THE GAZETTE is furnished in the city for six days of the week for 15 cents per week; by mail, \$8 per annum: 8 mos., \$2. The paving of Fifteenth street is nearly

J. K. Polk Hawkins was arrested yesterday on a charge of disorderly conduct and locked up for a hearing.

Good Bargain.-Attention of our read. ers is called to a small house and lot for sale in Allegheny City.

Taken to Dixmont .- Michael Magee, the insane man who we stated yesterday was in the lock-up, was taken to Dix-mont last evening by officer Newbert. Charles Snyder yesterday was committed thirty days to jail by Mayor Drum, on a charge of disorderly conduct

and resisting an officer. Rev. S. P. Linn, of this city, is an nounced to deliver a lecture before the Philomathean Society of Waynesburg,

Pa., on Monday night next. Discovery of the Great West .- The above is the title of a new work by Francis Parkham, published by Little, Brown & Co., Boston. For particulars see advertisement on 5th page.

The motion for an injunction in the Washington and Jefferson College case will be argued in the United States Court, at Williamsport, before Judge McCand-

The "Grecian Bend" base ball club of Waynesburg, and the "O. K." club of Greenfield, Washington county, played a match game at Clarkesville, Greene county, on the 4th. The "Grecian Benders" were victorious in a score of 49 to 17. Boat Race,-Sharpe and Scott have

arranged the preliminaries and signed articles of agreement for a straight-away race of three miles for one hundred doilars, to be rowed Saturday, 18th inst., from the Monongahela Suspension Bridge

The track of the Oakland Passenger Railway on Fourth avenue, in front of the Mayor's office, is being removed to the north side of the street, in order to allow the Dollar Savings Bank to occupy one half the street with building ma-

Important Meeting.—To-night a meeting of the Second ward Marching Corps will be held at the headquarters, No. 66 Smithfield street, at seven and a half o'clock. A full attendance of the members is recognized as hydrogen bers is requested, as business of special rtance is to be transacted

Robbed on the Cars.-A passenger from Cleveland en route to Baltimore, who arrived at the Union Depot yesterday morning, stated he had been robbed of his pocketbook containing his ticket, keys and a small sum of money while on the train. No trace of the thief was

burg College, on the occasion of the anniversary exercises.

Temperance and Reform.-The Temperance and Reform party held a meeting in Birmingham, last evening, which was largely attended. The meeting was organized by calling John Adams, Esq., to the chair, and the election of a number of vice presidents and secretaries, Mr. David Kirk, Rev. P. Coombe and Prof. Burtt addressed the

Fortune Telling.—John Ritter made information before Justice Heisel yes-terday, charging Margaret Neff with fordisorderly manner. Warrants were is-

Will Participate.—At a meeting of the Lodges of the D. D. G. M., it was decided that members attend the corner stone laying of the Humboldt Monument, and take part in the ceremonies. They will wear full regalfa, and the members dark wear run regains, and the members dark coats, pants and vests, silk hats and white gloves, and have blue ribbons attached to the lappels of the coat. They will form at their hall at eight o'clock on the morning of the Fourteenth.

Trouble About a Skiff.—Yes erday John McIntyre made information before Alderman McMasters against J. G. Gillespie for assault. McIntyre alleges he caught a skiff floating in the river and

False Pretense.-Christy Bradford was arrested yesterday on a charge of obtaining goods under false pretenses, on oath of David Sims. It is alleged that Christy by means of an order that was onristy by means or an order that was not genuine, purporting to be signed by two members of the School Board, got promise of the flag belonging to the Tenth Ward schools, and run it up the Democratic pole at the corner of Tunnel atreet and Webster ayenue. For this devotion to party, Christy languisheth in

Runaway. - Yesterday about one o'clock P. M. a pair of horses attached to o clock P. M. a pair of norses attached to a wagon belonging to Laurence Kocher, undertaker in East Birmingham, having been left standing on Railroad street, East Birmingham, took fright and ran away. They ran down Carson street to Josephine, where they turned, and in so doing the hub of the wagon struck the rear platform of car No. 8 on the Birmingham passenger railway, damaging it considerably. The horses were stopped on Josephine street. Fortunately no serious injury was done to either horses

