The Pittsburgh Gazette.

[From the N. Y. Tribune.]

ISRAEL FREYER'S BID FOR GOLD.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 24.

Zounds! how the price went flashing through
Wall-st., William, Broad-st., New-
And the specie in all the land
Held in one fling by a giant hand,
For millions more it was ready to pay,
And throttle the Street on hangman's day,
Up from the Gold Pit's nether hole,
While the innocent fountain rose and fell,
Loud and higher the bidding rose,
And the bulls, triumphant, faced their foes.
It seemed as if Satan himself were in it,
Lifting it,—one per cent. a minute,—
Through the bellowing broker, there amid,
Who made the terrible, final bid!
High over all, and ever higher,
Was heard the voice of Israel Freyer,—
A doleful knell in the storm-swept mart,—
"Five millions more! and for any part!
I'll give One Hundred and sixty!"
Israel Freyer—the Government Jew
Good as the best—soaked through and through
With credit gained in the year to sold
Our Treasury's precious hoard of gold;
Now through his thankless mouth ring out
The leasers' last and cruelest shout!
Pity the shorts? Not they, indeed,
When a single rival's left to bleed!
Down come dealers in silks and hides,
Jostling, trampling each other's feet,
Uttering groans in the outer street.—
Watching, with upturned faces pale,
The scurrying index mark its tale,—
Hearing the bid of Israel Freyer—
That ominous voice, would it never tire?
"Five millions more!—for any part,
(If it breaks your firm, if it cracks your heart,)
I'll give One Hundred and sixty!"
One Hundred and Sixty! Can't be true!
What will the bears at forty do!
How will the merchants pay their dues!
How will the country stand the news!
What'll the banks—but listen! hole!
In screwing upward the price of gold
To that dangerous last, particular peg,
They had killed their Goose with the Golden Egg!
Just there the metal came pouring out,
All ways at once, like a water spout,
Or a rushing, gushing, yellow flood,
That drenched the bulls wherever they stood!
Small need to open the Washington main,
Their coffer-dams were burst with the strain!
It came by runners, it came by wire,
To answer the bid of Israel Freyer,
It poured in millions from every side,
And almost strangled him as he cried—
"I'll give One Hundred and sixty!"
Like Vulcan after Jupiter's kick,
Or the aphoristical Rocket's stick,
Down, down, down, the premium fell
Faster than this rude rhyme can tell.
Thirty per cent. the index slid,
Yet Freyer still kept making his bid—
"One Hundred and Sixty for any part!"
—The sudden rush had crazed his heart,
Shattered his senses, cracked his brain
And left him crying again and again—
Still making his bid at the market's top,
(Like the Dutchman's legs that could never stop,)
"One Hundred and sixty—five Millions more?"
Till they dragged him, howling, off the floor,
The very last words that seller and buyer
Heard from the mouth of Israel Freyer—
A cry to remember long as they live—
Were, "I'll take Five Millions more! I'll give—
I'll give One Hundred and Sixty!"
Suppose, (to avoid the appearance of evil,)
There's such a thing as a Personal Devil,
It would seem that His Highness here got hold,
For once, of a bellowing Bull in Gold!
Whether bull or bear, it wouldn't much matter
Should Israel Freyer keep up his clatter
On earth or under it—(as, they say,
He is doomed)—till the general Judgment Day,
When the Clerk, as he cites him to answer for't,
Shall bid him keep silence in that Court!
But it matters most, as it seems to me,
That my countrymen, great and strong and free,
So marvel at fellows who seem to win,
That if even a Clown can only begin
By stealing a railroad, and using its purse
For cornering stocks and gold, or—worse—
For buying a Judge and a Legislature,
And sinking still lower poor human nature,
The gaping public, whatever betide,
Will swallow him, tandem, harlots and all!
While our rich men drivel and stand amazed
At the dust and pother his gang have raised,
And make us remember a nursery tale
Of the four-and-twenty who feared one snail.
What's bred in the bone will breed, you know,
Clowns and their trainers, high and low,
Will cut such capers, long as they dare,
While honest Poverty says its prayer.
But tell me what prayer or fast can save
Some hoary candidate from the grave,
The market's wrinkled Giant Despair,
Muttering, brooding, scheming there—
Founding a college or building a church,
Lest Heaven should leave him in the lurch.
Better come out in the rival way,
Issue your scrip in open day,
And pour your wealth in the grimy fist
Of some gross-mouthed, gambling pugilist;
Leave toil and poverty where they lie,
Pass thinkers, workers, artists, by,
Your poor-house tag from his counters bring,
And make him into a Railway-King:
—Between such Gentiles and such Jews
Little enough one finds to choose:
Either the other will buy and use,
Eat the meat and throw him the bone,
And leave him to stand the brunt alone.
—Let the tempest come, that's gathering near,
And give us a better atmosphere!

