MIDNIGHT.

THE CAPITAL.

iBy Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 13, 1869. GEN. BELENAP APPOINTED SECRETARY

only temporarily, or until the President could make a permanent appointment. The President has now appointed Major General Wm. M. Belknap, of Keckuk, Iowa. Major General Belknap is a graduate of Princeton College, New Jersey He served in the army from the first to the last day of the late war. He commanded one of the Division. of the fifteenth army corps in General Sherman's last two campaigns, with great credit to himself and to the entire satisfaction of his superiors. He is about thirty-eight-years of age, in excelabout intry-eightyears of age, in excel-lent health, and is a lawyer by profes-sion. He has already been telegraphed, and will reach Washington in a few days, when General Sherman will for-mally resign his position as Secretary of War, and General Belknap will enter General Belknap will enter upon the duties of the office. WHOLESALE CAPTURE AND DESSRUCTION

OF CONTRABAND LIQUORS. Collector Wilcox and Assessor Fur nace, of the Third District of Virginia, report to the department their opera connection with the suppression of illicit distilleries in that State. Seven of illicit distilleries in that state. Seven counties were visited in twenty-three days, and an area of over two thousand miles traveled. Forty-seven illicit stills, with an aggregate producing capacity of 8,160 gallons per day, were destroyed, 800 gallons of apple brandy were confiscated, and as much more destroyed, for lack of transportation. The distilleries were located portation. The distilleries were located either in deep mountain ravines or at the termini of roads seldom traveled by except parties engaged in the fraud-

A PRESIDENTIAL PARTY. President Grant, Gen. Sherman, Postmaster Gen. Crestwell, Secretary Cox Washington to morrow at seven o'clock. They will be joined by a committee at the Relay House, which will escort them to Monocacy Junction, where the President and party will be received. a Committee, and under its escort proceed to the Frederick Da-pot, and thence to the grounds of the Agricultural Society. The visitors will aln in Fredérick until Friday morning, and then proceed by carriages to visit the battle fields of South Mountain and Antietam, returning here the same

BANK REPORTS. The Comptroller of the Currency today notified the National banks to for-ward to him the usual report of their endition at the close of business on Sat-

A COLORED MAN LYNCHED. A colored man, who committed an outrage on a young lady school teacher, near Fort Washington, was taken forci-bly from the custody of the officers, on Monday, by a party of twenty masked

LOUISVILLE.

Commercial Convention - Interesting

Proceedings. [By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] LOUISVILLE, October 13.—The Convention met at a quarter of ten o'clock, with a full attendance of delegates and spectators, including a large number of ladies. After prayer by Rev. A. H. Platt | ment, the Convention proceeded to business. The committee reported on general organization, together with a recommendation as to the organization and order of business, the subjects thereof as follows: Order of Business-The Committee re-

commended that the Convention appoint the following Standing Committees, each to be composed of one member from each State represented, and each Committee to select its own Chairman, and that each Committee be as follows: First, on Southern Pacific railroad; Sec-First, on Southern Pacinic Fairroad; sec-ond, on railroads generally: Third, on direct trade with Europe; Fourth, emi-gration; Fifth finance and banking; Sixth, on manufactures and mining; Sixth, on manufactures and improvements; Eight, on river nayigation, canals and other improvements; Tenth, on agriculture; Eleventh, on continuous water line communications between the Mississippi river and the Atlantic sea-boardg Twelfth, on the removal of obstructions to a cheap and easy outlet through the Mississippi and Gulf, Thirteenth; on imports.
Other resolutions were reported as to

representation in the Convention and to On motion of Mr. Hillard, the subject of protection of labor and reduction of taxation, was made an order of business. For Vice Presidents of the Convention. the Committee recommend the following

Alabama, Robert M. Patton; Arkansas, George E. Dodge; Delaware, James Bredford; Florida, J. J Williams; Geor-minnesons, Eugene Underwood, Mas-sippi, G. A. Sykes; Missonri, Adolph Miner; Maryland, P. P. Pendleton; Mas-sachusetts, George W. Bush; New Jer-sey, David Kearn; New York. Thomas G. Alvord; North Carolina, W. F. Beasly; Ohio, R. M. Bishop; Pennsylvanis, Geo. H. Thurston; Rhode Island, A. S. Walcott; Tennessee, N. B. Forest; Texas, F. R. Labbock; Virginis, Wyndham Rob-

ertson; Wisconsiu, John Nazro; West Virginis, Benjamin W. Smith.