The Executive Committee of the Temperance and Reform movement met at 129 Smithfield street, Thursday afternoon, James Rynd, Esq., in the Chair. The Committee on Printing was ordered to procure 150,000 tickets. The following names were added to the Executive mmittee: Captain George W. Cochran, H. L. Bollman, James T. Kincaid, Jas. P. Hanns, Wm. B. Scafe, Harvey Childs, P. Hanns, Wm. B. Scafe, Harvey Childs, J. Earnest Swartz, Isaac Jones, George T. Gliver, Robert Bole, R. B. Phillips, Oliver McClintock, Wm. Stevenson, Paul Hugus, Thomas H. Rabe, Benjamin Crouther, Hugh Woods, M. W. McMillen, Harvey Chess, Captain Ira Dickey, Jas. Marshall, D. H. Walker, Oscar J. Wright, and B. F. Wilson. The Committee on Organization reported their work nearly completed. Additional arrangements were made for holding pubrangements were made for holding pub-

## THE CAMPAIGN.

Grand Mass Meeting-Three Thousand Republicans in Council—Speech of Hon, John A. Bingham, of Ohio. The campaign in Allegheny county has been or ened lively by the Republicans, and the enthusiasm is far greater than was thought possible a few weeks since. The masses appear to be fully aroused to the importance of the contest, and

determined to fight the battle with re-The graud mass meeting in the Alle-Diamond last night, was much larger than was anticipated, there being over three thousand persons present, gheny and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed. A comfortable speaker's stand was erected on the west side of the Third erected on the west side of the apird Ward Diamond Square, sufficiently large for the speakers, officers of the meeting, representatives of the press and the band. The Germania Turner Band

was present and discoursed excellent must until the meeting was organized. Hon. John A. Bingham, the speaker, arrived in the city at 11 o'clock A. M. arrived in the city at 11 o'clock A. M., arrived in the city at 11 o'clock A. M., yesterday, and was met at the Union in Depol by James McBrier, Esq., Hon. Jas. L. Graham, and Col. George Morgan, Committee of Arrangements, and was escorted to the Monongahela House. At half-past six o'clock the Second ward Geary Club met at Wilkins' Hall, where they were equipped and formed in line. after which they marched to the Monongahela House, and, headed by the Great Western Band, escorted the speaker, who was accompanied by the Chairman of the was accompanied by the Chairman of the County Committee, W. S. Purviance, Esq., and other prominent citizens in carriages, to the Allegheny Diamond, where the meeting was held.

The meeting was called to order at halfpast 7 o'clock, by John S. Lamble, Esq., on whose motion the following gentiemen were elected officers of the meeting:

n were elected omcers of the mounty.	
PRESIDENT - Hon. Thomas Willi :ms.	
PRESIDENT HOLE TECHNO	
VICE PRESIDENTS.	
llp Gerst.	G. Wettech,
A. Myler,	Hon. Wm. Peters.
Megraw.	Capt. O. D. Phill ps,
F. A. Faulhaber.	Hon. Alfred Slack,
McD mald.	C. F. Inguam.
onh Hastings.	A. M. Marshal,
jer A. P. Callow,	Samuel Poliock, Esq.,
as. L. Goehring.	Hon. Augustus Beckert
	Joshua Catterson,
n. Simon Drum,	Jacob Frantz.
o. F. Jennings.	Hugh McNeitl,
o Heath.	H. Paulus,
W. KVANS.	Wm. Nceb,
	Wm. B. Ross.
W. Buchacau.	C. B. Welly,
s. E Stevenson,	Rowland Jones,
os. Harring on,	Gotlieb Faas.
o. C. Harper.	Joseph Kirkpatrick,
nia Moul.	Th mas M. graw.
ederica Belistein,	Chas. H. Hartman.
o. Moul.	Hon. Jno. E. Parke.
g. TVa toti.	Hon. Robt. McKnight,
B. McDonald.	J. B. Banderson,
ehan Mohautt.	Abe Patterson,
nt. W. P. Hunker,	B. A. Sampson, Thos. Scandrest,
mnel Kabe.	Robert White.
Lus Jas. Wells.	Geo. Bothwell,
. M. Long,	N Voegily.

republic, it ne should happen to say anything that seemed hard, he hoped it would not be taken as an offence.

