Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JULY 28, 1869. NUMBER 170.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE CAPITAL.

Resisting the Revenue in Georgia—Counterfeit Government Securities—The Mississippi Election—Gen. Sickles' Instructions.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 27, 1869.

ENFORCEMENT OF THE REVENUE.

The enforcement of the revenue laws, in at least a portion of the State of Georgia, appears to be a matter of some difficulty, if not danger. Three gentlemen have declined the appointment of Assessor in one district, and abandoned the field to disorderly parties. The district complained of is known as the Third Georgia District, comprising twenty-three counties in the central and eastern par of the State. Collector Belcher has forwarded to Commissioner Delano the last appointee, William E. Haycord, with the statement that he (Haydord) found it impossible to discharge his duty, owing to threats, intimidations and actual violence, and that three unsuccessful attempts had been made to assess property in these counties. The matter will be brought to the attention of the President on his return, and if necessary the military will be used to aid in the enforcement of the laws.

COUNTERFEITING SECURITIES.

It is stated that there is information at the Treasury Department that counterfeiting of United States Securities in some European countries is being carried on to some extent, and bankers and others are warned to take the necessary precautions. Counterfeit coupons, which purported to have been attached to a one hundred dollar Five-twenty bond, of the issue of 1862, fourth series, was received by Gen. Spinner to-day. It was paid in New York, and came from Germany. The paper on which it is printed is poorer in quality than that used by the Government, and a close examination shows that it is merely a well executed lithograph.

THE MISSISSIPPI ELECTION.

A special says: Judge Dent and Governor Sharkey have become alarmed at General Ames' presence at Long Branch and are about to go there themselves. They wish to induce President Grant to caution Ames against influencing the Mississippi election by means of his military powers.

INSTRUCTIONS RELATIVE TO CUBA.

The impression still prevails in Washington that Minister Sickles has instructions relative to Cuba, which direct him in his dealings with the Spanish Court. Officials at the State Department, and Cuban agents, however, decline to say anything definite about the matter.

CONFEDERATE LABORATORY.

Dr. Culver, of Georgia, left Washington to-night with authority to take possession of the Confederate laboratory at Macon for the State Agricultural Fair. After the first of January it is probable the building will be converted into a hospital for aged and infirm negroes.

PROPOSED CONSOLIDATION.

A memorial has been prepared and will soon be circulated throughout Washington and Georgetown for signatures, to be presented to Congress, asking that the the two cities be consolidated under one municipal government, to be called the City of Washington.

PERSONAL.

The President is expected next Thursday.

Secretary Rawlins was at the War Department to-day, looking much improved in health.

FALSE REPORT.

The recently published statement that the Secretary of the Treasury would sell no more gold and buy no more bonds was without foundation.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The receipts from internal revenue from July 1st to date were $1,786,000.

LOUISVILLE.

Visit of Cincinnati Council—Heavy Doctors' Bill.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—The Common Council of Cincinnati and auxiliaries, numbering in all fifty-eight persons, arrived at noon to-day, and were escorted to the Louisville Hotel by the Louisville Council in carriages, headed by the Excelsior Silver Band of Cincinnati. After partaking of refreshments and resting a few minutes at the hotel, the assemblage proceeded to the Court House to view the statue of Henry Clay. This work of art was greatly admired by the visitors. A grand firemen's display next took place, after which the guests returned to the hotel and partook of a sumptuous repast. After dinner the officials were placed in carriages and taken to the House of Refuge. After an inspection of this public institution, they proceeded to the Ohio river bridge, from thence to the residence of J. B. Wilder, Esq., and from thence to the Lion Garden, where the day's entertainment was concluded with a grand banquet.

The *Express*, of this evening, after reviewing the circumstances whereby Judge J. S. Black had his arm crushed some two months ago, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, says: The Railroad Company having promised to pay all the expenses incurred in restoring his arm, the attending physicians have brought in a bill of $6,500 for their services. There has been no action taken yet by the directors of the road, but they rather demur at the charge as exorbitant.

Latest from Cuba.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, July 27.—The Governor of the jurisdiction of Trinidad has issued rigorous orders, obliging all Spaniards between the ages of fifteen and sixty to do military duty in the field or in reserve corps, while persons unfit for active service are to garrison towns. The press praise the measure and demand that it be made general in its application throughout the Island.

