The Pittsburgh Gazette

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

For Preserving Green Corn.—Take the corn when it is sufficiently matured for table use, remove the husk from it, and boil it nearly as much as you would if you were going to use it on the table; let it cool; cut it from the cob; take any sized stone jar, put the corn in the jar with common salt; first a layer of salt half an inch, then a layer of corn two inches; pack closely; then half an inch of salt and two inches of corn, until the jar is filled; tie a cloth over the jar and set it away. It will not form a brine, and will only take up a certain quantity of salt, so that there is no danger of putting too much on it. To prepare it for use soak it over night in fresh water, remove the water in the morning, putting on it fresh water for a short time. Stew and serve it up for dinner.

Washing Fluid.—This is a recipe worth $1,000. Take one pound of sal-soda and half a pound of unslaked lime, put them in a gallon of water, boil twenty minutes; let it stand till cool; then drain off and put in a jug. Soak your clothes one night, wring them out, rub fit plenty of soap, and in one boiler of clothes, well covered with water, add one teaspoonful of the washing fluid. Boil half an hour, then wash them with suds, rinse, and your clothes will look splendid.—F. A. Row, Jr., in Moore's Rural New Yorker.

To Keep the Bugs Away.—Protect your melon, squash and cucumber vines thus: Take sticks four inches long and one half inch in diameter—pine is best. Wrap one inch of one end in a piece of cotton or linen. Dip this in turpentine and stick one or two in each hill, leaving only the wrapped part above ground. The odor of the turpentine does the business. I have tried this four years, says the correspondent of an exchange paper, with uniform success.

A Sun-Dry House.—The best dried fruit is that dried in the sun, but drying in the sun in the open air in this climate is a precarious business, as many know to their sorrow. Two years ago I hit upon a plan that secures all the advantages of sun-drying, as usually practiced, with none of its defects.

My plan is to take hot-bed sash and lay them on a frame similar to that of the hot-bed—in fact, if the hot-bed has not been removed, the dry house is already built, and it is only necessary to lay a floor inside on which to lay the fruit. When the fruit has been placed inside, put on the sash, but raise both ends about two inches from the frame, so the air can circulate. The sun's rays will penetrate through the glass freely, and give out their heat below the glass, and being confined, will cause the heat to be much greater than it is in the open air. The hotter the atmosphere, the greater is its capacity for holding moisture; hence, the hot air absorbs the moisture from the fruit, and the sash being raised a little, the hot air escapes at the higher end of the sash, and fresh air supplies its place at the lower end, and thus there is a constant current of hot, dry air passing over the fruit, and it dries with astonishing rapidity. Two years ago, wishing to dry some green sugar corn (which is about the hardest thing to dry of which I have any knowledge), I fixed up my hot-bed as described, and the corn was gathered from the field, husked, parboiled, cut from the cob, placed in the hot-bed, and by evening we had the corn dry as a bone. As good dried corn I never saw before; our supply lasted two years, and the last was as good as the first.

By this plan you do not have to be on the watch for every little shower and remove your fruit to keep it from being wet and spoiled, being covered with glass, the water will run off, and as soon as the sun comes out the drying process is resumed; neither will it be influenced by dew if left out over night. Another advantage gained by this method is, that the heat is so intense that flies and other insects will not molest the fruit while drying, and when dried it comes out clean and sweet.

Let all who wish to dry fruit or vegetables try this plan. I am confident it will give satisfaction. Caution: Be sure to raise the sash as recommended, else the fruit will burn the same as it would in an oven.—*Cor. Rural World.*

Making Sweet Pickles.—To the numerous receipts already published on this subject, we add the following:

Cut the tomatos through, or if large slice in three; let them stand in weak brine over night. To a quart of vinegar add three pounds of sugar; in this vinegar cook the tomatoes until a fork can easily be passed through them. As fast as they are cooked, take them out with a fork and lay them down in a jar—say two or three layers of tomatoes; sprinkle pulverized cinnamon or cloves, and a thin layer of sugar; then alternately tomatoes, spices and sugar, cooking all the tomatoes in the same vinegar; if necessary add more sugar and vinegar. When the jar is filled, cover the tomatoes with good cider vinegar, cold, throwing away the vinegar in which the tomatoes were cooked. Lay some horseradish root over the top of the pickles, and put a weight on to keep them covered. This receipt is equally good for ripe cucumbers. I have tested it for the past two years and found no trouble in keeping good pickles.

