car loads Canada, at noon at $1.16; choice, nominal at $1.25. Seeds neglected. Pork and lard on the spot nominal. Highwines nominal at $1.15@$1.16.

NEW ORLEANS, October 18.—Cotton is firm at 25½c for middling; sales 2,850, including 500 bales on speculation; 431 bbls. Flour dull and declining slightly; sales of superfine; $5.05 for double extra, and $5.85 for family extra. Corn nominal at $1.03, and white $1.10. Oats 58@60c for fair to prime. Bacon quiet 18½, 21½ and 22½c. Hams 24@26c. Lard 18@19½c for tierces, and 20½@21½c for tubs. Sugar 12c for common, and 14½c for prime. Molasses, plantation rebolled at 50@60c. Whisky nominal at $1.27½c. Coffee in fair demand at 19½@19½c for prime, and 18½@19½c for fair. Gold 22½. Sterling 140½. N. Y. sight ½@¾ dis. count.

ALBANY, Oct. 18.—Cattle more active this week, supply larger and average quality, and prices ½c higher to a premium. Extra steers sold quickly at on a range of 5½@5½c; common and poor cattle sold at last week's prices; fine dressed Kentucky steers sold at 8½@8½c; medium 6¾@7½c; Cherokees slow at 7c; Texas at 4½@5½c; native bulls 3c. Sheep and lambs supply a better demand; lambs brought the full prices of last week. Sheep fell off ½c and slow of sale; sheep 4½@5½c; lambs 7½@8½c. Hogs dull; Illinois 10½@11c; Michigan 9½@10c; New York 10¾@10½c.

CINCINNATI, October 18.—Flour in good demand and steady; sales of 1,000 bbls at $6.50 for No. 1. Spring Wheat dull; sales of 1,000 bush white Michigan at $1.27. Corn active and firmer; sales of 2,000 Milwaukee Club at $1.05. Corn held at 86c for No. 2. Barley steady; sales of 1,000 spring Canada on private terms; 10,000 Spring Canada on private terms and 13,000 do. on private terms. Canal freights: wheat 20c, barley 16½c to New York. Lake exports: 12,000 bush wheat, 17,200 corn, 95,000 barley, 65,000 rye. Canal exports: 87,000 bush wheat, 94,000 barley, 7,200 rye.

CHICAGO, October 18.—At open Board this afternoon grain markets were generally quiet but firmer. Wheat sold at $1.05½@1.05, seller the month; $1.03½ seller November. Corn dull at 85½@86, seller the month. Oats active on speculative account; sales liberal at 44@44½c spot buyer the month; 44½@44¾c seller first half at 40; seller the year at 39. Provisions and freights neglected and nominally unchanged. Rye dull at $1.03 for No. 2 wheat, seller the month, and 86c for No. 2 corn, seller the month.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 18.—Flour firm with a good demand for western; sales range $5.50@5.75; extra $5.75@6.00; family $7@7.25. Wheat firmer and higher; prime to choice $1.40@1.45. Corn firm and active; western $1.05@1.06. Oats firm at 58@60c. Rye $1.10@1.12. Mess pork quiet at $33. Bacon firm; ½c higher; 22c; clear rib 21c; shoulders 14@14½c; hams 24@25c. Lard quiet at 18½@19c. Whisky in good inquiry at $1.26@1.27.

TOLEDO, October 18.—Flour quiet. Wheat unchanged, No. 1 white Michigan at $1.25, regular at $1.12, amber Michigan at $1.15. No. 1 red at $1.10@1.10. No. 2 red at $1.14. No. 3 at $1.06. Corn 2c lower and quiet. No. 1 at 80c, No. 2 at 78c. Oats steady. No. 1 at 47c. Freight, 4½ and 10c. Receipts—5,350 bbls flour, 1,080 bush. rye, 19,185 bush barley. Shipments—10,653 bbls. flour, 40,158 bush. wheat, 9,000 bush. Corn, 9,946 bush. oats, 2,000 bush. rye.

PHILADELPHIA, October 18.—Flour active and firmer. Wheat more active, with sales 35,000 bush western red at $1.40; Pennsylvania do $1.44@1.45; white $1.46@1.48. Rye commands $1.10@1.15. Corn less active, with mixed western at $1@1.02; yellow dull at 89@87c. Petroleum firm, with crude at 21½c, and refined 32½c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Whisky dull and lower; iron bound 1.25.

