Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1869. NUMBER 215.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Cuban Affairs—Religious Liberty and Freedom of Election will be Conceded by Spain to Cuba—Proceedings in the Statistical Congress—Loss of the British Mail Steamer Caranotic—Official Letter from the Sultan of Turkey to the Viceroy of Egypt—English Press on Spanish Affairs.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—The *Star*, radical organ, to-day states that the difficulty between the United States and Spain on the Cuban question, is in a fair way of settlement.

A rumor of a proclamation guaranteeing religious liberty and freedom of election, shortly to be issued by the Spanish government is a better omen; but if the reports of the military government in Cuba are true, the concession must be prefaced by one more essential, namely: That Cubans be permitted to live to enjoy them.

Advices have been received of the total wreck of the Indian mail steamer Caranotic off the Island of Shadum, in the Red Sea. All the passengers and crew succeeded in reaching the shore in safety, but the mails and the cargo were lost. The steamer had a large amount of specie on board for this city, which was lost.

DUBLIN, September 17.—In the Synod of Armagh a resolution exolding the laity from deciding questions of doctrine and discipline has been rejected by a large majority. The Synod has also rejected a resolution looking to the representation of minorities, and has adjourned until the 30th inst.

CORK, September 17.—The Farmers' Club have adopted resolutions demanding a perpetuity in land tenures; the placing of rents on a fixed basis, and the abolition of distress for rent. A national tenants' league was also organized.

SPAIN.

LONDON, September 17.—The *Telegraph* has an editorial on the relations between Spain and the United States wherein it says: The recognition of the Cubans would place Washington in the wrong on the Alabama question. With what consistency can rights be granted wandering guerrillas, not formidable enough for a blockade. If England desired to put the accusers of her policy out of court, she should encourage the policy ascribed to President Grant. We prefer to take the question on the broad ground of common interests. War between Spain and America would be a material injury that would be equally apportioned. The shipping of the latter would be a prey to privateers and her commerce, with the profits, would pass to neutrals. The reduction of the national debt would be arrested, internal organization checked, and public discontent would revive. With the growing burdens, Spain would lose Cuba, but continue Spain, with her obstinate tenacity of resistance, her great undeveloped resources, her power to attack American trade, and her comparative invulnerability to retaliation. America would gain at a heavy cost what might for years be more a loss than a gain; would be entangled in a war combining a maximum cost and a minimum glory. Such considerations cannot pass unregarded at Washington, since there is still ground for the hope that peace may be preserved.

The *Examiner*, on the subject of Spain and Cuba, has the following: "By the history of analogy there is no longer a physical impediment to the representation of Cuba in the Spanish Cortes. Expediency recommend it; but for Cuba is it not too late. If not sold or surrendered, her own inhabitants must in some form be mortgaged to the Americans, with the certainty, that once in power, she will eventually become theirs. It is better, perhaps, for Spain.

MADRID, September 17.—It is thought the cabinet at Washington has become somewhat more conciliatory since the receipt of telegrams from Mr. Sickles, American Minister, that the over excited temper of the Spanish people will compel the government to continue the war for the suppression of the insurrection in Cuba.

The King of Italy has given his consent to the selection of the Duke of Genoa as King of Spain.

The strike of the workmen at Barcelona continues. It has assumed alarming proportions.

A decree summoning the Cuban Deputies to Cortes at Madrid will shortly be published. The fleet is nearly ready to sail with reinforcements for Cuba.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 15.—The Grand Vizier has dispatched a second official letter in the name of the Sultan, to the Viceroy of Egypt, in which he expresses satisfaction at the receipt of the assurances of fidelity on the part of his highness, which his note contained, as also his pleasure at the compliance with, and strict adherence to the conditions of the recent *firman* manifested by the latter. The Sultan, however, specially insists that the Viceroy shall, in the future, observe strictly the following points of the royal missive, viz.: That the Egyptian army shall be reduced; that thirty thousand needle guns alone shall be ordered in Europe or elsewhere, and that all small arms beyond that number as well as any ironclad vessels of war which may have been bargained for or are now in course of construction, shall be countermanded; that the public taxes of the territory shall be levied and collected in the name of the Sultan only; that taxes shall be imposed only in the name of the Sultan; that the annual Budget of Finance shall be submitted regularly to the Sultan for authorization previous to its promulgation; that his approval be asked for in all cases of contract of foreign loans; that the Viceroy shall not hold direct official intercourse or communication with foreign governments, and that he shall afford, through his officers, better treatment to Mussulman pilgrims journeying to and from the Holy Shrine. The Grand Vizier adds in conclusion that, in compliance with these terms, and an understanding as to a faithful executive observance of them, the Sultan will be glad to see the Viceroy in Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 17.—The Khidive of Egypt raises difficulties respecting the carrying out of that portion of the second official letter of the Sultan relative to budget loans.