The United States steamer Tuscarora is cruising off Havana, and sent in a boat to day for mails.

CHICAGO.

Civil vs. Ecclesiastical Court—Argument on the Whitehouse-Cheney Injunction Case.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 27.—At ten o'clock this morning the Superior Court room was crowded to hear the arguments on the motion to dissolve the injunction lately issued by Judge Jameson to arrest the proceedings in the Ecclesiastical Court, convened for the purpose of trying Rev. Charles Edward Cheney, of Christ Church, for a violation of the church canons. S. Corning Judd and Wm. Goudy appeared for the Ecclesiastical Court, and Messrs. Fulton, Rich and Thompson for Mr. Cheney. Mr. Fuller, on behalf of the complainant, made a motion for a continuance of the case until a future day, and based his motion upon the ground that the answer of the respondents had not been filed until yesterday afternoon, and that the answer was accompanied by an affidavit of Bishop Whitehouse, all of which, on such short notice, the complainant had not had time to meet. Mr. Fuller read his own affidavit, setting out the above facts, and, also, that the allegations contained in the answer of Rev. Dr. Chase and others, respondents, in some respects were untrue; that if time was given him witnesses could be produced by whom it could be proved that one of the defendants, who is one of the assessors in the Ecclesiastical trial, had expressed an opinion as to the guilt of Mr. Cheney, which allegation was expressly denied in the answer of respondents, filed yesterday. Mr. Fulton further asked leave of the Court to file a supplemental and amended bill.

The Court denied the application for continuance. On the question of filing a supplemental and amended bill, the Court said that if, after a hearing upon the original and answer, it was conducive to the rights of the parties, he would allow them to be filed, without prejudice to the injunction. Judge Jameson also announced that he had ordered the injunction to issue upon a reading of the bill and without notice, upon representations made to him that if the notice was given to the Ecclesiastical Court, such proceedings might have been had by that body in the way of hurrying their trial to a conclusion as would be of irreparable injury to Mr. Cheney, and the design and effect of the injunction evaded.

S. Corning Judd, in support of the motion for the dissolution of the injunction, entered into an elaborate technical argument. Taking up the averments of the bill, he denied them *seriatim*. The averment of material injury, and the allegations as to the growth and development of Christ Church under Mr. Cheney's care, the counsel endeavored to ridicule by quoting the well-known quotation, as the moving cause of averment, "Who so bloweth not his own horn, the same shall not be blowed," and affirmed that "blind justice would unsheath her sword for the humble curate in a cottage as well as for a rector who expands himself in a church of palatial proportions." The counsel insisted that a civil court had no authority to interfere with an ecclesiastical tribunal, and if it had, that the bill was not sufficient to warrant the present proceedings. He also insisted that the proceedings were all regular on their face; that ample justice had been done; that the strictest impartiality had been shown; and leaving the narrow ground of technical canonical restriction, asserted in broad terms that whether the proceedings were in fact canonical or not, the Bishop had, in his own person, the inherent right of discipline, irrespective of and above all canons.

Before Mr. Judd concluded, the Court adjourned until two o'clock.

At two o'clock the Court met, and Mr. Judd, counsel for the assessors, resumed his argument and finished at three.

He was followed by Mr. Thompson, in behalf of Mr. Cheney, who spoke for an hour and was followed by Mr. Fuller, who had not finished when the Court adjourned. The arguments will be continued to-morrow and will possibly last nearly all day.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Riot Among Colored Men—Military Called Out.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, July 27.—A negro riot, which at one time threatened very serious consequences, occurred last night on the occasion of the departure of a visiting Base Ball Club from Savannah. The Club was accompanied by a brass band, composed of colored men who were said to be Democrats. As the Club was leaving in procession for the Savannah boat they were attacked with sticks, stones and brickbats by a mob of several hundred men. Several shots were fired on both sides.

The Mayor of Pittsburg was on the ground, but it is said he was powerless to quell the riot and was compelled to call on Major Ogilesby for the assistance of United States troops. The Club was then escorted to the boat between platoons of the Eighth infantry, followed by a large crowd of yelling and infuriated negroes, throwing stones and compelling the soldiers at intervals to face about and threaten to fire. Several persons were wounded, mostly members of the colored band. The affair caused intense indignation among the whites.