By the creative power of public opinion American principles came to be

what they are to day, and by the same power they must be sustained. In the nature of the case, whatever may be the divisions of the people on minor questions, on the great questions of the integrity of the Union and the supremacy of the Constitution there can be but two parties—the party for the Union and the Constitution and the party against the Union and the Consti-

After all the people of this country have suffered in the contests of these late terday, charging margaret Neu with for-tune telling. Margaret in return made information at the same time and place, charging John Ritter and Albert Lang with disorderly conduct, alleging that they came to her house and acted in a years, to suppress rebellion and maintain the unity of the Republic, it is time that our citizens should count it a crime to and in the present conspires against the and in the present conspires against the just Government of a free people. Such is the past and present positions of the Democratic party. The record of that party is understood by well-informed people to be the record of the party that

> armed conflict in 1865, ever authoritatively declared, either by resolution in political convention, or by legislative enactment in the national or State councils, that secession from the Union by the ection of a State was unconstitutional and forbidden by the people's law, or that the defense of the constitution, thus

tion by arms against State secession and armed rebellion.

With this statement I might rest the the issue now pending between the party of the Constitution, the Union and the laws, and the party of secession, rebellion

and treason. We are told that the Republican party has accomplaned its mission and should disband, but I answer never, never while the Democratic party is in existence. The Republican party is made up of the intelligent representative men of the nation. It has saved this beautiful country which God gave to our fathers and they transmitted to us. In their efforts for the salvation of the nation. It has saved the heart said, they thought a negro as good as a white man in Pennsylvania, but the their efforts for the salvation of the nation. In the period of the nation of the pennsylvania Democrats declared that the near had no rights under the Contion they were met by the old dogma of Democracy that it was unconstitutional

to defend the Constitution. The rebellion was inaugurated because the honest, true-minded men of the North saw fit to elect Abraham Lincoln to the Presidency. The Democratic party, which pretended to be the party of the working men, raised this rebeilion because a working man had been eleva ted to the Presidency of the United States. It was a Democratic rebellion.

party with the answer "that you can't conquor this rebellion," "the war is a failure," "to. George H. Pendleton, in his place in the House of Representatives, on the 18th of January, 1861, when only four States had seceded, declared against their coercion as unconstitutional and impracticable, and added: "If you cannot conclliate them, then, gentlemen, let the seceding States depart in peace; let them establish their government and empire." "This Union is a confederation of States." "Money, arms, blood, will not maintain this Union." The people, by their great uprising, and by their valor and virtue, demonstrated that armies could maintain the Union against armed rebellion. Every man who had

armed rebellion. Every man who had voted the Democratic ticket since that assertion was made had voted to sustain those opinions.

Democratic party attempted to establish an Empire on this continent by the Democratic rebellion, but it was foiled and its adherents dispersed by Ulysses S. Grant and his gallant army on the 5th of April, 1865.

THE NATIONAL DEBT. First, my countrymen, there is imposed upon us a great debt, contracted in the war for the Union, and for the suppression of the rebellion. The debt was imposed upon ns by the treason of the Democratic party. That party made this debt a necessity. That party by its platform declared that it was unconstitutional declared the Constitution and utional to defend the Constitution, and thereby aided and abetted secession and State revolt. And when the rebellion was inaugurated the party in State Conventions, by resolution, gave it countenance and support, and sent to the Congress of the nation men who declared, "not a man or a dollar in support of the war for the Union!" and proclaimed secession a fact accomplished, and that it is violative alike of the genius and spirit of the Constitution to coerce seced-