Edmund C. Stedman.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The unjust and unfortunate report, put in circulation by the New-York *Times*, that great corruption and fraud had been discovered in the management of the Methodist Book Concern at New York, proves to be as we expected. There is no ground for the accusation, so far as official management is concerned. The *Christian Advocate*, published in that city, represents that the affairs of the Book Concern were never in a sounder condition than at this time, and the institution is just as rich now as it has been, and in the condition its annual exhibits show. The alleged corruption and fraud were said to amount to "several hundred thousands of dollars," and the New York *World*, in its zeal to outstrip the extravagance usually displayed in the Satanic *Herald*, and without stopping to higgle over fractions, writes down the losses at a *round million*. The real facts are, there has been no *defalcation* at all, in the usual sense of that word. The Assistant Agent, Dr. Lanahan, having direct charge of the manufacturing department, thought that the purchases had not been made with proper care and economy; that, instead of buying from first hands, the head of the printing department had made his purchases through a commission merchant. That he received any pecuniary consideration is not known certain, and the good character of this trusted agent indicates that he did not, and judgment should therefore be suspended until proof is forthcoming. Allegations of fraud are also made against the head of the bindery department, who is *not* a Methodist. But the truth of these rumors cannot be known until the examinations in progress are concluded.

Henry Fisher, Esq., Assistant Treasurer of the American Bible Society, died very suddenly some days since. He was appointed to this very responsible place in 1853. Dr. Taylor, one of the Secretaries of the Society, says that from that time until the day of his death, he gave his whole life up to that important service. His death is greatly lamented.

The Episcopal Bishop of Connecticut instructs the *Churchman* to omit from its diocesan news all compliments to himself or his services. "If they are deserved, they are needless; if they are not deserved, they are so many falsehoods. In either case they are out of place."

Some of the leading religious journals are discussing the Stowe-Byron article in its theological aspect. Mrs. Stowe was not content with inviting the attention of the critics to her literary production, and its truthfulness as a revelation of confidential communications, but to her sentiments as a teacher of religion. She shows her intense hatred to Calvinism, and intimates it was in no small degree responsible for the excesses of Byron's life. He had been taught the Calvinistic view of foreordination and election, and that Divine help, so much needed and supplied only to the elect, was not for him, and he therefore plunged into dissipation to its deepest depths. This is evidently an extreme view, as Lord Byron's "spirit was embittered against Christianity," and he may have used this idea of fatalism as an excuse for his wickedness, living and dying in profligacy, without a sign of repentance. Mrs. Stowe's opposition to Calvinism does not amount to much, owing to the species of liberalism she advocates, and, we must therefore conclude she has not secured any very enviable reputation as a critic in theology.

