CITY AND SUBURBAN.

The Temperance Men hold a meeting to-night at East Birmingham Baptist Church.

New Billiard Hall.—Bennett's newly refitted Billiard Hall opens on Friday evening. Everything new. Best room in the city. 2t

Hon. W. D. Kelley, of Philadelphia, will positively speak in this city on the 28th inst., at a place to be hereafter designated by the proper Committee.

Allegheny Councils.—A regular semi-monthly meeting of the Select and Common Councils of Allegheny City will be held this (Thursday) evening at 7½ o'clock.

Abandonment. — Catharine Gergan made information before Justice Heisel yesterday, charging Philip Gergan, her husband, with abandonment. A warrant was issued.

Assault and Battery.—Jordan Bartz was charged before Justice Heisel, yesterday, on oath of Lucy Jane Bartz, with assault and battery. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

A Disorderly Son.—Frank Roth was committed to jail for twenty days, yesterday, on a charge of disorderly conduct, by Justice Barker, on oath of his father and mother.

Disorderly.—Justice Barker issued a warrant yesterday for the arrest of Francis Hogel, on a charge of disorderly conduct, on oath of C. Q Perkins, a conductor on the Birmingham Passenger Railway.

Daddy and Freddy Diehl turned up at the Allegheny Mayor's office yesterday morning, and were furnished with free passes to the County jail. They have the privilege of remaining there thirty days.

Postponed.—The billiard match which was to have been played to-day at the Grant House Billiard Parlor, Allegheny, between Harry Warren and Mr. Dodds, for the championship of Western Pennsylvania and one hundred dollars, has been indefinitely postponed on account of the illness of Mr. Warren.

Cross Suits.—Patrick Pendegrast made information yesterday, before Justice Barker, charging Martin Duffy with having committed an assault upon him, by throwing clubs at him. Mrs. Catharine Pendegrast appeared at the same time and place and charged Duffy with assault and battery. Duffy, in retaliation, made information charging Patrick Pendegrast with assault and battery. The parties were arrested and held for a hearing.

Held for a Hearing.—Dr. Riddle made information yesterday before the Mayor yesterday charging William Gormly with assault and battery. It appears that the Doctor was driving along a street upon which Gormly was working, and the latter refused to let him pass. The Doctor insisted, and in attempting to pass was assaulted by Gormly, who struck him on the head. The accused was arrested and held to bail for a hearing.

Assault and Battery.—George Knockel made information before the Mayor yesterday charging Fred. Pfor with assault and battery. The parties reside in Reserve township and it appears got into a dispute concerning the difficulty which occured on the Irwin farm, a short time since, when it is alleged the accused struck the prosecutor on the head with an iron bar. Pfor was arrested and after a hearing was held to bail for his appearance at Court.

Raid on a Bee Hive.—Yesterday morning, at an early hour, the Allegheny police made a raid on a disorderly house, known as the "Bee Hive," on Hemlock street, Third ward. They succeeded in capturing two men and three women, who were locked up until a hearing was had before the Mayor, when they were consigned to the care of Warden Scandrott, at the county jail, for thirty days each. The Work House looms up pleasantly before them.

Aldermanic.—Our old and valued friend Col. J. D. Egan, of the Third ward, is an aspirant for the nomination of Alderman of that ward by the Republicans at the primary meeting to be held tomorrow afternoon between five and seven o'clock. Should he be elected he will make an efficient and capable officer, and one conspicuous for honesty and integrity. He is worthy the support and confidence of all good Republicans, and doubtless will receive a large vote.

Literary Entertainment.—A grand Musical and Literary entertainment will be given by the Allegheny Quartette Club and the Hanna Literary Society, at Masonic Hall, this evening, for the benefit of the Webster avenue Mission Sabbath School. The programme is unusually interesting and we can promise for all who attend a very pleasant and exceedingly enjoyable evening. Cards of admission may be procured at the door. We hope there will be a large attendance.

Burglary.—Samuel Warren, a merchant doing business at No. 216 Wylie street, yesterday made information before the Mayor, charging Samuel Mattis and Samuel Pilgrim with burglary. He alleges that his place of business was entered on Friday night, the 17th inst., and forty dollars in cash, a bundle of keys and a dirk knife stolen. The knife and keys, it is alleged, were found in the possession of the accused, who are at present in jail, on a charge of burglary made by Mr. Roth, and a commitment will be lodged against them in the present case.

