MIDNIGHT.

# NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN. London, August 31, 1869. A grand fete was given at Crystal Palace last evening in honor of the Harvard and Oxford boat crews, by the Lordon Rowing Club. Mr. Layton, President of the Club, occupied the chair. All the members of the Harvard crew were present except Loring, but Willan alone represented the Oxfords. There were also present one hundred and twenty invited guests, including Charles Dickens, Thos. Hughes, Edmund Yates, Capt. Anderson and many other notables Messrs. Motley and Moran were invited guests but were unable to attend. The rooms were tastefully decorated with American and British flags as well as those of different clubs. After the dinthose of different cutos. After the different to the "Queen of England" and the "President of the United States," which were drank with enthusiastic and prolonged cheers.

Charles Dickens was received with repeated rounds of applause, and it was some minutes before he could speak. He playfully alluded to the fact of the Chair-

man's deputing him to propose the toast of the evening, "The Oxford and Harvard Crews." [Cheers.] He said a remarkable and effecting volume was published at the time of his last visit to America. That volume contained the biographies of ninety-five of the Harvard students, who at one time or another bore arms in the service of their country. Nothing was more remarkable in these descendants of our forefathers than the invincible determination with which they fought against odds in the which they fought against odds in the late war, and the dauntless spirit with which they sustained defeat. Who would say, after the contest of Friday, that Harvard was less true to herself in peace than in war! Who could fail to recognize in the boat's crew the leaven of her soldiers, and not feel she has now a greater right than ever to he broud of a greater right than ever to be proud of her sons and take them to her breast when they return with resounded accla-

The Duke of Wellington said there was only one thing worse than a great victory
—a great defeat. But there was another a great defeat. But there was another sense in the use of the term "a great defeat." Such was the defeat of the handful of daring fellows who made a dash of thousands of miles in order to meet conquerors in their own domain. (Cheers)

A defeat, such as that which the Harada day strained. (Cheers) He re-

vards had sustained. (Cheers) He regretted the absence of the Oxford men much of the or bad. If anything was to be said to their disparagement, it was that they won so often. He thought they could atwon so often. He thought they could afford to lose in the event of another contest. He was sure he expressed his own feelings, the feelings of the Oxford, and the feelings of Englishmen, when he bade the Harvards a cordial welcome, and which the description of the feelings of the Oxford, and the feelings of Englishmen, when he bade the Harvards a cordial welcome, and which the the cord which the and wished them good speed on their home journey. The victory might be with the Harvards next time. Meanwhile he assured them of an enthusiastic welcome at home, which would find an echoin every corner of England. He con-

cluded amid great applause.

Coupling a toast with the names of Simuons and Willan, Mr. Simmons re-Simmons and Willan, Mr. Simmons replied briefly. He expressed his warmest thanks for the cordiality and hospitality extended the Harvard crew. While reextended the Harvard crew. While recognizing their defeat, he hoped the
next crew, or the same crew, if they
come over again, would find in that defeat their success. They had been benefitted by the experience. Looking to the

crew by which they were defeated he had no reason to be ashaned.

Mr. Willan, on the part of the Oxfords, regretted the unavoidable absence of the remainder of the crew. With respect to the race, as an old hand he said it had not been won easily. It was the best

race he ever rowed. race he ever rowed.

Thomas Hughes then toasted the "London Club." He referred to his own experience and the glories of English Universities. He asserted Harvard University, in producing James Russell Lowetl, John Lothrop Motley, Ralph Waldo Emerson and Lewis Agazziz, had reason to pride itself. Future genera-tions would regard some of the Hartions would regard some of the Harvards with the veneration given to our Hampdens and others in past generations. Mr. Playford proposed the toast, "Our Visitors." He regretted that the Harvards had not used a "coach." No crew could attain perfection without a

coach." He urged them to use one in their future training.

After the toast to the London club,
Mr. Rice proposed "the Harvards," only to give cheers on account of the courtesy and kindness shown by the club. They were given amid great applause. At the conclusion there was a grand display of fireworks, in honor of the oc-

The Standard has the following criticism on the late boat race: "The rowing of the Harvards was rather injudicious. It was too fast to last. The want of a good recovery left them tucked up over their cars at the end of the stroke. They reached out well, and rowed with straight reached out well, and rowed with straight backs and arms, but there was no work in their stroke. Though the Oxonians were heavier, it does not follow that weight brought them in first. It was rather their style. In the long run style is sure to win when strength is equal."

Mesery Loring, Fay and Blaikle, of the Messrs. Loring, Fay and Blakkie, of the Harvard Club, Mr. Elilott, their boat builder, and Mr. Ticknor return to New York on the steamer City of Antwerp,

which sails to morrow. The brilliancy and power of the sun during the past week has been highly favorable to the crops in the British favorable to the crops in the British Isles and a large harvest is now certain. Nowhere in Europe has there been such falling off in the price of cereals as in England, and unless greater encouragement is given it will be found foreign imports will be on a much smaller scale after the subsidence of the effects of the

PRANCE. PARIS, August 80,-The city is full of

rumors, which are merely the work of stock jobbers, are being circulated, there is no doubt that the state of the health of is no doubt that the state of the health of the Emperor is really such as to create anxlety on the part of the public. He suffers from disease of the bladder. The different political parties in and out of the Legislature are busily speculating as to the issue of his physical affection. The imperial family is also alarmed. It is said the Empress Eugenie will hasten back from Corsica immediately, in consequence of the receipt of news of such sequence of the receipt of news of such import from home, and her trip to the

east will be anandoned.

Prince Napoleon Bonaparte intends, it is said, to make a democratic speech in the Senate some day during the ensuing week, but his friends are opposed to its delivery just now. They allege if the present empire should fall, his pretendant of the present empire should fall his pretendant of the position. ed democracy will not save his position in the eyes of the French people. The Empress condemns his conduct as unwise and ungrateful.

wise and ungrateful.

The story of a conspiracy, followed by executions, on board the United States frigate Sabine, at Cherbourg, which was telegraphed from Paris some days since, is absolutely contradicted.

A note from the American levels. A note from the American legation

A note from the American legation contradicts the report which prevailed here on Sunday, that a dangerous conspiracy had been discovered on board the frigate Sabine, and pronounces the story utterly without foundation. PARIS, August 31.—The Empress Eugenie will remain at Ajacioa day or two. She will return to Paris some time between the 3d and 9th of September.

The Emperor was at work yesterday with M. Forcade De La Roquette.

The Public says the Emperor will give audiences to visitors to-day.

## SPAIN.

Don Carlos has embarked at Guypusio for England. He has abandoned for the resent his attempt to provoke a rising a Spain, and will wait a more favorable

in spain, and will want a motor opportunity.

A dispatch from Ajaccio announces the Empress is indisposed, and the Prince Imperial will assist alone at the festivities there in honor of Napoleon.

The French journals have received copies of a manifesto inciting insurrection, signed "President De Comite Buttus,"

# SOUTH AMERICA.

PARIS, August 31.—The Journal Official has intelligence from Acunsion that the installation of the Provisional Government there meets many obstacles which render doubtful the practicability which render doubtful the practicability of the measures resorted to by the allies for the pacification of the country. President Lopez holds a position of great strength in the mountains, and want of provisions compel the allied army to relain inactive.

CONSTANTISOPLE, August SL-Ismail has begun his preparations for a royage to this city. CONSTANTINOPLE, August 31.-Turkvicinity of Constantinople for review, in honor of the Empress Eugenie. Thirty thousand men have gone into camp at Beicos, eight miles from Scatari.

# CHINA.

PABIS, August 31.—The capture of Ho-kadadi by the Mikado is confirmed. Newspapers of this city assert that Burilegame received a disputch from the Chinese Government expressing a cordial recognition of the treaties he con-cluded with America and the different European States.

