Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1869. NUMBER 214.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

London Times on Spanish Affairs—The "Eve of Serious Events"—A "War of Races"—Gen. Sickles' Official Note to the Spanish Cabinet—Earl Clarendon in Paris—Difficulties Between Spain and the U. S. Will Soon be Adjusted.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SPAIN.

MADRID, Sept., 15.—*Evening.*—Two Spanish iron-clad frigates have been ordered by the Government to proceed to Cuba with troops. Three thousand men have already sailed for the island, and seven thousand more will leave Spain for the same destination during the present week.

LONDON, September 15.—It is known here to-day that Major General Sickles, United States Minister at Madrid, transmitted to the Spanish Cabinet an official note protesting, in behalf of the American people and the Government of the United States, against the outrages recently committed on American citizens in Cuba, insinuating at the same time to the Minister that belligerent rights would soon be accorded to the Cubans by the government in Washington should Spain persist in her barbarities in the island, and in her refusal of the terms of a compromise with the people. The members of the opposition to the Serrano government assailed the Sickles dispatch with the object of embarrassing the Regency, as well as to prevent, if possible, any arrangements with the Executive in Washington.

Telegrams from Spain, addressed to and *en route* for the New York *Herald*, relative to Cuban affairs, were stopped at Madrid on Monday, 13th inst., by order of the Government.

A statement which has been pretty extensively circulated here, to the effect that England, France and Austria will coalesce, with the intention of sustaining the rights of Spain in Cuba, is denied.

General Prim has telegraphed to the Government from Paris to use all diligence in sending troops to Cuba.

LONDON, September 16.—The *Times* has an editorial to-day on the Sickles note to the Spanish Government on the Cuban question, wherein it says: It was generally believed that President Grant would not interfere or allow interference in the Cuban question until Congress could vote upon it. Is he less resolute than formerly, or has a pressure forced him to sanction the demands upon Spain for the abandonment of Cuba. There is no doubt that the alternative offered Spain is the abandonment of the Island or American recognition of the insurgents. The probabilities are that we are on the eve of serious events. The struggle will be hopeless, so far as Spain is concerned. But the Government cannot resist the impulses of the people. The flame of Spanish pride is fast kindling, and the Government in striving to check it will be extinguished. From the most tranquil provinces of Spain come offers of men and arms, in order that the regular troops may go to Cuba. The aggressive policy of the United States cannot be justified by the attitude of Spain toward Cuba. It is not a question of slavery, for the abolition of slavery has already been decided upon. It is not a determination of Spain to resist the demands of Cuba, for negotiations have been opened to allow the severance of the Island. Setting aside the question whether the means to set Cuba free are fair to Spain, it is doubtful if a war of races might not ensue. If the insurrection is not extinguished before the cession of the Island under the present critical circumstances, the Cortes, on reassembling will have to turn their whole thoughts and attention to the difficulties and dangers of Cuba.

MADRID, Sept. 16.—The difficulty with the United States on account of Cuba is in a fair way of settlement.

FRANCE.

PARIS, September 16.—The *Gaulois* to-day states that the majority of the Prince Imperial will be announced at his next birth-day, March 16th.

The bullion in the Bank of France has decreased four million francs since last Thursday.

Gen. Prim will have his second audience with the Emperor to-day or to-morrow.

PARIS, September 16.—Mr. Burlingame and the Chinese Embassy depart for Stockholm early next week.

The British Minister of Foreign Affairs, the Earl of Clarenden, is in town, and yesterday had an audience with the Emperor.

The *Le Public* reports that at a recent interview with Gen. Prim, the Emperor renewed his declaration of absolute non-intervention in the affairs of Spain, and declined to accede to his request that France should make representations against the recognition of the Cuban insurgents as belligerents by the United States.

IRELAND.

DUBLIN, September 16.—The Synod has decided against the admission of ex-officio members to future Conventions.

The Archbishop of Armagh died to-day, aged 68.

Treyne, a bailiff, was shot dead at Abbey Devy to day. The culprit, it is supposed, was a Fenian.

EGYPT.

ALEXANDRIA, Sept. 15.—The prospect of the cotton crop in Egypt is favorable.