American Philological Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

POUGHKEEPSIE, July 27.—The American Philological Convention was called to order this afternoon in the Congregational Church. Dr. Boise, of Chicago, was chosen temporary Chairman. Committees were appointed and several members made short addresses.

This evening the Committee on Permanent Organization reported the following: President, Dr. Whitney, of Yale College; Vice Presidents, Dr. Harkness, of Brown University, and Dr. Dwight, of Clinton, New York; Secretaries, Prof. Geo. Comfort, of Allegheny College, Prof. Silber, of New York. The report was agreed to.

Dr. Whitney, upon taking the Chair, made a short address. He was followed by Benson J. Lansing in an address of welcome to the Convention.

The Business Committee announced three sessions to-morrow for the reception and discussion of classical papers, after which several addresses were made and the Convention adjourned until to-morrow.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, July 27.—Baron Von Beust to-day received the budget of the Committee of the Hungarian delegation, and made an important address. He said the relations between Austria and France had been on the best possible footing ever since Austria relinquished the Italian territories, and the interests and intentions of the two countries were identical. Alluding to the eastern policy, he said he would not insist on the programme of 1857, but leave it to the option of Turkey to follow his counsel regarding concessions to the Christians. On this point he would bring no pressure to bear. He declared that he had honestly striven to establish more cordial relations with Prussia, but his efforts not having been met in a similar spirit, he had been unsuccessful. He closed with a strong defense of the general policy of the Imperial government. The Prime Minister's speech was received with great satisfaction.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, July 27.—Henry W. Longfellow was yesterday invested with the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws by Oxford University.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, July 27.—The steamers City of Boston, Hansa and Malta, from New York, Berlin, from Baltimore, and Hibernia, from Quebec, have arrived out.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 27.—*Evening*—Consols for money 93¼; for account 93¼@93⅜. American securities quiet: 5-20 bonds 82½; do. at Frankfort, 87½; Erics, 19; Illinois, 93¾.

PARIS, July 27.—*Evening*—Bourse steady: Rentes 71f. 95c.

LIVERPOOL, July 27.—*Evening*—Cotton market steady; middling uplands 12⅝; Orleans 12¾; sales are reported of 10,000 bales. California white wheat 10s. 3d.; red western 9s. 2d. Western flour 23s. 6d. Corn: sales at 32s. for old; 29s. for new. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 40s. Pork 100s. Beef 90s. Cheese 61s. Lard 70s. Bacon 62s.

LONDON, July 27.—*Evening*—Tallow 46s. Sugar 39s. 9d. Linseed oil £31, 5s. 6s.

ANTWERP, July 27.—*Evening*—Petroleum closed at 50½f. and quiet.

HAVRE, July 27.—*Evening*. — Cotton quoted at 150

MANCHESTER, July 27.—Market quiet but firm: Linseed oil, Liverpool, £33.

NEW YORK CITY.

Forged Railroad Stock Certificates—New York College Presidency—Statement Denied.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 27.—Charles E. Quincy was arrested to day charged with attempting to pass two forged certificates of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company of one hundred shares each and of the total value of $22,800. Quincy, who offered to sell the forged certificates to Wm. Hatch & Co., was held in $5,000 to answer. The certificate produced in Court purports to be of the first series, No. 10,903, signed W. F. Coolbaugh, Treasurer, and John P. Tracy, President. The original certificate of the same number was long since cancelled. It is not believed a great amount of spurious stock is out.

Maj. Gen. A. S. Webb has accepted the Presidency of the College of the City of New York, and will enter upon his duties about the first of August.

The Cuban Junta announce officially that the report of dissentions among its members, and change in the presidency, are false.

The Pullman palace car Wahsatch is announced to start West from the Hudson River Depot next Saturday afternoon and go through to California without change.

CINCINNATI.

Alleged Incendiarism—Exposition of Textile Fabrics—Base Ball.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 27.—The wholesale cloth house of McManus, Bierman and Kelly, on Race street, was discovered to be on fire last night, but it was extinguished. Michael Kelly, one of the firm, was arrested on suspicion of being the incendiary.