ing States."
It is surprising, with assurances like It is surprising, with assurances like these, that eleven States passed ordinances of secession and osganized armed revolt? Is it surprising that to suppress a rebellion, so gigantic in its proportions, actively supported by the Democratic party in the South and in the North, and by the representatives of European despotism, required a great expenditure of treasure and life? Did it not follow, as necessarily as effect follows cause, that a great debt must be contracted to support, for four years, an army numbering millions of men? The whole expenditure in this war for the Union was not less than thirty-five hundred million dollars, more than ten number of the treatment of the more than ten hundred million of the principal of which, together with the interest on the whole dept has already been collected and paid Jos B. McDonald, J. B. Sanderson, Arthur Hobsen. Abe Patterson.
Grapt. W. P. Hunker, Thos. Scanderst.
Grapt. W. P. Hunker, Thos. Scanderst.
I lieut Jas Wells, Go. Bothwell, Jn. Brown. Jr. N. Vorgily Jn. Brown. Jr. N. Vorgily Jn. Brown. Jr. E. M. Jeasins.
J. H. Myers, E. M. Jeasins.
Mr. Williams, on taking the chair, thanked the meeting for the honor conferred on him. He said he was not in a condition physically to make a speech, but he had a much more agreeable task in introducing a gentleman who could entertain the meeting much better than he could hope to do. He then, with a few complimentary remarks, introduced HON. JOHN A. BINGHAM,

Rev. John B. Clark will deliver an address at a grand temperance demonstration in Waynesburg, Greene county, on Tuesday next. On the evening of the same day he will make the annual address before the students of the Waynesburg College, on the occasion of the anthropy that seemed hard he hoped it. These great results, without a parallel never were more prosperous, and never received more remunerative returns for their productive industry. With this result before the American

people, forty-three millions of this debt paid since the inauguration of Grant on the 4th of March last, this party calling itself Democratic, propose to repudiate the unpaid balance of this debt, which is a part of the price contracted to be paid for our national life.

To prevent this proposed repudiation, the Republican party had submitted an amendment to the National Constitution providing that every dollar of the debt should be paid. The Democracy hold that it was unconstitutional to amend the Constitution

IMPARTIAL SUFFROR.

I now ask your attention to another issue kindred to this, which has been thrust upon you by this so called Democratic party—that is, whether the Government of the United States shall be Democratic party. The record of that party is understood by well-informed people to be the record of the party that organized and supported the late rebellion.

The party thus guilty before the tribunal of history of the great crime of the century—the rebrillion inaugurated by arms in '61. and crushed by arms in '61. and crushed by arms in '61. has gone on between the friends of equal by arms in '61, and crushed by arms in '65—has the audacity in '69 to put in nomination candidates to represent, not the country, and support not the country's laws, but to represent the 'lost cause' and to enforce through the instrumentality of the ballot, the same principles of disorganization of discussion of disorganization of discussion of the resistance to laws, as were represented in the late caught a skiff floating in the river and brought it to shore, when Gillespie came laws, as were represented in the late aboard and claimed it. He was requested to prove property and pay for the trouble treason. I do not state this charge too treason in gettig it, but instead of doing this, according to the statements, he knocked ack, and demand an answer of any McIntyre over, got into the skiff and Democrat present, when and where this party, at any time from the commencement, in 1861 to the close of the result of free representative grovernment in America was not achieved without centuries of sacrifice and preparation in the Old World. Even the discovery of the new heritage of free-dom was rewarded with chains and captivity.

and forbidden by the people's law, or that the defense of the constitution, thus imperiled by State secession or armed rebellion, was constitutional!

Who does not know that the sum total of all the acts of the modern Democratic party officially proclaimed is that it is unconstitutional to defend the Constitution by arms against State secession and

In this land of ours, men and citizens were by the corruption of the European system, made slaves. In the consuming fires of the late great conflict for Union and liberty, every letter binding human limbs was turned to dust, and to-day the Republic refuses to bear upon its soil a

single slave.
The speaker discussed at length the the negro had no rights under the Con-

He then referred to the proposed financial policy, the free trade doctrines do. and said that every proposition made by them tended to repudtation. We regret that a want of space prevents us from publishing his arguments at length, as they were forcible and conclusive.