Pare clingstone peaches just ripe. To four pounds of fruit allow two pounds of sugar, one-half pint of cider vinegar, one table spoonful of cinnamon, one small one of cloves, tied in a thin rag. Use porcelain kettle. Boil the vinegar, sugar, and spice until the sugar is melted; then add the fruit, and boil until tender. Remove the fruit with a skimmer, and boil the liquor to a thick syrup; return the fruit and simmer until done; pour out and let stand till cool; then seal up tight, removing the spice. If they do not keep, and are not excellent, it will be the fault of the recipe, for I have had my fruit keep two years or more and as good as when first put up. The same recipe answers for quinces, pears and cherries—quinces and pears to be first boiled tender in water.

Immense Yield of Wheat.—Mr. Dillman, who resides on the North branch of the Weeping Water, brought to our office today a sample of some wheat called the Seven headed California Wheat which he grew on his own farm this season. He sowed about half an acre and feels assured that he will reap at least thirty bushels, while some of his neighbors estimate it at more. The head is composed of several grain-bearing sprigs, each of which contains seven or eight grains. It thus produces more grain to the same length of head than any other. The flour is very white and fine—rather superior to ordinary wheat in that respect. The plant hardy and strong and will not blow down so easily as ordinary wheat. This is evidenced by the fact that his half acre has not been damaged by the recent storms, while neighboring fields of the common wheat have been nearly ruined.—*Nebraska City Press, July 15*

Puddling the Roots.—Many of our readers may have neglected to transplant a choice shrub or tree, until it seems to them too late in the season. They will find, however, that the operation can be safely performed if they will take up the plants and puddle the roots—that is, dip them in mud made of about the consistency of thin mortar. The puddle-hole should be made ready before the plants are lifted, and the roots should be dipped in the mud before the sun and air and air can have any effect upon them. After the roots are coated with earth, they may be carried to the place where they are to be planted. Shrubs that have been heeled in until the leaves have started may be safely removed by using the puddle.

Vinegar.—Few persons are ignorant of the pernicious influence of sulphuric, nitric and muriatic acids upon the human organs of digestion and the entire alimentary canal, and yet it is declared upon good authority that much of the vinegar in commerce, or liquid sold as vinegar, is made by the use of these concentrated acids, at a cost of not more than one or two cents a gallon.

The best vinegar in general use in the United States is acidified cider. In Europe acidified wine is the most esteemed; and hence the name *vin*, wine; *aigre* sour. In England malt vinegar is popularly used. Wholesome vinegar is prepared by the oxidation of alcohol, and from weak solutions of sugar, and from the mixture of starch with yeast—from acetic acid, indeed, however obtained. But all these preparations are expensive, and the temptation to produce a cheap imitation is apparent.

Sulphuric acid, the cheapest and most intensely sour, is the most generally preferred in the fabrication of spurious vinegar, although it is also the most injurious to health, as may be conjectured from its softening effects upon vegetables placed in it for pickling purposes. It may be detected, even in the least effective quantities, by placing a portion of the vinegar in a glass, and dropping into it a solution of the chloride of barium, or of the nitrate of barita. If the vinegar continues clear, sulphuric acid is not present; a cloudy appearance would indicate the formation of the sulphate of barita, which will prove insoluble, no matter what acid may be subsequently applied.