Sad Result.

Some few weeks ago our readers were made acquainted with the circumstances of a distressing case of insanity of a mother. Mrs. Fisher, residing in the Third Ward, Allegheny, being the victim, and the cause the disappearance of her son, a youth about fifteen years of age. The lad, it appears, left home because of some parental restraint, and has never been heard of since, though the most diligent inquiries in all directions have been made. After the mother had been taken to Dixmont, which was found to be necessary, officer Shaffer, of Allegheny, went in search of the boy, and visited several towns below Pittsburgh, where he was supposed to be, but without getting any trace of the missing one. The unfortunate woman began to fail rapidly in health after being placed in the asylum, notwithstanding every medical aid, and at last it was determined to bring her home. This was done on Tuesday last, but her strength had so far failed that it was found impossible to cause her to rally, and the same evening she sank into a deep sleep from which she never wakened. The affair is an exceedingly distressing one, and has brought great grief in a hitherto happy household. It is thought the boy has met with some accident, as he has been advertised for, and could hardly fail, when apprised of the condition his mother, to return, if at all possible. She will be buried to-day.

FIRE AT THE "STANDARD."

Explosion and Fire Yesterday Morning —Standard Oil Refinery Partially Destroyed—Estimated Loss $15,000 —Several Men Seriously Injured.

Yesterday morning a fire broke out at the Standard Oil Works, which for a time threatened to furnish a parallel to the extensive conflagration at Forsythe's Works in that vicinity a short time since. The first intimation of the fire was conveyed to the city by an alarm struck at twenty minutes past eight o'clock from box 84, corner of Butler and Thirty-eighth streets. The engines in the district started out, and in about twenty-five minutes the others were called by a general alarm. The excitement in the city by this time became very great, and was further increased by rumors that the Standard Oil Works were ablaze, nine men had been seriously burned, and the fire was burning furiously, the firemen being totally unable to check in the least the progress of the flames.

THE SITUATION.

The Standard Oil Works are among the largest and best in the country and at present are owned and operated by a stock company of which James A. Hutchison, Esq., is President. They are situated about a mile above the Allegheny cemetery, and extend from the Allegheny river to Butler street, with the Allegheny Valley Railroad running through the premises. Connected with the distilling department, where the fire occurred, are five stills running back in a line with the railroad, four of which are under roof. The fifth still, built in the open air, is capable of holding one thousand barrels of crude oil and had nearly that amount in it yesterday morning. The works were in full operation and everything apparently in proper order when a loud report was heard, followed by two others and a shower of hot burning oil, which proceeded from still No. 5. Immediately that part of the establishment was ablaze and the work of destruction began.

THE FIRE AND VICTIMS.

Next the large still on fire was a new one in course of erection, which would have been ready for use in about two weeks. It was propped up on pillars, and the foundation of stone part of which had been built. At the time of the explosion a number of men and boys employed by A. Stettler & Son, builders, were working about the still three of them being inside and the others on top.

Before they had time to get away or even apprehended danger, the burning oil came down upon those on the outside, burning them very badly and inflicting very serious injuries. They were first removed to a place of safety and medical attention procured, when attention was again directed to the fire, which by this time was burning furiously.

An examination revealed the fact that the roof of No. Five, concave in shape, had been blown half off, which allowed the blaze to reach the oil contained in it —nearly one thousand barrels. The oil in this still continued to burn for some time, the heat from the fiery furnace being intense, and in a short time igniting the wood work of the condensing tanks in the vicinity and the wooden supports of the new still. These were quickly in flames and added to the heat, which rendered work in the vicinity almost impossible, and considerably detracted from the efforts of the firemen and others who sought to check the conflagration. The fire continued to burn for about three hours, consuming everything within reach, when the heat began to tell on a still located in the still house some distance from the burning still, but in a line with it. This still at the time had about five hundred barrels of oil in it, and exhibited evidences of weakness at the "man head," where the oil came dripping out slowly. This was soon in a blaze and shot up a flame to the roof, which so alarmed the workmen that another alarm was sounded. By great exertions, however a section of hose was secured in such a position that a stream of water could be kept playing on the "man head." By this means the rivets were kept from melting and the still was saved. Had it once caught the whole works would inevitably have been destroyed as there were three other tanks within a very few feet of it, and all full of oil. The danger of an explosion at this time was very great but fortunately it was arrested.