MARINE NEWS.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 15.—The steamer England arrived out.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, September 16—*Evening.*—Consols for money 92¾, account 92⅞. Five-Tweny bonds '62s, 83; '65s, 82¾; '67s, 81¼; '62s at Frankfort 87¼. Erie, 27¾. Illinois, 94¼. Atlantic and Great Western, 28½. French rentes 70f. 50c.

LIVERPOOL, September 16.—Cotton is a shade firmer at 13d. for middling uplands, and 13¼d. for Orleans; sales 8,000 bales. Breadstuffs dull. California white wheat 11s. 2d.; red western 9s. 9d.@9s. 10d. Western flour 25s. Corn 30s. Oats 3s.6. Peas 44s. Provisions quiet. Pork 104s. Beef 90s. Lard 76s. Cheese 61s. 6d. Bacon 66s. Naval stores dull.

LONDON, September 16.—Linseed oil £31 7s. Common Rosin 6s@6s. 3d; fine do 17s. 6d. Tallow 46s. 6d. Petroleum at Antwerp 56⅝. Specie in the Bank of England £198,000. Cotton at Havre 150.

CHICAGO.

Further Proceedings of the Episcopal Convention—First Arrival of Tea From China by Rail.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—In the Episcopal Diocesean Convention this morning the Committee on Legislation, to whom was referred the revision of canon 20, unanimously recommend the adoption of the following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, An Ecclesiastical Court was recently organized in this diocese under the law of the church in pursuance of the provisions of canon 20 of the diocese for the trial of a presbyter presented for trial; and *whereas*, the proceedings of said Court were enjoined by Civil Court, and the Convention having duly considered the official acts of the Bishop, and the proceedings, orderings and decisions, as published, of the said Ecclesiastical Court, in said case, and also the published opinion of the Hon. Murray Hoffman, respecting the proceedings in such case, do resolve as follows:

First—That the acts and proceedings of the Bishop in said case were in accordance with the law and usage of this church.

Second—That said Ecclesiastical Court was lawfully and properly organised under said canon XX, and all its rulings and decisions were substantially correct and were in accordance with the usages, rules and canons of this Church, and as we believe were wrongfully interfered with by the civil court.

The report of the Committee was debated at length, and after attempts to refer it to various committees, the Rev. Dr. Rylance offered the following substitute:

Resolved, That this Convention, having no doubt as to the meaning and provision, of certain canons called in question in the case of a clergyman in this diocese, refuses to take any action in the matter, lest it shold seem open to the imputation, in the popular mind, that they thus sought to prejudice the course of the proceedings now pending. This Convention claims the right to interpret its own canons at any time when it may seem expedient to do so; but simply deems it inexpedient to do so at this juncture, lest their action should seem to be called forth by motives of which its members would not even be suspected.

After extended remarks on the subject by Rev. Dr. Wallace, Rev. Dr. Pierce, of Springfield, offered the following as a substitute for the whole:

WHEREAS, canon twenty having been variously constructed, this Convention declare that the meaning of the portions in dispute is as follows:

First—Section two of canon twenty, of the diocese of Illinois, is mandatory, not restrictive in its force, and does not exclude the Bishop from instituting an inquiry into the conduct of any minister, whenever he shall think it necessary to do so.

Second—Section two of said canon does not provide for or allow any challenge of members of the Court, save in so far as the right to select from the right presbytery named by the Bishop, may be of the nature of a challenge.

Third—Section eight of the said canon, does not provide for another citation than that mentioned in section four, but is designed to secure to the accused at least twenty days to prepare for trial, by ensuring to him that period of time over and above the time required to travel to the place of trial.

After a long debate, participated in by the Bishop, Rev. Drs. Pierce, Ryland and others, the substitute of Dr. Pierce was adopted with but four dissenting votes.

The Chicago Presbytery have voted on the overture from the General Assembly as follows: Against reunion of the two branches of the church, 4; for reunion, 33.