Twelve years ago, Thursday week, the first noon-day prayer meeting was inaugurated in the Old North (Dutch) Reformed Church on Fulton street, New York. At the anniversary meeting on this occasion the church was crowded with representatives of every Christian denomination. Ministers of the Episcopal, Presbyterian, Baptist, Dutch Reformed and Methodist Churches officated. Throughout the exercises were of thrilling interest. Dr. Schenck, an eloquent Episcopal clergyman, spoke with feeling and vividness, and paid a glowing tribute to the zeal and worth of Mr. Lamphier, to whom the movement owes its origin.

It seems that only seven rectors in the Episcopal Church in Ohio are now in the charges which they occupied twelve years ago.

Recent dedications of Jewish Synagogues in several of the large cities East and West, indicate the wealth and increase of numerical strength of our Hebrew citizens. Some of the most beautiful and costly edifices of worship in this country, have been recently erected by this people. The seats in the elegant new Jewish Synagogue, in Cincinnati, have been sold for one hundred thousand dollars.

The sixteenth annual report of the American Congregational Union shows some very interesting facts. During the past year grants have been made to sixty-seven churches, in aid of the erection of houses of worship. The Union, during the sixteen years of its history, has aided in the erection of nearly four hundred houses of worship.

It is estimated there were five thousand Adventists at the recent camp-meeting of the Second Adventists, at Springfield, Massachusetts. They were from all parts of the country. During the year they have printed two million pages of books and tracts. They have half a dozen missions among the freedmen and eighteen colored preachers.

The Chicago *Post* reports that during the year, 1869, there have been finished or begun, or arrangements have been made for beginning, in that city, twenty-one churches, costing nearly a million of dollars. Several of these edifices cost over one hundred thousand dollars each.

The Catholic Church of the Immaculate Conception, Philadelphia, has adopted the novel plan of partitioning its boundaries from other church parishes, as follows: Sixth street on the west, Green street on the south to the Delaware, Girard avenue and Shackamaxon street to the Delaware river, on the north. Delaware river east.

The *Independent* says that two-thirds of of the students in the General Episcopal Theological Seminary in New York, have just gone over to the Roman Catholics. The Dean of the seminary did his best to dissuade them from their course.

Dr. Junkin, Presbyterian, announced a few Sabbaths ago that he would preach from the words of the Devil at the next service at New Castle, Pa.

A resolution was presented and adopted at the recent session of the North Ohio Methodist Episcopal Conference, requiring each candidate to say whether he would abstain from the use of tobacco. The whole class of young ministers, admitted into full connection, answered in the affirmative, except one, who remarked that he would quit as soon as he could.

Despite the eleven years of a corporated existence of the United Presbyterian church, a correspondent of the *Christian Instructor* thinks there are differences of opinion of such moment as, in the estimation of some, to imperil its very existence.

THE Income Tax, it is asserted, bears very unequally upon the different States, when the entire sum paid is divided among the respective populations. Thus, the official returns for the income tax for 1868 give the following rates per capita of the States: Nevada, $17.77; California, $5.31; Massachusetts, $4.12; New York, $3.07; New Jersey, $3.07; Oregon, $3; Rhode Island, $2.88; Connecticut, $2.07; Maryland, $1.75; Illinois, $1.19; Delaware, $1,15; Pennsylvania, $1.10; Nebraska, 98 cents; Michigan, 96; Ohio, 92; New Hampshire, 72; Kentucky, 62; Missouri, 58; Minnesota, 58; Kansas, 57; Wisconsin, 48; Vermont, 37; Indiana, 43; Iowa, 41; Maine, 39; West Virginia, 30; Tennessee, 23. The trading and manufacturing States bear a tax very much greater than that paid by the agricultural States, and it is complained that while clerks, persons receiving fixed salaries, professional and business men are rigidly pursued for the income tax, the planters, farmers and agriculturalists generally have many ways of evading the law.

THERE was picked up on the St. Louis Court House steps, a few days ago, an execution issued in 1822 against Thomas H. Benton, for sixty-two dollars, with the penalty of imprisonment for non-payment. On the back is "satisfied."

GENERAL NEWS.