LOUISVILLE, October 18.—Cotton dull and nominal. Flour in good demand; superfine at $5.75. Wheat; red at $1.40; white at $1.15. Corn at 90c. Oats at 50c. Rye at 90c. Leaf tobacco firm; sales 31 hhds at $7.50@12.50. Provisions quiet and firm. Mess pork, at $33.75. Bacon, shoulders at 17½c; clear sides at 20½c; no clear rib in market. Lard quiet at 18½c. Whisky quiet at $1.15.

PHILADELPHIA, October 18.—Beeves in fair demand and advanced; sales of 3,000 head; 8½@9½c for extra western steers; 7@8½c for fair to good; 5@6½c per gross for common. Sheep unchanged; sales of 1,200 at 4½@6½ per lb by gross. Hogs unchanged; sales of 3,600 head at 14@14½c per cwt net.

MILWAUKEE, October 18.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat weak at $1.07½ for No. 1, $1.03@1.04 for No. 2. Oats firm at 40c for No. 2. Corn firm at 74c for No. 2. Rye nominal at 80c for No. 1. Barley dull and nominal at 79c for No. 1. Grain freights firm at 7 and 12½c to Buffalo and Oswego.

MEMPHIS, October 18.—Cotton firmer; middling 24½c; receipts 2,845 bales; exports 107 bales. Flour firm; superfine $5@5.25. Corn; new 95c; old $1. Oats 63½. Hay $20. Bran $24. Cornmeal fresh $4.50; kiln dried $4. Pork $18.50. Lard 19½c. Bacon steady, shoulders 18c, sides 19½c.

NASHVILLE, October 18.—Cotton; good ordinary 23@23½c, and low middlings 23½@24c. Wheat; red $1.05, amber $1.10, and white $1.15@1.20. Corn $1.15. Rye $1. Barley $1.25. Oats 60c. Flour $5@7 for superfine to fancy. Bacon; sides 20c, shoulders 17½c, and hams 21@22c.

DETROIT, October 18.—Flour active and steady at $5.50@6.75. Wheat: receipts 14,000 bush; demand active; extra white $1.24; No. 1 do. $1.16; regular $1.08@1.09; amber $1.13. Corn higher; sales at 80@85c. Oats 46c. Barley $105 per 100 lbs. St. Louis, October 17.—Cattle steady at 2½c@4½c for inferior to good. Prime and choice would bring 5c@6½c. Hogs are in request at 8c@9½c for prime to choice.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

London "Times" on General Prim—Capture of Valencia—Loss of Life Trifling—Meeting of the Corps Legislatif—Reason for this New Wrong—Pall Mall "Gazette" on Affairs in Spain—Better Days Dawning on Mexico—Markets and Miscellany.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SPAIN.

MADRID, October 18.—The loss of life in the fighting which preceded the capture of Valencia was trifling. Of the National troops only two were killed and seven wounded. The losses of the insurgents are unknown. It has been ascertained that no tax-payer or householder of Valencia took part in the revolt. Many streets where barricades were erected or resistance offered to the advance of the troops, the walls are marked: "Here stood Valencia." The final attack would have been made early in the week had the troops not been obliged to wait for ammunition. The capture of Valencia has had a tranquillizing effect all over the country. Official reports state that only a few of the remnants of dispersed bands are now roaming through the provinces.

LONDON, October 18.—The *Times* has an article on General Prim. The writer admits that Prim is not a man of transcendent genius, but has depth, coolness and boundless ambition. He has the army in his hands, and intends to keep it as long as Spain is without a King. None can wrest form him the sword, which is the real sceptre of Spain. Prim sees this, and resolves that no King shall preside over Spain but the one of his own making, or under his influence; and above all no Montapensier, whom he had always opposed. It is not easy or hardly desirable to break through the arrangement which places in Prim's hands the virtual Sovereignty. If Prim is disposed to make good use of his victory, let him introduce into our politics no improvident clemency or inordinate liberty, but keep order based on legality.

LONDON, October 18.—The Pall Mall *Gazette* thinks the formation of a republic in Spain would be a step in the right direction. Spain has undertaken a long journey to make before she can become well instructed, civilized and prosperous.

FRANCE.