The first direct importation of tea made by Lun Wo & Co., and Chy Lung & Co., of San Francisco, invoiced to Messrs. Wm. A. Butters & Co., of this city, arrived this morning *via* the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railroad, having left California August 30th, and the tea district of Foo Chow, China, August 3d, thus being forty-four days on the way, a much longer time than will be consumed by future shipments. It was received at the depot by Nevins & Dean's brass band, who preceded the cortege of Union State Express wagons through the principal streets.

San Francisco News Items.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SAN FRANCISCO, September 16.—The eastern members of the United States Grand Lodge Odd Fellows reached here to-day. The San Francisco brethren turned out in force and escorted them to the California theatre, where the Grand Representatives formally received them.

The Mexican residents to-day celebrated the fifty-ninth anniversary of the independence of Mexico. Salutes were fired from Fort Alcatraz and Ware Island. At the navy yard the national flag of Mexico was displayed beside that of the United States.

General Thomas and staff have returned from Alaska.

The first through freight train from Chicago arrived at Alameda to-day.

The base ball clubs are preparing for the reception of the Red Stockings, of Cincinnati.

Shipments of treasure to New York the past week by railroad, were $618,000.

The Pioneers excursion left Sacramento for New York to-day.

Man Murdered by Burglar.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

DETROIT, September 16.—The house of Henry Willetts, on Limburg street, was entered last night by burglars. Willetts' wife, aroused by the noise, called her husband who sprang out of bed and ran against the burglar, grappled with him and threw him, when the burglar drew a knife and stabbed Willetts six times, killing him instantly. The murderer then jumped through a window. The alarm was soon given, and a man was found hidden this morning near the place of the crime and safely lodged in the station house. It is reported that Willetts, the previous night, had effected an insurance for $5,000 upon his life.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16, 1869.

NEW DEMOCRATIC PAPER.

It is announced by the Publishing Association that the Washington *Express* will be issued on Monday in connection with the *National Intelligencer* as a Democratic morning journal.

TRI-PARTITE TREATY RUMOR.

The dispatch from Madrid, representing the completion of a sort of tripartite treaty on the parts of England, France and Austria to protect Spain against the United States, creates quite an excitement here, and it is surmised that the usual secresy at the State Department has something to do with the matter. Senor Lelus and a member of the Cuban Junta had an interview with Secretary Fish yesterday, and as a result of it it is said important developments in Cuban affairs will be made in a few days.

A CANARD.

A special telegram to a northern paper states that a recent letter from Minister Motley expresses dissatisfaction at the policy he is instructed to pursue in regard to the Alabama claims, &c. On inquiry it is ascertained that no such letter has been received at the Department of State, nor any communication which exhibits such a spirit.

ADDITIONAL REVENUE ASSESSORS.

Commissioner Delano has determined to sift the income assessment, and to this end has appointed a large number of assistant Assessors, whose special duties will be to reassess incomes. The commissions have already been issued, and the work will commence in the large cities immediately.

THE TEXAS ELECTION.

Gen. Sherman has ordered the election in Texas, which was originally fixed for the 30th of November, to be extended through four days, on the suggestion of General Reynolds that a fair election could not be held in one day. Some extension will be given Mississippi, if required.

RUBALIZING.

Hon. Giles A. Smith, Second Assistant Postmaster General, left this evening for New York State, to be absent a week or ten days.

TOBACCO SHIPMENTS.

Accounts from Richmond state, that during August, there were shipped from that city 1,171,000 pounds of chewing, and 4,000 pounds of smoking tobacco.

CUSTOM RECEIPTS.

Custom receipts last week amounted to $5,501,366.

NEW YORK CITY.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, September 16, 1869.

The investigation of the charges against Sheridan Spook and others, was continued to-day, and Mr. Spook was honorably discharged.

The New York State Homœpathic Medical Society, now in session in this city, have inaugurated a movement for the erection of a monument to H. B. Green, M. D., Father of Homœopathy in America.

Reddy, the blacksmith, will be tried in the Court of General Sessions on Tuesday next.

At the meeting of the Carpenters and Joiners National Convention, in Brooklyn, to-day, a resolution was offered that the prejudices of members of the Union against colored people are such that it is inexpedient to admit them as members. This led to an angry debate, and the resolution was finally laid on the table.

Secretary Boutwell to-day had numerous callers, among them were Collector Grinnell, Horace Greeley and Gen. Butterfield. He also received delegations of steel importers and sugar refiners, who desired a modification in the method of assessing and collecting the duties at the Sub-Treasury. He met a deputation of bank presidents relative to the issue of additional amounts of one and two dollar notes, and was also interviewed by a number of brokers and business men. This evening he dined at the Union League Club by invitation of Collector Grinnell and about forty merchants and bankers of this city.

The papers to-day publish Cuban letters fully confirming the accounts previously received of the battle of Los Tunis.

STATE ELECTIONS.

The Result in Maine.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

AUGUSTA, September 16.—Returns from two hundred and eighty-three cities and towns show the total vote to be 79,981. Chamberlin received 38,968, Smith, 28,259, Hichborn, 3,754. Chamberlin's majority over both is 6,955. The Republicans have carried every county on the local ticket except Aroostook and Knox.

AUGUSTA, September 16:—Returns from 331 cities and towns gives Chamberlain 41,671; Smith 30,709; Hichborn 3,379, and Chamberlain's majority will be 7,500. The Senate stands 27 Republicans, 3 Democrats and one doubtful. The House wil probably stand 126 Republicans and 25 Democrats.

The Nebraska Election.

ST. LOUIS, September 16.—An Omaha dispatch says: The election on Tuesday was peaceable though excited. The returns indicate the election of three Republicans and one Democrat to the Legislature, and a Republican Sheriff, Clerk, Assessor and Commissioner. The Democrats elected a Probate Judge and Treasurer, who ran on the Peoples' ticket. Pueblo, Los and Quinans counties give increased Republican majorities, and Clear Creek county, as far as heard from, gives a Republican majority.

—There is a report from Santa Fe, New Mexico, of continued Indian depredations in that Territory. Women and children had been murdered and much stock was driven away. Colonel Green had returned from his expeditions into the White Mountains, having killed and captured twenty two Indians, and destroyed several camps and a large amount of property.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The Forest City base ball club of Cleveland beat the Niagara club, of Buffalo, yesteday.

—The Cincinnati Democratic Convention yesterday nominated a ticket half Republican and half Democratic.

—The base ball match between the Nationals, of Washington, and the Maryland, of Baltimore, resulted in favor of the latter, by a score of 23 to 12.

—The attendance yesterday at the Kentucky State Fair was the largest since the opening, and numbered fully fifteen thousand people.

—The Clinton House, at Saratoga, an old wooden building, and two houses adjoining, were burned last evening. Loss $10,000—partly insured.

—At the base ball match to day the Athletics, of Philadelphia, were beaten by the Eckfords in a game of seven innings the score standing 39 to 16.

—It has been ascertained that 15,000 to 20,000 children in New York do not attend school. The Board of Education have appointed a committee on the subject.

—A Desmoines despatch says, the Lee county, Illinois, Republican Convention has passed resolutions endorsing Judge George H. Wright for United States Senator.

—George D. Prentice and other prominent citizens of Louisville, repudiate the unauthorized use of their names in the case of Col. Jesse Bayles' application for the Louisville postmastership.

—Discussion was continued yesterday in the Pomological Convention, in session at Philadelphia. To-night the Pennsylvania Horicultural Society entertain the members of the Convention at a banquet.

—Two daughters of Mrs. Wildman, of Newark, N. J., arrived at Castle Garden, from Europe, in charge of their grandmother, last week, and have disappeared. There is reason to believe they were carried off by Mormon emigrants who came over in the steamer with them.

—The New York *Tribune* of yesterday, says: "We are authorized by Mr. Boutwell to say that there is no truth in the statement that any personal difference ever existed between himself and the late Secretary of War, in reference to the recognition of Cuba, or upon any other subject. The relations between General Rawlins and Mr. Boutwell were never for a moment interrupted by excitement and unkindness."

—The case of Chas. Mellen and Chas. H. Ward, convicted of the abstraction of funds from the United States Sub Treasury, came before the United States Circuit Court in Boston yesterday on a motion for a new sentence. Testimony was offered and arguments made against the legality of the conviction, on the ground that defendent's confessions influenced the verdict. Case was reserved for future decision.