The work of opening goods for the exposition of textile fabrics has begun. The display of cassimeres, tweeds and jeans is very full.

The Empire Base Ball Club, of St. Louis, played the Buckeyes, of this city, at the Buckeye grounds this afternoon. Score: Empire 27, Buckeye 14.

Reunion of Union and Confederate Army Officers at Gettysburg.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GETTYSBURG, July 27.—The projected reunion of officers of both Union and Confederate armies who fought the battle of Gettysburg is to be held on the battle field on Wednesday, August 4th. This meeting is called by the Gettysburg Memorial Society for the purpose of permanently locating the position of the two armies during the various stages of the battle. A large number of officers will attend, and Colonel Batchelder, the historian of Gettysburg, accompanied by Messrs. Chappel and Walker, the well known artists, will also be present. The occasion will be one of considerable interest.

The Anti-Rent Difficulty in New York.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, July 27.—This morning Col. Church, at whose instance the writ of ejection against Wilbeck, the East Greenbush anti-renter, was issued, went to Troy to procure warrants for the arrest of Wilbeck and the parties implicated in the assault of yesterday. The wounded men are all comfortable. Wilbeck claims one of the deputies fired the first shot, and that he offered the rent, but that it was refused and he then defended his property.

CABLE CELEBRATION.

Great Demonstration at Duxbury, Mass.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

KINGSTON, July 27.—The people of Duxbury, with invited guests, are celebrating the completion of the French Atlantic cable. The dinner took place in a large tent on Abraham's Hill. It was a splendid affair, some six hundred persons being present. Hon. S. N. Gifford, President of the Committee of Arrangements, called the assembly to order in fitting remarks, after which Rev. Jeremy Moore, of Duxbury, offered a prayer.

After the dinner was discussed, the following toasts were gone through with:

First. To the town of Duxbury. Its inhabitants—the descendants of the Pilgrim fathers, who planted on this very spot the seeds of our peculiar and noble American civilization, perpetuating the names of Carver, Brewster, of Standish and Bradford, of Winslow and Alden—attest their unbroken lineage by extending an enthusiastic welcome to those who have achieved so magnificent an enterprise in the interest of the largest material prosperity and oh behalf of the unity of the human race.

"Yankee Doodle" was played by the Plymouth band and C. B. Thomas, an old resident of Duxbury, responded, closing as follows: "Here, then, standing between the grave of Webster and the harbor of the Pilgrims, we, in the name of the American people, extend a cordial welcome to those who have consummated this undertaking and offer our heartfelt wishes that this telegraphic wire may be a bond of perpetual harmony."

Second. The State of Massachusetts. Response by Governor Claflin.

Third. The President of the United States. Music "Hail Columbia." Response by Judge Russell.

Fourth. The city of Boston—among the first to welcome all measures to arouse the highest civilization of the world, she will hail with joy the last of all the grand agencies to annihilate time and space, the great obstacles to the progress of nations. Responded to by Mayor Shurtleff.

Fifth. His Majesty, the Emperor of the French. Music "The Marseillies Hymn."

Sixth. Her Majesty, the Queen of England. Music "God Save the Queen."

Seventh. His Majesty, Victor Emanuel, King of Italy. Response by Mr. Day, of New York.

Eighth—The French Atlantic Cable, Directly uniting two Continents, may it be to all time only a medium of good will and promoter of an international peace as serene and undisturbed as that of the still ocean deeps through which it hold its course. Response by Sir James Anderson, Managing Director of the Construction Company.

Ninth. Commerce. In all ages the power of a wider civilization. It has in the electric telegraph its most potent and cunning ally.

Tenth. Science. With imperial thought and invincible power it subdues the wildest and most fearful elements of nature and binds them to the service of the community.

This closed the regular toast list, but Mr. C. B. Thomas then offered the following sentiment, sent to him by an old lady eighty-six years of age, the widow of a late prominent ship master: "To the memory of the past generation of ship masters and ship builders of Duxbury. May the electric spark now kindled so animate the coming generation that it may worthily fill the place of the past, is the wish of an old settler."

At the conclusion of his address Mayor Shurtleff stated he had received the following dispatch from Paris:

"To His Excellency, the Mayor of Boston, America: The Prefect of Paris, rejoicing on this happy occasion of the closer union between the two countries, begs that the Mayor of Boston will accept his best compliments and good wishes."