PRUSSIA.

THE HAGUE, September 17.—During the session of the Statistical Congress yesterday, Mr. Chadwick moved for a collection of statistics respecting the military service with a view to the reduction of standing armies.

Mr. Ruggles, of New York, supported the motion in a lengthy speech wherein he contrasts the armaments of Europe with those of the United States. He exampled the recent war in America for the suppression of the rebellion, and the extirpation of slavery. When all was over the return of the soldiers to their peaceful avocations, to pay the coste of that war, did not impoverish and weaken the country as much as standing armies do in European States.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 17—Prince Napoleon embarked from Calais on his yacht to-day.

M. Peretry, one of the members of the Corps Legislatif, has written a letter, in which he demands that the deputies shall re-assemble on the 25th of October, of their own free will, if the government does not convoke the Chamber according to the Constitution.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, Sept. 17.—An organization of the National Liberals of North and South Germany, into one party is projected. The scheme is generally approved, though in Bavaria there is much apparent reserve.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Sept. 17.—Mr. Joy, American Minister, has returned from a visit to Admiral Radford at Trieste. He goes to Voslom for a week prior to taking up his residence here.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 17.—The Schlavonians have filicitated the Bohemians.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, September 17.—*Evening.*—Consols for money 92⅞, and for account 93. American securities steady. Five-Twenty bonds at London: '65s, old, 82⅝; '62s, 83½; '67s, 81½; 10-40s, 75; '62s at Frankfort, 87¾. Eries, 27; Illinois, 94¼; Atlantic and Great Western, 27¾. Stocks quiet. Rentes 70f. 75c.

LIVERPOOL, September 17.—Cotton market firm, but not higher, with sales of middling uplands at 13d, Orleans 13¼d; sales were 7,000 bales. California white Wheat 11s, red western 9s. 6d@9s 8d. Western Flour 25s. Corn 30s. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 44s. 6d. Pork 102s. 6d. Beef 90s. Lard 75s. 6d. Cheese 61s. 6d. Bacon 66s.

LONDON, Sept. 17.—Tallow 46s 6d. Sugar 39s 9d@40s. Petroleum at Antwerp, 57¼f. Cotton at Havre 156f., and quiet.

ST. LOUIS.

The Red Stockings—Case of Moody Against the Owners of the Steamer Flirt.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, September 17.—The Red Stockings Base Ball Club left for Omaha this morning on the North Missouri Railroad.

Depositions are still being taken in the case of Frank Mooney against the owners of the steamer Flirt for inhuman treatment. No person except Mooney himself has yet testified positively that Mooney was shot in the mouth at the time of the fracas, though some saw him bleeding at the mouth. The theory of the defense, although no depositions in their behalf have been taken as yet, is evidently that Mooney, when ordered to perform some duty on the boat, was stubborn and refractory; that the mate punished him to compel obedience; that a pistol was used with which he was beaten on the head, and during the castigation it went off but shot nobody; that Mooney was ordered off the boat to the Island to carry on wood and refused to do so, seating himself upon a log and obstinately refusing to return to the boat; that the boat was detained some time through his refusal to go aboard, and finally was compelled to shove off without him.

Ohio State Fair—A Grand Success.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOLEDO, Sept. 17.—The Ohio State Fair closed to-day. It can be safely stated to be the most successful in all respects of any yet held. The number of admission tickets sold was 79,000 against 75,000 at Dayton, 1867, the highest of any preceeding year. The aggregate of receipts were from $28,000 to $30,000. The number of entries, 4,300, being about 1,000 mor than in any former year. The most gratifying degree of order, sobriety and good feeling distinguished the whole affair, and everybody, officers of the board, exhibitors, visitors and citizens, are delighted. As evidence of the natural resources, developments and advancements of the region of country tributary to Toledo, it was an occasion in which the people of this city may well take pride, and which will do much towards attracting in this direction the industry, skill and capital of the country.