Cultivation of Turnips.—Whether grown for stock or not, every farmer and villager will find it to his advantage to cultivate some of them. Plats of ground where early potatoes and peas have been removed, fence corners, patches around the outside of corn fields, etc., may with but little labor be sown, and many bushels raised without further labor than pulling. Do not sow the seed too thick unless you intend to thin by hand while the crop is growing. A common thimbleful to the square rod is a very good rule. When sown broadcast in the field cultivation, one pound and a half of seed is about the right quantity per acre; if sown in drills, one pound is sufficient.

Turnip seed should be sown from the 20th to the 25th of July; sow soon after a rain, if possible, when the soil will work up mellow. For table use, no turnip is better than the Russia or Sweet, which should be sown early in July. Among the larger varieties are the White Globe, While Norfolk and Aberdeen. The early White Flat is a good variety and very generally grown. Golden Ball and White Stone are raised to some extent.

Curing Poll-Evil.—James Seafield, Fairfield, Md., writes: I had a horse that was pronounced incurable of the poll-evil, as the horse doctor had given him up to die. I thought I would try an experiment. I laid open the swelling with a knife and forced it to run; after it had run twenty-four hours I washed out the incision with soap and water, and sprinkled quick lime into the cavity. This process of washing out and liming I repeated every twenty-four hours for about two weeks, at the end of which time the swelling had gone down and the sore healed over. This I did two years ago, and there is no sign of the return of the poll-evil. I would advise a trial.

ITEMS.

A correspondent of the *Southern Planter and Farmer* says that having exhausted his patience in trying different remedies for the protection of melons, cucumbers, squashes, etc., from the striped bug, he gave up in despair. Hoping to revive a few plants of muskmelons, he poured a pint of water on each plant just about sun-down. The bugs, which had been secreted in the top of the hill, immediately flew out and took to the grass and weeds. They did not return during the night, and the next morning, before the mud dried to their satisfaction, they had taken refuge from the heat somewhere else. He repeated the experiment on a larger scale with perfect success.

Some persons are contending that the mortality in stock, especially of hogs and cattle, is caused by feeding too largely of corn. This grain is too heating, and makes oil and fat instead of flesh and blood and bone. Hence, the hog cholera and kindred diseases so rife of late years. It is claimed that seven bushels of peas are more than equal to ten of corn, and they are perfectly healthy. And yet the pea-weevil discourages the growth of peas south of Canada. Good crops have, however, been raised in Illinois, and it may be well to try them everywhere.

A correspondent of the *Rural World* says that having noticed repeatedly in agricultural journals that hogs in orchards are a prevention of injury to fruits, he built a log-house in his orchard for sows to farrow in and rear their pigs, and had calves and children to pick up the fallen fruit. The result is that he has not had a sound apple for three or four years. All have been wormy; but what has been extraordinary, the crops of peaches in 1867 and 1868 were excellent; not one worm in ten peaches.

A correspondent of the *Country Gentlemen* says: When a cow, horse or dog chokes with a potato or apple, drench it with six beaten eggs and two ounces of salt dissolved in them. On one occasion, when my rat dog was nearly choked to death, I ordered three eggs and an ounce of salt poured down his throat, and in a few minutes he was well. I shall never forget the gratitude this poor dog manifested to the two who gave him relief.

The Utica (N. Y.) *Herald* says: Averaging the results of several careful experiments in feeding corn to hogs shows that two bushels of corn in the ear or one bushel of shelled corn, made nine and seven-twentieths pounds of pork, while the same amount ground into meal and mixed with water made eleven and one-eighth pounds of pork.

NOTICES.

OFFICE PITTS. & CONNELLSVILLE R. R. CO., PITTSBURGH, July 12th, 1869.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given that Coupon No. 20, Turtle Creek Division Bonds, due August 1st next, will be paid on and after that date on presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

JOHN H. PAGE JR., Secretary and Treasurer.
jy14 7t*

NOTICE.

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 298 of City Digest,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the

First Day of August,

and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the

FIRST DAY OF AUGUST

AND THE

FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first.

An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

A. J. COCHRAN, CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1869. d5:i6S

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

409 PENN STREET.

Have Removed to

NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,

Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

J. L. DILLINGER ..... A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,

DISTILLERS AND DEALERS IN

Pure Rye Whiskies.

IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.

No. 87 Second Avenue,

ap29 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195, FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28, n5

WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPER.

THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,

W. P. MARSHALL'S

NEW WALL PAPER STORE,

191 Liberty Street,

(NEAR MARKET.)

SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh5

FOR SALE

FARM FOR SALE.

A GOOD FARM, in West Deer township, Allegheny county, 10 miles from Sharpsburg. A FRAME TWO STORY HOUSE, of six rooms; CELLAR under all house; also, a LARGE FRAME BARN, 58x38 feet, and other outbuildings. A Young Orchard of Choice Fruit Trees, &c.

For particulars call on the premises, or at JOHN W. BRYSON'S, 249 Liberty street, or address WILLIAM BRYSON, Rural Ridge P. O., Allegheny county, Pa. jy10:197

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—THE FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes, well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon. Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD, 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral. fe28

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from Mt. Keans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared, all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal, 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

NO. 133 THIRD AVENUE FOR SALE.—A large three story Brick Dwelling House of hall, eleven rooms and store room, cellar, gas and water fixtures, near the corner of Smithfield street. Lot 30 feet front by 85 deep. Possession will be given at one months' notice if desired. For further information apply to S. CUTHBERT & SONS, 39 Sixth avenue. jy24

WOOD TURNING, SCROLL SAWING AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Larock street, Allegheny City, by P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newel Posts, Rails, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand. my11:7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

GREEN OIL CLOTH FOR WINDOW SHADES, TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES, TABLE AND FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS IN EVERY VARIETY. J. & H. PHILLIPS, 36 and 38 Sixth Street

CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by J. B. CANFIELD.

PEARL ASH.—20 sacks for sale J. B. CANFIELD.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be rively used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole system of digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. None can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has Consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abscesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets healthy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 245 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151:d&F

DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. A specialty for the treatment of stricture, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for two stamps. ap2

ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnish d rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. mr13:122

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. m r21:162

EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g23-d&F

THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:163-d&F

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS addressed to the undersigned will be received until AUGUST 6th, 1869, for the

Graduation, Masonry and Ballasting,

OF THE BUTLER BRANCH

Of the Western Penn R. R.,

Extending from Freeport, Armstrong county, to Butler, Butler county, Pa., a distance of TWENTY-ONE MILES. Profiles and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office, Freeport, Armstrong county, Pa., on and after July 26th.

G. B. ROBERTS, CHIEF ENGINEER.
jy22:m41

NOTICE TO ENGINE BUILDERS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of CITY WATER WORKS, up to August 6th, 1869, for ONE BEAM CYLINDER 26 inches diameter and 8 foot stroke, one pump 16 inches diameter and 8 foot stroke. Engine and pump to be erected and put in successful operation in the engine house at the Lower Basin, Bedford avenue.

JOSEPH FRENCH, Superintendent.
jy17.

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS,

ICE DEALER,

No. 55 Diamond Alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Orders addressed to WM. KREBS, Eighth Ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. my11:16

LIVERY STABLES.

JOHN H. STEWART. ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH, PA. ap25:h4

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on North Avenue.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Sewer Commission be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer located as follows, viz.: From Boyle street to Middle alley; from Middle alley to Webster street; from Webster street to Palo Alto street, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "A supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of July, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine.

JAMES McBRIER, President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY, Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK, President of Common Council.

Attest: R. DILWORTH, Clerk of Common Council. jy24

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer, on Pitt Alley.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Sewer Commission be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer located as follows, viz.: From a point 300 feet from intersection of Ridge avenue with Rebecca street, to Belmont street sewer, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected, as provided for by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "A supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER, President of Select Council.