THE survey of the Southern Railway has been completed from Cincinnati to Lexington.

AT Falls Church, Va., citizens have organized a protective association against horse and other thieves.

JOHN LAYMAN, an old man, committed suicide at Hokah, Minn., because he was a Catholic and his wife a Protestant.

THE *Proof Sheet* estimates that there are printed in States and Territories 542 daily and 4425 weekly newspapers. The number of monthly publications is 277. Total, 5244.

A TORONTO paper says that Mr. James Gibb, a Quebec merchant, who died on Saturday, bequeathed $100,000 to the different charities of that city, both Catholic and Protestant.

MRS. ELVIRA C. COLTON, of Macon, Mo., for personal injuries received on the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, in February, 1866, has obtained an award of $12,000 damages.

TWENTY-FIVE men, armed to the teeth, guarded a house in Vermillion county, Ind., several hours last week, under the belief that they had two burglars entrapped. The thieves turned out be cats.

SEVERAL actresses in New York have been plundered recently by persons getting articles from their wardrobes on false orders. The parties engaged in the swindle have been arrested. Miss Kate Bateman, Miss Lucille Western and others have suffered.

MR. S. O. POLLARD has recovered a verdict for $17,950 against the town of Woburn, Mass., for injuries received by falling into a pit or hole left in the road by the removal of a post. The injuries were so severe as to permanently disable the plaintiff from business.

A MAN has just been liberated from the Michigan State Prison, after a two years' sojourn there, who was innocent of the crime for which he was sentenced. He was charged with stealing, and in order to save the reward to his family he confessed what he had never done.

IT is reported that Miss Maggie Carmean, formerly of Kingston, Ohio, moved some time since to Saline county, Mo., where she married S. W. Stanley, who about three weeks since received notice from England that his father's brother had left him, by will, property to the amount of from ten to fifteen millions of dollars.

SAN FRANCISCO incendiaries make use of an infernal machine, composed of two parts of hardened clay, six inches in length and two in breadth, inclosing a small phial filled with powder, and having a fuse attached to it. The machine, except the fuse, is covered with cloth and twine, saturated with oil.

APPLICANTS for admission as cadets at West Point in the Third Congressional district of Massachusetts, will be subjected to competitive examination in Boston on October 4th. Every instructor at the Academy and every intelligent graduate favors this system, and it should become universal throughout the country. Poor boys would then have some show.

AN "UNFORTUNATE" known as Cordelia Wade, before the Police Court of Cincinnati, was sentenced to thirty days' imprisonment and to pay a fine of $100, for malicious destruction of property. Just after the sentence had been pronounced, she took a mineral water bottle from her pocket and let it fly at the reporter's desk, the *Times* man narrowly escaping a disfigured physiognomy.

THERE is a child in Mason county, Ky., now two years and a half old, who was born without a tongue. Its parents state that it has never seemed to suffer any inconvenience from the want of the member except in the matter of talking; but they think it will learn to articulate some words very well. The child is a lively, bright-eyed little fellow, who seems a very close observer, and anxious to understand things.

THE Newburyport *Herald* thinks it time for a "strike" in the lecture business, and adds: "One or two hundred dollars for an hour's talk about reform, women's rights, female suffrage, and the like, is what 'Poor Richard' terms paying dear for the whistle. The professors of the Academy of Science, at Salem, will furnish lectures of real value upon scientific subjects, at less than a quarter the money, and forty times as good."

THE Catholics of Meriden, Conn., are in a high state of excitement over the refusal of Rev. Father Walsh to read service over the remains of Robert Burns, a prominent member of his congregation. The grounds of refusal are that the funeral was attended by a long line of carriages, against the Rev. Father's command, he having decided to discountenance all display at funerals, and to limit the number of carriages proper at such a time to four. The man was buried without the aid of priest or sexton.