ST. LOUIS.

The Coming Fair—Case of John Clements—Base Ball Game.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS September 16.—Among the noted horses that will come to the fair to be held here during the first week in October, and compete for the two thousand dollars prize are Jim. Rockey, Ida, Billy Barr, Kirkwood, Rolla H. Rosa, Golddust, Aurydine, Pilot, Temple, W. R. Thomas and Twable.

The case of John H. Clements, a Fourth street shoe dealer, charged with debauching the wife of John H. Edwards, and living with her in open adultery, came up to-day. The defendant plead guilty and the court fined him three hundred dollars.

The Red Stocking's beat the St. Louis Empires to-day, by a score of 31 to 14.

Further from the Women in Council.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, Sept. 16.—The Womans' Suffrage Convention adopted a Constitution to-day and elected officers of the State Association—President, Mrs. H. M. Tracy Cutter, Vice President, Mrs. M. A. Longley. Recording Secretary, Mrs. M. H. Downey. Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. M. M. Cole. Treasurer, Mrs. L. H. Crull. Warden, Mr. J. B. Quimby.

The following resolutions were passed:

WHEREAS, This Convention, assembled without distinction of sect or party, in pursuance of a call upon all persons in favor of demanding suffrage for the women of Ohio, and of the nation; therefore,

Resolved, That every human being is endowed with inalienable rights to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness; that to secure these rights governments are instituted among men, deriving their just power from the consent of the governed, and that taxation without representation is tyranny; that suffrage, in our Government is the inalienable right of every individual capable of independent rational choice; that denial to women of their rights of franchise is contrary to the genius of our institutions and subversive of its principles, because it deprives one half of our citizens of the blessings of a representative Government; that as we deny the right of one class of men to define the rights and duties of another class of men, so we deny the right of one sex to define the rights and duties of another sex; that women as a class have special interests as wives, mothers, and widows, and that these interests should be directly represented in the Government; that women as a class have peculiar mental and moral characteristics, and are favorable to peace, purity, temperance, economy, religion, benevolence and public order; that we invite the co-operation of every man and woman, irrespective of party, creed, color or nationality in securing amendments to the Constitutions of States, and of the United States, conferring suffrage upon women on the same terms as men; that we feel justly proud of the action of those Representatives in the Legislature, last session who endeavored to secure an amendment striking the word male from the Constitution of Ohio; that ballot means bread to working woman as well as to working men; that we sympathise with the laboring classes of our country in their struggle against the encroachments of capital; that we demand suffrage for the daughters of toil as the only means of obtaining equal pay for equal work; that we recommend the friends of woman suffrage to organize in every county, township and ward in the State, to create and concentrate political sentiment in behalf of woman suffrage, irrespective of existing party divisions.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

Councils will meet on Monday afternoon to take into consideration the proposed location of the new water works.

A meeting of the Republican voters of the First ward, Allegheny, will be held at the School House, on Saturday evening. Vigilance Committee will meet on Tuesday evening.

Thirty Days.—Michael Dean and Barry O'Donnell, charged with disorderly conduct, were committed to jail for thirty days by the Mayor yesterday, and this morning they will leave for Claremont Springs.

The attention of members of Henry Lambert Lodge No. 475, I. O. of O. F., is directed to a notice on our 5th page announcing the death of their Brother P. G. Wm. H. Huish. Funeral to-day. For particulars see notice.

Smashup.—Two freight trains are reported to have collided on the Panhandle railroad at New Market, thirty miles west of Steubenville. We were unable to ascertain any particulars, further than that there were no lives lost.

Ten Dollars and Costs.—Neely Burns and Tim McAverney, who were arrested on a charge of disorderly conduct, had a hearing yesterday and were fined $10 and costs each, which they paid and were discharged.

The Game of Base Ball announced to be played on Saturday between the Atlantics and Olympics, is unavoidably postponed until Saturday, 25th inst., on account of "Brosey," the pitcher, who is unable to play, having a felon on one of his fingers.

Disorderly House.—Michael Egan, a resident of Virgin alley, yesterday made information before the Mayor charging Mrs. Swineberry, Mrs. Douglass, Annie Smith and Kate Smith, also residents of Virgin alley, with keeping disorderly houses. Warrants were issued.