The Committee further recommend that Charles M. Thurston, of Louisville, temporary Secretary, be made payma-nent Secretary, and that W. R. Bowers, of Michigan and E. A. Leman of Tanof Michigan, and E. A. James, of Ten-nessee, be appeinted Reading Clerks thereof. They also recommend that the nessee, be appeinted Reading Clerks thereof. They also recommend that the following gentlemen be appointed as additional Secretaries of the Convention:

G. H. Wilcox. James B. Miles, George A. Stone, R. B. Borroughs, W. A. Marnow plies between the ports of the U. S.

tin, G. H. Oberly, P. F. Tomax, H. Foote, F. Dalhoud, Grant Hunt, K. Williams, F. Spead, H. McCoy, S. Bacon, William Schmoul, Jr., John Tracy, J. A. Fiano, W. S. Stevenson, Lewis Seasongoad, Lewis G. Wittenger, Henry Tiypett, T. J. Campbell, J. C. Armtead, W. C. Kittaridge, J. R. Goodrich, J. M. Causland, LThe committee recommend the same welfare. The committee offer for your adoption.

The committee fing of the Union, will be a powerful engine in restoring our commerce to its former prosperity, and class of emigrants very essential to her welfare.

The committee offer for your adoption.

It is known that General Sherman accepted the office of Secretary of War appropriate committee, without debate. Second-That all votes shall be per capita, except when a division shall be called for, when each State shall have one yote for each Senator and Representative to Congress to which the State is entitled —provided, that when a State is not fully

represented, no delegate therefrom shall be allowed to cast more than one vote. Third—That no delegate shall speak over five minutes at a time, and but once on the same subject, except with the consent of the Convention; the Chairman of Committee being allowed ten minutes. Fourth-That the Chairman of each delegation shall each morning, immediately after calling the Convention to order, suggest such corrections as may be necessary as to his delegation.

Fifth—The Convention shall meet at

10 o'clock each morning, and adjourn at Sixth—That all State delegations shall sit together, and only delegates shall be admitted to the floor, unless otherwise specially ordered by the Convention.

Mr. Hilleard, of Georgia, offered an amendment to the report of the Committee, that a Committee on the subject of Labor and Reduction of Taxation, be added. After adopting the amendment offered by Mr. Hilleard, the report of tho

Committee was adopted.

Chairmen of Standing Committes.—B.
D. Williams, Alabams, T. C. Young,
Florida, V. A. Gaskill, Georgia, Hamilton Smith, Indians, J. M. Richards, Illinois, J. H. Richards, Iows, J. D. Bright, Kentucky, J. A. Helderman, Kansas, Nicholas P. Coleman, Louisiana, S. W. Bush, Massachusetts, H. P. Pendleton, Maryland, Horace Marvel, Mississippi, P. O. Stanard, Missouri, Daniel Noar, New Jersey, Erastus Brooks, New York, Daniel Pierson, Ohio, Mr. Williams, Pennsylvania, J. Clark, South Carolina, W. C. Bryan, Tennessee, D. A. Wells, Texas, Wm. Lamb, Virginia, C. Pomeroy, Ver-

AFTERNOON SESSION. Convention met at two o'clock. There was a good deal of confusion and very little else at this session. It began to be evident that the Convention would not be entirely harmonious. Very soon after the opening yesterday, and when anything like an important measure came up to-day, there was a disposition on the part of the members to retard on the part of the members to retard