PARIS, October 18.—A council of Ministers met this morning at Compeigne, the Emperor presiding, and held two sessions to-day. M. Rouher in the Senate has come to Compeigne to supply the place of Prince La Tour D'Auvergne, Minister of Foreign Affairs, whose continued illness prevents his attendance.

The opposition Deputies to the Corps Legislatif held a meeting to-day, at which they drew up and signed a manifesto. They declare they will not go to the Legislative Chamber on the 26th inst. as has been proposed, because they do not wish to provoke a demonstration and imperil returning liberty. A particle revision, which was proposed, they think, is plainly becoming clearer, having communicated they must not become the instrument of Government in order to plot against the members of the opposition will await the meeting of the Corps Legislatif on the 26th, to which it has been postponed by the Government. They will then call for demand to know the reason for this new wrong, and will energetically protest against the violation of the democratic and radical demands of the country.

HAVANA.

HAVANA, Oct. 18.—Three steamers reached Cuba within forty-eight hours, all bringing reinforcements for the Spanish army. The steam transport, direct from Cadiz, touched Sanfuenos yesterday and landed 1,000 men. Another steamer arrived here this morning full of troops.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, October 18.—The steamers Union and Nebraska, from New York, have arrived out.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, October 18.—Consols for money, 93⅝; on account, 93⅝; Five Twenty bonds, 72¾; Erie, 8¼; "68s, 81½; Ten Forties, 77; Illinois Central, 94½; Illinois, 94⅝; Atlantic & Great Western, 24.

PARIS, October 18.—Bourse fair; rentes 71f 17c.

LIVERPOOL, October 18.—Cotton is rather more active; middling uplands 12½@12¾c; New Orleans 12½@12¾c; sales of 45,000 bales. California 12½@12¾c; sales 10s 6d; winter is 8d@2s 9d; red western 7s 3d. Western flour 24s. Corn: mixed 23s 9d. Peas 41s. Pork 94s. Bacon 104s. Beef 80s. Lard 72s. Cheese 67s. Bacon 55s 6d. Common rosin 5s 6d. Spirits turpentine 30s 6d. Petroleum 8½d. Turpentine 27s.

LONDON, October 18.—Tallow 47s. Common rosin 5s 6d. Linseed cake 6@6s 3d. Spirits Turpentine 29s. Sugar 8s 6d. Calcutta Linseed 61s 9d. Petroleum at Antwerp firm.

HAVRE, October 18.—Cotton, closed quiet; low middling to arrive 136½f.

Virginia Legislature—Congressional Resolutions—Senatorial Nominations.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

RICHMOND, Va., October 18.—The Legislature met to-day. In both Houses a resolution was offered and unanimously adopted, expressing the sentiments of the Legislature closed, after midnight having concluded the U. S. Senators John R. Lewis, of Rockingham, and John W. Johnston, of Washington Co. Mr. Lewis is a native of Rockingham, fifty years of age, and was a member of the Secession Convention. He voted against and refused to sign the ordinance of secession, and was a Union man through the war, and was the candidate of the Walker party for Lieutenant Governor. He led his ticket by over 2,000 votes. John W. Johnston is a native of Virginia, a nephew of Joseph E. Johnston, and a lawyer by profession. He was a Union man through the war, and was appointed Judge of the Washington Circuit Court by Gen. Pierpoint. Of the ballots on which Mr. Lewis was nominated, the votes stood: Lewis, 57; Judge Edward Pendleton, 53. On the ballot on which Johnston was nominated the votes stood: Johnston, 60; Pendleton, 31; Robt. L. Owen, 10; Joseph Segar, 5.

The caucus of Wells Republican members to-night, nominated for United States Senator L. H. Chandler, late United States District Attorney of Virginia, and Dr. Alexander Sharpe, at present Marshal of the District of Columbia. The caucus also appointed a committee to carry to Washington the protest recently adopted by the Republican members of the Legislature against the legality of that body.

PHILADELPHIA

The Late Contested Election Cases—Writ of Certiorari Granted by Judge Sharswood—It will be Disregarded by a Majority of the Supreme Judges.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, October 18.—Charles Gibbons, by virtue of the decision in the contested election cases, has entered upon the duties of the office of District Attorney, *pro tem.*, until the decision of the Supreme Court on a writ of *certiorari*. This writ is reported to have been issued by Judge Sharswood previous to his departure for Pittsburgh Saturday morning, many hours before the decision in the case was pronounced in the Court of Common Pleas, and it will, therefore, be disregarded by the majority of the Supreme Court Judges.