The Mayor stated he had sent the following in reply:

"*Duxbury, Mass.*, July 27, 1869.—To His Excellency, the Prefect of Paris, the Mayor of Boston sends a most hearty greeting. May the new bond of union between the two continents be one of peace, prosperity and amity. May the citizens of the old and new worlds rejoice in mutual congratulations on the great scientific accomplishment."

Sir James Anderson, in his remarks, disclaimed all honor in the success of the cable enterprise, which he thought wholly due to the officers of the vessels which had just departed. The importance of the ocean telegraph was alluded to and he claimed that to Cyrus W. Field, more than any other man living, was owing the success of Atlantic cables. He had heard that Mr. Field opposed the landing of the French Cable, and he would think it strange if he did not. That gentleman is largely interested in the Atlantic Cable, and it is but natural that he should defend his interest. So far as honorable opposition goes, they should not feel offended at it, for under like circumstances they would do the same thing. He had also heard that some opposition had been made to the landing of the cable, which might also be due to Mr. Field and his colleagues; but he had no fear that any influence could induce the American people to act unjustly and allow millions of money to be spent in laying a cable without having fair play.

E. S. Tobey, Lord Sackville, Geo. B. Loring and Charles Levi Woodbury made brief addresses and the company was dismissed.

The levee in the evening at Mr. Wright's house was very quiet and exclusive.

—The British steamer Lord Lowell, which left Baltimore on Friday last for Havana, laden heavily with coal and about three hundred and fifty empty sugar hogsheads, was overhauled on Saturday evening off Cape Henry by the revenue cutter Northerner, by orders from Washington, on suspicion of being engaged in carrying arms, etc., to Cuba, in the interest of the revolutionists. After, through search she was released, nothing being found to justify her seizure.

—R. D. Bogart, the alleged defaulting paymaster's clerk, who is charged with embezzling $16,000 of Government funds from the paymaster of the receiving ship Vermont, at the Brooklyn navy yard, and who was arrested in Texas after a long pursuit by detectives, has been turned over to the naval authorities to be tried by court-martial.

—It is stated that James C. Taylor, Attorney General elect of Virginia, is to be commissioned by General Canby to fill that office, the occupant having resigned.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

AFRICAN M. E. CHURCH.

Third Day of the Annual Conference—The Lyons Case—Appointment of Committees—The "Progress of Liberty" Endorsed.

The conferenc met at nine A. M. persuant to adjournment. Bishop Loguin in the chair. The devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. Wm. Johnson, of Uniontown. The reports of the Sabbath Schools were continued which showed that they were in a prosperous condition.

Committee on complaints reported in the case of the Rev. Mr. Lyons, that after a careful consideration of the case, and from testimony placed in their hands, they considered the charge touching his moral character to be groundless, and would reccommend that the Rev. Mr. Lyons be exonoerated. Motion was made to adopt the report.

Rev. Dr. Matthews moved to lay the report on the table. Adopted.

Dr. Matthews moved to refer the case of Mr. Lyons back to the Committee with direction to make a thorough investigation of the whole case. The motion was unanimously adopted.

Bishop Loguin announced the following Committees:

On Devotion—Rev. A. Cole, N. H. Williams, W. Johnson.

Finance—N. H. Williams, A. Cole, J. J. Freeman, B. F. Pulpress.

Credentials of Lay Delegates—Wm. Hamilton, N. H. Williams.

Ministerial Studies and Ordination—W. Johnson, J. J. Freeman, A. Cole.

Sabbath Schools—J. J. Freeman, W. T. Biddle.

State of the Country and the Churches—W. T. Biddle, J. W. Davis, Prof. H. H. Garnet, by request.

Temperance—J. Henry, W. Hamilton, J. F. Lyons.

Education.—Dr. D. B. Matthews, J. J. Freeman, O. L. C. Hughes.

Laying off Districts.—The whole Conference.

Missions among Freedmen.—N. H. Williams, J. F. Lyons, B. F. Pulpress, Prof. Garnet, honorary member.

Apportionment of Bishop's Salary.—Dr. D. B. Matthews, J. J. Freeman, N. H. Williams, J. W. Davis.