FEW are aware of the great extent to which straw is used for making paper. In the town of Chatham, New York, 7,500 tons of rye straw are yearly used to make paper of, and yield about 1,200,000 reams of various sizes. Okra fibre is coming into use for the manufacture of paper. We have seen specimens of the paper made from this material, and are surprised by its fineness of texture, its stout body and excellent color. Only an experienced person could see any difference between it and paper made from rags. It is said to be somewhat cheaper than rag paper.

IN pursuance of orders issued by the Board of Police, everything human, or otherwise, that passed through the Washington street Tunnel, in Chicago, on Wednesday last, between 6 a. m. and 7 p. m., was placed on record. The following is the result: Total number of foot passengers through the foot passenger way 5,288, of which number 2,648 went from east to west, and 2,640 from west to east. Total number of vehicles 3,388, of which number 1,798 went from west to east, and 1,585 from east to west. The persons in the vehicles were not counted. Ordinarily probably no less than 15,000 or 16,000 pass through daily.

AN old man, whose sight was defective and had to use glasses, was reading a newspaper on the train between Wheeling, Va., and Washington, a few days ago. When the cars reached the first tunnel the quick disappearance of the light caused him to look up. Taking off his spectacles and wiping them, he replaced them and again tried to read. Perceiving that all was still dark, he dropped both paper and spectacles, exclaiming, in a loud voice, "My God, I'm blind, I'm blind!" This aroused the passengers, and it was a long time before he could be convinced what was the matter. On coming again to the light he thanked God fervently for his sight.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SELF LABELING
FRUIT-CAN TOP.
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it. mh25

PIPES. CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h87 3d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

DRY GOODS.

BARGAINS!

Plaid and Stripe Arabs,
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,
Corsets and Kid Gloves,
Black Thibet Shawls,
Long and Square Paiseley Shawls,
Poplin Plaid—new styles,
31c. Brown Alpacas—an extra bargain,
31c. Empress Repps and Corded Poplins,
37 1-2c. Dingonal Corded Dress Goods,
37 1-2c. Silk Mixed Epingle for Suits,
37 1-2c. Bonjou Repps—cheap Goods,
50c. 4-4 English Merinoes,
50c. Tamese Poplin Cloth,
62 1-2c. Angola Corded Repps 4-4.
62 1-2c. Velour Diagonal Repps.
31c. to 62 1-2c. Black Alpacas, the best goods ever shown at these prices.
50c. Heavy Loom Table Linens,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

E. R. GARDNER,
No. 69 Market Street,
West Corner Market and Fourth.
se28:TTHS

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
Dry Goods and Notions,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
SOLE AGENTS
FULLERTON'S BARRED FLANNELS,
GREENVILLE BARRED FLANNELS,
A No. 1 BLANKETS AND YARNS.
ALSO, BRADLEY'S AND EASTERN FLANNELS.

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET.
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIES,
409 PENN STREET,
Have Removed to
NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,
Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28:h83

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

FALL OPENING.
FINE ASSORTMENT OF
ARAB SHAWLS,
In Plaid and Roman Striped.
Ruffled Collars and Cuffs,
The New Sailor Collar,
Silk Fringes,
Satin Trimmings,
Silk Glass Buttons.
In all the Newest Patterns.
MISSES FINE WOOL CAPS AND SACQUES,
An elegant assortment just received.
Hair and Jute Switches,
Balmoral and Plaid Hosiery,
Wool Half Hose,
Shirts and Drawers,
FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR.
YARN,
A Full Supply of All Kinds.
HEAVY PLAID FLANNELS,
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
78 & 80 Market Street.
se18