An Alleged Swindler Arrested, Discharged and Re-arrested.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, September 17.—Waddy Thompson, who was arrested at St. Louis in company with Perry Fuller a few days since, for alleged revenue frauds, and sent to New Orleans under the United States Marshal for trial, was taken from the Marshal at Jackson, Tennessee, yesterday, on a writ of *habeas corpus* and brought before Judge Lee, of Law Court, this city, and discharged on the ground that the United States Commissioner only had the power of a magistrate to bail or commit, and could not order the prisoner to be carried to another State, and ordered the discharge of the prisoner. Thompson was immediately re-arrested by the Deputy United States Marshal's order, on a warrant issued by Commissioner Morrison, of this city, on the same charge, and was afterwards released on bail to appear for trial to-day.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, September 18, 1869.

ABSENT ON DUTY.

By direction of the Secretary of War, Brevet Brigadier General Thomas M. Vincent, Assistant Adjutant General, will proceed to Springfield, Ills., and Chicago, Ills., under instructions from the Adjutant General of the army, and return to his station here on the completion of this duty.

CUBAN AFFAIRS.

It is stated that Admiral Hoff had an interview with Secretary Robeson and Admiral Porter yesterday on Cuban affairs. It is claimed that the Admiral's sympathies have always been with the Cubans, but that his instructions required him to remain strictly neutral, and it would have been obviously unseemly for him to indulge in any demonstrations in favor of the insurgents. He thinks the struggle will be a protracted one unless some outside interference takes place.

PATENT CASE DECIDED.

In the interference case of Mason against Romley, assignee, relating to the manufacture of screw caps for fruit jars, Judge Fisher, of the Supreme Court, for the District of Columbia, rendered a decision awarding the patent to Romley. It is held that if Mason invented the article, his delay of eleven years, before applying for a patent, works a forfeiture of right.

AVAILABLE COIN.

The amount of available coin in the United States Treasury was $102,832,343 40, including $21,355,040 in gold certificates outstanding on the 14th inst. The coin, with the exception of about $4,000,000, is at the Sub-Treasury, New York.

BONDS WITHDRAWN.

The Commercial National Bank of Cincinnati has withdrawn the bonds deposited to secure its circulation, and substituted legal tender notes under the provisions of the forty-second section of the National Currency Act.

RELIEVED FROM DUTY.

Brevet Lieutenant Colonel H. Reeves is relieved from duty in the Freedman's Bureau and ordered to proceed to his home.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, September 17, 1869.

The steamer Allemania, from Hamburg arrived last night.

The French corvette Metrels arrived this morning at Quaratine from Port au Prince. She reports ten deaths from yellow fever since the last of June. The last death from that disease was on the 5th of September. She has one man sick at present.

Frederick Brauzert fatally stabbed his two sons, John and Frederick, last evening in the town of Union, N. J., during a family fight. He was arrested and attempted to cut his own throat but failed.

Secretary Boutwell was engaged this morning with Collector Grünnell and others. Thurlow Weed called to pay his respects. The audience with the merchants did not take place, as the Secretary was obliged to return to Washington.

A large portion of the woolen mill at Ripton, Ulster county, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss heavy; partially insured. One hundred and fifty persons are thrown out of employmept.

A rumor, believed to be founded on fact, that the force in the Custom House will be reduced and the books of the various departments examined with a view to detect all frauds, created considerable excitement among the attaches today.

Peter Mark Roget, the author, died today, aged ninety years.

A rumor is current this evening that Napoleon, on account of the precarious state of his health, will shortly abdicate in favor of his son, but will retain the Presidency of the Council.

The steamer Wesser, from Bremen, arrived to-night. She sailed on the 17th.

Preparations continue for the coming international scullers' match between Walter Brown, of Portland, Me., and Joseph Saddier, of England, which is appointed for October 7th, on the Thames, from Putney to Mortlake. Brown has abandoned his American built boat for one constructed by Jewett. He trains with the ex-champion, Henry Kelly, as coach. Betting two to one on Saddier.

Case of Saunders, the Defaulting Teller.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, Sept. 17.—The case of David E. Saunders, the defaulting teller of the North National Bank, came up to-day before Commissioner Hallet.

Charles G. Nazro, President of the Bank, testified as to the discovery of the defalcation, which amounted to $132,000.