Mr. Armstrong, of Louisville. said that there would be a grand procession to-morrow which would be participated in by the merchants, manufacturers, business men and citizens of Louisville generally, and that it would take at least four hours for the procession to pass any given point. He thought that every member of the Convention would like to see the display, and moved that when the meeting adjourns it be till noon tomorrow, (Thursday) and the motion was adopted. The Secretary then read a list of the

standing committees which is too lengthy and unimpertant to be given by tele-Mr. McCandless, of Arkansas, offered

Mr. Documents, of Aramasas, values the following resolution, which was adopted by a unanimous vote, amid great applause:

Resolved, That this Convention, representing every State in the American Union, deeply sensible of the loss sus-tained by the whole country in the de-miss of the late Ex-President Franklin Pierce, and spmpathizing with his surviving family in their great bereavement, hereby tender to them the pro-found condolence of the American

people.

The Convention then adjourned.

The great American Concert will be given in Miseger Hall to-night. The programme is a good one.

A grand ball is announced to take place in Masonic Temple to-morrow night, which will be the inauguration of

the temple after being remodeled. The Procession to morrow morning will probably be an immense affair. The leading manufacturers and others who can exhibit their goods and advertise their houses will participate pretty generally.

During the morning session a number

of resolutions were offered and referred

among them one by Erastus Brooks. of New York, recognizing the neces sity of a tri-weekly liue of steamers between this country and the Southern and Northern parts of Europe of sufficient capacity and speed to carry the United States malls, and such passengers as may de sired to emigrate form the ports of southern and northern Europe, Also, with a view to procure such relief from the Federal Government as may be neces-sary for its maintainance; that the Government be memoralized to aid the pro-ject, and by direct subsidies or by awarding to the said line the foreign man contracts; said line of steamers to be built with American capital, and to

be manned and officered by American seamen exclusively.

A. P. Clark, of New York, said he had the honor to represent in the Convention the Mediteranean and Oriental Navigation Company of New York, and he wished to read and offer to the Convention, to be placed on the record of the tion, to be placed on the record of the proceedings, a number of letters from our foreign minister, approbating and approving of the establishment of the line which he represented. He asked to enomit the following for adoption:

WHEREAS, The Mediterranean and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, of

New York, purposes to establish an American line of steamships between Norfolk and other Southern ports, and Cadiz, Marseilles' Venice, Gentes, and other Meditersanean ports of Southern Europe; and through the Suez canal to the East Indies, whereby the great sta-ple of the South may have direct convey-ance to Southern France and Switzerland, and a large immigration be brought by rapid, safe and comfortable means to the States of the Union, of an intelligent class of laborers, accustomed

and the Southern European ports. And whereas, the establishment of an American line of steamers, mauned and officered by citizens of the United States, and salling under the flag of the Union,

terprise, that the convention nearthy approve of the objects of the Mediter-renean and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., and recommend to the legislation of the Southern States to aid and assist the company by legislation offering a bounty for emigrants introduced into their respective States, said bounty to be paid in State bonds bearing not less than 6 per cent. interest, payable in twenty years, which, together with the postal money secreting for carrying the mails, shall be deposted at such place as may be designated, to form a sinking fund for the enefit of the said company. And fur-

Resolved. That this Convention secon mend to the United States Congress to aid the company by authorizing the Post master General to give to the company the conveyance of the mail to said for eign ports during the corporate existence of said company; also, to endorse its cor-poration bonds, running twenty years, cearing interest not to exceed six per cent., to an amount equal to the aggregate of said Southern States bonds, and such postal money so deposited and ac-cruing as aforesald, as a sinking fund for salu company.