Cincinnati Brief Telegrams.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, October 18.—Hon. J. C. Buchanan, of Baltimore, on his way from Louisville to Cincinnati, Saturday night, on the packet Gen. Lytle, was robbed of a gold watch and chain, valued as a keepsake.

The National Convention M. E. Local Preachers to-day passed the following resolutions:

Resolved, That whenever from any cause, except old age or protracted sickness, any local preacher ceases to be an Evangelist his license and parchment should be taken away.

Resolved, That if it proves necessary to carry into execution the sentiments of the foregoing resolution, we respectfully ask such a change of the discipline as will enforce the active labors of local preachers, or rebuild their character.

Resolved, That we will use our influence and example to discountenance the reading of manuscript sermons.

Henry Ziegenstein who has lead in his bed yesterday morning from heart disease.

MEXICO.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CITY OF MEXICO, October 12—via HAVANA, October 16.—Hon. William H. Seward arrived at Manzanilla on the 7th inst. He was received on landing with salutes from the forts, and was met by the Governor of Colima, who, in the name of President Juarez, warmly welcomed the distinguished visitor to Mexico. A number of the Cabinet has left the Capitol for Guadalajara to meet Ex-Secretary Seward and party. President Juarez has gone on a brief visit to Tamaulipas accompanied by General Corona.

In the National Congress measures are under consideration in regard to a sinking fund, and to provide for a reduction of the National debt.

Congress has refused to grant further railroad concessions save to parties who can prove their ability to comply with the terms of contract.

Rivas Palacio has been elected Governor of the State of Mexico.

Diaz, the rebel chief under sentence of death, has been pardoned.

Genral Cadiz has been brought to the City of Mexico to be tried by court martial for the murder of General Pinto.

American flags were displayed at half mast in the city on the 6th, in honor of the memory of the late Secretary Rawlins.

Public and private enterprise is reviving. Unfinished aqueducts in various parts of the country are being completed, and new ones are in process of erection.

Public improvements in the capital are urged forward with much activity.

There are now two thousand miles of telegraph lines in operation in the Republic, six railroads are in progress and 240 miles of railroad in active operation.

Louisville Items.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, October 18.—William Coleman, a conductor on the Lebanon Branch Railroad, in passing from one car to another, lost his footing and fell between the two, one or more cars passing over him. When taken up life was extinct, and the body was horribly mutilated.

The Department of Kentucky of the G. A. R. met to-day for the purpose of organization and electing delegates to the National Encampment, to be held in New York on the 27th inst. Provisional Commander W. P. Wilcox delivered an eloquent address, in which the objects of the order were lucidly explained. They are to keep alive the friendship formed by the Union soldiers in their associations during the war, and to continue them through the battle of life; to take care of those disabled and mentioned comrades, and provide for the widows and educate the orphans of their deceased companions in arms; to cultivate sentiments of patriotism and loyalty to the Government their valor saved from the machination of the foes; to sought its overthrow, the motto of the order being Fraternity, Charity and Loyalty.

The Masonic Grand Lodge of Kentucky met in this city today. The representation from the subordinate Lodges was in attendance, about three hundred and twenty-five delegates reporting. Grand Master Elisha S. Fitch's address was an exceedingly able and interesting one, and was listened to with great interest. The Grand Treasurer submitted his annual report which represents the finance of the Grand Lodge in a flourishing condition.

Tennessee—the Resolves to Pay her Debt, Principal and Interest—United States Senator.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NASHVILLE, October 18.—In the Senate to-day the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, Past legislation, in the pledge of the public faith to the payment of interest on the State debt, has been found to make the foundation of even public credit, and created in the minds of many distrust as to the ultimate payment of our public debt; and whereas, the people who, in all their history, have been scrupulous fidelity to their private obligations, commanding their public wise, must consider justice to all public creditors as essential to the State's honor and dignity; therefore,

Resolved, That the people of Tennessee will never legislate their restoration to the control of their affairs by countenancing in any manner a disregard of their public obligations.

Resolved, That under strict retrenchment and rigid economy in all other respects, all the available revenues and resources of the State should be faithfully appropriated to the payment of the interest on our bonded debt, and the security of the principal at maturity, for which they are a honor bond.

The election of U. S. Senator takes place to-morrow. Johnson's chances continue the best, though his opponents say he can't be elected. They do not, however, name the man that can defeat him.

The New Capital Movement—Delegates to the Convention Arriving.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, October 18.—There was quite a large meeting to-night of Committeemen and citizens to make the final arrangements for the National Capital Convention which is to meet here on Wednesday. The Convention will be called to order at 7 P. M. Wednesday, thus giving time for all delegates to arrive on the morning trains and participate in the organization.

Sixteen States and one Territory will be represented—by some of their best and most influential citizens. About twenty delegates have already arrived, who report that there is much interest in the movement in their respective States. Among these here are Gov. Knight, of Colorado; Gov. Pile, of New Mexico; Gartrell Davis and Col. Churchill, of Ky.; and Messrs. Halderman and Abell, of Kansas. On Wednesday night there will be a mass meeting in the Convention Hall, at which several distinguished guests will speak, among them Senator Yates, of Illinois, Garrett Davis, of Kentucky, Hon. Mr. Coburn, of Indiana, and Jas. S. Rollins, of Missouri. On Thursday the delegates will be driven around the city and suburbs, and on Friday there will be an excursion, including a view of the iron furnaces at Carondolet, and other points.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Prince Gortschakoff, of Russia, is in Paris.

—Lord Derby is reported sinking, and cannot live many days.

—Leopold, King of Belgium, has been invited to meet Napoleon at at Compeigne.

—Marshal Bazine will be appointed commander of the Imperial Guard of France.

—The Congressional Committee of Navigation visited the ship yards of Boston and vicinity yesterday.

—A strike is threatened in the Erie Railroad shops, unless certain mechanics discharged are not reinstated.

—Another heavy rain storm prevailed in Maine on Monday, adding much to the freshet already prevailing.

—Ex-President Fillmore and lady left Louisville yesterday, stopping last night at Indianapolis and to-night at Cleveland.

—Fort Benton has been reoccupied by Government troops. Small-pox is prevailing among the Indians in that vicinity.

—The new Central School building at Atchison, Kansas, was burned at two o'clock yesterday morning. Insured for $30,000.

—The case of the steamer Cuba has been postponed until Thursday on account of the absence of Lowndes, one of the counsel for the steamer.

—The break on the four mile level of the Erie Canal, five and a half miles west of Schenectady, has been repaired, and canal navigation was resumed on Monday.

—Attorney General Hoar preferring to remain in the cabinet, it is stated Judge Pierrepont, of New York, will be appointed one of the Judges on the Supreme Bench.

—A German named Struben was attacked in West street, New York, Sunday, robbed of twenty dollars and then thrown into the dock, from which he was rescued by the police.

—The corner-stone of the new Cathedral at Santa Fe, which had been laid by Bishop Lamy on the Sunday previous with imposing ceremonies, was taken up and robbed Saturday night.

—The Presbyterian Synod of New York and New Jersey New School, will meet at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., to-day, and will continue in session three days and three nights. Two hundred divines are expected to be present.

—The Italian residents of San Francisco generally and a large proportion of other nationalities, Sunday celebrated the anniversary of the discovery of America by Columbus by a procession and other appropriate exercises.

—Alexander H. Stephens, in writing to Dr. Culver, October 16th, says: "I have not been out of the house since I helped out. And in. I have very little hope of ever taking home again."

—The peace of the Evangelical Church of Boston and vicinity, at a meeting yesterday, appointed a committee to confer with Father Hyacinth and make suitable arrangements for extending him a public reception, if deemed advisable.

—Retail druggists in Madrid, Spain, have reported to the authorities that their sales of turpentine and other combustibles have lately been extraordinarily large. It is supposed these articles are to be used for incendiarism in case of a revolt.

—Mart Klinger, a young German boy, whose third trial for the murder of his uncle, Henry Wider, in November, 1867, terminated at St. Louis on Saturday, was found guilty of murder in the first degree to-day, the jury having been out since Saturday evening.

—A Richmond dispatch says a majority of the Virginia Legislature is anxious to elect Senators whose influence will secure Government aid in the completion of the James River