The oil in the large still continued to burn, and when the fire had been checked in other quarters somewhat, an attempt was made to secure some of it. The still was tapped at the base and pipes run from it to a large wooden tank a short distance away, but out of danger. By this means a portion, but only a small portion, of the oil was saved. The fire continued to burn all day and was still smouldering when our reporter left the ground at six o'clock last evening. No fears, however, were entertained of any further damage, as it had consumed about all that came within reach.

THE LOSS.

Upon summing up it was discovered that one still containing about one thousand barrels of oil had been destroyed, together with one condensing tank, a small coal-tar tank and a lot of barrels which had been laying near still No. 5. The damage to the building was considerable and will necessitate an entire reconstruction of that part of the works. The new tank will also have to be rebuilt as it was twisted out of shape by the burning of the props sustaining it on one side. A coal railway running parallel with the stills for supplying coal to the furnaces was also destroyed, with a large stock of coal in the yard. Altogether the loss is estimated at about $15,000, upon which there is no insurance.

ORIGIN OF THE FIRE.

There are many suppositions for the origin of the fire, but nothing is known as a certainty beyond the explosion. About three weeks ago the still broke down and a slight fire ensued, but it was fortunately checked before material damage had been done. It was then repaired and put in use again. The most probable supposition is that the still was wern out and not fit for the work, it having been in use since the establishment of the works some years ago. It is said the still commenced to leak yesterday morning, and the oil dropping into the furnace caused the conflagration.

THE INJURED.

Seven persons were engaged about the new still at the time of the explosion, all of whom suffered to some extent. The most seriously injured were, Henry Hinkle, residing at 126 South Canal street Allegheny, burned about the head, and Philip Bender, East Liberty, burned on the arms face and back very badly. He has a wife and five children. It is feared his injuries may result fatally. The others, Miles Stettler, a member of the firm erecting the new still, residing in Manchester, Jacob Walraith, Spring Garden avenue, Allegheny, William Brant, Manchester, James Megraw, Nineteenth street, John Weisman, Thirteenth ward, are all slightly injured. They were all able to go home without assistance. Dr. Hanna, of Lawrenceville, rendered all the medical attention possible in the case.

INCIDENTS.

But one of the engines could get into service at one time, owing to the scarcity of water. The water was pumped from the river by a small engine connected with the works, into a tank from whence the steamer was supplied. The water could be used only in keeping the walls cool, as the fire was only made worse when oil and water were thrown together. The river was too far away for the steamers to pump from it directly. The engines all returned to the city but one as soon as this fact was made apparent. The Lawrence Hose Company and the Independence steamer remained on the ground all afternoon and did effective service.

The Vigilant steamer, on the way out, broke a spoke by coming in contact with a wagon.

The Independent Hose carriage was upset by running into a hole on Penn street. The foreman, McKenna, was severely hurt by being thrown off the carriage. The vehicle was also damaged, the lamps being smashed, the axle bent and the hose drum broken.

As the Hook and Ladder truck was being drawn to the fire, three of the men, Edward McCafferty, John McKean and John McClarren were thrown off on Butler street and seriously injured.

The damage by the fire will be repaired immediately, and the Works put in running order as usual. In the meantime the business will not be materially interfered with as the remaining stills can be made to supply the wants of the establishment.

THE COURTS.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

WEDNESDAY, September 22.—The case of the Commonwealth vs. W. W. Keenan and J. B. Clark, indicted for libel, was called up for trial on Tuesday. The Commonwealth was represented by L. B. Duff and H. H. McCormick, Esqs., the defendants by Mr. Swartzwelder and W. D. Moore, Esqs.

After the jury was called, but before being sworn, as plea entered, Mr. Swartzwelder moved to quash the indictment on the grounds:

First—That the article published and complained of was not libelous.

Second—That the three counts in the indictment were defective, in that the inuendoes were intended to enlarge the meaning of the words beyond their ordinary import and signification.