Wm. B. Lee and Jno. M. Danforth, of the firm of Lee, Danforth & Co., brokers, testified that they had bought stocks for the defendant, requiring the usual margin of ten dollars a share. No inquiry was ever made by them as to where the defendant got his money.

Upon a cross examination Mr. Danforth stated that at one time his firm had a margin of $9,000 dollars received from the defendant, and that the commisions of his firm, received by their dealings with him, might have been 20,000 dollars.

The case was then continued, the bail remaining at 50,000 dollars.

It is stated by the officers of the Bank that the loss to the Bank will be about $96,000, after deducting the bonds of Saunders and the amount received by brokers.

Railroad Accident.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ROCHESTER, September 17.—A serious collision occurred on the Central Railroad at Lyons this evening to the 5:30 train from this city, owing to the carlessness of a watchman, destroying the engine and disabling every passenger coach in the train. Several persons were injured, but no fatal casualties. Several cars in the stock train were destroyed and cattle in them killed.

CHICAGO.

Adjournment of the Episcopal Convention—Vote of the Illinois M. E. Conference on Lay Delegation.

CHICAGO, September 17.—The Episcopal Diocesan Convention adjourned this afternoon.

During the morning session Rev. Dr. Reynolds offered for adoption resolutions congratulating the Bishop on his annual address, expressing satisfaction at the stand which he had taken in that address on the questions involved in the Cheney trial. Dr. Reynolds, in supporting his resolutions, accused certain of the city papers of having been paid for the articles which they had contained in their columns during the trial of Rev. Dr. Cheney.

Just before adjournment, two new canons were introduced having reference to Ecclesiastical trials. They were referred to the Committee on Canons and Legislation, to report at the next Convention.

The Central Illinois Methodist Episcopal Conference cast its vote to day on lay delegation as follows: Ayes, 74; nays, 13.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The statement that Mrs. Stowe is sick is denied.

—It is reported that Sir Francis Hincks has been offered a seat in the Dominion Cabinet.

—Judd's linseed oil works at Richmond, Va., were destroyed Thursday night. Loss $100,000.

—The Governor of Oregon has appointed three delegates to the St. Louis National Capitol Convention.

—Ex-Governor Church, who is ill in Rochester, N. Y., has decidedly improved, but is not yet out of danger.

—Hon. Fred A. Tallmadge, ex-member of Congress from New York city, died yesterday morning at Litchfield, Conn.

—The members of the National Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows yesterday visited the harbor fortificatiions at San Francisco.

—The loss at Minneopolis by the late flood was somewhat exaggerated: Beyond the loss of logs it will not be over $5,000.

—The Canada Chemical Works at London, Canada, were destroyed by fire Thursday night. Loss $30,000; no insurance.

—Preparations for the International Industrial Exhibition to be he held in Buffalo, October 6th, are rapidly drawing to a close.

—A terrific thunder storm passed over Cleveland Thursday night. Several houses were struck by lightning, but not much damage done.

—During a fight at Hartford, Conn., Thursday evening, between five negroes and two whitemen, one of the latter, Arthur Adams, was fatally stabbed.

—Prince Arthur yesterday visited various points of interest about Quebec, and attended a grand ball in the evening. He leaves Quebec on Monday.

—Mrs. Lucy Stone, Mrs. Livermore and Miss Anthony held a reception at the Burnett House, Cincinnati, yesterday morning, which was attended by many citizens.

—A St. Paul dispatch says the heavy rains have washed away all the bridges on the stage road between Rush City and Duluth, Lake Superior, so that the roads are impassible.

—The cigar manufactory of Schultz and Gissiken, of Carlinsville, Illinois, has been seized for violation of the internal revenue laws. About 69,000 cigars were seized with the factory.

—The fire yesterday morning in Syracuse, New York, greatly damaged Sperry's Skate Factory and Hinman and Sperry's Machine Shop. Loss upwards of $50,000. Insured for $30,000.

—The game of cricket between the St. Georges, of New York, and the Philadelphia club, yesterday, resulted in a victory for the latter, scoring 113 runs in two innings to the St. Georges' 98.

—James Apple, whose distillery has been closed by Officer Brooks, at Philadelphia, was arrested yesterday and committed, without bail, charged with being implicated in the shooting of Brooks.