Sunday Liquor Selling.—Chief Hague yesterday made informations before the Mayor charging Dennis Golden, Charles Steffner, H. A. Bruggeman and a Mr. Weaver with selling liquor on Sunday. The actions are brought to recover the penalty of fifty dollars, and summonses were served upon the accused.

Lawton and Monroe, a brace of lively fun-makers and care dispellers.

Personal.—Lieutenant C. J. Powers, Fourth U. S. Cavalry, son of R. J. Powers, Esq., arrived home yesterday from St. Paul, and will remain a few weeks, previous to joining his regiment in Texas. His numerous friends will be gratified to learn that the climate of Minnesota has greatly improved his health.

Lecture.—Rev. George W. Samson, the able and intellectual President of the Columbia College, Washington, D. C., will deliver a lecture in the Union Baptist Church, Grant street, to-morrow evening on "The Desert cities and the routes of the India trade, from the past up to the present." The theme is an interesting one and those of our readers who can appreciate a rare intellectual treat will do well to be in attendance.

Dropped Dead.—William Cullenburgh, a resident of Woods Run, dropped dead on the street Wednesday evening. A *post mortem* examination developed the cause of his death to be heart disease. Alderman Donaldson held an inquest on the remains yesterday morning. The deceased was about forty years of age and leaves a widow and several children in indigent circumstances.

Monumental Committee.

There will be a meeting of the Soldier's Monumental Committee on Monday September 20th, at 4 o'clock P. M., at Major Kilgore's office, City Hall. It will be for this meeting to say whether the site shall be subjected to a vote of the people, and if so, shall they pay for the privilege of voting.

By order of President,
Mrs. Samuel McKee.

Come early if you want eligible seats at the Circus and Menagerie.

Jefferson Class of 1839.

A correspondent of the Washington *Examiner* gives an account of the reunion of this class in connection with the commencement of Washington and Jefferson College. Of forty-five members, the number of the class at the period of graduation, but five responded at this meeting, viz.: Rev. James Coulter, of Coultersville, Pa.; Rev. S. F. Grier, of North Cumberland, West Va.; Rev. A. C. M'Clelland, of Pittsburgh, Pa.; Rev. W. W. Woodend, of Saltsburgh, Pa.; ——— of New Hagerstown, Ohio. From a historical sketch read on the occasion, by Rev. M'Clelland, it appears that fourteen members are known to be dead, and twenty-four or twenty-five living.

The Chartiers Railway.

The Washington *Examiner* says: "We learn that in those sections of the Chartiers Valley Railway between Mansfield and Canonsburg work is being pushed forward with great vigor, a very large number of laborers being actively employed. So far no operations have been commenced on that portion lying between Canonsburg and Washington Some few releases have not yet been obtained, but we believe the principal trouble lies in determining the route from Ewing's mill to this place. It is hoped, however, that matters will be satisfactorily arranged within a couple of weeks."

See Lengel, the only tiger king in either hemisphere.

United States Court.

In the bankruptcy branch of the United States Court yesterday morning, John F. Tiffany, of Crawford county, filed a petition for adjudication in bankruptcy.

Petitions for final discharge were filed by John Edman, of Centre county, Asa Downs, of Potter county, and E. G. Trivlets, of Clinton county. The usual orders were made.

Remember Ames' Circus and Menagerie opens in Allegheny city to-day.

An Informer's Operation—Magisterial Cupidity—Interesting to Poor Directors.

A small transaction of a professional "informer" and his Aldermanic colleague, which has just come to light, pertinently illustrates the method by which these gentlemen (?) manage to make the business profitable. It sometimes, however, results differently, and is likely to do so in the present case before it is finished.