Third—That the inuendoes were not supported by proper averment and inducement.

Mr. Swartzwelder then argued the reasons assigned at length.

Messrs. Duff and McCormick replied on behalf of the Commonwealth, and the Court reserved its decision until the opening of Court Wednesday morning, when the motion was sustained and the case ended for the present. We are informed that the case will be carried up on a writ of error.

The first case taken up was that of the comonwealth *vs* Jeremiah Fisher indicted for larceny, George. Draken prosecutor. The prosecutor alleged that some time since he left a carpet sack containing some articles at the Union Depot. Where the defendant was janitor and that the carpet sack was stolen subsequently. It is alleged several articles that were in the carpet sack were found in the possesion of defendant. The Jury returned a verdict of guilty and recomended the defendant to the mercy of the court. Sentence deferred.

The next case taken up was that of the commonwealth vs. Charles Kohl, indicted for felonious assault and battery, Nicholas Gertner prosecutor. It appears that the parties worked at Cunningham's glass house in Birmingham, when defendent struck the prosecutor on the head knocking him down, and then struck him again after he was down. The jury found that the defendant was not guilty of the following charge in the indictment, but was guilty of unlawful cutting and wounding the defendant, Nicholas Gertner, and recommended the defendent to the mercy of the Court. Mr. Seibneck, attorney for the defendant, made an appeal to the Court for leniency, asking that the sentence might be made as light as possible, stating that a civil suit for damages had been commenced against the prisoner, and that he was a poor man, but honest and industrious.

Judge Mellon stated that he had determined to pass severe sentences in all cases of that character, and that they were becoming entirely too frequent of late. He would, in this case, which appeared to be an exception, make the sentence as light as he possibly could. The defendant was then sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution, a fee of six and one-fourth cents, and undergo an imprisonment in the county work house for a period of four months.

Charles Gilkey, indicted for the larceny of a cow from Rebecca Kline, the prosecutrix, was placed on trial. Mrs. Kline resides at Turtle Creek, and she alleges that on the second day of July her cow was stolen. On trial.

THE TEMPERANCEVILLE HOMICIDE.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Thomas Caroon, charged with the murder of Frank Schnecke, the particulars of which we previously published, Mr. Marshall, attorney for the defendant, moved to have the defendant admitted to bail.

William Craig was called by Mr. Moreland, counsel for the prosecution, and testified that he was present when the shooting was done. He saw Schnecke go into the bar room and come out with a coat on which Caroon ordered him to take off, telling him that it was not his coat. He (Schnecke) was slow about taking off the coat. Edward Caroon struck him with his fist. Caroon then went into the house and Schnecke, who was drunk, followed him in, and while he was standing near the counter Caroon struck him on the ear with a glass. He, the witness, attempted to take Schnecke out of the house, but could not do it. Shortly after Schnecke came out and Caroon followed to the door with a pistol in his hand, which he pointed toward Schnecke and witness, who were standing together at the end of the porch. He then went back into the house, and subsequently came out again and started across the street, when Schnecke threw a paving stone at him, whereupon Caroon turned round and shot at him.

John Craig and other witnesses were called and corroborated the above statement.

Mr. Marshall, for the defendant, called two witnesses, one of whom testified that he had heard Schencke threaten to kill Caroon before going out of the house.

The matter was submitted to the Court without argument by counsel, and the Judge thought it a bailable offense, and fixed the bail at $10,000.

TRIAL LIST FOR THURSDAY.

No. 247.	Com.	vs.	James Smith.
" 75.	"	"	John Manning.
" 212.	"	"	Charles L. Hall.
" 211.	"	"	James Furguson.
" 240.	"	"	Christ Bradford and Wm. Richardson.

Spalding's Jatamansi cures Baldness, Restores Grey Hair.

Republican Meeting at the Market House, McKeesport.

A large meeting of the Republicans of McKeesport was held on Tuesday evening, at the Market House, where the issues of the campaign were discussed by speakers who were appointed for the meeting.

On motion of Mr. Coursin the meeting was organized by the appointment of the following officers: President, Alexander Miller, Esq.; Vice Presidents, Messrs. John Patterson and Wm. Dunseath; Secretary, W. E. Harrison, Esq.