Mr. Clark asked the reference of his

resolutions to the Committee on Foreign

Affairs. Mr. Loch, of Cincinnati, offered the folowing:
WHEREAS. The Secretary of the Treasury has of late made it a practice to sell' part of the gold coin in the Treasury, and with the proceeds thereof has purchased five-twenty bonds at a high pre-minm: and whereas, we consider such mium; and whereas, we consider such proceedings as unjust, impolitic, and a great disturber of legitimate commerce of the whole country. Therefore, be it Resolved, That the honorable Secretary of the United States Treasury be requested to desist either in selling the reserved gold coin or in buying five-twenty bonds; that it is certainly below the dignity of the United States to go into open market, and sell at a high premium its gold coin for currency, which brings a price below what en its face the United States were below to be a buying the second of States promises to pay, thus showing to the world that the Government of the United States acknowledges its own currency to be below par, while they currency to be below par, while they also plainly show that gold is designed to be used as a speculative medium. It is also below the dignity of the Republic that the Secretary of the Treasury should buy the five-twenty bonds, for if these five-twenties are redeemable in bonds, the Government should at once redeem at least fifteen million of them, and continue in specie. Such a course would have the gratifying effect of bringing the five-twenties up to gold par, and be to the credit of our Government. We could negotiate new loans at three per cent., and call in our six per cent. bonds, if it the sense of the nation that the five twenty bonds are redeemable in currency, why buy them at such a high premium? Let our Government commence at the earliest moment and pay them at

the rate of eight millions of dollars per month, in currency—such currency to be a legal tender; also to be receivable at the a tegat tender; also to be receivable at the custom house for foreign imports at about two-thirds payable in gold and one-third in currency. Either of these methods would relieve our commerce and being us accedite to a specific basic and bring us speedily to a specie basis, and relieve the agricultural and manufacturing interests of the country from

the mercy of reckless speculators. Referred to the Committee on Finance. Walbridge, of New York, intro duced the following resolution and desired to put it immediately on its passage, but the rule of reference to Comittee was insisted upon, the Chair con-

curring: Resolved, That this Convention heartly approves the recent sale of gold in he city of New York by the general Government and the thanks of this Convention are hereby tendered to the President of the United States for his prompt authority to the Secretary of the Treasury to take such measures as would prevent the extension of a financial crisis which was siready deranging all the channels of trade, and but for such action would have resulted in widespread commercial disaster in every section of our extended country. Several other resolutions were intro-duced relating to the Southern Pacific

have been acted upon by the Memphi Convention. Tennessee Legislature.

Railroad, direct trade, &c., all of which

(By Telegraph to the Pittaburgh Gazette.) NASHVILLE October 13.-The Legista ture to day ignored the election of pub lic printer by the last Legislature, and provided for a Convention on the 25th inst. to make a new election. It also re-solved to go into an election of a United States Senator on the 19th inst. John son is not so strong as he was a sgo, and knowing men assert now that ne will be beaten.

Senter's message grows in favor, and his financial views will probably be accepted by the Legislature.
The Conservative papers favor affording this administration the credit of the appendy repudiation of the payment of the interest on the public debt.

Public feeling is cheerful and buoyant at the prospect for the future. Boston Items.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Grastte.)

BOSTON, October 13 — Leverett Saitonstale has been nominated for Congress stale has been nominated for Congress by the Democracy of the 7th literiot.

Frank Phinney, bakgage mater at the Saxonville Depot, is under arrest, charged with embezzing the cash receipts from the Boston and Albany Railroad. Company for way passenger travel at Saxonville and other way station. He confesses that with a duplicate key he opened and abstracted the money from the box entrusted to bis care for the the box entrusted to his care for the Treashrer at Boston.

-The lock-up in the village of Charotte, New York, and a warehouse owned by Eaton & Upton, were burned this morning. Two sailors, named Alex. Fisher and Michael McMann, of Elyria, Ohio, belonging to the schooner Cascade, of Green Bay, who were prisoners in the lock, no, were burned to death. lock-up, were burned to death.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE ELECTIONS.

PENNSYLVANIA.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.) PHILADELPHIA, October 13.—The following additional returns received show sary prolongation of the provisional gov the Democratic gains in Lehigh county are 33, in Beaver 50, in Mercer 60, in up when it has become impossible

letin, from Harrisburg, says leading State officials here claim the election of Geary by at least 5,000 majority. The Demo-cratic State central organ, the Patriot & Union, concedes that Packer is defeated. PHILADELPHIA, October 13.-The felwing additional returns were received: Washington county—dem. maj. 175,

em. gain 173. Luzerne—dem. maj. 3,300, dem. gain Monroe-dem. msj. 2,516, dem. gain Wavne—dem. maj. 516, dem. loss 183. Mifflin—dem. maj. 30, dem. gain 60. Berks—dem. maj. 6,800, dem. gain

Jefferson-dem. maj. 45, dem. gain 27. Centre-dem. maj. 361, dem. loss 16. Clinton-dem. maj. 400, dem. loss 173. Fulton-dem. maj. 560, dem. gain 29. York-dem. maj. 2,800, dem. loss 153. Clearfield-dem. maj. 1,400, dem. gain

Northampton-dem. maj. 3,450, dem. gain 201. Fayette-Dem. majority 750, dem. loss Mercer-Rep. majority 680, republican

loss 36.
Butler—Rep. majority 400, rep. loss 31. Reaver—Rep. maj. 700, rep. loss 165. Lahigh—Dem. majority 1605, Dem gain

Somerset—Rep. majority 1100, rep. loss Lancaster-Rep. majority 5000, rep. loss .748. Allegheny—Rep. majority 5,000, rep.

oss 3.957. Warren-Rep. majority 600, rep. loss Union—Rep. majority 584, rep. loss 130. Perry—Rep. majority 50. rep. loss 174. Indiana—Rep. majority 1,895, rep. loss

Snyder-Rep. majority 450, rep. loss Hon. John Covode, Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, has received dispatches from all but nine counties, and without an estimate on

good basis for the balance, he says Geary's majority will not be far from 4,000 either way.

from Hamilton county show the votes for Hayes, 19,446; for Pendleton, 20,122. Pendleton's majority, 676. The fusion ticket elects two Republican and two Democratic Senstors, five Republican and five Democratic Members of the House and three Republican and three Demo cratic county officers. The majority of the fusion county and legislative tickets over the regular Republican ticket is

from 2,000 to 2,500. Columbus, October 13.-In sixty last October was 5,000. Hayes' majority will be about 5,000. Legislature very

The Independent Republican members from Hamilton county, according to a Columbus dispatch, will hold the balance of power in the Legislature.

IOWA.

A Des Moines dispatch says the elec-A Des Moines dispatch says the election returns come in very slowly but enough are received to show that the vote of the State is very light, and that the Republican majority will be between 25,000 and 30,000. The Legislature will be almost entirely Republican. The ollowing are the reported Republican majorities in the counties named: Louisa, 600; Washington, 700; Keckuk, 300; Scott, 706; Des Moines, 500; Jones, 800, Linn, 1,500; Minneshink, 800; Polk, 800; Jasper 1,000; Mahaska, 700; Henry, 1,530;

an Buren, 300; Clinton, 700. NEW YORK CITY.

By Telegraph to the litt burgh Gazette-] NEW YORK, October 13, 1869.

Among the arrivals by the steamer City of Washington, from Liverpool, the Diocese of Exeter will probably rewas A. C. Cameron, American Delegate ject the nomination of Rev. Mr. Temple to the late International Labor Congress. Lagrand Lockwood was a passenger in the Russia, which brought also \$35,000 n goods.
A. T. Stewart has not purchased the

Fifth avenue Hotel. -By order of Gen. Hancock, Brevet-Mejor A. G. Robinson proceeds, as soon as practicable, to Fort Ridgely, Minn , to

ascertain the names of all persons living on the military reservation at the pest, and serve "to quit" on all such persons as are not in the employment of the Government. In serving the notices to quit Mejor Robinson will furnish each person notified with a copy of the War Department General Orders No. 62, current session. under which his action is taken, and will inform them that if they remain after the expiration of their repective notices, they will be removed by force. He will however, in every case, grant a reasonable length of time for compliance with the notice.

-Heavy rains have fallen in New York for the last thirty-six hours, injur-ing the roads of all kinds. Trains from White Hall were delayed yesterday and no trains went north from Saratoga last night.

The Memphis, Springfield & Kansas City Ballroad was organized vesterday by the election of Judge Wm. Byers, of Arksness, Probident, Col. J. M. Eldridge, Vice President, and S. S. Delvis, Treas-

-It is understood that Gen. Canby in tended by his railroad order to prevent any changes in railroad organizations until the State government is inaugu-

NEWS BY CABLE.

By Telegraph to the Pittaburgh Gazette.)

Highly Interesting Foreign Advices-London Times on Spanish Affairs. SPAIN.

LONDON, October 13.—The Times this morning has an editorial on Spanish affairs. The writer says he has but little sympathy for and less faith in Spanish Republicanism. The failure of the present government is owing to an unnecesernment, and the attempt to close it Clearfield 150. Republican gains in Butler county 80, in York 153, in Bucks 200,
in twenty-two districts with fourteen to
hear from.

A special dispaich to the Evening Bulletin, from Harrisburg, says leading State
one when it is understood that dangerous
devernment, a change in the
Government will be indefinetely adlourned. Some atens may now be made
onds, and exclusive of sto
i minute and 30 seconds.

— Tuesday merining Ba
der. a division best on the
Cincinnati Railroad, had be
edentirely from his body
ning over him in the Eagl
onds, and exclusive of sto

journed. Some steps may now be made fowards a concilitation of the two fowards a concilitation of the two parties. Caseliar and Figueras and others are not formidable as adversaries, and may be useful as friends. They are avowed Republicans, but men of order, who might easily regard the regency as a half-way house—less objectionable than a monarchy, and iess dangerous than a republic. Prim leans this way, and between him and Castellar a union is possible. A governent in which Castellar would represent Freedom and Prim Order and Authority,

might offer sufficient guarantees of his honest views and tendencies to satisfy all reasonable people.

Madrid, October 13.—The troops of the garrison of Madrid were reviewed to day by General Prim. Government officials declare that the rebellion is dying out, but the Republic

ans contradict them, and maintain that t is increasing.

The interruption of communications renders it difficult to obtain information from the provinces, but there is no doubt

hat the insurrection extends throughout the country. The Cortes has appointed a committee to inquire into the conduct of the depu-ties who are supposed to be with the in-

surgents, and to report what action shall be taken in their cases. The insurgents who were defeated with such heavy loss at Saragosso, were under the leadership of Salvoy pra and Franton. Martial law has been proclaimed at

Many families have fied to Tangier. Valencia still resists the Government arms, but there is reason to believe its capiulation is emminent.

The Government troops are entrenched at Valencia and await reinforcemens before making a final attack on the insurgents. A frigate is anchored off the city and will assist the troops in the assault. and will assist the troops in the assaut.

The railroad in the vicinity of Valencia
has been destroyed. A fight took place
near the spot, in which 250 men were
killed and wounded on both sides.

The government troops are entrenched at Valencia, and await reinforcements before making a final attack on the in-surgents. A frigate is anchored of the CINCINNATI, October 13.—Full returns sault. The railroad in the vicinity of rom Hamilton county show the votes Valencia has been destroyed. A fight occurred near the spot, in which 250 were killed and wounded on both

FRANCE.

Paris, October 13-The Journal Official has the following news: Several public re-unions is announced to take place here, and disorder is threatened. The government will enforce the law authorizing the suppression of all public meetings of any character calculated to dis-turb public order.

It is now said that the story of the find-

ng of the body of Mr. Kinck in Alsace is P.Ris. October 13.—The Petric denies that the Government intends to suspend say what is ordered from Rome. The the right of re union, and adds that the liberal Catholics of Germany are averse to Government simply desires to give warning that it will act with energy should the public meetings degenerate into provocations of insurrection. Charles Augustin Sainte, Benve, the eminent critic, poet and Senator of France, died to day, aged aixty-five

years. Prince Charles, of Roumania, has gone to Brussels. He will return on Thurs-

day.

M. Bonyer Gueritor, deputy to the Corps Legislatif, addressed a public meeting at Rouen last night. He advocated the abrogation of commercial treaties on the ground that they were incompaticle with the government of the country by the country.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London, October 13.-Lord Derby's condition is much worse to day. He has been insensible for several hours. LONDON, October 13.-The Chapter of

to that See.
London, October 13—Advices received from Sydney, New South Wales, to the 9th ult, says the United States steamer Kearsage was in port. A grand outertalument was given by the citizens of Sydney in honor of her commander, Capt. Thornton. It was reported the Tyl Islanders had solicited the United States Government to establish a pro-

SOUTH AMERICA.

ST. DOMINGO, September 15.—Fighting is going on in the interior and encounters, with varying results, are daily reported.

President Barez is negotiating the sale of the Bay of Samara to the United States.

CARRACAS, September 23.—Risings sgainst the Federal authority in Caro and Barcelons recently took place, but were speedily quelled by the troops. CUBACOA, September 22.—A severe shock of an earthquake was felt here on the 17th of September, the first ever experienced here, and created great terror.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL London, October 13.—Evening —Con sola 931/4: Flye-twenty bonds: '66s 84; 6/8 834; '62s, 841/4; Ten-forties 76. Bonds; firm at Frankfort at 881/4. Eries 233/4; Illinois 931/4; Atlantic and Great Western 261/4. Stocks quiet. Paris Bourse quiet —Rentes 71/40c.

HAVRE, October 13,-Cotton quiet and inchanged. LIVERPOOL, October 18-Cotton market tending downward, middling up-lands 12% oriesps 12% sales, 8,000 bales. Californis white wheat at 10s. 4d, winter 9s. 5d, red western 9s, 5d, Flour 23s. 3d. Cord, mixed, 29s. 3d. Oats

3s. 6d. Peas 44s. 6d. Pork 110s. Beef

86s. Lard 72s. 6d. Cheese 65s. 6d. Bacon 65s. 6d. Spirits of petroleum 91/d, refined is. 8d. Tallow 47s. Turpintine 26s. 6d. London, October 13.-Tallow 47s 3d. Refined petroleum is. 9d. Petroleum at Antwerpt firm at 58%s.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

-Governor Walker left Richmond yesterday evening to attend the Agricul-tural Fair at Danville, which opened

yesterday. -McEttrick has beaten Haydook in a walking match at the Boston Rink, 100 miles in 23 hours, 27 miuntes, 39 seconds, and exclusive of stops in 21 hours,

Tuesday merning Barnard Schrorder, a division besson the Louisville & Cincinnati Railroad, had his head sever-

ed entirely from his body by a train run-ning over him in the Eagle Valley. —A statement of the Nevada National Bank shows over \$210,000 in coin and \$120,000 in currency due the bank, while the debts are about \$280,000 in gold and

currency. -Joseph Dunn, a hackman, was killed, yesterday morning, in front of the Peabody Hotel, Memphis, by J. M.

Harris, a young lawyer, while making an assault on the latter.

Additional Markets by Telegraph, BUFFALO, October 13.—Flour neglected. Wheat dull in the forenoon but firmer with good demand after 'change; sales 8,000 bush No. 3 Milwaukee Club at \$1,03; No. 2 do \$1,17; No. 1 amber

at \$1.03; No. 2 do \$1,17; No. 1 amber Michigan \$1,25; red winter \$1,12; white Michigan and rejected spring on private terms. Corn dull at 75@76c for No. 2 western; sales 305 bush. Oats nominal. Rye nominal. Barley lower; sales of one car load Canada at \$1;12, and 10,000 bush do at \$1,09 on track. Pork lower \$32. Lard 181,@19c. Highwines firm; 500 bhls at \$1,18.