In the latter part of May last J. Dierstein, a saloon keeper, having an establishment on Spring Garden avenue, Seventh ward, Allegheny, was brought before a Pittsburgh Alderman on the information of a "professional," for selling liquor on Sunday. The prosecutor duly testified and the case was decided against the defendant, and he was mulcted in the sum of fifty dollars and costs, amounting in all to $58,15. According to law half this fine, twenty-five dollars, should be paid to the Directors of the Poor of Allegheny for the Poor Fund. It didn't go, however, in that direction. Other uses were had for it, it seems, according to the following, which is a copy of the original receipt given in the case by the prosecutor, and drawn up by the Alderman:

"Received from J. Dierstein the sum of fifty-eight dollars and fifteen cents for debt and costs of an execution issued from —— docket, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and Guardians of the Poor of Allegheny city, as for —— informant, issued to —— Constable June 9, 1865.

——— Constable."

Pittsburgh, June 12, 1869.

There is a little discrepancy of dates here, showing a slight difference of four years. This might have been done as a blind to cover up subsequent actions, or it might have been a slip of the pen. The case is a little doubtful.

The next trial to which the unfortunate victim was subjected was a criminal suit for the same offense, brought by the same prosecutor, which resulted in his commitment to jail for ten days, and an additional fine of fifty dollars and costs imposed by the Court. Mr. Dierstein went to jailon the first of August, and when released, commenced an investigation of the proceeding. In the progress of this work he called at the office of the Directors of the Poor, Allegheny City, with the receipt as given above, when he learned that the money due the Board had never been paid over. The Secretary testified to this by writing on the receipt:

"This money was not paid into the Poor Fund of the city of Allegheny.

M. McGONNIGLE, Sec'y. to the
Board of Directors of the Poor.

September 16, 1869.

An interval of three months having elapsed since the money has been paid to the Alderman and the informer, the charitable supposition that they had been pressed for time is deprived of its weight. Such is the history of a transaction which is only one of the many instances of the fraudulent character of this nefarious business. It is, however, not likely that this case will be allowed to rest here. Mr. Deirstein avers his determination to have the matter thoroughly sifted and the criminals exposed. For that reason we have refrained from giving any names until further progress is made.

An Endorser's Troubles.

Robert Franklin brought information before Alderman Shore against Henry Slagle for false pretense. The trouble arises out of some endorsements. Franklin alleges he was induced to endorse two notes, amounting in the aggregate to $700, for Slagle, who carried on the tinning business and who represented he could easily extend his business, so as to pay the notes and make a handsome profit besides. After thus securing the money, according to Franklin's statement, Slagle bought material, but rapidly turned it into cash again, allowed one of the notes to go to protest, and was about clearing out for Kansas, when information was made against him. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing.

New Goods and Great Bargains at the Popular Corner Dry Goods Store.

Our worthy and enterprising friend, Mr. Richard Deaker, proprietor of the popular Corner Dry Goods Store, Fifth avenue and Grant street, has just opened one of the finest stocks of general fall and winter goods that he has ever brought to the city, and this is saying a great deal in its favor. It has been selected with great carefulness and with the sole view of pleasing the custom directed towards this old established house. It embraces everything in the line of dress goods, and has been purchased at such reasonable prices that Mr. Deaker proposes to sell at nearly fifty per cent. less in prices than what prevailed last season. We earnestly urge our readers to favor Mr. Deaker with a purchasing visit, as we feel assured that his elegant new stock at specially reduced prices will please all who call.

See Harry Codona, the great and unrivalled somersault rider.

President Grant, while driving down Fifth avenue, in an open carriage, suddenly cried out to the driver to halt at the corner of Wood street so that he might take a look at the prosperous and extensive trunk manufactory of Joseph Liebler. He was anxious, like everybody else, to see where the best and cheapest trunks, valises and carpet-bags are made and sold.

W. A. Gildenfenny, 45 Fifth avenue, has received the October number of the *Ladies' Friend*, Mrs. Peterson's Monthly Magazine of Literature and Fashion—good and cheap.

Wool Shawls, long and square, fancy Arabs, of all varieties, at Bates & Bell's.

J. H. Warner, 55 Fourth Avenue, corner of Market street, will open Fall Hats and Bonnets in his Retail Department, Tuesday, September 21st.

Johnny Lawton, "Happy Jack," is the quintessence of wit and humor.

Holtzheimer, next door to the Postoffice, on Fifth avenue, serves up the best meals in the cleanest manner, and at most reasonable prices.

Millie Turnoir bewilders and astonishes you with her daring.