—Page & Kilburn's shingle and box factory, at St. Louis, was burned Friday morning; loss about $30,000; insurance, $10,000. Mr. Schulenborg's lumber yard, adjoining, was damaged about $4,000.

—James Armstrong shot his mother-in-law dead in North Bridgewater, Massachusetts, Thursday evening. A shot intended for his father-in-law wounded James Welch, a neighbor. The murderer fled.

—The Iowa State Fair closed yesterday, and has been in every way a marked success. Premiums were awarded on agricultural instruments, fruits, farm stock, etc. The show of draft animals was especially fine.

—Libby and Pennybacker's flour mills and Col. Thomas' regimental armory, at Philadelphia, were destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss $30,000. The steel pen works, a cabinet shop and machine shop, continguous, were badly damaged.

—A gunsmith yesterday identified the pistol found lying near Kreutz, who was found dead Tuesday morning, and was supposed to have been murdered, as one he sold to Kreutz on Friday last. This is regarded as proof that his death was by suicide.

—The Council of Louisville passed an ordinance last night submitting a proposition to the voters of Louisville, at a special election to be held October 2d, to subscribe $500,000 in aid of the contemplated Louisville, New Albany and St. Louis airline Railroad.

—A telegram from Puebla, Colorado, says Wild Bill, a noted character, who has figured as a hero of several sketches of life on the border, got into a difficulty on election day, and while being taken to the Colorado City jail, was fired upon from the brush and killed.

—The body of O. Hillman, of Tennessee, was found in the river at Cairo, yesterday, with the throat cut. He was last seen alive Sunday night and complained of being sick. It is thought he committed suicide, as the body bore no evidence of having been robbed.

—The freight depot of the Pittsburgh and Cleveland Railroad, at Cleveland, was destroyed by fire Friday morning. The building was unusually clear of freight. The loss cannot yet be accurately determined. It was mostly in freight, and is variously estimated at fifty to two hundred thousand dollars. No insurance on either building or contents.

—A fire occurred in Toronto, Canada, yesterday morning, and destroyed three frame houses Two children belonging to a man named Chaloner perished in the flames. One fireman was killed and another fatally injured by a falling chimney. The mother of the children saved a third child by throwing it out of a window.

—The Grand Lodge of Good Templars which has been in session at Jacksonville, Illinois, for two days, after several hours discussion of the matter, endorsed by decided majority the action of the National Temperance Convention, recently held in Chicago, in favor of a third political organization, the distinctive and most conspicuous part of the platform of which shall be prohibition.

—Waddy Thompson, who was charged with defrauding the Government in connection with Perry Fuller, Collector at New Orleans, and released under a writ of *habeas corpus* Thursday, was subsequently arrested in Memphis and brought before United States Commissioner Morrison yesterday, and his trial was postponed until the 1st of October, in order to allow the Government time to procure witness. Thompson gave bail in the sum of $10,000 for his appearance.

—At a meeting of the St. Louis National Extension Committee a call for a convention, to be held at St. Louis October 20th, was decided upon, and will be published in the prominent papers of the country. The call, after stating that the Govenors of all the States are invited to attend the Convention, says that in case the Govenor of any of the States refuse to appoint delegates to the Convention, that delegates selected by Congressmen of any Congressional District will be received and duly accredited and admitted to seats in the Convention.

THE COURTS.

United States Court.

In the United States Circuit and District Courts now in session at Williamsport, Judge McCandless presiding, the following business has been transacted:

In the District Court the case of the United Stases vs. Wm. Foulds, was continued for trial at Pittsburgh.

Clinton and Rebecca Myers were indicted for passing counterfeit fractional currency. The case was submitted without evidence, and verdict of not guilty rendered.

The cases of the United State vs. Jacob Brown, Jacob Scott, Lewis Scott, Simon Scott, Amelia Simons, Herman Simons, Lewis Simons, Victor Simons, and Jacob Smith, all indicted for violations of the revenue law, were continued for trial at Pittsburgh.

Wm. Breen was convicted of passing counterfeit money, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $1,000 and to undergo two years imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary.

Jonathan Ritter, (Centre county,) convicted of passing counterfeit money, was sentenced to pay a fine of $500 and imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary for one year.

The case of W. A. Holmes, a creditor, vs. B. M. Stetlet, bankrupt, being an issue raised by specifications of objections, filed to bankrupts discharge, was tried, and a verdict rendered "that the facts set forth in the specifications are *not* true."