The following new Societies were then received by the Conference: Recommended by Dr. D. B. Matthews, Mount Pleasant, Washington county; by Rev. N. H. Williams, Gazzam's Hill; by Rev. J. J. Freeman, Pontiac, Mich.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Conference met at two o'clock, Bishop Loguin in the Chair.

Several petitions from congregations were received, praying for the re-appointment of pastors.

By invitation, President Garnet and Rev. Mr. Asbury, Elder of the A. M. E. Church of Allegheny City, briefly addressed the Conference.

Mr. George D. Ware was also introduced, and made a short and telling speech.

The following preamble and resolution was presented by Dr. N. H. Williams and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, we are fully convinced of the power of the press in the great political struggle in which we are now engaged for the promotion of the cause of Christ, as well as for the elevation and political enfranchisement of our Race. Therefore,

Resolved by this Conference, in annual meeting assembled, That the publication of the *Progress of Liberty*, a family newspaper, issued weekly at the capital of our State, and edited by Mr. O. L. C. Hughes, meets with the entire approbation of this Conference; that we hail it as the able organ of the colored people, and the faithful exponent of their rights and interests; that we cordially recommend it to the encouragement and support of the members of the A. M. E. Zion Church, and ask for it the patronage of business men everywhere, and such support from the friends of equal human rights generally, as may extend its power for doing good, and give it an abundance of substantial prosperity.

Conference then adjourned to meet this morning at nine o'clock.

A Forlorn Hope.

Last Saturday Charles St. Clair, a young man, was convicted in the Court of Quarter Sessions of larceny and sentenced to two years imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary. Yesterday afternoon, Deputy Sheriff Thos. B. Cinley, started with the prisoner from the County jail to lodge him in his future home. The convict evinced no disposition to be unruly, until the gate leading into the Penitentiary yard was reached, when he made a dash and broke away from the officer, and started up Ohio street, at a speed which augered well for his agility. The Sheriff immediately called upon him to halt, and when the command was not heeded, drew a revolver and sent a bullet flying after him which grazed the side of his head, carrying away a lock of his hair, but failing to arrest his flight. The officer then started in pursuit, and saw St. Clair turn into a blacksmith shop, and attempt to get out of a window in the rear. He had got about half way through, when the blacksmith recovered from his astonishment at the suddent appearance, and rightly appreciating the situation, quickly seized, and held him until the officer came up. Handcuffs were then brought into requisition and the chap marched off to the stone house without further resitance or trouble.

Forger Arrested.

Yesterday a young man, residing in Lawrenceville, forged his father's name to a check for three hundred dollars on the Lawrenceville National Bank, by which he procured the money. The forgery was not discovered until the bank had closed for the day, and then the chap could not be found. A detective, however, was put on guard and succeeded in arresting him last night between eleven and twelve o'clock, at a livery stable, where had just returned a horse and buggy, hired during the afternoon. When arrested he had only one hundred and sixty-seven dollars in his possession, having in some manner disposed of one hundred and thirty-three dollars, from the time of getting the money, in the morning. A new watch and chain, pocket-book and through ticket to Chicago, furnished an explanation of the disappearance of some portion of it. He was locked up to await a disposition of the case this morning, when it is probable the affair will be compromised and settled.

MILITARY REVIVAL.

The Duquesne Greys to be Reorganized—Meeting Last Night.

There are but few of our readers who are not acquainted with the history of the Duquesne Greys, at one time one of the best military organizations in the State. The company won an honorable name during the Mexican war, and at the breaking out of the rebellion the same feeling of patriotism existed among its members, who joined in the struggle and fought it out until the close. After the war the company was found to be much depleted from the losses suffered during the contest, and no attempt was made to recruit and preserve the organization until last evening, when a number of the surviving members assembled at the hall in the Third National Bank building, Wood street, with this object in view. There was quite a large number in attendance when the meeting was organized by the designation of Capt. J. B. Moore as Chairman, and Mr. J. J. Albeitz, Secretary.

The Chairman briefly stated the object of the meeting, referred to the record of the "Greys" and hoped that some action would be taken toward a permanent organization that the memory of the past might be kept in remembrance and the Company prepared for service, if unhappily that should ever be required in the future.