The President, after thanking the audience for the honor conferred, introduced Col. Thos. M. Bayne, who proceeded to address the meeting in one of his finest efforts. The speaker discussed the success and rising greatness of the liberal parties in all countries, in Spain, in England, and the Republican party in this country—the Republican party has been the party of progress, the party of reform. It has not proposed a measure that it has not achieved and become a part of the Constitution and law of the land—everything it has attempted it has accomplished. It has abolished slavery, and to the former bondsman thrown wide the door to manhood, maintained its liberal principles at the expense of a war, and all its results have been accomplished in conformity with the divine law. The speaker then proceeded to illustrate the course of the Democratic party, showing that the Democratic party from the beginning, has been opposed to the Constitution, that they have maintained the doctrine of State rights, and that now, as heretofore, the States rights question is an important plank in their platform. The gentleman closed with an earnest appeal to all Republicans to guard their interests upon the second Tuesday of October, that principles and not men must be considered, that men are insignificant in the question, that there are reasons way back of them that are fundamental—the Constitution, the progress and prosperity of our Government.

Hon. Thos Howard, was then called upon and entertained the audience in a speech of an hours length. He showed the economical and equitable administration of the State government during the Republican administration. The decreasing of the State debt several millions, which the Democracy had left as a Democratic legacy. The abolishing of the land tax so that individuals do not pay one cent of tax for the support of the State government, and collecting the tax for running this commonwealth from the corporations upon which the State conferred privileges of taxing those corporations sufficient to pay all the expenses of the State government. The speaker then referred to the immense wealth of Asa Packer and that it consisted of railroad and mining stock that centered in New York, "that where his money is there will his heart be also," that his interests are in New York and not in Pennsylvania, and as a Governor his New York monied interests would certainly affect his public acts. The gentleman closed his remarks in an able and eloquent defence of our banking system and the Fifteenth Amendment.

J. E. McKelvy, Esq., was the next speaker and made the final speech of the evening. The speaker held that the election was an important one; that the questions of the war were not fully settled and that it is the duty of the Republican party to hammer away year after year until the mission, the work of the party, is finally consummated. The gentlemen contrasted the two candidates—the one a statesman and a soldier; the other with no pretensions of statesmanship, but his only recommendations for the suffrages of the people are his Democratic record and wealth enough to stand the drain of the Democratic plunderers.

At the conclusion of Mr. McKelvy's speech the meeting adjourned.

Emancipation Day.

Yesterday the colored residents of our vicinity engaged heartily in the celebration of Emancipation day, the anniversary of freedom for the colored race in the United States. The event was of no ordinary interest to them and had been the theme of conversation and excitement weeks before the festal day rolled around. As a result, the celebration was very creditable and the occasion made memorable by the manner in which it was observed. The distinguishing feature of the affair was the procession which came off in the morning and was participated in by the various benevolent societies among the colored people together with the military companies, of which they have two flourishing organizations. The procession formed at Browns chapel in Allegheny headed by a brass band, paraded through the principal streets, and out to Pleasant Valley Park, where a pic-nic was in progress. At this shady retreat about a thousand people had gathered and the day was spent in the wooded land with music and feasting, dancing and speech-making, and other recreations, which were engaged in with an enthusiastic zest by old and young. The addresses on the occasion were made by Prof. S. A. Neale and a number of others. As the day drew to a close the Park was deserted for the festal scene, and the evening passed with a festival at Excelsior Hall, which was largely attended. The celebration throughout was very orderly, and passed off in a most harmonious manner.

Coroner's Inquest.

Coroner Clawson yesterday morning held an inquest on the body of Patrick Dignam, who died suddenly at Kennedy's saloon, Fifth avenue, Tuesday evening. It appears that Mr. Dignam, who is sixty years of age, stopped at the saloon and called for supper, and while eating the supper he was seized with a fit of coughing. One of the boarders sitting near him supposed that he was choking and slapped him several times between the shoulders. The old gentleman appeared to be relieved, but a few moments afterwards he evinced signs of great suffering and a difficulty in breathing, whereupon he was removed to the open air and Dr. Daly sent for. Before the Doctor arrived, however, he was dead. Drs. Daly and Gilmore held a *post mortem* examination yesterday morning, and on cutting into the neck found a piece of beef one and a half by two inches lodged in the entrance of the windpipe, which, in the opinion of the physicians, caused death. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts.