Attest: JOSEPH R. OXLEY, Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK, President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH, Clerk of Common Council. jy24

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Grading and Paving of Evans Alley, from Nixon Street to Washington Avenue.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Evans alley, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expense of said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Evans alley, respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Evans alley respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make the demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER, President of the Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY, Clerk of the Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK, President of the Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH, Clerk of Common Council. jy24

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Ridge Avenue, to Connect with the Belmont Street Sewer.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Sewer Commission be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer located as follows, viz.: From a point 300 feet from intersection of Ridge avenue with Rebecca street, to Belmont street sewer, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected, as provided for by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled, "A supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER, President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY, Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK, President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH, Clerk of Common Council. jy24

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Grading and Paving of Montgomery Avenue from East line of Union Avenue to West line of Sherman Avenue.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Committee on Streets be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Montgomery avenue, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Montgomery avenue respectively, in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Montgomery avenue respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER, President of the Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY, Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK, President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH, Clerk of Common Council. jy24

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Main Sewer from Pasture Lane to Junction of Montgomery Avenue.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That sewer Commission be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the construction of a Sewer located as follows: From Pasture Lane through West Common to junction of Montgomery Avenue sewer, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said Sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for, by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "A supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 22d day of July, A. D. 1869.

JAMES McBRIER, President of Select Council.

Attest: J. R. OXLEY, Clerk of Select Council.

ALFRED SLACK, President of Common Council.

Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH, Clerk of Common Council. jy24

AMUSEMENTS.

FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

This Favorite Summer Resort,

Situated on the Summit of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS, 2,200 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th day of JUNE. The buildings connected with the establishment have been entirely renovated and newly furnished. Excursion Tickets sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, good for the season. All trains stop at Cresson. TWO FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. For further information, address

GEO. W. MULLIN, Proprietor,

Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa. jy5:107

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.,

Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,

AARON MILLER, Proprietor. my21:104

LEGAL.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny County, No. 427 of September Term, 1869. In the matter of the Incorporation of "THE ARTISANS BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA."

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of July, 1869, application was made to said Court to grant a Charter of Incorporation to said Association, and that if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of said Court.

D. W. & A. S. BELL, Attorneys for Petitioners.

JULY 19, 1869. jy20:m35

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that an application has been made in the Court of Common Pleas for Allegheny county for the granting of a CHARTER OF INCORPORATION to the THIRD NATIONAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF BIRMINGHAM and if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of Court.

BY THE COURT.

JACOB H. WALTER, Prothonotary. jy18:m13-7

NOTICE.—Whereas, letters of administration *cum testamento annexo* on the estate of JAMES BARR, Sen., late of the Borough of Birmingham, Allegheny county, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate of said decedent will make known the same without delay to

W. C. AUGHINBAUGH, Administrator. jy20 m3w 87 Diamond street, Pittsburgh

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, July 23, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing MILTENBERGER STREET, from St. Patrick's Alley to Bluff street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, August 3d, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer. jy23

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 23d, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the partial Grading of Bluff street, from Cooper to Pride street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, August 3d, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer. jy23:m50

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., July 23, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading and Paving of LINDSEY'S ALLEY, from Ledlie street to Jackson street. Also the assessment for the Grading and Paving of BLAIR ALLEY, from Lindsey's alley to Ramage alley, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until AUGUST 23, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS, CITY ENGINEER. jy24:m55

AUCTION SALES.

STOCKS AND GROUND RENT.—TUESDAY EVENING, July 27th, at 8 o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 105 Smithfield street,

10 shares Second National Bank;
7 shares Allegheny National Bank;
5 shares Pittsburgh Savings Bank;
20 shares German Insurance Co.;
$1,000 Allegheny Valley Railroad 7 per cent. bond.

Also, a perpetual Ground Rent of $71.50 per annum on the Lafayette Hall Building Lot, Wood street, below Fourth avenue. This ground rent is a very desirable opportunity for the most secure investment possible, and at the present high rate of interest, which will remain permanent to the purchaser, through all future reduction of interest rates.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer. jy26

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Herpenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh. ap26:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER, Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.