After some informal discussion, Messrs. James Petrie, C. F. Porter and Wm. McLaughlin were appointed to draft another or procure the old constitution for the government of the new organization. The question of uniforms was next considered.

Mr. McClarren thought it would be well enough to have this matter investigated. Previous to the breaking out of the war the company had concluded to purchase uniforms like those of the Seventh New York Regiment, but had not negotiated before being called upon to enter the service. Such uniforms could now be purchased at about forty dollars each.

On motion Messrs. W. B. Neeper, John McClarren and A. W. Loomis, were appointed to select uniforms, ascertain the cost, &c., and report at next meeting.

Some discussions then ensued in regard to procuring arms. By the old system the Captain of the Company was required to give bonds for the value of the arms, which were held as security, and only surrendered when the arms were returned.

Mr. McClarren stated that under the new law for the organization of militia companies the system had been changed somewhat, but that he did not fully understand the nature of the changes.

Upon his motion a Committee, consisting of Messrs. A. Steinmeyer, John McClarren and J. B. Moore, was appointed to investigate the new law and report at the next meeting.

A roll was then made out and signed by those present, after which the meeting adjourned, to be reconvened at the call of the Chairman.

Pike Street Amusements.

Saturday evening, Mr. John Cain being in that festive condition usually considered as "spoiling for a fight," wended his way to the residence of a friend, Geo. Dolison, Pike street, where he succeeded in a short time in accomplishing his designs, rather disastrously, though, to himself, for, as a result, he found himself in a short time outside the house in a completely demoralized condition, and bearing upon various parts of his body, unpleasant, because somewhat sore and painful, reminders of a scene in which he had taken an active part. Reflection, and perhaps a faint idea of revenge induced him to visit Alderman Moreland's office, and impress upon that official's mind the importance of having Dolison arrested as a dangerous man, evidenced in the fact of an assault and battery committed upon him. The magistrate acted upon his suggestion, and secured the attendance of Dolison at the Aldermanic office, when the case cited, in substantiation of his arrest, was thoroughly investigated, resulting in his discharge from custody and the payment of costs by the prosecutor.

Kept the Money.

Yesterday afternoon, Lucretia Reynolds made information before Alderman McMasters, against Jane Nicholls, for larceny as bailee. Lucretia is a shirt maker and had been given two dollars by a customer to get some material for a piece of work. She went to the store of Mrs. Nicholls, and laid down the money, at the same time designating the articles she wished to get. She alleges, however, she got nothing except an insult from Mrs. Nicholls who coolly put the money into the drawer, remarking that it would just settle the balance between them, and then ordered her to leave. She did leave, and made the information as stated upon which a warrant was issued.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

OSWEGO, July 27.—Flour in active demand, with sales of 2,600 bbls; closing at $7,50 for No. 1 spring; $7,75 for amber winter; $8,50 for white, and $9,00 for double extra. Wheat firm, with sales of 7,500 bushels amber winter at $1,56; 1,790 bushels amber winter at $1,58, and No. 2 Milwaukee Club held $1,50. Corn market better; sales of 6,000 bush No. 2 Illinois at $1,07, and 1,600 bushels No. 1 Illinois at $1,10. Lake imports: 16,500 bushels wheat. Canal exports: 2,209 bush wheat, 2,600 bush corn.

NEW ORLEANS, July 27.—Cotton quiet, middlings 32½c, sales of 100 bales; receipts 1150 bales. Gold 30¼. Sterling, 60¼. New York sight ½ premium. Flour declined, superfine $5,50@5,75; double extra $6,25; treble extra $6,65. Corn tending upward, white $1,25. Oats 75@77c. Bran $105. Hay $29 for prime. Pork held at $33,50. Bacon firmer, held at 15½c. for shoulders and 19@19¼c. for sides. Lard unchanged. Sugar nominal. Molasses nominal. Whisky $1,17. Coffee unchanged.

CHICAGO, July 27.—At open board No. 2 wheat closed steady at $1,36 seller July, and $1,35 buyer August. Corn quiet at 93½c seller August. In the evening there was very little doing, and No. 2 wheat and corn closed nominally at the same rates as above quoted.

NASHVILLE, July 27.—Cotton is quiet. Wheat is quiet, with sales of red at $1,10 @1,15, and white at $1,25@1,30.