AUSTRIA. LONDON, August 31.—The quarrel between Austria and Prussia iu all probability will be amicably settled. Von Beust has made friendly overtures to the Prussian Government.

MARINE NEWS. BREST, August 31.—The steamship St. Lawrence sailed for New York yester-

day, Glascow, August 31.—The steamer Moravian from Quebec has arrived.

PINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. LONDON, August 31 .- Evening .- Consols for money, 93%. American securities: Five-Twenty Bonds at London, '65, 83%; '67, 83; '62, 83%. Sixty-Twos at Frankfort firm at 83%; Eries, 23; Illinois, 94½; stocks steady.

Paris, August 31.—Bourse is firm.
Rentes 72f. 15c.

LIVERPOOL, August 31.—Cotton market dull: middling uplands sold at 13½d; Orleans 13%@13%d.; the sales were 6. one bales, including 3,000 bales on speculation and export. California white Wheat, 10s. 8d.@10s. 10d: red western, yv neat, 103. 50. (6)103. 10d: red western, 93. 6d. Flour 24s. 9d. Corn, 303. 6d. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 44s. Pork 107s. 6d. Beef 90s. Lard 77s. Cheese 61s. 64. Bacon 66s. 6d. Spirits Petroleum 8d.; refined 1s. 8d. Naval stores dull. LONDON, August 31.-Tallow 46s. 9d. Spirits Petroleum 93/d.
Antwerp, August 81.—Petroleum

### firm at 551/sf. SCRANTON, PA.

The City Quiet—Voting on the Resumption of Work by the Biners' Unions. [By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.] SCRANTON, August 30.-All is quiet here to night. The bars and saloons in

At the request of miners belonging here, but employed in other districts, who have returned since it was voted to resume work, that question has been re-opened, and a final ballot will be taken by the Miners' Union to-morrow morn-

Six mines were worked to day, but none with full force. Many miners from other localities left here on the evening The miners of the Delaware and Hu?

son company, at Olyphant, voted to-day Later advices say the miners are not at work to-day, but the invaders had cleared away and the prospects of an early settlement of the

early settlement of the troubles were gratifying.
The miners of the Delaware, Lackswanns and Western Railroad to-day voted by 441 to 221 to immediately re-Paris, August 50.—The city is full of wanns and Western Railroad to-day rumors to-day regarding the health of other bases of the Emperor, and a perfect panic prevails sume work. A strong citizens demonstrated in consequence of statements made on the subject by different parties and individuals. While these

## CAPE MAY.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

## THE CAPITAL.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette. 1 WASHINGTON, August 31, 1869. By the direction of the President, Brevet Lieut. Colonel C. H. Carlton is detailed as Professor of Military Science and Tactics at Miami University, Oxford, Ohio

The President arrived this morning and during the forenoon received quite a number of visitors. Acting Secretary Richardson and Commissioner Delano had a long interview with him relative to Internal Revenue appointments and

At noon the Cabinet convened, there being present Secretaries Fish, Raw-lins, Robeson and Cox, Postmaster Gen-eral Cresswell, Assistant Secretary Richardson and Assistant Attorney General

The meeting adjourned at five o'clock. The meeting adjourned at the others. Various matters of public importance formed subjects of conversation, but no definite action was taken concerning them. Secretary Fish read a telegram them. Secretary Fish read a telegram received by him from Mr. Burlingame, denying the report that the Chinese Government has rejected the treaty with the United States.

The President will receive visitor to-

norrow and leave on the night train for The President and Secretary Fish have The President and Secretary Fign have a conference to-morrow on the Glasgow Consulship, when it is probable a successor to Col. Haggerty will be appointed. The Internal Revenue receipts to-day were \$425,781; total for the month, \$15,015,446; total for the current fiscal year, \$16,602,456.

\$36,602,456.
The following revenue appointments were made to day: Crowly P. Drake, Arsessor of the 5th Michigan District; R. J. Chestnut Wood, Collector of the

9th Indiana District.

There was received from bank note printing companies to-day at the Treasury Department \$97,500 in fractional currency.

The Athletic base ball club of Philadelphia defeated the Nationals of this city to-day. Score: 33 to 20.

# CINCINNATI.

Homicide Case—Woman's ≺uffrage Convention-Sabbath School Convention-

die., die. CINCINNATI. August 31 .- A hearing of the David Kirby murder case was had before the police court to-day. Phillip Wareham was held to answer the charge of murder in the first degree before the Court of Common Piess, Wm. Howard was also held as accessory to the same. No ball admitted. Hinz and Eastabrook,

who had been arrested on auspicion, were discharged. The Executive Committee of ladies to provide for the Woman Suffrage Convention, to be held here on the 15th and 16th of September, have secured Pike's listh of Septembor, have secured Piko B Hall for the purposo. Among the speak-ers secured for the occasion are Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, of Chicago, Miss Susan B. Anthony Mrs. E. Cady Stanton, Mrs. Myram M. Cole, of Syd-ney, O, Mrs. Sarah B. Chase, M. D., of Clareland O.

Cleveland, O.
The Kentucky State Sabbath School Convention met in Covington, Ky., today. It is largely attended.

The billiard match for the championship of the State will be played between Fred Ackerman and Tony Honing, at Mozart Hall, on September 13th.

Five hundred teachers of this city and malerbooker and the second the city and the second the seco

heighboring public schools are attend-ing the Normal Institute now in session-Hon. John R. Craven and other leading citizens of Madison, Indiana, are agiiting the forming of a railroad tion between that city and the Cumber-land and Ohio R. R. at Eminence, Ky. An excursion party from the Chamber of Commerce to San Francisco set out to-day at noon.
The Red Stockings played the Buckeye

base ball club to-day. The game closed at the 8th inning, Red Stockings winners by one hundred and three to eight.

The weather cloudy and cool, thermometer ranging from 64 to 73.

# CHICAGO.

### Railroad Freight House Byrned-Heavy By Telegraph to the Pittaburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, August 31.—The freight house of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad at Quincy, was completely destroyed by fire last night. The tracks on both sides of the freight house were covered with freight cars and some twenty of them were totally destroyed with contents: twenty other cars were more or less injured. A portion of the cars belonged to the Toledo, Wabash and Western Raliroad, but a large ma jority to the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy. The money and some valuable papers in the freight house were secured, but the books and papers pertaining to the road from its organization were destroyed. The total loss will probably reach one hundred thousand dolthe city have been closed by order of lars, most of which will fall upon the road, they being their own insurer. The fire is supposed to have originated in one of the freight mines are heavily guarded.

At the request of miners belonging hundred feet in length. which was a frame out.
| hundred feet in length.
| hundred feet in length.
| hundred feet in length.

## QUEBEC. Laborer's Strike-Military Called Out to

at Carbondale, Jackson county.

Southern Illinois Normal University was to-day located by the Commissioners

Prevent a Riot. By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette. QUEBEC, August 81. -The ship laborers are on a strike and the trade of the port is almost at a stand still. Yesterday the la-

Extensive Fire at Cape May — Loss 8400.000.

By Telegraph to the Pitisburgh Gazette. CAPE MAY, August 31.—The most destructive fire that ever occurred here broke out at three o'clock this morning in the American Hotel. The fire originated in the Japanese store of Paul Boynton on the ground floor, and spread rapidly throughout the first building until idly throughout the first building was it was a total wreek. The building was one hundred by sixty feet. The lower portion was occupied for stores, and the remainder of the house by guests. The flames spread to the United States Hotel on the east side of Decatur street, and from thence to the Atlantic Hotel on the beach below. Both these buildings were commodious and were entirely destroyable to the side of the side o

ed, together with all their contents.
The loss in personal property and valuables of the guests will be very heavy.
The wind was north and blowing freshly. hich no doubt, saved a great portion which no doubt, saved a great point the city from destruction. Several cot-tages and smaller buildings in the line of the fire were entirely destroyed. The Atlantic and United States Hotels were alued at \$150,000 each, and the Ameri-

valued at \$150,000 each, and can at \$75,000.

Among the buildings destroyed are the following: The Post office; the City Surveyor's office; the United States Hotel; American Row, formerly the American Hotel, including several stores; Ferris Colleges; Huffnall's drug store; Mc'Makin's new Atlantic Hotel; the property on both sides of Decatur st., Barty on Barty erty on both sides of Decatur st., rett's Bowling saloon; McCann's Fotel, etc. Everything was destroyed from etc. Everything was destroyed from Ocean st. on the east to Jackson st. on the west, from Washington street on the north to the beach on the south, except the Columbia House, which, with the Centre, Ocean and Lapierre Houses, was saved. A row of buildings on Washington street, opposite the old American House, stores were damaged by water ingion street, opposite the old American House stores, were damaged by water and some of them were torn down. The estimate of the loss is \$175,000. The United States Hotel was sold, last week, to Chas. Conway, of Philadelphia, for \$50,000.

Theloss by the Cape May fire is estimated at \$250,000. Boynton, the Pearl Diver, in whose store the fire originated, has been arrested charged with causing the fire. The United States Hotel was valued at \$90,000; insured for \$47,000.

## BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

\_The steamer America, from Bremen has arrived at New York. -The ateamship China, from Liver-pool, arrived at New York yesterday. -The Alert base ball club, of Roches ter, N. Y., has started on a western tour. -Mrs. E. B. Washburne and family sailed yesterday for Europe on the Si-

-The New-York Democratic State Convention is called for September 22d at Syracuse. \_The first bale of Middle Tennessee cotton was received at Nashville

day from the plantation of A. G. Hender son; near Smyrna. The cotton mill at Barberville, R. I., John T. Sheldon & Sons, proprietors, was burned on Monday. Loss \$40,000;

insured for \$30,000. -Frank Butler, in a fit of despondency left his bed Monday night or early. Tuesday morning, in St. Louis, and hung himself in an out house.

-A convention was held at Springfield, Mo., to consider the project of building a railroad from Kansas City, Mo., to Memphis, Tenn., via Springfield, Mo. W. S. Saville, apothecary's clerk in Boston, who sold laudanum for hubarb, causing the death of Mr. Norton, has been admitted to ball in \$2,000 to answer

a charge of manslaughter. -The Masonic Fraternity of Louisville are about erecting a Widows and Orphans. Home at a cost exceeding \$100,000, upon ground donated for that purpose by several liberal citizens.

—The track lying upon the Louisville branch of the Ohio and Mississippi Rairoad is progressing satisfactorily. The road is expected to be ready for use by the first of December. -Advices from the lower countles of

Kentucky state that thirty-five men of the State Guards will be mounted at Lebanon and start with guides for the mountains in search of Regulators. -A dispatch from Boston says: Pearl -A unpated from poston says: Feath street is a heavy sufferer by the recent failure of a boot and shee firm in St. Louis. The claims of seven firms amount to \$200,000 and three houses are nearly

-The uniform rule of the New York Police Commissioners has been modified, so as to permit officers to be relieved of wearing uniforms in special cases, by the Board, or its members, or the Superin-

—A great fire is raging in the Dismal Swamp, North Carolina. Many miles of fences and cords of wood have been destroyed and numerous wild animals have been driven out into the open country. -The freight train from Louisville for

Memphis, through the negligence of a workman on the road, ran off the track near Brownsville, yesterday, smashing several cars and fatally injuring the fireman and engineer. -The passenger train from Chatta-

nooga for Memphis ran through a bridge, near Courtland, Ala., on Monday, de-molishing the engine, baggage and smoking cars. Fortunately, no one was in the smoking car at the time. -The gas in an empty oll tank on freight train on the Boston and Albany

The brewery of Kirschoff & Co., at Melrose, Westchester county, N. Y., has been seized for violation of the revenue law, and the proprietors held for examination. One hundred thousand dollars worth of lager is held to await the

of a skylight. The Continental Hetel was at one time in danger, but escaped

-The Havana journals give no credit to the reports that the United States government has made propositions to Spain for the separation of Cuba from the mother country, and declare that if any such proposals have been made, they can have but one result-refusal.

-Preparations for the International —Preparations for the international Exposition at Buffalo, N. Y., are being rapidly brought to a conclusion. The Treasury Department has instructed collectors of customs to admit duty free from Canada all articles for exhibition, under bond, for sixty days

under bond, for sixty days

The annual gathering of the American Spiritual Association took place at Buffalo yesterday. About two hundred delegates were present, representing associations from Massachusetts, New York, Vermont, New Jersey, Michigan, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Kanaas. The session will probably occupy three days.

ession will probably occupy three days. Rev. P. J. Murphy, a well known Catholic Priest, late of lows, but formerly of Illinois, while attempting to get on a train of cars yesterday afternoon, at the crossing of the O. & M. and E. & O. Railcrossing of the U. & M. and E. & U. Kall-road near Vincennes, Indiana, fell be-tween the cars and was run over and killed. He was on his way to Washing-ton, Ind., where he has relatives living.

-A meeting of colored men was held at Nashville yesterday afternoon to investigate the disturbances at Smyrna, Rutherford county, Tenn, a number of refugees from that vicinity being present. Hon. John Trumbull, Neill Brown and Henry S. Foote took part in the meeting, which finally adjourned, with-out doing anything, till two P. M. to-

Additional Markets by Telegraph. Buffalo, August 31.—Flour nominally unchanged. Wheat opened dull, with sales of 7,500 bus No. 2 Chicago at \$1,30, 7,500 bus No. 1 red Toledo at \$1,48½, and later 38,000 bus No. 1 red Toledo and amber Ohio and Michigan at \$1,40, and in the afternoon 7,500 bus No. 1 Toledo at the afternoon 7,500 bus No. 1 Toledo at \$1,41 affoat; \$1,40 was asked for No. 2 Milwaukee Club, with no disposition to Milwaukee Club, with no disposition to operate on the part of holders. Corn quiet, with sales of 30,000 bus, per sample, at 93@95c; 8,600 bus very choice western at \$1,00; car lots and small parpie, at 35@90c; cycut our very choice western at \$1,00; car lots and small parcels No. 2 western at 97@98c; market sound for sound parcels. Oats; car lots are selling slowly at 500 for old, and 520 for new. Rye nominal at \$1,15. Highwines lower; asking about \$1,16. Other articles unchanged.

articles unchanged.

Oswego, August 31.—Flour unchang-d. Wheat dull: 5,000 bush Milwaukee ed. Wheat dull; 5,000 bush Milwaukee club at \$1,44; 3,000 do No. lat \$1,36; 3,000 do at \$1,39; 1,800 choice amber winter at \$1,50. Corn dull; 3,000 bush No. 2 at \$1,07 (38,00; No 1 at 1,10. Canal friegats, which 10c; corn 9c to New York. Lake imports; 1,500 bush wheat. Canal exports; 240,000 bush wheat; 8,000 do corn.

NEW OBLEANS, August 81.-Cotton; sales 161 bales; middling nominally at 32c; receipts of 257 bales. Flour; lower 32c; receipts of 257 bales. Flour; lower grades scarce; superfine at \$5,80; double extra at \$5,30. Corn; 97%c, for mixed; \$1,05, for white. Oats at 66c. Bran at \$1,05. Hay at \$26,50@27. Other articles

ket weak, red \$1,10; amber \$1,10; white \$1,20. Flour \$8,50 per bbl for best brands. Corn \$1. Oats 65c. Rye 90c. Barley NASHVILLE, August 31.—Wheat mar-Corn \$1. Oats 65c. Kye 90c. Darrey \$1,10. Bacon: sides 191/c; shoulders 161/c. Hama 39c. Lard 21 1/c.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., August 31.—Beef Cattle: receipts, 785 head; prices full and drm; extra \$12,25@12,75; first quality \$11,50@12.00. Sheep and Lambs: receipts 8,148 head; prices rather better; sales 3% @7c.

### PITTSBURGH, August 31, 1869. MESSES. EDITORS GAZETTE: In your ssue of Monday, August 80, 1869, we notice an item, "Hampton's Battery at Gettysburg," which is all correct except that it should read, Thompson's Battery at Gettysburg, from the fact that Thompson commanded his own battery and Hampton's Battery did not then exist,

Hampton's Battery did not then exist, their materielle or guns, &c. having been "turned in" shortly after the battle of "United States Ford." part of their men being assigned to duty temporarily with Battery "H," Ohlo artillery, and part of them with Thompson's Battery, where they remained until the spring of 1864, where her additions for recruits, they when, by additions of recruits, they were in point of numbers able to organize. Such, sirs, is a simple statement of facts which we hope you will make variable. Very truly, R. C. HAZLETT,

JAS. STEPHENSON, (Formerly officers in Thompson's Battery.)

A curious Marriage occurred last week in St. Louis. A stone blind bride groom was led by his blushing bride to the altar of a Justice of the Peace. That honest and benevolent functionary felt it decapitated martyr, who, interred with to be his duty to inform the poor blind his head in his hands, gave rise to the man that the chosen of his heart was really one of the ugliest women in the world, and that she had already, to his certain knowledge, buried two husbands. Railroad, at West Newton, exploded Monday night, causing the death of Samuel Preston, conductor, by burning. A brakeman was slightly injured.

To this the bridegroom responded that he had seen the lady a great many years ago, had seen the lady a great many years ago, and that, according to the best of his recollection, she was then "a thing of recollection, she was then "a thing of the form of life and lightly injured." To this the bridegroom responded that he recollection, she was then "a thing of beauty" and "a form of life and light." A prakeman was signify injured.

Benjamin Brown, of Stapleton, Staten
Island, a graduate of Harvard, offers to
give \$5.000 toward defraying the expensea of the Oxford crew, if they will consent to row the Harvards on either the
Hudson or Charles river next autumn.

Hudson or Charles river next autumn. poor victim was led away rejoiding.

THE Austrian flag, which bore the and seven hundred persons, marched in procession through the streets and their conduct was so, disorderly, that the military was called out to prevent a riot. The Mayor and several prominent difference were very roughly handled.

Arch Bilanco Kendick, of St. large conduct was processed in the military was called out to prevent a riot. The Mayor and several prominent difference were very roughly handled.

Arch Bilanco Kendick, of St. large conduct was structure on Chestnut white and green colors of the Hungarian has conduct we way structure on Chestnut white and green colors of the Hungarian large conduct was at he nation's guest. On reaching the destroyed Earl's picture gallery in the destroyed Earl's picture gallery

Ventilation.

[From Good Health.] We have now to describe one of the best and simplest modes of ventilating ordinary rooms with which we are acquainted. It is one equally applicable in win.er as well as in summer, because all draught is avoided; for, even if a window be opened at the top, a downward draught is frequently felt, and in rainy weather it is often impossible to keep the window open. The present plan is applicable in all kinds of weather, and would be perfect if the ventilation could

be effected nearer to the ceiling. As it can be applied at an expense of a few cents, and as no unsightly appearance is made, it is equally applicable to the cottage and to the mansion. A piece of wood an inch or more in thickness, three inches wide, and exactly as long as the breadth of the window through which ventilation is to be established, is to be prepared. Let the sash now be raised, and let the slip of wood be placed upon the side of the window; the sash is then to be drawn down closely upon the slip of wood. If the slip has been well fitted-and the fitting may be made more complete by adapting it to the grooves in the sash and its frame, if any exist-no draught will e experienced in consequence of the dislacement of the sash at this part. The effect of such an arrangement is, however, to cause a separation betwen the bars of the sashes at the centre, By this means a perpendicular current of air will be projected into the room between the glass in the upper and lower sashes and their respective bars, or else the current will pass outward in the reverse direction, in

a manner by which all inconvenience from draught will be avoided. Supposing that two or more windows t opposite sides of a room are fitted in this manner, a very satisfactory ventilation will be secured. Owing to a difference in its equilibrium, the air will rush in on one side and rush out on the other side of the spartment. If the slips of wood are painted of the same color as the windows themselves, they will attract lit-

tle notice. A MODERN CLAUDE DUVAL has just made his escape from the city prison in New York. In the first place he tore his articles unchanged.

Chicago, August 31.—At open board this afternoon but little was done in the grain market, and prices underwent no important change; No. 2 spring wheat was a trifle firmer, selling at \$1,27@1.28 seller September, and closing easier for cash. Wheat nominal. Corn quiet and firm; seller September changing hands at \$1,27@1.28 cash was a trifle firmer, seller September changing hands at \$1,27.00 to seller September. Provides the seller september. Provides the seller september, and \$1,28 for No. 2 wheat seller September. September. September. September. Provides the seller seller september, and \$1,28 for No. 2 wheat seller september. Sept blanket into shreds, which he plaited into is cut into the solid granite block so as to allow no enlargement without difficult, prolonged and skilled appliances of the masonic art. But, at last, so say the pri-28,00; No 1 at 1,10. Canal frieghts; wheat son guardians, he got his body through this aperture. The rest was easy, His rope was strong and trusty. His nerves were strong, and stillness and caution in descent were all that were required to breathe the air of freedom again. Lowering himself to the female prison, which at this end connects with the lower part of the male prison, he thence climbed up the outer wall of the prison, an affair of climbing by the way much easier said than done, and then again fastening the

> THE Monde of the 5th, in order to show that the first revolution in France was not directed principally against the higher orders, quotes the following figures: The French revolution, which certain writers have set themselves the task of justifying, was not, as they say, the work of the people, who suffered as much or even more than the wealthy, from the odious excesses for which efforts are now made to render them responsible. The following statistics are eloquent on the point: Nobles executed, 1278; women of point: Nobles executed, 1278; women of the same class, 750; together, 2028. Nuns, 350; priests, 2135; together, 2485. Females of the laboring classes, 1467; commoners of all conditions, 13,633; to-gether, 15,100. Women of the people killed in La Vendee, 15,000; children, 22,000; together, 37,000. At Nantes the number of Carrier's victims was 32,000, of whom the nobles and clergy formed only a very small portion, namely, nobles drowned, 1400; priests shot, 800; drowned, 460. In recapitulation we find: com-moners or working classes, 82,000; priests

and nobles, 6673." A FOREIGN journal, in giving an account of the various cemeteries at Paris. says that in the Cemetery of Ivry, where criminals are interred, prisoners who have been guillotined are buried, according to a time-honored custom, with their heads between their legs. This practice may have been first adopted to distinguish the vulgar malefactor from the

fable about St. Dennis. THE Cleveland Herald says: The Wabash and Lake Shore consolidation has been accomplished. The new line between the Erie road and Toledo has been abandoned. Cleveland is to be the Northwestern terminus of the broad gauge line. The Erie is to have a narrow gauge track from Buffalo to New York, and has proceeded in good faith to do that work. The agony concerning the projected rival lines in Northern and Northwestern Ohio

is over. THE Mexican Government is making the most extensive preparations for Mr. Seward's reception. He is to be furnished