I submit, in concluding, all that I now

protecting the rights of each by the combining power of all. Equality before the law, and justice to all, constitute the rock of your safety and defense. Standapon this, and you are invincible. Abandon it, and you are lost. Just principles, essential to the safety of States and men, persistently adhered to and embodied in the public opinion and written laws of the people, are mightier than armies, and sooner or later must triumph over all opposition, whether resisted by one and sooner or later must triumph over all opposition, whether resisted by one or many—the single usurper or the usurping million.

America has a high and noble mission.

That mission is to illustrate by equal laws the wisdom and beneficence of just government administered in the interests of all, and for the security and hap-

piness of all.

To make good this grand and noble experiment of representative government so happily begun, it is only needed that the people maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, perpetuate the unity o the Republic, exercise the right of local government under the Constitution and in subordination to the Constitution in the several States of the Union; secure equal and exact justice to all-men, and equal and exact justice to all—men, and take care not to permit any party to control the legislative power of this country which would dishonor the nation and imperil its existence by repudlating its contracts, by denying equal justice, and by discurbing that policy which gives to all the children of the land, without money and without price, the means to acquire that knowledge which is power, and which, allied to a virtue, constitutes the strength, the safety and the glory of free people,

Demise of an Old Citizen.

It becomes our duty to announce the death of one of our oldest and most respecied citizens, Mr. JAMES MARSHALL, which occurred suddenly, from heart disease, Thursday afternoon at half past one o'clock, at his residence on Stockton avenue, Allegheny City. He was in his usual good health an hour before.

Mr. Marshall was born in Ireland about 1802, and resided in Pittsburgh since 1823. He commenced business here as a retail grocer and afterwards

carried on a wholesale grocery on Liberty street. He next became a member severally of the firms of Marahall, Wallace & Co., Marahall, Bradley & Co., and Marahall & McGeary, As was anticipated by dispatches, the heavy and incessant rains of several days at the head waters of the Alleber of the firm of Postley, Nelson of Co. He was conspicuous as one of the founders of the Farmers Deposit Bank, its President for a series of years up until his death, also an insurance company director, and otherwise largely engaged in the mercantile, manufacturing and banking business in Pittsburgh and Allegheny City. For many years he was a member of Allegheny Councils, serving repeated terms as President of the Select branch, and was ever regarded as a most faithful, judicious, careful member, having at heart the welfare of the city, and taking a prominent part in the administration of its affairs. His proverbial devotion, energy and tact in whatever his attention was engaged, and his unswerving probity of character, rendered him a man of mark in all the relations of life, commanding the esteem in the Franklin Foundry—his partner relations of life, commanding the esteem

of his fellow citizens.

He was long a member of the Young
Men's Bible Society of Pittsburgh, also a
Sabbath school teacher and Saperinten dent, and formerly a member of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church, (Dr. John Black's), but latterly of the First Presbyterian Church, (Dr. Scovil's). To the Dixmont Hospital he was greater portion of them were secured and the loss will be comparatively light contributor, and served as a director of the institution.

rector of the institution.

He was a brother of Hon. Thomas M.
Marshall and Archibald Marshall, Esq.,
and uncle of Major A. M. Brown. He
was twice married, and leaves a widow and three children.

The funeral will take place on Saturday afternoon, from his late residence.

Washington and Jefferson College.