CHICAGO, October 18.—At the after-noon board Wheat sold early at \$1,023/6 1,03 seller last half, and \$1,03 seller month; afterwards advanced to \$1,031/4 seller last half, closing with buyers at that price. Cern'quiet, with a few early sales at price. Cern'quiet, with a few early sales at 66%; seller lost half sold np.to 670; but closed weak with sellers at inside figure. Oats, Rye and Barley neglected; in evening few sales. Wheat: sales at \$.63@.
1,03%; seller lost half, closing with buyers at inside figure. Corn closed quiet

at 653/@66c; seller lost haif. Cats dull. at 653/@66c; seller lost half. Oats duli,
Oswego, October 13.—Flour steady and
unchanged with sales of 1,400 barrels,
Wheat dull with sales of 2,000 bush; red
Ohio at \$1,27%. Corn dull, with sales of
2,500 bush No. 2 at 80c. Barley in fair
demand, with sales of 20,000 bush up
lake Canada at \$1.20, 34,800 bush choice
Bay Quinte at \$1,31@1,35 and 3,700 bush
State at \$1.10. Rye inactive. Canal
freights: wheat 20c and barley 16½c to
New York.

New York. NEW OBLEANS, October 13.—Cotton active and lower; middlings at 243/c; sales 526 bales; receipts 2,315 bales; exports to Havre 2,145 bales. Flour lower; auposine \$5,63; double extra \$5,70; treble surgents. A frigate is anchored of the superfine \$5,603 double extra \$5,703 tyeble city and will assist the troops in the assemble extra \$6,123. Corn firm; whtte; new, sault. The railroad in the vicinity of \$1,100 old \$1170,120. Hay \$32. Pork Valencia has been destroyed. A fight \$33,76. Other articles unchanged. Gold 126%. Sterling 40%. New York Sight 1/2 per cent. discount.

NASHVILLE, October 13.-Cotton: good ordinary,223c, low middling 23c. Wheat: red \$1,10, amber \$1,15, white \$1,20. Corn: \$1,08. Rye \$1. Barley \$1.25. Flour; 55,07 for superfine to fancy. Bacon sides 20c. Hams 211/c. Shoulders 17c. Lard

2014c.

foreband.

THE press of Europe is so much in the hands of Protestants or of "philosophers," that the comments and even the information pertaining to the Ecumenical Council have to be taken warily. The Catholic papers are worse, for they only give and the Council, and the Catholic sovereigns look coldly or suspiciously at all that is being done. The gathering of 900 Cardinals, Patriarchs and Archbishops, Bishops and mitred Abbots will be an imposing sight, but there are many able men who, in the interests of Catholicism, deprecate the proceedings and believe the results will be hurtful. The States, even the most Catholic, are more or less hostile be-

A PEACE ALLIANCE, it is announced. y the London News, was entered into etween Austria, Prussia, Russia and Great Britain, at the time when the prospect of the speedy death of the French Emperor was believed to be certain. Napoleon, however, recovered, and Lord Clarendon was commissioned to inform the Emperor of the understanding between the great powers and to explain their motives. It is also announced that Lord Clarendon will avail himself of the opportunity to inform the Emperor that e will not be allowed to divert attention in France from his domestic policy, by waging war against Prussia. Every effort, it is believed, will be made by the great powers to induce Prussia not to give any provocation to France.

JEFFERSON DAVIS is represented as in auch better health than formerly, and as manifesting much sorrow at the news of the death of Ex-President Pierce, whose secretary he was during his entire term sas President. Davis's family remains in Europe. He was registered as Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi, and will

proceed to that State within a few days. ANTRONY TROLLOPE received from his English publishers £8,000 for his "He Knew he was Right," It was published in thirty-six parts, at sixpence each. The sale was poor, and it is said in London

that if the publishers had given Mr. Trollope £2,000, and then destroyed the MSS., they would have been better off. MINISTER ANDREW G. CURTIN has recently created a sensation at the Huss in Prague. He first addressed the Bo. hemians with gratifying success, and subsequently spoke for some time in the Russian tongue, his speech being received

with the greatest enthusiasm. A MACHINIST belonging to the arsenal at Naples has invented an instrument, which he calls an Amismograph, which indicates with precision the velocity at which a vessel is traveling, the changes in the direction, and the deviation of the