The case of Joseph Chase, creditor, vs. L. C. and Marion Berry, bankrupts, a question of law, raised by specifications of objection to discharge, was argued. The question involved is one of importance. The decision of the Court was reserved.

The case of the United States vs. the distillery of James Helsoh, Sr., was continued for trial at the October term next at Pittsburgh.

In the case of the United States vs. the distillery of Edward J. Boyer, and the United States vs. eighteen barrels of whisky, owned by Daniel Mengis, and in which verdicts for the United States had previously been rendered, on motion of the District Attorney, decrees of forfeiture were entered, and writs of sale ordered to be issued.

A petition was filed by McElroy, Dickson & Co., of Pittsburgh, against Emmons & Kaier, of the same place, asking that they be adjudged bankrupts. The usual order was made.

On motion of R. B. Patterson, Esq., Henry Butterfield, Esq., of Erie, was admitted a member of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

FRIDAY, September 17.—John Stewart, indicted for the larceny of a pair of shoes from Henry Wagner, was tried and a verdict of guilty rendered by the jury. The defendant was remanded for sentence.

Robert Early was indicted for larceny, John Gill appearing as prosecuting witness. The jury found a verdict of guilty, and defendant was sentenced to the Work House for four months, and to pay the costs of prosecution.

In the case of John Anderson, indicted for rape on Mrs. Sarah Ramsey, the jury failed to agree and were discharged.

James Friel indicted for larceny by bailee, on oath of Thomas C. Fogerty, was acquitted.

The next cases taken up were cross-suits for assault and battery, in which Mary A. Alexander and Ellen Kemp appeared as principals. The difficulty grew out of a controversy about the Hamill-Coulter boat race. Mrs. Alexander was an admirer of Coulter and Mrs. Kemp had a high regard for Hamill. Mrs. A. desired to celebrate Coulter's triumph, and with this view purchased several packages of Chinese crackers. While firing them off Mrs. K. interfered and threatened what she would do if the thing was kept up. Mrs. A. then hired a small boy to fire the crackers. Mrs. K.'s boy undertook to whip the agent, and a fight between all the parties ensued. The jury rendered a verdict of guilty in both cases.

The next case taken up was that of the commonwealth vs. George Folmer, indicted for assault and battery, Justice J. A. Lippert prosecutor. It was alleged that the defendant knocked the prosecutor down with his fist. It appeared from the evidence that Lippert the prosecutor was slightly intoxicated and made an attack on the defendant, who in order to get clear of him pushed him slightly. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and direct that the prosecutor J. A. Lippert pay the costs.

The case of the commonwealth vs. John McNerney, indicted for burglary, C. P. Maskimmen prosecutor. It was alleged that the accused entered the house of the prosecutor in the 8th ward, and took therefrom, a coat, pants, vest and other articles. The jury found the defendant guilty of larceny, and he was remanded for sentence.

Trial list for Monday.

No. 42, Com. vs. Loring Kohl,
" 82 " " Patrick Daly,
" 83 " " John Poulers,
" 60 " " Charles Gilkey,
" 55 " " Felix Bender and Barbara Bender,
" 63 " " James McKenna,
" 64 " " Samuel Newton, *et al.*,
" 96 " " Richard Bennett,
" 100 " " Samuel Early,
" 152 " " William Bowden,
" 104 " " Arthur Goodwin,

TRIAL LIST FOR TUESDAY.

No. 141. Com. vs. Wm. W. Keenan *et al.*
" 102. " " Jeremiah Fisher.
" 105. " " John Gilster.
" 107. " " John W. Jones.
" 110. " " John Lankshire.
" 117. " " Mathias Prunckner.
" 119. " " Conrad Schussler.
" 120. " " Wm. Smith.
" 125. " " Henry House.
" 126. " " Frank Kittleley.
" 128. " " John E. Thompson.
" 129. " " James Wright.
" 415. " " John A. Goetz.
" " F. Bruder.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

No. 61 Com. vs. Geo. Harrison.
" 74 " " John Whittinger.
" 111 " " Rudolph A. Lipp.
" 122 " " W. W. Wilson and G. Myers.
" 127 " " Molly Smith.
" 163 " " Wm. Einstein 11 cases.
" 161 " " Charles Kohl.
" 159 " " Charles Fink.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Miss Jennie Worrell, the most charming of the sisters, was the recipient of a benefit at the Opera House last evening, on which occasion "Barbe Blue" was presented. The house was full and the entertainment excellent. The sisters give a farewell matinee this afternoon. Monday evening Miss Emma Waller, the great tragedienne, will appear, supported by the Opera House company.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—The entertainments at the Pittsburgh Theatre are of highly amazing and interesting character, and the house is crowded nightly. A matinee for the accommodation of ladies and children will be given this afternoon. Everybody should hear James Taylor, the great comic vocalist.