Speaking of the determination of the friends of Jefferson College to test the constitutionality of the Act of Assembly providing for its removal to Washington, the Washington Reporter says: "The question to be determined by the United States Court is whether the provision of the Federal Constitution, which provides that no State shall impair an existing contract, has been violated, and by the Supreme Court whether the clause in the Constitution of Pennsylvania, reiterating Constitution of Pennsylvania, reiterating the same, was violated by the Act of Assembly. One thing in the proceedings strikes us as very singular, and raises an inquiry to which we can find no satisfactory answer. It is why it should be deemed necessary to file a bill in the District Court, and three bills in the Supreme Court, all involving the same question. We do not desire to criticise question. We do not desire to criticise the action of the Jefferson College counsel, but it really looks to us as if they sel, but it really looks to us as if they were not very clear in the matter and were purposely scattering their shots to meet possible contingencies. We do not know how it may appear in law, but in hunting—of which we have had some experience—it would seem like stationing sportsmen all around a covert under ng sportsmen all around a covert under the supposition that there was game in it somewhere, and if one missed another might hite Obituary.

the late William McGowin, and mother of Franklin McGowin, Esq., (long connected with the house of A. & D. H. Chambers ) Mrs. McGowin was one of the oldest residents of this city, having arrived here in 1803, from Belfast, Ireland, where she was married, and from that time until her decease—a period of that time until ner decease—a period of 65 years—she has lived upon the same premises—Duquesne Way, near the Hand Street Bridge, where she breathed her last. Mrs. McGowin was extensively known by our best people here, and for her many remarkable traits was highly esteemed. At the time of her death, on Wednesday morning last, she was nearly 89 years of age. Her funeral takes place from her late residence (and that of her son-in-law, Rowan McClure, Esq.,) this morning, 10th inst., at 10 o'clock.

We are called upon to announce the

decease of Mrs. Jane McGowin, widow of

Smashed a Picture.

A few days ago Charles O'Donnell being desirous of disposing of a steel en. graving valued at six dollars, called at the house of Mr. Etches, on Webster avenue, and prevailed on Mrs. Etchesto hang it up in her parlor for a few days, stating that if she wished, it could be purchased cheap, or would be taken away again whenever she desired. That evening Mr. Etches returned, it is said, from his daily toll in a festive humor, It was a Democratic rebellion.

No Democratic State Convention or representative in Congress ever pronounced the rebellion unconstitutional.

Abraham Lincoln did not forget in the great hour of the nation's troublest or maintain inviolate the Constitution. The war went on. Day by day, week by week, month by month, and year by year, we were met by this Democratic.

I submit, in concluding, all that I now and observed the picture on the wall, and observed the picture on the fact of his property he sought redress in fact of his property he sought redress in an information for malicious mischlef preferred before Alderman Modesters preferred before an information for malicious mischlef preferred before Alderman Modesters preferred before and observed the picture of the wall of the formation for malicious mischlef preferred before and observed the formation for malicious misc and observed the ploture on the wall, when he took it down, laid it on the floor and succeeded in rapidly demolishing it, when O'Donnell became sware of the

THE COURTS.

Quarter Sessions-Judge Melion. THURSDAY, September 9.—The case of the Commonwealth vs. John G. and Jacobina Freeberger, indicted for obtaining money under false pretences, previously reported, was resumed and occupied the attention of the Court until half past one o'clock. The jury then retired and after an absence of twenty minutes returned a verdict of guilty. Mr. Moore made a motion for a new trial.

ANOTHER LIBEL CASE. The next case taken up was that of the Commonwealth vs. D. O'Neil and A. W. Rook, editors and proprietors of the Pittsburgh Dispatch, indicted for libel, in which James B. O'Neil was prosecutor. Meanileast libel was the publication tor. The alleged libel was the publica-tion of an article in the Dispatch on or about the 25th of Feb. last, commenting upon the result of an action for damages against J. W. Pittock, James Mills and James B. O'Neil, in which D. O'Neil was plaintiff, and reflecting, as is alleged, on the character of the prosecutor in this

The Commonwealth was represented by Messrs. Swartzwelder and Parkinson and Messrs. Brown and Hampton ap-peared for the defendants.

The case was opened on the part of the

The case was opened on the part of the Commonwealth by R. B. Parkinson, Esq., who, after reading the indictment to the jury, read the section in the Penal Code under which it was drawn.

Mr. Swartzwelder then offered the Ap-Mr. Swartzweider then offered the Appearance Docket in the Court of Common Pleas to prove that a suit had been brought by Daniel O'Neil against Jas. B. O'Neil, John W. Pittock and Jas. Mills. Mr. Hampton objected to the admission of the docket, alleging that the original peners in the case ways the heat still

nal papers in the case were the best evidence of the fact to be proven.

The Court overruled the objection and the evidence was admitted.

A witness was then called and shown a copy of the Pittsburgh Dispatch dated February 25th, '69, containing the alleged libelous article, which he testified he had purchased at the office of the

James B. O'Neil, the prosecutor, was then called, and swore to having received the paper from the former Court then adjourned.

The Freshet. As was anticipated by dispatches, the heavy and incessant rains of several

en them. They can be secured.

The two free bath houses were also

The two free bath houses were also swept away. One of them lodged on the bar, and the other was carried by the current of back water around on the Monongahela to the bridge, where it was

and the loss will be comparatively light in this respect. The river was at a stand-still last night here, and as it had began

to recede slowly at Oil City, no more danger is feared.

A lot of rafts, twelve to fifteen in frumper, broke loose from their moorings at Herr's Island during the afternoon piers of the Mechanics street bridge and were broken up. The others were guided brough by men in skiffs and landed below the city. The raits contained at least two hundred and fifty thousand feet of lumber and were owned by Messers Orms ear & Black, Allegheny

ity, and John Yost, Mahoning. The Humboldt Concert

Promises to be the great event-in the way of amusements-of the season. The very best available local talent, both in Made and Kept on Hand. strumental and vocal, has been engaged, and a combination is thus made such as has rarely if ever before been made in J.M. Cooper's Improved Balance Wheel the city. We are informed also that the tableaux of the Turners are expected to quite out-do any of their previous beautiful exhibitions. The first tableaux-The Battle of the Titans-is to be a reproduction of the famous group by Rauck, the great sculptor of Berlin, who made the still more famous recumbe statue in the massoleum of Queen Lousa, of Prussia, and who was a friend of

Humboldt.
It may be well to recall the fact, here, Titans were the sons of Heaver and earth, and were named Oceanus, Coeus, Crius, Hyperion, Japetus, and Froncs, or Saturn, all of whom were confined in the earth by their father, who feared them. Their mother produced iron, and armed with this they attacked their father and achieved their freedom. Their further history, and especially the war which Jupiter waged successfully against his father, Saturn, and the other Titans is thoroughly known and requires

no mention here.

The Apotheosis of Humboldt will be presented by the Turners in three scenes, opening into each other. First will be presented the four quarters of the world personified, then the arts and sciences surrounding a bust of the great philosopher, and finally America honor-ing his memory. We do not attempt a ing his memory. We do not attempt a discription, because we have not the space, but we think we present points enough to show that both the tableaux will be rarely beautiful.

Among the former possessions of Peter

McCauley, residing in Monongahela City,

was a game fowl, a direct importation from foreign climes and the hero of many exciting contests with his species. Peter valued the fowl highly, inasmuch as he has often been heard to say that no man's twenty dollars would buy him. Sometimes the most highly prized treaspres are taken away, and so it was in this case. By some unknown and mysterious means the fowl, game and all as was, a few days ago disappeared. Peter was, a 1ew case ago clearpeared. Peter was at a loss to account for this, and earnestly investigated until he at last thought a clue had been obtained, and to facilitate his further proceedings and earnestly investigated until he at last thought a clue had been obtained, and to facilitate his further proceedings, he lodged information yesterday, before, Alderman McMasters, against "Ned", Alderman McMasters, against "Ned", Raynoids, a resident of South Pitts, burgh, charging him with taking, stealing in and carrying away the fowl and concealing it about his premises. Officer Blondin was entrusted with a search warrant and proceeded to the designated place to ascertain the whereabouts of the wile.