A Mistake.

MESSRS. EDITORS: An impression has obtained in the Seventh Ward, that R. R. Bulger, Esq., will not be a candidate for Common Council, at the nomination meeting, on Saturday next. This is a mistake. Although Mr. Bulger was absent from the city for some two months previous to the preliminary meeting, and the evening it was held was confined to his bed by sickness, his friends were present who suggested his name, they being well satisfied with his general course and votes in Council during the last year, especially on the Park question, he having voted to submit the same to the people.

For the Ladies Only—New Goods at a Retail Mart—Where the Fashions are to be Seen and Where Decided Bargains are to be Obtained.

For many years past the retail trimming and notion house of W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market street, has enjoyed a reputation such as many older houses in the business would have deemed worth more than the capital they had invested. Studying to please his customers, assured that success was forthcoming only through a persistent effort to please, satisfied that the trade of Pittsburgh was peculiar and that to secure it he must exert all of his abilities to procure just such goods as the trade demanded. Mr. Morhead has been peculiarly fortunate, and has succeeded in building up for his house a reputation such as no other contemporary establishment can lay claim to. He has the reputation of not only being first and foremost to introduce all the latest novelties, but likewise of being the first to discover to our people and his patrons what remarkable declines have taken place in the prices of the goods he holds, and to permit them to enjoy the benefit of the decline. With such a business advantage we do not marvel that Mr. Moorhead has been successful, or that his store, which is a paragon of taste and excellence should be thronged from morning till night with crowds in attendance.

Yesterday we were afforded opportunity for looking through the stock, and we are sorry that our limited space precludes the possibility of properly describing the many articles we saw there worthy of especial mention and description; but a few items well suffice to show what a magnificent stock of rich goods and novelties are in store for our lady readers who may attend the grand Moorhead opening now going forward at No. 81 Market street. In the main salesrooms of the establishment we found large and novel lines of general embroideries, Hamburg edging, flouncings, insertings, &c., which far eclipsed anything in the same line we have ever seen. We also observed beautiful specimens of scarfs of pure silk, and ranging from price of five dollars to fifteen dollars each; also exquisitely fine bows for ladies, which will be sure to commend themselves to public attention, and which sell at very reasonable rates. The assortment of Hamburg edgings, insertings, and flouncing is very large, and we believe our lady readers will be puzzled to make selections, as such a grand variety is presented. Of woolen knit goods there are full lines, and inasmuch as every article is warranted to prove satisfactory to the purchaser, both as to neatness and durability, we can confidently expect a large share of patronage to be directed towards the house of Mr. Moorhead. Solomon's patent underclothes supporter is one of the novelties introduced, and on all sides, admitted to be one of the most perfect articles extant for the use of children and misses. It affords free motion to the limbs and gives general ease and comfort, improving the health of the wearer. The "Monocrat" skirt has also been introduced by Mr. Moorhead. It is the only perfect skirt made of Balmoral, or muslin, with watch spring steel hoops combined. The firm also manufacture the "Monocrat," which we hope will have the opinion of our readers with our own, regarding it as the best and most comfortable skirt introduced. There are many other points to which we might direct attention in the goods of this house, such as high colored gloves, ladies plain and ruffled collars, lace collars, plain and embroidered handkerchiefs, fine hoop skirts, gents furnishing goods, general fashionable millinery goods, cloak trimmings, slipper patterns, etc., etc. We earnestly believe Mr. Moorhead has one of the finest stocks ever opened in the city, and trust our lady readers will not fail to attend his grand fall and winter opening which now progresses. We commend him as a dealer eminently worthy public patronage and support, and hope he will now receive the patronage due his enterprise.

Indian Summer.

The most delightful and glorious season of the year is about to break upon us, and a brief enjoyment of its heavenly pleasures may be anticipated. What of the incident joys and gladness, so long as we know that it is as true as truth itself that at the extensive and well managed trunk factory of Mr. Joseph Liebler, No. 104 Wood street, the largest and finest stock of durable home made trunks to be obtained west of the mountains is to be found at the very cheapest prices. This is joy enough without Indian summer to those who have such articles to purchase. Remember the place, the Premium Trunk Factory, No. 104 Wood street.