MASONIC HALL.—The Davenport Brothers, who have been holding forth to large audiences since Tuesday night, at Masonic Hall, give their last entertainment this evening. The house was crowded last evening, and the exhibition was of the most wonderful and astonishing character. The "dark seance" is wonderful in the extreme. The nature of the experiments and the circumstances under which such astounding results are produced, is bewildering and mysterious beyond all human comprehension.

THE CIRCUS.—Col. Ames' New Orleans Circus and Menagerie exhibited on the Diamond Square, Allegheny, to large audiences. The menagerie contains a large collection of rare animals, birds, etc., and the circus company is one of the largest and perhaps the best now travelling in the United States. The stud of horses is an exhibition of itself well worth the price of admission. An entertainment will be given at 10 A. M., to-day, for the accommodation of the orphans in the several Orphan Asylums, who will be admitted free of charge. The regular afternoon and evening performances will conclude the stay of this mammoth establishment in this city.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Monday evening, the 20th inst., the Gregory Troupe, which it will be remembered entertained hundreds of our citizens nightly for over two weeks in succession, at the Old Theatre last season, will commence a brief season at the Academy of Music. In addition to the many attractive features connected with the Gregories, is the celebrated Clodoche Troupe of grotesqe dancers and pantomimists. We feel confident that the Gregories will draw large houses, as there are a number of distinct features in the entertainment, any one of which is worth the price of admission, among which are Madam Gertrude and her trained dogs, Willie Gregory in his spiral act and little Bessie in her amusing songs. Seats for sale at Hoffman & Hale's Opera House Music Store.

Additional Markets by Telegraph

NEW YORK, September 17.—The warm rainy weather hurts the otherwise depressed trade. Fresh arrivals of beeves amount to 1,660 head, making only 2,800 head since Monday, still they are not all selling and no firmness or advance can be reported, if anything they are lower, but an inferior quality is on sale. Sheep sell well, with 4,100 head arrived to-day fat lots brought 6¼c, with extras at 7 c, thin Ohio sheep of 78 pounds sold at 4¾c, with a car from Virginia, same weight, at 5¾c, a car of lambs 68 to 73 pounds brought 9¼c, some of 66 pounds 9c, fat lambs go quick. Hogs are firm at former quotations with twenty cars arrived; a car of Illinois, 205 pounds, brought 10¼c.

BUFFALO, September 17.—Flour dull and unquotable. Wheat inactive and depressed, with sales of 75,000 bush red Toledo at $1,37½, 15,000 bush do at $1,35 @1,36, 10,600 bush No. 2 Milwaukee club at $1,36, Chicago spring nominal. Corn dull and drooping, with sales of 9,000 bush, per sample, at 86c, 26,000 bush do. at 90c, car lots at 90@95c. Oats dull and easy, with sales of 56,000 bush western at 52c. Rye nominal at $1@1,06. Barley nominal. Seeds at $3,75@4,25 for old and new timothy according to condition; the market is quiet. Highwines dull; sales of retail lots at $1,16@1,17. Pork and lard dull and unchanged.

CHICAGO, Sept. 17.—At the afternoon Board No. 2 Wheat closed steady at $1,22¼, seller for the month. Corn irregular at 85c, seller for the month, and 85¼@86½c, seller for October; closing at 86c. Oats sold at 44@44¼c, seller for the month, and 43¼c, seller for October. In the evening 30,000 bush No. 2 Wheat sold $1,21½, and 20,000 bush at $1,21, seller for the month. Corn and oats quiet. Lake freights and provisions dull.

OSWEGO, September 17.—Flour steady and unchanged; sales 1,500 bbls. Wheat nominally lower; red Ohio held at $1,43; sales last night, 13,000 bush. No. 2 Milwaukee Club at $1,40. Corn at 95@1,03. Barley nominally $1,35 for Canada. Rye quiet.