JUST OPENED
BY
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
EXTRA QUALITIES
ARAB SHAWLS,
IN STRIPED AND SCOTCH PLAID, ALL SHADES.
Reversed Satin Pleating,
The Latest Novelty in Dress Trimming.
Quilled Satin Trimming,
Gimps, Fringes,
Plain and Plaid Hercule Braids,
Silk, Satin and Velvet Buttons,
Scotch Plaid Glass Buttons,
Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons,
Lama and Silk Girdles.
Merino and Wool Underwear.
In all sizes and qualities.
Child's Merino Dresses,
Ladies' Merino Skirts,
Boulevarde Felt Skirts.
HOSIERY.
An Unsurpassed Assortment
Merino and Wool Ribbed,
Fleeced Cotton,
Plain Merino,
Tartan,
Parisian Striped,
VICTORIA AND STUART CASHMERE HOSE.
Gents' Half Hose in Wool, Merino and Super Stout Cotton,
AT VERY LOWEST PRICES.
77 and 79 MARKET STREET.
se30

NEW SUMMER GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Stracley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars. "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

MERCHANT TAILORS.

FALL STOCK OF
MEN & BOYS' CLOTHING,
Now Receiving by
GRAY & LOGAN'S,
No. 47 SIXTH STREET,
LATE ST. CLAIR.
se17

P. M'ARDLE,
FASHIONABLE
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Keeps constantly on hand
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.
Also, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
No. 93 1-2 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Gent's Clothing made to order in the latest styles. se3:n83

NEW FALL GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se2: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

INSURANCE.

CASH
INSURANCE COMPANY,
PHELAN'S BUILDING,
No. 22 Fifth Avenue, Second Floor,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Capital All Paid Up.
DIRECTORS.
N. J. Bigley, Dan'l Wallace, Jake Hill, Thomas Smith, H. W. Oliver, Jr., S. H. Hartman, S. McClurkan, Jno. S. Willock, Capt. M. Bailey, A. Chambers, Jas. M. Bailey.
ROBERT H. KING, President.
JNO. F. JENNINGS, Vice President.
JOS. T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
Capt. R. J. GRACE, Gen'l Agent.
Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Marine Risks.
ap2:g67

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 172 and 174 Wood street.

CARPETS.

CARPETS.
NEW FALL STOCK.
Oil Cloths, Window Shades,
DRUGGETS.
DRUGGET SQUARES,
Ingrain Carpets,
At the Lowest Prices Ever Offered.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
se18:d&T

NEW FALL STOCK.
OF
CARPETS,
The First in the Market
AND
THE CHEAPEST.
CHOICE PATTERNS
Two-ply and Three-ply
CHEAP INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE FINEST LINE OF
BODY BRUSSELS
Ever Offered in Pittsburgh.
Save time and money by buying from
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
au25:d&T (Second Floor).

NEW CARPETS!
FRESH IMPORTATION
Purchased by our Mr. H. McCallum from manufacturers in Europe.
VELVETS, BRUSSELS,
Tapestry Brussels, &c.,
THE FINEST
Assortment ever offered in Pittsburgh.
ALSO, A FINE STOCK OF
THREE-PLYS, INGRAINS,
AND
COMMON CARPETS
A FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Well Seasoned Oil Cloths.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
se10

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, Sept. 28, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing BEECH ALLEY from Pride to Miltenberger street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, October 8th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
se28:o100 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

JEFFERSON STREET.—THE undersigned, appointed Viewers to assess damages and benefits for opening Jefferson street, Second ward, Allegheny, will meet on the premises on SATURDAY, October 9th, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M. to attend to the duties of our appointment.
S. W. McGUINNESS,
se23:c66-2w JAMES GRAHAM,
ANDREW DAVIDSON.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR BLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

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SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.
The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 75 and 77 Third street, Pittsburgh.

EDUCATIONAL.

CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, 1527 and 1529 SPRUCE STREET, Philadelphia, Pa. ENGLISH AND FRENCH. For Young Ladies and Misses. Boarding and Day Pupils. will reopen on MONDAY, September 20. FRENCH is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the Institute.
MADAME D'HERVILLY,
jy20:TTHS. Principal.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhœa, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhœa, and sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 9 P.M. Sundays: 10 A. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa.