Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, AUGUST 23, 1869. NUMBER 192.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, August 21.—The *Morning Post* has an editorial to-day on the coming International Yacht Race. It says: In a light wind and on smooth water there are several English yachts that may be relied upon to beat Mr. Bennett's American yacht Dauntless at every point. The result of the recent race to Cherbourg and return, as a test, was marred by an accident to the sails of the Dauntless. The impression among yachtsmen is that she does not stand to her canvass, and cannot compete successfully in heavy any more than she can in light weather; but in going free she probably would sail as fast, or faster, than our deep vessels. A yacht race around the Azores islands offers a fairer chance to test the qualities of all vessels. If the Americans will not sail around the Isle of Wight or Ireland, or on a short home course, rather than forego the trial, let us race around the Azores.

As the time for the international boat race between the Harvard College and the Oxford University crews draws nigh the excitement in sporting circles increases. Much of the space in the newspapers is given up to this subject. The following extracts are made from to-day's journals:

[From the Land and Water.]

The balance seems to favor the Oxford crew. If the Americans win, we will not only learn the new style of rowing, but how to maintain it. If the Oxfords win, with six weeks of exercise, without doing their best at any time, it will be an aquatic revolution.

[From the Saturday Review.]

We don't attach much importance to the time made in training. If the Harvard crew win the race, we will acknowledge our notions about our style of rowing are antiquated absurdities.

[From the Spectator.]

The opinion in respect to the crews, and in regard to the chances of victory, are nearly even. The public are inquiring if the Americans have ever put out their whole strength. The route is a hard one, but the race is likely to be close. If the weather is bad, the result will probably be in favor of the Oxfords; if good, the Harvards will win. A nice slow English drizzle is the thing to take the heart out of Americans. Regulations have been issued to keep the course clear for two hours before and until the race is ended.

The weather is fair and favorable for crops.

The *Morning Standard* to-day has an editorial on Canadian matters. The writer says there are great probabilities of a change in the relations between Canada and Great Britain, which would be likely to be distasteful to a majority of the inhabitants of the Dominion, if they were consulted. If there is any dissatisfaction with the existing state of affairs, it is only by feelings that we can safely make intelligible to those south of the frontier. All that can be done under the present government is to repudiate the notion that a withdrawal of the troops implies a desire to shuffle out of responsibilities cast on Great Britain by the presence of a flag in colonial territory, which means military administration. England is now in the hands of those who fail to appreciate the Canadian question.

Messrs. Harwood and Hatcher, who were arrested at New York and taken to England for trial on a charge of forgery, were brought up at the Mansion House to-day for a preliminary examination. At the close Mr. Hatcher was discharged and Mr. Harwood remanded for trial.

LONDON, August 21.—*Evening.*—Mr. Gladstone has entirely recovered his health.

The Oxford crew were out for practice again to-day. They made good pace, with thirty-eight to thirty-nine strokes per minute, well pulled. The Harvard crew were also out, with the Jewett boat. The coxwain's seat has been lowered, which increased their steadiness. They go away briskly at nearly forty strokes per minute. Their rowing is regarded very satisfactory. Good judges think the Harvards are likely to lead in the race. At the special desire of the Harvard crew, Thomas Hughes, ex-member of Parliament for Oxford, has been appointed referee. Mr. Simmons, of the Harvard crew, is slightly indisposed to-day. The betting is now seven to four on the Oxford.

At the scull race to-day Kelly beat Sadler for the championship of the Thames.

SPAIN.

MADRID, August 21.—Admiral Nunez is dead.

The volunteers have petitioned the Government to spare the life of Palo, who was recently captured at the head of a Carlist band.

The Prefect of Perpignan was arrested at Tristam with ten other Carlists who were about to cross the frontier.

Notwithstanding the stories of invasion and insurrection, it is now believed the Carlist movement is ended.

PARIS, August 21.—The *La France* of to-day says Cuba is lost to Spain, and the wisest thing Spain can do is to take advantage of the present situation.

It is asserted on reliable authority that the preliminaries of a treaty for the cession of Cuba have been signed.

MADRID, August 22.—The troops are still pursuing fugitive Carlists in the frontier provinces and have taken many prisoners.

The wife of Polo, the Carlist leader who was captured at Almagro, has interceded with General Prim for the life of her husband.

Dissensions have arisen in the Cabinet in regard to the manner in which the Government should proceed against those Bishops who have refused to obey the decree of the Regent.

In Barcelona fifteen thousand working men have struck for higher wages and others are expected to join them in the movement. Grave fears are entertained for the preservation of order.

There is a rumor that Gen. Pezulos, Duke of Chester, will be exiled to the Canaries.

The Regent, Serrano, positively denies that he sustains the pretensions of the Duke of Montpensier to the throne of Spain, and declares that he is entirely neutral on the question of the disposal of the crown.

PARIS, August 22.—The French officials have arrested five more Carlist Chiefs on the Spanish frontier.

FRANCE.

PARIS, August 21.—It is now tolerably certain that General Edward Lebous will be appointed Minister of War.

The *Presse* says a new *Senatus Consultum* is in preparation, granting autonomy and greater liberties to the colonies.

PARIS, August 22.—The *Journal official* publishes an Imperial decree appointing Gen. Lebouf Minister of War, to succeed Marshal Niel, deceased.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LISBON, August 21.—The mail steamer from Rio Janeiro has arrived, bringing dates to the 28th of July. President Lopez was at Ascarra. He had plenty of provisions but was short of arms, ammunition and other war material. The allied army had captured Villa Rica and were preparing to storm Ascurra. Barreco was likely to become President at Ascunsion.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, August 21.—*Evening.*—Consols for money 93¼; for account 93⅜. American securities quiet and steady. Five-Twenty Bonds: '62s, 81¾; do. 65, old, 83¾; do. '67, 82¾; 10-40's, 76¼; 62s at Frankfort, 88½; Eries 19¾; Illinois 94¼.

LIVERPOOL, August 21.—Cotton market a shade easier; middling uplands 13¾d.; Orleans 14d.; [sales 12,000 bales, of which 4,000 bales were for speculation and export. California white Wheat 11s@11s. 1d.; red western No. 2 9s. 9d@9s. 10. Western Flour 25s. 3d. Corn 32s. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 43s. 6d. Pork 103s. 6d. Beef 90s. Lard 78s. Cheese 62s. Bacon 65s.

LONDON, August 21.—Whale Oil 39s.

ANTWERP, August 21.—Petroleum at 53¾f.

HAVRE, August 21.—Cotton 163¼f.

FRANKFORT, August 22.—Five-Twenty bonds active and firm at 89¼.

NEW YORK CITY.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, August 21, 1869.

The weather to-day is extremely hot. Five cases of sun stroke are reported, none known to have resulted fatally.

The bark Cuba, from Havana, had four men in hospital there, two of whom died. The Captain's child died aboard of yellow fever.

The Postmaster General is in the city.

Three millions in gold were shipped today to prominent San Francisco houses by the Pacific road.

The Atlantic Base Ball Club, of Brooklyn, beat the Keystone, of Philadelphia, this afternoon, at the Capitoline grounds, by 34 to 7.

The yacht Freddie capsized in the bay this afternoon. The crew were saved by the steamer Magenta.

This afternoon, Jno. Harrison, a wealthy junk dealer, and a girl named Delle Adams, were fatally wounded by pistol shots fired by Capt. Samuel Fass, of the ship Pacific, in an affray which originated in the following manner: Capt. Fass had commenced beating a woman who tried to prevent him from chastising a boy whom he had detected stealing lime from his ship, when Harrison interfered to protect the woman. A crowd collected and an affray ensued. Fass was knocked down and upon regaining his feet pulled out a revolver and discharged it, wounding the above mentioned parties. Harrison was arrested.

Fourteen cases of sun-stroke occurred in this city to-day.

Mr. Timothy C. Churchill, Treasurer of the Lincoln Monument Fund, publishes a letter to-day, in which he states the contract was made some time since with H. K. Brown, the celebrated sculptor and author of the Washington Monument in Union Square, this city, and that he has already furnished a plaster cast of the late President, which was accepted by the Committee and sent to a foundry to be cast in bronze. Mr. Brown has been paid ten thousand dollars on account, and the balance of the fund, eleven thousand dollars, is invested in five-twenty bonds.

The American Flint Glass Works, at the corner of Richard and Commerce streets, Brooklyn, took fire from the furnace yesterday, and before the flames could be extinguished they were damaged to the extent of twenty-five thousand dollars; fully insured.

It is announced that the new and increased tariff of freight charges on railroads to the west, goes into operation to-day, and the ruinous competition between these roads is terminated by a compromise.

A train on the Marietta railroad ran over and killed a man Saturday afternoon, near Loveland. He was a stranger and there was nothing on his person by which his name could be ascertained.

The Coroner held six inquests last night and to-day.

TENNESSEE.

The Secretary of State and Repudiation.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NASHVILLE, August 21.—Mr. Fletcher, Secretary of State, publishes a letter today in response to bondholders who wished to know whether they should hold their new bonds. He tells them that their new bonds in law and equity are as good as the old, and recommends them to keep them. He says they cannot be repudiated, because they are collectable by law in the federal courts, either by direct suit against the State or by bill in equity to enforce the State's lien against the railroads for the benefit of bondholders. In conclusion, he says: "Repudiation is impossible for many reasons. First, and above all, because the people of Tennessee are too proud and too honest; because there is not the shadow of justification for it, and because our bonds are collectable in the Courts. It is impossible, in the face of the condemnation of the world. No Legislature can or dare adopt a measure which would brand every Tennessean with disgrace wherever he may go on the face of the earth, and which would make our children's children blush to own their nativity."

—The German Associations of Cincinnati have decided to celebrate Alexander von Humboldt's birthday, September 14th.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, August 21, 1869.

COLORED MEN LYNCHED

Two colored men, calling themselves Charles Brown and Jacob Merriman, who recently committed an outrage upon a young lady on the line of the Orange, Alexandria and Manasses Railroad, were taken out of the jail at Front Royal, Va., forcibly, Thursday morning, and lynched by a party of disguised men.

EXCHANGE OF BONDS.

General Spinner this morning received from a National Bank at New York a letter containing $27,000 10-40 bonds to have them exchanged for 5-20 bonds.

THE WARM SPELL.

To-day is the hottest of the summer, the thermometer ranging from 98 to 105.

PHILADELPHIA.

The Heat—Proceedings of Labor Congress.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, August 21.—The heat is intense; thermometer 102° in the shade.

The National Labor Congress re-assembled at 9 o'clock this morning. A motion that the next Congress be held at Louisville on the 17th of August, 1870, was tabled. A resolution was adopted for the contribution of five cents each, by members of the labor organization, to defray expenses, etc.

The following officers for the ensuing year were elected by the Labor Congress: President—Richard Trevillick, Detroit, Michigan; First Vice President—A. T. Cavis, Washington, D. C.; Second Vice President—Conrad Kuhn, New York; Recording Secretary—J. H Walls, Philadelphia; Treasurer—A. C. Phelps, New Haven, Connecticut.

The new officers were installed, and appropriately addressed the Convention.

Mr. Lucker, the retiring President, moved that this Convention elect a delegate to the European International Labor Congress, to be held in Switzerland, which, after debate, was adopted.

A. C. Cameron, of Illinois, was unanimously elected such delegate, and C. H. Lucker, of New York, associate delegate.

On motion, the Convention proceeded to designate a place for holding the next session of the Convention, and finally Cincinnati, Ohio, was selected.

Mr. Sylvis, from the Committee on the subject of a new political party, reported their inability to report, and by request were continued until next year.

Resolutions of sympathy with the Cuban revolutionists, struggling Ireland and oppressed millions all over Europe, and for the reduction from five to three years of the naturalization term for foreigners in this country, were adopted.

The Chair announced that by the Constitution the time for the assembling of the next Congress was fixed for the third Monday of August, 1870, and at three o'clock in the afternoon the Congress finally adjourned.

ST. LOUIS.

Sale of Government Property—Death from the Heat—Prize Fight Arrangement.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, August 21.—The extensive corral buildings on Strange avenue, occupied by the Government during the war, with some other Government property, were sold to-day at auction.

Two more deaths by sunstroke occurred to-day.

Articles of agreement were signed today by Jim Coyne and Patsy Regan, for a fight at 142 pounds for $500 a side, to take place on the 24th of November, in Kentucky, within fifty miles of Cincinnati. If either party weighs more than the stipulated weight he is to forfeit the money up. No arrangement has yet been made for another fight between Allen and Gallagher.

ST. LOUIS, August 22.—Ferdinand Gutman, having a wife and nine children, blew the top of his head off with a pistol this afternoon.

One of the articles of agreement between Jim Coyne and Patsy Reardon provides that the stakes and excursion money shall be presented to the stakeholder to be disposed of as he chooses.

Henry A. Soria, of New Orleans, was arrested here yesterday, by order of the authorities of that city.

LOUISVILLE.

Militia Sent After Regulators—The Excessive Heat—Stabbed at a Ball.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, August 22.—Three companies of State Militia, numbering all told about ninety-five men, left this morning at 3 o'clock for Lebanon, Ky., to be distributed in the lower counties, where the Regulators have been depredating for some time past.

The heat to-day has been excessive, the thermometer ranging at times as high as 102 degrees in the shade.

A man named Charley Snyder was stabbed last night at a ball up town by one Joe Bowman, while endeavoring to quell a quarrel between the latter and another individual.

The Heat at Cincinnati.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, August 21.—The weather is clear and roasting hot. Thermometer ninety-one at noon and ninety-six about two o'clock. George D. Stiles, agent for Mr. Riggs, tobacconist, fell dead in a wagon from sun stroke to-day, making the fourth death from that cause since yesterday morning.

President Grant in Rhode Island.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PROVIDENCE, August 21.—President Grant was received by the Newport municipal authorities at the State House today. This afternoon a brilliant reception was held in his honor at the villa of Ex-Senator Morgan. The gunboat Tallapoosa, with an official party, arrived here last evening.

LATEST FROM CUBA.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, August 21.—Advices from Matanzas state that the Captain General had reviewed the troops in that city. They expressed willingness to go into active service.

The rebels, four hundred strong, in the jurisdiction of Colon, have been committing depredations. They burnt several estates.

Col. Beutgazi, who left Puerto Padre with a regiment numbering 800 men, escorted a convoy to Los Tunas, and encountered the rebels twice. Severe fights ensued, but the results are unknown. Report says he reached Los Tunas.

Captain General De Rodas has arrived here from Matanzas.

A. J. Simmons, who had been confined six months at Puerto Principe, was released at the intercession of Consul General Plumb and left for New York on the steamship Missouri.

WASHINGTON, August 22.—Cuban advices to the 9th received in this city give the following statement of the political condition there:

The volunteers are exhibiting the purposes of their organization, that of seizing the Government of the Island of Cuba from Spain. Everywhere throughout the Island they are acting in concert, and now exercise the same control over De Rodas that expelled Dulce from his position. It is reported that a formidable organization of Spaniards in the interest of the Cespedes Government in every part of the Island has been exposed through the means of a spy. The object of this organization was to counteract that of the volunteers and strengthen the Cubans in the field in means necessary to carry on the contest. This they did, but the expose has driven hundreds into the Cuban army, and given them a moral and physical power that will be a terror to the Spanish troops and volunteers as organized on the island. It is reported De Rodas contemplates resigning and returning to Spain, believing that his longer continuance in his present position would detract from his well-earned reputation.

A special dispatch to the New York *Herald*, from Havana, August 19, via Key West, states that intelligence from Colona on Tuesday reports that 1,000 insurgents have appeared in the vicinity of Macuriges. But few troops are in the district and the Governor is unable to check the patriots, who are destroying all the property owned by Spaniards.

Another special from Nassau, N. P., August 13, via Key West, 21, gives the ruling of the Admiralty Court in the long contested case of the steamship Salvador, charged with a violation of the neutrality laws, that she was duly cleared according to port regulations and that the vessel be delivered up, each party to pay his own costs.

HAVANA, August 22.—Senor Cerfilo Arredondo, Director of Savings Bank, left in the steamer Missouri for New York.

Thirty rebel prisoners arrived from the interior this afternoon.

FROM WEST INDIES.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, Aug. 21.—Advices from St. Thomas to the 16th state the steamer Telegrafa was anchored at Tortola. The American steamer Seminole had sailed for Porto Rico.

News from St. Domingo to the 2d states that Cabral, with three thousand troops, was besieging Ahua.

News from Hayti to the 9th states that Sainave had retreated from Jacmel, but was continuing the siege at Aux-Cayes. A Dutch schooner, loaded with articles contraband of war, had been captured there.

Dispatches received from Caracas to the 9th state Gen. Monagas is in command of the troops besieging Maracaibo. The besiegers are aided by three Federal vessels. All the States of the Republic have sent troops and the merchants are generally in favor of the Federal forces. Gen. Pulgar is making great preparations to resist. The populace of Maracaibo are hostile to him.

CINCINNATI.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, August 21.—Several light showers last night and this afternoon were refreshing. The thermometer was 93 degrees in the shade at noon and 96 degrees at 3 P. M.

John Lyman, a boy seven years old, was crushed to death between two freight cars on the Indianapolis & Cincinnati Railroad.

The Southerns, of New Orleans, will play the Red Stockings to-morrow. For the game with the Haymakers, of Lansingburg, New York, with whom the Red Stockings play on Thursday, great preparations have been made. All the railroads except one leading to the city have made half fare arrangements.

Fourteen workmen in Eden Park have suffered from sun stroke since Thursday. Two of them died.

At six o'clock this evening a laborer, named Herman Henersdell, fell dead from excessive heat and drunkenness.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Banquet to the Governor General.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HALIFAX, August 21.—The banquet to the Governor General last night was a grand affair. Sir John Young said he did not withdraw one word of his Quebec speech. It has been misrepresented. He had been represented as saying a change of allegiance would be possible. This was incorrect, and on that word trouble arose. He had spoken of a change of allegiance, thereby contemplating different relations with England, but the idea of severance never occurred to him.

Row and Murder in Baltimore.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, August 22.—A difficulty occurred this afternoon at a restaurant in the suburbs of the city between a party of men, in which Lewis Meltee was badly beaten by John Chambers. Meltee left the place and subsequently returned with his brother as a guest and friend, when the party assaulted Chambers. Lewis Meltee struck Chambers with a stone weighing ten pounds, crushing out his brains and causing instant death. All parties were arrested.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The Shutzenfest commences at Baltimore to-day and continues four days.

—There are five hundred and thirty-eight soldiers' orphans in Cincinnati.

—Reports from all parts of Oregon indicate a much larger yield of wheat than was anticipated.

—A deficiency of eighteen thousand dollars has been discovered in the Coiner's Department of the Branch Mint at San Francisco.

—The fires which have raged in the woods of Washington Territory since July first have been nearly extinguished by the recent heavy rains.

—Edward Howland, son of a ship owner at New Bedford, Mass., committed suicide at Lake Laho, Cala., August 16th, by blowing out his brains.

—Commodore Vanderbilt was married on Saturday morning, at London, Canada West, to Isabella Crawford, daughter of Robert L. Crawford, of Mobile, Alabama.

—Saturday afternoon, at Harbor Creek, Pennsylvania, George Perkins, of Buffalo, Wisconsin, was run over and instantly killed by a freight train, while uncoupling cars.

—Two sailors, named John Connor and Albert Sharp, have been arrested a Toronto, Canada, on suspicion of having scuttled the schooner Garry Owen, recently sunk opposite Ashtabula, Ohio.

—At a meeting of the manufacturers of Fall River, Friday night last, it was determined to run all the factories but three days in the week for the present. This will put over five hundred thousand spindles on half time.

—The century plant, now in blossom at Frost's green house, Rochester, New York, will be removed to Chicago next Thursday, to be exhibited for the benefit of the Young Men's Christian Association of that city. It is nineteen feet high.

—The amount of arrears of penalty, independent of taxes accrued, by a large number of brokers living in Brooklyn, who failed to make proper monthly returns to the revenue officers, and against whom suits have been commenced, exceeds $400,000.

—At Carlisle, Pa., last week, Adam Titus was sentenced to be hanged for the murder of Henry Steamn. Paul Schoppe was also sentenced to be hanged for murder. Commodore Gould, the court crier, an old man, dropped dead in the room as the latter sentence was pronounced.

—Commissioner Delano decides that the practice of corporations, which by law are required to withhold and pay over to the United States a tax of five per cent. on all dividends, interest, coupons, &c., of treating such amount as expenses of business, and deductable, is wrong and should not be allowed.

—The Secretary of the Treasury finally acceded to the proposition of business men of San Francisco, and a large amount of coin was drawn from the Sub-Treasury there on Saturday; but the State suffered by the loss of the week's trade and depreciation of values from the scarcity of coin to pay for purchases.

—Private advices state that the Emperor of Japan is making extensive preparations for the reception of the Duke of Edinburg, now *en route* to Yokohoma. The Tycoon's old palace has been repaired for his residence while at Yeddo, and horses and carriages have been ordered from China for his transportation and convenience.

—A dispatch from Mauch Chunk, Saturday, says: All the collieri have struck in the Hazleton region, except those at Ashburton and Buck Mountains, and all at Beaver Meadow region except those of the Honroy Brook Company at Ann Arundel, Spring Mountain Company at Janesville, and W. T. Carter & Co., at Beaver Meadow, and at the colliery of Upper Lehigh county in Upper Lehigh region.

—Officer Slate, of Rochester, was in Buffalo yesterday looking for parties said to have perpetrated a stupendous patent right swindle. The farmers on the line of the frontier and a few in the interior counties are said to have been swindled out of $250,000. A warrant has been issued and search made for a broker in that city who is said to be accessory to the swindle, and has negotiated forged notes to a large amount.

—A dispatch from Tiffin, Ohio, states that nearly all of the business portion of the town of Republic, Seneca county, was burned Thursday night. The loss is supposed to be about fifteen thousand dollars, and the insurance seven thousand dollars, of which two thousand five hundred dollars is in the Phœnix, $1,000 in the Putnam of Hartford, $2,500 in the Underwriters, of New York, and $1,000 in the Home, of Columbia.

—The final Commission on the part of the United States government to inspect the Union and Central Pacific Railways, will meet at Omaha to-day and will proceed thence leisurely to Sacramento, examining the work in all parts as they proceed. The Commission consists of Gen. Hiram Walbridge, of New York, S. M. Felton, President of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, Gen. Boyd, of Kentucky, Gen. Winslow, of Iowa, and Gen. Comstock, late of Gen. Grant's staff.

—Albion N. Towne, Esq., Assistant Superintendent of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, has received the appointment of General Superintendent of the Central Pacific Railroad, at a salary of thirteen thousand dollars in gold. He takes with him several gentlemen connected with the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad as subordinates. Mr. Towne is universally recognized as one of the most intelligent, efficient and capable railroad men in the West. Col. Haunmond, the General Superintendent of the Union Pacific, was formerly Superintendent of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, and Mr. Towne was one of his subordinates.

—A few days ago Pierre Loentocheau, a young Frenchman, was killed by a Chippewa Indian in Watab, Benton county, Minnesota. The young man in wrestling had thrown the Indian, and in revenge soon after, while engaged in a game of cards, the murderer took the opportunity when Pierre's head was bent forward, and came from behind and struck a downward blow with a large hunting knife, hitting Pierre on the front of the head, driving the knife to the handle in his brain and killing him instantly. The Indian made good his escape and is still at large. He is one of the parties that killed two lumbermen on Rum river in 1867 and was let off with a new blanket and gun for his punishment.

The Army Officers' Reunion on the Gettysburg Battle Field.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GETTYSBURG, Pa., August 22.—Only a few officers have as yet arrived, but to-morrow noon and evening two railroad trains from different directions will bring hither Major General Meade and staff, together with a number of other generals, and subordinate officers, formerly attached to the army corps that participated in the battle. The number of Confederate Generals will be small, according to the present indications. The business engagements of Gen. R E. Lee will not, he says, permit him to be present. Visitors are constantly arriving. There will be a military escort to distinguished officers from the railroad station to their quarters. It is thought that the inspection of various points of the battle field will not be commenced until Tuesday, and this will occupy several days, thus affording opportunity to persons who have not already commenced their journey hitherward to reach here and participate in the proceedings.