The vast amount of PLANTATION BITTERS now being sold and shipped from New York is almost incredible. Go when and where you will—along the wharves and piers, and at the depots—you will see great piles of these Bitters awaiting shipment and conveyance to every nook and corner of the country, and to the hundreds of foreign ports. They are very popular among all classes of people, and are conceded to be just the thing for this climate. No Bitters have yet been introduced which have become so deservedly popular and worthy of patronage, to all who require a tonic and stimulant. They are prepared with pure St. Croix Rum, Calisaya Bark, and all the world knows full well what beneficial results accrue from these combinations.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. TH.S.T.F.

Country Flannels and blankets—new goods—at Bates & Bell's.

Everybody uses Spalding's Jatamansi. every bottle warranted.

The Ladies of the two cities are informed that Miss Bartholomew, an accomplished artist, has opened rooms at 65 Federal street, Allegheny, on the second floor, where plain and *ornamental hair work* is made or repaired; also ladies' *hair dressing* done in approved style at the shop or at their residences. M&TH.3W.

From Paris.—The Milk of Violets is a Parisian production. The *elite* will use no other cosmetic, as it contains everything requisite in an elegant toilet preparation. Sold by druggists and fancy goods dealers. V. W. Brinckerhoff, New York, sole agent.

Schwartz and Haslett, druggists, corner First and Wood streets, general agents for Spaulding's Jatamansi. tths.

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by all Druggists. TTHS:T.

10 Acres! 10 Acres! 10 Acres! A positive sale of 10 acres in Robinson township, near Chartier's Post office will take place at 3 o'clock this day. See advertised on sixth page by A. Leggate Auc·

New Goods and new styles at Bates & Bell's.

Piano Buyers' Notice

Messrs. Mellor & Foene are now receiving their fall stock of pianos, selected personally at the factories in the East by Mr. Mellor. Among the lot are two magnificent Chickering Concert Grand Pianos, the finest and most artistic instruments ever brought to this city—so pronounced by all of our musicians who have seen them. Also, one of their newly invented patant action Up-right Pianos—a perfect gem of a piano. Also, a number of their superb Square Grands, with Agraffe attachments throughout. The fact that Mr. Mellor selected these pianos himself, is a guarantee of their excellence, for all our citizens know of his rare and extensive qualifications and experience in the piano business. Those persons intending to purchase, will find it to their advantage to examine this splendid stock Rooms, No. 52 Fifth avenue, next door to Masonic Hall. 3

At Druggists—call for Spalding's Jatamansi.

Wool Shawls, long and square, fancy Arabs, of all varieties, at Bates & Bell's.

J. H. Warner, 55 Fourth Avenue, corner of Market street, will open Fall Hats and Bonnets in his Retail Department, Tuesday, September 21st.

Black Alpacas and mourning goods at Bates & Bell's.

Real Estate.—See advertisement of McClung & Rainbow, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue. tf.

Black Silks, evening silks, white alpacas, and evening dress goods of all kinds at Bates & Bell's.

—A disturbance occurred Tuesday night on board the British ship Alexandria while that vessel was proceeding to sea, bound for Liverpool. Capt. Brown, master, and Alexander Wilon, mate, in attempting to quell the fracas were severely stabbed by one of the crew named John Kelly. John Holligan and Michael Shanahan, the principal leaders in the disturbance, were brought to Boston for trial.

MARRIED:

JOHNS—ROBINSON—On Tuesday, Sept. 21, 1869, at the residence of the bride's mother, by Rev. Richard Lea, CLARENCE M. JOHNS to Miss MATTIE S. ROBINSON, all of Pittsburgh. No cards.

(Philadelphia papers please copy.

DIED:

HOUSTON—In Philadelphia, on Saturday morning, 18th inst., JOHN J. HOUSTON, formerly of this city.

GOWDY—At McKeesport, Wednesday morning, September 22d, of Congestive Chills, Rev. G. W. GOWDY, aged 47 years.

Funeral to take place at 2 o'clock P. M. TO-DAY from his late residence in McKeesport.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Carriages furnished for city funerals at $2.00 each.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D.D., Rev. E. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

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