A. Bradley, J. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Miniek, Join Secretary and Treaurer.

A. Bradley, J. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Miniek, Join Scott, Robs. U. Schmerts, bee, Jorna Bhodes, Jao. Scott, Robs. U. Schmerts, De., Jan. Scott, Robs. U. Schmerts, De., Jorna Bhodes, Jao. Scott, Robs. U. Schmerts, De., Jan. Schmerts, De., Jan. Scott, Robs. U. Schmerts, De., Jan. Scott, Robs. U. Schmerts, De., Jan. Scott,

[ Advertisement.] There will be a meeting of the Tem perance and Reform movement this Friday evening, on the corner of Locust street and Beaver avenue, Allegheny city, formerly Manchester. Speakers—Rev. P. Coombs, of Philadelphia, and Mr. J. S. Lemon.

Pretty Women.—A comparatively few Ladies monopolize the Beauty as well as the attention of Society. This ought not to be so, but it is; and will be while men

are foolish, and single out pretty faces for companions.

This can all be changed by using Hagan's Magnolia Balm, which gives the Bloom of Youth and a Refined sparkling Bloom of routh and a Kennet spaning, Beauty to the Complexion, pleasing, powerful, and natural. No Lady need complain of a red, tan-ned, freckeled or rustic Complexion who will invest 75 cents in Hagan's Magnolia Balm. Its effects are truly wonderful.

To preserve and dress the Hair use Black Alpacas, Ladies' Merino under-wear, Hoop Skirts at cost, at Bates &

For fashionable hair-dressing, plain or by curling, and a frizzle, for a luxurious shave or bath, and for skillful cupping and leeching, call at Williamson's elegant saloon at No. 180 Federal street. Allegheny.

Bates & Bell will open a new stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods.

Real Estate.—See advertisement of McClung & Rainbow, Real Estate and Insurance Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Cen-

A Rare Chance—The Hat store for sale by E. R. Wilson. See advertisement.

Shawls-New Stock at Bates & Bell's. MARRIED:

ARTHUR-McKEE-On Thursday, September 9, 1869, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. A. M. Milligan and Rev. J. B. W. loan, D.D., Mr. JAS. S. ARTHUR and Miss SADIE E. McKEE, eldest daughter of J. B. ickee, Esq., all of Allegheny City, Pa.

DIED: McGOWIN-On Wednesday morning. Septem-per 7th, at 8% o'clock. JANE McGowin, relic of the late Wm. McGowin, in the 89th year of Funeral will take place from the residence of her son-in-law, Rowen McClure, Duquesne Way, near Smith, formerly Hand street, on FRIDAY fORMING, September 10th, at 10 o'clock. The

friends of the family are respectfully invited to UNDERTAKERS.

ttend.

A LEX. AIKEN, UNDER-TAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, PA. COPPINS of all kinds, CRAPES, PLOYES, and every description of Funeral Fur-BUVERENCES-Rev. Devid Herr. D.D., hev. M., W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Ja-ob-i Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLEN, UNDERTARERS AND LIVERY STABLES,
corner, f SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH
AVENUS Allegheny City, where their COFFIN
BOOMS are constantly supplied with real sud
contins, at prices varying from \$4 to \$100. Bedies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished: also, il kinds of Mourning
Goods, if required. Office open at all bours, day

and night. TOSEPH MEYER & SON, UNDERTAKERS,

No. 424 PENN STREET. Carriages for Funerals, \$2.00 Each. COFFINS and all Funeral Furnishment at re-luced rates.

BRASS FOUNDRY. JOHN M. COOPER & CO., Bell and Brass Founders,

ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE & LOLLING MILL BRASSES Made Promptly to Order.

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STEAM PUMP. OFFICE AND FOUNDRY, Cor. 1 th and Railroad Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA. WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c. NEW GOODS!

Having just returned from the East with a Watches, Jewelry. Lilverware, OPTICAL GOODS, &c., I am now prepared to offer them at greatly re-duced prices. Call and examine before pur-masing elsewhere.

W. G. DUNSEATH. Jeweller, No. 56 Fifth Avenue, Opposite Masonic Hall.

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MERCHANT TAILOR.

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FALL AND WINTER STOCK

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