Extensive Fire at Rochester, N. Y.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ROCHESTER, N. Y., August 22.—A destructive fire occurred in this city this afternoon at two o'clock. The old Rochester House block, on Exchange street, was totally destroyed. It was occupied by Luther Gordon & Co., as a planing mill, and by Whiting & Doty, sash makers. Nearly one million feet of pine lumber in the yard adjoining was destroyed. The loss to Gordon & Co., is $40,000, with an insurance of $5,000. Whiting & Doty's loss is $5,000; insured for $2,500. Lamberton & Mack, owners of the building, lose $5,000 and have no insurance. The fire was accidental.

Great Trot at Saratoga.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SARATOGA, August 22.—The trot between Commodore Vanderbilt's Mountain Boy and McMahon's Lady Thorn takes place on Monday at 12 o'clock. The track is in good order. Mountain Boy is said to have made one-quarter mile in thirty-four seconds while training recently.

The Louisville Bridge.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* learns that the Bridge Company are displaying unwonted energy in rushing forward their work. All the stone quarries, as well as saw mills, are exclusively engaged working material for the bridge. The bridge top and bastion is thronged with workmen, and the iron work on the long span from this side is being put up. Cribs are being built for the trestle work and the abutments over the Indiana side, and already his one huge crib encroached upon the channel of the Indiana chute, and by the first of next week the navigation of the falls will be effectually closed for navigable purposes. Nothing but a fish or a bird can pass the obstruction. General Weitzel, on behalf of the Government, is also busily engaged damming the falls, and with a large number of workmen is taking advantage of the low stage of water in making his huge wooden wing dam. As at present advised, the falls at Louisville will be wholly closed to navigation for two months to come. The canal is the only outlet for the balance of the year. In the meantime the Southern supply of coal must be exhausted, as none can go down from Pittsburgh excepting to double trip and reshipment through the canal.

Washington Items.

Among Postoffice changes are Morris Cross Roads, Fayette county—M. V. B. Scott, vice William Scott, Sr., resigned. Barnhart's Mills, Butler county, Pa—Andrew Barnhart, vice S. Fleeger, removed.

Advices from a Radical source in Mississippi have been received here, indicating the nomination of A. G. Brown as the Democratic candidate for Governor, and the abandonment of the proposed Conservative movement, which was originated for the purpose of making Judge Lewis Dent Governor of the State. The reasons given for this important political change are, that the recent unqualified rejection of the Dent movement by the President and the probability that the Radicals will receive the support of the Administration have stripped the Conservatives of their anticipated power, and the people now propose to assume the old party lines of Democracy and Republicanism.

THE friends of Chief Justice Chase are open and loud mouthed in their assertion that they have assurances of support for him from the South for the next Presidential election. They say that the Conservative Republican movement in the South was organized for his benefit and the result of the Dent movment in Mississippi will in the end demonstrate the wisdom of their predictions. General F. T. Dent, known familiarly as the President's doorkeeper, publicly declares his willingness to wager his next year's salary that Judge Chase will be the next candidate of the Democracy for President, and his brother, Judge Dent, will be the next Governor of Mississippi.

THE Mauch Chunk *Gazette*, published at the home of Mr. Packer, says he is very unpopular there, even among his own party, and "from present appearances he will not carry half his party vote in the coal mines." His pettish conduct and niggardly want of liberality towards his own county and town, have alienated very many of our citizens who have known him longest and best."

VIRGINIA.—The last proposition is that both Gilmer (Walker), and Jenkins (Wells), shall resign, and some one else be selected as Chairman of the State Committee. This course, it is believed, would heal all differences, and make the Republican party of Virginia a unit in support of President Grant's administration.

"PACKER'S money," says a Delaware paper, "is all the theme of the discussion in Pennsylvania. The Democrats are delighted with their hopes of handling it, and the Republicans at the certainty of its being spent for nothing."